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AMERICAN
DICTIONARY for learners
of English





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Foreword

Jayme Adelson-Goldstein

In the twenty years that I've worked as an author on the Oxford Picture Dictionary (OPD) program, I can't tell you how often I've wished for an American English dictionary that would serve as the "next step" between the OPD and higher-level learners' dictionaries, of which there are several. At the highest level, there is the new Oxford Advanced American Dictionary, with its wealth of language development opportunities for advanced-level learners. And for learners who are beginning their studies, there's the Oxford Picture Dictionary, with thematic illustrations providing immediate access to meaning and fundamental vocabulary-building activities. But what about the low intermediate learner? Advanced-level dictionaries are an exercise in frustration for this learner, and picture dictionaries may be too rudimentary. What will help these learners start building the rich, active vocabulary that is key to their academic and workplace success? I would suggest that the book you hold in your hands, the Oxford Basic American Dictionary, is the answer to that question.

For years, I've observed how monolingual text dictionaries overwhelm low intermediate learners; especially when the pages are dense and the definitions complex. By contrast, the Oxford Basic American Dictionary is easy to navigate. The uncluttered, clean look of its pages and the clear, basic language used in each entry, simplify the look-up process for students, encouraging learner autonomy that in turn boosts confidence and develops all-round language skills. The photos and illustrations that support definitions throughout, help learners make the transition from a picture dictionary to a text dictionary. And, just like a picture dictionary, the pictures here do more than clarify a word's meaning, they also help create a broader understanding of a word in context.

Beyond being a look-up tool, dictionaries can play an important role in our learners' vocabulary development. By highlighting the 2000 most important and useful words to learn in English, the Oxford Basic American Dictionary helps learners identify key words they need in their everyday active vocabulary. Thanks to clear labeling within dictionary entries, words on the Academic Word List or words related to various content areas (for example science words, math words) are clearly marked so that learners can build their academic vocabulary too.

Of course, the real test of a learner's dictionary is whether it prepares users to move the word from the page into real-life communication. This dictionary incorporates authentic and level-appropriate examples, collocations, synonyms, antonyms, pronunciation, and/or register information in its entries. The numerous collocation and thesaurus notes expand learners' understanding and correct usage of new vocabulary.

After spending weeks reading through this wonderful new dictionary, I've come to see it as much more than "a book of words from A–Z." It is a bridge into the world of text dictionaries, a low-intermediate vocabulary book, a self-study tool, and a supplement to language skill development for intermediate-low ESOL programs. But ultimately, I think of this dictionary as a treasure map – encouraging learners to travel its pages, looking for one word while unexpectedly discovering another and another – and learning to love the language along the way.

I encourage you to turn the page and discover the Oxford Basic American Dictionary.

Jayme Adelson-Goldstein is the co-author of the best-selling *Oxford Picture Dictionary*, the series director for *Step Forward: English for Everyday Life*, and several other ESL texts. Over the past 25 years, she has been a classroom teacher, teacher educator, and curriculum developer in the ESOL field.

Guide to the Dictionary **Finding Words and Phrases**

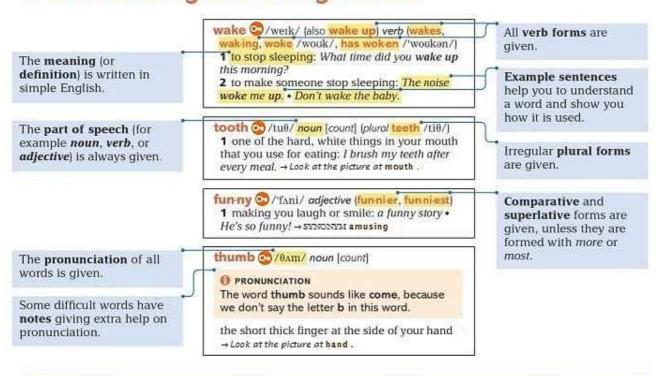
The 2000 keywords park | 6 /park / noun [count] (= the most important words a place with grass and trees, where anyone can to learn) are in orange with go to walk, play games, or relax: We had a picnic a symbol. You can find a in the park. . Central Park - Look at national park. full list of keywords on pages R2-R10. park2 /park/ verb (parks, parking, parked) to stop and leave a vehicle somewhere for a time: You can't park on this street. . My car is parked across from the bank. parking /'parkin/ noun [noncount]: The sign Related words are given says "No Parking," • I can't find a parking space. below the main word. con sid er a tion /kan sida'reij'n/ noun [noncount] 1 (formal) thinking carefully about something: Different meanings are After a lot of consideration, I decided not to accept marked with numbers. the job. → SYNONYM thought 2 being kind, and caring about other people's feelings: He shows no consideration for anyone Idioms and phrasal verbs carefully about something when you are (which have a special deciding: We must take the cost into meaning) are shown below consideration when planning our vacation. the main words. a-nal-o-gy AWI /əˈnælədʒi/ noun [count] |plural An AWL symbol means that a comparison between two things that shows a word is in the Academic how they are similar: to make an analogy Word List. between the human brain and a computer Content area vocabulary is prime number / praim 'namber / noun [count] labeled to show words that (MATH) a number that can only be divided by are often used in a particular

Words with the same spelling, but different parts of speech, have different numbers.

Dots in a word show how it is divided into syllables.

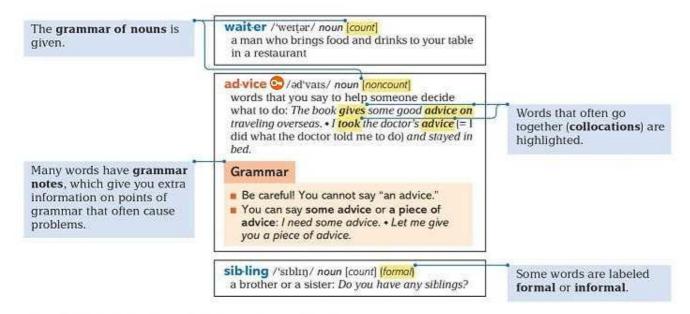
Understanding and Using Words

prime numbers.

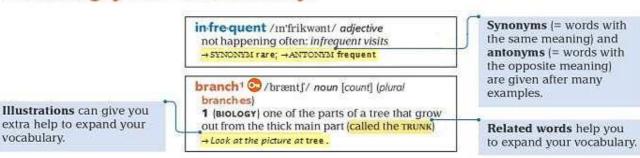


itself and 1. The numbers 7, 17, and 41 are

academic subject.



Building your Vocabulary



You will find many note boxes to help you learn more words. Look at pages x-xii for a full list of notes in this dictionary.

Word building

- A young cat is called a kitten.
- A cat purrs when it is happy.
- When a cat makes a loud noise, it meows: My cat meows when he's hungry.

Collocations

Higher education

applying

- apply for college
- apply to a college/a university/Harvard
- get into/go to college/Princeton

studying

- major in/minor in biology/philosophy
- work toward a B.A./a law degree/a master's degree

finishing

- finish/graduate from college
- earn/receive/get a degree/a bachelor's degree/a master's degree

Which word?

Hear or listen?

- When you hear something, sounds come to your ears: I heard the door close.
- When you listen to something, you are trying to hear it: I listen to the radio every morning.

Thesaurus

intelligent good at learning, understanding, and thinking quickly and clearly: He's a very intelligent man. • She asked a lot of intelligent questions.

smart quick at learning and understanding things; able to make good decisions: She's smarter than her brother. • Accepting that job was a smart career move. • OK, I admit it wasn't the smartest thing I ever did (= it was a stupid thing to do).

brilliant extremely intelligent: a brilliant young scientist/musician • He has one of the most brilliant minds in the country.

bright (used especially about young people) intelligent; quick to learn: She's probably the brightest student in the class. • a bright boy/girl/kid

Content Area Vocabulary

Words in this dictionary are given a subject label if they are often used in a particular academic subject, for example the word **radius** is used in **mathematics**:

ra-di-us /'reidiəs/ noun [count] (plural ra-di-i
/'reidiai/)

(MATH) the length of a straight line from the center of a circle to the outside → Look at the picture at circle.

Sometimes, different meanings of a word are used in different content areas, for example the noun **pitch** has one meaning that is used in **sports** and another meaning that is used in **music**:

pitch2 /pits/ noun (plural pitches)

- **1** [count] (**SPORTS**) an act of throwing a baseball to a player who tries to hit it: He hit the first pitch of the game into center field.
- 2 [noncount] (MUSIC) how high or low a sound is

If you are using English to study other subjects, these labels will show you which words are useful to learn. This is the list of the subject labels used in this dictionary:

Art Health Biology History

Business English Language Arts

Chemistry Math
Computers Music
General Science Physics
Geography Religion
Politics Sports

List of Illustrations

At or near these words in the dictionary, you will find pictures to help you to understand words or to show you a group of related items.

acorn	Band-Aid™	binoculars	buffalo
alarm clock	also bandage	bird	bulldozer
amoeba	banjo	blimp	butterfly
anchor	barbed wire	blind	the life cycle of a
angle	bar code	body	butterfly
different angles	baseball	internal and external	cactus
antelope	basket	body parts	calculator
arch	a basketball hoop	bolt	camel
armadillo	bat	bow	candle
atom	bathrobe	types of bows	canoe
avocado	bear	bowling	car
axis	beaver	bread	cart
bag	bench	broom	cat
types of bags	berry	brush	chair
bagel	types of berries	types of brushes	types of chairs
bald eagle	bicycle	bucket	cheesecake

chess	flashlight	kite	pickup
chicken	flower	knife	pig
chili	different flowers	knot	pigeon
chimpanzee	football	koala	pill
chipmunk	fox	ladder	pin
chopsticks	frog	lamp	pitcher
circle	fruit	lawnmower	plant
cliff	types of fruit	leg	parts of a plant
clipboard	full	leopard	playing card
clothes	garbage can	license plate	porcupine
coconut	garlic	life jacket	printer
comb	glasses	lightning	pumpkin
compass	glove	limousine	raccoon
points of the	goat	line	rake
compass	goggles	types of lines	rattlesnake
computer	goose	lion	razor
container	gopher	lipstick	redwood
types of containers	gorilla	lizard	rhinoceros
cord	grasshopper		rhombus
	3.50 M	magnet	
corn	grater	magnifying glass mailbox	rim
cow	guitar		robin
coyote crib	types of guitars	mask	roll
crocodile	gymnastics	medal	rooster
The state of the s	hair	melon	rope
also alligator	different hairstyles	microscope	rowboat
crossword puzzle	hair dryer	milkshake	rug
crustacean	hammer	mobile home	safety pin
cup	hand	molecule	sandwich
cymbal	hang glider	money	saw
dagger	hat	U.S. notes and coins	scarf
deer	types of hats	monkey	scissors
dice	helicopter	moose	scorpion
dimension	helmet	moth	screw
dive	hexagon	motorcycle	seashell
dog	high jump	motor home	sewing
dolphin	hinge	mountain lion	shade
domino	hippopotamus	mouth	shape
donkey	horse	mushroom	different shapes
dragonfly	hose	nail	shark
drill	hot-air balloon	nut	shears
drum	ice hockey	different nuts	sheep
duck	insect	octagon	shellfish
dustpan	different insects	octopus	shoe
earth	instrument	opossum	types of shoes
the geography of	musical instruments	owl	shovel
earth	iron	pacifier	sign
easel	javelin	package	sink
eclipse	jellyfish	padlock	skate
eel	jewelry	panda	skateboard
egg	jewelry items	panther	skeleton
elephant	jigsaw puzzle	parrot	ski
equilateral triangle	jug	pattern	skydiving
eye	juggle	different patterns	skyscraper
face	kangaroo	peach	sleeping bag
fan	kayak	peel	sleigh
feather	key	peg	slide
fire hydrant	kitchen	penguin	snail
fish	kitchen utensils	pentagon	snorkel
	W. 2007-2007-2007-2007-1-2-10.00000000000000000000000000000000	HOMENSON SONOTON	

snowboarding stereo soap stethoscope soccer string solid stroller different solid shapes submarine spade sunset spider surfina SUV sponge spoon swan sports car swing spring switch squeeze swollen also squash, press, syringe crush tambourine squirrel tape measure starfish teddy bear stationery telescope stationery items tennis station wagon thermometer thread steering wheel the inside of a car thumbtack

tiger toad toaster tongs toothpaste toy tractor trapezoid parts of a tree trophy truck tub turkey tweezers USB flash drive vacuum cleaner vegetable

different vegetables

waffle also pancake wallet wastebasket watch waterfall wavelength whale wheelbarrow wheelchair windsurfing wolf wrench wring xylophone zebra zipper

volcano

List of Notes

In this dictionary, we have put special note boxes at lots of entries. These note boxes contain extra information to help you expand your vocabulary.

Thesaurus

Look up the words in **blue** to find **Thesaurus** boxes. Here you can find out about words with similar meanings, as well as information to help you choose the right word.

afraid / scared / frightened / terrified
angry / mad / furious / annoyed
attractive / beautiful / good-looking / pretty /
handsome
break / crack / smash / snap / burst
cold / cool / freezing / chilly
cook / boil / fry / bake / roast / grill / broil
cut / chop / slice / carve
discussion / conversation / talk / debate / chat
fat / overweight / heavy / obese
field / court / stadium / ballpark / track
hate / can't stand / dislike / despise / loathe
hot / warm / lukewarm / boiling
hurt / ache / burn / sting

intelligent / smart / brilliant / bright
job / work / employment / career / profession
like / love / be fond of / adore
look / watch / see
piece / slice / chunk / lump / slab
price / cost / charge / fee / expense
purpose / aim / plan / intention / goal
road / street / highway / lane / avenue
stuff / things / belongings / property
talk / speak / discuss / communicate
thin / slim / skinny / lean / underweight
trip / travel / journey / expedition / voyage
wind / hurricane / tornado / breeze / gale
wrong / false / incorrect / mistaken / inaccurate

Collocations

Look up the words in **blue** below to find **Collocations** boxes. These contain useful words and phrases that are often used together.

appearance – Physical Appearance clothes – Clothes and Appearance cooking – Cooking diet – Diet and Exercise e-mail – E-mail environment – The Environment exam – Work and Exams higher education – Higher Education illness – Illnesses injury – Injuries Internet – The Internet movie – The Movies music – Music nature – The Natural World phone - Phones school - School shopping - Shopping television - Television weather - The Weather

Word Building

Look up the words in blue to find Word building boxes, which contain related vocabulary.

account – types of bank accounts
bad – words that mean "bad"
bank – money and banks
bus – traveling by bus
card – playing cards
cat – words connected with cats
cell phone – using cell phones
chicken – chickens
clean – ways of cleaning
clock – clocks and watches
coffee – types of coffee
cow – cows and their meat
elementary school – the U.S. school system
glad – ways to say you are happy

hospital - going to hospital job - talking about jobs light - words connected with lights lion - words connected with lions money - different forms of money month - months of the year name - types of names operate - doctors who operate orchestra - the sections of an orchestra pig - pigs and their meat stepmother - members of the family storm - types of storms supermarket - shopping in a supermarket thief - people who steal tide - high tide, low tide wedding - talking about weddings

Which Word?

government - the U.S. government

horse - words connected with horses

Look up the words in **blue** to find **Which word?** boxes. These tell you the difference between similar words.

a or an
act, action, or activity
actually or currently
allow or let
alone or lonely
already or yet
also or too
among or between
asleep or sleeping
bat, racket, club, or stick

been or gone
bored or boring
borrow or lend
bring or take
clothes or clothing
do or make
everyone or someone
farther or further
fast or quick
hear or listen

invaluable or worthless
its or it's
lay or lie
mistake or fault
say or tell
for or since
some or any
steal or rob
university or college
want or would like

Prefixes and Suffixes

Look up the words in **blue** to find out the meanings of the most common prefixes and suffixes, and to see useful examples.

Prefixes

anti-	mini-
de-	mis-
dis-	non-
il-	over-
im-	re-
in-	self-
inter-	semi-
ir-	un-
mid-	under-

Suffixes

O WILLIAM	•
-able	-ment
-en	-ness
-free	-ous
-ful	-ology
-ing	-proof
-ish	-ward
-ist	
-less	
-ly	

Spelling

Note boxes at these entries will help you remember how to spell these difficult words:

accommodations	dairy	environment	loose	recommend
address	desert	exaggerate	millennium	successful
affect	dessert	forty	necessary	unnecessary
angle	diary	grammar	opposite	until
ceiling	disappointed	immediately	possession	
committee	embarrassed	independent	receive	

Pronunciation

Note boxes at these entries will help you to pronounce these difficult words:

although	design	increase	record	though
answer	double	island	refuse	thread
birth	doubt	juice	rough	through
blow	dumb	knead	row	throw
bow	enough	lamb	sew	thumb
bread	excuse	lead	shirt	tongue
breast	flour	learn	should	touch
bury	friend	live	shoulder	use
buy	fruit	low	skirt	warm
climb	great	money	some	wear
close	guard	object	son	weigh
contrast	half	owe	suit	whole
cough	heart	own	sword	wind
could	height	pear	tear	yacht
daughter	high	present	their	Test Countries

Grammar

Look up the words in blue to find information about these grammar points:

```
advice - advice as a noncount noun
                                                   million - million or millions?
afternoon - which preposition: in or on?
                                                   modal verb - the grammar of modal verbs
always - the position of always in a sentence
                                                   Ms. - using Miss, Mrs., Ms., and Mr.
apostrophe - using apostrophes
                                                   much - using much and a lot (of)
arrive - which preposition: in or at?
                                                   must - using must and don't have to
billion - billion or billions?
                                                   o'clock - using o'clock
can - the different forms of can
                                                   own - using own correctly
church - which preposition: in, to, or at?
                                                   pants - pants as a plural noun
enough - using enough and too
                                                   play - using play with instruments, games, and
far - using far and a long way
                                                         sports
glasses - glasses as a plural noun
                                                   school - using a and the with school
home - using home as an adverb
                                                   so - using so and such
infinitive - with or without to?
                                                   used to - using used to in questions and negatives
information - information as a noncount noun
                                                   will - the different forms of will
                                                   would - the different forms of would
luggage - luggage as a noncount noun
```

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Pronunciation Guide for American English Dictionary

All pronunciations in the *Oxford Basic American Dictionary* are American pronunciations. In the written pronunciations, the following symbols are used:

Vowels		Consonants			
i	see	/si/	p	pen	/pen/
I	sit	/sit/	b	bad	/bæd/
ε	ten	/ten/	t	tea	/ti/
æ	cat	/kæt/	ţ	butter	/ˈbʌt̞ər/
a	hot	/hat/	d	did	/drd/
э	saw	/ca/	k	cat	/kæt/
υ	put	/pot/	g	got	/gat/
u	too	/tu/	t∫	chin	/tʃɪn/
Λ	cup	/kap/	d3	June	/dzun/
Э	about	/əˈbaʊt/	f	fall	/fol/
eı	say	/seɪ/	v	voice	/vois/
aı	five	/faɪv/	θ	thin	$/\theta In/$
ΟI	boy	/boɪ/	ð	then	/ðen/
aυ	now	/nau/	S	so	/800/
ου	go	/goʊ/	Z	Z00	/zu/
ər	bird	/bərd/	\int	she	/ʃi/
ır	near	/nɪr/	3	vision	/'v13n/
εr	hair	/her/	h	how	/haʊ/
ar	car	/kar/	m	man	/mæn/
or	north	/nɔrθ/	n	no	/nou/
υr	tour	/tor/	ŋ	sing	/sɪŋ/
			1	leg	/leg/
			r	red	/red/
			у	yes	/yes/
			W	wet	/wet/
			X	Chanukah	/ˈxɑnəkə/

If more than one written pronunciation is given for a word, they are all acceptable, but the first form given is the most common. Not all possible American pronunciations are shown in this dictionary. For example, some speakers only use the sound /5/ when it is followed by /r/ (as in **horse** /hɔrs/) and use $/\alpha$ / in all other words that are shown with /5/ in this dictionary, so that they pronounce both **caught** and **cot** as /kat/.

American speakers use the sound / t/, which is like a quick /d/, in many words spelled with -t- or -tt-. It is used in words after a vowel or /r/, and before an unstressed vowel or syllablic /l/: city / siti /; parting / parting / little / litl /.

The sounds $/ 1 / \text{ and } / \text{ n} / \text{ can often be "syllabic"} - \text{ that is, they can form a syllable by themselves with an extremely reduced vowel. This is shown by the symbols <math>/1 / \text{ and } / \text{ n} / \text{ for example in the words botany } / \text{ botany$

Strong and Weak Forms

Some very common words, for example **an**, **for**, **of**, and **that**, have two or more pronunciations: a strong form and one or more weak forms. For example, **for** is pronounced /fər/ in the sentence *It's for you*. The strong form occurs when the word comes at the end of a sentence or when it is given special emphasis. For example, **for** is pronounced / fər/ in *Who's it for?* and *The present isn't from Anna, it's for her.*

^{/ &#}x27;/ shows the strong stress in a word or group of words. It is in front of the part (or **syllable**) that you say most strongly. For example, **any** /'ɛni/ has a stress on the first syllable; **depend** /dr'pɛnd/ has a stress on the second syllable.

^{/ , /} shows a weaker (or **secondary**) stress. Many longer words have a syllable that is pronounced with a secondary stress as well as a syllable with strong (or **main**) stress. So in the word **pronunciation** /prə nansi eɪʃn/, the main stress is on the syllable / eɪ/, and the secondary stress is on the syllable / nan/.



A / ei / noun

[count, noncount](plural A's, a's / eɪz /)

1 the first letter of the English alphabet "Apple" begins with an "A."

2 A the highest grade given for a test or piece of work I got an A on my chemistry exam.

a a / ə ; eɪ / (also **an** / ən ; æn /) *article*

1 one or any

Would you like a drink?

A dog has four legs.

He's a teacher.

2 each, or for each

She calls her mother three times a week.

The salary is \$45,000 a year.

Which word?

A or an?

You use an in front of words that start with a vowel sound. Be careful! It is the sound that is important, not the spelling.

Words like university and euro take a instead of an, and words that begin with a silent "h," like hour, take an instead of a.

Look at these examples: a box ◆ a singer ◆ a university ◆ an apple ◆ an hour ◆ an SUV ◆ an

a . ban . don AWL / ə'bændən / verb

(a ban dons, a ban don ing, a ban doned)

1 to leave someone or something completely He abandoned his car in the snow.

2 to stop doing something before it is finished When the rain started, we abandoned our game.

ab . bey / 'æbi / noun

[count](plural ab .beys) (RELIGION) a building where religious men or women (called monks and nuns) live or lived

ab . bre . vi . ate / ə'brivieit / verb

(ab bre vi ates, ab bre vi at ing,

ab bre vi at ed)

to make a word shorter by not saying or writing some of the

The word "telephone" is often abbreviated to "phone."

ab . bre . vi . a . tion / əˌbrivi'eɪʃn / noun

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a short form of a word TV is an abbreviation for "television."

ABCS (also ABC's)/ ei bi 'siz/ noun

the letters of the English alphabet We learned our ABC's in preschool.

ab .do .men / 'æbdəmən / noun

[count] (formal)

(BIOLOGY) the front middle part of your body, which contains your stomach

a . bil . i . ty 2 / a bilati / noun [count, noncount] (plural a bil i ties)

the power and knowledge to do something

She has the ability to pass the test, but she needs to work

a . ble 🥯 / 'eibl / adjective

having the power, knowledge, time, etc. to do something Will you be able to come to the party? Is Sue able to swim?

 \rightarrow ANTONYM unable, \rightarrow Look at can 1.

SUFFIX

-able

(in adjectives)

1 possible to

accept able

ador able

cur able

unpredict able (= that you cannot predict)

2 having a particular quality

comfort able

fashion able

ab .nor .mal AWL / æb'norml / adjective

different from what is normal or usual, in a way that worries you or that is unpleasant

They thought the boy's behavior was abnormal.

abnormal behavior → ANTONYM normal

►ab · nor · mal · ly AWL / æb'normeli / adverb abnormally high temperatures

a . board / ə'bərd / adverb, preposition

on or onto a ship, train, bus, or airplane Are all the passengers aboard the ship? Welcome aboard Flight 603 to Miami.

a .bol .ish / ə'balıʃ / verb

(a bol ish es, a bol ish ing, a bol ished)

to stop or end something by law

The senator has promised to abolish the tax if he is elected president.

►ab ·o ·li ·tion / ˌæbəˈlɪʃn / noun [noncount] the abolition of slavery

a . bout 1 2 / ə'baot / adverb

1 (also a round) a little more or less than; a little before or after

She's about 30 years old.

There were about 2,000 people at the concert.

I got there at about two o'clock.

2 almost; nearly

Dinner is just about ready.

be about to do something

to be going to do something very soon The movie is about to start.

a . bout 2 🔯 / əˈbaʊt / preposition

of; on the subject of

a book about cats

We talked about the problem.

What are you thinking about?

a . bove 🥯 / əˈbʌv / adverb, preposition

1 in a higher place; higher than someone or something I looked up at the sky above.

My bedroom is above the kitchen.

There is a picture on the wall above the fireplace.

→ANTONYM below

2 more than a number or price

 $children\ aged\ ten\ and\ above\ {
ightarrow} ANTONYM\ {
m below,\ under}$

above all

more than any other thing; what is most important He's handsome and intelligent and, above all, he's kind!

a . bridged / əˈbrɪdʒd / adjective

(used about a book) shorter than the original an abridged version of a novel

a . broad / o'brod / adverb

in or to another country

She lives abroad.

He plans to spend his junior year studying abroad.

a . brupt / əˈbrʌpt / adjective

1 sudden and unexpected an abrupt change of plans

2 seeming rude and unfriendly

I'm sorry for being so abrupt with you.

►a .brupt .ly / əˈbrʌptli / adverb

The conversation ended abruptly.

ab . sence / 'æbsens / noun [count, noncount]

a time when a person or thing is not there frequent absences from school due to illness I am doing Julie's job in her absence.

ab . sent / 'æbsent / adjective

not there

Taylor was absent from school today.

ab . sent . mind . ed / ¡æbsəntˈmaɪndəd / adjective

often forgetting or not noticing things, perhaps because you are thinking about something else

Grandma is getting more absentminded as she gets older.

→SYNONYM forgetful

ab so lute / 'absolut / adjective

complete

I've never played chess before. I'm an absolute beginner. The whole trip was an absolute disaster.

ab . so . lute . ly O / 'æbsəˌlutli ; ˌæbsəˈlutli / adverb

1 completely

I was absolutely certain that it was her.

2 (used when you are strongly agreeing with someone) yes; certainly

"It's a good idea, isn't it?" "Oh, absolutely!"

ab . sorb / əb'sərb / verb

(ab sorbs, ab sorb ing, ab sorbed)

($\mbox{\sc General Science}$) to take in something like liquid or heat, and hold it

The dry ground absorbed all the rain.

ab . sorb . ent / ab'sorbant / adjective

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{GENERAL}}$ SCIENCE) able to take in and hold something, especially liquid

an absorbent cloth

ab . sorb . ing / əb'sərbıŋ / adjective

very interesting

an absorbing book

ab . stract AWL / 'æbstrækt / adjective

1 about an idea, not a real thing

abstract thought

2 not like a real thing an abstract painting

ab . surd / ab'sard / adjective

so silly that it makes you laugh

The guards look absurd in that new uniform.

→SYNONYM ridiculous

a . bun . dant / ə'bʌndənt / adjective (formal)

existing in large quantities; more than enough an abundant supply of food

►a .bun .dance / əˈbʌndəns / noun

[noncount, singular]

There was an abundance of fish near the reef.

These flowers grow here in abundance.

a . buse 1 / ə'byuz /verb

(a bus es, a bus ing, a bused)

1 to use something in a wrong or bad way

The manager often abuses her power.

2 to treat someone in a cruel or violent way

The child had been physically abused.

3 to say rude things to someone *He said he was verbally abused by the bus driver.*

a . buse 2 / ə'byus / noun

1 [noncount , singular] using something in a wrong or bad way

the dangers of drug abuse an abuse of power

2 [noncount] being cruel or unkind to someone *The child had suffered verbal and physical abuse.*

3 [noncount] rude words

The cab driver shouted abuse at the cyclist. racial abuse

►a ·bu ·sive / ə'byusiv / adjective an abusive remark

AC / 'eɪ 'si /

short for air conditioning

short for air conditioning

ac .a . dem . ic 😂

AWL / akə'demik /

adjective connected with education, especia

connected with education, especially in schools and colleges *Our academic year begins in September.*

a . cad . e . my AWL / əˈkædəmi / noun [count] (plural a . cad . e . mies)

1 a school that teaches people certain skills a military academy

a military academyan official group of people who are important in art,

science, or literature

the Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Sciences

ac .cel .er .ate / ak'sslareit / verb

(ac celler ates, ac celler at ing, ac celler at ed)

to go, or to make a vehicle go faster *She accelerated up the steep hill.*

ac .cel .er .a .tor / əkˈsɛləreɪtər / noun

[count]

the part of a vehicle that you press with your foot when you want it to go faster

She hit the accelerator and passed the bus.

 \rightarrow SYNONYM gas pedal , \rightarrow Look at the picture at steering wheel .

ac .cent / 'æksent / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS)

1 the way a person from a certain place or country speaks a language

She speaks English with a strong southern accent.

2 saying one word or part of a word more strongly than another

In the word "because," the accent is on the second part of the word.

3 (in writing) a mark, usually above a letter, that changes the sound of the letter

Fiancé has an accent on the "e."

ac .cept 2 / əkˈsɛpt / verb (ac .cepts, ac .cept .ing , ac .cept .ed)

1 to say "yes" when someone asks you to have or do something

Please accept this gift.

I accepted the invitation to his party.

2 to believe that something is true

She can't accept that her son is dead.

3 to allow someone to join a group, a school, an organization, etc.

She was accepted at Yale and plans to start in the fall.

→ Look at reject.

ac .cept .a .ble \(\bar{\omega} \) / ak'septabl / adjective allowed by most people; good enough It's not acceptable to make so many mistakes.

→ANTONYM unacceptable

ac .cep .tance / ək'septəns / noun [noncount] taking something that someone offers you or asks you to ac . com . plish . ment / əˈkamplɪʃmənt /

Her quick acceptance of the offer surprised me.

ac . cess 1 AWL / 'ækses / noun [noncount] a way to go into a place or to use something We don't have access to the yard from our apartment. Do you have access to a computer at home?

ac . cess 2 AWL / 'ækses / verb (ac .cess .es , ac cess ing, ac cessed)

(COMPUTERS) to find information on a computer Click on the icon to access a file.

ac .ces .si .ble AWL / ak'sesabl / adjective

1 possible to be reached or entered

The island is only accessible by boat.

2 easy to get, use, or understand

This DVD makes history more accessible to kids.

→ANTONYM inaccessible

ac . ci . dent W / 'æksədənt / noun [count] something bad that happens by chance

I had an accident when I was driving to work – my car hit a tree.

I'm sorry I broke your watch – it was an accident. by accident

by chance; not because you planned it

I took Jane's book by accident. I thought it was mine.

ac . ci . den . tal / .æksəˈdɛntl / adjective

If something is accidental, it happens by chance and is not planned

Police do not know if the plane crash was accidental or caused by a bomb.

►ac .ci .den .tal .ly / ˌæksəˈdɛntli / adverb He accidentally broke the window.

ac . com . mo . date AWL / ə'kamədeit / verb (ac com mo dates, ac com mo dat ing, ac .com .mo .dat .ed)

to have enough space for a particular number of people Each apartment can accommodate up to six people.

ac . com . mo . da . tions / əˌkaməˈdeɪʃnz / noun [plural]

SPELLING

Remember! You spell accommodations with CC and

a place to stay or live

It's difficult to find cheap accommodations in New York.

ac .com .pa .ny AWL / əˈkʌmpəni / verb (ac.com.pa.nies, ac.com.pa.ny.ing, ac .com .pa .nied)

1 (formal) to go with someone to a place

Four teachers accompanied the class on their school trip.

2 to happen at the same time as something else Thunder is usually accompanied by lightning.

3 (MUSIC) to play music while someone sings or plays another instrument

You sing, and I'll accompany you on the guitar.

ac .com .plish / əˈkamplıʃ / verb (ac com plish es, ac com plish ing,

ac .com .plished)

to succeed in doing something difficult that you planned to

The first part of the plan has been safely accomplished.

→SYNONYM achieve

noun [count] something difficult that someone has succeeded in doing or learning

He was proud of his academic accomplishments.

→SYNONYM achievement

ac . cord / ə'kərd / noun

of your own accord

because you want to, not because someone has asked you She left the job of her own accord.

ac . cord . ing . ly / əˈkərdıŋli / adverb

in a way that is suitable

I realized that I was in danger and acted accordingly.

preposition

as someone or something says

According to Daniel, this movie is really good. The church was built in 1868, according to this book.

ac . count 1 2 / a kaont / noun [count]

1 an arrangement with a bank that lets you keep your money there

I deposited the money into my account.

to open an account

Word building

There are two main types of bank account . If you have a checking account, you can take your money out at any time by using a check or an ATM card (= a card that you put into a machine, which gives you money).

A savings account lets you keep your money in the bank to use later. You receive extra money, called interest, for keeping your money there.

2 accounts [plural] lists of all the money that a person or business receives and pays

Who keeps (= writes) the accounts for your business?

3 words that someone says or writes about something that happened

She gave the police a full account of the robbery.

on account of something

because of something

Our school was closed on account of bad weather.

take something into account; take account of something

to remember something when you are thinking about other things

John is always last, but you must take his age into account – he is much younger than the other children.

ac . count 2 / əˈkaont / verb

(ac -counts, ac -count -ing, ac -count -ed) account for something

1 to explain or give a reason for something *How can you account for the missing pieces?*

2 to make the amount that is mentioned

Sales to Texas accounted for 60% of our total sales last year.

ac . count . ant / o'kaontnt / noun [count]

a person whose job is to make lists of all the money that people or businesses receive and pay *Nicky is an accountant.*

ac .cu .mu .lates , ac .cu .mu .lat .ing , ac .cu .mu .lat .ed)

to increase over a period of time; to collect things over a period of time $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) +\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left(1\right) +\left(1\right) \left(1$

Germs accumulate quickly in bathrooms.

We've accumulated a lot of junk over the years.

►ac ·cu ·mu ·la ·tion AWL / əˌkyumyəˈleɪʃn / noun [count, noncount]

an accumulation of wealth

ac .cu .ra .cy AWL / 'ækyərəsi / noun [noncount]

the quality of being exactly right, with no mistakes

ac . **cu** . **rate adjective** exactly right; with no mistakes He gave an accurate description of the thief.

→ANTONYM inaccurate

►ac .cu .rate .ly AWL / 'ækyərətli / adverb The map was accurately drawn.

→ ANTONYM inaccurately

ac . **cuse** • / o'kyuz / verb (ac .cus .es , ac .cus .ing , ac .cused)

to say that someone has done something wrong or broken the law

His classmates accused him of cheating on the test. She was accused of murder.

►ac ·cu ·sa ·tion / ˌækyəˈzeɪʃn / noun [count, noncount]

The accusations were not true.

ac . cus . tomed / o'kastamd / adjective

familiar with something and accepting it as normal or usual My eyes slowly grew accustomed to the dark. I was not accustomed to such hot weather.

→SYNONYM used to

ace / eis / noun [count]

a **playing card** (= one of 52 cards used for playing games) which has only one shape on it. An **ace** has either the lowest or the highest value in a game of cards the ace of hearts

ache 1 / erk / noun [count] (HEALTH)

a pain that lasts for a long time *I have an ache in my side.*

She has an earache.

ache 2 / eik / verb (aches, ach ing, ached)

(HEALTH) to hurt; to give you pain

She was aching all over.

My legs ached after the long walk.

Thesaurus

hurt is a general word meaning to feel pain, or to make someone or something else feel pain: My feet hurt. ◆ It hurts when I bend my knee. ◆ Ouch! That really hurts! ◆ Stop that - you're hurting me. ◆ Did you hurt yourself when you fell?

ache to feel a pain that is not strong, but that continues for a long time. This verb does not take an object, so you cannot put a noun directly after it: His legs ached after playing soccer for two hours. ◆ Her eyes ached from lack of sleep. ◆ I'm aching all over.

burn to feel very hot and painful; to hurt someone with fire or heat: Your forehead's burning. You must have a fever. ◆ The water was so hot that I burned my hands. ◆ She was badly burned in the fire.

sting to feel a sudden sharp pain; to make someone feel a pain like this: My eyes were stinging from the soap. ◆ Ow! That antiseptic cream stings!

a .chieve AWL / ə'tʃiv / verb

(a chieves, a chiev ing, a chieved)

to do or finish something well after trying hard He worked hard and achieved his aim of becoming a doctor.

a . chieve . ment AWL / ə'tʃivmənt / noun [count, noncount]

something that someone has done after trying hard Climbing Mount Everest was his greatest achievement. She felt a great sense of achievement.

ac .id 2 / 'æsıd / noun [count]

($\mbox{\sc chemistry}$) a liquid substance that burns things or makes holes in metal

the acid in your stomach

a .cid rain / 'æsid 'rein / noun [noncount]

(GEOGRAPHY) rain that has chemicals in it from factories, for example. It causes damage to trees, rivers, and buildings.

ac .knowl .edge AWL / ək'nalıd3 / verb (ac .knowl .edg .es , ac .knowl .edg .ing ,

ac knowl edged)

1 to agree or accept that something is true

He acknowledged that he had made a mistake.

2 to write to someone who has sent you a letter, etc. to say that you have received it

She never acknowledged my letter.

3 to show that you have noticed someone *He acknowledged me with a wave.*

▶ac ⋅knowl ⋅edg ⋅ment AWL

(also ac .knowl .edge .ment) / ək'nalıdamənt / noun [count, noncount]

I didn't receive an acknowledgment of my application.

ac .ne / 'ækni / noun [noncount]

(HEALTH) a skin problem, common among young people, that causes red spots, especially on the face

a .corn / 'eikorn /

noun [count]

a small nut with a base like a cup. **Acorns** grow on large trees (called **oak trees**).

acorn



a . cous . tic /əˈkustɪk/ adjective

- $\boldsymbol{1} \hspace{0.1cm}$ (PHYSICS) connected with sound or the way people hear sounds
- 2 (MUSIC) (of a musical instrument) not electric an acoustic guitar → Look at the picture at quitar.

ac . quain . tance / əˈkweintns / noun [count] a person that you know a little but who is not a close friend

ac quire AWL / əˈkwaɪər / verb (ac quires,

ac quir ing, ac quired) (formal) to get or buy something

He acquired some English from watching American television shows.

a .cre / 'eikər / noun [count]

a unit for measuring an area of land; 4,840 square yards a farm of $40 \ acres$

ac .ro .bat / 'ækrəbæt / noun [count]

a person who performs difficult acts such as walking on high ropes, especially in a **circus** (= a show that travels to different towns)

a . Cross 🥯 / əˈkrɔs / adverb, preposition

1 from one side to the other side of something

We walked across the field.

A smile spread across her face.

The river was about fifty feet across.

 ${f 2}$ on the other side of something

There is a bank just across the road.

across from

on the opposite side of someone or something *He sat across from me at lunch.*

The house across the street from us is for sale.

act 1 2 / ækt / verb (acts, act ing, act ed)

1 to do something, or to behave in a certain way Doctors acted quickly to save the boy's life after the accident.

Stop acting like a child!

2 to pretend to be someone else in a play, movie, or television program

→SYNONYM perform

act as something to do the job of another person, usually for a short time

He acted as manager while his boss was away.

act 2 2 / ækt / noun [count]

1 a thing that you do an act of kindness

Which word?

Act, action, or activity?

Act and action can have the same meaning: It was a brave act. ◆ It was a brave action.

Act , but not action , can be followed by of : It was an act of bravery.

We say **activity** for something that is done regularly: I like outdoor activities such as walking and skiing.

2 one of the main parts of a play or an **opera** (= a musical play)

This play has five acts.

3 a law that a government makes an act of Congress the Civil Rights Act

4 behavior that hides your true feelings *She seems very happy, but she's just putting on an act .*

in the act (of doing something)

while doing something wrong

I caught him in the act of stealing the money.

act .ing / 'æktıŋ / noun [noncount]

being in plays or movies

Have you ever done any acting?

ac . tion 🔯 / ˈækʃn / noun

1 [noncount] doing things, especially for a particular purpose

Now is the time for action!

If we don't take action quickly, it'll be too late!

2 [count] something that you do

The little girl copied her mother's actions.

3 [noncount] exciting things that happen *I like movies with a lot of action in them.* an action-packed movie

in action

doing something; working

We watched the machine in action.

ac . ti . vate / 'æktəveit / verb

(ac ti vates, ac ti vat ing, ac ti vat ed)

to make something start working

Any small movement can activate the alarm.

ac . tive 🔯 / 'æktıv / adjective

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ If you are \boldsymbol{active} , you are always busy and able to do a lot of things

My grandmother is 75 but she's still very active.

2 (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) (used about a verb or sentence) when the person or thing doing the action is the subject of the verb

In the sentence "The dog bit him," the verb is active.

→ANTONYM passive

ac .tiv .i .ty 🔯 / ækˈtɪvəti / noun

(plural ac tiv i ties)

1 [noncount] a lot of things happening and people doing things

On the day of the festival there was a lot of activity in the streets.

2 [count] something that you do, usually regularly and because you enjoy it

The hotel offers a range of sports activities.

ac .tor O / 'æktər / noun [count]

a man or woman who acts in plays, movies, or television programs $% \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) =\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) +\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) +\frac{1}{2}\left($

ac . tress 🥯 / 'æktrəs / noun [count]

(plural ac tress es)

a woman who acts in plays, movies, or television programs

ac . tu . al 😂 / ˈæktʃuəl / adjective

that really happened; real

The actual damage to the car was not as bad as we thought.

They seemed to be good friends but in actual fact they hated each other.

ac . tu . al . ly 🔯 / ˈæktʃuəli ; ˈæktʃəli / adverb

1 really; in fact

You don't actually believe her, do you?

I can't believe I'm actually going to Australia!

2 a word that you use to disagree politely or when you say something new

I don't agree. I thought the movie was very good, actually. "Let's go out tonight." "Actually, I'd like to stay in and watch a movie."

Which word?

Be careful! Actually does not mean "now."

We can say **currently** or **right now** instead: He's currently working in China. ◆ I'm studying for my exams right now.

ac .u .punc .ture / 'ækyəˌpʌŋktʃər / noun [noncount]

($\mbox{\sc HEALTH}$) a way of treating an illness or stopping pain by putting thin needles into parts of the body

a .cute / o'kyut / adjective

very serious; very great an acute shortage of food

a . cute an . gle / əˈkyut ˌæŋgl / noun [count] (MATH) an angle of less than 90°

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at angle.

A.D. / ei di / abbreviation

($\mbox{\sc HISTORY}$, $\mbox{\sc Religion}$) $\mbox{\sc A.D.}$ in a date shows that it was after Christ was born

 $1066 A.D. \rightarrow Look at B.C.$.

ad / æd / noun [count] (informal) short for advertisement a TV ad

a . dapt AWL / o'dæpt / verb (a .dapts , a .dapt .ing , a .dapt .ed)

1 to change the way that you do things because you are in a new situation

He has adapted very well to being in a new school.

2 to change something so that you can use it in a different way: *The car was adapted for use as a taxi.*

a . dapt . a . ble AWL / ə'dæptəbl / adjective able to change in a new situation

He'll get used to his new school soon. Children are very adaptable.

ad · ap · ta · tion AWL / ¡ædəpˈteɪʃn ; .ædæpˈteɪʃn / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{ENGLISH}}$ LANGUAGE ARTS) a movie, play, or TV show that is based on a book

The movie is a new adaptation of a novel by Jane Austen.

add 🥯 / æd / verb (adds , add ling , add led)

1 to put something with something else

Mix the flour with the milk and then add the eggs. Add your name to the list.

2 (MATH) to put numbers together so that you get a total *If you add 2 and 5 together*, you get 7. Add \$4 to the total, to cover postage.

→ANTONYM subtract

3 to say something more

"Go away – and don't come back again," she added.

add up to find the total of several numbers

The waiter hadn't added up the check correctly.

add up to something to have as a total

The numbers add up to exactly 100.

ad .dict / 'ædikt / noun [count]

(HEALTH) a person who cannot stop wanting something that is bad for them

a drug addict

▶ad .dict .ed adjective to be addicted to drugs

ad .dic .tion / ə'dıkʃn /noun [count, noncount]

(HEALTH) the condition of being unable to stop taking drugs or doing something that is bad for you *She has a drug addiction* .

ad . di . tion / aluble / noun

1 [noncount] (MATH) putting numbers together We learned addition and subtraction in elementary school.

2 [count] a thing or person that is added to something *They have a new addition to their family* (= a new baby).

in addition; in addition to something

He speaks five languages in addition to English.

ad .di .tion .al / əˈdɪʃənl / adjective

There is a small additional charge for the use of the swimming pool.

ad .dress 1 / ə'dres; 'ædres / noun [count] (plural ad .dress .es)

SPELLING

Remember! You spell address with DD and SS.

1 the number of the building and the name of the street and town where someone lives or works

Her address is 408 Broadway, Fargo, North Dakota. Are you still living at that address?

2 (COMPUTERS) a group of words and symbols that tells you where you can find someone or something using a computer

What is your e-mail address?

ad . dress 2 / ə'dres / verb

(ad dress es , ad dress ing , ad dressed)

1 to write on a letter or package the name and address of the person you are sending it to

The letter was addressed to Jim Watson.

2 to make a formal speech to a group of people *The president will address the assembly.*

ad .e .quate AWL / 'ædıkwət / adjective enough for what you need

They are very poor and do not have adequate food or clothing. →ANTONYM inadequate

►ad .e .quate .ly <mark>AWL</mark> / 'ædıkwətli / *adverb*

ad .ja .cent AWL / əˈdʒeɪsnt / adjective

next to something

She works in the office adjacent to mine. There was a fire in the adjacent building.

ad .jec .tive / 'æd31ktıv / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a word you use with a noun that tells you more about it

In the phrase "this soup is hot," "hot" is an adjective.

ad .just AWL / ə'dʒʌst / verb

(ad justs, ad just ing, ad just ed)

to make a small change to something, to make it better *You can adjust the height of this chair.*

►ad .just .ment AWL / əˈdʒʌstmənt / noun [count, noncount]

After a few minor adjustments, the room looked perfect.

ad .just .a .ble / əˈdʒʌstəbl / adjective that can be changed or put in the right position an adjustable mirror

ad min is tration AWL

/ ədˌmɪnəˈstreɪʃn / *noun*

 ${f 1}$ [count] (POLITICS) the government of a country, especially the U.S.

the Obama Administration

2 [noncount] (BUSINESS) controlling or managing something, for example a business, an office, or a school

ad .min .i .stra .tive AWL

/ əd'mınə,streitiv / adjective

($\mbox{\sc BUSINESS}$) connected with organizing and managing a business, country, etc.

an administrative assistant

ad .min .is .tra .tor AWL /ədˈmɪnəˌstreɪtər/
noun [count]

(BUSINESS) a person whose job is to organize or manage a system, a department, or an organization school administrators

ad .mi .ra .ble / 'ædmərəbl / adjective that you admire; excellent

Her positive attitude to life is admirable.

ad . mi . ral / 'ædmərəl / noun [count] a very important officer in the navy

ad mire / ədˈmaɪər / verb (ad mires , ad mir ing , ad mired)

to think or say that someone or something is very good I really admire you for doing such a difficult job. They were admiring the view from the top of the tower.

▶ad .mi .ra .tion / ˌædməˈreɪʃn / noun [noncount] I have great admiration for her work.

ad . mis . sion / ad misn / noun

1 [count, noncount] allowing someone to go into a school, club, public place, etc.

All those who were not wearing a tie were refused admission to the club.

Maria is hoping to gain admission to Princeton University (= she would like to study there) .

College admissions have increased again this year.

2 [noncount] the amount of money that you have to pay to go into a place

Admission to the zoo is \$10.

 ${f 3}$ [count] when you agree that you did something wrong or bad

an admission of guilt

1 to say that you have done something wrong or that something bad is true

He admitted stealing the money.

I admit that I made a mistake. \rightarrow ANTONYM deny

2 to allow someone or something to go into a place *This ticket admits one person to the museum.*

ad . o . les . cence / add lesns / noun

[noncount] the period of a person's life between being a child and becoming an adult

ad . O . les . cent / ˌædəˈlɛsnt / noun [count] a young person who is developing from a child into an adult →SYNONYM teenager

a .dopt / ə'dapt / verb

(a dopts, a dopt ing, a dopt ed)

to take the child of another person into your family and treat them as your own child by law

They adopted Mikey after his parents died.

a .dor .a .ble / ə'dərəbl / adjective

very attractive and easy to love *Your puppy is so adorable!*

→SYNONYM cute

a .dore / a'dor / verb

(a dores, a dor ing, a dored) to love someone or something very much *She adores her grandchildren.*

Thesaurus

like to feel that someone or something is good, nice, or attractive; to enjoy something: He's nice. I like him a lot. ◆ Which shirt do you like the best? ◆ I don't like to see her cry. ◆ He didn't like it when I shouted at him.

love to like or enjoy someone or something very much: I love this place. ◆ My dad loves going to baseball games. ◆ I love it when you bring me presents!

be fond of to like or enjoy someone or something, especially if this has continued for a long time: We were fond of the house and didn't want to leave. ◆ We're all very fond of Mrs. Simpson. ◆ I grew very fond of Turkish food while I was living in Istanbul.

adore to love someone or something very much: He simply adores his older brother. ◆ She adores working with children.

Adults as well as children will enjoy this movie.

►a .dult adjective an adult ticket adult education

a . dult . hood AWL / ə'dalthod / noun

[noncount]

the time when you are an adult

His asthma attacks stopped when he reached adulthood.

ad . vance / əd'væns / noun [count, noncount]

progress or a new development in something major advances in computer technology

in advance

before something happens

You should buy tickets for the concert well in advance.

ad . vanced 2 / advænst / adjective

of or for someone who is already good at something; difficult

an advanced English class

ad .van .tage 🔯 / ədˈvæntjdʒ / noun

[count, noncount]

something that helps you or that is useful
One advantage of camping is that it's cheap.
He has the advantage of being able to speak two languages fluently.

→ANTONYM disadvantage

take advantage of something

to make good use of something to help yourself Buy now and take advantage of these special prices!

ad . ven . ture 🔯 / ədˈvɛntʃər / noun

[count, noncount]

something exciting that you do or that happens to you She wrote a book about her adventures in South America. He left home to travel, hoping for excitement and adventure.

ad . **ven** . **tur** . **ous** / <code>ad'ventfares</code> / <code>adjective</code> An **adventurous** person likes to do exciting, dangerous things.

ad .verb / 'ædvərb / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a word that tells you how, when, or where something happens

In the phrase "please speak slowly," "slowly" is an adverb.

ad .ver .tise / 'advar,taiz / verb

(ad ver tis es, ad ver tis ing, ad ver tised) to put information in a newspaper, on television, on the Internet, on a wall, etc. in order to make people want to buy something or do something

I saw those sneakers advertised in a magazine. It's very expensive to advertise on television.

▶ad .ver .tis .ing / 'ædvər,taızıŋ / noun [noncount] the activity or business of telling people about things to buy He works in advertising.

The magazine gets a lot of money from advertising.

ad .ver .tise .ment ② / ,ædvər'taızmənt / (also informal ad) noun [count]

information in a newspaper, on television, on the Internet, on a wall, etc. that tries to make people buy something or do something

an advertisement for a new kind of candy bar

ad . vice 🔯 / əd'vais / noun [noncount]

words that you say to help someone decide what to do *The book gives some good advice on traveling overseas. I took the doctor's advice* (= I did what the doctor told me to do) *and stayed in bed.*

Grammar

Be careful! You cannot say "an advice."

You can say **some advice** or **a piece of advice** : *I need some advice*. ◆ Let me give you a piece of advice.

ad . vise 🔯 / əd'vaız / verb

(ad .vis .es , ad .vis .ing , ad .vised)

to tell someone what you think they should do *The doctor advised him to lose weight.*

►ad .vis .er (also ad .vis .or) / əd'varzər / noun [count]

a person who gives advice, for example to a company or the government $% \left(x\right) =\left(x\right) +\left(x$

 $aer.o.bics / \epsilon'roobiks / noun [noncount]$

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{SPORTS}}$) physical exercises that people often do in classes, with music

aer . o . sol / 'erəsəl / noun [count]

a container with liquid in it. You press a button to make the liquid come out in a lot of very small drops.

af . fair / əˈfɛr / noun

1 [count] something that happens; an event *The wedding was a very quiet affair.*

2 affairs [plural] important events and situations *the Department of Military Affairs* (= connected with the army, navy, etc.)

We talked about current affairs (= the political and social events that are happening at the present time).

3 [singular] something private that you do not want other people to know about

What happened between us is my affair. I don't want to talk about it.

4 [count] a sexual relationship between two people, usually one that is secret

Her husband was having an affair.

af . fect AWL / əˈfɛkt / verb (af . fects , af . fect . ing , af . fect . ed)

Spelling

Be careful! Don't confuse **affect** , which is a verb, with **effect** , which is a noun. If you **affect** something, then you have an **effect** on it.

to make something or someone change in a particular way, especially a bad way

Smoking can affect your health.

His parents' divorce affected the child deeply.

af . **fec** . **tion** / ϑ 'fɛkʃn / *noun* [count, noncount] a feeling of loving or liking someone She has great affection for her aunt.

af . fec . tion . ate / əˈfɛkʃənət / adjective showing that you love or like someone very much a very affectionate child

►af ·fec ·tion ·ate ·ly / əˈfɛkʃənətli / adverb He smiled affectionately at his son.

af . ford 5/2 o'ford / verb

(af fords, af ford ing, af ford ed)

to have enough money to buy or do something I can't afford a vacation this year.
We couldn't afford a car in those days.

▶af .ford .a .ble / ə¹fərdəbl / adjective good food at affordable prices

If you are **afraid** of something, it makes you feel fear *Some people are afraid of snakes.*

I was afraid to open the door.

I'm afraid ..

a polite way of saying that you are sorry I'm afraid I broke your calculator. I'm afraid that I can't come to your party.

Thesaurus

afraid feeling fear; worried that something bad might happen. This word cannot come before a noun, so you can say "the man is afraid" but NOT "an afraid man": Are you afraid of spiders? ◆ Alex is afraid of going out after dark. ◆ We were afraid to go into the cave. ◆ He's afraid that he'll fall.

scared a more informal word than afraid, which is used more in spoken than written English: I'm really scared of heights. ◆ Everyone was too scared to move.

◆ The thieves **got scared** and ran away. ◆ Are you **scared about** the exam tomorrow?

frightened a more formal word than afraid, which is used more in written than spoken English: a frightened child ◆ She is not frightened of anything. ◆ He was frightened that the glass would break.

terrified very afraid: to be **terrified** of spiders ◆ He was **terrified** that he would fall. ◆ You look terrified!

Af∍ri∍can A∍mer∍i∍can

/ ¡æfrikən əˈmɛrikən / noun [count] an American whose family came from Africa

Af ·ri ·can-A ·mer ·i ·can adjective an African-American actor

af . ter 1 / 'æfter / preposition

1 later than someone or something Jenny arrived after dinner.

After doing my homework, I went out.

2 behind or following someone or something Ten comes after nine.

Russell finished after Evans in the race.

3 (used when telling the time) later than

We left at a quarter after seven (= 7:15).

4 trying to get or catch someone or something The police officer ran after her.

after all

1 used when you thought something different would happen

I was worried about the test, but it wasn't difficult after

2 used to mean "do not forget"

She doesn't understand. After all, she's only two.

be after something

to be trying to get or find something What kind of work are you after?

af .ter 2 2 / 'æftər / conjunction, adverb

at a time later than someone or something

We arrived after the movie had started.

Ava left at ten o'clock and I left soon after.

Call me tomorrow or the day after (= the day after

af .ter .noon 2 / ,æfter nun / noun [count] the part of a day between 12 o'clock in the middle of the day

and the evening We had lunch and in the afternoon we went for a walk. I saw Sue this afternoon.

Yesterday afternoon I went shopping.

Grammar

We usually say in the afternoon: We went to the beach in the afternoon.

If we include a day or date then we usually use on: I'll see you on Monday afternoon.

good afternoon (formal)

words that you say when you see someone for the first time in the afternoon

af .ter .shave / 'æfterfeiv / noun

[count, noncount]

a liquid with a nice smell that men sometimes put on their faces after they **shave** (= cut the hair off their face)

af .ter .ward 5 / 'æftərwərd /

(also af ter wards / 'æftərwərdz /) adverb

later; after another thing has happened

We had dinner and went to see a movie afterward.

a gain 👺 / əˈgɛn / adverb

1 one more time; once more

Could you say that again, please?

I will never see him again.

2 in the way that someone or something was before You'll feel better again soon.

again and again

many times

I've told you again and again not to do that!

a gainst D / a genst / preposition

1 on the other side, for example in a game, fight, etc. They played baseball against a team from another town. 2 not agreeing with or supporting someone or something

Many people are against the plan. \rightarrow ANTONYM for

3 touching someone or something for support

I put the ladder against the wall.

4 in order to stop something

Have you had a shot against the disease?

age 🥯 / eidʒ / noun

1 [count, noncount] the amount of time that someone

or something has been in the world

She is seven years of age .

I started work at the age of 16.

Children of all ages will enjoy this movie.

He needs some friends his own age.

When we want to ask someone's age, we say How old are you?

To say your age, you say I am 14 or I'm 14 years old (but NOT "I am 14 years").

2 [noncount] being old

Her hair was gray with age.

3 [count] a certain time in history

the computer age

the history of art through the ages

the Stone Age (= when people used stone tools)

4 ages [plural] (informal)

a very long time

We waited ages for a bus.

She's lived here for ages .

ag .ed 🥯 / eɪdʒd / adjective

of the age mentioned

They have two children, aged three and five.

a .gen .cy / 'eidgənsi / noun [count]

(plural a gen cies)

(BUSINESS) the work or office of someone who does business for others

A travel agency plans trips for people.

a . qen . da / əˈdʒɛndə / noun [count]

a list of all the things to be talked about in a meeting The next item on the agenda is the class field trip.

a .gent / 'eidgənt / noun [count]

(BUSINESS) a person who does business for another person or for a company

a real-estate agent

a travel agent

ag . gra . vate / 'ægrəveit / verb

(ag gra vates, ag gra vat ing, ag gra vat ed)

1 to make something worse

The people were poor, and the war only aggravated the situation.

2 to make someone angry

His constant humming really aggravates me.

→SYNONYM irritate

ag .gres .sion / əˈgrɛʃn / noun [noncount]

angry behavior or feelings that make you want to attack other people

Do violent video games lead to aggression?

ag .gres .sive / əˈgrɛsɪv / adjective

If you are **aggressive**, you are ready to argue or fight He often gets aggressive after drinking alcohol.

ag .ile / 'ædʒl; 'ædʒaɪl / adjective

able to move quickly and easily

an agile athlete

►a ·gil ·i ·ty / əˈdʒɪləti / noun [noncount]

a test of speed and agility

ag .i .tat .ed / 'ædʒəˌteɪtəd / adjective

worried or upset about something

When it started to get dark, she became more and more agitated.

a . go 🥯 / əˈgoʊ / adverb

before now; in the past His wife died five years ago. I learned to drive a long time ago.

long ago

a very long time in the past

Long ago there were no cars or airplanes.

a · gon · iz · ing / ˈægəˌnaɪzɪŋ / adjective very painful an agonizing pain

ag .o .ny / 'ægəni / noun [count, noncount] (plural ag .o .nies) very great pain

He screamed in agony.

a . gree 🔯 / əˈgri / verb

(a grees, a gree ing, a greed)

1 to have the same opinion as another person about something

Martin thinks we should go by train, but I don't agree.

I agree with you. →ANTONYM disagree

 $\boldsymbol{2}\,$ to say "yes" when someone asks you to do something

Amy agreed to give me the money. →ANTONYM refuse

3 to decide something with another person We agreed to meet on March 3rd. Liz and I agreed on a price.

a . gree . a . ble / əˈgriəbl / adjective (formal)
pleasant or nice

a . gree . ment 💿 / əˈgrimənt / noun

1 [noncount] having the same opinion as someone or something

She nodded her head in agreement.

→ANTONYM disagreement

 $\boldsymbol{2} \; [\; \text{count} \;]$ a plan or decision that two or more people have made together

The leaders reached an agreement after five days of talks.

ag . ri . cul . ture / 'ægrə,kıltʃər / noun [noncount]

keeping animals and growing plants for food

→SYNONYM farming

►ag ·ri ·cul ·tur ·al / ¡ægrəˈkʌltʃərəl / adjective agricultural workers

a . head 🥯 / əˈhɛd / adverb

1 in front of someone or something We could see a light ahead of us.

2 before or more advanced than someone or something Inga and Nils arrived a few minutes ahead of us. New York is three hours ahead of Los Angeles.

3 into the future

We have a lot of work ahead of us.

We must think ahead so we're not surprised.

4 winning in a game, competition, etc. *The Lions were ahead 14-0 at halftime.*

go ahead

used to give someone permission to do something "Can I borrow your bike?" "Sure, go ahead."

aid AWL / end / noun [noncount]

1 help, or something that gives help

He walks with the aid of a cane.

She wears a hearing aid (= a small thing that you put in your ear so you can hear better).

 $\boldsymbol{2}\,$ money, food, etc. that is sent to a country or to people in order to help them

We sent aid to the earthquake victims.

▶aid verb (aids, aid ing, aid ed) (formal) to help someone or something

Sleep aids recovery from any illness. \rightarrow Look at first aid.

AIDS / erdz / noun [noncount]

(HEALTH) a very serious illness which destroys the body's ability to fight other illnesses *the AIDS virus*

aim 1 🔯 / eım / noun

1 [count] something that you want and plan to do *Kate's aim is to find a good job.*

Thesaurus

purpose the reason for doing something; what something is used for or is supposed to achieve: What is the purpose of your visit?

The building is used for religious purposes.

aim what someone is trying to achieve: Our main aim is to increase sales. ◆ He was willing to do almost anything to achieve his aim of winning first prize.

plan what you have decided or arranged to do: Do you have any plans for the weekend? ◆ There are no plans to build new offices.

intention what you want or intend to do: *Our* intention was to leave early in the morning. ◆ I have no intention of going to the wedding.

goal (often used about your life or career plans) something that you hope to achieve: What are your long-term goals? ◆ I've finally achieved my goal of getting a college degree.

2 [noncount] the act of pointing something at a person or thing before trying to hit them with it *She picked up the gun, took aim, and fired.*

aim 2 / em / verb (aims, aim ing, aimed)

1 to try or plan to do something

He's aiming to leave at nine o'clock.

2 to plan something for a certain person or group *This book is aimed at teenagers.*

3 to point something, for example a gun, at someone or something that you want to hit

He aimed his gun at the target and fired.

air 1 0 / er / noun [noncount]

1 the mixture of gases that surrounds the earth and that you take in through your nose and mouth when you breathe *Can we open a window? I need some fresh air*.

2 the space around and above things *He threw the ball up into the air* .

3 travel in a vehicle that can fly, such as an airplane *It's more expensive to travel by air than by train.*

on air; on the air

on the radio or on television

This radio station is on the air 24 hours a day.

 $air 2 / \epsilon r / verb$ (airs, air ing, aired)

1 to tell people what you think about something *The discussion gave people a chance to air their views* .

2 to send out sound or pictures by radio or television *All the major networks aired the president's speech.*

→SYNONYM broadcast

air con . di . tion . er / 'er kən,dıſnər / noun

a machine that keeps the air cool and dry

air con . di . tion . ing / ˌɛr kənˈdɪʃnɪŋ / noun [noncount] (abbreviation AC)

a system that keeps the air in a room, building, car, etc. cool and dry

►air-con di tioned / er kən'dı nd / adjective air-conditioned offices

air .craft / 'erkræft / noun [count] (plural air craft)

any vehicle that can fly, for example an airplane

air . fare / 'erfer / noun [count]

the money that you pay to travel by plane How much is the airfare from New York to Chicago?

air force / 'er fors / noun [count]

the airplanes and other vehicles that can fly, which a country uses for fighting, and the people who fly them

air . line / 'erlam / noun [count]

a company that takes people or things to different places by

Which airline are you flying with?

air . mail / 'ermeil / noun [noncount]

the system of sending things like letters and packages by airplane

I sent the package by airmail. I sent it airmail.

air . plane 2 / 'erplem / noun [count] a vehicle with wings that can fly through the air

→SYNONYM plane

air . port 🔯 / 'erport / noun [count]

a place where people get on and off airplanes, with buildings where passengers can wait I'll meet you at the airport.

air · **y** / 'eri / adjective (air · i · er , air · i · est) having a lot of fresh air inside a light and airy room

aisle / ail / noun [count]

a way between lines of seats in something such as a church or an airplane

a .jar / əˈdʒar / adjective

(used about a door) open a little, but not much I left the door ajar.

a . larm 1 🔯 / əˈlarm / noun

1 [count] something that tells you about danger, for example by making a loud noise

Does your car have an alarm?

a burglar alarm

a fire alarm

2 [count] = alarm clock

3 [noncount] a sudden feeling of fear

He heard a noise, and jumped out of bed in alarm.

a . larm 2 / əˈlarm / verb

(a larms, a larm ing, a larmed)

to make someone or something feel suddenly afraid or

The noise alarmed the bird and it flew away.

►a .larmed / əˈlɑrmd / adjective

She was alarmed to hear that Peter was sick.

a larm clock

/ əˈlarm klak / (also a larm) noun [count]

a clock that makes a noise to wake you up She set the alarm clock for 6 a.m.

alarm clock



al . bum / 'ælbəm / noun [count]

1 (MUSIC) a collection of songs on one CD, tape, etc. The band is about to release their third album.

 \rightarrow Look at single 2.

2 a book in which you can keep stamps, photographs, etc. that you have collected a photo album

al . co . hol 🕯 / 'ælkəhəl ; 'ælkəhal / noun [noncount]

1 the clear liquid in drinks such as beer and wine that can make people act in an unusual way

2 drinks like wine, beer, etc. that contain alcohol

adjective containing alcohol an alcoholic drink

al . co . hol . ic 2 / alka holik; alka halik / noun

a person who cannot stop drinking large amounts of alcohol

a . lert / əˈlərt / adjective

watching, listening, etc. for something with all your attention

A good driver is always alert.

al . gae / 'æld3i / noun [plural]

(BIOLOGY) very simple plants that grow in water

al .ge .bra / 'ældʒəbrə / noun [noncount]

(MATH) a type of mathematics in which letters and symbols are used to represent numbers

al · i · bi / 'æləbaɪ / noun [count] (plural al · i · bis) something that proves you were in a different place when a crime happened and so could not have done it Do you have an alibi for the night of the robbery?

a . li . en / 'eɪliən / noun [count]

1 (formal) a person who is not a citizen of the country where they are living or working an illegal alien

2 a person or an animal that comes from another planet aliens from outer space

a . li . en . ate / 'eilioneit / verb

(a li en ates, a li en at ing, a li en at ed) to make someone feel that he or she does not belong in a group

She felt alienated from the other students in her class.

a . lign / əˈlaɪn / verb

(a ligns, a lign ing, a ligned) to arrange things in a straight line to align the tires of a car

a . like / əˈlaɪk / adjective, adverb

1 very similar

The two sisters are very alike.

2 in the same way

The book is popular with adults and children alike.

al .i .mo .ny / 'ælemouni / noun [noncount]

money that you have to pay by law to the person you were married to after you have divorced

a . live 🔯 / əˈlaɪv / adjective

living; not dead

Are your grandparents alive?

all 1 2 / ol / adjective, pronoun

1 every part of something: the whole of something She ate all the bread.

It rained all day.

2 every one of a group

All cats are animals but not all animals are cats.

I invited thirty people to the party, but not all of them came.

Are you all listening?

3 everything that; the only thing that

All I ate yesterday was one banana.

(not) at all

in any way

I didn't enjoy it at all.

all 2 🔯 / ol / adverb

completely

She lives all alone.

He was dressed all in black.

all along

from the beginning

I knew all along that she was lying.

all over

everywhere

We looked all over for that ring.

al lege / əˈlɛdʒ / verb

(al leg es, al leg ing, al leged)

to say that someone has done something wrong when you do not have proof that this is true

She alleged that he had stolen money from her hotel room.

al . ler . gic / əˈlərdʒık / adjective

(HEALTH) having an allergy

He's allergic to peanuts.

al .ler .gy / 'ælərdʒi / noun

[count]

(plural al .ler .gies)

(HEALTH) a medical condition that makes you sick when you eat, touch, or breathe something that does not normally make other people sick

She has an allergy to cats.

al ley / 'æli / (also al ley way / 'æliweɪ /) noun

a narrow path between buildings

al . li . ance / əˈlaɪəns / noun [count]

(POLITICS) an agreement between countries or groups of people to work together and help each other

al . li . ga . tor / 'æləgeitər / noun [count]

a big animal with a long body, a big mouth, and sharp teeth that lives in the lakes and rivers of the southern U.S.

→ Look at the picture at crocodile.

al . lo . cate AWL / 'æləkeit / verb

(al lo cates, al lo cat ing, al lo cat ed)

to decide to use something for a particular purpose The government allocated more of its resources to

education.

▶al ·lo ·ca ·tion AWL / ˌæləˈkeɪʃn / noun

[count, noncount]

the allocation of funds for research

al . low 🔯 / əˈlaʊ / verb

(alllows, alllowling, alllowed)

Smoking is not allowed in theaters.

to say that someone can have or do something

My parents allow me to stay out late on weekends.

You're not allowed to park your car here.

Which word?

Allow or let?

Allow is used in both formal and informal English. Let is very common in spoken English.

You allow someone to do something, but you let someone do something (without "to"): Jenny was allowed to stay up late last night. ♦ Her parents let her stay up late.

You cannot use let in the passive. You must use allow and to: They let him take the test again. ◆ He was allowed to take the test again.

al . low . ance / o'lavons / noun [count]

an amount of money that you receive regularly to help you pay for something that you need

Her parents give her an allowance of ten dollars a week.

all right 🔯 / ɔl ˈraɪt / adjective, adverb,

exclamation

1 good, or good enough

Is everything all right?

2 well; not hurt

I was sick, but I'm all right now.

3 used to say "yes, I agree" when someone asks you to do something

"Can you get me a glass of water?" "All right."

al . **V** / 'ælaɪ / noun [count] (plural al . lies)

(POLITICS) a person or country that agrees to help another person or country, for example in a war

al . mond / 'amend / noun [count]

a flat, pale nut that you can eat

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **nut**.

al . most 🥯 / 'olmoust / adverb

nearly; not exactly or completely

It's almost three o'clock.

I almost fell into the river!

a · lone 🥯 / əˈloʊn / adjective, adverb

1 without any other person

I don't like being alone in the house.

My grandmother lives alone.

→SYNONYM on your own , by yourself

TPV Ltd.

You alone can help me.

Which word?

Alone or lonely?

Alone means that you are not with other people: She lived alone in an apartment downtown.

Lonely means that you are unhappy because you are not with other people: He felt lonely at the new school without his old friends.

a .lone 🚳 / əˈloʊn / adjective, adverb

1 without any other person

I don't like being alone in the house.

My grandmother lives alone.

→SYNONYM on your own , by yourself

2 only

You alone can help me.

Which word?

Alone or lonely?

Alone means that you are not with other people: *She lived alone in an apartment downtown.*

Lonely means that you are unhappy because you are not with other people: *He felt lonely at the new school without his old friends*.

a . long 2 5 / əˈləŋ / adverb

1 forward

He drove along very slowly.

2 with someone

We're going for a walk. Why don't you come along too?

a . long . side / əˌləŋˈsaɪd / preposition, adverb next to something

Put your bike alongside mine.

Nick caught up with me and rode alongside.

a . loud / ə'laod / adverb

in a normal speaking voice that other people can hear *I read the story aloud to my sister*.

al . pha . bet 5 / 'ælfəbɛt / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) all the letters of a language *The English alphabet starts with A and ends with Z.*

al . pha . bet . i . cal / _ælfə'bɛtjkl / adjective in the order of the alphabet

Put these words in alphabetical order (= with words beginning with A first, then B, then C, etc.)

►al ·pha ·bet ·i ·cal ·ly / ¡ælfəˈbɛtikli / adverb The books are listed alphabetically.

al .read .y 5 / ol'redi / adverb

before now or before then

"Would you like some lunch?" "No, thank you – I've already eaten."

We ran to the station but the train had already left.

Which word?

Already or yet?

Yet means the same as already, but you only use yet in negative sentences and questions.

Look at these examples: I have read this book already.

◆ I haven't read this book yet. ◆ Have you read the

a word you use to say that one more thing is true He plays several instruments and also writes music. The food is wonderful, and also very cheap.

→SYNONYM too

Which word?

Also or too?

You use **also** in writing, but you usually use **too** in spoken English.

Also usually goes before a main verb or after "is," "are," "were," etc.: *He also enjoys reading.* ◆ *He has also been to Australia.*

Too usually goes at the end of a phrase or sentence: We're going to the movies tomorrow. Would you like to come too?

al .tar / 'olter / noun [count]

(RELIGION) a high table used in a religious ceremony

al . ter AWL / 'olter / verb

(al ters, al ter ing, al tered)

to make something different in some way; to change We altered our plans and will now stay for a week instead of ten days.

He had altered so much I hardly recognized him.

al .ter .a .tion AWL / olto reisn / noun

[count, noncount]

a small change

We want to make a few alterations to the house before we move in.

al .ter .nate 1 AWL / 'oltarnat / adjective

1 one out of every two

He works alternate weeks (= he works the first week, he doesn't work the second week, he works again the third week, etc.).

2 with first one thing, then the other, then the first thing again, etc.

The cake had alternate layers of chocolate and vanilla.

3 that you can use, do, etc. instead of something else *We took an alternate route to avoid the traffic.*

al .ter .nate 2 AWL / 'olterneit / verb

(al ter nates, al ter nat ing, al ter nat ed)
If two things alternate, first one thing happens and then
the other, and then the first thing happens again, etc.
She seemed to alternate between loving him and hating
him.

al .ter .na .tive 1 AWL / ol'tərnətiv / adjective

1 that you can use, do, etc. instead of something else *We need to develop alternative sources of energy.*

2 different from the usual style, customs, beliefs, etc. *alternative medicine*

al .ter .na .tive 2 AWL / ol'tərnətiv / noun

a thing that you can choose instead of another thing We could go by train – the alternative is to take the car.

al .ter .na .tive .ly AWL / ol'ternetivli /

used to talk about a second possible thing you can do We can go by bus. Alternatively, I could take the car.

al though 🔯 / əlˈðoʊ / conjunction

PRONUNCIATION

The word although ends with the same sound as go.

1 despite something

Although she was sick, she went to work.

2 but

I love dogs, although I wouldn't have one as a pet.
→SYNONYM though

al .ti .tude / 'æltetud / noun [count, noncount]

(GEOGRAPHY) the height of something above the level of the ocean

The plane climbed to an altitude of 30,000 feet.

al .to .geth .er / plta/geðar / adverb

1 completely

At the age of 65, he stopped working altogether.

2 counting everything or everyone

There were ten of us altogether.

a · lu · mi · num / ə'lumənəm / noun [noncount] am · big · u · ous AWL / æm'bıqyuəs /

(symbol AI)

(CHEMISTRY) a light metal that has a silver color aluminum foil (= for example, for wrapping food)

al . Ways 🔯 / 'olweiz / adverb

1 at all times; every time

I've always lived in Texas.

The train is always late.

2 all through the past until now

I've always wanted a dog.

3 forever

I will always remember that day.

4 again and again

My sister is always borrowing my clothes!

Always usually goes before the main verb or after "is," "are," "were," etc.: He always wears those shoes.

Iill is alwavs late.

Always can go at the beginning of a sentence when you are telling someone to do something: Always stop and look before you cross the road.

am / əm; æm/

form of be

a.m. / ei em / abbreviation

You use a.m. after a time to show that it is between midnight and 12 o'clock in the day

I always start work at 9 a.m. (= 9 o'clock in the morning)

 \rightarrow Look at p.m..

am .a .teur / 'æmətʃər / noun [count]

(SPORTS) a person who does a sport or an activity because they enjoy it, but not for money as a job

Only amateurs can take part in the tournament.

→ANTONYM professional

▶am .a .teur adjective

an amateur photographer

a · maze / p'meiz / verb (a · maz · es, a · maz · ing,

a mazed)

to surprise someone very much, or to be difficult for someone to believe

It amazes me that anyone could be so stupid!

a . mazed / ə'meizd / adjective

very surprised

She was amazed to discover the truth about her father. I was amazed at her knowledge of baseball.

a . maze . ment / o'meizmont / noun

[noncount]

great surprise

She looked at me in amazement.

a . maz . ing / əˈmeɪzɪŋ / adjective

If something is amazing, it surprises you very much and is difficult to believe

I have an amazing story to tell you.

The concert was amazing – I didn't want it to end.

→SYNONYM incredible

►a ·maz ·ing ·ly / əˈmeɪzɪŋli / adverb

Maria plays the violin amazingly well.

am . bas . sa . dor / æmˈbæsədər / noun

(POLITICS) an important person who represents his or her country in a foreign country

the U.S. ambassador to Italy

adiective

having more than one possible meaning

His answer was ambiguous, so I'm not sure if he wants the

am . bi . tion / æm'bıʃn / noun

1 [noncount] a very strong wish to be successful, to have power, etc.

Louise is intelligent, but she has no ambition.

2 [count] something that you really want to do My ambition is to become a doctor.

am . bi . tious / æm'bifəs / adjective

A person who is **ambitious** wants to be successful, to have power, etc.

am . bu . lance / 'ambyələns / noun [count]

a vehicle that takes people who are sick or hurt to the hospital

am . bush / 'embof/ noun [count]

a sudden surprise attack

The soldier was killed in an ambush.

a . me . ba / əˈmibə / noun [count]

(plural a . me . bas or a . me . bae / əˈmibi /) = amoeba

a . mend AWL / o'mend / verb (a . mends,

a mend ing, a mend ed)

to change a law, document, statement, etc. in order to correct a mistake or improve it

The law needs to be amended.

a . mend . ment AWL / a'mendmant / noun

[count]

(POLITICS) a change that is made to a law or document The 19th Amendment to the U.S. Constitution gave women the right to vote.

A . mer . i . can / əˈmɛrɪkən / adjective

from or connected with the U.S.

I'm Mexican, but my wife is American.

American history

►A ·mer ·i ·can noun [count]

We are all Americans.

am · mo · nia / əˈmoʊniə / noun [noncount]

(CHEMISTRY) a clear gas with a strong smell, or a liquid made with this gas and used for cleaning

am . mu . ni . tion / ˌæmyəˈnɪʃn / noun

[noncount]

things that you throw or shoot from a gun to hurt people or damage things

They only stopped shooting when they had no more ammunition.

am . nes . ty / 'æmnəsti / noun

[count, noncount](plural am .nes .ties)

(POLITICS) a time when a government forgives political crimes and allows some prisoners to go free

a . moe . ba / əˈmibə /

noun [count]

(plural a moe bas or

a moe bae / ə'mibi /)

(BIOLOGY) a very small animal that consists of only one cell



amoeba

nucleus

a · mong [©]/ e'mλη / (also a · mongst / e'mληst /) a · mus · ing / e'myuzη / adjective preposition

1 in the middle of a group of people or things I often feel nervous when I'm among strangers.

2 for or by more than two things or people

He divided the money among his six children. 3 in a particular group of people or things

There is a lot of anger among students about the new law.

Which word?

Among or between?

We use among when we are talking about more than two people or things: You're among friends here.

If there are only two people or things, we use between: Sarah and I divided the cake between us. ◆ I was standing between Alice and Cathy.

a . mount 1 2 / əˈmaʊnt / noun [count]

how much there is of something He spent a large amount of money.

a . mount 2 / əˈmaʊnt / verb

(a mounts, a mount ing, a mount ed)

amount to something to make a certain amount when you add everything together

The cost of the repairs amounted to \$500.

amp / emp / noun [count] (PHYSICS) a measure of electricity

am . phib . i . an / æm'fibien / noun [count] (BIOLOGY) an animal that can live both on land and in

frogs, toads, and other amphibians

am . ple / 'empl / adjective enough or more than enough

We have ample time to make a decision.

am . pli . fi . er / 'æmplə,farər / noun [count] (MUSIC) an electrical machine that makes sounds louder

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at quitar.

am . pu . tate / 'æmpyəteit / verb

(am pu tates, am pu tat ing, am pu tat ed) (HEALTH) to cut off a person's arm, leg, finger, or toe for medical reasons

His leg was so badly injured that it had to be amputated.

a . muse 🥯 / əˈmyuz / verb

(a mus es, a mus ing, a mused) 1 to make someone smile or laugh

Rick's joke did not amuse his mother.

2 to keep someone happy and busy We played games to amuse ourselves on the long bus ride.

a . mused / əˈmyuzd / adjective

thinking that something is funny and wanting to laugh or smile

He was amused to see how seriously she took the game.

a . muse . ment / o'myuzmont / noun

[noncount]

the feeling that you have when something makes you laugh

We watched in amusement as the dog chased its tail.

a . muse . ment park / ə'myuzmənt park /

a large park which has a lot of things that you can ride and play on and many different activities to enjoy

Something or someone that is amusing makes you smile or laugh

an amusing story

→SYNONYM funny

an 🥯 / ən ; æn / article

1 one or any

I ate an apple.

2 each, or for each

It costs \$4 an hour to park your car here.

Which word?

A or an?

You use an in front of words that start with a vowel sound. Be careful! It is the sound that is important, not the spelling.

Words like university and euro take a instead of an, and words that begin with a silent "h," like hour, take an instead of a.

Look at these examples: a box ◆ a singer ◆ a university ◆ an apple ◆ an hour ◆ an SUV ◆ an umbrella .

a . nal . o . gy AWL / əˈnælədʒi / noun

[count]

(plural a nal o gies)

a comparison between two things that shows how they are

to make an analogy between the human brain and a computer

a . nal . y . sis S AWL / ə'næləsis / noun

[count, noncount]

(plural a .nal .y .ses / əˈnæləsiz /)

the process of carefully examining the different parts of something

Some samples of the water were sent to a laboratory for analysis.

an .a . lyst AWL / 'ænəlist / noun [count]

a person whose job is to analyze things carefully a political analyst

an .a . lyt . ic . al AWL / .ænə'lıtıkl /

(also an a lyt ic / ænəˈlɪtɪk /) adjective

looking carefully at different parts of something in order to understand or explain it

analytical methods for research

an .a . lyze 🥯 AWL / 'ænəlaız / verb (an .a .lyz .es , an .a .lyz .ing , an .a .lyzed)

to look at or think about the different parts of something carefully so that you can understand it They will analyze the statistics.

a . nat . o . my / əˈnætəmi / noun

(plural a .nat .o .mies) (BIOLOGY)

1 [noncount] the scientific study of the structure of human or animal bodies

2 [count] the structure of a living thing the anatomy of a frog

►a ·nat ·o ·m ·i ·cal / ænə'tamıkl / adjective

an .ces .tor / 'ænsester / noun

[count]

(HISTORY) Your **ancestors** are the people in your family who lived a long time before you

My ancestors came from Ireland.

an .chor / 'æŋkər / noun [count]

1 a heavy metal thing that you drop into the water from a boat to stop the boat from moving away

2 a person whose job is to read news reports on TV and introduce news reports from other people a local news anchor



an . cient 🔯 / 'eɪnʃənt / adjective

(HISTORY) very old; from a time long ago ancient buildings

and 🥯 / ənd ; ən / conjunction

 ${f 1}$ a word that joins words or parts of sentences together ham and eggs

The cat was black and white.

They sang and danced all evening.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ (MATH) a word you use when you are adding two numbers together

Twelve and six is eighteen.

→SYNONYM plus

an .ec .dote / 'ænıkdout / noun

[count]

a short, interesting, or funny story about a real person or event

a .ne .mi .a / əˈnimiə / noun

[noncount]

($\mbox{\sc HEALTH}$) a medical condition in which there are not enough red cells in the blood

►a ·ne ·mic / əˈnimɪk / adjective

an .es .thet .ic / ˌænəsˈθεtμk / noun

[count, noncount]

(HEALTH) a drug that a doctor gives you so that you will not feel any pain during an operation

The patient will be under anesthetic for around an hour.

an .gel / 'eind3l / noun

[count

(<code>RELIGION</code>) a spirit who carries messages from God. In pictures, ${\bf angels}$ are usually dressed in white and they have wings.

an .ger 1 0 / 'ængər / noun

[noncount]

the strong feeling that you have when something has happened or someone has done something that you do not like

She was shaking with anger.

an .ger 2 / 'ængər / verb

(an .gers, an .ger .ing , an .gered)

to make someone feel angry

an .gle 🚳 / 'æŋgl / noun [count]

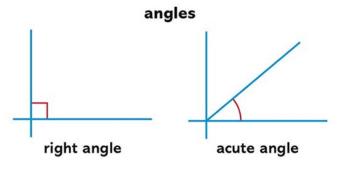
(MATH)

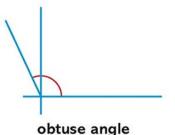
SPELLING

Remember! You spell angle with L before E . You spell angel with E before L .

the space between two lines that meet. **Angles** are measured in **degrees**

an angle of 40°





an .gry (an .gri .er , an .gri .est)

If you are **angry**, you feel or show anger My dad was angry at me when I got home late. There's no need to get angry.

▶an .gri .ly / ˈæŋgrəli / adverb

"Someone took my book!" she shouted angrily.

Thesaurus

angry feeling or showing anger: My parents will be really angry if I get home late. ◆ She's angry about the way she was treated. ◆ Please don't be angry with me.

◆ Please don't be **angry at** me. ◆ His behavior **made** me **angry**. ◆ I was angry with him for breaking my phone.

mad

(informal)

very angry. This word cannot come before a noun with this meaning: He got mad and walked out. • She's mad at me for being late.

furious extremely angry: She was furious with me when she found out. ◆ He was furious at her behavior.

lacktriangle I had a furious argument with my mother last night.

annoyed a little angry: She's annoyed at/with herself for making such a stupid mistake. ◆ I was annoyed to see that they had left the door open. ◆ Why are you getting annoyed?

an .guish / 'æŋgwɪʃ/ noun [noncount]

(formal

a feeling of great unhappiness or mental pain her anguish at the death of her son

an .i .mal 📀 / ˈænəml / noun

[count

1 any living thing that can move and feel but is not a person, a bird, a fish, or an insect *Cats, horses, and rats are animals.*

Collocations

The Natural World

animals

animals mate/breed/reproduce/feed (on something) birds fly/sing/nest/migrate insects crawl/fly/bite/sting hunt/capture/kill prey lay/fertilize eggs

plants and fungi

trees/plants grow/bloom/blossom/flower a seed sprouts

leaves/buds/shoots appear/develop/form

a fungus grows/spreads

pollinate/fertilize a flower/plant

produce/spread pollen/seeds

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ any living thing that can move and feel, including people, birds, etc.

Humans are social animals.

an .i .mat .ed / 'ænəmeɪtəd / adjective

1 full of interest and energy an animated discussion

→SYNONYM lively

2 If a movie is **animated** , drawings or models of people and animals are made to look as if they can really move and talk

animated cartoons

an .i .ma .tion / ˌænəˈmeɪʃn / noun

1 [noncount] the process of making movies, videos, and computer games in which drawings or models of people and animals seem to move

computer animation

2 [count] a movie which is made in this way *The website includes several animations.*

an .kle / 'ænkl / noun

[count]

the part of your leg where it joins your foot

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at leg.

an .ni .ver .sa .ry / ˌænəˈvərsəri / noun

[count](plural an .ni .ver .sa .ries)

a day that is exactly a year or a number of years after a special or important event

Today is their 25th wedding anniversary.

It happened on the anniversary of her husband's death.

an . nounce 2 / o'nauns / verb

(an nouncles, an nouncling, an nounced)

to tell a lot of people something important The teacher announced the winner of the competition. She announced that she was going to have a baby.

an . nounce . ment / a'naonsmant / noun

important information that someone tells a lot of people Ladies and gentlemen, I'd like to make an announcement.

an . nounc . er / ə'naunsər / noun

[count]

[count]

a person whose job is to tell us about programs on radio or television

an .noy / ə'nɔɪ / verb

(an noys, an noy ing, an noyed)

to make someone a little angry

It really annoys me when my brother leaves his clothes all over the floor.

an . noy . ance / ə'noɪəns / noun

[noncount]

the feeling of being a little angry

She could not hide her annoyance when I arrived late.

an . noyed / o'noid / adjective

a little angry

I was annoyed when he didn't call me.

My dad is annoyed with me.

Thesaurus

angry feeling or showing anger: My parents will be really angry if I get home late. ◆ She's angry about the way she was treated. ◆ Please don't be angry with me.

◆ Please don't be **angry at** me. ◆ His behavior **made** me **angry** . ◆ I was angry with him for breaking my phone.

mad (informal)

very angry. This word cannot come before a noun with this meaning: He got mad and walked out. ◆ She's mad at me for being late.

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♦ I had a furious argument with my mother last night.

annoyed a little angry: She's annoyed at/with herself for making such a stupid mistake. ◆ I was annoyed to see that they had left the door open. ◆ Why are you getting annoyed?

an . noy . ing / əˈnəɪŋ / adjective

If a person or thing is annoying, they make you a little angry

It's annoying when people don't listen to you.

an .nu .al AWL / 'ænyuəl / adjective

1 happening or done once a year or every year *There is an annual meeting in June.*

2 for a period of one year

Their annual income (= the money they earn in a year) is less than \$20,000.

►an ·nu ·al ·ly AWL / 'ænyuəli / adverb Payments will be made annually.

a .non .y .mous / ə'nanəməs / adjective

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ If a person is $\boldsymbol{anonymous}$, other people do not know their name

An anonymous caller told the police about the bomb.

2 If something is **anonymous**, you do not know who did, gave, or made it

She received an anonymous letter.

a · no · rex · i · a / ¡ænəˈrɛksiə / noun [noncoun]

(HEALTH) an illness that makes someone afraid of being fat. People with **anorexia** eat very little and so become very thin and sick.

►a ·no ·rex ·ic / ˌænəˈrɛksɪk / adjective She was anorexic as a teenager.

an .oth .er 🗟 / əˈnʌðər / adjective, pronoun

1 one more thing or person of the same kind *Would you like another drink?*

I like these cookies - can I have another one?

2 a different thing or person

I can't see you tomorrow – can we meet another day? If that pen doesn't work, I can give you another.

an . swer 1 0 / 'ænsər / verb

(an swers, an swer ing, an swered)

PRONUNCIATION

The word **answer** sounds like **dancer**, because we don't say the letter \mathbf{w} in this word.

1 to say or write something back when someone has asked you something or written to you

I asked him if he was hungry but he didn't answer.

I couldn't answer all the test questions.

2 to write a letter or message to someone who has written to you

She didn't answer my e-mail.

→SYNONYM reply

answer the door

to open the door when someone knocks or rings the bell Can you answer the door, please?

answer the phone

to pick up the telephone when it rings, and speak

an .swer 2 2 / 'ænsər / noun [count]

1 something that you say or write when you reply to someone or something

Thanks for the offer, but the answer is still no. I never received an answer to my e-mail.

2 a way of stopping a problem

borrow some.

3 the correct reply to a question in a test or an exam What was the answer to question 4?

All the answers are at the back of the book.

4 when someone opens the door or picks up the telephone because someone has knocked or called

I knocked on the door and waited but there was no answer.

an swer ing ma chine

/ˈænsərɪŋ məʃin / noun [count]

a machine that answers the telephone for you and keeps messages so that you can listen to them later

He wasn't at home, so I left a message on his answering $machine. \rightarrow Look \ at \ voice \ mail.$

ant / ænt / noun [count]

a very small insect that lives in big groups in the ground and works very hard \rightarrow Look at the picture at insect.

the Ant . arc . tic / ði ænt'arktık / noun [singular]

(GEOGRAPHY) the very cold lands in the most southern part of the world

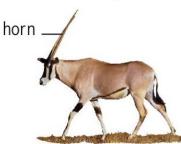
an expedition to the Antarctic

 \rightarrow Look at the Arctic., \rightarrow Look at the picture at earth.

an te lope

/ ˈæntəloʊp / noun [count] (plural an .te .lope or an te lopes) a wild animal with long horns and long thin legs, which can

antelope



an ten na / æn'tena / noun [count]

1 (plural an ten nas) a long metal stick on a building, car, etc. that receives radio or television signals

2 (plural an .ten .nae / æn'tɛni /) one of the two long thin parts on the heads of some insects, and of some animals that live in shells, which they use to feel and touch things \rightarrow Look at the picture at insect.

PREFIX

run fast

anti-

(in nouns and adjectives) against an anti smoking campaign an anti war demonstration anti terrorist legislation anti social behavior

an . ti . bi . ot . ic / 'æntıbar'atık / noun

(HEALTH) a medicine which fights illness in a person's body

The doctor gave me some antibiotics for a chest infection.

an . tic . i . pate AWL / æn'tisəpeit / verb (an tic i pates, an tic i pat ing,

an .tic .i .pat .ed)

to think that something will happen and be ready for it We didn't anticipate so many problems.

I didn't have any money, so the only answer was to an . tic . i . pa . tion AWL / æn,tisə'peiſn / noun [noncount]

excited feelings about something that is going to happen They lined up outside the stadium in excited anticipation.

an . ti . per . spi . rant / ænti persperent / noun [count, noncount]

a substance that you put on your body to reduce sweat, especially under your arms

an .tique / æn'tik / noun [count]

an old thing that is worth a lot of money

These chairs are antiques.

▶an tique adjective an antique vase

an . ti . sep . tic / ˌæntəˈsɛptɪk / noun

[count, noncount]

(HEALTH) a liquid or cream that you put on a cut, etc. to stop infection

Put some antiseptic on that scratch.

▶an .ti .sep .tic adjective antiseptic cream

ant .ler / 'æntler / noun

[count]

(BIOLOGY) a horn that looks like a tree branch on the head of a male **deer** (= a wild animal that eats grass) a pair of antlers

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at deer.

an . to . nym / 'entenim / noun

[count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a word that means the opposite of another word

"Old" is the antonym of "young."

→ Look at synonym.

anx · i · e · ty / æŋˈzaɪəti / noun

[count, noncount] (plural anx i e ties) the feeling of being worried or afraid

anx ious / 'ænkfəs / adjective

1 worried and afraid

She seemed anxious about the meeting.

2 If you are anxious to do something, you want to do it verv much

My family is anxious to meet you.

▶anx ious ly / 'ænkſəsli / adverb

We waited anxiously.

an . V 1 🥯 / 'eni / adjective, pronoun

1 a word that you use instead of "some" in questions and after "not" and "if"

Do you have any money?

I don't speak any Spanish.

She asked if I had any milk.

I want some chocolate but there isn't any.

Which word?

Some or any?

We use some in statements, and in questions where we expect the answer to be "Yes": He gave me some good advice. ◆ Would you like some coffee?

We use any in questions, and after "not" and "if": Did you buy any apples? ♦ I didn't buy any meat. ♦ If you have any questions, please ask me at the end of the class.

2 used for saying that it does not matter which thing or person you choose

Come any day next week.

Take any book you want.

an . y 2 2 / 'eni / adverb

used in negative sentences or questions to make an 2 in, at, or to any place, when it does not matter where adjective or an adverb stronger

I can't walk any faster.

Is your dad feeling any better?

an . y . bod . y 😂 / ˈɛniˌbʌdi ; ˈɛniˌbadi / another word for anyone

an . y . how / 'enihao /

(informal)

another word for anyway

an . y . more 🥯 / ˌɛniˈmər /

(also an y more)

adverb

used at the end of negative sentences and questions to mean "now"

She doesn't live here anymore.

Why doesn't he talk to me anymore?

an . y . one 2 / 'eniwan / (also an . y . bod . y) pronoun

1 used in questions and negative sentences to mean "any person"

There wasn't anyone there.

Did you see anyone you know?

Would anyone like more to eat?

2 any person; it does not matter who

Anyone can learn to swim.

an . y . place / 'enipleis /

(informal)

another word for anywhere

an y thing 🥯 / 'εniθιη / pronoun

1 used in questions and negative sentences to mean "a thing of any kind"

Is there anything in that box?

I can't see anything.

"Would you like anything else?" asked the waitress.

2 any thing or things; it does not matter what

I'm so hungry, I could eat anything!

I'll do anything you say.

not anything like someone or something

not the same as someone or something in any way She isn't anything like her sister.

an . y . time / 'enitam / adverb

at any time; it does not matter when

Feel free to call me anytime.

an . y . way 🥯 / ˈɛniweɪ /

(also informal an y how) adverb

1 a word that you use when you give a second, more important reason for something

I don't want to go out tonight, and anyway I don't have any money.

2 despite something

It was very expensive, but she bought it anyway.

I'm afraid I'm busy tonight, but thanks for the invitation

3 a word that you use when you start to talk about something different or when you go back to something you talked about earlier

That's what John told me. Anyway, how are you?

an . y . where 🔯 / ˈɛniwɛr /

(also informal an y place) adverb

1 used in negative sentences and in questions instead of "somewhere"

I can't find my pen anywhere.

Are you going anywhere this summer?

Just put the box down anywhere.

a . part 🥯 / əˈpart / adverb

1 away from the others, or from each other

The two houses are 500 feet apart.

My mother and father live apart now.

2 into parts

He took my radio apart to repair it.

apart from someone or something

except for

There's no one here, apart from me.

I like all vegetables apart from carrots.

a . part . ment 🔯 / əˈpartmənt / noun [count]

a group of rooms for living in, usually on one floor of a house or big building

My apartment is on the third floor.

an apartment building (= a building with a lot of apartments in it)

ap · a · thy / 'æpəθi / noun [noncount]

a feeling of not being interested in or enthusiastic about anything

ape / erp / noun [count]

an animal like a big monkey (= an animal that lives in hot countries and can climb trees), with no tail and with long arms. There are different types of ape Gorillas and chimpanzees are apes.

a . piece / əˈpis / adverb

each

She gave the kids \$5 apiece.

a .pol .o .get .ic / əˌpaləˈdʒɛtuk / adjective

feeling or showing that you are sorry about something The waiter was very apologetic when he spilled my food.

a . pol . o . gize / əˈpalədʒaɪz / verb

(a pol o giz es, a pol o giz ing, a pol o gized) to say that you are sorry about something that you have

I apologized to John for losing his book.

a · pol · O · gy / əˈpalədʒi / noun

[count, noncount](plural a .pol .o .gies)

words that you say or write to show that you are sorry about something you have done

Please accept my apology.

a . pos . tro . phe / əˈpastrəfi / noun [count] (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) the sign (') that you use in writing

Grammar

You use an apostrophe to show that you have left a letter out of a word or that a number is missing, for example in l'm (= 1 am) and '09 (= 2009).

You also use it to show that something belongs to someone or something: *the boy's room* .

If the apostrophe comes after the letter "s," it shows that there is more than one person: *the boys' room* (= a room which is shared by two or more boys).

ap . palled / o'pold / adjective

 $feeling \ shocked \ at \ something \ bad$

She was appalled by his violent behavior.

ap .pa .rat .us / app rætes / noun

[count, noncount] (plural ap .pa .rat .us .es)

($\mbox{\sc General science}$) the set of tools or equipment used for doing a job or an activity

a piece of laboratory apparatus

a diver's breathing apparatus

ap . par . ent AWL / əˈpærənt / adjective

1 that seems to be real or true but may not be

His apparent interest in the proposal surprised everyone.

2 easy to see or understand; clear

It was apparent that she didn't like him.

→SYNONYM obvious

ap par ent ly SAWL / əˈpærəntli /

You use **apparently** to talk about what people say, or how something appears, when you do not know if it is true or not

Apparently, he's already been married twice. He was apparently undisturbed by the news.

ap . peal 1 / ə'pil / verb (ap . peals, ap . peal ing, ap . pealed)

 ${f 1}$ to ask in a serious way for something that you want very much

Aid workers in the disaster area appealed for food and clothing.

2 to be attractive or interesting to someone

Living in a big city doesn't appeal to me.

 ${f 3}$ to officially ask someone in authority to change a decision

He decided to appeal his conviction.

ap . peal 2 / ə'pil / noun

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ [count] asking a lot of people for money, help, or information

The police made an appeal for witnesses to come forward.

2 [noncount] a quality that makes someone or something attractive or interesting

I can't understand the appeal of stamp collecting.

 $\boldsymbol{3}$ [$\mbox{\sc count}$] a formal request to someone in authority to change a decision

an appeal to the Supreme Court

ap peal ing / əˈpiliŋ / adjective

attractive or interesting

A vacation in Hawaii sounds very appealing!

ap .pear 😂 / əˈpɪr / verb

(ap pears, ap pear ing, ap peared)

1 to suddenly be seen; to come into sight The sun suddenly appeared from behind a cloud. We waited for an hour but he didn't appear.

→ANTONYM disappear

2 to seem

She appears to be very happy at her new school. It appears that I was wrong.

3 to perform in a movie, play, etc.

She is currently appearing in a Broadway musical.

ap . pear . ance 💿 / ə'pırəns / noun

1 [count, noncount] the way that someone or something looks or seems

A new hairstyle can completely change your appearance.

Collocations

Clothes and appearance

clothes

be wearing a new outfit/a uniform/jeans

wear jewelry/a watch/glasses/contact lenses/perfume

put on/take off your clothes/coat/shoes

change into a pair of jeans/your pajamas

be fashionably/well dressed

be/get dressed for work/school/dinner

appearance

brush/comb your hair

wash/shampoo/blow-dry your hair

have/get a haircut/your hair cut/a new hairstyle

have/get a makeover/your nails done

use/wear/put on makeup/cosmetics/lipstick

2 [count] when someone or something arrives in a place; when someone or something is seen

Jane's appearance at the party surprised everyone.

Is this your first appearance on television?

Collocations

Physical Appearance

face

blue/green/brown eyes pale/flushed/rosy cheeks

white/perfect/crooked teeth

a long/short/neat beard

hair and skin

pale/fair/dark skin

smooth/wrinkled skin

straight/curly/wavy hair

a bald/shaved head

ap .pen .di .ci .tis / əˌpɛndəˈsaɪtəs / noun

[noncount]

(HEALTH) an illness in which your **appendix** becomes very painful and usual<u>ly has</u> to be removed

ap . pen . dix AWL / əˈpɛndɪks / noun

[count]

1 ($plural\ ap\ pen\ dix\ es$) (BIOLOGY) a small tube inside your body near your stomach, which can become painful

She had to have her appendix removed.

2 (plural ap .pen .dix .es or ap .pen .di .ces

/ $\mbox{o}'\mbox{p}\epsilon\mbox{nd}\mbox{osiz}$ /) (<code>ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS</code>) a section at the end of a book that gives extra information

Further statistics can be found in the appendix.

ap .pe .tite / 'apətaɪt / noun

[count, noncount]

the feeling that you want to eat

When he was sick he completely lost his appetite.

ap .pe .tiz .er / 'æpətaızər / noun [count]

a small amount of food that you eat as the first part of a meal

ap . plaud / əˈplod / verb

(ap plauds, ap plaud ing, ap plaud ed)

to make a noise by hitting your hands together to show that you like something

We all applauded loudly at the end of the song.

→SYNONYM clap

ap . plause / ə'pləz / noun

[noncount]

when a lot of people hit their hands together to show that they like something

There was loud applause from the audience.

ap . ple 🔯 / 'æpl / noun

[count]

a hard round fruit with green or red skin an apple tree

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **fruit**.

ap .ple ci .der / apl 'saider / noun

[count, noncount]

a drink made from apples

ap . pli . ance / ə'plarəns / noun

[count]

a useful machine for doing something in the house Washing machines and irons are electrical appliances.

ap . pli . cant / 'æplikent / noun [count]

a person who **applies** (= officially asks) for a job or a place at a college, for example

There were six applicants for the job.

ap .pli .ca .tion / apla kein / noun

1 [count, noncount] writing to ask for something, for example a job

Please turn in your application by December 2.

You will need to fill out an application form (= a special piece of paper that you use to apply for something).

2 [count] (**COMPUTERS**) a computer program that is designed to do a particular job

ap . ply \(\text{plai} / \text{plai} / \text{verb} \) (ap . plies , ap . ply . ing , ap . plied)

1 to write to ask for something

Why don't you apply for the job?

Steve has applied to medical school.

2 to be about someone or something; to be important to someone or something

This law applies to all young people over the age of sixteen.

3 to put or spread something onto a surface *Apply the cream to the infected area twice a day.*

ap . point / o'point / verb

(ap points, ap point ing, ap point ed)

to choose someone for a job or position

The bank has appointed a new manager.

an arrangement to see someone at a particular time I have an appointment with the doctor at ten o'clock. You need to call them to make an appointment.

ap .pre .ci .ates , ap .pre .ci .at .ing ,
ap .pre .ci .at .ed)

1 to be grateful for something that someone has done for you

Thank you for your help. I appreciate it.

2 to enjoy something or understand how good someone or something is

Van Gogh's paintings were only appreciated after his death

My boss doesn't appreciate me.

3 to understand that something is true

I don't think you appreciate how expensive it will be.

ap · pre · ci · a · tion AWL / əˌpriʃiˈeɪʃn / noun [noncount]

1 understanding and enjoyment of how good someone or something is

She shows little appreciation of good music.

2 the feeling of being grateful for something that someone has done for you

We gave her some flowers to show our appreciation for her hard work.

ap .pren .tice / ə'prentəs / noun [count]

a person, especially a young person, who is learning to do a job

an apprentice electrician

ap . proach 1 AWL / ə'proutʃ / verb

(ap proach es , ap proach ing , ap proached)

to come near to someone or something in distance or time *As you approach the town, you'll see a church on your right.*

Their final exams were approaching.

ap . proach 2 AWL / ə'prootʃ / noun

(plural ap proach es)

1 [count] a way of doing something

This is a new approach to learning languages.

2 [noncount] coming near or nearer to someone or something

the approach of winter

ap . pro . pri . ate S AWL / əˈproupriət / adjective

suitable or right for a particular situation, person, etc. *Jeans and T-shirts are not appropriate for a job interview.*

→ANTONYM inappropriate

►ap ·pro ·pri ·ate ·ly AWL / əˈproupriətli / adverb Please come appropriately dressed.

ap .prov .al / ə'pruvl / noun

[noncount]

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ feeling, showing, or saying that something or someone is good or right

Tania's parents gave the marriage their approval.

→ANTONYM disapproval

2 official permission to do something

We finally got approval for our building plans.

ap . prove 😂 / əˈpruv / verb

(ap proves, ap proving, ap proved)

 ${f 1}$ to think or say that something or someone is good or right

My parents don't approve of my friends.

She doesn't approve of smoking.

→ANTONYM disapprove

 ${f 2}$ to officially agree to something or say that something is correct

Has your boss approved your vacation days?

ap . prox . i . mate AWL / ə'praksəmət / adjective

almost correct but not exact

The approximate time of arrival is three o'clock.

ap . prox . i . mate . ly AWL /əˈpraksəmətli / adverb

about; more or less

I live approximately two miles from the station.

→SYNONYM roughly

a . **pri** . **cot** / 'æprıkat ; 'eıprıkat / *noun* [count] a small soft yellow or orange fruit with a large seed inside

A . pril / 'eiprəl / noun [count, noncount] (abbreviation Apr.)

the fourth month of the year

a . pron / 'eiprən / noun [count]

a thing that you wear over the front of your clothes to keep them clean, especially when you are cooking

ap .ti .tude / 'aptatud / noun

[count, noncount]

a natural ability or skill at doing something He has an aptitude for learning languages.

a .quar .i .um / əˈkwɛriəm / noun [count]

1 a large glass container filled with water, in which fish are kept

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ a building where people can go to see fish and other water animals

a . quat . ic / əˈkwætɪk / adjective

(**BIOLOGY**) living or happening in or on water aquatic plants

sailing and other aquatic sports

arc / ark / noun [count]

(MATH) a curved line; part of a circle

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at circle.

ar .cade / ar'keid / noun [count]

a large room with machines and games that you put coins in to play

a video game arcade

arch / arts / noun

[count]

(plural arch .es)

a part of a bridge, building, or wall that is in the shape of a half circle arch



ar .chae .ol .o .gist

(also ar .che .ol .o .gist) / arki'alədzıst / noun [count] a person who studies or knows a lot about archaeology

 $ar \cdot chae \cdot ol \cdot o \cdot gy \ (\ also \ ar \cdot che \cdot ol \cdot o \cdot gy \)$

/ arki'alədzi / noun [noncount]

the study of the past by looking at objects or parts of old buildings that are found in the ground

►ar .chae .o .log .i .cal (also ar .che .o .log .i .cal)
/ _arkiə'ladʒəkl / adjective
archaeological remains

ar .chi .tect / 'arkətekt / noun [count] a person whose job is to design and plan buildings

ar . chi . tec . ture / 'arkə tektʃər / noun [noncount]

1 the study of designing and making buildings *He has a degree in architecture.*

2 (ART) the design or style of a building or buildings *Do you like modern architecture?*

the Arc . tic / ði 'arktık / noun [singular]

($\mbox{{\sc GEOGRAPHY}}$) the very cold land and countries in the most northern part of the world

→ Look at the Antarctic . .

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at earth.

are / or; ar/

form of be

ar .e .a 🥯 AWL / ˈɛriə/ noun

1 [count] a part of a city, country, or the world Do you live in this area?

the desert areas of South America

2 [count, noncount] (MATH) the size of a flat place. If a room is twelve feet wide and ten feet long, it has an **area** of 120 square feet.

 ${f 3}$ [count] a space that you use for a particular activity The restaurant has a nonsmoking area (= a part where you must not smoke) .

ar . e . a code / 'ɛriə ˌkəʊd / noun [count]

the numbers for a particular area, which you use when you are making a telephone call from outside the area *One of the area codes for Chicago is 312.*

a .re .na / əˈrinə / noun [count]

(plural a re nas)

a place with seats around it where you can watch sports or concerts

aren't / arnt /

short for are not

ar . gue 🥯 / 'argyu / verb

(ar gues, ar gu ing, ar gued)

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ to talk with someone in an angry way because you do not agree

My parents argue a lot about money.

I often argue with my brother.

2 to say why you think something is right or wrong *Billy argued that war is not the answer.*

ar .gu .ment ② / 'argyəmənt / noun

 ${f 1}$ an angry discussion between people who do not agree with each other

They had an argument about where to go on vacation. I had an argument with my father.

2 the reason or reasons that you give to support your opinion about something

What are the arguments for and against higher taxes?

ar . gu . men . ta . tive / argya mentativ / adjective

often involved in or enjoying arguments *Stop being so argumentative!*

ar .id / 'ærıd / adjective

(GEOGRAPHY) with little or no rain and so very dry *This region has an arid climate.*

a rise / p'raiz / verb (a ris es, a ris ing,

a rose / əˈroʊz / has a ris en / əˈrɪzn /) (formal)

If a problem or difficult situation ${\bf arises}$, it happens or starts to exist.

a . rith . me . tic / əˈrɪθmətɪk / noun

[noncount]

(MATH) working with numbers, for example by adding or multiplying, to find the answer to a math problem *I'm not very good at mental arithmetic* .

arm 1 5 / arm / noun [count]

the part of your body from your shoulder to your hand *Put your arms in the air.*

He was carrying a book under his arm.

→Look at the picture at body.

arm in arm

with your arm holding another person's arm *The two friends walked arm in arm.*

arm 2 / arm / verb (arms, arm ing, armed)

to provide weapons for someone or yourself

The rebel group armed themselves with guns

The rebel group armed themselves with guns.

armed / armd / adjective

carrying a gun or other weapon

The robbers are armed and dangerous.

 \rightarrow Look at the armed forces.

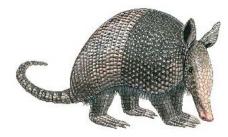
ar . ma . dil . lo / ˌarməˈdɪloʊ / noun

[count]

(plural ar . ma .

dil los) a small American animal that eats insects. Its body is covered in a shell of hard plates.

armadillo



arm . chair / 'armtser / noun [count]

a soft, comfortable chair with side parts where you can put your arms

She was asleep in an armchair.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **chair**.

the armed forc .es / ði ˌarmd 'fərsız / noun

a country's soldiers who fight on land, on water, or in the

→SYNONYM the military

ar . mor / 'armar / noun [noncount]

metal clothes that men wore long ago to cover their bodies when they were fighting *a suit of armor*

►ar ·mored / 'armord / adjective an armored car

arm . pit / 'armpit / noun [count]

the part of your body under your arm, where your arm joins your body

arms / armz / noun [plural]

guns, bombs, and other weapons for fighting to develop nuclear arms

ar .my 🔯 / 'armi / noun [count]

(plural ar mies)

(POLITICS) a large group of soldiers who fight on land in a war

He joined the army when he was 18. the U.S. Army

→ Look at navy.

a · ro · ma / o'roumo / noun [count]

a pleasant smell

the aroma of freshly baked bread

a .rose

form of arise

a . round o / əˈraond / preposition, adverb

1 in or to different places or in different directions

Her clothes were lying around the room.

We walked around for an hour looking for a restaurant.

The children were running around the house.

2 in the opposite direction or in another direction

Turn around and go back the way you came.

3 on or to all sides of something, often in a circle

We sat around the table.

He ran around the track.

There is a wall around the yard.

4 in a place; near here

Is there a bank around here?

Is Helen around? I want to speak to her.

 ${f 5}$ (also ${f a}$, ${f bout}$) a little more or less than; a little before or after

I'll see you around seven (= at about 7 o'clock).

ar . range 5 / əˈreɪndʒ / verb

(ar ranges, ar rangeing, ar ranged)

1 to put things in a certain order or place

Arrange the chairs in a circle.

2 to make a plan for the future *I arranged to meet Tim at six o'clock.*

1 a plan or preparation that you make so that something can happen in the future

They are making the arrangements for their wedding.

2 a group of things put together so that they look nice a *flower arrangement*

ar . rest 1 0 / əˈrɛst / verb

(ar rests, ar rest ing, ar rest ed)

When the police **arrest** someone, they take that person away to ask them questions about a crime *The man was arrested for selling drugs.*

ar . rest 2 / əˈrɛst / noun

[count, noncount]

the act of arresting someone

The police made five arrests.

The wanted man is now under arrest (= has been arrested).

ar . ri . val / əˈraɪvl / noun

1 [count, noncount] coming to a place *My brother met me at the airport on my arrival*.

→ANTONYM departure

2 [count] a person or thing that has arrived *We brought in extra chairs for the late arrivals.*

ar . rive 🔯 / əˈraɪv / verb

(ar rives, ar riv ing, ar rived)

1 to come to a place

What time did you arrive last night?

What time does the train arrive in Chicago?

They arrived at the station ten minutes late.

→ANTONYM leave, depart

2 to come or happen

Summer has arrived!

Grammar

Be careful! We use **arrive in** with the name of a city or country and **arrive at** with a building such as a station, an airport, or a school.

ar .ro .gant / 'ærəgənt / adjective

A person who is **arrogant** thinks that they are better and more important than other people.

▶ar ·ro ·gance / 'ærəgəns / noun [noncount]

He had the arrogance to think that he should decide for us.

ar . row 🔯 / 'æroʊ / noun [count]

1 a long thin piece of wood or metal with a point at one end \rightarrow Look at the picture at bow 3.

2 the sign (\rightarrow) that shows where something is or where you should go

The arrow is pointing left.

ar . son / 'arsn / noun [noncount]

the crime of setting fire to a building on purpose

art 🔯 / art / noun

 ${\bf 1} \ [$ noncount $\]$ (ART) making things such as paintings and drawings for people to look at

He's studying art at college.

2 [noncount] (ART) things like paintings and drawings that someone has made

modern art

an art gallery

3 the arts [plural] things like films, plays, and literature *How much money does the government spend on the arts?*

4 [count , usually singular] a skill, or something that needs skill

the art of letter writing

5 arts [plural] the subjects you can study in school or college which are not science subjects, for example history or languages

She has a Bachelor of Arts degree in history.

ar .ter .y / 'artəri / noun [count]

(plural ar .ter .ies)

($\mbox{\footnotesize BIOLOGY}$) one of the tubes in your body that carry blood away from your heart to other parts of your body

→ Look at vein . ,

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **body**.

ar . thri . tis / ar'θraites / noun

[noncount]

(HEALTH) a disease that causes pain when you bend your arms, fingers, knees, etc.

ar . ti . choke / 'artə tʃoʊk / noun

[count]

a green vegetable with a lot of thick pointed leaves that looks like a flower. You eat the bottom part of the leaves and its center when it is cooked.

ar .ti .cle 📀 / 'artıkl / noun

[count

1 a piece of writing in a newspaper or magazineDid you read the article about young fashion designers?2 a thing

Many of the articles in the store are half price.

articles of clothing (= things like skirts, coats, and pants)

3 (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) the words "a" and "an" (called the **indefinite article**), or "the" (called the **definite article**)

ar . ti . fi . cial 🐷 / ˌartəˈfɪʃl / adjective

not natural or real, but made by people artificial flowers

These drinks contain no artificial colors or flavors.

►ar .ti .fi .cial .ly / ˌartəˈfɪʃəli / adverb

ar ti fi cial in tel li gence

/ ¡artəˈfɪʃl ɪnˈtɛlədʒəns / noun [noncount] (abbreviation AI)

(COMPUTERS) the study of the way in which computers can copy the way humans think

art . ist 🥯 / 'artıst / noun [count]

(ART) a person who makes art, especially paintings or drawings

Andy Warhol was a famous American artist.

ar . tis . tic 🔯 / ar'tıstık / adjective (ART)

1 good at painting, drawing, or making other things connected with art

He's very artistic - his drawings are excellent.

2 connected with art

the artistic director of the theater

as 🔯 / əz ; æz / conjunction, preposition

1 while something else is happening

Just as I was leaving the house, the phone rang.

 ${f 2}$ as ... as words that you use to compare people or things; the same amount

Paul is as tall as his father.

I don't have as many clothes as you do.

I'd like it done as soon as possible.

3 used to say that someone or something has a particular job or purpose

She works as a secretary for a big company.

I used my shoe as a hammer.

4 in the same way

Please do as I tell you!

5 (*formal*) because

As she was sick, she didn't go to school.

ASAP (also asap) / $_{i}$ er ϵ s er i pi ; i ersæp / abbreviation (informal)

as soon as possible

I'd like the report on my desk ASAP.

as .cend / o'send / verb

(as cend, as cend ing, as cend ed) (formal) to go up

The results are arranged in ascending order (= from the lowest to the highest). →ANTONYM descend

►as .cent / ə'sɛnt / noun [count]

the first ascent of Mount Everest

→ANTONYM descent

ash / æʃ / noun [noncount]

the gray powder that is left after something has completely burned

cigarette ash

a . shamed 🔯 / əˈʃeɪmd / adjective

feeling sorry and unhappy because you have done something wrong, or because you are not as good as other people

I felt ashamed about lying to my parents. She was ashamed of her old clothes.

a . shore / alfor / adverb

onto the land from the ocean or a river *We left the boat and went ashore.*

ash . tray / 'æstrei / noun [count]

a small dish for cigarette ash and the ends of cigarettes

a . Side / ə'saɪd / adverb

on or to one side; away

He set the letter aside while he did his homework.

ask 🔯 / æsk / verb (asks, ask ing, asked)

1 to try to get an answer by using a question

I asked him what time it was.

"What's your name?" she asked.

Liz asked the teacher a question.

2 to say that you would like someone to do something for

I asked Sara to drive me to the station.

3 to try to get permission to do something

I asked my teacher if I could go home.

I asked if I could go home early.

4 to invite someone to go somewhere with you

Mark asked me to dinner on Saturday.

ask for someone to say that you want to speak to someone

Call this number and ask for Mrs. Green.

ask for something to say that you want someone to give you something

He asked for a new bike for his birthday.

a . sleep 🔯 / əˈslip / adjective

sleeping

The baby is asleep in the bedroom.

He fell asleep (= started sleeping) in front of the fire.

→ANTONYM awake

Which word?

Asleep or sleeping?

You use **sleeping**, not **asleep**, before a noun: *She* put the sleeping child in his crib.

We use fall asleep or go to sleep to talk about starting to sleep: Laura fell asleep as soon as she got into bed. ◆ Tom read for half an hour before he went to sleep.

as . par . a . gus / ə'spærəgəs / noun [noncount] thin green plants with pointed ends that are eaten as a vegetable

as . pect AWL / 'æspekt / noun [count]

one of the qualities or parts of a situation, idea, problem,

Spelling is one of the most difficult aspects of learning

as . phalt / 'æsfolt / noun [noncount]

a thick black substance that is used for making the surface of roads

as · pi · rin / 'æsprən / noun [count, noncount]

(plural as .pi .rin or as .pi .rins) (HEALTH) a medicine that stops pain

I took an aspirin for my headache.

as .sas .sin / ə'sæsn / noun [count]

a person who kills a famous or important person Lincoln's assassin, John Wilkes Booth, was a professional

as .sas .si .nate / əˈsæsəneit / verb

(as sas si nates, as sas si nat ing,

as sas si nat ed)

to kill an important or famous person

John F. Kennedy was assassinated in 1963.

►as ·sas ·si ·na ·tion / əˌsæsəˈneɪʃn / noun [count, noncount] an assassination attempt

as sault / o'solt / verb (as saults,

as sault ing, as sault ed)

to attack or hurt someone

He assaulted a policeman.

▶as ·sault noun [count, noncount] an assault on an old lady

as . sem . ble AWL / ə'sembl / verb

(as sem bles, as sem bling, as sem bled)

1 to come together, or bring people or things together in a group

The leaders assembled in Washington for the meeting.

2 to fit the parts of something together

instructions for assembling a bookcase

as . sem . bly AWL / ə'sembli / noun

[count, noncount] (plural as sem blies)

a meeting of a big group of people for a special reason Our school assembly is at 9:30 in the morning.

as . ser . tive / a sartuv / adjective

acting and talking in a confident way so that people listen to you or do what you want

If you want them to listen to you, you need to be more assertive.

as . sess AWL / o'ses / verb

(as sess es as sess ing as sessed)

to judge how good, bad, or important something is It's difficult to assess the effects of the price increases.

►as . sess . ment AWL / ə'sɛsmənt / noun

[count, noncount]

I made a careful assessment of the risks involved.

as . set / 'æset / noun [count]

a person or thing that is useful to someone or something She's a great asset to the organization.

as . sign AWL / o'sain / verb

(as signs, as sign ing, as signed)

to give someone a particular job to do

The teacher assigned us four pages of math homework.

as . sign . ment AWL / ə'saınmənt / noun [count, noncount]

a job or piece of work that someone is given to do

You have to complete three writing assignments each semester.

a reporter on assignment in Mexico (= working there)

as . sist AWL / ə'sıst / verb

(as sists, as sist ing, as sist ed) (formal) to help someone

The driver assisted her with her suitcases.

as . sis . tance AWL / a'sistans / noun

[noncount](formal)

help

I cannot move this piano without your assistance.

as . sis . tant AWL / a'sistant / noun [count] a person who helps someone in a more important position Ms. Dixon is not here today. Would you like to speak to her assistant?

as .so .ci .ate 1 / əˈsoʊʃiˌeɪt / verb

(as so ci ates, as so ci at ing, as so ci at ed)

1 to make a connection between things or people in your

Most people associate Colorado with snow and skiing. These illnesses are associated with smoking.

2 to spend time with someone

as . so . ci . ate 2 / ə'soufiət / noun [count]

(BUSINESS) a person that you know through your work a business associate

as .so .ci .ate's de .gree

/ əˈsoʊʃiəts dɪˌgri / (also as . so . ci . ate de . gree) noun

a degree that you get after studying for two years at a college or university in the U.S.

→ Look at bachelor's degree.

as .so .ci .a .tion / ə,sousi'eɪʃn / noun

a group of people who join or work together for a special reason

the American Medical Association

as . sort . ed / a'sorted / adjective

of different types; mixed

a box of assorted chocolates

as . sume AWL / a'sum / verb

(as sumes, as sum ing, as sumed)

to think that something is true although you are not really

Kate isn't here today, so I assume that she's sick.

as . sump . tion AWL / ə'sʌmpʃn / noun

something that you think is true, although you are not really sure

It's unfair to make assumptions about a person before you get to know them.

as . sure AWL / o'for / verb

(as sures, as sur ing, as sured)

to tell someone what is true or certain so that they feel less

I assure you that the dog isn't dangerous.

as .ter .isk / 'æsterisk / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) the symbol (*) that you use to make people notice something in a piece of writing

as .ter .oid / 'æstəroɪd / noun [count] any of the many small planets that go around the sun

asth . ma / 'æzmə / noun

[noncount]

(HEALTH) an illness that makes breathing difficult He had an asthma attack.

▶asth .mat .ic / æzˈmætˌk / adjective

My daughter is asthmatic.

a .ston .ish / əˈstanı∫/ verb

(a ston ish es, a ston ish ing, a ston ished) to surprise someone very much The news astonished everyone.

a . ston . ished / əˈstanıʃt / adjective very surprised

I was astonished to hear that he was getting married.

a . ston . ish . ing / əˈstanıʃıŋ / adjective If something is astonishing, it surprises you very much an astonishing story

a . ston . ish . ment / o'stanıſmənt / noun

[noncount]

a feeling of great surprise

He looked at me in astonishment when I told him the news.

as .trol .o .gy / əˈstralədʒi / noun [noncount] the study of the positions and movements of the stars and planets and the way that some people believe they affect people and events

►as .trol .o .ger / əˈstralədʒər / noun [count] a person who studies or knows a lot about astrology \rightarrow Look at horoscope, the zodiac.

as .tro .naut / 'æstrənat / noun

a person who works and travels in space

as . tron . o . my / ə'stranəmi / noun

[noncount]

the study of the sun, moon, planets, and stars

►as .tron .o .mer / ə'stranəmər / noun [count] a person who studies or knows a lot about **astronomy**

as . tute / əˈstut / adjective

good at judging people or situations an astute observer

at 🔯 / ət ; æt / preposition

1 a word that shows where

They are at school.

Jen is at home.

The answer is at the bottom of the page.

2 a word that shows when

I go to bed at eleven o'clock.

At night you can see the stars.

3 toward someone or something

Look at the picture.

I smiled at her.

Someone threw paint at the mayor.

4 a word that shows what someone is doing or what is happening

The two countries are at war.

We were hard at work.

5 a word that shows how much, how fast, how old, etc.

We were traveling at about 50 miles per hour.

She got married at nineteen (= when she was nineteen years old).

6 a word that shows how well someone or something does something

I'm not very good at math.

7 because of something

We laughed at his jokes.

8 the symbol @ , used in e-mail addresses after a person's name

STYLE

We use dot when we say a person's e-mail address. For the address ann@smith.com we say "Ann at smith dot com."

ate

form of eat

a . the . ist / 'eiθist / noun [count]

(RELIGION) a person who does not believe that there is a

ath . lete / 'æθlit / noun [count]

(SPORTS) a person who is good at sports like running or jumping, especially one who takes part in sports

Athletes from all over the world go to the Olympic Games.

ath let ic / æθ'letjk / adjective

1 (SPORTS) connected with sports athletic ability

2 (HEALTH) having a fit, strong, and healthy body

ath let ics / æθ'letiks / noun [noncount]

(SPORTS) sports of any kind college athletics

at . las / 'ætles / noun [count] (plural at .las .es) (GEOGRAPHY) a book of maps an atlas of the world

ATM / ei ti 'em / noun [count]

a machine that you can get money from by using a special plastic card

Word building

There are two main types of bank account. If you have a checking account, you can take your money out at any time by using a check or an ATM card (= a card that you put into a machine, which gives you

A savings account lets you keep your money in the bank to use later. You receive extra money, called interest, for keeping your money there.

at .mos .phere 2 / 'ætməsfir / noun

1 the atmosphere [singular] (GENERAL SCIENCE) the mixture of gases around the earth

pollution of the atmosphere 2 [count] the air in a place

a smoky atmosphere

3 [count, noncount] the feeling that places or people at tain AWL / o'tem / verb

The atmosphere in the office was very friendly.

at .om 🔯 / 'ætəm / noun [count]

(PHYSICS , CHEMISTRY) one of the very small things that everything is made of

atom

Water is made of atoms of hydrogen and oxygen.

→ Look at molecule.

nucleus neutron electron proton

a . tom . ic / əˈtɑmɪk / adjective

(CHEMISTRY , PHYSICS)

1 of or about atoms atomic physics

2 using the great power that is made by breaking atoms an atomic bomb atomic energy

at . tach DAWL / o'tætʃ / verb (at tach es, at tach ing, at tached)

to join or fix one thing to another thing I attached the photo to the letter.

Please attach a copy of the document (= send it with the e-mail).

at .tached AWL / o'tætst / adjective

liking someone or something very much We've grown very attached to this house.

at . tach . ment AWL / o'tætſmont / noun

1 [count, noncount] a strong feeling of love or liking for someone or something

a child's strong attachment to its parents

2 [count] (COMPUTERS) a document that you send to someone using e-mail

at .tack 1 D / o'tæk / noun

1 [count, noncount] a violent act which is done in order to hurt someone or damage something

There was a terrorist attack on the city.

2 [count] (HEALTH) a time when you are sick an attack of the flu

at .tack 2 D / ə'tæk / verb

(at tacks, at tack ing, at tacked)

to start fighting or hurting someone or something The army attacked the city.

The old man was attacked and his money was stolen.

(at tains, at tain ing, at tained)

to succeed in getting or achieving something, especially after a lot of effort

He attained his goal of becoming a pilot.

at .tempt / ə'tempt / verb

(at tempts, at tempt ing, at tempt ed)

to try to do something that is difficult He attempted to sail around the world.

→SYNONYM try

at .tempt noun [count]

She made no attempt to help me.

a brave attempt at breaking the world record

at . tend / o'tend / verb

(at tends, at tend ing, at tend ed)

to go to or be present at a place

Did you attend the meeting?

The children attend a public school.

at . ten . dance / o'tendons / noun

1 [noncount] being present at a place, for example at school

Attendance at these lectures is mandatory.

2 [count, noncount] the number of people who go to an organized event

Movie attendance rose again last year.

at .ten .dant / o'tendent / noun [count]

a person whose job is to serve or help people in a public place

a parking lot attendant

→ Look at flight attendant.

at ten tion 2 / əˈtɛnʃn / noun

[noncount]

1 looking or listening carefully and with interest

I shouted in order to attract her attention (= make her notice me).

Can I have your attention, please? (= please listen to me)

2 special care or action

to require medical attention

pay attention

to look or listen carefully

Please pay attention to what I'm saying.

at .ten .tive / altentiv / adjective

watching, listening to, or thinking about someone or something carefully an attentive audience

at .tic / 'ætık / noun [count]

the room or space under the roof of a house *My old clothes are in a box in the attic.*

at .ti .tude 🔯 AWL / 'ætə tud / noun [count]

the way you think or feel about something What's your attitude toward marriage?

at .tor .ney / əˈtərni / noun [count]

(plural at .tor .neys)

a lawyer, especially one who helps people or talks for them in a court of law

→SYNONYM lawyer

at .tract O / o'trækt / verb

(at stracts, at stract sing, at stract sed)

1 to make someone like someone or something *He was attracted to her.*

I had always been attracted by the idea of working overseas.

2 to make someone or something come somewhere *Moths are attracted to light.*

The new book has attracted a lot of publicity.

at .trac .tion / o'træksn / noun

1 [count, noncount] a feeling of liking someone or something very much

I can't understand his attraction to her.

2 [count] something that is interesting or enjoyable *The Washington Monument is a major tourist attraction .*

at .trac .tive 🚳 / ə'træktıv / adjective

1 A person who is **attractive** is nice to look at *He's very attractive*.

2 Something that is **attractive** pleases you or interests you *That's an attractive offer.*

→ANTONYM unattractive

Thesaurus

attractive can be used about any person who is nice to look at: He's polite and attractive. ◆ a group of attractive young women

beautiful (usually used to describe a woman or girl) very attractive: a beautiful, intelligent woman ◆ She looked beautiful that night.

good-looking (used more about men than women) attractive: *The band's lead singer is very good-looking.*

◆ a good-looking young actor

pretty (usually used about a girl or young woman) attractive: She has a very pretty face. \spadesuit a pretty little girl in a pink dress

handsome (usually used about a man or boy) attractive: You look so handsome in that suit! ◆ a polite, handsome man

a . typ . i . cal / ei'tipikl / adjective (formal) not typical or usual

atypical behavior → ANTONYM typical

auc .tion / 'oksin / noun [count]

a sale where each thing is sold to the person who will give the most money for it

►auc .tion *verb* (auc .tions, auc .tion .ing, auc .tioned)

to sell something at an auction

au . di . ence / 'odiens / noun

[count]

the people who are watching or listening to a movie, play, concert, television program, etc.

Several audience members left before the end of the show.

au . di . o / 'odioo / adjective

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{MUSIC}}$) connected with the recording of sound $audio\ equipment$

au . di . o . vis . u . al / ˌodiooˈvɪʒuəl / adjective using both sound and pictures

audiovisual aids for the classroom

au . di . tion 1 / o'dıʃn / noun [count]

a short performance by an actor, a singer, etc. to find out if he or she is good enough to be in a play, show, etc.

au . di . tion 2 / ɔ'dɪʃn / verb

(au .di .tion, au .di .tion .ing, au .di .tioned) to take part in an audition

He auditioned for the part of Othello.

au . di . to . ri . um / pde toriem / noun

[count](plural au .di .to .ri .ums or au .di .to .ri .a /,odo¹torio/)

a large room like a theater where people sit and watch a performance, listen to a speaker, etc.

School assemblies are held in the auditorium.

the eighth month of the year

aunt 5 / ænt; ant / noun [count]

the sister of your mother or father, or the wife of your uncle $\ensuremath{\textit{Aunt Mary}}$

au then tic / σ'θεπτικ / adjective

real and true

That's not an authentic Picasso painting – it's just a copy.

au .thor AWL / 'oθer / noun [count]

($\overline{\text{ENGLISH LANGUAGE}}$ ARTS) a person who writes books or stories

Who is your favorite author?

au . thor . i . tar . i . an / θ_i / θ_i / adjective

not allowing people the freedom to decide things for themselves

an authoritarian government authoritarian parents

au .thor .i .ta .tive AWL / əˈθərəˌteɪtɪ̯v / adjective

1 having authority; demanding or expecting that people obey you

an authoritative tone of voice

2 that you can trust as true and correct *the most authoritative book on the subject*

au . thor . i . ty **a** AWL / a'θɔrəti / noun (plural au . thor . i . ties)

1 [noncount] the power to tell people what they must do *The police have the authority to stop cars.*

2 [count] (POLITICS) a group of people that tell other people what they must do

the city authorities

3 [count] a person with special knowledge *She's an authority on criminal law.*

→SYNONYM expert

au . thor . ize / 'oθəraiz / verb

(au thor i zes , au thor i zing , au thor ized) to give official permission for something, or for someone to do something

He authorized his assistant to sign letters for him.

►au ·thor ·i ·za ·tion / ˌɔθərəˈzeɪʃn / noun [noncount]

No one is allowed in this area without authorization.

au .to / 'otov / noun [count]

(plural au tos) (formal)

a car

auto insurance

au . to . bi . og . ra . phy / ptpbar agrefi / noun [count] (plural au . to . bi . og . ra . phies)
(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a book that a person has written about their life

au . **to** . **graph** / 'stagræf / **noun** [count] a famous person's name, which they themselves have written

He asked Madonna for her autograph.

au . **to** . **mat** . **ed** AWL / 'otomerted / adjective operated by machine, without needing people The factory has a fully automated system.

au . to . mat . ic AWL / ,oto mætik / adjective

1 If a machine is **automatic**, it can work by itself, without people controlling it *automatic doors*

2 that you do without thinking *Breathing is automatic.*

►au ·to ·mat ·i ·cal ·ly AWL / ˌɔtəˈmætıkli / adverb This light comes on automatically at five o'clock. I automatically turned right, because that's the way I usually go.

au . **to** . **mo** . **bile** / poteme/bil / noun [count] a car

the automobile industry

au · **top** · **Sy** / 'o_itapsi / *noun* [count] (plural **au** · **top** · **sies**)

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{HEALTH}}$) an examination of a dead body to find out the cause of death

to perform an autopsy

au . **tumn** / 'otəm / **noun** [count, noncount] (formal)

the part of the year between summer and winter In autumn, the leaves begin to fall from the trees.

→SYNONYM fall

a . Vail . a . ble S AWL / ə'veiləbl / adjective ready for you to use, have, or see

I called the hotel to ask if there were any rooms available. I'm sorry — the manager is not available this afternoon.

av .a .lanche / 'ævəlæntʃ/ noun

($\mbox{{\tt GEOGRAPHY}}$) a very large amount of snow that falls quickly down the side of a mountain

av .e .nue / 'ævənu / noun

[count]

a street in a town or city

I live on McClean Avenue.

The short way of writing "Avenue" in addresses is **Ave.** 109 Fifth Ave.

Thesaurus

road a hard surface made for vehicles to travel on. The short way of writing "Road" in addresses is Rd.:

My address is 32 Danfield Rd., St Louis. ◆
country/mountain roads ◆ Where does this road go? ◆ I
live on a very busy road. ◆ Take the first road on the
left.

street a road in a city or town that has buildings on one or both sides. The short way of writing "Street" in addresses is St.: 1281 Tobin St. ◆ a street map of San Francisco ◆ You can't drive down there. It's a one-way street. ◆ They live across the street from us.

highway a big road that connects cities and towns: Highway 101 between Ventura and Los Angeles ◆ Take the highway to Flagstaff. ◆ There was a traffic jam on the highway.

lane one part of a larger road, marked with painted lines to keep lines of traffic separate: a four-lane highway ◆ You're in the wrong lane for turning right.

avenue a wide street in a city or town. This word is often used in the names of city streets, and can be written as Ave.: 109 Fifth Ave. ◆ We stayed at a hotel

av .er .age 1 0 / 'ævrid3 / noun

 ${f 1}$ [count] (MATH) the result you get when you add two or more amounts together and then divide the total by the number of amounts you added

The average of 2, 3, and 7 is $4(2 + 3 + 7 = 12, \text{ and } 12 \div 3 = 4)$.

2 [noncount] the normal amount, quality, etc. *On average*, *I buy a newspaper about twice a week.*

av .er .age 2 0 / 'ævrıd3 / adjective

 ${f 1}$ (MATH) (used about a number) found by calculating the average ${f 1}$ (${f 1}$)

The average age of the students is 19.

2 normal or usual

on Lexington Avenue.

The average student gets around 5 hours of homework a week.

av .er .age 3 / 'ævrid3 / verb

(av er ag es , av er ag ing , av er aged)

to do or get something as an average

If we average 55 miles an hour, we should get there by 4 o'clock.

a . vi . a . tion / eivi'eifn / noun

[noncount]

the process or activity of designing, building, or flying airplanes, etc.

the aviation industry

av .id / 'ævɪd / adjective

very enthusiastic about something, usually something you do in your free time an avid golfer

av .o .ca .do

/ ave'kadou; æve'kadou/ noun [count] (plural av .o .ca .dos)

a fruit that is wider at one end than the other, with tough dark green skin and a large hard part (called a pit) inside

According to this recipe, I need four ripe avocados.

avocado



a . void \(\sigma / \text{pivoid} / verb \)

(a voids, a void ing, a void ed)

1 to stop something from happening; to try not to do something

He always tried to avoid arguments if possible.

She has to avoid eating too much chocolate.

2 to stay away from someone or something

We crossed the road to avoid our teacher.

a . void . a . ble / ə'vəidəbl / adjective

If something is avoidable, it is not necessary and can be

→ANTONYM unavoidable

a . wait / əˈweɪt / verb

(a waits, a wait ing, a wait ed) (formal)

to wait for something

Please await further instructions.

a . Wake 🔯 / əˈweɪk / adjective

not sleeping

The children are still awake.

It was 2 a.m. and I was still wide (= completely) awake.

→ANTONYM asleep

a . ward 1 / ə'wərd / noun

[count]

a prize or money that you give to someone who has done something very well

She won the award for best actress.

a . ward 2 / ə'wərd / verb

(a wards, a ward ing, a ward ed)

to officially give a prize to someone

He was awarded first prize in the writing competition.

a . Ware Dawer / adjective

If you are **aware** of something, you know about it He's not aware of the problem.

I was aware that someone was watching me.

→ANTONYM unaware

a . ware . ness AWL / a'werna / noun

[noncount, singular]

knowing something; knowing that something exists and is important

an awareness of the importance of healthy eating to raise awareness of the risks of smoking

a . Way 🥯 / əˈweɪ / adverb

1 to or in another place

She ran away from him.

He put his books away.

2 from a place

The ocean is two miles away.

3 not here

Sorry, but Mr. Russell is away from his desk at the moment.

→SYNONYM absent

4 in the future

Our vacation is only three weeks away.

awe / o / noun

[noncount]

a feeling of great respect because you admire something a bar that connects a pair of wheels on a vehicle very much

As a young boy he was in awe of his uncle.

awe . some / 'osam / adjective

1 (informal) very good; excellent

I just bought this awesome new computer! Wow! That's totally awesome!

→SYNONYM great

2 making you feel impressed and perhaps a little afraid an awesome sight

aw . ful / 'ofl / adjective

very bad

The pain was awful.

What awful weather!

Word building

If something is very bad, you can say awful,

dreadful, or terrible: I've had a terrible day.

Something that is not nice or someone who is unkind is **horrible**: He's always saying horrible things to me.

aw .ful .ly / 'ofli / adverb

It was awfully hot.

I'm awfully sorry!

→SYNONYM terribly

a . while / əˈwaɪl / adverb

for a short amount of time

Why don't you stay awhile?

awk . ward / 'okword / adjective

1 difficult or causing problems

This big box will be awkward to carry.

an awkward question

2 not comfortable; making you feel embarrassed

I felt awkward at the party because I didn't know anyone.

3 not able to move your body in an easy way He's very awkward when he dances.

awn .ing / 'onin / noun [count]

a piece of material above a door or window to keep off the sun or rain

ax (also axe) / æks / noun [count] (plural ax .es) a tool for cutting wood

He chopped down the tree with an ax.

ax . is / 'æksəs /

noun [count]

(plural ax es / 'æksiz/)

1 (PHYSICS) a line we imagine through middle of an object, around which the object turns

The earth rotates on its

→Look at the picture at

earth.

2 (MATH) a fixed line used for marking measurements on

horizontal axis vertical axis

axis

graph axes

picture showing numbers and amounts (a graph) the horizontal axis

the vertical axis

ax . le / 'æksl / noun [count]



B, **b** / bi / noun [count, noncount] (plural B's, b's / biz /)

1 the second letter of the English alphabet "Ball" begins with a "B."

 $\boldsymbol{2}\ \boldsymbol{B}$ the second highest grade given for a test or piece of work, lower than an \boldsymbol{A}

I got a B on my math exam.

B.A. / bi 'er / noun [count]

the degree that you receive when you complete a program of study at a college or university in an ${\tt arts}$ subject (= a subject that is not a science subject) . **B.A.** is short for "Bachelor of Arts."

→ Look at B.S., M.A., bachelor's degree.

ba by 6/ beibi / noun [count] (plural ba bies)

a very young child She's going to have a baby.

a baby boy

a baby girl

ba .by car .riage / 'beibi kærid3 /

(also ba by bug gy / 'beɪbi ˌbʌgi /) noun [count] a thing that a baby lies in to go out. It has wheels so that you can push it.

ba .by .sit / 'beibisit / verb (ba .by .sits ,

ba .by .sit .ting , ba .by .sat / 'berbisæt /)

to take care of a child for a short time while the parents are not at home

ba . **by** . **sit** . **ter** / 'berbisiter / *noun* [count] a person who takes care of a child for a short time while the parents are not at home

bach .e .lor / 'bætʃələr / noun [count] a man who has never married

bach . e . lor's de . gree / 'bætʃələrz dɪˌgri / noun [count]

a degree that you get after studying for four years at a college or university

She has a bachelor's degree in English literature from Stanford University.

→ Look at associate's degree, master's degree.

back 1 0 / bæk / noun [count]

1 the part of a person or an animal that is between the neck and the part of your body that you sit on (the **buttocks**) *He lay on his back and looked up at the sky.*

She was standing with her back to me so I couldn't see her face.

2 the part of something that is behind or farthest from the front

The answers are at the back of the book.

Write your address on the back of the check.

We sat in the back of the car.

behind someone's back

when someone is not there, so that they do not know about it

Don't talk about Kate behind her back.

back 2 0 / bæk / adjective

farthest from the front the back door back teeth

back 3 ⁽²⁾ / bæk / adverb

1 in or to the place where someone or something was before

I'll be back (= I will return) at six o'clock.

Go back to sleep.

We walked to the store and back.

2 away from the front

I looked back to see if she was coming.

Could everyone move back a little, please?

→ANTONYM forward

3 as a way of returning or answering something *He paid me back the money.*

I wrote her a letter, but she didn't write back.

I was out when she called, so I called her back.

back and forth

from one place to another and back again, many times She travels back and forth between Boston and New York.

back 4 / bæk / verb (backs, back ing, backed)

1 to move backward or to make something move backward *She backed the car out of the garage.*

2 to give help or support to someone or something

The governor is backing the proposal.

back away to move away backward

Sally backed away from the big dog.

back down to stop demanding something or saying that you are right

You deserve that raise. Don't back down now.

back out to not do something that you promised or agreed to do

You promised you would come with me. You can't back out of it now!

back up to move backward, especially in a vehicle *Back up a little, then the other cars can go by.*

back someone up to support someone

I'm going to say what I really think at the meeting. Will you back me up?

back something up

1 to say or show that something is true

All the evidence backed up what the woman had said.

2 (COMPUTERS) to make a copy of information in your computer that you do not want to lose

back .ache / 'bækeik / noun

[count, noncount]

(HEALTH) a continuous pain in your back

I have a terrible backache.

back . bone / 'bækboun / noun [count]

(BIOLOGY) the line of bones down the back of your body

→SYNONYM spine

back . ground / 'bækgraond / noun

1 [count] the type of family that a person comes from and the education and experience that they have *She comes from a poor background*.

2 [singular] (ART) the things at the back in a picture *This is a photo of my house with the mountains in the background*.

→ANTONYM foreground

 ${f 3}$ [noncount] the facts or events that are connected with a situation

I need to get some background information .

back . log / 'bæklag ; 'bæklag / noun

[count]

work, etc. that has not yet been done and needs to be done *I have a huge backlog of e-mails to answer.*

back . pack 1 / 'bækpæk / noun

[count]

a large bag that you carry on your back when you are traveling

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **bag** .

back . pack 2 / 'bækpæk / verb

(back packs, back pack ing, back packed) to go walking or traveling with your clothes, etc. in a backpack

▶back .pack .ing / 'bækpækıŋ / noun

[noncount]

We went backpacking around Europe last summer.

back . side / 'bæksaid / noun [count]

(informal)

the part of your body that you sit on

back . stage / bæk'steid3 / adverb

in the part of a theater where the performers get dressed, wait, etc.

We got to go backstage and meet the band after the concert.

back . stroke / 'bækstrouk / noun

[noncount]

(SPORTS) a way of swimming on your back

back . up / 'bækʌp / noun

1 [noncount] extra help or support that you can get if necessary

The police had backup from the army.

2 [count] (COMPUTERS) a copy of information that you have put in your computer and which you do not want to lose

Always make a backup of your computer files.

back . ward 100 / 'bækwerd /

(also back wards / bækwərdz /) adverb

1 toward a place or a position that is behind *Could everyone take a step backward?*

→ANTONYM forward

2 with the back or the end first

If you say the alphabet backward, you start with "Z."

backward and forward

first in one direction and then in the other, many times *The dog ran backward and forward, fetching sticks.*

back . ward 2 / 'bækwerd / adjective

 ${f 1}$ in the direction behind you

a backward step

2 slow to learn or change

Our teaching methods are backward compared to some countries.

back . yard / bæk'yard / noun

[count]

the area behind and around a house

Everyone was in our backyard, sitting or lying on the grass.

ba .con / 'beikən / noun

[noncount]

long thin pieces of meat from a pig We had bacon and eggs for breakfast.

bac . te . ri . a / bæk'tıriə / noun

[plural]

(BIOLOGY) very small things that live in air, water, earth, plants, and animals. Some **bacteria** can make us sick.

bad 5 / bæd / adjective (worse, worst)

1 not good or nice

The weather was very bad.

He had some bad news - his uncle died.

a bad smell

2 serious

She had a bad accident.

3 not done or made well

bad driving

4 not able to work or do something well

My eyesight is bad.

Do you think he's a bad teacher?

5 too old to eat; not fresh

bad eggs

6 not good; morally wrong

In cowboy movies, the bad guys always wear black hats.

Word building

If something is very bad, you can say awful,

dreadful, or terrible: I've had a terrible day.

Something that is not nice or someone who is unkind is **horrible**: He's always saying horrible things to me.

bad at something

If you are bad at something, you cannot do it well

I'm very bad at sports.

bad for you

If something is **bad for you**, it can make you sick *Smoking is bad for you*.

go bad

to become too old to eat

This fish has gone bad.

not bad (informal)

pretty good

"What was the movie like?" "Not bad."

too bad (informal)

words that you use when you are sorry or feel bad about something

It's too bad he lost his job.

badge / bæd3 / noun

[count

a small piece of metal, cloth, or plastic with a design or words on it that you wear on your clothes

a police officer's badge

badg .er / 'bædʒər / noun

[count]

an animal with black and white lines on its head that lives in holes in the ground and comes out at night

1 in a way that is not good enough; not well *She played badly.*

These clothes are badly made.

2 very much

I badly need a vacation.

He was badly hurt in the accident.

bad .min .ton / 'bædmintn / noun

[noncount]

(SPORTS) a game for two or four players who try to hit a kind of light ball with feathers on it over a high net, using a racket (= a piece of equipment that you hold in your hand)

Do you want to play badminton?

bag 🥯 / bæg / noun [count]

a thing made of cloth, paper, leather, etc., for holding and carrying things

Would you like me to put this in a bag for you? He put the apples in a paper bag.

Can you help me carry the grocery bags into the house?

→ Look at handbag.

bags







briefcase

fanny pack

purse







suitcase

grocery bag

backpack

ba .gel / 'bergl / noun | count |

a type of bread in the shape of a ring

bagel



bag . **gage** / 'bægɪdʒ / *noun* [noncount] the bags that you take with you when you travel We put all our baggage in the car.

→SYNONYM luggage

bag .gy / 'bægi / adjective

(bag .gi .er , bag .gi .est)

If clothes are **baggy**, they are big and loose *He was wearing baggy jeans.*

bag . pipes / 'bægparps / noun

[plural]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{MUSIC}}$) a musical instrument that is often played in Scotland

bail / beil / noun

[noncount]

money that is paid so that someone does not have to stay in prison until the day he or she has to appear in a court of law *The judge set bail at \$50,000.*

He was released on bail until his trial.

bait / beit / noun

[noncount]

food that is used to catch animals or fish with

bake / beik / verb (bakes, bak ing, baked) to cook food, for example bread, in an oven

My brother baked a cake for my birthday.

a baked potato (= a whole potato cooked in its skin in an oven)

Thesaurus

cook to make food ready to eat by heating it: My mother taught me how to cook. ◆ Who is going to cook dinner tonight? ◆ What's the best way to cook salmon? ◆ He cooked us a wonderful meal.

boil to cook vegetables, rice, eggs, etc. in boiling water (= water heated to 212°F): Boil the rice for 15 minutes. ◆ Put the potatoes on to boil. ◆ Do you like boiled cabbage?

fry to cook food in a shallow pan of hot oil: Fry the onion and garlic for five minutes. \blacklozenge There was a smell of bacon frying in the kitchen. \blacklozenge fried chicken/fish/rice

bake to cook food in an oven without any extra fat or liquid: to bake bread/cookies \spadesuit We baked him a cake for his birthday. \spadesuit baked potatoes

roast to cook large pieces of meat in an oven or over a fire; to cook vegetables in oil or fat in an oven: The turkey is roasting in the oven. ◆ You should boil the potatoes for a little while before you roast them.

grill to cook meat or fish on metal bars over a fire: to grill steak/chicken/burgers/fish on the barbecue ◆ grilled salmon

broil to cook food under or over direct heat: to broil salmon/a steak ◆ We ate broiled chicken with vegetables.

bak .er / 'beikər / noun

[count

a person who makes and sells bread and cakes

bak .er .y / 'beikəri / noun

[count]

(plural bak er ies)

a place where bread and cakes are made or sold

bal .ance 1 / bælens / noun

1 [noncount] the ability to keep steady with an equal amount of weight on each side of the body

I struggled to keep my balance on my new skates. She lost her balance and fell off her bike.

2 [singular] when two things are the same, so that one is not bigger or more important, for example

You need to find a balance between work and play.

 $\boldsymbol{3}$ [count] the amount of money in someone's bank account

You can check your bank balance online.

bal ance 2 / bælens / verb

(bal anc es, bal anc ing, bal anced)

1 to put your body or something else into a position where it is steady and does not fall

He balanced the bag on his head.

She balanced on one leg.

2 to have or to give different things equal value, importance, etc.

to balance work and home life

bal anced / bælenst / adjective

consisting of good or equal amounts of different parts or things

Eating a balanced diet will help you stay healthy.

bal . co . ny / 'bælkəni / noun

[count]

(plural bal .co .nies)

1 a small area on the outside wall of a building, above the ground, where you can stand or sit

2 an area of seats upstairs in a theater

We have balcony seats.

bald / bold / adjective

with no hair or not much hair on your head *My dad is going bald* (= losing his hair).

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **hair**.

bald ea .gle / bold 'igl / noun [count]

a large bird with brown feathers on its body and white feathers on its head and neck. It is the official symbol of the U.S.

bald eagle



ball o / bol / noun [count]

 ${\bf 1}$ (${\bf SPORTS}$) a round thing that you use in games and sports Throw the ball to me.

a basketball

a tennis ball

2 any round thing

a ball of string

a snowball

3 a big formal party where people dance

be on the ball

(informal)

to know what is happening and to think or act quickly *This job involves a lot of deadlines, so you really have to be on the ball.*

bal .le .ri .na / bæle'rine / noun [count] a woman who dances in ballets

bal . let / bæ'lei / noun

1 [noncount] a style of dance that tells a story with music but no words

Do you like ballet?

a ballet dancer

2 [count] a performance of a story, told with dancing and music but no words

I went to see a ballet.

bal . loon / bəˈlun / noun [count]

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ a small rubber bag that you blow air into and use as a toy or to decorate a room

We are going to hang red, white, and blue balloons around the room for the party.

2 = hot-air balloon

bal . lot / 'bælət / noun (POLITICS)

1 [count] a piece of paper that you use when you vote *Put an "X" next to the candidate's name on the ballot. Voters will cast their ballots* (= vote) *on election day.*

2 [count, noncount] when people vote for someone or something by writing secretly on a piece of paper *We held a ballot to choose a new president.*

ballpark / 'bolpark / noun

count

(SPORTS) a field or sports center where baseball is played

field an area of land used for playing team sports such as baseball, football, and soccer: *a baseball/football field* ◆ *The team ran out on the field*. ◆ *The school has its own playing field*.

court an area where certain ball games are played: *a* basketball/tennis/squash court ◆ He won after only 52 minutes on the court.

stadium a large place with seats around the sides where you can watch sports: *a football/sports stadium* **ballpark** an area where baseball is played: *The batter hit one right out of the ballpark*.

track an area with a special surface for people or cars to have races on: *a running/racing track* ◆ *track and field events* (= which involve running, jumping, and throwing)

a ballpark figure

a number that is not exact, but is more or less correct Can you give me a ballpark figure as to what this will cost?

ball . **point pen** / bolpoint pen / **noun** [count] a pen that has a very small ball at the end that rolls a special liquid (called ink) onto the paper

→ Look at the picture at stationery .

ba . lo . ney / bəˈloʊni / noun [noncount]

 $\boldsymbol{1} \ (\ \textit{informal}\)$ words or ideas that have no meaning or that are not true

What a bunch of baloney!

→SYNONYM nonsense

2 = bologna

bam . **boo** / _bæm'bu / *noun* [count, noncount] (*plural* bam . boos)

a tall plant that grows in hot countries and is often used for making furniture

Bamboos are fast-growing, woody plants.

a bamboo chair

bamboo shoots (= young bamboo plants that can be eaten)

ban / bæn / verb (bans, ban ining, banned)

to say that something must not happen; to not allow something

The movie was banned.

▶ban noun [count]

There is a ban on smoking in public places.

ba . **nan** . **a** / bəˈnænə / *noun* [count] a long curved yellow fruit

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **fruit**.

band 🥯 / bænd / noun [count]

1 a thin flat piece of material that you put around something, for example to hold it together

I put a rubber band around the letters.

The hat had a red band around it.

 ${\bf 2}\,$ (${\tt MUSIC}$) a group of people who play music together a $rock\ band$

a jazz band

 $\boldsymbol{3}$ a line of color or material on something that is different from the rest of it

She wore a red sweater with a green band across the middle.

band .age 1 / 'bændid3 / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{HEALTH}}$) a long piece of cloth that you tie around a part of the body that is hurt

band .age 2 / 'bændid3 / verb

(band ag es, band ag ing, band aged)

(HEALTH) to put a **bandage** around a part of the body *The nurse bandaged my foot.*

Band-Aid™ / 'bænd eid / noun [count]

(HEALTH) a small piece of sticky material that you put over a cut on your body to keep it clean





Band-Aid™

bandage

ban dan na / bæn'dæne / noun [count]

a square piece of cloth that you wear around your neck or head

ban . dit / 'bændət / noun [count]

a person who attacks and robs people who are traveling They were killed by bandits in the mountains.

bang 1 / bæŋ / verb (bangs, bang ing, banged)

to make a loud noise by hitting something hard or by closing something

He banged his head on the ceiling.

Don't bang the door!

bang 2 / bæn / noun [count]

1 a sudden, very loud noise

He shut the door with a bang.

2 a short, strong knock or hit, especially one that causes pain and injury

He fell and got a bang on the head.

bangs / bænz / noun [plural]

the short hair that hangs down above your eyes She decided to cut her bangs.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **hair**.

ban is ter / bænester / noun [count]

a long piece of wood or metal that you hold on to when you go up or down stairs

ban . jo / 'bænd300 /

noun [count]

(plural ban jos)

MUSIC) a musical instrument with a long thin neck, a round body, and four or more strings



banjo

bank 1 🔯 / bæŋk / noun [count]

1 a place that keeps money safe for people I have \$500 in the bank.

2 (GEOGRAPHY) the land along the side of a river People were fishing along the banks of the river.

bank 2 / bænk / verb (banks, bank ing, banked)

to keep your money in a particular bank Who do you bank with?

bank on someone or something to expect and trust someone to do something, or something to happen

The boss might give you the day off but I wouldn't bank on it.

bank ac . count / 'bænk ə kaont / noun [count]

an arrangement that you have with a bank that lets you keep your money there

I'd like to open a bank account.

Word building

If you have a **bank account**, you can **deposit** money (= pay it in) or withdraw it (= take it out): I'd like to withdraw \$50, please.

If you don't want to spend your money, you can save it (= keep it in the bank).

bank .er / 'bænkər / noun [count]

(BUSINESS) a person who owns a bank or who has an important job in a bank

bank ing / bænkin / noun [noncount]

the type of business done by banks

She chose a career in banking.

bank .rupt / 'bænkr.npt / adjective

not able to continue in business because you cannot pay the money that you owe

His business went bankrupt after a year.

ban .ner / 'bæner / noun [count]

a long piece of cloth with words on it. People carry **banners** to show what they think

The banner said "Stop the war."

ban . quet / 'bænkwət / noun [count]

a formal dinner for a large number of people, usually as a special event

bap .tism / 'bæptızəm / noun

[count, noncount]

(RELIGION) a religious ceremony when someone is baptized

bap . tize / 'bæptaiz / verb

(bap tiz es, bap tiz ing, bap tized)

(RELIGION) to put water on someone and give them a name, to show that they belong to the Christian Church

bar 1 2 / bar / noun [count]

1 a place where people can go and buy drinks, especially alcoholic drinks

There's a bar in the hotel.

2 a place where you can get a particular kind of food or drink

a snack bar

3 a long, high table where you buy drinks in a bar We stood at the bar.

4 a long thin piece of metal or wood

There were iron bars on the windows.

5 a small block of something hard

a candy bar

a bar of soap

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at soap.

behind bars

(informal)

in prison

His killer is now safely behind bars.

bar 2 / bar / verb (bars, bar ring, barred)

1 to put something across a place so that people cannot

A line of police barred the road.

2 to say officially that someone must not do something or go somewhere

Journalists were barred from taking photographs of the event.

bar .be .cue / 'barbikyu / noun [count]

(abbreviation BBQ)

a meal or a party where you cook food on a fire outside *We had a barbecue on the beach.*

bar be cue verb

(bar .be .cues , bar .be .cu .ing , bar .be .cued) barbecued steak

barbed wire

barbed wire

/ barbd waier / noun [noncount] wire with a lot of sharp points on it. Some fences are made of barbed wire .



bar . ber / 'barbər / noun [count]
a person whose job is to cut men's hair
▶bar . ber . shop / 'barbərʃap / noun [count]
a place where a barber works

bar code

/ 'bar kood / noun [count]

a pattern of black lines that is printed on things you buy. It contains information that a computer reads to find the price. bar code



bare / ber / adjective

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ (used about a part of the body) with no clothes covering it

He had bare feet (= he wasn't wearing shoes or socks).

2 without anything covering it or in it

They had taken the paintings down, so the walls were all bare.

bare . foot / 'berfot / adjective, adverb with no shoes or socks on your feet The children ran barefoot along the beach.

bare . ly / 'berli / adverb' almost not; only just She barely ate anything.

→SYNONYM hardly

bar . **gain** 1 / 'bargen / *noun* [count] something that is cheaper than usual At just \$10, the dress was a real bargain!

bar . gain 2 / 'bargen / verb (bar . gains , bar . gain . ing , bar . gained)

to try to agree on a good price for something She may sell the car for less if you bargain with her.

barge / bard3 / noun

[count]

a long boat with a flat bottom for carrying things or people on rivers or canals (= artificial rivers)

bark 1 / bark / noun

1 [noncount] the hard surface of a tree Look at the picture at tree.

2 [count] the short loud sound that a dog makes

bark 2 / bark / verb (barks, bark ing, barked)

If a dog **barks**, it makes short loud sounds

The dog always barks at people it doesn't know.

bar . ley / 'barli / noun [noncount]

a plant that we use for food and for making beer and some other drinks

barn / barn / noun [count]

a large building on a farm for storing grain or keeping animals in $% \left\{ 1,2,\ldots ,n\right\}$

bar .racks / 'bæreks / noun [plural]

a building or group of buildings where soldiers live an army barracks

bar . rel / 'bærəl / noun

[count]

1 a big container for liquids, with round sides and flat ends a beer barrel

a barrel of oil

2 the long metal part of a gun that a bullet goes through

bar . ren / 'bærən / adjective

($\mbox{{\sc Geography}}$) (used about land) not good enough for plants to grow on

bar . ri . cade / 'bærəkeid / noun

[count

a line of things arranged across a road, etc. to stop people from getting past

▶bar · ri · cade verb

(bar ri cades, bar ri cad ing, bar ri cad ed) He barricaded the door to keep the police out.

bar . ri . er / 'bæriər / noun

[count]

1 a wall or fence that stops you from going somewhere *The police put up barriers to hold back the crowd.*

 ${f 2}$ something that causes problems or makes it impossible for something to happen

I would love to live in Japan, but I'm worried about the language barrier.

bar . tend . er / 'bartender / noun

[count

a person whose job is to make and serve drinks in a bar

base 1 0 / beis / noun

[count]

1 the bottom part of something; the part that something stands on

The lamp has a heavy base.

the base of a column

2 a person's or a company's main home or office

She travels all over the world, but Philadelphia is her base.

 $\boldsymbol{3}$ a place where soldiers in the army, navy, etc. live and work

an army base

4 (SPORTS) one of the four points that a player must touch before scoring in baseball

The batter hit the ball and ran to first base.

base 2 / beis / verb (bases, bassing, based) be based somewhere

If a person or a company **is based in** a place, that is where they have their main home or office

The company is based in Seattle.

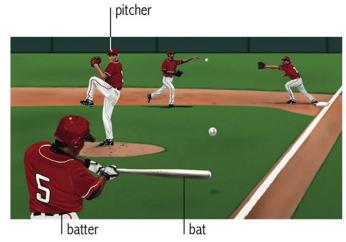
base something on something to make or develop something, using another thing as a starting point *The movie is based on a true story.*

base . ball O / 'bersbol / noun (SPORTS)

1 [noncount] a game in which two teams hit a ball with a / 'bæsket / noun wooden stick (called a bat) and then score points by running around four fixed points (called bases) on a large field

We played baseball in the park.

2 [count] a ball for playing this game



base . ment / 'beismant / noun [count] part of a building that is under the level of the ground a basement apartment

ba .ses

1 / 'beisəz / plural of base 1

2 / 'beisiz / plural of basis

bash / bash / bash(informal)

to hit someone or something very hard I fell and bashed my knee.

ba . SiC 🔯 / 'beisik / adjective

1 most important and necessary

A person's basic needs are food, clothes, and a place to live.

2 simple; including only what is necessary This class teaches basic computer skills.

ba . si . cal . ly / 'beisikli / adverb

1 in the most important ways

She's a little strange but basically a very nice person.

2 used when you are saying what is important about a situation

Basically, all I want is to be left alone.

ba . sics / 'beisiks / noun [plural]

the things that you need most or are the most important You can get all the basics at the local store.

This course will teach you the basics of digital photography.

ba . sin / 'beisn / noun [count]

(GEOGRAPHY) a place where the earth's surface is lower than the area around it

the Great Basin in the western U.S.

ba . sis 🔯 / 'beisəs / noun

(plural ba ses / beisiz /)

1 [singular] the way something is done or organized We meet on a regular basis (= often).

2 [singular] the reason why something is done We made our decision on the basis of your report.

3 [count] a starting point, from which something develops

Her notes formed the basis of a book.

bas ket

[count]

1 a container made of thin sticks or thin pieces of plastic or metal, which you use for holding or carrying things a bread basket a shopping basket Look at wastebasket.

2 (SPORTS) a net that hangs from a metal ring high up at each end of a basketball court

basket



bas . Ket . ball / 'bæskətbəl / noun (sports)

1 [noncount] a game for two teams of five players who try to throw a ball into a high net

2 [count] a ball for playing this game

bass / beis / adjective

(MUSIC) with a deep sound She plays the bass guitar.

a bass drum

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at guitar.

bat 1 / bæt / noun [count]

1 (SPORTS) a piece of wood for hitting the ball in baseball

→ Look at the picture at baseball.

Which word?

The thing that you use to hit the ball has different names in different sports.

You use a bat in baseball.

You use a racket to play tennis, badminton, and squash.

To play golf, you use a club. In hockey, you use a stick.

2 an animal like a mouse with wings. Bats come out and fly at night.



bat 2 / bæt / (bats, bat ting, bat ted) verb (SPORTS) to try to hit a ball in baseball Who's batting first for the Orioles?

batch / bætʃ / noun [count] (plural batch es) a group of things

She made a batch of cookies.

bath 👺 / bæθ / noun [count]

(plural baths / bæθs; bæðz /)

washing your body in a large container (called a bathtub) that you fill with water

I took a bath this morning.

bathe / beið / verb

(bathes, bath ing, bathed)

to wash yourself or someone else in a large container (called a **bathtub**) filled with water

I bathe every morning.

Have you bathed the baby yet?

bath ing suit / 'beiðin suit / noun

a piece of clothing that you wear to go swimming *The hotel has a pool, so pack your bathing suit.*

→SYNONYM swimsuit

bath . robe / 'bæθroob / bathrobe

noun [count]

a piece of clothing, like a loose soft coat, that you put on after taking a bath or shower



bath . room 💿 / 'bæθrum / noun

[count]

a room where there is a toilet, and usually also a bathtub or shower

Can I go to the bathroom (= use the toilet)?

Culture

People usually say **the bathroom** in their homes. In public places, people say **the restroom**, **ladies' room** or **men's room**.

bath . **tub** / 'bæθtλb / (also informal tub / tλb /)
noun [count]

a large container that you fill with water and sit in to wash your body $% \left(x\right) =\left(x\right) +\left(x\right)$

bat .ter / 'bæter / noun

1 [noncount] a mixture of flour, eggs, milk, etc. used for making food such as cakes pancake batter

2 [count] (SPORTS) a person who hits the ball in baseball → Look at the picture at baseball.

bat .ter .y / 'bætəri / noun

[count]

(plural bat .ter .ies)

(PHYSICS) a thing that gives electricity. You put **batteries** inside things like toys, radios, and cars to make them work.

bat .tle 1 / 'bæt] / noun

 $\boldsymbol{1} \ [\ \text{count}, \ \text{noncount} \]$ ($\boldsymbol{\text{HISTORY}}$) a fight between armies in a war

the Battle of Bunker Hill

He was killed in battle.

2 [count] trying very hard to do something difficult *After three years, she lost her battle against cancer.*

bat .tle 2 / 'bætl / verb

(bat tles, bat tling, bat tled) to try very hard to do something difficult

The doctors battled to save her life.

bay / beɪ / noun [count] (plural bays)

($\mbox{{\bf GEOGRAPHY}}$) a part of the coast where the land goes in to form a curve

There was a ship in the bay.

San Francisco Bay

BBO

abbreviation of barbecue

B.C. / bi si / abbreviation

($\mbox{HISTORY}$, $\mbox{RELIGION}$) $\mbox{\bf B.C.}$ in a date shows it was before Christ was born

Julius Caesar died in 44 B.C.

 \rightarrow Look at A.D. .

be 🔯 / bi / verb

1 there is/there are to exist or be present in a place

There are a lot of trees in our yard.

I tried calling them but there was no answer.

Is there a post office near here?

2 a word that you use when you are giving the name of people or things, describing them or giving more information about them

I'm (= I am) Ben.

The movie was excellent.

John is a doctor.

Roberta's Italian.

"What color is your car?" "It's red."

Today is Friday.

3 a word that you use to give the position of someone or something or the place where they are

Jen's (= Jen is) in her office.

Where are the scissors?

4 a word that you use to talk about the age of someone or something or to talk about time

"How old is she?" "She's twelve."

Her birthday was in May.

It's six o'clock.

 $\boldsymbol{5}$ (<code>ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS</code>) a word that you use with another verb

"What are you doing?" "I'm (= I am) reading."

6 (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a word that you use with part of another verb to show that something happens to someone or something

This cheese is made in France.

The house was built in 1910.

7 a word that shows that something must or will happen *They are to be married in June.*

beach bit / noun [count] (plural beach es)

($\mbox{{\bf GEOGRAPHY}}$) a piece of land next to an ocean or a lake that is covered with sand or stones

a sandy beach

We lay on the beach in the sun.

bea .con / 'biken / noun [count]

a strong light or other signal that is used as a warning or guide for boats, airplanes, etc.

bead / bid / noun [count]

a small ball of wood, glass, or plastic with a hole in the middle. **Beads** are put on a string to make jewelry.

beak / bik / noun [count]

the hard pointed part of a bird's mouth

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **bird**.

beak .er / 'biker / noun [count]

(GENERAL SCIENCE) a glass container with a flat bottom, used by scientists for pouring liquids

beam 1 / bim / noun [count]

 ${f 1}$ (PHYSICS) a line of light

a laser beam

2 a long heavy piece of wood that holds up a roof or ceiling

beam 2 / bim / verb

(beams, beam ing, beamed)

 ${f 1}$ to send out light and warmth

The sun beamed down on them.

2 to have a big happy smile on your face

bean / bin / noun [count]

a seed, or a seed container, that we use as food *green beans*

coffee beans

bear 1 / ber / noun [count]

a big wild animal with





bear 2 0 / ber / verb

(bears, bear ing, bore / bor / has borne / born /)

 ${f 1}$ to be able to accept something unpleasant without complaining

The pain was difficult to bear.

2 to hold someone or something up so that they do not fall *The ice is too thin to bear your weight.*

bear left; bear right

to turn toward the left or right

When the road splits, bear left.

bear in mind that...; bear something in mind

to remember or consider something

When you're packing, bear in mind that the weather will be much colder in Maine.

Thanks, I'll bear that in mind.

can't bear someone or something

to hate someone or something

I can't bear this music.

He can't bear having nothing to do.

the hair on a man's chin

He has a beard.

beast / bist / noun [count]

1 (formal) a wild animal

2 an unkind or cruel person

beat 1 2 / bit / verb

(beats, beat ing, beat, has beat en / bitn/)

1 (SPORTS) to win a fight or game against a person or group of people

Daniel always beats me at tennis.

Our team was beaten 2-1.

2 to hit someone or something very hard many times *She beat the dust out of the rug.*

The rain was beating on the roof.

3 to make the same sound or movement many times *His heart was beating fast.*

4 to mix food quickly with a fork, for example *Beat the eggs and sugar together.*

beat someone up to hit or kick someone hard, many times

He was badly beaten up by a gang of teenagers.

beat 2 / bit / noun [count]

1 a single sound that comes again and again

the beat of the drum \rightarrow Look at heartbeat.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ ($\boldsymbol{\text{MUSIC}}$) the strong pattern of sounds that a piece of music has

We danced to the beat.

beau .ti .cian / byuˈtɪʃn / noun [count]

a person whose job is to give special treatments to your face and body to make you look good

beau ti ful 🔯 / byutəfl / adjective

1 very pretty or attractive a beautiful woman

Thesaurus

attractive can be used about any person who is nice to look at: He's polite and attractive. ◆ a group of attractive young women

beautiful (usually used to describe a woman or girl) very attractive: a beautiful, intelligent woman ◆ She looked beautiful that night.

good-looking (used more about men than women) attractive: The band's lead singer is very good-looking.

◆ a good-looking young actor

pretty (usually used about a girl or young woman) attractive: She has a very pretty face. \spadesuit a pretty little girl in a pink dress

handsome (usually used about a man or boy) attractive: You look so handsome in that suit! ◆ a polite, handsome man

2 very nice to see, hear, or smell *Those flowers are beautiful.* What a beautiful song!

▶beau · ti · ful · ly / 'byutəfli / adverb Louis sang beautifully.

beau .ty 📀 / 'byuti / noun [noncount]

the quality of being beautiful She was a woman of great beauty. the beauty of the mountains

bea ver

/ 'biver / noun [count] an animal with brown fur, a wide flat tail, and sharp teeth. It builds walls across rivers to hold back the water (called dams).

beaver



be . cause 🔯 / bɪˈkəz ; bɪˈkəz / conjunction

for the reason that

He was angry because I was late.

because of something

as a result of something or someone We stayed at home because of the rain.

beck on / beken / verb (beck ons,

beck on ing, beck oned)

to move your finger to show that you want someone to come nearer

be come 5 / bilkam / verb (be comes,

be .com .ing , be .came / br'kerm / has be .come)

to begin to be something *She became a doctor in 2002.* The weather is becoming colder.

STYLE

In conversation, we usually say **get** instead of **become** with adjectives. It is less formal: The weather is getting colder. ◆ She got nervous as the exam date came closer. what became of...?

used to ask what has happened to someone or something What became of that student who used to live with you?

bed 🔯 / bed / noun [count]

1 a thing that you sleep on *It was time to go to bed*.

The children are in bed .

to make the bed(=to make it ready for someone to sleep in)
2 (GEOGRAPHY) the bottom of a river or the ocean

bed and break . fast / bed on 'brekfost /

(abbreviation B and B , B & B) noun [count] a small hotel where you pay for a room to sleep in and a meal the next morning

I stayed in a bed and breakfast.

bed .clothes / 'bedklooðz / noun [plural] the sheets and covers that you use on a bed

bed . side / 'bedsard / noun [singular]

the area that is next to a bed

She sat at his bedside all night long.

A book lay open on the bedside table.

bed . spread / 'bedspred / noun [count]

a large cover for a bed that you put on top of the sheets and other covers

bed . **time** / 'bedtam / *noun* [count, noncount] the time when someone usually goes to bed *Come on, it's past your bedtime.*

bee / bi / noun [count]

a black and yellow insect that flies and makes a sweet food that we eat (called $\mbox{{\bf honey}}$)

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **insect**.

beef / bif / noun [noncount]

meat from a cow

roast beef

Word building

The male cow is called a **bull** , and a young cow is a **calf** .

Meat from a cow is called \boldsymbol{beef} and meat from a calf is called \boldsymbol{veal} .

bee . hive / 'biharv / noun [count]

a thing that bees live in been / bin; bin /

1 form of be

2 form of go 1

have been to

to have gone to a place and come back again *Have you ever been to Canada?*

Which word?

Been or gone?

If someone has **been** to a place, they have traveled there and returned: *I've been to Mexico three times*. ◆ *You were away a long time. Where have you been?*

If someone has **gone** to a place, they have traveled there and they are still there now: Judy isn't here. She has gone to New York. ◆ Mom has gone out, but she'll be back soon.

beep / bip / verb (beeps , beep ling , beeped)

to make a short high noise

Why is the computer beeping?

▶beep *noun* [count]

Please leave a message after the beep.

beer 🔯 / bir / noun

1 [noncount] an alcoholic drink made from grain a bottle of beer

2 [count] a glass, bottle, or can of beer *Three beers, please*.

beet / bit / noun [count]

a round dark red vegetable that you cook before you eat

bee .tle / 'bit] / noun [count]

an insect with hard wings and a shiny body

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **insect**.

be fore 1 2 / bilfor / preposition, conjunction

1 earlier than someone or something; earlier than the time that

He arrived before me.

I said goodbye before I left.

Ellen worked in a hospital before getting this job.

They should be here before long (= soon).

2 in front of someone or something

B comes before C in the alphabet.

→ANTONYM after

be . fore 2 0 / bi'for / adverb

at an earlier time; in the past

I've never met them before. I've seen this movie before.

be . fore . hand / bi'forhænd / adverb

at an earlier time than something

Tell me beforehand if you are going to be late.

Deg / $b\varepsilon g$ / verb (begs , beg ε ging , begged)

1 to ask for money or food because you are very poor *There are a lot of people begging in the streets.*

2 to ask someone for something strongly, or with a lot of feeling

She begged me to stay with her.

He begged for help.

I beg your pardon

(formal)

polite words that you say to mean "I am sorry" or "could you repeat that, please?"

I beg your pardon, I didn't mean to step on your foot. I beg your pardon, could you say that again?

beg .gar / 'beger / noun [count]

a person who asks other people for money or food

be gin o/br'gin / verb

(be gins, be gin ning, be gan / brgæn /

has be .gun / bɪ'gʌn /)

1 to start to do something or start to happen *I'm beginning to feel cold. The movie begins at 7:30.*

→SYNONYM start

2 to start in a particular way

The name John begins with a "J."

→ANTONYM end

to begin with

at first; at the beginning

To begin with, they were very happy.

be . qin . ner / bi'qinər / noun [count] a person who is starting to do or learn something

be gin ning 2 / brgmm / noun [count]

the time or place where something starts; the first part of

I didn't see the beginning of the show.

→ANTONYM end

be gun form of begin

be . half AWL / br'hæf / noun

on behalf of someone; on someone's behalf

for someone; in the place of someone

Mr. Smith is away, so I am writing to you on his behalf.

be . have 2 / bi'heiv / verb

(be haves, be haveing, be haved)

to do and say things in a particular way They behaved very kindly toward me.

The children behaved badly all day.

behave yourself to be good; to do and say the right things

Did the children behave themselves?

be havior \(\int \) / brhervyar / noun [noncount]

the way you are; the way that you do and say things He was sent out of the class for bad behavior.

be hind 2 / bihamd / preposition, adverb

1 at or to the back of someone or something I hid behind the wall.

I drove off, and Jim followed behind.

2 slower or less good than someone or something; slower or less good than you should be

She is behind with her work because she's often sick.

3 in the place where someone or something was before

I got off the train and left my bag behind (= on the train). 4 responsible for causing or starting something

What was the reason behind his sudden change of opinion?

beige / beig / adjective

having a light brown color beige pants

beige noun [count, noncount]

be ing 1/bim/

form of be

be ing 2 / bin / noun [count]

a person or living thing

a being from another planet

be · lief \(\rightarrow \) / br'lif / noun [count]

a sure feeling that something is true or real his belief in God

Divorce is against their religious beliefs.

be . liev . a . ble / br'livabl / adjective

that you can believe →ANTONYM unbelievable

be . lieve \(\text{be lieves} \) / br'liv / verb (be lieves, be liev ing, be lieved)

1 to feel sure that something is true; to feel sure that what someone says is true

Long ago, people believed that the earth was flat. She says she didn't take the money. Do you believe her? 2 to think that something is true or possible, although you

"Does Paul still work here?" "I believe so ."

believe in someone or something

to feel sure that someone or something exists Do you believe in ghosts?

bell 🔯 / bel / noun [count]

a metal thing that makes a sound when something hits or

The church bells were ringing.

I rang the bell and he answered the door.

bel . **Iy** / 'beli / noun [count] (plural bel lies) (informal)

the part of your body between your chest and your legs

→SYNONYM stomach

bel . ly but . ton / 'beli ,batn / noun [count] (informal)

the small hole in the middle of your stomach

→SYNONYM navel

be . long 🔯 / bɪˈləŋ / verb

(be longs, be long ing, be longed)

1 to be someone's

"Who does this pen belong to ?" "It belongs to me."

2 to be a member of a group or an organization

Which political party do you belong to? 3 to have its right or usual place

That chair belongs in my room.

be . long . ings / brlloningz / noun [plural]

the things that you own

They lost all their belongings in the fire.

 \rightarrow Look at the note at **thing**.

be . lov . ed / bi'lavd; bi'laved / adjective

(formal)

loved very much

their beloved daughter

be . low 🔯 / bi'lov / preposition, adverb

1 in or to a lower place than someone or something From the plane we could see the mountains below. He dove below the surface of the water.

Do not write below this line.

→ANTONYM above

2 less than a number or price The temperature was below zero.

Delt 🥯 / belt / noun [count]

a long piece of cloth or leather that you wear around the middle of your body

→ Look at safety belt, seat belt.,

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at clothes.

bench / bents / noun

[count]

(plural bench es)

a long seat for two or more people, usually made of wood

a park bench





bend 1 [©] / bend /

(bends, bend ing, bent / bent / has bent)

1 to make something that was straight into a curved shape Bend your legs!

2 to be or become curved The road bends to the left.

bend down; bend over to move your body forward

She bent down to put on her shoes.

bend 2 / bend / noun [count] a part of a road or river that is not straight Drive slowly – there's a bend in the road.

be . neath / bi'niθ / preposition, adverb in or to a lower place than someone or something From the tower, they looked down on the city beneath. The boat sank beneath the waves.

→SYNONYM below . underneath

→ANTONYM above

ben .e .fi .cial AWL / benəˈfiʃl / adjective having a good or useful effect

Regular exercise is beneficial to your health. ben .e .fit 1 AWL / benəfit / noun

1 [count] something that is good or helpful What are the benefits of having a computer? *I did it for your benefit* (= to help you).

2 [count, noncount] (**POLITICS** , **BUSINESS**) money or other advantages that you get from your job, the government, or a company you belong to unemployment benefits

All our employees receive medical benefits in addition to their salary.

ben .e .fit 2 AWL / 'benəfit / verb (ben le ifits, ben le ifit ling, ben le ifit led or

ben e fit ting, ben e fit ted) to be good or helpful for someone

The new law will benefit families with children.

benefit from something to get something good or useful from something

She will benefit from a vacation.

bent₁

form of bend 1

bent 2 / bent / adjective

not straight; curved

Do this exercise with your knees bent.

This knife is bent.

→ANTONYM straight

be . ret / bəˈreɪ / noun [count]

a soft flat round hat

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **hat**.

ber · **ry** / 'beri / noun [count] (plural ber ries) a small soft fruit with seeds in it Those berries are poisonous. raspberries

berries





strawberries

raspberries

be side 2 / br'said / preposition

at the side of someone or something Come and sit beside me.

→SYNONYM next to

beside the point

not important or closely connected with the main thing you are talking about

I know it was an accident, but that's beside the point. Go and apologize.

be . sides / br'saidz / preposition, adverb

as well as someone or something; also

We have lots of things in common besides music.

I don't really want to go. Besides, it's too late now.

best 1 hest / adjective (good, bet ter, best)

better than all others

This is the best pizza I've ever eaten!

Tom is my best friend.

Joe's the best player on the team.

→ANTONYM worst

best 2 / best / adverb

1 in the most excellent way

I work best in the morning.

2 more than all others

Which picture do you like best?

→SYNONYM most

→ANTONYM least

best 3 2 / best / noun [singular]

the person or thing that is better than all others Mike and Ian are good at tennis but Paul is the best.

at best

if everything goes as well as possible

At best, it will be ready by the end of March.

do your best

to do all that you can

I don't know if I can finish the work today, but I'll do my

best man / best mæn / noun [singular]

a man at a wedding who helps the man who is getting married (the **groom**)

best sell . **er** / ,best 'seler / *noun* [count]

a book or other product that is bought by large numbers of people

bet / bet / verb (bets, bet ting, bet, has bet)

to risk money on a race or a game by saying what the result will be. If you are right, you win money

I bet you \$5 that our team will win.

I bet

(informal)

I am sure

I bet it will rain tomorrow.

I bet you can't climb that tree.

you bet

(informal)

words you use to mean "Yes, of course!"

"Are you coming too?" "You bet!"

▶bet noun [count]

I lost the bet.

be tray / bi'trei / *verb* (be trays, be tray ing, be trayed)

1 to harm your country or your friends by giving information to an enemy

She betrayed the whole group to the secret police.

blueberries

2 to hurt someone who trusts you by doing something dishonest or harmful

When parents get divorced, children often feel betrayed.

1 of a higher standard or quality; not as bad as something else

This book is better than that one.

2 (HEALTH) less sick

I was sick yesterday, but I feel better now.

→ANTONYM worse

bet .ter 2 0 / 'beter / adverb

in a more excellent or pleasant way; not as badly *You speak Spanish better than I do.*

be better off

to be happier, richer, etc.

I'm better off now that I have a new job.

You look sick - you'd be better off in bed.

had better

should; ought to

You'd better go now if you want to catch the train.

be . tween 🔯 / bi'twin / preposition, adverb

1 in the space in the middle of two things or people *The letter B comes between A and C.*

I sat between Suzy and Brian.

I see her most weekends but not very often in between .

Which word?

Among or between?

We use **among** when we are talking about more than two people or things: *You're among friends here*.

If there are only two people or things, we use **between**: Sarah and I divided the cake between us. ◆ I was standing between Alice and Cathy.

2 to and from two places

The boat sails between Manhattan and Staten Island.

3 for or by two or more people or things

We shared the cake between us (= each of us had some cake).

4 more than one thing but less than another thing *The meal will cost between \$20 and \$25.*

5 after one time and before the next time

I'll meet you between 4 and 4:30.

6 a word that you use when you compare two people or things

What is the difference between "some" and "any"?

bev.er.age / 'beveridg / noun [count] (formal)

a drink

We have a selection of beverages.

be . ware / bi wer / verb

beware of someone or something

to be careful because someone or something is dangerous *Beware of the dog!* (= words written on a sign)

be . wil . dered / bi wilderd / adjective

If you are **bewildered** , you do not understand something or you do not know what to do

I was completely bewildered by his sudden change of mood.

→SYNONYM confused

be yond 🌣 / bryand / preposition, adverb

1 on the other side of something; farther than something The road continues beyond the town up into the hills. We could see the lake and the mountains beyond.

2 later than a particular time

Most people don't work beyond the age of 65.

The party went on beyond midnight.

bi . **as** AWL / 'bares / *noun* [count, noncount] (*plural* **bi** . **as** . **es**)

a strong positive or negative feeling towards a person, a group, or an opinion that is not fair or not based on facts a bias against women drivers

▶bi .ased AWL / 'barəst / adjective

a biased piece of writing

→ANTONYM unbiased

bib / bib / noun [count]

a piece of cloth or plastic that a baby wears under its chin when he or she is eating

the Bi .ble / ðə 'baibl / noun [count]

($\mbox{\it RELIGION}$) the book of great religious importance to Christian and Jewish people

▶bib · li · cal / 'biblikl / adjective

connected to the Bible

biblical stories

bib . li . og . ra . phy / ˌbɪbliˈagrəfi / noun

[count](plural bib li og ra phies)

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a list of books, articles, etc. on a particular subject, or the ones a writer has used to write a book or paper

Remember to include all of your sources in your bibliography.

bi .cy .cle 💿 / 'barsıkl /

(also informal bike / bark /) noun [count]

a vehicle with two wheels. You sit on a **bicycle** and move your legs to make the wheels turn

bicycle

chain

?

Can you ride

bicycle

llebars
hanc
spoke

bid 1 / bid / verb

(bids, bid ding, bid, has bid)

1 to offer some money because you want to buy something *He bid \$10,000 for the painting.*

pedal

2 to offer to do work or provide a service for a particular price

A Canadian company is bidding for the contract.

bid 2 / bid / noun [count]

1 an offer of money for something that you want to buy *She made a bid of \$250 for the vase.*

2 a formal offer to do work or provide a service for a particular price

We got bids from three moving companies and chose the cheapest one.

3 an attempt to do or get something a bid for power

big > / big / adjective (big ger, big gest)

1 not small: large Chicago is a big city.

This shirt is too big for me.

How big is your apartment? → ANTONYM small

2 great or important

a big problem

3 older

Amy is my big sister. →ANTONYM little

the big bang / ðə big bæn / noun [singular] (PHYSICS) the large explosion that some scientists believe created the universe

bike / bank / noun [count]

(informal)

a bicycle or a motorcycle I go to school by bike.

bi . ki . ni / bɪˈkini / noun [count]

a piece of clothing in two pieces that women wear for $\rightarrow Look$ at telescope.

bi . lin . qual / ,bar'lıngwəl / adjective

1 (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) able to speak two languages very well

Their children are bilingual.

2 having or using two languages a bilingual dictionary

bill 1 2 / bil / noun [count]

1 a piece of paper that shows how much money you must pay for something

We didn't have enough money to pay the phone bill.

2 a piece of paper money

He gave me a \$20 bill.

a ten-dollar bill

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **money**.

3 (POLITICS) a plan for a possible new law The bill was discussed in Congress.

4 the hard pointed or curved part of a bird's mouth a duck's bill

→SYNONYM beak

bill 2 / bil / verb (bills, bill ing, billed)

to send someone a bill for something

The company billed me for several items I didn't order.

bill . **board** / 'bilbord / noun [count]

a large board on the outside of a building or near a road, where advertisements are put

bil . lion 😂 / 'bilyən / number

1.000.000.000

five billion dollars

The company is worth billions of dollars.

Grammar

Be careful! When you use billion with a number, don't add an "s": six billion dollars .

If there is no number mentioned, then add an "s": billions of dollars.

bin / bin / noun [count]

a large container that is used for storing or holding things Put those empty cans in the recycling bin.

bind / baind / verb (binds, bind ing, bound

/ baond / has bound)

to tie string or rope around something to hold it firmly They bound the prisoner's arms and legs together.

binge / bind3 / verb

(bin ges, bing ing or binge ing, binged)

(informal)

to eat or drink too much, especially when you cannot control yourself

to binge on junk food

bin .go / 'bingoo / noun

[noncount]

a game where each player has a card with numbers on it, and the person who controls the game calls numbers out. If that person calls out the right numbers on your card, you win the game.

bin .oc .u .lars

/ bi'nakyələrz / noun

[plural]

special glasses that you use to see things that are far away

binoculars



a pair of binoculars

bi . o . de . grad . a . ble / ˌbaɪoʊdɪˈgreɪdəbl / adjective

(BIOLOGY) Biodegradable substances can go back into the earth and so do not damage the environment There is growing demand for biodegradable products.

bi .og .ra .phy / bar'agrefi / noun

[count]

(plural bi .og .ra .phies)

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) the story of a person's life that another person writes

a biography of George Washington

→ Look at autobiography.

bi . o . log . i . cal / ,barə'ladzıkl / adjective

(BIOLOGY) connected with the scientific study of plants, animals, and other living things biological research

bi . ol . o . gy / bar'alədʒi / noun

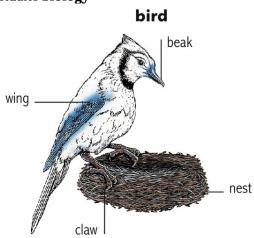
I noncount 1

the study of the life of animals and plants Biology is my favorite subject.

▶bi ·ol ·o ·gist / bar'alədʒɪst / noun [count]

a person who studies biology

bird bərd noun [count] animal with feathers and wings Crows and robins birds.



bird of prey / bard av prei / noun [count] a bird that catches and eats other birds and small animals Eagles are birds of prey.

birth 😂 / bərθ / noun [count, noncount]

PRONUNCIATION

The word birth sounds like earth.

the time when a baby comes out of its mother; being born *the birth of a baby*

What's your date of birth (=the date when you were born)? give birth

to have a baby

Last week my sister gave birth to her second child.

birth cer . tif . i . cate / 'bərθ sər,tifəkət / noun [count]

an official document that shows when and where you were born, and who your parents are

You need to bring a copy of your birth certificate and a photo ID.

birth con . trol / 'bərθ kən,troul / noun

[noncount]

ways of controlling the number of children you have methods of birth $control \rightarrow Look$ at contraceptive.

birth .day ② / 'bərθdeɪ / noun [count] (plural birth .days)

the day each year that is the same as the date when you were born

My birthday is on May 2.

Happy Birthday!

a birthday present

a birthday cake with sixteen candles on it

birth .place / 'bərθpleis / noun [count]

(HISTORY) the house or area where a person was born, or the place where something began

Greece is the birthplace of the Olympic Games.

bis . cuit / 'bisket / noun [count]

a type of soft, round bread. People often eat ${\bf biscuits}$ warm with butter.

bish . op / 'bɪʃəp / noun [count]

($\mbox{\it RELIGION}$) an important priest in the Christian church, who takes care of all the churches in a large area

bi . **son** / 'baisn / *noun* [count] (*plural* **bi** . **son**) a large wild animal that looks like a cow with a large head, curved horns, and thick fur on its head and neck

a herd of bison →SYNONYM buffalo

bit / bit / noun [count]

1 a small piece or amount of something *There were bits of broken glass on the floor.*

I think these strawberries need a little bit more sugar.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ ($\boldsymbol{\mathsf{COMPUTERS}}$) the smallest unit of information that is stored in a computer's memory

a bit; a little bit

1 a little; slightly

You look a bit tired.

This one's a little bit cheaper than that one.

2 a short time or distance

Let's wait a bit.

bit by bit

slowly, or a little at a time

Bit by bit, I started to feel better.

quite a bit

(informal) a lot

It must have rained quite a bit during the night.

bite 1 0 / bart / verb

(bites, bit ing, bit / bit / has bit ten / 'bitn /)

1 to cut something with your teeth

That dog bit my leg!

2 If an insect or snake **bites** you, it hurts you by pushing a small sharp part into your skin

I was bitten by mosquitoes.

bite 2 / bart / noun

1 [count] a piece of food that you can put in your mouth *He took a bite of his sandwich.*

2 [count] (HEALTH) a painful place on your skin made by an insect or an animal

a snake bite

3 [singular] (informal)

a small meal

Would you like a bite to eat before you go?

bit .ter 🔯 / 'biter / adjective

1 angry and sad about something that has happened *He felt very bitter about losing his job.*

2 Bitter food has a sharp, unpleasant taste *The coffee was bitter.*

3 very cold

a bitter wind

▶bit .ter .ness / 'bɪtərnəs / noun [noncount]

The strike caused great bitterness.

bi . zarre / biˈzar / adjective

very strange

He has a bizarre sense of humor.

→SYNONYM weird

▶bi .zarre .ly / br'zarli / adverb

bizarrely dressed teenagers

black 1 / blæk / adjective (black er, black est)

1 with the color of the sky at night

a black dog

2 belonging to a race of people with dark skin *Martin Luther King Jr. was a famous black leader.*

→SYNONYM African-American

3 (used about coffee) without milk *Two black coffees, please.*

black 2 / blæk / noun

1 [noncount] the color of the sky at night

She was dressed in black.

2 blacks [plural] people who belong to a race of people with dark skin

→SYNONYM African American

black and white

with the colors black, white, and gray only black-and-white photographs

black .ber .ry / 'blæk,bɛri / noun [count]

(plural black ber ries)

a small, soft, black fruit that grows on a bush

black . bird / 'blækberd / noun [count]

a bird with black feathers

black . board / 'blækbord /

(also chalk board / 'tsəkbərd /) noun [count]

a dark board that a teacher writes on with a white substance (called **chalk**)

The teacher wrote her name on the blackboard.

→ Look at whiteboard.

black eye / blæk 'ar / noun [count]

a dark area of skin around a person's eve where someone or something has hit them

He got a black eye in a fight.

black . mail / 'blækmeil / noun [noncount]

saying that you will tell something bad about someone if they do not give you money or do something for you

▶black · mail verb

(black mails, black mail ing, black mailed) She blackmailed him into giving her thousands of dollars.

black .out / 'blækavt / noun [count]

1 a time when there is no light because the electricity is not

We had a blackout for six hours after the storm.

2 (HEALTH) a period when you are unconscious for a short time

to have a blackout

black . smith / 'blæksmiθ / noun [count]

a person whose job is to make and repair things made of

blad . der / 'blæder / noun [count]

(BIOLOGY) the part of your body where waste liquid (called urine) collects before leaving your body

blade / bleid / noun [count]

1 the flat sharp part of something such as a knife or a tool

→ Look at the picture at shears.

2 a single flat leaf of grass

a few blades of grass

blame 🥯 / bleim / verb

(blames, blam ing, blamed)

to say that a certain person or thing made something bad happen

The other driver blamed me for the accident.

blame noun [noncount]

Eve took the blame for the mistake.

bland / blænd / adjective

(bland er, bland est)

1 ordinary and not very interesting

I find her songs kind of bland.

2 Bland food does not have a strong taste

a bland diet of rice and fish

blank 1 / blænk / adjective

1 with no writing, pictures, or anything else on it

a blank piece of paper

2 without feelings, understanding, or interest

She had a blank expression on her face.

I tried to remember the answer, but my mind went blank (= I couldn't remember anything).

▶blank .ly / 'blæŋkli / adverb

to stare at someone blankly

blank 2 / blænk / noun [count]

an empty space on a document, where you can write an answer or some information

Fill in the blanks in the following exercise.

blan . ket / 'blænkat / noun [count]

a thick cover that you put on a bed

blare / bler / verb

(blares, blar ing, blared)

to make a loud, unpleasant noise

A car drove by with the radio blaring.

blast 1 / blæst / noun [count]

1 when a bomb explodes

Two people were killed in the blast.

2 a sudden movement of air

a blast of cold air

3 a sudden loud noise *The driver gave a few blasts on his horn.*

blast 2 / blæst / verb

(blasts, blast ing, blast ed)

to make a hole in something with an explosion

They blasted through the mountain to make a tunnel.

blast . off / 'blæstof / noun [noncount]

the time when a **spacecraft** (= a vehicle that travels into space) leaves the ground

bla . tant / 'bleitnt / adjective

very clear or obvious

It was a blatant lie.

blaze 1 / bleiz / noun

1 [count] a large and often dangerous fire

It took firefighters four hours to put out the blaze.

2 [singular] a very bright show of light or color The garden was a blaze of color.

blaze 2 / bleiz / verb

(blaz es, blaz ing, blazed)

to burn in a strong and bright way

a blazing fire

blaz .er / 'bleizər / noun [count]

a jacket that looks like part of a suit but does not have matching pants

bleach 1 / blit[/ noun [noncount]

a strong chemical substance used for making clothes whiter or for cleaning things

Use some bleach on it to kill the germs.

bleach 2 / blits / verb

(bleach es, bleach ing, bleached)

to become or to make something white or lighter in color by using a chemical or by leaving it in the sun

She bleaches her hair blonde.

bleach .ers / 'blit[arz / noun [plural]

(SPORTS) lines of long seats where people sit to watch sports games, etc.

We sat in the bleachers.

bleak / blik / adjective (bleak er , bleak est)

1 A bleak situation is not hopeful or encouraging

The country's future looks bleak.

2 cold and gray

It was a bleak winter's day.

bleed / blid / verb

(bleeds, bleed ing, bled / bled / has bled)

(HEALTH) to lose blood

I cut my hand and it's bleeding.

blem . ish / 'blemɪʃ / noun [count]

(plural blem .ish .es)

a mark that spoils the way something looks makeup to cover pimples and other blemishes

blend / blend / verb

(blends, blend ing, blend ed)

1 to mix

Blend the sugar and the butter together.

2 to look or sound good together

These colors blend very well.

▶blend *noun* [count]

This is a blend of two different kinds of coffee.

blend .er / 'blender / noun [count]

an electric machine that is used for mixing soft food or liquid

bless / bles / verb

(bless es, bless ing, blessed)

(RELIGION) to ask for God's help for someone or something The priest blessed the young couple.

Bless vou!

words that you say to someone when they sneeze (= make a loud noise through their nose)

bless ing / blesin / noun

[count]

1 something that is good or that helps you

Having such a supportive family has been a real blessing.

2 If you have someone's **blessing**, they agree with what you are doing and will support you

They got married without their parents' blessing.

3 (RELIGION) God's help and protection, or a prayer asking for this

The rabbi said a blessing.

blew

form of blow 1

blimp / blimp / noun [count]

a big thing that is filled with gas so it can float. It is made of soft material and looks like a long round balloon

the Goodyear Blimp

blimp



blind 1 / blamd / adjective (blind er, blind est) not able to see

My grandad is going blind.

He trains guide dogs for the blind (= people who are not able to see).

▶blind . ness / 'blamdnes / noun [noncount] The disease can cause blindness.

blind 2 / blamd / verb

(blinds , blind ing , blind ed)

to make someone unable to see

I was blinded for a couple of seconds by the glare of the

blind 3 / blamd / noun [count]

a piece of cloth or other material that you pull down to cover a window

blind



blind . fold / 'blamdfoold / noun

[count]

a piece of cloth that you put over someone's eyes so that they cannot see

▶blind .fold verb

(blind folds, blind fold ing, blind fold ed) The prisoners were blindfolded and pushed into vans.

blink / blink / verb (blinks, blink ing, blinked)

1 to shut and open your eyes very quickly

 \rightarrow Look at wink.

2 (used about a light) to come on and go off again quickly I don't know why that light is blinking on my computer.

▶blink noun [count]

bliss / **blis** / **noun** [noncount]

perfect happiness

married bliss

▶bliss ·ful / 'blisfl / adjective

a blissful smile

blis . **ter** / 'blistar / noun [count]

(HEALTH) a small painful place on your skin that is full of liquid. Rubbing or burning can cause blisters My new shoes gave me blisters.

bliz . zard / 'blizərd / noun [count]

a very bad storm with snow and strong winds

→SYNONYM snowstorm

bloat .ed / 'blooted / adjective

If you feel **bloated**, your stomach feels uncomfortable because it is too full

I felt really bloated after that huge lunch.

blob / blab / noun [count]

a small amount of a thick liquid

There are blobs of paint on the floor.

block 1 / blak / noun [count]

1 a big heavy piece of something, with flat sides a block of wood

The bridge is made of concrete blocks.

2 a group of buildings with streets all around it

We drove around the block looking for the hotel.

My house is two blocks from here.

3 a thing that stops someone or something from moving forward

The police put road blocks around the town.

4 a number of similar things that form a group

We booked a block of seats for the baseball game.

DIOCK 2 / blak / verb (blocks, block ling, blocked)

1 to stop someone or something from moving forward A fallen tree blocked the road.

2 to stop someone from seeing something

Can you sit down? You're blocking my view.

block .age / 'blakid3 / noun [count]

a thing that is preventing something from passing There must be a blockage in the pipe somewhere.

blog / blag / noun [count]

a personal record that someone puts on their website saying what they do every day and what they think about

▶blog .ger / 'blager / noun [count]

a person who writes a blog

blond / bland / (also blonde) adjective

with hair that has a light color He has blond hair.

She is tall and blonde.

▶blonde *noun* [count]

a woman who has **blond** hair She's a natural blonde.

blood 2 / blad / noun [noncount]

the red liquid inside your body

He lost a lot of blood in the accident.

The verb is **bleed**.

blood pres . sure / 'blad prefer / noun

[noncount]

(HEALTH , BIOLOGY) the force with which blood moves around the body

He has high blood pressure.

blood . shed / 'bladsed / noun

[noncount]

the killing of people, especially during a war

They hoped the peace talks would prevent more bloodshed.

blood . stream / 'bl\dstrim / noun

[singular]

(BIOLOGY) the blood as it flows through the body

It takes a few minutes for the drug to enter your bloodstream.

wanting to hurt and kill people

a bloodthirsty dictator

blood ves . sel / 'blad , vesl / noun [count]

(BIOLOGY) one of the tubes in your body that blood flows through

blood . **y** / 'bladi / adjective

(blood i er, blood i est)

1 with a lot of killing

It was a bloody war.

2 covered with blood

a bloody nose

bloom 1 / blum / verb

(blooms, bloom ing, bloomed)

to produce flowers

Roses bloom in the summer.

bloom 2 / blum / noun

in bloom

with its flowers open

The dogwood trees are in bloom.

blos . **som** / 'blasəm / noun [count, noncount]

the flowers on a tree, especially a fruit tree

The apple tree is covered in blossom.

▶blos .som verb

(blos soms blos som ing blos somed)

The cherry trees are blossoming.

blouse / blaus / noun [count]

a piece of clothing like a shirt that a woman or girl wears on the top part of her body

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at clothes.

blow 1 0 / blov / verb

(blows, blow ing , blew / blu / has blown / bloon /)

PRONUNCIATION

The word **blow** sounds like **go**.

1 When air or wind **blows** . it moves

The wind was blowing from the ocean.

2 to move something through the air

The wind blew my hat off.

3 to send air out from your mouth

Please blow into this tube.

4 (MUSIC) to send air out from your mouth into a musical instrument, for example, to make a noise

The referee blew his whistle.

blow up; blow something up

1 to explode or make something explode, for example with a bomb

The plane blew up.

They blew up the station.

2 to fill something with air

We blew up some balloons for the party.

blow your nose

to clear your nose by blowing strongly through it onto a piece of cloth or paper (called a handkerchief or tissue)

blow 2 0 / blov / noun [count]

1 a hard hit from someone's hand or a weapon

He felt a blow on the back of his head.

2 something that happens suddenly and that makes you very unhappy

Her father's death was a terrible blow.

blow-dry / bloo drai / verb

(blow-dries, blow-dry ing, blow-dried)

to dry someone's hair using a small machine that blows out hot air (a hair dryer)

I didn't have time to blow-dry my hair.

blue 1 2 / blu / adjective (blu er , blu est)

1 having the color of a clear sky when the sun shines He wore a blue shirt.

dark blue curtains

Her eyes are bright blue.

2 (informal) sad

I'm feeling a little blue today.

blue 2 / blu / noun [count, noncount]

the color of a clear sky when the sun shines

She was dressed in blue .

→Look at blues.

blue ber ry / bluberi / noun [count] (plural

blue ber ries)

a small, round, dark blue fruit that grows on a bush blueberry muffins

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **berry**.

blue-col lar / blu kalar / adjective

(BUSINESS) connected with people who do physical work with their hands rather than office work

blue-collar workers

→ Look at white-collar.

blues / **bluz** / **noun** [plural]

(MUSIC) a type of slow, sad music with a strong rhythm, developed by African-American musicians in the Southern U.S.

to sing the blues

a blues band

bluff / blnf / verb

(bluffs, bluff ing, bluffed)

to try to make people believe something is true when it is

She won't really tell Mom and Dad. She's just bluffing.

blunt / blant / adjective (blunt er , blunt est)

1 with an edge or point that is not sharp

He only had a blunt knife to cut the rope.

→ANTONYM sharp

2 If you are **blunt**, you say what you think in a way that is not polite.

▶blunt .ly / 'bl∧ntli / adverb

"Go away," she said bluntly.

blur / blar / noun [count , usually singular] something that you cannot see clearly or remember well Without my glasses, everything's a blur. The events of the day were just a blur.

blur .ry / 'bləri / adjective (blurr .i .er , blurr .i .est) not clear

I can't read the words – they're all blurry.

blurt / blort / verb (blurts, blurt ing, blurt ed) blurt something out to say something suddenly or without thinking

The teacher told us to wait, but James just blurted out the answer.

blush / blas/ verb

(blush es, blush ing, blushed)

If you **blush**, your face suddenly becomes red, for example because you are embarrassed *She blushed when he looked at her.*

Blvd.

abbreviation of boulevard

boar / bor / (also wild boar) noun [count] a wild pig

board 1 5 / bord / noun

1 [count] a long, thin, flat piece of wood *I nailed a board across the broken window. floorboards*

2 [count] a flat piece of wood, for example, that you use for a special purpose

There is a list of names on the bulletin board. an ironing board

a chessboard

Look at blackboard.

3 [count] (BUSINESS) a group of people who have a special job, for example controlling a company the board of directors

4 [noncount] the meals that are provided when you live at a college or stay at a hotel, etc.

The tuition fees do not include room and board.

on board

on a ship or an airplane

How many passengers are on board?

board 2 / bord / verb

(boards, board ing, board ed)

to get on a ship, bus, train, or airplane We said goodbye and boarded the train.

Flight 193 to Denver is now boarding (= is ready for passengers to get on).

board . ing pass / 'bordin pæs / noun [count] a card that you must show when you get on an airplane or a ship

board . ing school / 'bordin skul / noun

[count]

a school where the students live

boast / boost / verb (boasts, boast ing, boast ed)

to talk in a way that shows you are too proud of something that you have or something that you can do

He's always boasting about what a good football player he is

▶boast .ful / 'boostfl / adjective

I know you won, but you don't need to be so boastful about it.

boat 5 / boot / noun [count]

a vehicle for traveling on water a fishing boat

We traveled by boat.

 \rightarrow Look at ship.

bob / bab / verb (bobs , bob bing , bobbed)

to move quickly up and down

The boats in the harbor were bobbing up and down in the water.

bod y 2 / badi / noun (plural bod ies)

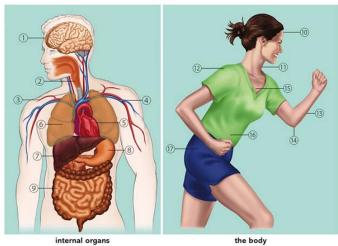
 $\boldsymbol{1}$ [\mbox{count}] the whole physical form of a person or an animal

the human body

 $\boldsymbol{2} \; [\; \text{count} \;]$ all of a person or animal except the legs, arms, and head

The baby mice have thin bodies and big heads.

body



						14000000000000000000000000000000000000					
1	brain	4	vein	7	liver	10	head	(13)	arm	(16)	stomach
2	throat	(5)	heart	8	stomach	(1)	neck	(14)	elbow	(17)	hip
3	artery	6	lung	9	intestines	12	shoulder	15)	chest		

3 [count] a dead person

The police found a body in the river.

4 [singular] the main part of something the body of a plane (= the part where the seats are)

$bod.y.build.ing \ / \ {}^{\text{b}adi_i}bildin \ / \ \textit{noun}$

[noncount]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{SPORTS}}$) making the muscles of your body bigger and stronger by doing exercise

► bod · y · build · er / 'badi,bildər / noun [count] a person who does bodybuilding

bod . y . guard / 'badigard / noun [count]

a person or group of people whose job is to keep an important person safe $\,$

The president's bodyguards all carry guns.

bo . **gus** / 'booges / *adjective* pretending to be real or true *a bogus contract*

boil holl / verb (boils, boil ing, boiled)

1 (GENERAL SCIENCE) When a liquid **boils** , it becomes very hot and makes steam and bubbles W_{oten} boils at 212° E

Water boils at 212° F.

2 to heat a liquid until it **boils** *I boiled some water for the pasta.*

3 to cook something in extremely hot water *Boil the rice in a pan.*

a boiled egg

Thesaurus

cook to make food ready to eat by heating it: *My* mother taught me how to cook. ◆ Who is going to cook dinner tonight? ◆ What's the best way to cook salmon? ◆ He cooked us a wonderful meal.

boil to cook vegetables, rice, eggs, etc. in boiling water (= water heated to 212°F): Boil the rice for 15 minutes. ◆ Put the potatoes on to boil. ◆ Do you like

boiled cabbage?

fry to cook food in a shallow pan of hot oil: Fry the onion and garlic for five minutes.

There was a smell of

bacon frying in the kitchen. ◆ fried chicken/fish/rice bake to cook food in an oven without any extra fat or liquid: to bake bread/cookies ◆ We baked him a cake for his birthday. ◆ baked potatoes

roast to cook large pieces of meat in an oven or over a fire; to cook vegetables in oil or fat in an oven: The turkey is roasting in the oven. ◆ You should boil the potatoes for a little while before you roast them.

grill to cook meat or fish on metal bars over a fire: to grill steak/chicken/burgers/fish on the barbecue ◆ grilled salmon

broil to cook food under or over direct heat: to broil salmon/a steak ◆ We ate broiled chicken with vegetables.

boil over to boil and flow over the sides of a pan *Don't let the milk boil over*.

boil .er / 'boiler / noun [count]

a big metal container that heats water for a building

boil ing / boiling / (also boil ing hot) adjective

(informal)

very hot

I'm boiling.

It's boiling hot in here.

Thesaurus

hot having a high temperature; (used about a person) feeling heat in an uncomfortable way: Do you like this hot weather? ◆ Be careful - the plates are hot. ◆ If you're hot, take off your sweater.

warm with a temperature that is high but not very high, so that it feels pleasant; not hot and not cold: Wash the blouse in warm soapy water. ◆ It's cold outside but it's nice and warm in here. ◆ Are you warm enough? ◆ I jumped up and down to keep warm.

→ANTONYM cold . cool

lukewarm slightly warm, often in an unpleasant way: The food was only lukewarm. ◆ Add half a cup of lukewarm water to the mixture.

boiling

(informal)

very hot in an unpleasant way: You must be boiling in that heavy coat. • Can you turn the heat down? It's boiling hot in here.

→ANTONYM freezing

boil . **ing point** / 'boiling point / **noun** [count] (GENERAL SCIENCE) the temperature at which a liquid starts to boil

bois . ter . ous / 'boisteres / adjective

noisy and full of energy

The kids were a little too boisterous on the school bus.

bold / boold / adjective (bold er, bold est)

1 brave and not afraid

It was very bold of you to ask for more money.

2 that you can see clearly *bold colors*

▶bold ·ly / 'booldli / adverb He boldly said that he disagreed.

bo . **lo** . **gna** (also ba . lo . ney) / bəˈlooni / noun [noncount]

a meat that people often eat for lunch, made from different types of cooked meats: *a bologna sandwich*

bolt / **boolt** / **noun** [count]

1 a thick metal pin that you use with another piece of metal (called a **nut**) to fasten things together

2 a piece of metal that you move across a door to lock it

3 a sudden bright light in the sky during a storm a bolt of lightning

▶bolt verb (bolts, bolt ing, bolt ed) to lock a door by putting a bolt across it

bolts





bomb 1 2 / bam / noun [count]

a thing that explodes and hurts or damages people or things *Aircraft dropped bombs on the city.*

A bomb went off (= exploded) at the station.

bomb 2 / bam / verb (bombs, bomb ing, bombed)

to attack people or a place with bombs

The city was bombed in the war.

bomb .er / 'bamer / noun [count]

1 a type of airplane that drops bombs

2 a person who makes a bomb explode somewhere

bond AWL / band / noun [count]

something that joins people or groups of people together a strong bond of friendship

bone 🔯 / boon / noun [count]

one of the hard white parts inside the body of a person or an animal

She broke a bone in her foot.

This fish has a lot of bones in it.

bon · fire / 'ban,faier / noun [count]

a big fire that you make outside

bon . **net** / 'banət / *noun* [count] a soft hat that you tie under your chin

bo . nus / 'boones / noun [count]

(plural bon .us .es)

 ${\bf 1}$ (${\bf BUSINESS}$) an extra payment that is added to what you usually get

to receive an annual bonus

2 something good that you get in addition to what you expected

My cell phone service includes free texts as an added bonus.

bon · **y** / 'booni / adjective (bon · i · er, bon · i · est) very thin, so that you can see the shape of the bones long bony fingers

boo / bu / exclamation, noun [count] (plural boos)

1 a word people use to show that they do not like someone or something

The speech was met with boos from the audience.

2 a sound that you make to frighten or surprise someone *He jumped out from behind the door and shouted "Boo!"*

boo *verb* (boos, boo ing, booed)

to shout "boo"

The audience booed.

book 1 2 / bok / noun [count]

a thing that you read or write in, which has a lot of pieces of paper joined together inside a cover

I'm reading a book by Mark Twain.

an address book (= a book that you write people's addresses in)

book 2 / bok / verb (books, book ing, booked)

to arrange to do or have something later, for example a seat on an airplane or a room at a hotel $\,$

He booked a flight to Los Angeles.
The hotel is fully booked (= all the rooms are full) .

 $\textbf{book} \cdot \textbf{case} \; / \; {}^{\textbf{l}} \textbf{bok}_{\textbf{k}} \textbf{kers} \; / \; \textbf{\textit{noun}} \; [\; \textbf{count} \;]$

a piece of furniture that you put books in

book . let / 'boklat / noun [count]

a small thin book that gives information about something

book . store / 'bokstor / noun [count]

a store that sells books

boom 1 / bum / noun [count]

1 a loud deep sound

There was a huge boom, and then silence.

2 (BUSINESS) a period in which something increases or develops very quickly

a boom in car sales

boom 2 / bum / verb (booms , boom . ing , boomed)

to make a loud deep sound

We heard the guns booming in the distance.

boost / bust / verb (boosts, boost ing, boost ed)

to make something increase in number, value, or strength *Lower prices have boosted sales.*

What can we do to boost her confidence (= make her feel more confident)?

boot 🥯 / but / noun [count]

a shoe that covers your foot and usually part of your leg

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **shoe**.

booth / buθ / noun [count] (plural booths

a small room or space that is separated from the rest of the

a voting booth a phone booth

bor . der 📀 / 'bərdər / noun [count]

1 (GEOGRAPHY) a line between two countries or states *You need a passport to cross the border.*

→Look at boundary .

2 a line along the edge of something a white tablecloth with a blue border

bore 1

form of bear 1

bore 2 / bor / verb

(bores, bor ing, bored)

1 to make someone feel bored, especially by talking too much

He bores everyone with his long stories.

2 to make a thin round hole in something

These insects bore holes in wood.

bore 3 / bor / noun [count]

a person who talks a lot in a way that is not interesting

bored 🥯 / bord / adjective

not interested; unhappy because you have nothing interesting to do

I'm bored with this book.

The children were bored stiff (= extremely bored) .

▶bore .dom / 'bordom / noun [noncount]

I started to eat too much out of boredom.

Which word?

Bored or boring?

If you have nothing to do, or if what you are doing does not interest you, then you are **bored**: *Grace was so bored that she went home.*

The person or thing that makes you feel like this is **boring**: *The movie was very boring*.

bor ing 5 / born / adjective

not interesting

That class was so boring!

born 🥯 / bərn / adjective

be born

to start your life

He was born in 1996.

Where were you born?

borne

form of bear 2

bor .ough / 'bərov / noun [count]

($\mbox{\sc GEOGRAPHY}$) a town or an part of a city that has its own local government

Brooklyn is a borough of New York City.

bor . row 😂/ 'barov ; 'bərov / verb

(bor rows, bor row ing, bor rowed)

to take and use something that you will give back after a short time

I borrowed some books from the library.

Can I borrow your pen?

Which word?

Borrow or lend?

If you **borrow** something, you have it for a short time and you must give it back: *I borrowed a DVD from Alex for the weekend.*

If you **lend** something, you give it to someone for a short time: Alex lent me a DVD for the weekend.

boss 1 / bos / noun

[count](plural boss es)

a person who is in charge of other people at work and tells them what to \mbox{do}

I asked my boss for a vacation.

boss 2 / bos / verb

(boss es, boss ing, bossed)

boss someone around

to tell someone what to do, in a way that bothers them *I wish you'd stop bossing me around.*

boss · **V** / 'bosi / adjective

(boss i er, boss i est)

A **bossy** person likes to tell other people what to do My sister is very bossy.

bot . a . ny / 'batn•i / noun [noncount]

(**BIOLOGY**) the scientific study of plants

▶bot · a · nist / 'batn•ist / noun [count]

a person who studies plants

both 🥯 / boυθ / adjective, pronoun

the two; not only one but also the other

Hold it in both hands.

Both her brothers are doctors.

Both of us like dancing.

We both like dancing.

both ... and

not only ... but also

She is both rich and intelligent.

both . er 🔯 / 'baðər / verb

(both ers , both er ing , both ered)

1 to disturb someone or make them angry, worried, or upset

Don't bother me now – I'm busy!

Is this music bothering you?

I'm sorry to bother you, but there's someone on the phone

My ankle is still bothering (= hurting) *me.*

2 to spend extra time or energy doing something

Don't bother with the dishes – I'll do them later. He didn't even bother to say goodbye.

bot .tle 🥯 / 'bat] / noun [count]

a glass or plastic container for liquids, with a thin part at the top

a beer bottle

They drank two bottles of water.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at container.

bot . tom 1 2 / 'batem / noun

1 [count , usually singular] the lowest part of something

They live at the bottom of the hill.

The book was at the bottom of my bag.

Look at the picture at the bottom of the page.

→ANTONYM top

2 [count] the flat surface on the outside of an object, on which it stands

There's a label on the bottom of the box.

→ANTONYM top

3 [singular] the lowest position compared to other people or groups

I was always at the bottom of the class in math.

→ANTONYM top

4 [count]

(informal)

the part of your body that you sit on

bot . tom 2 \oscilon / batem / adjective

Put the book on the bottom shelf.

→ANTONYM top

bouaht

form of buy

boul .der / 'boolder / noun [count]

a very big rock

boul . e . vard / 'bolavard / noun [count]

a wide street in a town or city The short way of writing "Boulevard" in street names is Blvd.

Sunset Blvd

bounce / baons / verb

(bounc es, bounc ing, bounced)

1 (used about a ball) to move away quickly after hitting something hard; to make a ball do this

The ball bounced off the wall.

The boy was bouncing a basketball.

2 to jump up and down many times

The children were bouncing on their beds.

bounc . **er** / 'baonser / noun [count]

a person whose job is to control who goes in to a bar or club, and to make people leave if they are causing trouble The bouncer checked our IDs.

bounc . y / 'baonsi / adjective

(bounc i er, bounc i est)

that bounces well or that can make things bounce

a bouncy ball

a bouncy surface

bound 1

form of bind

bound 2 / baund / adjective

1 sure to do something

She works very hard, so she's bound to do well in her exams.

2 having a legal or moral duty to do something

She is not legally bound to pay for the damage.

3 going to a place

This ship is bound for Miami.

bound 3 / baond / verb

(bounds, bound ing, bound ed)

to run with long steps

The dog bounded up the steps.

bound . a . ry / 'baonderi / noun [count]

(plural bound a ries)

a real or imagined line that marks the edges of something This fence is the boundary between the two yards. scientists who push back the boundaries of knowledge

→Look at border.

bou . quet / boo'kei; bu'kei / noun

a group of flowers that is arranged in an attractive way He gave her a bouquet of roses.

bou . tique / bu'tik / noun [count]

(BUSINESS) a small store that sells expensive clothes, gifts, etc.

a designer boutique

bow 1 / bao / verb

(bows, bow ing, bowed)

PRONUNCIATION

The verb and noun **bow** 1 and **bow** 2 sound like **now**. to bend your head or body forward to show respect The actors bowed at the end of the play.

bow 2 / bav / noun [count]

1 an act of bowing

He made a bow and left the stage.

2 the front end of a ship or boat

 \rightarrow Look at stern 2.

bow 3 / bov / noun [count]

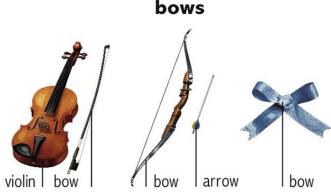
PRONUNCIATION

With these meanings, the word bow sounds like go.

1 a knot with two loose round parts and two loose ends that you use when you are tying shoes, etc.

2 a curved piece of wood with a tight string between the two ends. You use a **bow** to send arrows through the air.

3 (MUSIC) a long thin piece of wood with hair stretched across it that you use for playing some musical instruments *a violin bow*



bow .el / 'baoəl / noun [count]

(**BIOLOGY**) one of the tubes that takes waste food away from your stomach to the place where it leaves your body

bowl 1 2 / bool / noun [count]

a deep round dish that is used for holding food or liquids a $sugar\ bowl$

a bowl of soup

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **cereal**.

bowl 2 / bool / verb (bowls, bowl ing, bowled) (SPORTS) to roll the ball in a game of bowling

bowl ing

/ ˈboʊlɪŋ / noun

(SPORTS) a game in which you roll a heavy ball down a special track toward a group of wooden objects shaped like bottles (called pins) and try to knock them all down We go bowling every Friday night.

bowling



bow tie / 'boo tai / noun [count]

a tie in the shape of a $\ensuremath{\text{bow}}\ 3$ (1) that some men wear on formal occasions

1 a container with straight sides. A **box** often has a lid *Put the books in a cardboard box.*

a box of chocolates

a matchbox

→ Look at the picture at container.

2 a square or similar shape on a piece of paper for people to write information in

Write your name in the box below.

box 2 / baks / verb (box es , box ing , boxed)

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{SPORTS}}$) to fight with your hands, wearing thick gloves, as a sport

box . **er** / 'baksər / *noun* [count]

(SPORTS) a person who **boxes** as a sport *Muhammad Ali, the famous boxer*

box er shorts / bakser forts /

(also box ers / 'baksərz /) noun [plural]

box . **inq** / 'baksıŋ / *noun* [noncount]

men's underwear that looks like a pair of short pants

(SPORTS) the sport of fighting with your hands, while wearing thick gloves

box of . fice / 'baks 'ofes / *noun* [count] a place where you buy tickets in a theater, etc.

boy hoi / noun [count] (plural boys) a male child; a young man

They have three children, two boys and a girl. The older boys at school used to tease him.

boy .cott / 'boikat / verb

(boy cotts, boy cott ing, boy cott ed)

(BUSINESS , POLITICS) to refuse to buy, use, or take part in something as a way of making a protest

Several athletes boycotted the Olympics (= they did not take part) in protest.

▶ boy .cott noun [count] a boycott of American goods

boy . friend 🔯 / 'boifrend / noun [count]

a boy or man who someone has a romantic relationship with

She has had a lot of boyfriends.

the Boy Scouts / ðə 'boi skauts / noun

[singular]

a special club for boys, which does a lot of activities with them and teaches them useful skills

▶Boy Scout noun [count]

a boy who is a member of the Boy Scouts

bra / bra / noun [count] (plural bras)

a thing that a woman wears under her other clothes to cover and support the soft round parts at the front of her body (her breasts)

brace . let / 'breislet / noun [count]

a pretty piece of metal, wood, or plastic that you wear around your arm $\rightarrow Look$ at the picture at jewelry.

brac .es / 'breisəz / noun [plural]

($\mbox{\sc HEALTH}$) wires that children wear on their teeth to make them grow straight

My dentist told me I need braces.

brack . et / 'bræket / noun [count]

1 (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) one of the two marks, [], that you put around extra information in a text

→ Look at parentheses.

2 a particular range of ages, prices, pay, etc. *the 18-24 age bracket* (= people aged between 18 and 24) *to be in a high income bracket*

brag / bræg / verb (brags, brag ging, bragged) to talk in a way that shows you are too proud of something that you have or something that you can do She's always bragging about how smart she is.

→SYNONYM boast

braid / breid / noun

[count

a long piece of hair that someone has divided into three parts and put over and under each other *She wears her hair in braids* .

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **hair**.

▶ braid *verb* (braids , braid ing , braid ed) She braided her hair.

Braille / breil / noun

[noncount]

a system of printing using little round marks that you can read by touching them. It is used by people who are not able to see (blind people).

brain 🚳 / brein / noun

 ${f 1}$ [count] the part inside the head of a person or an animal that thinks and feels

The brain controls the rest of the body.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **body**.

2 [count, noncount] the ability to think clearly; being intelligent

He doesn't have the brains to be a doctor.

brain . storm / 'bremstorm / verb

(brain storms, brain storm ing, brain stormed) to try to think of as many ideas as possible in a short time *Let's brainstorm some new ways to raise money.*

brain . wash / 'breinwass'; 'breinwass' / verb

(brain wash es, brain wash ing, brain washed) to make someone believe something by using strong mental pressure

They were brainwashed into giving away all their money.

brain . y / 'bremi / adjective

(brain i er, brain i est)

(informal)

intelligent

Laura's even brainier than her sister.

→SYNONYM smart

brake 1 / breik / noun [count]

the part of a vehicle that you use to make it go slower or stop

I put my foot on the brake.

→ Look at the picture at steering wheel .

brake 2 / breik / verb

(brakes, brak ing, braked)

to use a brake

A dog ran into the road and the driver braked suddenly.

bran / bræn / noun

[noncount]

the brown covering of grain that is left when the grain is made into flour

bran muffins

branch 1 / bræntʃ / noun [count] (plural branch .es)

 ${\bf 1}$ (${\bf BIOLOGY}$) one of the parts of a tree that grow out from the thick main part (called the trunk)

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **tree**.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ ($\boldsymbol{\text{BUSINESS}}$) an office or a store that is part of a big company

This bank has branches all over the country.

3 one part of an academic subject or area of study *Psychiatry is a branch of medicine.*

branch 2 / brænts / verb

(branch es, branch ing, branched)

branch out to start doing something new and different *He started as a clothing designer, then branched out into furniture.*

brand / brænd / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{BUSINESS}}$) the name of a product that a particular company makes

Which brand of coffee do you buy?

bran .dish / 'brændıʃ / verb

(bran dish es, bran dish ing, bran dished) to wave something in the air in a violent or excited way *He came out of the building brandishing a gun.*

brand new / brænd 'nu / adjective

completely new

a brand new car

bran .dy / 'brændi / noun [count, noncount]

(plural bran dies)

a strong alcoholic drink made from wine

a glass of brandy

Two brandies, please.

brash / bræ∫ / adjective (brash .er , brash .est)

too confident and direct

He has a brash manner, which some people don't like.

brass / bræs / noun [noncount]

1 a hard yellow metal

brass buttons

2 the group of musical instruments that are made of **brass** *music for piano, strings, and brass*

Word building

An orchestra is made up of four sections.

The **strings** section includes violins and cellos.

The woodwind section includes clarinets and flutes.

The **brass** section includes trumpets and trombones.

The **percussion** section includes drums and cymbals.

brat / bræt / noun [count]

a child who behaves badly

Stop acting like a spoiled brat!

brave hrew / adjective (brav.er, brav.est) ready to do dangerous or difficult things without fear brave soldiers

Try to be brave.

▶brave .ly / 'breivli / adverb

He fought bravely in the war.

▶brav .er .y / 'brevəri / noun [noncount]

He won a medal for bravery.

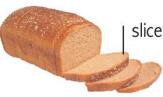
PRONUNCIATION

The word **bread** sounds like **red** .

food made from flour and baked in an oven

I bought a loaf of bread. a slice of bread and butter

bread



a loaf of bread

breadth / $bread\theta$ / noun [count, noncount] how far it is from one side of something to the other We measured the length and breadth of the yard.

→SYNONYM width

→The adjective is **broad** .

break 1 0 / breik / verb

(breaks, break ing, broke / brook / has broken / 'brooken /)

1 to make something go into smaller pieces, for example by dropping it or hitting it

Did you break the window?

She broke her arm.

2 to go into smaller pieces, for example by falling or hitting *I dropped the cup and it broke*.

3 to stop working; to damage a machine so that it stops working

You broke my phone!

4 to do something that is against the law or against what has been agreed or promised

People who break the law must be punished.

I never break my promises .

5 to stop doing something for a short time

Let's break for lunch now and meet back here at 2 p.m.

break down

1 If a machine or car **breaks down**, it stops working *We were late because our car broke down.*

2 If a person **breaks down**, they start to cry *He broke down when he heard the news.*

break in; break into something to go into a place by breaking a door or window so that you can steal something

Thieves broke into the house. They broke in through a window.

break off to take away a piece of something by breaking it

He broke off another piece of chocolate for me.

break out

1 to start suddenly

A fire broke out last night.

2 to get free from a place like a prison *Four prisoners broke out of jail last night.*

break up to end a relationship with someone

Mia and Carl just broke up.

Susy broke up with her boyfriend last week.

Thesaurus

break to go, or to make something go into smaller pieces: She dropped the cup and it broke into pieces.

♦ I'm sorry, I broke one of your dinner plates. ♦ He **broke** the chocolate **in two** and gave me half. ♦ She fell and broke her arm.

crack (used about something hard) to break so that a line appears, but without dividing into smaller pieces; to break something in this way: The ice cracked as I stepped on it. ◆ This mirror is cracked. ◆ He cracked a tooth playing football.

smash to break into many pieces in a violent and noisy way; to break something in this way: The glass bowl smashed into a thousand pieces . ◆ Several windows had been smashed. ◆ He smashed the box open and took the jewelry from inside.

snap to break suddenly into two pieces with a sharp noise; to break something in this way: *Suddenly*, the cable snapped. ◆ The weight of the snow snapped the branch in two.

burst to break open suddenly; to make something break in this way: That balloon will burst if you blow it up any more. ◆ Don't burst that balloon! ◆ The dam burst under the weight of the water.

break 2 / break / noun [count]

1 a place where something opens or has broken *The sun shone through a break in the clouds.*

2 a short time when you stop doing something *We worked all day without a break.*

3 an opportunity to do something; a chance to be successful

He got his big break when he appeared on "American Idol"

give someone a break

to stop bothering someone or being unfair to them *Give me a break! I've been working all day!*

break . down / 'breikdaon / noun [count]

1 a time when a machine, car, etc. stops working *We had a breakdown on the highway.*

2 the failure or end of something

The breakdown of the talks could lead to more violence.

3 another word for nervous breakdown

break . fast 5 / 'brekfest / noun

[count, noncount]

the first meal of the day

I had breakfast at seven o'clock.

to eat a big breakfast

break-in / 'breik ,in / noun [count]

the act of entering a building by force, especially to steal something

The police reported several break-ins in the area.

break .through / 'breikθru / noun [count]

something important that you discover or develop to made a breakthrough in cancer research

break .up / 'breikap / noun [count]

the end of a relationship between two people *the breakup of a marriage*

breast / brest / noun [count]

PRONUNCIATION

The word breast sounds like test.

1 one of the two soft round parts of a woman's body that can give milk

2 the front part of a bird's body

breast . stroke / 'breststrook ; 'brestrook /

noun [noncount]

(SPORTS) a way of swimming on your front in which you push both arms forward and then pull them back to your sides in a circle

Can you do the breaststroke?

→ Look at crawl 2.

breath 2 / brεθ / noun [count, noncount]

the air that you take in and let out through your nose and mouth

Take a deep breath.

He has bad breath (= breath that smells bad).

hold your breath

to stop breathing for a short time

We all held our breath as the winner was announced.

out of breath

breathing very quickly

She was out of breath after climbing the stairs.

under your breath

If you say something **under your breath**, you say it quietly because you do not want people to hear "Idiot!" he muttered under his breath.

breathe 💁/ brið / verb

(breathes, breath ling, breathed)

to take in and let out air through your nose and mouth The doctor told me to breathe in and then breathe out again slowly. breath . less / 'brεθlas / adjective

(HEALTH) breathing quickly or with difficulty Running made them hot and breathless.

breath . tak . ing / 'brεθ,terkin / adjective

very beautiful, surprising, or exciting

We had a breathtaking view of the mountains.

breed 1 / brid / verb

(breeds, breed ing, bred / bred / has bred)

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ ($\boldsymbol{BIOLOGY}$) When animals \boldsymbol{breed} , they produce young animals

Birds breed in the spring.

2 to keep animals so that they will produce baby animals *They breed horses on their farm.*

breed 2 / brid / noun [count]

a kind of animal

There are many different breeds of dog.

breeze / briz / noun [count]

a light wind

Thesaurus

wind air that moves quickly outside: The wind was blowing hard. ◆ The trees were swaying in the wind. ◆ Several trees were blown over in the strong winds. ◆ A gust of wind blew my hat off.

hurricane a violent storm with very strong winds, which starts over the ocean: Many of the buildings here were destroyed in the hurricane. ◆ Hurricane Rita is now approaching the coast of Florida.

tornado a violent storm with very strong winds that move in a circle. There is often also a tall cloud which is narrow at the bottom and wide at the top: A tornado tore through the town yesterday. ◆ The hotel was completely destroyed by a tornado. ◆ a tornado warning breeze a light wind: A light breeze was blowing. ◆ The flowers were gently moving in the breeze. ◆ a cool/warm breeze

gale a very strong wind: The roof of the school was torn off by the gale. ◆ The gale blew down several trees.

brew .er .y / 'bruəri / noun [count]

(plural brew .er .ies)

a place where beer is made

bribe / braib / noun [count]

money or a gift that you give to someone to make them do something for you, especially something dishonest

▶bribe *verb* (bribes , brib ing , bribed)

The prisoner bribed the guard to let him go free.

brib .er .y / 'braibəri / noun [noncount]

the act of giving or taking **bribes** *the bribery of public officials*

brick 🔯 / brik / noun [count, noncount]

a small block of **clay** (= a type of earth) that has been baked until it is hard. **Bricks** are used for building a brick wall

brick . **lay** . **er** / 'brik,leier / *noun* [count] a person whose job is to build things with bricks

brid al / braidl / adjective

connected with a **bride** or a wedding

a bridal shower (= a party before a wedding where people give presents to the bride)

bride / braid / noun [count] a woman on the day of her wedding the bride and groom

bride . groom / 'braidgrum / noun [count]

(formal)

a man on the day of his wedding

→SYNONYM groom

brides . maid / 'braidzmeid / noun

[count]

a girl or woman who helps a bride at her wedding

→ Look at maid of honor.

bridge 😂 / brid3 / noun

[count]

a thing that is built over a road, railroad, or river so that people, trains, or cars can cross it

We walked over the bridge.

brief AWL / brif / adjective

(brief er, brief est)

short or quick

a brief telephone call

Please be brief.

in brief

in a few words

Here is the news in brief (= words said on a radio or television program).

▶brief . ly AWL / 'brifli / adverb

He had spoken to Emma only briefly.

brief .case / 'brifkers / noun [count]

a flat case that you use for carrying papers, especially when you go to work

Look at the picture at bag.

brief . ing AWL / 'brifin / noun

[count, noncount]

instructions or information that someone is given before something happens

a press briefing(=where information is given to journalists)

bright 🔯 / brait / adjective

(bright er , bright est)

1 with a lot of light

It was a bright sunny day.

That lamp is very bright.

2 with a strong color

a bright yellow shirt

3 intelligent; able to learn things quickly

She is the brightest child in the class.

Thesaurus

intelligent good at learning, understanding, and thinking quickly and clearly: He's a very intelligent man. ◆ She asked a lot of intelligent questions.

smart quick at learning and understanding things; able to make good decisions: She's smarter than her brother. ◆ Accepting that job was a smart career move

. • OK, I admit it wasn't the smartest thing I ever did (= it was a stupid thing to do).

brilliant extremely intelligent: a brilliant young scientist/musician ◆ He has one of the most brilliant minds in the country.

bright (used especially about young people) intelligent; quick to learn: *She's probably the brightest student in the class.* ◆ *a bright boy/girl/kid*

▶bright ly / 'braitli / adverb

brightly colored clothes

▶bright . ness / 'brartnes / noun [noncount]

the brightness of the sun

bright .en / 'braitn / verb (bright .ens ,

bright en ing , bright ened) (also bright en up)
to become brighter or happier; to make something brighter

Her face brightened when she saw him. These flowers will brighten the room up.

hril liant / hwhent / adjactive

bril . liant / 'brilyant / adjective

1 with a lot of light; very bright

brilliant sunshine

2 extremely intelligent

a brilliant student

Thesaurus

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► bril·liance / 'brilyəns / noun [noncount] the brilliance of the light

▶bril · liant · ly / 'brilyəntli / adverb

brim / brim / noun [count]

1 the edge around the top of something like a cup, bowl, or glass

The bowl was full to the brim.

2 the wide part around the bottom of a hat

bring 🔯 / brin / verb

(brings, bring ing, brought / brot / has brought)

1 to take something or someone with you to a place *Could you bring me a glass of water?*

Can I bring a friend to the party?

2 to make something happen

Money doesn't always bring happiness.

bring something about to cause something to happen to bring about changes in people's lives

bring something back

1 to return something

I brought back the book you lent me.

2 to make you remember something

These old photographs bring back a lot of happy memories.

bring something on to cause something *Her headaches are brought on by stress.*

bring someone up to take care of a child until they are grown up

He was brought up by his aunt after his parents died. The noun is **upbringing**.

bring something up to start to talk about something *Can you bring up this problem at the next meeting?*

Which word?

Bring or take?

You **bring** something with you to the place where you are going: Bring your vacation pictures to show me. ◆ He always brings me flowers. ◆ Can I bring a friend to the party?

You **take** something to a different place: *Don't forget* to take your passport. ◆ Take an umbrella when you go out today.

brisk / brisk / *adjective* (brisk er, brisk est) quick and using a lot of energy

We went for a brisk walk.

►brisk .ly / 'briskli / adverb to walk briskly

bris . **tle** / 'brisl / *noun* [count] a short thick hair like the hair on a brush

brit .tle / 'brit] / adjective

Something that is **brittle** is hard but breaks easily *This glass is very brittle.*

broad / broad / adjective (broad .er , broad .est)

1 large from one side to the other *a broad river*

→SYNONYM wide

2 including many different people or things *We offer a broad range of products.*

→ANTONYM narrow

The noun is **breadth**.

broad . band / 'brodbænd / noun [noncount]

(${\sf COMPUTERS}$) a way of connecting a computer to the Internet, which lets you send and receive a lot of information quickly

Do you have broadband?

broad . **cast** / 'brodkæst / verb (broad . casts ,

broad cast ing, broad cast, has broad cast) to send out sound or pictures by radio or television *The Olympics are broadcast live around the world.*

▶broad ·cast noun [count] a news broadcast

► broad .cast .er / 'brodkæster / noun [count] a person whose job is to talk on radio or television

broad . ly / 'brodli / adverb

1 with a big, wide smile

He smiled broadly as he shook my hand.

→ Look at the picture at vegetables.

2 generally

Broadly speaking, the plan will work like this...

broc . **co** . **li** / 'brakəli / *noun* [noncount] a vegetable with green or purple flowers that you eat

bro .chure / brov'for / noun [count]

a thin book with pictures of things you can buy or places you can go on vacation

a travel brochure

broil / broil / verb (broils, broil ing, broiled) to cook something under or over direct heat broiled salmon

Thesaurus

cook to make food ready to eat by heating it: *My* mother taught me how to cook. ◆ Who is going to cook dinner tonight? ◆ What's the best way to cook salmon? ◆ He cooked us a wonderful meal.

boil to cook vegetables, rice, eggs, etc. in boiling water (= water heated to 212°F): Boil the rice for 15 minutes. ◆ Put the potatoes on to boil. ◆ Do you like boiled cabbage?

fry to cook food in a shallow pan of hot oil: Fry the onion and garlic for five minutes. ◆ There was a smell of bacon frying in the kitchen. ◆ fried chicken/fish/rice bake to cook food in an oven without any extra fat or liquid: to bake bread/cookies ◆ We baked him a cake for his birthday. ◆ baked potatoes

roast to cook large pieces of meat in an oven or over a fire; to cook vegetables in oil or fat in an oven: The turkey is roasting in the oven. ◆ You should boil the potatoes for a little while before you roast them.

grill to cook meat or fish on metal bars over a fire: to grill steak/chicken/burgers/fish on the barbecue ◆ grilled salmon

broil to cook food under or over direct heat: to broil salmon/a steak ◆ We ate broiled chicken with vegetables.

broil .er / 'broiler / noun [count]

a part of an oven that cooks food with heat from above *Roast the peppers under the broiler.*

broke 1

form of break 1

broke 2 / brook / adjective

(informal)

having no money

I can't go out tonight. I'm totally broke.

bro .ken 1

form of break 1

bro . ken 2 / 'brooken / adjective

in pieces or not working

a broken window

"What's the time?" "I don't know – my watch is broken." The TV is broken.

The verb is break.

bronze / branz / noun [noncount]

a dark red-brown metal

a bronze medal

brook / brok / noun [count]

(GEOGRAPHY) a very small river

broom / brum / noun

[count]

a brush with a long handle that you use for cleaning the floor





broth / broθ / noun [noncount] a thin soup

a unn soup chicken broth

broth . er 🥯 / ˈbrʌðər / noun [count]

a man or boy who has the same parents as you *My younger brother is named Mark.*

Gavin and Nick are brothers.

Do you have any brothers and sisters?

broth . er-in-law / 'braðer in le / noun

[count](plural broth ers-in-law)

1 the brother of your wife or husband

2 the husband of your sister $\rightarrow Look$ at sister-in-law.

broth .er .ly / 'br\dorli / adjective

showing feelings of kindness and love, like a brother would show $% \left\{ 1,2,\ldots ,n\right\}$

brotherly love

brought form of bring

brow / brav / noun [count]

(formal)

the part of your face above your eyes

→SYNONYM forehead

having the color of soil or wood

She has dark hair and brown eyes.

▶brown *noun* [count, noncount]

You look good in brown.

browse / brauz / verb

(brows es, brows ing, browsed)

1 to spend time looking through a store or book without a clear idea of what you are looking for

I browsed through the catalog but didn't see anything I wanted to buy.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ ($\boldsymbol{\mathsf{COMPUTERS}}$) to look for and read information on a computer

to browse the Internet

brows .er / 'bravzər / noun [count]

(COMPUTERS) a program that lets you look at pages on the Internet

a Web browser

bruise / bruz / noun [count]

a dark mark on your skin that comes after something hits it bruise verb (bruis es, bruis ing, bruised)

He fell and bruised his leg.

brunch / brantʃ / noun [count, noncount] (plural brunch .es)

a late morning meal that you eat instead of breakfast and lunch

to go out for brunch

bru . **nette** / _bru'nɛt / *noun* [count] a woman with dark brown hair

brunt / brant / noun

bear, take, etc. the brunt of something to suffer the main force or the worst part of something

brush 1 2 / bras/ noun [count]

The West Coast bore the brunt of the storm.

(plural brush .es)

a thing that you use for cleaning, painting, or making your hair neat

a clothes brush

brushes







hairbrush

toothbrush

paintbrushes

brush 2 0 / bras / verb

(brush .es , brush .ing , brushed)

to clean or make something neat with a brush I brush my teeth twice a day.

Brush your hair!

Brus . sels sprout / 'brasl spraot /

(also brus sels sprout) noun

[count]

a very small round green vegetable consisting of a tight ball of leaves

bru tal / 'brutl / adjective

very cruel

a brutal murder

▶bru .tal .ly / 'brutl•i / adverb

She was brutally attacked.

bru tal i ty / bruˈtæləti / noun

[count, noncount](plural bru tal i ties)

very cruel and violent behavior complaints of police brutality

B.S. / bi es / noun [count]

the degree that you receive when you complete a program of study at a college or university in a science subject. **B.S.** is short for "Bachelor of Science."

→ Look at B.A., M.S., bachelor's degree.

bub . ble 1 2 / babl / noun [count]

a small ball of air or gas inside a liquid The children blew bubbles under the water.

bub . ble 2 / 'babl / verb

(bub bles, bub bling, bub bled)

to make a lot of bubbles

When water boils, it bubbles.

buck / bak / noun [count]

1 (informal) a dollar

I spent ten bucks on lunch.

2 a male deer (= a wild animal that eats grass)

buck .et / 'bakət / noun

a round metal or plastic container with a handle. You use a bucket for carrying water, for example.

bucket



buck . le / 'bakl / noun [count]

a metal or plastic thing on the end of a belt or on a shoe that you use for fastening it

bud / bad / noun [count]

a leaf or flower before it opens

The trees are covered in buds.

Bud . dhism / 'budızəm ; 'budızəm / noun

(RELIGION) the religion that is based on the teaching of Buddha

Bud . dhist / 'budist; 'bodist / noun [count]

(RELIGION) a person who follows the religion of **Buddhism**

▶ Bud . dhist adjective

a Buddhist temple

bud .dy / 'badi / noun [count]

(plural bud dies)

a male friend

I spent the weekend with some college buddies.

budge / bad3 / verb

(budg es, budg ing, budged)

to move a little or to make something move a little I tried to move the rock but it wouldn't budge.

budg . et / 'bAd3ət / noun

[count, noncount]

a plan of how much money you will have and how you will spend it

We have a weekly budget for food.

▶budg .et *verb*

(budg ets, budg et ing, budg et ed)

I am budgeting very carefully because I want to buy a new

buffalo

buf .fa .lo

/ 'bʌfəloʊ / noun [count] (plural buf fa lo or

buf fa loes)

a large wild animal that looks like a cow with a large head, curved horns, and thick fur on its head and neck

 \rightarrow Look at **bison**.

buf . fet / bəˈfeɪ ; bʊˈfeɪ

/ noun [count]

a meal when all the food is on a big table and you take what you want

a buffet lunch

bug 1 / bag / noun [count]

1 a small insect

2 (HEALTH) an illness that is not serious I caught a bug.

3 (COMPUTERS) a fault in a machine, especially a computer system or program

bug 2 / b_Ag / verb (bugs, bugg ing, bugged)

(informal)

to bother or worry someone

The kids have been bugging me all day.

(builds, build ing, built / bilt / has built)

to make something by putting parts together He built a wall in front of the house.

The bridge is built of stone.

build .er / 'bilder / noun

[count]

a person or company that builds things, especially houses and buildings

build ing 2 / bildin / noun

1 [count] a structure with a roof and walls. Houses, schools, churches, and stores are all buildings

There are a lot of old buildings in this town.

2 [noncount] the process or business of making buildings

the building industry

→SYNONYM construction

built

form of build

bulb / balb / noun [count]

1 (also light bulb) the glass part of an electric lamp that gives light

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at lamp.

2 (BIOLOGY) a round thing that some plants grow from

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at plant.

bulge / bald3 / verb

(bulg es, bulg ing, bulged)

to go out in a round shape from something that is usually

My stomach is bulging – I have to get some exercise.

▶bulge *noun* [count]

a bulge in the wall

bulk AWL / balk / noun

1 [singular] the main part of something; most of something

It was supposed to be a group project, but I did the bulk of the work.

2 [noncount] the large size, weight, or amount of something

The sheer bulk of the stone table made it impossible for us to move

in bulk

in large quantities

It's cheaper to buy in bulk.

bulk . y AWL / 'balki / adjective

(bulk i er bulk i est)

big, heavy, and difficult to carry

a bulky package

bull / bol / noun [count]

the male of the cow and of some other animals

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **cow**.

bull .doz .er

/ 'boldoozər / noun [count]

a big heavy machine that moves earth and makes land flat

bulldozer



bul . let 🔯 / 'bolət / noun

[count]

a small piece of metal that comes out of a gun The bullet hit him in the leg.

bul . le . tin / 'bolatn / noun

a short newspaper that a club or an organization publishes the monthly church bulletin

bul . le . tin board / 'bulatn bord / noun

a board on a wall for information

The teacher put the exam results on the bulletin board.

bul . let . proof / 'bolatpruf / adjective

made of a strong material that stops bullets from passing through it

a bulletproof vest

bull's-eye / 'bolz ar / noun [count]

(SPORTS) the center of a round object (called a target) that you try to hit when you are shooting or throwing things in certain sports

to hit the bull's-eye

bul . **ly** / 'boli / noun [count] (plural bul . lies)

a person who hurts or frightens a weaker person

▶bul ly verb (bul lies, bul ly ing, bul lied) She was bullied by the older girls at school.

bum / bam / noun [count]

(informal)

a person who is very lazy or who does no work

bump 1 / bamp / verb

(bumps, bump ing, bumped)

1 to hit someone or something when you are moving She bumped into a chair.

2 to hit a part of your body against something hard I bumped my knee on the table.

bump into someone to meet someone by chance I bumped into David today.

bump 2 / bamp / noun [count]

1 the action or sound of something hitting a hard surface He fell and hit the ground with a bump.

2 a round raised area on your body where you have hit it I have a bump on my head.

3 a small part on something flat that is higher than the rest The car hit a bump in the road.

bump .er / 'bamper / noun [count]

a bar on the front and back of a car which helps to protect the car if it hits something

Look at the picture at car.

bump . y / 'bampi / adjective

(bump i er , bump i est)

not flat or smooth

We had a bumpy flight.

The road was very bumpy.

→ANTONYM smooth

bun / ban / noun [count] a small round piece of bread

a hamburger bun

bunch / bant[/ noun [count] (plural bunch les) a group of things that grow together or that you tie or hold

together a bunch of grapes

two bunches of flowers

a bunch of ...; a whole bunch of ...

(informal)

a large group of people or things; a lot of something I have a bunch of stuff to do today.

A whole bunch of us went out for pizza after work.

bun . dle / 'bandl / noun [count]

a group of things that you tie or wrap together a bundle of old newspapers

bunk / bank / noun [count]

1 a narrow bed that is attached to a wall, for example on a ship or train

2 (also bunk bed) one of a pair of beds built one on top of the other

bun . ny / 'bani / noun [count]

(plural bun nies)

a child's word for rabbit (= a small animal with long ears)

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buoy / 'bui; bot / *noun* [count] (*plural* buoys) a thing that floats in water to show boats where there are dangerous places

bur .den / 'bərdn / noun [count]

something that you have to do that worries you, or that causes difficulty or hard work

I don't want to be a burden to my children when I'm old.

bu . reau / 'byoroo / noun [count]

1 (POLITICS) a government department the Federal Bureau of Investigation

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ ($\mbox{\scriptsize BUSINESS}$) an organization or a company that provides information

a visitor's bureau

bu .reauc .ra .cy / byo'rakrəsi / noun

[noncount]

the system of official rules and processes that a government or an organization has, which people often think is too complicated

You have to deal with so much bureaucracy to get your passport.

► bu .reau .crat .ic / ˌbyorəˈkrætık / adjective bureaucratic procedures

burg .er / 'bərgər / noun [count]

meat that is cut into very small pieces and made into a flat round shape, which you eat between two pieces of bread a burger and fries

→SYNONYM hamburger

bur . **glar** / 'bergler / **noun** [count] a person who goes into a building to steal things

bur .glar .ize / 'bərgləraiz / verb

(bur glar iz es, bur glar iz ing, bur glar ized) to go into a building illegally, usually using force, and steal from it

Our house was burglarized.

bur .gla .ry / 'bərgləri / noun

[count, noncount] (plural bur .gla .ries) the crime of going into a house to steal things

He was arrested for burglary.

There was a burglary at the house next door.

bur . i . al / 'berial / noun [count, noncount] the time when a dead body is put in the ground The verb is bury.

bur ied, bur ies

forms of bury

burn 1 hern / verb (burns, burn ing, burned or burnt / bernt / has burned or has burnt)

1 to make flames and heat; to be on fire *Paper burns easily.*

She escaped from the burning building.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ to harm or destroy someone or something with fire or heat

I burned my fingers on a match.

We burned the wood on the fire.

Her hand was badly burned.

3 to feel very hot and painful

Your forehead's burning. You must have a fever.

Her cheeks burned with embarrassment.

Thesaurus

hurt is a general word meaning to feel pain, or to make someone or something else feel pain: My feet hurt. ◆ It hurts when I bend my knee. ◆ Ouch! That

really hurts! ◆ Stop that – you're hurting me. ◆ Did you hurt yourself when you fell?

ache to feel a pain that is not strong, but that continues for a long time. This verb does not take an object, so you cannot put a noun directly after it: His legs ached after playing soccer for two hours. ◆ Her eyes ached from lack of sleep. ◆ I'm aching all over.

burn to feel very hot and painful; to hurt someone with fire or heat: Your forehead's burning. You must have a fever. ◆ The water was so hot that I burned my hands. ◆ She was badly burned in the fire.

sting to feel a sudden sharp pain; to make someone feel a pain like this: My eyes were stinging from the soap. ◆ Ow! That antiseptic cream stings!

burn down; burn something down to burn, or to make a building burn, until there is nothing left *Their house burned down*.

burn 2 / bərn / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{HEALTH}}$) a place on your body where fire or heat has hurt it

I have a burn on my arm.

burp / bərp / verb

(burps, burp ing, burped)

to make a noise from your mouth when air suddenly comes up from your stomach

He burped loudly.

▶burp *noun* [count]

I heard a loud burp.

bur . row / 'bəroʊ / noun [count]

a hole or tunnel in the ground made by some animals for them to live in. **Rabbits** (= small animals with long ears) live in **burrows** .

▶bur row verb (bur rows, bur row ing,

bur rowed)

to dig a hole in the ground

These animals burrow for food.

burst 1 2 / barst / verb

(bursts, burst ing, burst, has burst)

1 to break open suddenly or to make something do this *The bag was so full that it burst.*

He burst the balloon.

Thesaurus

break to go, or to make something go into smaller pieces: *She dropped the cup and it broke into pieces* .

◆ I'm sorry, I broke one of your dinner plates. ◆ He **broke** the chocolate **in two** and gave me half. ◆ She fell and broke her arm.

crack (used about something hard) to break so that a line appears, but without dividing into smaller pieces; to break something in this way: The ice cracked as I stepped on it. ◆ This mirror is cracked. ◆ He cracked a tooth playing football.

smash to break into many pieces in a violent and noisy way; to break something in this way: The glass bowl smashed into a thousand pieces . ◆ Several windows had been smashed. ◆ He smashed the box open and took the jewelry from inside.

snap to break suddenly into two pieces with a sharp noise; to break something in this way: *Suddenly*, the cable snapped. ◆ The weight of the snow snapped the branch in two.

burst to break open suddenly; to make something break in this way: That balloon will burst if you blow it up any more. ◆ Don't burst that balloon! ◆ The dam burst under the weight of the water.

2 to go or come suddenly *Steve burst into the room.*

burst into something

to start doing something suddenly

She read the letter and burst into tears (= started to cry). The car burst into flames (= started to burn).

burst out laughing

to suddenly start to laugh

When she saw my hat, she burst out laughing.

burst 2 / berst / noun

[count]

something that happens suddenly and quickly a sudden burst of activity

bur . y 🔯 / 'bɛri / verb

(bur ies, bur y ing, bur ied, has bur ied)

PRONUNCIATION

The word bury sounds like very .

1 to put a dead body in the ground

She wants to be buried next to her mother.

The noun is **burial**.

2 to put something in the ground or under something *The dog buried the bone in the yard.*

bus / bas / noun [count] (plural bus .es or bus .ses)

a large vehicle that carries a lot of people along the road and stops often so they can get on and off

We went to the city by bus. Where do you get off the bus?

Word building

You can get on or off a bus at a bus stop , and the place where most bus routes start is the bus station .

The **bus driver** will take the money (your **fare**) and give you your **ticket**. If you need to change to a different bus on the same trip, the driver will give you a ticket called a **transfer** that you can use on the other bus without paying again.

You can buy a **one-way ticket**, or a **round-trip ticket** if you want to come back again: *Round-trip to St. Paul, please.*

Note that we travel **on the bus** or **by bus** : "How do you get to school?" "By bus."

bush 🔯 / boʃ/ noun [count]

(plural bush .es)

a plant like a small tree with a lot of branches a rose bush

bush .el / 'bojl / noun [count]

a unit for measuring grain and fruit, equal to 64 pints or 35.2 liters

a bushel of apples

busi . ness 🔯 / ˈbiznəs / noun

(plural busi .ness .es)

1 [noncount] buying and selling things I want to go into business when I leave school. Business is not very good this year.

2 [noncount] the work that you do as your job *The manager will be away on business next week.* a business trip

3 [count] a place where people sell or make things, for example a store or factory

it's none of your business; mind your own business

words that you use to tell someone rudely that you do not want to tell them about something private

"Where are you going?" "Mind your own business!"

busi . ness . man / 'bıznəs,mæn ; 'bıznəs,mən /

noun [count]

(plural busi .ness .men / 'bɪznəsˌmən /)

a man who works in business, especially in a top position

busi . ness . wom . an / 'bıznəs,womən / noun [count]

(plural busi ness wom en / biznes, wimen /)

a woman who works in business, especially in a top position

bus sta .tion / 'bas steifn / noun

[count

a building where buses start and end their trips

bus stop / 'bas stap / noun [count]

a place where buses stop and people get on and off

→SYNONYM stop

bust 1 / bast / adjective

go bust

(informal)

If a company or business **goes bust**, it has to close because it has lost too much money.

bust 2 / bast / noun [count]

1 (ART) a model of a person's head, shoulders, and chest a bust of John F. Kennedy

2 a woman's chest or the measurement around her chest *Her bust size is 34B.*

bus y o/bizi / adjective (bus i er, bus i est)

1 with a lot of things that you must do; working or not free *Mr. Jones can't see you now – he's busy.*

2 with a lot of things happening

I had a busy morning.

The stores are always busy at Christmas.

3 (used about a telephone) being used *The line is busy – I'll try again later.*

▶bus i ly / ˈbɪzəli / adverb

He was busily writing a letter.

but 1 hat; bet / conjunction a word that you use to show something different My sister speaks Spanish but I don't.

He studied hard, but he didn't pass the exam. The weather was sunny but cold.

but 2 / bat; bet / preposition

except

She eats nothing but chocolate.

butch .er / 'botser / noun

[count

a person or store that sells meat

She went to the butcher for some lamb chops.

butt / bat / noun [count]

1 (informal) the part of your body that you sit on

→SYNONYM buttocks

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ a short piece of a cigarette that is left after it has been smoked

but .ter 🚳 / 'bʌtər / noun

[noncount]

a soft yellow food that is made from milk. You put it on bread or use it in cooking

She spread butter on the bread.

▶but .ter *verb* (but .ters, but .ter .ing, but .tered) to put butter on bread

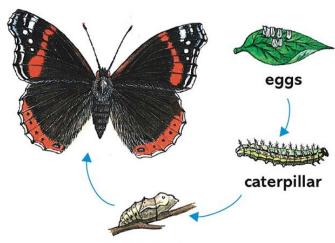
I buttered the toast.

but .ter .fly / 'baterflai / noun [count]

(plural but .ter .flies)

an insect with big wings that usually have bright colors

butterfly



chrysalis

but .ter .scotch / 'baterskatf/ noun

[noncount]

a type of brown candy made by boiling butter and brown sugar together

but . tock / 'bʌtək / noun

[count]

one of the two parts of your body that you sit on

but .ton 😂 / 'bʌtn / noun [count]

1 a small round thing on clothes that holds them together. You push it through a small hole (called a **buttonhole**).

2 a small thing on a machine that you push

Press this button to ring the bell.

3 a small piece of plastic or metal with a picture or words on the front and a pin on the back, which you wear on your clothes

Everyone was wearing a campaign button.

buy 🔯 / bai / verb

(buys, buy ing, bought / bot / has bought)

PRONUNCIATION

The word buy sounds like my .

to give money to get something

I bought a new watch.

He bought the car from a friend.

→ANTONYM sell

▶buy .er / 'barər / noun [count]

We've found a buyer for our house!

→ANTONYM seller

buzz / b_{\lambda}z / verb

(buzz es, buzz ing, buzzed)

to make the sound that an insect such as a **bee** (= a black and yellow insect) makes when it flies

A fly was buzzing against the window.

▶buzz noun [count] (plural buzz es)

the buzz of insects

buz . zard / 'bazərd / noun [count]

a large bird that eats dead animals

buzz .er / 'bʌzər / noun [count]

a piece of equipment that makes a buzzing sound *Press the buzzer in the lobby and I'll let you in.*

by 1 🔯 / bai / preposition

1 very near

The telephone is by the door.

They live by the ocean.

→SYNONYM beside

2 from one side of someone or something to the other *He walked by me without speaking.*

→SYNONYM past

3 not later than

I must finish this work by six o'clock.

→SYNONYM before

4 using or doing something

I go to work by train.

He paid by check.

You turn the computer on by pressing this button.

5 a word that shows who or what did something

a painting by Picasso

She was caught by the police.

6 as a result of something

I got on the wrong bus by mistake.

We met by chance.

7 used for showing the measurements of an area

The table is six feet by three feet (= six feet long and three feet wide).

by 2 / bai / adverb

past

She drove by without stopping.

bye bar / (also bye-bye / 'barbar ; bar'bar /)

exclamation

goodbye

Bye! See you tomorrow.

by stand er / bai,stænder / noun

[count

a person who is near something when it happens but is not involved

Several innocent bystanders were hurt when the gangs started to fight.

byte / bait / noun

[count]

(COMPUTERS) a unit of information in a computer

→ Look at gigabyte, kilobyte, megabyte.



C, C / si / noun [count, noncount]

(plural **C's, c's** / siz /)

1 the third letter of the English alphabet

"Car" begins with a "C."

2 C (GENERAL SCIENCE) abbreviation of Celsius, centigrade

Water freezes at 0°C.

3 C a grade that is given to a student for average work.

A C is lower than a B

I only got a C on my math test.

cab / kæb / noun [count]

1 another word for taxi

2 the part of a truck, train, or bus where the driver sits

cab . bage / 'kæbid3 / noun

[count, noncount]

a large round vegetable with thick green or white leaves

→ Look at the picture at vegetable.

cab . in / 'kæbən / noun

[count]

1 a small simple house made of wood

a log cabin at the edge of the lake

2 the part of an airplane where people sit

the passengers in the first-class cabin

3 a small bedroom on a ship

cab . i . net 😂 / ˈkæbənət / noun [count]

1 a piece of furniture that you can keep things in a medicine cabinet

a file cabinet (= one that you use in an office to keep documents in)

2 (also Cab i net) (POLITICS) a group of the most important people in the government

Word building

The U.S. Government

The government in the U.S. is divided into three parts: the legislative branch, the executive branch, and the judicial branch.

The legislative branch is responsible for making laws. This is the U.S. Congress, which is made up of two groups of people: the Senate and the House of Representatives .

The executive branch is led by the president, and includes the vice president and the rest of the Cabinet (= other important politicians).

The judicial branch includes the Supreme Court, which is the most important court in the country.

ca . ble / 'keibl / noun

1 [count, noncount] a set of wires that carry electricity cal.cu.la.tion/kælkyə'leɪʃn/noun or messages

a printer cable

2 (also ca . ble tel . e . vi . sion / kerbl 'tɛləvɪʒn /

►ca ble TV / kerbl ti'vi /) [noncount] a way of sending television programs along wires in the ground Do your hotel rooms have cable? a cable TV channel

3 [count] a strong, thick, metal rope

cac tus

/ 'kæktəs / noun [count] (plural cac ti / 'kæktaı / or

cac tus es) a plant with a lot of sharp points, which grows in hot dry places



ca · **fé** (also **ca** · **fe**) / **kæf** ei / **noun** [count] a place where you can buy a drink and something to eat

caf .e .te .ri .a / kæfə tıriə / noun

a restaurant where you choose and pay for your meal and then carry it to a table. Places like factories, schools, and hospitals often have cafeterias.

caf . feine / kæ'fin / noun

[noncount]

the substance in coffee and tea that makes you feel more active and awake

→ Look at decaffeinated.

cage / kerd3 / noun

a place with bars around it where animals or birds are kept so that they cannot escape

Cake 💟 / keik / noun

[count, noncount]

a sweet food that you make from flour, eggs, sugar, and butter and bake in the oven

a chocolate cake

Would you like a piece of cake?

a piece of cake

(informal)

something that is very easy to do

cal . ci . um / 'kælsiam / noun [noncount]

(symbol Ca)

(CHEMISTRY) a chemical substance that is found in foods such as milk and cheese. It helps to make bones and teeth strong.

cal .cu .late 🔯 / ˈkælkyəleɪt / verb

(cal cu lates, cal cu lat ing, cal cu lat ed)

(MATH) to find an amount or a number by using mathematics

Can you calculate how much the vacation will cost?

[count, noncount]

(MATH) finding an answer by using mathematics I need to do a few calculations before I can give you an

cal cu la tor

/ 'kælkyəˌleɪtər / noun [count]

(MATH) a small electronic instrument that you use for calculating numbers



calculator

cal .en .dar / 'kæləndər / noun [count] a list of the days, weeks, and months of one year

calf / kæf / noun [count] (plural calves / kævz /)

1 a young cow

2 the back of your leg, below your knee

Call 1 2 / kol / verb (calls, call ing, called)

1 to speak loudly and clearly so that someone who is far away can hear you

"Breakfast is ready," she called.

She called out the names of the winners.

2 to contact someone by telephone

I'll call you later.

Who's calling, please?

3 to give a name to someone or something

They called the baby Sophie.

4 to ask someone to come

He was so sick that we had to call the doctor.

to have as a name

What was that town called?

call someone back to contact someone by telephone

I can't talk now - I'll call you back later.

call collect

to make a telephone call that the person who receives the call will pay for

call something off to say that a planned activity or event will not happen

The baseball game was called off because of bad weather.

→SYNONYM cancel

call 2 0 / kol / noun

[count]

1 a loud sound or shout

a call for help

2 an act of using the telephone or a conversation on the telephone

I got a call from James.

I don't have time to talk now – I'll give you a call later.

3 a short visit to someone

The doctor has several calls to make this morning.

4 a request or demand for something

There have been calls for the senator's resignation.

call .er / 'kələr / noun

[count]

a person who is making a telephone call to someone The caller suddenly hung up (= ended the telephone call).

calm 1 2 / kam / adjective (calm er, calm est)

1 quiet, and not excited or afraid

Try to stay calm - there's no danger.

2 without big waves

calm waters

3 without much wind

calm weather

►calm .ly / 'kamli / adverb

He spoke calmly about the accident.

calm 2 / kam / verb

(calms, calm ing, calmed)

calm down to become less afraid or excited; to make someone less afraid or excited

Calm down and tell me what happened.

cal . o . rie / 'kæləri / noun

[count]

a unit for measuring the energy value of food. Food that has a lot of calories in it can make you fat

a low-calorie drink

calves

plural of calf

cam .cord .er / 'kæmkorder / noun [count]

a camera that you can carry around and use for recording moving pictures and sound

came

form of come

cam .el / kæml

/ noun [count]

a large animal with one or two round parts

(called humps) on its back. **Camels** carry people and things in hot dry places.

camel



cam .er .a 🔯 / ˈkæmrə / noun [count]

a thing that you use for taking photographs or moving pictures

I need some new film for my camera.

cam .er .a .man / 'kæmrəmæn / noun

[count](plural cam .er .a .men / 'kæmrəmen /)

a person who operates a video camera for a movie or television company

cam .ou .flage / 'kæməflaz / noun [noncount]

1 materials or colors that soldiers use to make themselves and their equipment less easy to see

army troops in camouflage

2 the way an animal's color or shape makes it difficult to

The polar bear's white coat provides camouflage in the

►cam ou flage verb (cam ou flag es, cam ou flag ing, cam ou flaged)

The soldiers camouflaged themselves with leaves.

camp 1 2 / kæmp / noun [count, noncount]

1 a place where people live in a kind of small house made of cloth (called a tent) for a short time

They returned to camp tired and hungry.

2 a place where children go during school vacations to do special activities

a summer camp

I'm going to tennis camp this year.

camp 2 2 / kæmp / verb

(camps, campling, camped)

to live in a kind of small house made of cloth (called a tent) for a short time

The children camped in the backyard overnight.

► camp ing / kæmpin / noun [noncount]

sleeping or spending a vacation in a tent

We went camping last summer.

cam . paign 1 / kæm'pem / noun [count]

a plan to do a number of things in order to get a special result

a campaign to stop people from smoking

cam paign 2 / kæm'pein / verb (cam paigns, cam paign ing , cam paigned)

to take part in planned activities in order to get a special result

The school is campaigning for new computer equipment.

camp .ing / 'kæmpɪŋ / noun [noncount]

sleeping or spending a vacation in a kind of small house made of heavy cloth (called a tent)

Camping is no fun in the rain.

camp . site / 'kæmpsait / noun

[count]

a place where you can camp

cam · pus / 'kæmpes / noun [count, noncount]

(plural cam .pus .es)

the area where the buildings of a college are

a college campus

Do you live on campus?

can 1 2 / kən; kæn / modal verb

Grammar

The negative form of can is cannot or can't: She can't swim.

The past tense of **can** is **could**: We could walk to the beach from our hotel.

The future tense of **can** is **will be able to**: You will be able to see it if you stand on this chair.

1 to be able to do something; to be strong enough, intelligent enough, etc. to do something

She can speak three languages.

Can you cook?

2 to be possible or likely to happen

It can be very cold in the mountains in the winter.

3 a word that you use with verbs like "see," "hear," "smell," and "taste"

I can smell something burning.

"What's that noise?" "I can't hear anything."

4 to be allowed to do something

You can go now.

He asked if he could have some more soup.

The doctor says she can't go back to school yet.

5 a word that you use when you ask someone to do something

Can you hand me that screwdriver?

Grammar

Can, could, may, might, should, must, will, shall, would, and ought to are modal verbs.

Modal verbs do not have an "s" in the "he/she" form: *She can drive*. (NOT She cans drive.)

After modal verbs (except **ought to**), you use the infinitive without "to": *I must go now.* (NOT I must to qo.)

You make questions and negative sentences without "do" or "did": Will you come with me? (NOT Do you will come?); They might not know. (NOT They don't might know.)

can 2 0 / kæn / noun

[count]

a metal container for food or a drink that keeps it fresh a can of soup

a can of beans

an empty soda can

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at container.

Ca . na . di . an / kəˈneɪdiən / adjective

(GEOGRAPHY) from or connected with Canada a Canadian novelist

►Ca ·na ·di ·an noun [count]

She married a Canadian.

ca . nal / kəˈnæl / noun [count]

(${\sf GEOGRAPHY}$) a path that is made through the land and filled with water so that boats can travel on it the Panama Canal

ca .nar .y / kəˈnɛri / noun [count]

(plural ca nar ies)

a small yellow bird that people often keep as a pet

can .cel / 'kænsl / verb

(can cels, can cel ing, can celed)

to decide that a planned activity or event will not happen Soccer practice was canceled because the field was too wet.

can .cel .la .tion / kænsəˈleɪʃn / noun

[count, noncount]

a decision that a planned activity or event will not happen the cancellation of the president's visit

can .cer / 'kænsər / noun [count, noncount]

(HEALTH) a very dangerous disease that makes some very small parts in the body (called **cells**) grow too fast *She has lung cancer*.

He died of cancer.

can .di .date / 'kændedeit / noun [count]

a person who wants to be chosen for something *There were a lot of candidates for the job.*

can . dle / 'kændl /

noun [count]

a round stick of wax (= solid oil or fat) with a piece of string in the middle (called a wick), which burns to give light

candle



can . dle . stick / 'kændl_estik / noun [count] a thing that holds a candle

can . dy ② / 'kændi / noun [count, noncount] (plural can . dies)

sweet food made of sugar or chocolate, or a piece of this food

Can I have a piece of candy?

She gave him a candy bar for a treat. a bowl of pink and yellow candies

cane / kein / noun

1 [count] a long stick that you lean on if you have trouble walking

My grandfather walks with a cane.

2 [count, noncount] the long central parts of some plants, for example bamboo (= a tall plant that grows in hot countries), which can be used for making furniture sugar cane

a cane chair

canned / kænd / adjective

in a can

canned drinks

can ni bal / 'kænəbl / noun [count]

a person who eats other people

can . non / 'kænen / noun [count]

(plural can . non or can . nons)

an old type of big gun that fires big stone or metal balls

can . not / 'kænat ; kə'nat /

form of can 1

ca .noe

/ kəˈnu / *noun* [count]

(SPORTS) a light, narrow boat that you move through the water using a flat piece of wood (called a paddle)

►ca · noe · ing
/ kə¹nuŋ / noun

[noncount]

We went canoeing on the river.

can o . pen . er / 'kæn ˌoopənər / noun [count]

canoe

a tool for opening cans of food

→ Look at the picture at kitchen.

can't / kænt / short for cannot

can .ta .loupe / 'kæntl•oop / noun

[count, noncount]

a big round fruit (called a \mbox{melon}). It has a thick hard skin and is orange inside.

can . vas / 'kænvəs / noun [noncount]

a strong heavy cloth, used for making bags, tents (= that you sleep in when you are camping) and sails (= the cloth on boats that catches the wind), or for painting pictures on

can . yon / 'kænyən / noun [count]

(GEOGRAPHY) a deep valley with sides of rock that go up very quickly (that are **steep**) the Grand Canyon

Cap / kæp / noun [count]

1 a soft hat with a hard curved part at the front to keep the sun off your face a baseball cap

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **hat**.

2 a thing that covers the top of a bottle or tube *Put the cap back on the bottle.*

ca · pa · bil · i · ty AWL / ˌkeɪpəˈbɪləti / noun [count, noncount] (plural ca · pa · bil · i · ties)

the ability to do something

The computer virus has the capability of destroying your hard drive.

ca .pa .ble 🔯 AWL / 'kerpəbl / adjective

1 able to do something

You are capable of passing the exam if you work harder.

2 able to do things well a capable student

→ANTONYM incapable

ca . **pac** . **i** . **ty** AWL / kəˈpæsətii / noun (plural ca . pac . i . ties)

 ${f 1}$ [usually singular , noncount] how much a container or space can hold

The gas tank has a capacity of 16 gallons.

The stadium was filled to capacity.

2 [singular] the ability to do or understand something a capacity for hard work

cape / keip / noun

[count]

1 a piece of clothing that covers your body and your arms, but does not have separate sleeves

2 (GEOGRAPHY) a piece of land that goes out into the ocean *Cape Canaveral*

cap . i . tal 🔯 / ˈkæpətl / noun

1 [count] (**POLITICS**) the most important city in a country or state, where the government is *Austin is the capital of Texas*.

2 [noncount] (BUSINESS) a large amount of money that you use to start a business, etc.

When she had enough capital, she opened a restaurant.

3 (also cap i tal let ter) [count] (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a big letter of the alphabet, used at the beginning of sentences

Please fill out the form in capitals.

Names of people and places begin with a capital letter.

cap · i · tal · ism / ˈkæpətəlizəm / noun [noncount]

($\hbox{\it BUSINESS}$, $\hbox{\it POLITICS}$) a system in which businesses are owned by individual people or groups, and not by the

→ Look at communism, socialism.

► cap · i · tal · ist adjective, noun [count] a capitalist society

cap .i .tal pun .ish .ment

/ _kæpətl 'pʌnɪʃmənt / *noun* [noncount] punishment by death for serious crimes

 \rightarrow Look at the death penalty.

cap . puc . ci . no / kæpəˈtʃinoʊ / noun

[count] (plural cap .puc .ci .nos)

a cup of coffee that has hot milk with bubbles in it on top *Two cappuccinos, please.*

→ Look at espresso, latte.

cap . size / 'kæpsaiz / verb

(cap siz es, cap siz ing, cap sized)

If a boat **capsizes**, it turns over in the water *During the storm, the boat capsized.*

cap . sule / 'kæpsl / noun

a type of pill shaped like a tube that is filled with medicine

cap . tain / 'kæpten / noun [count]

1 the person who is in charge of a ship or an airplane *The captain sent a message by radio for help.*

2 an important officer in the army, navy, police force, etc. *an army captain*

3 (SPORTS) the leader of a group of people *He's the captain of the school basketball team.*

cap . tion / 'kæpʃn / noun

[count

the words above or below a picture in a book or newspaper, which tell you about it

cap .tive / 'kæptıv / noun [count]

a person who is not free

→SYNONYM prisoner

cap .tiv .i .ty / kæpˈtɪvətiː / noun

[noncount]

being kept in a place that you cannot leave Wild animals are often unhappy in captivity.

cap .ture / 'kæptsər / verb

(cap tures, cap tur ing, cap tured)

1 to catch someone and keep them somewhere so that they cannot leave

The police captured the criminals.

2 to take control of a place

The town was captured by rebels.

► cap · ture noun [noncount]

the capture of the escaped prisoners

car 📀 / kar / noun [count]

1 (also au \cdot to \cdot mo \cdot bile / $_{\mid}$ oteme'bil /) a vehicle with four wheels, usually with enough space for four or five people

What kind of car do you drive?

car



2 one of the parts of a train that carries people or goods *I got a cup of coffee in the dining car.*

car . **a** . **mel** / 'kærəml / *noun* [count, noncount] a type of brown candy that is made from sugar, butter, and milk

car . bo . hy . drate / _karbov'haidreit / noun [count, noncount]

($\mbox{\sc Biology}$) one of the substances in food, for example sugar, which gives your body energy

Bread and rice contain carbohydrates.

car . bon / 'karben / noun [noncount]

(symbol C)
(CHEMISTRY) a chemical tl

(CHEMISTRY) a chemical that is in all living things, and that **diamonds** (= clear, very hard, expensive stones) are made of

Coal is made up of carbon and hydrogen.

car . bon di . ox . ide / ˌkarbən dar'aksard / noun [noncount] (symbol CO 2)

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{CHEMISTRY}}$) a gas that has no color or smell that people and animals breathe out

car . bon foot . print / _karben 'fotprint / noun [count]

the amount of **carbon dioxide** that a person, business, or country produces

Here are some ways to reduce your carbon footprint...

car .bon mon .ox .ide

/ $_{_{\rm I}}$ karbən mə $^{'}$ naksard / noun [noncount] (symbol CO)

(CHEMISTRY) a poisonous gas that is produced when car engines burn gasoline

card 2 / kard / noun [count]

1 a piece of thick paper with writing or pictures on it *I sent a birthday card to my friend.*

John gave Kate his business card and asked her to call him at the office.

→Look at credit card , phone card , postcard .

2 (also **play** ing card) one of a set of 52 cards (called a **deck of cards**) that you use to play games *Let's play cards tonight.*

→ Look at the picture at playing card.

Word building

A deck of cards has four groups of thirteen cards, called suits .

Two suits are red (hearts and diamonds) and two are black (clubs and spades).

card . **board** / 'kardbord / *noun* [noncount] very thick paper that is used for making boxes, etc.

car . di . gan / 'kardıgən / noun [count]

a piece of clothing which fastens at the front like a jacket and is often made of wool

car . di . nal / 'kardnəl / noun [count]

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ (<code>RELIGION</code>) an important priest in the Roman Catholic church

2 (MATH) (also car di nal num ber

/ $\mbox{\sc kardnəl 'n$\sc /}$) a whole number, for example 1, 2, 3

→ Look at ordinal number.

Care 1 2 / ker / noun [noncount]

thinking about what you are doing so that you do not make a mistake or break something

Wash these glasses with care!

take care

1 to be careful

Take care when you cross the road.

2 (*informal*) used when you are saying "goodbye" to someone

Bye! Take care!

take care of someone or something

to keep someone or something safe, well, or in good condition

She is taking care of her sister's baby today.

Take care of your violin by keeping it in its case.

take care of something

to organize or deal with something

Don't worry about cooking dinner - I'll take care of it.

Care 2 / ker / verb (cares, car ing, cared) to think that someone or something is important

The only thing he cares about is money.

I don't care who wins – I'm not interested in football.

care for someone

to do the things for someone that they need

After the accident, her parents cared for her until she was better.

who cares?

(informal)

words that you use to show you do not think something is important or interesting

"Who do you think is going to win the game?" "Who cares?"

ca . reer o / kəˈrɪr / noun [count]

a job that you learn to do and then do for many years *He is considering a career in teaching.*

His career was always more important to him than his family.

Thesaurus

job the work that you do to earn money: My dad told me to go out and get a job . ◆ She's trying to find a full-time job . ◆ I'm only doing my job (= I'm doing what I am paid to do) . ◆ He's looking for a job in teaching.

work the job that you do to earn money. Work is a noncount noun, so you cannot say "a work" or "works": It's very difficult to find work in this city. ◆ I've been out of work (= without a job) for almost a year. ◆ She goes jogging every morning before work. employment the state of having a job that you are paid to do. This is a noncount noun, and is a more formal word than work and job: The company provides employment for 150 staff. ◆ I'm only looking for part-time employment right now.

career the jobs that someone has in a particular area of work over a period of time. Your career often involves several jobs, which usually involve more responsibility as time passes: a teaching career ◆ a career in politics ◆ Why did you decide on a career as a vet?

profession a job that needs special training and higher education: the legal profession \spadesuit She hopes to enter the medical profession. \spadesuit He's a teacher by profession.

care ful / kerfl / adjective

thinking about what you are doing so that you do not make a mistake or have an accident

Careful! The plate is very hot.

Be careful! There's a car coming.

He was careful not to hurt her feelings.

►care .ful .ly / 'kerfli / adverb

Please listen carefully.

care less 5 / 'kerles / adjective

not thinking enough about what you are doing so that you make mistakes: *Careless drivers can cause accidents.*

►care .less .ly / 'kɛrləsli / adverb

She threw her coat carelessly on the floor.

►care less ness / kerlesnes / noun [noncount]

care .tak .er / 'kerteikər / noun [count]

a person whose job is to take care of a house or other building when the owner is away

car .go / 'kargov / noun [count, noncount]

(plural car goes or car gos)

the things that a ship or an airplane carries a cargo of wheat

 $\textbf{car} \cdot \textbf{na} \cdot \textbf{tion} \ / \ \textbf{kar'ne} \cdot \textbf{jn} \ / \ \textbf{\textit{noun}} \ [\ \textbf{count} \]$

a pink, white, or red flower with a nice smell

car . ni . val / 'karnəvl / noun [count]

an event with rides and games for children, or a public festival that takes place in the streets

I got cotton candy at our school carnival.

the New Orleans carnival season

car · ni · vore / 'karnəvər / noun [count]

(BIOLOGY) an animal that eats meat

→ Look at herbivore, omnivore.

► car · niv · o · rous / ˌkarˈnɪvərəs / adjective Lions are carnivorous animals.

car . Ol / 'kærəl / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{MUSIC}}$, $\ensuremath{\mathsf{RELIGION}}$) a Christian song that people sing at Christmas

car .ou .sel / kærə'sel / noun [count]

a big round machine with models of animals or cars on it. Children can ride on it as it turns.

→SYNONYM merry-go-round

car . **pen** . **ter** / 'karpenter / *noun* [count] a person whose job is to make things from wood

► car · pen · try / 'karpentri / noun [noncount] making things from wood

car . pet / 'karpət / noun [count]

a soft covering for a floor that is often made of wool and is usually the same size as the floor

 \rightarrow Look at rug.

car . riage / 'kærıdʒ / noun [count]

a road vehicle, usually with four wheels, that is pulled by horses and was used in the past to carry people

car ried

form of carry

car . rot / 'kærət / noun

[count, noncount]

a long, thin, orange vegetable a pound of carrots grated carrot

→ Look at the picture at vegetable.

car .ry 🔯 / ˈkæri / verb

(car ries, car ry ing, car ried, has car ried)

 ${f 1}$ to hold something and take it to another place or keep it with you

He carried the suitcase to my room.

I can't carry this box – it's too heavy.

Do the police carry guns in your country?

STYLE

You use **wear**, not **carry**, to talk about having clothes on your body: She is wearing a red dress and carrying a black bag.

2 to move people or things

Special fast trains carry people downtown.

be or get carried away

to be so excited that you forget what you are doing I got carried away and started shouting at the television. carry out something to do or finish what you have planned

The bridge was closed while they carried out the repairs.

cart / kart / noun [count]

1 a thing on wheels that you use for carrying things He filled his shopping cart with food for the party.

2 a wooden vehicle with wheels that a horse usually pulls

carte



luggage cart



shopping cart

car . ton / 'kartn / noun [count]

a container made of very thick paper (called ${\it cardboard}$) or plastic

a carton of milk

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at container.

car . toon / kar'tun / noun

[count]

1 (ART) a funny drawing, for example in a newspaper

2 a television program or movie that tells a story by using moving drawings, computer images, etc. instead of real people and places

The kids like to watch cartoons on Saturday mornings.

car . tridge / 'kartrid3 / noun

[count

a small case containing something that is used inside a machine or a gun

I need to replace the ink cartridge in my printer.

Carve / karv / verb (carves, carv ing, carved)

1 (ART) to cut wood or stone to make a picture or shape Her father carved a little horse for her out of wood.2 to cut meat into thin pieces after you have cooked it

My mom always carves the turkey on Thanksgiving.

Thesaurus

cut to divide something into two or more pieces with a knife, etc.: **Cut** the sandwich **in** half (= into two equal pieces). ◆ She cut the bread into thick slices. ◆ He cut up the meat on his plate.

chop to cut something into pieces with something sharp, such as a knife: **Chop** the carrots **up** into small pieces. ◆ Add the finely chopped onions. ◆ Roughly chop the herbs.

slice to cut something into thin pieces (called slices):

Slice the cucumber thinly. ◆ a loaf of sliced bread ◆

Should I slice the cake now?

carve to cut a large piece of cooked meat into smaller pieces for eating: *Dinner is ready. Who's going to carve the turkey?*

case 💿 / keis / noun

[count]

1 a situation or an example of something

In some cases, students had to wait six weeks for their exam results.

There were four cases of this disease in the school last month.

2 a crime that the police must find an answer to a *murder case*

 $\boldsymbol{3}$ a question that people in a court of law must decide about

a divorce case

4 a container or cover for keeping something in *Put the camera back in its case.* a pencil case

→ Look at briefcase, suitcase.

in any case

words that you use when you give a second reason for something

I don't want to see the movie, and in any case I'm too busy.

→SYNONYM anyway

in case

because something might happen

Take an umbrella in case it rains.

You probably won't need to call, but take my number just in case.

in that case

if that is the situation

"There's no coffee." "Well, in that case we'll have tea."

cash 1 2 / kæʃ / noun [noncount]

money in coins and bills

Are you paying in cash or by credit card?

Word building

Money consists of **coins** (=small, round, metal things) and **bills** (= pieces of paper) . This is called **cash** : I don't have much cash - can I pay by check?

The coins that you have in your bag or pocket are called **change**: Do you have any change for the bus?

The money someone gives you in a store if you pay

too much is also called **change**: Here's your change.

cash 2 / kæʃ / verb

(cash les, cash ling, cashed)

to give someone a check and get money for it *I'd like to cash this check, please.*

cash .ier / kæ'fiər / noun

[count]

the person whose job is to take money from customers in a store, restaurant, etc.

cash ma .chine / 'kæʃ məˌʃin / noun [count] another word for ATM

cash reg . is . ter / 'kæʃ rɛdʒəstər /

(also reg is ter) noun [count]

a machine in a store that is used to add the cost of things and store money

Ca . Si . no / kəˈsinoʊ / noun [count]

(plural ca si nos)

a place where people play games in which they can win and lose money

cas . se . role / 'kæsəroul / noun

[count, noncount]

a type of food that you make by cooking meat and vegetables in liquid for a long time in the oven *I made a casserole for dinner.*

chicken casserole

cas . sette / kəˈsɛt / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{MUSIC}}$) a plastic box with special tape inside for recording and playing sound or pictures

a cassette tape

an old cassette player

Cast 1 / kæst / noun [count]

all the actors in a movie, play, or television show *The whole cast was excellent.*

cast 2 / kæst / verb

(casts, cast ing, cast, has cast)

to choose an actor for a particular part in a movie, play, or television show

She always seems to be cast in the same sort of role.

cast a spell

to use magic words that have the power to change someone or something

The witch cast a spell on the handsome prince.

cas .tle / 'kæsl / noun [count]

a large old building that was built in the past to keep people safe from attack

a medieval castle

ca . su . al / 'kæguəl / adjective

1 (used about clothes) not formal

I wear casual clothes like jeans and T-shirts when I'm not at work.

 ${f 2}$ showing that you are not worried about something; relaxed

She gave us a casual wave as she passed.

►ca ·su ·al ·ly / ˈkæʒəli / adverb

They dressed casually for the beach party.

ca . su . al . ty / 'kæʒuəlti / noun [count] (plural ca . su . al . ties)

a person who is hurt or killed in an accident or a war *Both sides suffered heavy casualties* (= a lot of people were hurt or killed).

cat o / kæt / noun [count]

1 a small animal with soft fur that people keep as a pet

Word building

A young cat is called a kitten .

A cat **purrs** when it is happy.

When a cat makes a loud noise, it **meows**: My cat meows when he's hungry.

cats





cat kitten

2 a wild animal of the cat family the big cats, such as tigers and lions

cat · a · log (also cat · a · logue) / 'kætlag / noun [count]

a list of all the things that you can buy from a company or see somewhere

a mail order catalog

ca . **tas** . **tro** . **phe** / kəˈtæstrəfi / *noun* [count] a sudden disaster that causes great suffering or damage *major catastrophes such as floods and earthquakes*

► cat · a · stroph · ic / ˌkætəˈstrɑfık / adjective
The flood had a catastrophic effect.

1 (SPORTS) to take and hold something that is moving *He threw the ball to me and I caught it.*

2 to find and hold someone or something *They caught a fish in the river.*

The man ran so fast that the police couldn't catch him.

3 to see someone when they are doing something wrong *They caught the thief stealing the painting.*

4 to be early enough for a bus, train, etc. that is going to leave

You should run if you want to catch the bus.

→ANTONYM miss

5 (HEALTH) to get an illness *She caught a cold*.

6 to get stuck in or on something by mistake *I caught my coat in the car door.*

catch fire

to start to burn

The house caught fire.

catch or

1 to become popular or fashionable

The idea never really caught on in this country.

2 to understand or realize something

It took me a while to catch on.

catch up to do something quickly so that you are not behind others

If you miss a class, you can do some work at home to catch up.

Quick! Run and catch up with the others!

catch 2 / kætʃ / noun [count] (plural catch .es)

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ (\boldsymbol{SPORTS}) the act of catching something, for example a ball

That was a great catch! \rightarrow Look at miss 2.

2 a device for fastening something and keeping it closed *I can't wear this necklace – the catch is broken.*

 ${f 3}$ a hidden problem in something that seems to be very good

That sounds too easy. What's the catch?

catch . y / 'kætsi / adjective

(catch i er, catch i est)

(used about a tune or a song) easy to remember

Cat .e .go .rize AWL / 'kætəgə,raız / verb (cat .e .go .riz .es , cat .e .go .riz .ing ,

cat e go rized)

to put people or things into groups according to what type they are

Do we categorize a tomato as a fruit or a vegetable?

cat . **e** . **go** . **ry** AWL / 'kætəˌgɔri / *noun* [count] (*plural* cat . **e** . **go** . **ries**)

a group of people or things that are similar to each other *The results can be divided into three main categories.*

ca .ter .ing / 'kertərin / noun [noncount] the activity or business of providing food and drinks at events

Who is doing the catering for your wedding?

cat .er .pil .lar / 'kætəpılər / noun [count] a small animal with a long body and a lot of legs. A caterpillar later becomes an insect that has large wings with bright colors (called a butterfly).

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **butterfly**.

ca . the . dral / kəˈθidrəl / noun [count] (RELIGION) a big important church

Cath . o . lic / ˈkæθlɪk /

(also Ro man Cath o lic) noun [count]

(RELIGION) a member of the Christian church that has the Pope as its head

Cath . o . lic (also Ro . man Cath . o . lic) adjective a Catholic priest

cat .tle / 'kætl / noun [plural]

cows that are kept for their milk or meat a herd (= a group) of cattle

caught

form of catch

cau . li . flow . er / 'kolı_ıflavər ; 'kalı_ıflavər / noun [count, noncount]

a large vegetable with green leaves outside and a round white part in the middle

 \rightarrow At the picture at **vegetable**.

cause 1 0 / koz / noun [count]

1 a thing or person that makes something happen *Bad driving is the cause of most road accidents.*

2 something that people care about and want to help They gave the money to a good cause — it was used to build a new hospital.

cause 2 0 / koz / verb

(causes, causing, caused)

to be the reason why something happens *What caused the accident?*

The fire was caused by a cigarette.

cau .tion / 'kofn / noun [noncount]

great care, because of possible danger *Caution! Wet floor.*

cau . tious / 'kɔʃəs / adjective

careful because there may be danger

He is always cautious about driving at night.

►cau . tious . ly / 'kɔʃəsli / adverb

He cautiously pushed open the door and looked into the room.

Cave / kerv / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{GEOGRAPHY}}$) a large hole in the side of a mountain or under the ground

Thousands of years ago, people lived in caves.

 $\textbf{cav} \cdot \textbf{i} \cdot \textbf{ty} \; / \; \text{kævəti} \; / \; \textit{noun} \; [\; \text{count} \;]$

(plural cav .i .ties)

1 an empty space inside something solid *the chest cavity*

2 (HEALTH) a hole in a tooth

You'll get cavities if you eat too much candy.

CC / si si / abbreviation

1 letters that are used on e-mails or business letters to show that you are sending a copy to another person. The letters **cc** stand for "carbon copy."

2 short for cubic centimeter a 1,200cc engine

CD 📀 / ˌsi ˈdi / noun [count]

($\mbox{\sc MUSIC}$) compact disc; a small, round piece of hard plastic on which you can record sound or store information

CD play .er / si 'di plerer / noun [count]

(MUSIC) a machine that you use to play music from CDs

CD-ROM / si di 'ram / noun [count]

(${\tt COMPUTERS}$) a CD on which you can store large amounts of information, sound, and pictures, to use on a computer

Cease AWL / sis / verb (ceases, ceased)

(formal)

to stop

Fighting in the area has now ceased.

cease . fire / 'sis,farər / noun [count]

an agreement between two groups to stop fighting each other

ceil .ing 💿 / 'siling / noun [count]

the top part of the inside of a room

SPELLING

IE or EI?

When the sound is / i / (which rhymes with "be"), the rule is I before E, except after C , so ceiling is spelled with EI .

cel .e .brate 5 / 'salabreit / verb

(cel .e .brates , cel .e .brat .ing , cel .e .brat .ed)

to do something to show that you are happy, for a special reason or because it is a special day

If you do well on your exams, we'll have a party to celebrate.

Grandma celebrated her 90th birthday last week.

cel .e .bra .tion / sɛləˈbreɪʃn / noun

[count, noncount]

a time when you enjoy yourself because you have a special reason to be happy

birthday celebrations

I think this is a cause for celebration!

ce . leb . ri . ty / səˈlɛbrəti / noun

(plural ce leb ri ties)

a famous person

a TV celebrity \rightarrow Look at star 1 (3).

cel .er .y / 'sɛləri / noun [noncount]

a vegetable with long green and white sticks that can be eaten without being cooked

a stalk of celery

→ Look at the picture at vegetable.

cell o / sel / noun [count]

1 (BIOLOGY) the smallest part of any living thing. All plants and animals are made up of cells red blood cells

2 a small room for one or more prisoners in a prison or police station

3 (informal) another word for **cell phone** Call me on my cell.

cel .lar / 'sɛlər / noun [count]

a room in the part of a building that is under the ground a wine cellar

→ Look at basement.

Cel . lo / 'tselov / noun [count] (plural cel . los)

(MUSIC) a large wooden musical instrument with strings. You sit down to play it and hold it between your knees. Look at the picture at instrument .

cell phone 🔯 / 'sel foon / (also cell .phone)

(also informal cell / sel /) noun [count]

a telephone that you can carry around with you

I won't be in the office today, but you can reach me on my cell phone.

What's your cell phone number?

Word building

Cell phones

Cell phones can be used anywhere there is a **signal**. If you **call** someone but cannot **get through**, you can

leave a **message** on their **voice mail** or you can **text** them (= send them a text message).

When the **battery** in your phone **runs out** , you have to **recharge** it.

 \rightarrow Look at the note at **phone 1**.

Cel . **si** . **us** / 'sɛlsiəs / (also cen . ti . grade) *noun* [noncount] (abbreviation C)

(GENERAL SCIENCE) a way of measuring temperature. Water freezes at 0° Celsius and boils at 100° Celsius .

→ Look at Fahrenheit.

ce . ment / səˈmɛnt / noun [noncount]

a gray powder that becomes hard like stone when you mix it with water and leave it to dry. **Cement** is used in building for sticking bricks or stones together, or for making very hard surfaces.

cem .e .ter .y / 'semə,teri / noun [count] (plural cem .e .ter .ies)

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{RELIGION}}$) an area of ground where dead people are put under the earth

cen . sor / 'senser / verb

(cen sors, cen sor ing, cen sored)

to remove the parts of a book, movie, etc. that might upset people or that contain secret information

►cen ·sor ·ship / 'sɛnsərʃip / noun [noncount] government censorship of radio and television programs

Cen . **Sus** / 'senses / noun [count]

(plural cen .sus .es)

the act of officially counting all the people who live in a country, and finding information about them The last census took place in 2010.

a small coin or unit of money. There are 100 cents in a dollar.

 \rightarrow Look at penny.

cen .ter 🔯 / 'senter / noun

[count] 1 the part in the middle of something

The flower has a yellow center with white petals. I don't like having the center seat on an airplane.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at circle.

2 a place where people come to do a particular activity a shopping center

The hotel has a new fitness center.

3 (SPORTS) a player whose position is in the middle in sports like basketball

cen .ti .grade / 'sentagreid / noun [noncount] (GENERAL SCIENCE) another word for Celsius

cen . ti . li . ter / 'sentəlitər / noun [count] (abbreviation cl)

(GENERAL SCIENCE) a measure of liquid. There are 100 centiliters in a liter.

cen . ti . me . ter 🔯 / 'senta, mitar / noun [count] (abbreviation cm)

a measure of length. There are 100 centimeters in a meter.

cen . ti . pede / 'sentapid / noun [count] a small animal like an insect, with a long thin body and very many legs

cen . tral 2 / 'sentral / adjective

in the middle part of something

The hotel is in a central location, close to downtown and the airport.

cen .tu .ry 2 / 'sentfəri / noun [count] (plural cen tu ries)

a period of 100 years

People have been making wine in this area for centuries. We are living at the beginning of the twenty-first century.

ce .re .al / 'sriəl / noun

[count, noncount]

1 a food made from grain, which you can eat for breakfast with milk I had a bowl of cereal for breakfast.

2 a plant that farmers grow so that we can eat the grain

Wheat and oats are cereals.



a bowl of cereal

cer .e .mo .ny 🍑/ ˈserəmooni / noun

[count]

(plural cer .e .mo .nies)

a formal public or religious event the opening ceremony of the Olympic Games a wedding ceremony

►cer .e .mo .ni .al / ˌsɛrəˈmoʊniəl / adjective a ceremonial occasion

cer .tain 😂 / 'sərtn / adjective

1 sure about something; without any doubt I'm certain that I've seen her before. Are you certain about that?

→ANTONYM uncertain

2 used for talking about a particular thing or person without saying what or who they are

Do you want the work to be finished by a certain date? It's cheaper to call at certain times of the day.

for certain

without any doubt

I don't know for certain where she is.

make certain

to check something so that you are sure about it Please make certain that the window is closed before you

cer . tain . ly 🔯 / 'sərtnli / adverb

1 without any doubt

She is certainly the best swimmer on the team.

→SYNONYM definitely

2 (formal) used when answering questions to mean "of course"

"Will you open the door for me, please?" "Certainly."

"Are you going to tell him the bad news?" "Certainly not!"

cer .tif .i .cate / sərˈtɪfəkət / noun

[count]

an important piece of paper that shows that something is

Your birth certificate shows when and where you were born.

ce .sar .e .an / sı'zɛriən /

(also ce sar e an section / sizerion seksn/) noun [count]

(HEALTH) an operation in which a mother's body is cut open so her baby can be taken out

She had a cesarean.

chain 1 2 / tsein / noun

1 [count, noncount] a line of metal rings that are joined together

She wore a gold chain around her neck.

My bicycle chain is broken.

a length of chain

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at bicycle, jewelry.

2 [count] (BUSINESS) a group of stores, restaurants, hotels, etc. that are owned by one person or company The mall has most of the major chain stores (= stores that are part of a chain).

chain 2 2 / tsein / verb

(chains, chain ing, chained)

to attach someone or something to a place with a chain The dog was chained to a tree.

chair 🚳 / tser / noun

1 [count] a piece of furniture for one person to sit on, with four legs, a seat, and a back a table and four chairs

chairs



2 [singular] = **chairperson** *the chair of the history department*

stool

chair .per .son / 'tʃɛrˌpərsn / noun [count]

sofa/couch

(also chair) (also chair man / tsermen /

chair wom an / 'tser,women /)

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{BUSINESS}}$) a person who controls a meeting, group, or university department

chalk / tʃɔk / noun [count, noncount]

(ART) small sticks made of a soft white rock that you use for writing or drawing

The teacher wrote the answer on the board with a piece of chalk.

a box of colored chalks

chalk .board / 'tʃəkbərd / noun [count]

another word for blackboard

chal .lenge 1 AWL / 'tjælendg / noun [count]

1 a new or difficult thing that makes you try hard *Climbing the mountain will be a real challenge.*

2 an invitation to fight or play a game against someone

chal lenge 2 AWL / 'tʃæləndʒ / verb (chal leng les , chal leng ling , chal lenged)

 $\boldsymbol{1}\,$ to ask someone to play a game with you or fight with you to see who wins

The boxer challenged the world champion to a fight.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ to refuse to accept a set of rules; to say that you think someone or something is wrong

She does not like anyone challenging her authority.

chal leng er AWL / tjælendger / noun [count]

a person who takes part in a competition or an election to win a position that someone else already has the senator's challenger in the election

chal . leng . ing AWL / 'tʃæləndʒɪŋ / adjective difficult in an interesting way that tests your ability

difficult in an interesting way that tests your ability a challenging piece of work

cham . pagne / Sæm'pein / noun

[noncount]

a French white wine with a lot of bubbles

cham . pi . on / 'tsæmpien / noun [count]

(SPORTS) a person who is the best at a sport or game a chess champion

the world champion

cham .pi .on .ship / 'tʃæmpiənˌʃip / noun

(SPORTS) a competition to find the best player or team in a sport or game

Our team won the championship this year.

chance 🔯 / tʃæns / noun

1 [count] a possibility that something may happen *There's no chance that she'll come now.*

She has a good chance of becoming the next president. He doesn't stand (= have) a chance of passing the exam.

2 [count] a time when you can do something *It was their last chance to escape.*

Be quiet and give her a chance to explain.

→SYNONYM opportunity

3 [noncount] when something happens that you cannot control or that you have not planned

We must plan this carefully. I don't want to leave anything to chance.

We met by chance at the train station.

→SYNONYM luck

take a chance

to do something when it is possible that something bad may happen because of it

We may lose money, but we'll just have to take that chance.

chan .cel .lor / 'tsensələr / noun

[count]

 ${\bf 1}\,$ (${\bf POLITICS}$) the head of the government in some countries the German chancellor

2 the head of some universities

the chancellor of Washington University

chan .de .lier / ʃændəˈlɪr / noun [count]

a large frame that hangs from the ceiling and holds many small lights $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) +\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left(1\right) +\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left($

a crystal chandelier

1 to become different

She has changed a lot since the last time I saw her - she looks much older.

Water changes into ice when it gets very cold.

2 to make something different

At this restaurant they change the menu every week.

3 to put or take something in place of another thing *to change a lightbulb*

He changed the day of the meeting from Monday to Tuesday.

I need to change some money (= exchange money into the money of another country) *at the airport.*

4 (also get changed) to put on different clothes

I need to change before I go out.

You need to get changed for soccer practice.

He changed out of his suit and into his running shorts.

5 to get off a train, bus, or airplane and get on another one *To get to San Francisco, I have to change planes in Chicago.*

change 20 / tseinds / noun

1 [count] when something becomes different *The new administration has made a lot of changes*. *There has been a change in the weather.*

2 [noncount] the money that you get back if you pay more than the amount something costs

If a newspaper costs \$1.50 and you pay with two dollar bills, you will get 50 cents change.

3 [noncount] small pieces of money; coins *I don't have any change on me.*

for a change

because you want something different Today we had lunch in a restaurant for a change.

chan . nel AWL / 'tʃænl / noun [count]

1 a TV station

Which channel is the game on?

2 (GEOGRAPHY) a long narrow place where water can go *the English Channel* (= the area of water between England and France)

chant / tsænt / verb

(chants, chant ing, chant ed)

to say or sing a word or phrase many times *The protesters chanted antiwar slogans.*

► chant noun [count] a religious chant

cha .os / 'keias / noun [noncount]

when everything is confused and nothing is organized The house was in chaos after the party. The accident caused total chaos on the highway.

chap .el / 't[æpl / noun [count]

(RELIGION) a room or a small church where Christians go to speak to God (to pray)

chap . **er** . **one** / ˈʃæpəˌroʊn / *noun* [count] an older person who goes to social events for younger people to make sure they behave correctly

►chap .er .one verb

(chap er ones, chap er on ing, chap er oned) We need more volunteers to chaperone the school dance.

chap .ter AWL / 'tsæpter / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) one of the parts of a book *Turn to Chapter 4.*

char .ac .ter 🔯 / ˈkærəktər / noun

 ${f 1}$ [count , usually singular] the qualities that make someone or something different from other people or things

He has a strong character.

The new factory will change the character of the town.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ [count] a person in a book, play, television show, or movie

Homer Simpson is a cartoon character.

char . ac . ter . is . tic D / kærəktə'rıstık / noun [count]

a quality that someone or something has personal characteristics such as age, height, and weight

char .coal / 'tʃarkoʊl / noun [noncount]

a black substance that is made from burning wood. It is used as a fuel or for drawing

a charcoal grill

a charcoal drawing

charge 1 2 / tsard3 / noun

[count, noncount]

1 the money that you must pay for something There is a charge of \$200 for the use of the party room. We deliver free of charge.

Thesaurus

price the money that you have to pay to buy something: What's the price of gas now? ◆ We can't afford the car at that price. ◆ house prices

cost the money that you need to buy, make, or do something: The cost of electricity is going up. ◆ A new computer system was installed at a cost of \$80,000. ◆ the cost of living (= the amount of money you need to pay for food, clothes, and a place to live)

charge the money that you pay for goods or services: Is there a charge for parking here? ◆ Delivery is **free** of **charge** (= costs nothing).

fee the money you pay to go into a place, or for professional advice or services from doctors, lawyers, colleges, etc.: Some lawyers charge extremely high fees for their services. ◆ an annual membership fee ◆ tuition fees

expense the money you spend on something, or something that makes you spend money: The house was decorated at great expense. • Owning a car is a big expense.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ when the police say that someone has done something wrong

a murder charge

be in charge of someone or something

to take care of or be responsible for someone or something *Tom is in charge of his baby brother while his mom is out.*

charge 2 / tsard3 / verb (chargses, chargsing, charged)

1 to ask someone to pay a particular price for something *The mechanic charged me \$500 for the repairs.*

2 to buy something with a small card made of plastic (called a **credit card**) instead of cash

I charged the tickets on my credit card.

3 to say that someone has done something wrong *The police have charged him with murder.*

4 to run quickly and with a lot of force *The bull charged.*

The children charged into the room.

5 to put electricity into something *I need to charge my phone.*

cha · ris · ma / kəˈrɪzmə / noun [noncount]

a special quality that some people have, which makes other people like them

►cha · ris · mat · ic / ˌkærəzˈmætık / adjective a charismatic leader

char i ty 🌣 / ˈtʃærəti / noun

(plural char i ties)

1 [count, noncount] an organization that collects money to help people who need it

The United Way is a charity.

They give a lot of money to charity.

2 [noncount] being kind and helping other people

charm 1 / tsarm / noun

1 [noncount] the quality of being pleasant or attractive *The historic houses add to the charm of the town.*

2 [count] a small thing that you wear because you think it will bring good luck

She wears a chain with a lucky charm on it.

charm 2 / tfarm / verb

(charms, charm ing, charmed)

to make someone like you

The baby charmed everyone with her smile.

charm . ing / 'tʃarmɪŋ / adjective

very pleasant or attractive

Have you met the new principal? He's really charming.

chart AWL / tsart / noun

[count]

1 a drawing that gives information about something a *temperature chart*

2 (GEOGRAPHY) a map of the ocean or the sky

3 the charts (MUSIC) an official list of the songs, CDs, etc. that have sold the most in a particular week What's number 1 in the charts this week?

chase 🔯 / tseis / verb

(chas es, chas ing, chased)

to run behind someone or something and try to catch them *The dog chased the cat around the yard.*

The police chased after the thief but he escaped.

► chase noun [count]

The movie includes an exciting car chase.

chat 1 / tsæt / verb

(chats, chat ting, chat ted)

to talk in a friendly, informal way with someone We chatted on the phone for a few minutes.

chat 2 / tsæt / noun

[count]

a friendly talk

Let's have a chat about it later.

Thesaurus

discussion [count, noncount] talking in detail about something important: a discussion with your classmates about the test ◆ We had a long discussion about what we should do. ◆ The plans are still under discussion (= being talked about).

conversation [count, noncount] an informal talk between two people or a small group: a phone conversation ◆ I had a long conversation with her yesterday. ◆ The main topic of conversation was the recent election.

talk [count] a conversation between two or more people, often about a problem or something that is important to you: My parents want to have a talk with me about going to college. ◆ The two countries are holding talks to try to end the violence.

debate [count] a formal discussion at a public meeting about something important, where people give their different opinions. At the end of the discussion there may be a vote: a debate on health care reform ◆ After a long debate, Congress approved the plan.

chat [count] a friendly, informal conversation with someone, especially about personal things: *I* had a nice chat with Sandy this afternoon. ◆ I just dropped by for a chat – are you free?

chat room / 'tʃæt rum / noun [count]

($\mbox{{\it COMPUTERS}}$) an area on the Internet where you can join in a discussion with other people

chat .ter / 'tsæter / verb

(chat ters, chat ter ing, chat tered)

to talk quickly about things that are not very important *Stop chattering and finish your work.*

cheap 🚳 / tʃip / adjective

(cheap er , cheap est)

1 costing little money

That restaurant is very good, and relatively cheap. Computers are getting cheaper all the time.

→ANTONYM expensive

2 low in price and quality

I don't like that dress – it looks cheap.

3 not wanting to spend money

He's too cheap to take her out to a nice restaurant.

cheat 🔯 / tʃit / verb

(cheats, cheat ing, cheat ed)

to do something that is not honest or fair

She cheated on the exam.

►cheat noun [count]

a person who cheats

That man's a liar and a cheat.

check 1 2 / tsk / verb

(checks, check ing, checked)

1 to look at something to see that it is right, good, or safe Do these math problems, and then use a calculator to check your answers.

Before my long drive to Miami, I checked the oil.

Check that all the windows are closed before you leave.

2 to make a mark like this ✓ by something

Check the box next to the right answer.

check in to tell the person at the desk in a hotel or an airport that you have arrived

I have to check in an hour before my flight.

The noun is check-in.

check out to pay your bill and leave a hotel The noun is
checkout.

check someone or something out

1 to find out if something is correct

We need to check out those rumors that the business is closing.

 $\boldsymbol{2} \pmod{\text{person}}$ to look at a person or thing that seems interesting

Hey, check out Mike's new sports car!

check 2 0 / tsk / noun

[count]

1 a look to see that everything is right, good, or safe *They do regular safety checks on all their products.* a security check

2 a piece of paper from a bank that you can write on and use to pay for things

I gave him a check for \$50.

Can I pay by check?

3 a piece of paper that shows how much money you must pay for food in a restaurant

"Would you like anything else?" "No, just the check please."

4 (also check mark / ' $t \int \epsilon k \ mark$ /) a small mark like this \checkmark

Put a check next to the names of the people who have paid.

check . book / 'tsekbok / noun

[count]

a book of checks 2 (2)

checked / tsekt / adjective

(also check ered / 'tskard /)

with a pattern of squares

a checked shirt

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at pattern.

check .ers / 'tskarz / noun [noncount]

a game that two people play with round flat pieces on a / 'tsizkeik / noun board that has 64 squares in two different colors Do you want to play checkers?

check-in / tsk m / noun

1 [count, noncount] the place where you go first when you arrive at an airport, to show your ticket, etc.

There was a long line at check-in.

2 [noncount] the act of telling someone you have arrived at a hotel, an airport, etc.

Do you know your check-in time?

check mark / 'tsek mark / noun [count] another word for check 2 (4)

check . out / 'tsekaut / noun

1 (also check out coun ter / 'tsekaut kaunter /)

[count] the place in a large store where you pay for things **2** [noncount] the time when you leave a hotel at the end of your stay

What time is checkout?

check .up / 'tʃɛkʌp / noun [count]

(HEALTH) a general examination by a doctor to make sure that you are healthy

You should visit your dentist for a checkup twice a year.

ched dar / tseder / noun [noncount]

a type of hard yellow or orange cheese

cheek S / tsik / noun [count]

one of the two soft parts of your face below your eyes

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **face**.

cheer 1 / tsir / verb

(cheers, cheer ing, cheered)

to shout to show that you like something or to encourage someone

The crowd cheered loudly when the players ran onto the

cheer up; cheer someone up to become or to make someone happier

Cheer up! You'll feel better soon.

We gave Julie some flowers to cheer her up.

Cheer 2 / tsir / noun [count]

a loud shout that shows that you are pleased

The crowd gave a loud cheer as the singer came onto the stage.

cheer .ful / 'tʃirfl / adjective

happy

a cheerful smile

You don't look very cheerful today. What's the matter?

►cheer ·ful ·ly / 'tʃirfəli / adverb

cheer . lead . er / 'tfirlider / noun [count]

(SPORTS) a person who wears special clothes, and dances and shouts at a sports game to encourage the crowd to make a noise

She was a cheerleader in high school.

cheese 🔯 / tʃiz / noun [count, noncount]

a yellow or white food made from milk bread and cheese

cheese . burg . er / 'tʃizˌbərgər / noun

a hamburger (= a flat, round piece of meat in between two round pieces of bread), with a slice of cheese on top of the meat

cheese .cake

[count, noncount]

a type of cake that is made from soft white cheese, sugar, and eggs on a base made of crushed cookies

cheesecake



a slice of cheesecake

chef / sef / noun [count]

a professional cook, especially the chief cook in a hotel or restaurant

chem .i .cal 1 AWL / 'kemikl / adjective

(CHEMISTRY) connected with chemistry or chemicals a chemical experiment

chem . i . cal 2 AWL / 'kemikl / noun

(CHEMISTRY) a solid or liquid substance that is used or produced in a chemical process

chem . ist / 'kemist / noun [count]

(CHEMISTRY) a scientist who does research and experiments with chemicals

chem .is .try 5/keməstri / noun [noncount] the science that studies gases, liquids, and solids to find out what they are and how they behave

che .mo .ther .a .py / ˌkimoʊˈθεrəpi /

(also informal che mo / 'kimov /) noun [noncount]

(**HEALTH**) the treatment of a disease using chemicals Cancer patients are usually treated using chemotherapy.

cher ish / tsers / verb

(cher ish es, cher ish ing, cher ished) to love and take care of someone or something Her ring is her most cherished possession.

cher .ry / 'tseri / noun [count]

(plural cher ries)

a small round red or black fruit that has a large seed inside it (called a pit)

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **fruit**.

chess / tses /

noun [noncount]

a game that two people play on a board with black and white squares on it (called

chessboard). Each player has

sixteen pieces that be moved around the board in different ways.

chess



chest 🔯 / tsest / noun [count]

1 the top part of the front of your body

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **body**.

2 a large, strong box with a lid that you use for storing or carrying things

chest . nut / 'tssnat / noun [count]

this nut grows on

roasted chestnuts

chest of draw .ers / tfest ev 'drorz / noun

[count](plural chests of draw ers)

a large piece of furniture with parts that you can pull out (called **drawers**). A **chest of drawers** is usually used for keeping clothes in.

chew / tʃu / verb

(chews, chew ing, chewed)

to use your teeth to break up food in your mouth when you

You should chew your food thoroughly.

chew ing gum / 'tʃuɪŋ gʌm / noun

[noncount]

= gum (2)

Chic / sik / adjective (chic er, chic est)

fashionable and attractive

a chic new restaurant

chick / t[ik / noun [count]

a baby bird, especially a baby chicken a hen with her chicks

chick en 😂 / 'tʃikən /

1 [count] a bird that people often keep for its eggs and its meat

Word building

A female chicken is called a hen, and a male chicken is called a rooster.

A young chicken is a **chick**.

2 [noncount] the meat from this bird

roast chicken

chick .en pox / 'tʃikən paks /

(also chick en pox) noun [noncount]

(HEALTH) a disease, especially of children. When you have the chicken pox you feel very hot and get red spots on your skin that make you want to scratch.

chief 1 2 / tsif / noun [count]

the leader of a group of people the chief of a Native American tribe police chiefs

chief 2 0 / tsif / adjective

most important

Bad driving is one of the chief causes of road accidents.

chief .ly / 'tʃifli / adverb

not completely, but mostly

His success was due chiefly to hard work.

→SYNONYM mainly

child 2 / tfaild / noun [count]

(plural chil dren / 'tsildrən /)

1 a young boy or girl

There are 30 children in the class.

2 a daughter or son

Do you have any children?

One of her children got married last year.

child .care / 'tfaildker / noun [noncount]

a smooth, brown nut with a sharp point, or the tree that taking care of children, especially while the parents are at

childcare facilities for working parents

child . hood 2 / 'tsalldhod / noun

[count, noncount]

the time when you are a child

She had a happy childhood.

child .ish / 'tfaildif / adjective

like a child

Don't be so childish! It's only a game.

→SYNONYM immature

chil i / 'tʃili / noun (plural chil ies)

1 [count]

(also chil i pep per) a green or vegetable that has a very strong hot taste

chili powder

chicken

2 [noncount] a dish made with chilis, and usually meat

chilies

Chill / tfil / verb (chills , chill ing , chilled)

1 to make someone or something colder

Chill the white wine before you serve it.

2 (also chill out) (informal)

to relax and not worry about things

When I get home from work, I like to chill out in front of

▶ chill noun [singular] a feeling of being cold There's a chill in the air this morning.

Chill · **y** / 'tʃili / adjective (chill i er, chill i est) cold

a chilly morning

Thesaurus

cold with a temperature that is lower than usual or lower than the human body; (used about food or drink) not heated: I'm not going into the lake - the water's too cold. • Should I turn the heat on? I'm cold.

♦ to look/feel cold ♦ Would you like a cold drink? ♦ We're having cold chicken for lunch.

cool (used especially about the weather) a little cold, often in a pleasant way: It's hot outside but it's nice and cool in here. ♦ a cool breeze (= a light wind) ♦ Let's sit in the shade and keep cool.

freezina

(informal)

(used about the temperature or people) extremely cold: It's freezing outside. ◆ freezing temperatures ◆ I'm freezing! Close the window! ♦ freezing cold weather

→ANTONYM boiling

chilly (used especially about the weather) too cold to be comfortable: a chilly morning in November ♦ Bring a coat. It might get chilly later. • She was beginning to feel chilly.

chime / tfaim / verb

(chimes, chim ing, chimed)

to make the sound that a bell makes The clock chimed midnight.

chim . ney / 'tʃimni / noun [count]

(plural chim nevs)

a large pipe over a fire that lets smoke go outside into the air

chim pan zee

/ tsimpæn'zi / noun [count] an African animal like a large monkey with no tail

chimpanzee



chin 2 / tsin / noun [count] the part of your face below your mouth \rightarrow Look at the picture at **face**.

chi .na / 'tſamə / noun

a hard white material made from earth, or things like plates and cups that are made from this a china cup

Chip 1 / tʃip / noun [count]

1 a small piece of something, such as wood, chocolate, or glass

a chocolate chip cookie

2 the place where a small piece of wood, stone, or other material has broken off a larger piece This plate has a chip in it.

3 (also po ta to chip) a very thin piece of potato cooked in hot oil and eaten cold

I put out chips and dip for the party.

4 (COMPUTERS) a very small thing inside a computer that makes it work

→SYNONYM microchip

Chip 2 / tsip / verb (chips, chip ping, chipped) to break or lose a small piece off something hard My son fell off his bike and chipped his tooth.

chip . munk / 'tʃipmʌŋk / chipmunk

noun [count]

a small animal with a long, thick tail and brown fur with lines of black and white on its back



Chirp / tfərp / verb (chirps, chirp ing, chirped) to make the short high sound that small birds make

chis el / tsizl / noun

[count]

a tool with a sharp end that is used for cutting or shaping wood, stone, etc.

chlo . ride / 'kloraid / noun

[count, noncount]

(CHEMISTRY) a substance that is a mixture of chlorine and another chemical sodium chloride

chlo .rine / 'klorin / noun [noncount]

(symbol CI)

(CHEMISTRY) a yellow-green gas with a strong smell, which is used for making water safe to drink or to swim in

choc . o . late 🔯 / 'tʃaklət / noun

1 [noncount] a dark brown sweet food that is made from seeds (called cocoa beans) that grow on trees in hot countries

Do you like chocolate?

I would love a piece of chocolate right now. a chocolate cake

2 [count] a piece of candy made of chocolate a box of chocolates

choc . o . late chip / tfaklet tfip / noun

a small piece of chocolate used in baking chocolate chip cookies

choice 2 / tos / noun

1 [count] the act of choosing between two or more people

You made the right choice.

2 [noncount] the right or chance to choose We have no choice. We have to leave.

3 [count] the things that you can choose from The menu has a choice of six different soups.

4 [count] the person or thing that someone has chosen She was my choice for student council president.

Choir / 'kwaier / noun [count]

(MUSIC) a group of people who sing together a school choir

Choke / t∫ovk / verb (chokes, chok ing, choked) to be or to make someone not able to breathe because something is stopping air from getting in

He was choking on a fish bone.

Loosen the dog's collar – it's choking him.

cho . les . ter . ol / ka'lestaral / noun

I noncount 1

(HEALTH , BIOLOGY) a substance in your body that can cause heart disease if there is too much of it a new medication to help lower your cholesterol

Choose / tsuz / verb (chooses, chooseing,

chose / tsouz / has cho sen / 'tsouzn /)

to decide which thing or person you want

She chose the chocolate cake.

Mike had to choose between getting a job or going to college.

The noun is **choice**.

Chop 1 / t[ap /verb (chops, chop ping, chopped)

to cut something into pieces with a knife, etc.

Chop up an onion into small pieces.

We chopped some wood for the fire.

Thesaurus

cut to divide something into two or more pieces with a knife, etc.: Cut the sandwich in half (= into two equal pieces) . ◆ She cut the bread into thick slices. ◆ He cut up the meat on his plate.

chop to cut something into pieces with something sharp, such as a knife: Chop the carrots up into small pieces. ◆ Add the finely chopped onions. ◆ Roughly

slice to cut something into thin pieces (called slices): Slice the cucumber thinly. ◆ a loaf of sliced bread ◆ Should I slice the cake now?

carve to cut a large piece of cooked meat into smaller pieces for eating: *Dinner is ready. Who's going to carve the turkey?*

chop something down to cut a tree, etc. at the bottom so that it falls down

chop something off to remove something from something else by cutting it *to chop a branch off a tree*

chop 2 / tsap / noun [count]

a thick slice of meat with a piece of bone in it *a lamb chop*

chop sticks

/ 'tsapstiks / noun

[plural]

a pair of thin sticks that are used for eating with, especially in some Asian countries



chopsticks

chord / kord / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{MUSIC}}$) two or more musical notes that are played at the same time

chore / tfor / noun [count]

a job that is not interesting but that you must do doing the household chores

cho .re .og .ra .phy / ˌkəri'agrəfi / noun [noncount]

the arrangement of movements for a dance

cho .rus / 'kores / noun [count]

(plural cho rus es)

(MUSIC)

1 a part of a song that you repeat

2 a large group of people who sing together

→SYNONYM choir

chose, cho sen

forms of choose

chow .der / 'tfauder / noun

[count]

a thick soup, usually made with fish *clam chowder*

Christ / kraist /

= Jesus

chris .ten / 'krısn / verb

(chris tens, chris ten ing, chris tened)

(RELIGION) to give a name to a baby and make him or her a member of the Christian church in a special ceremony

►chris .ten .ing / 'krısnıŋ / noun [count]

the ceremony when a baby is christened

Chris . tian / 'kristʃən / noun [count]

(RELIGION) a person who believes in Jesus Christ and what he taught

► Chris · tian adjective the Christian church

Chris .ti .an .i .ty / kristʃiˈænətji / noun

noncount

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{RELIGION}}$) the religion that follows what Jesus Christ taught

Christ . mas / 'krismas / noun

[count, noncount]

(RELIGION) the period of time around and including December 25, when Christians remember the birth of Christ

Merry Christmas!

Where are you spending Christmas this year?

Culture

Christmas is an important festival in the U.S.

The day before ${\bf Christmas}\ {\bf Day}$ is called ${\bf Christmas}\ {\bf Eve}$.

Many children believe that **Santa Claus** visits them at Christmas to bring presents, and they hang **Christmas stockings** for him to fill with presents.

People send **Christmas cards** and give presents to their friends and family. Many people go to church at Christmas and sing **Christmas carols**.

People put special trees (called **Christmas trees**) in their homes, and decorate them with small lights and other pretty things.

Christmas is sometimes written informally as Xmas.

chrome / kroom / noun [noncount]

a hard, shiny metal that is used to cover other metals a chrome bumper on a car

chro .mo .some / 'kroomesoom / noun [count]

(BIOLOGY) the part of a cell that decides the sex, character, size, etc. that a person, plant, or animal will have

chron . ic / 'kranık / adjective

(HEALTH) (used about a disease or problem) that continues for a long time and is hard to get rid of a chronic backache

chronic unemployment

chron . o . log . i . cal / kranə'ladzıkl /

arranged in the order in which events happened a list of Civil War battles in chronological order

chrys . a . lis / 'krisəlis / noun [count]

(<code>plural chrys \cdot a \cdot lis \cdot es) (<code>BIOLOGY</code>) the form of an insect while it is changing into an adult inside a hard case</code>

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **butterfly**.

chub . by / 'tsabi / adjective

(chub bi er, chub bi est)

slightly fat

a baby with chubby cheeks

chunk / tʃʌŋk / *noun* [count]

a large piece or part of something

A large chunk of my income goes to paying rent.

Thesaurus

piece an amount of something that has been cut or separated from the rest of it. This is a very general word and can be used with most noncount nouns: She wrote her address on a piece of paper. • He cut the pizza into small pieces. • a piece of fruit • a piece of advice

slice a thin, flat piece of food that has been cut off a larger piece: Would you like another slice of cake? ◆ Cut the meat into thin slices. ◆ a slice of lemon/tomato ◆ cheese slices

chunk a thick, solid piece that has been cut or broken off something: There were chunks of ice floating in the lake. \spadesuit a great big chunk of meat \spadesuit a chunk of cheese/bread

lump a piece of something hard or solid, especially one without any particular shape: *This sauce has lumps in it.* ◆ *a few lumps of coal* ◆ *a big lump of dough* **slab** a thick, flat piece of stone, ice, or food: *a huge slab of concrete* ◆ *paving slabs*

(RELIGION) a building where Christians go to speak to God (to pray)

They go to church every Sunday.

Grammar

When we talk about going to a ceremony (a service) in a church we say in church, to church or at church without "a" or "the": Was Mr. Poole at church today?

We use **a** or **the** to talk about the building: *the church* where we got married \spadesuit a historic church.

chute / fut / noun [count]

a narrow space that you drop or slide things down a laundry chute

Ci . **der** / 'saider / (also ap . ple ci . der) *noun* [count, noncount] a drink made from apples

ci .gar / sı'gar / noun [count]

a thick roll of dried leaves (called **tobacco**) that some people smoke. **Cigars** are larger than cigarettes.

Cig . a . rette / sigaret / noun [count] a thin tube of white paper filled with dried leaves (called tobacco), which some people smoke He smoked two packs of cigarettes a day.

cin . **e** . **ma** / 'sinama / *noun* [noncount] (*formal*) movies in general

French cinema during the twentieth century

cin . **mon** / 'sməmən / *noun* [noncount] a brown powder that is used to give flavor to sweet foods *cinnamon toast* (= toast with butter, cinnamon, and sugar)

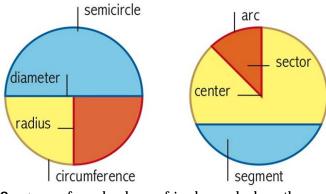
cir . cle 1 2 / 'sərkl / noun [count]

1 a round shape; a ring

There are 360 degrees in a circle.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **shape**.

circle



2 a group of people who are friends, or who have the same interest or job

He has a large circle of friends.

Cir . Cle 2 / 'sərkl / verb

(cir cles, cir cling, cir cled)

to move in a circle, or to draw a circle around something *Vultures circled overhead.*

Circle the correct answer in your book.

cir .cuit / 'sərkət / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{PHYSICS}}$) the complete path of electricity through a wire, etc

an electrical circuit

cir .cu .lar / 'sərkyələr / adjective

with the shape of a circle a circular table

→SYNONYM round

cir .cu .late / 'sərkyəleit / verb

(cir .cu .lates , cir .cu .lat .ing , cir .cu .lat .ed) to move around

Blood circulates around the body.

cir .cu .la .tion / ˌsərkyəˈleɪʃn / noun

[noncount

(**BIOLOGY**) the movement of blood around the body

cir .cum .fer .ence / sərˈkʌmfrəns / noun

(MATH) the distance around a circle

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at circle.

cir .cum .stanc .es AWL / 'sərkəmstænsız / noun [plural]

the facts that are true in a particular situation

under no circumstances

never; not for any reason

Under no circumstances should you go out alone at night.

under the circumstances

as the result of a particular situation

It's not an ideal solution, but it's the best we can do under the circumstances.

cir .cus / 'sərkəs / noun [count]

(plural cir.cus.es)

a performance by a company of people and often trained animals which travels to different places

The kids enjoyed seeing the acrobats, clowns, and elephants at the circus.

cite AWL / sait / verb (cites, cit ing, cit ed)

to mention something as an example, to support what you are saying

She cited rising crime figures as an example of the city's problems.

cit . i . zen 🔯 / 'sıtəzn / noun [count]

a person who belongs to a country or a city *She became an American citizen in 1995.*

 $\textbf{cit} \cdot \textbf{i} \cdot \textbf{zen} \cdot \textbf{ship} \; / \; \texttt{'stj-zen} \texttt{Jip} \; / \; \textbf{\textit{noun}}$

[noncount]

the legal right to belong to a particular country to apply for citizenship

cit . rus fruit / 'sıtrəs frut / noun

[count, noncount]

a fruit such as an orange or a lemon

cit y 2 / 'sıtı / noun [count] (plural cit ies)

a big and important town

the city of New York

city streets

cit .y hall (also Cit .y Hall) / stţi 'h əl / noun

(POLITICS) the government of a city and the offices it uses We're going to fight city hall to get our roads repaired. We got married at City Hall.

CIV . IC / 'sıvık / adjective

(POLITICS) connected with a city or town, or the people who live there

a civic leader

our civic responsibilities

CIV . II AWL / 'sıvl / adjective

1 connected with the public, not with the army or a church a civil wedding (= not a religious one)

2 connected with the legal rights of people, but not criminal issues

civil law

3 polite, but not very friendly

You may not like him, but try at least to be civil.

ci . vil . ian / səˈvɪlyən / noun [count]

a person who does not belong to the army, navy, etc. or to the police

civ · i · li · za · tion / sivələ zeifn / noun

[count, noncount]

the way people live together in a society with laws, education, and a government

the ancient civilizations of Greece and Rome Western civilization

CIV · i · lized / 'sıvəlaızd / adjective

1 (used about a society) well organized and having a highly developed culture

2 polite and reasonable a civilized conversation

civ il rights / sivl raits / noun [plural]

a person's legal rights to freedom and to equal treatment in society

Martin Luther King Jr. was a civil rights leader during the 1960s.

civ .il serv .ant / sıvl sərvənt / noun [count]

(POLITICS) a person who works in the civil service the civ · il serv · ice / ðə ˌsɪvl ˈsərvəs / noun [

(POLITICS) the government departments in a country, and the people who work for them

CIV . **II War** / ,sivl 'wor / **noun** [count, noncount]

(HISTORY , POLITICS) a war between groups of people who live in the same country

The Civil War began in 1861.

C abbreviation of **centiliter**

claim 1 / kleim / verb

(claims, claim ing, claimed)

1 to say that something is true

He claims that he did the work without help.

2 to ask for something because it is yours

If no one claims the camera you found, you can have it.

Claim 2 / kleim / noun [count]

1 saying that something is true

No one believed his claim that he had found the money on

2 something that you ask for because you think you have a right to it

After the car accident, he made a claim to his insurance company to pay for repairs.

clam / klæm / noun [count]

a type of fish with a round shell in two parts that can open and close

fried clams

clamp 1 / klæmp / verb

(clamps, clampling, clamped)

to hold something firmly in a particular position Her lips were clamped shut.

clamp down on someone or something (informal)

to take strong action in order to stop or control something The police are clamping down on street crime.

clamp 2 / klæmp / noun [count] a tool that holds two things together very firmly

Clang / klæn / verb (clangs, clang ling, clanged) to make a loud sound, like metal when you hit it with something

The iron gates clanged shut.

Clap / klæp / verb (claps, clap ping, clapped)

to hit your hands together to make a noise, usually to show that you like something

At the end of the concert the audience clapped loudly.

clar . i . fy AWL / 'klærəfai / verb

(clar i fies, clar i fy ing, clar i fied)

to make something clear and easy to understand I hope that what I say will clarify the situtation.

►clar · i · fi · ca · tion AWL / ˌklærəfəˈkeɪʃn / noun [noncount]

That report needs some clarification.

clar · i · net / klærəˈnɛt / noun [count]

(MUSIC) a musical instrument made of wood with holes in it. You play it by blowing into it.

→ Look at the picture at instrument.

clar .i .ty AWL / 'klærəti / noun [noncount]

the quality of being clear and easy to understand clarity of expression

Your written arguments lack clarity.

The adjective is **clear**.

clash 1 / klæʃ / verb

(clash les , clash ling , clashed)

1 to fight or argue about something

Police clashed with demonstrators.

2 If colors or patterns clash, they do not look good together

That red tie clashes with your shirt.

Clash 2 / klæʃ / noun [count] (plural clash .es)

1 a fight or a serious argument

a clash between police and demonstrators

2 a big difference

a clash of cultures

clasp 1 / klæsp / verb

(clasps . clasp . ing . clasped)

to hold someone or something firmly

He clasped the dog's leash tightly. →SYNONYM grip

Clasp 2 / klæsp / noun [count]

a metal object that fastens or holds something together the clasp on a necklace \rightarrow Look at the picture at jewelry

1 [count] a group of children or students who learn together

There is a new girl in my class.

The whole class passed the exam. the class of '09 (= the group of students who finished their studies in 2009)

2 [count, noncount] the time when you learn something clause AWL / kloz / noun [count] with a teacher

Classes begin at nine o'clock.

No cell phones are allowed in class.

3 [count] a group of people or things that are the same in

There are many different classes of insects.

the middle class (= people who are neither rich nor poor)

4 [count] how good, comfortable, etc. something is It costs more to travel first class.

clas . sic 1 AWL / 'klæsik / adjective

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) important and having a value that will last

the classic novel "Pride and Prejudice"

clas . sic 2 AWL / 'klæsik / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a book, movie, or piece of music that is so good that it is still popular many years after it was written or made

"Charlotte's Web," written by E. B. White, is a children's classic.

clas . si . cal AWL / 'klæsikl / adjective

1 in a style that people have used for a long time because they think it is good

classical dance →SYNONYM traditional

→ANTONYM modern

2 (MUSIC) **Classical** music is written for instruments that are not electronic, and is considered to be serious and important

I prefer rock to classical music.

3 connected with ancient Greece or Rome classical Greek architecture

clas . si . fied ad / klæsəfaid 'æd / noun

a small advertisement that you put in a newspaper, on the Internet, etc. if you want to buy or sell something, rent an apartment, etc.

clas . Si . fy / 'klæsəfaı / verb

(clas si fies, clas si fy ing, clas si fied)

to put someone or something into a group with others that

Would you classify the movie as a drama or a thriller?

►clas · si · fi · ca · tion / ˌklæsəfəˈkeɪʃn / noun [count, noncount]

the classification of different species of butterflies

class . mate / 'klæsmeit / noun [count]

a person who is in the same class as you at school or college

class . room / 'klæsrum / noun [count] a room where you learn in a school or college

Class . **y** / 'klæsi / adjective

(class .i .er , class .i .est)

(informal)

having high quality or style; expensive He took me to a classy restaurant.

clat .ter / 'klæter / verb

(clat ters, clat ter ing, clat tered)

to make the loud noise of hard things hitting each other The dishes clattered in the cupboard when he slammed the

►clat .ter noun [count, usually singular] the clatter of horses' hoofs

1 (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a part of a sentence that has a verb in it

The sentence "After we had finished eating, we went out." contains two clauses.

2 a part of a legal document that says that something must or must not be done

There is a clause in the rental agreement forbidding pets.

claus · tro · pho · bi · a / klostre foubie / noun [noncount]

(HEALTH) a very strong fear of being in a small or closed space

Claw / klo / noun [count]

one of the hard pointed parts on the feet of some animals and birds

Cats have sharp claws.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at cat.

Clay / **kle**r / **noun** [noncount]

a kind of heavy earth that becomes hard when it is dry clay pots

clean 1 / klin / adjective (clean er, clean est)

1 not dirty

clean clothes

Are your hands clean?

→ANTONYM dirty

2 having no record of crimes or offenses

Do you have a clean driving record?

clean 2 0 / klin / verb

(cleans, clean ing, cleaned)

to remove the dirt or marks from something; to make something clean

Sam cleaned the kitchen floor.

clean something out to clean the inside of something I found my old jacket when I cleaned out my closet.

clean up; clean something up to make a place clean and neat

You need to clean up your room before you go out. She helped me clean up after the party.

Word building

When you clean or clean up your home, you do housework.

You wash something with water and often soap. You wipe a surface with a wet cloth and you dust a surface with a dry cloth.

You **sweep** the floor with a **broom**.

clean .er / 'kliner / noun

[count]

1 a person whose job is to clean people's houses or other buildings

an office cleaner

2 a substance or special machine used for cleaning something

a carpet cleaner

3 the cleaners = dry cleaners

Could you pick up my suit from the cleaners on your way

Clear 1 2 / klir / adjective (clear er, clear est)

1 easy to see, hear, or understand

She spoke in a loud, clear voice.

These instructions aren't very clear.

It's clear that he's not happy.

I made it clear to him that he was no longer welcome here.

→ANTONYM unclear

2 easy to see through

clear glass

3 free from marks

a clear sky (= without clouds)

clear skin (= without spots)

4 with nothing blocking the way

Most roads are now clear of snow.

clear 2 2 klir / verb (clears, clear ing, cleared)

 ${f 1}$ to remove things from a place because you do not want or need them there

They cleared the snow from the path.

When you're finished eating, clear the table (= take away the dirty plates).

2 to become clear

It rained in the morning, but in the afternoon the sky cleared.

clear something out to make something neat and clean by getting rid of things that you do not want

clear .ance / 'klirens / noun [noncount]

1 official permission to do something

You need special security clearance to enter the building.

2 getting rid of something that is old and not wanted a *clearance sale*

clear . ly 😂 / 'klırlı / adverb

1 in a way that is easy to see, hear, or understand When you make your speech, try to speak slowly and clearly.

The notes explain very clearly what you have to do.

2 without any doubt

She is clearly very intelligent.

→SYNONYM obviously

cler .gy / 'klard3i / noun [plural]

(RELIGION) the people who perform religious services a member of the clergy

cler .gy .man / 'klərdʒimən /

(also cler.gy.wom.an/klard3iwoman/) noun

[count](plural cler.gy.men/'klardzimen/

cler .gy .wom .en / 'klardʒiwiman /)

(RELIGION) a member of the clergy

clerk / klark / noun [count]

1 a person whose job is to do written work or keep records or accounts in an office, a bank, etc.

2 a person who works in a store

→SYNONYM salesclerk

 $\boldsymbol{3}\,$ a person whose job is to help people arriving at or leaving a hotel

Leave your keys with the clerk at the front desk.

clev .**er** / 'klɛvər / adjective (clev .er .er ,

clev .er .est)

intelligent and showing skill; quick at learning and understanding things

a clever strategy

►clev . er . ly / 'klɛvərli / adverb

cli .ché / kliˈʃeɪ / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a phrase or an idea that has been used too many times before, so it does not mean much *The saying "life begins at 40" is such a cliché.*

Click 1 / klık / verb (clicks, click ing, clicked)

1 to make a short, sharp sound

The door clicked shut.

2 (COMPUTERS) to press one of the buttons on a computer mouse

To open a file, click on the menu.

Click the OK button to start.

 \rightarrow Look at double-click.

click 2 / klik / noun [count]

1 a short, sharp sound

the click of a switch

 $\boldsymbol{2}\,$ ($\mathsf{COMPUTERS}$) the act of pressing a button on a computer mouse

You can do this with a click of the mouse.

cli .ent / 'klarent / noun [count]

(BUSINESS) a person who pays a professional or business person for help or advice

The lawyer claimed that her client was innocent.

cliff / klif / noun [count]

(GEOGRAPHY) a high area of rock by the ocean, with one side that goes up very quickly (that is steep)

cliff



lighthouse | cliff

cli . mate 5 / klamet / noun

[count, noncount]

(GEOGRAPHY) the normal weather conditions of a place *Coffee will not grow in a cold climate.*

cli .mate change / 'klaımət ,tseind3 / noun

[noncount]

climate change.

(GEOGRAPHY) changes in the earth's weather, espcially the fact that the earth's atmosphere is getting hotter Scientists are very worried about the effects of global

→Look at global warming.

cli .max / 'klamæks / noun [count]

(plural cli . max .es)

the most important part of something or of a period of time *Winning an Oscar was the climax of his career.*

climb 🔯 / klaım / verb

(climbs, climb ing, climbed)

PRONUNCIATION

The word **climb** sounds like **time** .

1 to go up toward the top of something

They climbed the mountain.

The cat climbed to the top of the tree.

2 to move to or from a place when it is not easy to do it *The boys climbed through a hole in the fence.*

3 to move to a higher level

The road climbs steeply.

►climb noun [count]

It was a long climb to the top of the mountain.

climb .er / 'klarmer / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{SPORTS}}$) a person who climbs mountains or rocks as a sport

a rock climber

climb . ing / 'klaımın / noun [noncount]

(SPORTS) the sport of climbing mountains or rocks *He was injured in a climbing accident.*

cling / klm / verb

(clings, cling ing, clung/klan/has clung)

to hold tight or stick to someone or something The girl was crying and clinging to her mother. His wet clothes clung to his body.

clin . ic / 'klınık / noun [count]

($\mbox{\sc HEALTH}$) a place where you can go to get help or advice from a doctor about a particular medical problem

Clip 1 / klip / noun [count]

a small piece of metal or plastic for holding things together or in place

a hair clip

 \rightarrow Look at paper clip.

Clip 2 / klip / verb (clips, clip.ping, clipped)

to join something to another thing with a clip Clip the photo to the top of the letter.

Do your earrings clip on?

clip . board / 'klipbord / clipboard noun [count]

1 a small board with a part that holds papers at the top

2 (COMPUTERS) a place where information from a computer file is kept for a short time, before it is added to another file



clock / klak / noun [count] a thing that shows you what time it is an alarm clock

Word building

A small clock that you wear on your wrist is called a watch

You say that a clock or watch is **fast** if it shows a time that is later than the real time. You say that it is **slow** if it shows a time that is earlier than the real time.

clock . **Wise** / 'klakwarz / *adjective*, *adverb* in the direction that the hands of a clock move *Turn the handle clockwise* .

→ANTONYM counterclockwise

clog / klag / noun [count]

a type of shoe with no back and a thick base made of wood a pair of clogs

clone / kloon / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{BIOLOGY}}$) an exact copy of a plant or an animal, created from one of its cells

clone verb (clones, clon ing, cloned) Scientists first cloned a sheep in 1996.

Close 1 / klooz / verb (clos | es , clos | ing , closed)

PRONUNCIATION

When the word **close** is a verb, it has a /z / sound as in **grows** or **nose**.

When the word close is an adjective, it has a / s / sound as in dose .

1 to shut

Please close the window.

Close your eyes!

The door closed quietly.

2 to stop being open, so that people cannot go there *What time does the bank close?*

→ANTONYM open

close down; **close something down** to stop all business at a store, factory, etc.

The store closed down when the owner died.

Health inspectors closed the restaurant down.

Close 2 2 / kloos / adjective, adverb (closer, closest)

1 near

We live close to the train station.

The photographer asked us to stand closer together (= with less space between us).

 ${\bf 2}$ If people are ${\bf close}$, they know each other well and like each other very much

I'm very close to my sister.

John and I are close friends .

 $\boldsymbol{3}$ (used about a competition or race) only won by a small amount

a close game

4 careful

Take a close look at this picture.

a close call

a bad thing that almost happened

I wasn't hurt, but it was a pretty close call.

► close .ly / 'klousli / adverb

 ${\it Paul entered, followed closely by Mike.}$

We watched her closely (= carefully).

closed 🔯 / kloozd / adjective

not open

The store is closed on Sundays.

Keep your eyes closed.

→SYNONYM shut

→ANTONYM open

closed-cir .cuit tel .e .vi .sion

/ _klovzd _sərkət 'tɛləvɪʒn / noun [noncount] (abbreviation CCTV)

a type of television system with cameras in public places, used to prevent crime

clos .et / 'klazət / noun [count]

a space in a wall with a door that reaches the ground, used for storing clothes, shoes, etc.

a walk-in closet

CIO . SUPE / 'klouger / noun [count, noncount]

the act of closing a business

the closure of factories in Detroit

clot / klat / noun [count]

($\mbox{\it HEALTH}$) a lump that forms when blood dries or gets thick a blood clot

►clot *verb* (clots, clot iting, clot ited)

This medication stops blood from clotting.

cloth ፟ / kləθ / noun

1 [noncount] material made of wool, cotton, etc. that you use for making clothes and other things

→SYNONYM fabric

2 [count] a piece of **cloth** that you use for a special job *Do you have a cloth I can use to wipe the floor with?*

→Look at tablecloth , washcloth .

clothes 5/ klovðz / noun

[plural]

things like pants, shirts, and dresses that you wear to cover your body

She was wearing new clothes .

Take off those wet clothes.

Collocations

Clothes and appearance

clothes

be wearing a new outfit/a uniform/jeans

wear jewelry/a watch/glasses/contact

lenses/perfume
put on/take off your clothes/coat/shoes

change into a pair of jeans/your pajamas

be fashionably/well dressed

be/get dressed for work/school/dinner

appearance

brush/comb your hair

wash/shampoo/blow-dry your hair

have/get a haircut/your hair cut/a new hairstyle

have/get a makeover/your nails done

use/wear/put on makeup/cosmetics/lipstick



cloth . inq 📀 / ˈkloʊðɪŋ / noun

[noncount]

clothes, especially a particular type of clothes

You will need waterproof clothing.

He checked the pockets of each piece of clothing before putting it in the washing machine.

Which word?

Clothes or clothing?

Clothes is a plural noun: *I need to buy some new clothes*. ◆ *Look at all these clothes!*

Clothing is a more formal word for clothes, and can be used to talk about single items: *a piece of clothing* **•** *an item of clothing* .

cloud 🔯 / klaud / noun

1 [count, noncount] (**GEOGRAPHY**) a white or gray shape in the sky that is made of small drops of water *Look at those dark clouds. It's going to rain.*

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ [count] a large collection of dust or smoke that looks like a \boldsymbol{cloud}

clouds of smoke

cloud y / klaudi / adjective

($cloud \cdot i \cdot er$, $cloud \cdot i \cdot est$)

If the weather is ${\bf cloudy}$, the sky is full of clouds a ${\it cloudy}$ day

clove / kloov / noun

[count

1 the small dried flower of a tree that grows in hot countries, used as a spice in cooking. **Cloves** look like small nails.

2 one of the small separate sections of **garlic** (= a vegetable of the onion family with a strong taste and smell, used in cooking)

Crush two cloves of garlic.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **garlic**.

Clo . ver / 'kloover / noun [count]

a small plant with leaves that usually have three parts to them

Have you ever found a four-leaf clover?

clown / klaon / noun [count]

a person who wears funny clothes and a big red nose and does silly things to make people laugh

club 🕯 / klab / noun

1 [count] a group of people who do something together, or the place where they meet

to be a member of a club

the school's chess club

Do you belong to a country club? (= where people play sports and go to social events)

2 [count] (also night club / 'naitklab /) a place where people go to listen to music, dance, etc.

3 [count] a heavy stick with one thick end, used as a weapon

4 [count] (SPORTS) a long thin stick that is used for hitting a ball when playing **golf** (= a game played on grass in which you hit a small ball into a number of holes) Which word?

The thing that you use to hit the ball has different names in different sports.

You use a bat in baseball.

You use a **racket** to play tennis, badminton, and squash.

To play golf, you use a **club**.

In hockey, you use a stick.

5 clubs [plural] the group of playing cards (called a suit) that have the shape ♣ on them the three of clubs

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at playing card.

club . bing / 'klabin / noun

[noncount]

the activity of going out to places called **clubs** or **nightclubs**, where you can listen to music and dance at night

They go clubbing every Saturday night.

club so . da / ¡klʌb ˈsoʊdə / noun [noncount] water with bubbles in it

→SYNONYM soda water

clue / klu / noun [count]

something that helps to find the answer to a problem, or to know the truth

The police are looking for clues to help them find the missing man.

→ Look at the picture at crossword puzzle.

have no clue

(informal)

to know nothing about something "What's his name?" "I have no clue."

clum . sy / 'klamzi / adjective

(clum si er, clum si est)

If you are **clumsy**, you often drop things or do things badly because you do not move in an easy or careful way *I just broke another glass. I'm so clumsy!*

►clum . si . ly / 'kl^mzəli / adverb He clumsily knocked the cup off the table.

clung

form of cling

clus .ter / 'klaster / noun [count]

a group of people or things that are close together a cluster of grapes

clutch 1 / klats / verb

(clutch es, clutch ing, clutched)

to hold something tight

The boy clutched his mother's hand.

→SYNONYM grip

clutch 2 / klatf / noun [count]

(plural clutch es)

(in some vehicles) the part that your foot presses while your hand moves the stick that changes the engine speed

clut .ter / 'klater / noun [noncount]

things that are where they are not wanted or needed, and which make a place messy

I can't stand all this clutter!

►clut .tered / 'kl^tord / adjective

a cluttered desk

abbreviation of centimeter

Co. / kou /

abbreviation of company (1)

C/O / si 'oo / abbreviation

You use \mathbf{c}/\mathbf{o} (short for care of) when you are writing to someone who is staying at another person's house Ms. S. Garcia, c/o Mr. Michael Nolan

COach 1 / kootf / noun (plural coach les)

1 [count] (SPORTS) a person who trains a person or team in a sport

a baseball coach

2 [noncount] the cheapest type of seats on an airplane I used to fly business class for work, but now I fly coach.

coach 2 / koots / verb

(coach es, coach ing, coached)

to teach someone to play a sport or do something better She is coaching the Olympic volleyball team.

COal / kovl / noun [noncount]

a hard black substance that comes from under the ground and gives out heat when you burn it a coal mine

COARSE / kors / adjective (coars er, coars est) made of thick pieces so that it is not smooth coarse salt

coarse material

→ANTONYM fine

coast 🔯 / koost / noun

(GEOGRAPHY) the part of the land that is next to the ocean We drove along the coast.

They reported seeing sharks just off the coast.

Culture

The area of the United States next to the Pacific Ocean is called the West Coast

The area next to the Atlantic Ocean is called the East Coast: They live on the West Coast. ◆ Boston and other COC / kad / noun [count] (plural cod) East Coast cities .

coast . al / 'koostl / adjective

(GEOGRAPHY) at or near a coast coastal areas

the Coast Guard / ðə kovst gard / noun

an organization that watches people's activities on the ocean and helps people or ships who are in danger

coast .line / 'koustlam / noun [count]

(GEOGRAPHY) the edge of the land next to the ocean a rocky coastline

COat 1 2 / kout / noun [count]

1 a piece of clothing that you wear over your other clothes when you are outside

Put your coat on – it's cold today.

2 the hair or fur that covers an animal

a dog with a smooth coat

3 a layer of something that covers a surface a coat of paint

COat 2 / koot / verb (coats, coat ing, coat ed) to put a thin covering of something over another thing Their shoes were coated with mud.

coat hang .er / 'kout hæner / noun [count]

another word for hanger

cob . web / 'kabweb / noun [count]

a net, especially one that is old and full of dust, that a spider made to catch insects

COCK . **pit** / 'kakprt / noun [count] the part of an airplane where the pilot sits

cock .roach / 'kakroutf / noun [count]

(plural cock roach es) (also informal roach)

a large brown insect that you find in houses, especially dirty

cock . tail / 'kakterl / noun [count]

a drink usually made of alcohol mixed with fruit juices or other types of drinks

a cocktail party

CO . COa / 'kookoo / noun

1 [noncount] a dark brown powder made from the seeds (called **cocoa beans**) of a tree that grows in hot countries. Cocoa is used in making chocolate.

2 [count, noncount] a drink of hot milk mixed with this powder

a cup of cocoa

CO . CO . nut / 'koʊkənʌt / noun [count]

a large fruit that grows on trees in hot countries. Coconuts are brown and hard on the outside, and they have sweet white food and liquid inside.

coconuts



a large fish that lives in the ocean and that you can eat

code AWL / kood / noun

1 [count, noncount] a way of writing secret messages, using letters, numbers, or special signs

The list of names was written in code.

 ${f 2}$ [count] a group of numbers or letters that helps you find something

a bar code (= a pattern of lines printed on things that you buy, that a computer can read)

→ Look at area code , zip code .

3 [count] a set of rules for a group of people *Does your school have a dress code* (= a set of rules about what you are allowed to wear)?

cof . fee 5 / kəfi / noun

1 [noncount] a brown powder made from the seeds (called **coffee beans**) of a tree that grows in hot countries. You use it for making a drink.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ [noncount] a drink made by adding hot water to this powder

Would you like coffee or tea? a cup of coffee

3 [count] a cup of this drink

Two large coffees, please.

Word building

Black coffee has no milk in it.

Decaffeinated coffee, also called decaf , has had the caffeine taken out.

cof . fee shop / 'kofi ʃap / noun [count]

a small, informal restaurant that serves cheap meals, coffee, and other drinks

cof . fee ta . ble / 'kofi ,teibl / noun [count]

a small, low table that you put magazines, cups, or other similar things on

cof fin / kəfən / noun [count]

a box that a dead person's body is put in

co . her . ent AWL / kou'hirənt / adjective

clear, organized, and easy to understand

a coherent argument → ANTONYM incoherent

►co · her · ent · ly AWL / koʊˈhɪrəntli / adverb

COIL 1 / koil / verb (coils, coil ing, coiled)

to make something into a lot of circles that are joined together

The snake coiled itself around a branch.

COIL 2 / koil / noun [count]

a long piece of rope or wire that goes around in circles *a coil of rope*

COIN 2 / kom / noun [count]

a piece of money made of metal

The soda machine takes both bills and coins.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at money.

co . in . cide AWL / koom'said / verb

(co in cides, co in cid ing, co in cid ed)

1 to happen at the same time as something else

My trip to Cape Cod coincided with the president's visit.

2 to be the same or very similar

Our views coincide completely.

co . in . ci . dence AWL / koo'ınsədəns / noun

two or more similar things happening at the same time or in the same place by chance, in a surprising way

What a coincidence! I was just thinking about you when you called!

co · in · ci · den · tal AWL / kov,msə'dentl /

adjective

happening by chance; not planned

co .la / 'koola / noun

[count, noncount]

a sweet brown drink with bubbles in it

COId 1 2 / kould / adjective (cold er, cold est)

1 not hot or warm; with a low temperature

Put your coat on - it's cold outside.

I'm cold. Will you turn up the heat?

hot and cold water

→ANTONYM hot

2 not friendly or kind

She gave him a cold, hard look.

►cold .ly / 'kooldli / adverb

She looked at me coldly.

Thesaurus

cold with a temperature that is lower than usual or lower than the human body; (used about food or drink) not heated: I'm not going into the lake - the water's too cold. ◆ Should I turn the heat on? I'm cold.

◆ to look/feel cold ◆ Would you like a cold drink? ◆ We're having cold chicken for lunch.

cool (used especially about the weather) a little cold, often in a pleasant way: *It's hot outside but it's nice and cool in here.* ◆ *a cool breeze* (= a light wind) ◆ *Let's sit in the shade and keep cool*.

freezing

(informal)

(used about the temperature or people) extremely cold: It's freezing outside. ◆ freezing temperatures ◆ I'm freezing! Close the window! ◆ freezing cold weather

→ANTONYM boiling

chilly (used especially about the weather) too cold to be comfortable: *a chilly morning in November* ◆ *Bring a coat. It might get chilly later.* ◆ *She was beginning to feel chilly.*

cold 2 2 / koold / noun

1 [noncount] cold weather

Don't go out in the cold.

2 [count] (HEALTH) a common illness of the nose and throat. When you have a **cold** , you often cannot breathe through your nose and your throat hurts

I think I'm getting a cold.

Come in out of the rain, or you'll catch a cold.

cold-blood . ed / koold bladed / adjective

(BIOLOGY) having a body temperature that changes with the temperature of the air *Reptiles are cold-blooded.*

→ Look at warm-blooded.

col .lapse AWL / kəˈlæps / verb

(col laps es, col laps ing, col lapsed)

1 to fall down suddenly

The building collapsed in the earthquake.

She collapsed in the street and was rushed to hospital.

2 to fail suddenly and completely

The economy collapsed, leaving thousands of people out of work.

▶col · lapse noun

[count, noncount]

the collapse of the bridge

the economic collapse

col . lar / 'kalar / noun [count]

1 the part of your clothes that goes around your neck

→ Look at the picture at clothes .

2 a band that you put around the neck of a dog or cat

→ Look at blue-collar, white-collar.

col . league AWL / 'kalig / noun

[count]

a person who works with you

CO | eCt 1 | / kəˈlɛkt / verb

(col lect, col lect ing, col lect ed)

1 to take things from different people or places and put them together

The teacher will collect the test booklets at the end of the

2 to bring together things that are the same in some way, in order to study or enjoy them

My son collects stamps.

COl . lect 2 / kəˈlɛkt / adjective, adverb

(used about a telephone call) to be paid for by the person col.lo.ca.tion / _kalə'keɪʃn / noun [count] who receives the call

a collect call

I called my parents collect from Toronto.

COl . lec . tion 😂 / kəˈlɛkʃn / noun

1 [count] a group of similar things that someone has brought together

The Art Institute of Chicago has a large collection of modern paintings.

a music collection

2 [count, noncount] taking something from a place or from people

garbage collection

col . lec . tor / ka'lektar / noun [count]

a person who collects things

a stamp collector

a tax collector

col . lege 🔯 / 'kalıdı / noun

1 [count, noncount] a place where you can go to study after you have finished high school

She's going to college next year.

My brother is in college.

an art college

Collocations

Higher education

applying

apply for college

apply to a college/a university/Harvard

get into/go to college/Princeton

major in/minor in biology/philosophy

work toward a B.A./a law degree/a master's degree

finish/graduate from college

earn/receive/get a degree/a bachelor's degree/a master's degree

Which word?

University or college?

Universities and colleges both offer courses for students who are studying for their first degree (a bachelor's degree).

Universities also offer courses for people who are studying for more advanced degrees, for example a master's degree or a Ph.D.

College is often the word we use in general conversation when we are talking about a place of higher education, even when the place we are talking about is a university: a college student ◆ "Where did you go to college?" "Ohio State University."

2 [count] a main division of a university

The history department is part of the College of Arts and

col . lide / kəˈlaɪd / verb

(col lides, col lid ing, col lid ed)

to move fast toward someone or something, and hit them

The two trucks collided.

He ran along the corridor and collided with his teacher.

→SYNONYM crash

col . li . sion / kəˈlɪʒn / noun [count]

when things or people collide

The driver of the car was killed in the collision.

→SYNONYM crash

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a combination of words that people use very often

"Burst into tears" and "take a walk" are English collocations.

CO . logne / kəˈloʊn / noun [count, noncount]

a liquid that you put on your body to make yourself smell

Do you ever wear cologne?

a selection of men's colognes

CO . ION / 'koʊlən / noun [count]

1 (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) the mark (:) that you use in writing, for example before a list

2 (BIOLOGY) the large tube inside your body below your stomach, which carries waste out of your body

colo . nel / 'kərnl / noun [count]

an officer of a high level in the army

co lo ni al / kallounial / adjective

(HISTORY)

1 connected with or being part of a colony

Spain used to be a major colonial power.

2 connected with the U.S. at the time when it was still a British colony

people who lived in colonial times

col . o . nize / 'kalenaiz / verb

(col.o.niz.es, col.o.niz.ing, col.o.nized)

(POLITICS) to take control of another country or place and make it a colony

►col · o · ni · za · tion / ˌkalənəˈzeɪʃn / noun

[noncount]

the colonization of Latin America by Spain and Portugal

COL O . Ny / 'kaleni / noun [count]

(plural col.o.nies)

(POLITICS) a country or an area that is ruled by another

the 13 original colonies (= that used to be ruled by Britain, and are now part of the United States)

CO Or 1 2 / kaler / noun

[count, noncount]

Red, blue, yellow, and green are all colors "What color are your new shoes?" "Black." The leaves change color in the fall.

...of color

A person, man, or woman of color does not have white skin.

STYLE

Some words that we use to talk about color are light, pale, dark, deep, and bright.

COI · Or 2 / 'kalər / verb

(col ors , col or ing , col ored)

to put color on something using pens, pencils, etc.

The kids colored their pictures with crayons.

col or-blind / 'kaler blamd /

(also col. or blind) adjective

(BIOLOGY) not able to see the difference between some colors, especially red and green

col . ored / 'kalard / adjective

having a particular color or different colors She was wearing a brightly colored sweater. colored paper

col or ful / kalerfl / adjective

with a lot of bright colors

a colorful dress

col or ing / kalerin / noun

1 [noncount] the colors of an animal or of a person's hair, skin, etc.

You can tell that it's a male bird by its bright red coloring. 2 [count, noncount] a substance that is used to give a color to food

We used green food coloring for the frosting.

col . or . less / 'kalarlas / adjective

without color a colorless liquid

col . umn 2 / 'kaləm / noun [count]

1 a tall solid piece of stone that supports part of a building 2 a long thin section of writing on one side or part of a page

Each page of this dictionary has two columns.

3 a piece of writing by a particular writer, which is published regularly in a newspaper, magazine, etc. She writes a weekly column for the local paper.

CO · ma / 'kovmə / noun [count] (plural co · mas)

(HEALTH) a state like a very deep sleep, which often lasts for a long time and is caused by a serious illness or injury She was in a coma for several days after the accident.

comb 1 / koom / noun [count]

comb

a flat piece of metal or plastic with thin parts like teeth. You use it to make your hair neat.

comb 2 / koom / verb

(combs, combing, combed)

to make your hair neat with a comb

Have you combed your hair?

com . bat / 'kambæt / noun [noncount]

fighting, especially in a war

Two soldiers were killed in combat yesterday.

com . bi . na . tion 🔯 / ˌkambəˈneɪʃn / noun

[count, noncount]

two or more things joined together

The building is a combination of new and old styles.

→SYNONYM mixture

com . bine 2 / kəm'baın / verb

(com_bined,com_bin_ing,com_bined) to join; to mix two or more things together

The two schools combined and moved to a larger building.

come 🥯 / kam / verb

(comes, com ing, came / kerm / has come)

1 to move toward the person who is speaking or the place that you are talking about

Come here, please.

The dog came when I called him.

Here comes Matt (= Matt is coming).

I'm sorry, but I can't come to your party.

2 to arrive at or reach a place

If you follow that path, you will come to the river.

A letter came for you this morning.

3 to go somewhere with the person who is speaking

I'm going to a party tonight. Do you want to come with

4 to be in a particular position

June comes after May.

5 to be available

Does this shirt come in a size large?

come about to happen

How did this situation come about?

come across something to find something when you are not looking for it

I came across these old photos yesterday.

come along to go somewhere with someone

I'm going to the mall. Do you want to come along?

come apart to break into pieces

This old coat is coming apart.

come back to return

What time will you be coming back?

come down to fall or become lower

The price of oil is coming down.

come down with something to get an illness

I think I'm coming down with a cold.

come from somewhere or something

1 The place that you **come from** is where you were born or where you live

I come from Texas.

Where do you come from?

2 to be made from something or produced somewhere Wool comes from sheep.

come in to enter a place

Come in and sit down.

come off something to become removed from something

The handle has come off this cup.

come on! words that you use for telling someone to hurry or to try harder

Come on! We'll be late!

come out to appear

The rain stopped and the sun came out.

His first novel came out in 2004.

come over to visit a person in their house not very far

Can you come over for dinner tomorrow night?

come up

1 to happen

I'm going to be late tonight - something's come up at work.

2 to be mentioned or discussed

The subject of religion came up.

come up with something to find an answer or a solution to something

I'm trying to come up with new ways of saving money.

how come ...?

(informal)

why...?

How come you're here so early?

to come

in the future

You'll regret it in years to come.

come . back / 'kambæk / noun [count]

a return to a strong or important position that you had before

The former world champion is hoping to make a comeback.

co .me .di .an / kəˈmidiən / noun [count]

a person whose job is to make people laugh

com .e .dy / 'kamadi / noun [count]

(plural com .e .dies)

a funny play or movie

a romantic comedy

com .et / 'kamet / noun [count]

a thing in the sky that moves around the sun. A comet looks like a bright star with a tail.

com . fort 1 / 'kamfart / noun

1 [noncount] having everything your body needs; being without pain or problems

They have enough money to live in comfort.

2 [count] a person or thing that helps you or makes life

Her children were a comfort to her when she was sick.

com . fort 2 / 'kAmfort / verb

(com forts, com fort ing, com fort ed) to make someone feel less unhappy or worried A mother was comforting her crying son.

com · fort · a · ble 🔯 / ˈkʌmftərbl / adjective

1 nice to sit in. to be in. or to wear

This is a very comfortable bed.

comfortable shoes

2 physically relaxed; without pain or fear that something bad will happen

Sit down and make yourself comfortable.

Are you comfortable with letting him stay in your house while you're away? → ANTONYM uncomfortable

►com ·fort ·a ·bly / 'k∧mftərbli / adverb

If you're all sitting comfortably, then I'll begin.

com · iC 1 / 'kamık / (also com · i · cal / 'kamıkl /) adjective

funny

a comic scene in a play

com · ic 2 / 'kamık / noun

(also com ic book / 'kamık bok /) [count] a magazine for children, with pictures that tell a story

com .ma / 'kama / noun [count]

(plural com mas)

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a mark (,) that you use in writing to separate parts of a sentence or things in a list

com · mand 1 9 / kəˈmænd / noun

1 [count] words that tell you that you must do something The soldiers must obey their general's commands.

→SYNONYM order

2 [count] (COMPUTERS) an instruction to a computer to do something

Use the Find command to look for a word in the file.

3 [noncount] the power to tell people what to do Who is in command of this ship?

→SYNONYM control

com . mand 2 / kəˈmænd / verb

(com mands, com mand ing, com mand ed)

to tell someone that they must do something He commanded us to leave immediately.

→SYNONYM order

com .mem .o .rate / kəˈmɛməreit / verb

(com mem o rates, com mem o rating,

com mem o rat ed)

to make people remember a special event

a concert to commemorate the anniversary of his death

com . ment 1 AWL / 'kament / noun

[count, noncount]

something that you say that shows what you think about something She made some interesting comments about the book.

no comment

words that people say when they do not want to answer a question or say anything at all

"Senator, how do you respond to these accusations?" "No comment.

com . ment 2 AWL / 'kament / verb

(com_ments.com_ment.ing.com_ment.ed)

to say what you think about something

A lot of people at school commented on my new watch.

com . men . tar . y AWL / 'kamən teri / noun

[count, noncount](plural com men tar ies) when someone describes an event while it is happening, especially on the radio or television

a sports commentary

com . men . ta . tor AWL / 'kamenterter / noun [count]

a person who gives a commentary on the radio or television

com · **merce** / 'kamers / *noun* [noncount]

(BUSINESS) the business of buying and selling things

com . mer . cial 1 / kəˈmərʃl / adjective

1 connected with buying and selling things commercial law

2 (BUSINESS) making a profit

His last movie was not a commercial success (= it did not make any money).

com · mer · cial 2 / kəˈmərʃl / noun [count] an advertisement on the television or radio

com .mis .sion AWL / kəˈmɪʃn / noun

1 [count] an official group of people who are in charge of something

the Federal Trade Commission

2 [count, noncount] (BUSINESS) money that you get for selling something

He earns a 10% commission for every insurance product he sells.

com . mit AWL / kəˈmɪt / verb

(com mits, com mit ting, com mit ted) to do something bad

This man has committed a very serious crime.

com . mit . ment AWL / ka'mıtmant / noun

1 [count] a promise to do something

When I make a commitment, I always stick to it.

2 [noncount] being prepared to give a lot of your time and attention to something

I admire his commitment to his work.

com · mit · ted AWL / kəˈmɪtəd / adjective prepared to give a lot of your time and attention to something

We are committed to raising standards in schools.

com . mit . tee / kəˈmɪti / noun [count]

SPELLING

Remember! You spell $\boldsymbol{committee}$ with \boldsymbol{MM} , \boldsymbol{TT} , and \boldsymbol{EE} .

a group of people that other people choose to discuss or decide something

She's on the planning committee.

com . mon 1 6 / 'kamən / adjective

($com \cdot mon \cdot er$, $com \cdot mon \cdot est$)

1 happening often or found in many places *Back pain is a common medical problem.*

→ANTONYM rare

2 shared by two or more people, or by everyone in a group *They share a common interest in photography.*

com . mon 2 / 'kamen / noun

have something in common

to be like someone in a certain way, or to have the same interests as someone

Paul and I are good friends. We have a lot in common.

com · mon sense / ˌkamən ˈsɛns / noun

[noncount]

the ability to think about things and do the right thing based on your experience

If you aren't sure how to handle the situation, just use your common sense.

com . mu . ni . cate AWL / kəˈmyunəkeɪt / verb (com . mu . ni . cates , com . mu . ni . cat . ing , com . mu . ni . cat . ed)

to share and exchange information, ideas, or feelings with someone

Parents often find it difficult to communicate with their children.

Thesaurus

talk to say words to another person or other people. You talk to someone in order to give information, show feelings, or share ideas: They talked on the phone for over an hour. ◆ Can I talk to you for a minute? ◆ When they get together, all they talk about is basketball. ◆ We need to talk (= about something serious or important).

speak to talk to someone about something; to have a conversation with someone. You speak to someone in order to try to achieve something or to tell them to do something. Speak is a little more formal than talk: Can I speak with you for a minute? ◆ I've spoken to his parents about his behavior. ◆ The boss would like to speak to you.

discuss to talk and share ideas with other people about a subject or problem, especially in order to decide something. The word discuss is more formal than speak: I need to discuss the matter with my manager before I make a decision. ◆ I am not prepared to discuss this on the phone.

communicate to share and exchange information or ideas with someone. **Communicate** is a little formal, and is often used when the method of communication is important: *She's very good at communicating her ideas to the team.* • We only communicate by e-mail these days.

com .mu .ni .ca .tion 🚳 AWL

/ kəˌmyunəˈkeɪʃn / noun

1 [noncount] sharing or exchanging information, feelings, or ideas with someone

Communication is difficult when two people don't speak the same language.

2 communications [plural] ways of sending or receiving information, especially telephones, radio, computers, etc.

a communications satellite

com . mu . nism / 'kamyənızəm / noun

[noncount]

(POLITICS) the political system in which the government owns and controls all factories, farms, etc. and everyone is equal $\rightarrow Look$ at capitalism, socialism.

►com ·mu ·nist / 'kamyənist / adjective, noun [count]

a communist country

com · **mu** · **ni** · **ty S** AWL / kəˈmyunətji / *noun* (*plural* **com** · **mu** · **ni** · **ties**)

1 the community [singular] all the people who live in a place; the place where they live

The mayor discussed how to reduce crime in the community.

2 [count] a group of people who join together, for example because they have the same interests or religion *the Jewish community in New York*

com · mu · ni · ty col · lege / kəˈmyunəti

|kalıd3 / noun [count]

a college near where you live, where you can learn a skill or prepare for another college or university

→ Look at junior college.

com . mute / ka'myut / verb

(com mutes, com mut ing, com muted) to travel a long way from home to work every day She lives in New Jersey and commutes to New York.

► com · mut · er / kəˈmyutər / noun [count] a person who commutes

com . **pact** / 'kampækt ; kəm'pækt / *adjective* small, or smaller than usual a *compact car*

com .pact disc / kampækt 'disk / noun
[count]

= CD

com . pan . ion / kəmˈpænyən / noun [count] a person or animal that travels with you or spends time with you

com · pa · ny 🍮/ ˈkʌmpəni / noun

(plural com .pa .nies)

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ [count] ($\boldsymbol{\text{BUSINESS}}$) a group of people who work together to make or sell things

an advertising company

the Student Loans Company

The short way of writing "Company" in names is **Co.** *Milton and Co.*

2 [noncount] being with a person or people I always enjoy Mark's company.

keep someone company

to be or go with someone

Please stay and keep me company for a while.

com . pa . ra . ble / 'kamperebl / adjective similar in size or quality to something else

Salaries here are comparable to salaries paid by other companies.

com .par .a .tive / kəmˈpærətɪ̯v / noun

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) the form of an adjective or adverb that shows more of something

The comparative of "bad" is "worse.

►com .par .a .tive adjective

"Longer" is the comparative form of "long."

→ Look at superlative.

com . pare 🔯 / kəmˈpɛr / verb

(com pares, com par ing, com pared)

to think about or look at people or things together so that you can see how they are different

Compared to the place where I grew up, this place is exciting.

Write an essay that compares and contrasts the teachings of Martin Luther King and Malcolm X.

Compare your answers with your neighbor's.

com .par .i .son 🔯 / kəmˈpærəsn / noun [count, noncount]

looking at or understanding how things are different or the

It's hard to make comparisons between athletes from different sports.

by or in comparison

when you compare two or more people or things In comparison with many other people, they're rich.

com . part . ment / kəmˈpartmənt / noun [count]

a separate part inside a box, bag, or other container The suitcase had a secret compartment at the back.

com . pass / 'kampes / noun [count] (plural com .pass .es)

1 (GEOGRAPHY) a thing for finding direction, with a needle that always points north

You need a map and a compass.

compass

north

south



2 (MATH) an instrument with two long thin parts joined together at the top that is used for drawing circles Use a compass to draw a circle with a radius of two

com .pas .sion / kəmˈpæʃn / noun

[noncount]

the strong feeling that you have when you understand and feel sorry for someone who is suffering

to have compassion for the victims of a crime

com pat i ble AWL / kəm'pætəbl / adjective

able to exist or be used together

Is this software compatible with my computer?

►com ·pat · i · bil · i · ty AWL / kəmˌpætəˈbɪləti / noun

com . pen . sate AWL / 'kampenseit / verb (com pen sates, com pen sat ing, com .pen .sat .ed)

1 to take away the bad effect of something, or make it smaller

She compensated for her lack of experience by working

2 to pay someone money because you have injured them or lost or damaged their property

The airline compensated passengers for their lost luggage.

com . pen . sa . tion AWL / kampən'seifn / noun [noncount]

money that you pay someone, especially because you have injured them or damaged their property

I got \$10,000 in compensation for my injuries.

com . pete / kəmˈpit / verb

(com petes, com pet ing, com pet ed)

to try to win a race or a competition

The world's best athletes compete in the Olympic Games.

com . pe . tent / 'kampətənt / adjective having the ability or skill for something She's a very competent teacher.

►com .pe .tent .ly / 'kampətəntli / adverb

com . pe . ti . tion 😂 / ˌkampəˈtɪʃn / noun

1 [count] a game or test that people try to win I entered the painting competition and won first prize.

2 [noncount] trying to win or be better than someone else

We were in competition with a team from another school.

com . pet . i . tive / kam'petativ / adjective

1 in which people or organizations compete against each other

competitive sports

2 wanting to win or be better than other people She's very competitive.

com . pet . i . tor / kəmˈpɛtətər / noun

east

a person, company, product, etc. that is competing against others

com . plain 2 / kəmˈpleɪn / verb

(com plains, com plain ing, com plained)

to say that you do not like something or that you are unhappy about something

She is always complaining about the weather.

He complained to the waiter that his soup was cold.

com . plaint 🥯 / kəmˈpleɪnt / noun

[count]

when you say that you do not like something We made a complaint to the hotel manager about the dirty rooms

1 with none of its parts missing

I own a complete set of Shakespeare's plays.

- →SYNONYM whole
- →ANTONYM incomplete

2 in every way

Their visit was a complete surprise.

- →SYNONYM total
- 3 finished

The work is complete.

→ANTONYM incomplete

com . plete 2 / kəm'plit / verb

(com pletes, com plet ing, com plet ed)

1 to finish doing or making something

She went to college for three years but never completed her bachelor's degree.

2 to write all the necessary information on something, for example a form

Complete the following exercise using the table above.

com . plete . ly 🚳 / kəmˈplitli / adverb

in every way

The money has completely disappeared. I completely forgot that it was your birthday!

→SYNONYM totally

com . **plex** 1 AWL / kəmˈplɛks / *adjective* difficult to understand because it has a lot of different parts a *complex problem*

- →SYNONYM complicated
- →ANTONYM simple

com . plex 2 AWL / 'kampleks / noun [count] (plural com . plex .es)

a group of buildings

a sports complex

com plex ion / kəmˈplɛkʃn / noun

[count]

the natural color and quality or the skin on your face a healthy complexion

difficult to understand because it has a lot of different parts *I can't explain how to play the game. It's too complicated.*

→ANTONYM simple

com .pli .ca .tion / kample/kersn / noun [count]

something that makes a situation more difficult

com . pli . ment / 'kamplement / noun

[count]

something nice that you say about someone *She gets lots of compliments on her piano playing.*

►com .pli .ment / 'kampləment / verb

(com .pli .ments, com .pli .ment .ing, com .pli .ment .ed)

They complimented me on my cooking.

com . po . nent AWL / kəmˈpoʊnənt / noun [count]

one of the parts that form something *computer components*

com . pose / kəm'pouz / verb

(com poses, com posing, com posed)

(MUSIC) to write something, especially music

Verdi composed many operas.

be composed of something

to be made or formed from different parts or people Water is composed of oxygen and hydrogen.

com . pos .er / kam'pouzar / noun [count]

(MUSIC) a person who writes music *My favorite composer is Mozart.*

com · **po** · **si** · **tion** / _kampəˈzɪʃn / *noun* [count] a piece of writing or music

com . **post** / 'kampoust / *noun* [noncount]

a mixture of dead plants, old food, etc. that is added to soil to help plants grow $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right$

a compost heap

com . pound AWL / 'kampaund / noun [count]

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ ($\boldsymbol{\text{CHEMISTRY}}$) something that is made of two or more parts

Salt is a chemical compound.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ (<code>ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS</code>) a word that is made from two or more other words

"Roommate" and "good-looking" are compounds.

3 a closed area with a group of buildings inside it a prison compound

 $com \cdot pre \cdot hen \cdot sion \ / \ _{\text{\tiny l}} kampr \cdot \text{\tiny l} hen \text{\tiny fin} \ / \ \textit{noun}$

[count, noncount]

understanding something that you hear or read a test in reading comprehension _____

com . pre . hen . sive AWL / _kamprı'hensıv / adjective

including everything or almost everything a comprehensive list of all the schools in the area

com . prise AWL / kəmˈpraɪz / verb

(com pris es, com pris ing, com prised)

to be made from two or more things; to have things as parts an association comprising local politicians and employers

→SYNONYM consist of something

com .pro .mise 1 / 'kamprəmaız / noun

[count, noncount]

an agreement between people when each person gets part, but not all, of what they wanted

After long talks, the workers and management reached a compromise.

com .pro .mise 2 / 'kamprəmaiz / verb

(com pro mis es , com pro mis ing ,
com pro mised)

to accept less than you want, in order to reach an agreement

There will be no peace agreement unless both sides are prepared to compromise.

com .pul .so .ry / kəmˈpʌlsəri / adjective

If something is **compulsory**, you must do it

School is compulsory for all children between the ages of five and sixteen.

→ANTONYM optional



computer



a machine that can store and find information, calculate amounts, and control other machines

All the work is done by computer.

He spends a lot of time on the computer, sending e-mails. a computer program (= information that tells a computer what to do)

They played computer games after school.

CON 1 / kan / noun [count]

1 a problem that makes something difficult or less good What are the pros and cons (= advantages and disadvantages) of buying a used car?

→SYNONYM disadvantage

2 (*informal*) a trick to get money from someone The e-mail about the investment opportunity is a total con.

CON 2 / kan / verb (cons, conning, conned) (informal)

to trick or cheat someone, especially in order to get money He conned her into investing in a company that didn't really exist.

con .ceal / kənˈsil / verb

(con ceals, con ceal ing, con cealed) (formal) to hide something

They concealed the bomb in a suitcase.

con .ceit .ed / kan'sitad / adjective too proud of yourself and what you can do

con .ceive AWL / kənˈsiv / verb

(con ceives, con ceiv ing, con ceived)

1 (formal) to think of or imagine something He conceived the idea during his trip to Antarctica.

2 (BIOLOGY) to get pregnant

con .cen .trate AWL / 'kansntreit / verb (con cen trates, con cen trat ing, con .cen .trat .ed)

to give all your attention to something

Stop looking out of the window and concentrate on your work!

Be quiet and let him concentrate.

com · put · er 🔯 AWL / kəmˈpyutər / noun con · cen · tra · tion AWL / ˌkansnˈtreɪʃn /

noun [noncount]

the ability to give all your attention to something You need total concentration for this type of work.

con .cept AWL / 'kansept / noun [count]

an idea, or a basic truth about something

This course teaches the basic concepts of mathematics. It's hard to understand the concept of infinity.

con . cern 1 / kən'sərn / verb

(con cerns, con cern ing, con cerned)

1 to be important or interesting to someone

Please pay attention because this information concerns all of you.

→SYNONYM affect

2 to be about something

The story concerns a young boy and his parents.

3 to worry someone

It concerns me that she is always late.

con . cern 2 / kən'sərn / noun

1 [noncount] a feeling of being worried There is a lot of concern about this problem.

2 [count] something that is important or interesting to someone

Her problems are not my concern.

con . cerned / kan'sarnd / adjective

worried about something

They are very concerned about their son's health.

as far as I am concerned

in my personal opinion

As far as I'm concerned, he can stay here as long as he

con . cern . ing / kənˈsərnıŋ / preposition

(formal)

about something

He asked several questions concerning the future of the company.

con . cert 2 / kansert / noun [count]

(MUSIC) a public performance of music a rock concert

con . **cise** / kən'saıs / *adjective*

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) giving a lot of information in a few words

His summary was clear and concise.

con . clude AWL / kən'klud / verb

(con cludes, con clud ing, con clud ed)

1 to decide something, after you have studied or thought about it

The report concluded that the working conditions were

2 (formal) to end or make something end

The ambassador concluded his tour with a visit to a local

I would like to conclude by thanking our guest speaker.

con . clu . sion S AWL / kənˈkluʒn / noun [count]

1 what you believe or decide after thinking carefully about

We came to the conclusion that you were right all along.

2 the end of something, for example a movie or a piece of

Your essay should include a clear conclusion.

con . **crete** / 'kaŋkrit / *noun* [noncount] a hard gray material used for building things a concrete floor

con .cus .sion / kənˈkʌʃn / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{HEALTH}}$) an injury to the brain, caused by hitting your head

She was taken to the hospital with a concussion.

con .demn / kən'dem / verb

(con demns, con demn ing, con demned)

1 to say strongly that someone or something is very bad or wrong

Many people condemned the government's decision.

2 to say that someone must be punished in a certain way *The murderer was condemned to death.*

→SYNONYM sentence

con .den .sa .tion / kandən'setfn / noun

[noncount]

($\mbox{\sc General science}$) small drops of liquid that form when warm air touches a cold surface

condensation on the windows

con . dense / kən'dens / verb

(con dens es, con dens ing, con densed)

 $\boldsymbol{1}\,$ ($\mathsf{CHEMISTRY}\,$) to change or make something change from a gas to a liquid

2 to make something smaller or shorter so that it fills less space

We'll have to condense these three chapters into one.

con . di . tion 📀 / kənˈdɪʃn / noun

 ${f 1}$ [noncount , singular] the state that someone or something is in

The car was cheap and in good condition, so I bought it.

2 conditions [plural] the situation in which people live, work, or do things

The prisoners lived in terrible conditions.

3 [count] something that must happen before another thing can happen

One of the conditions of the job is that you agree to work on Saturdays.

4 [count] (HEALTH) a medical problem that you have for a long time

He has a heart condition.

on the condition that...

only if

You can go to the party on the condition that you come home before midnight.

con . di . tion . er / kənˈdɪʃənər / noun

[count, noncount]

a substance that keeps something in good condition *Use conditioner for dry hair.*

con do min i um / kandə miniəm / noun

[count] (also informal con .do / 'kandov / plural con .dos)

an apartment or apartment building that is owned by the people who live in it

con . duct 1 AWL / kən'dakt / verb

(con ducts, con duct ed)

1 to organize or do an activity

They are going to conduct an experiment.

2 (MUSIC) to stand in front of a group of musicians and control what they do

The orchestra was conducted by Peter Jones.

 $\boldsymbol{3}$ (PHYSICS , CHEMISTRY) to allow heat or electricity to pass through something

Rubber doesn't conduct electricity.

con .duct 2 AWL / 'kandakt / noun [noncount]
(formal)

the way someone behaves

→SYNONYM behavior

 $con \cdot duc \cdot tor \ / \ ken' d_{\Lambda} kter \ / \ \textit{noun}$

[count]

 ${f 1}$ (MUSIC) a person who stands in front of a group of musicians (called an ${f orchestra}$) and controls what they do

2 a person who sells or checks people's tickets on a train

cone / koon / noun

[count]

 $\boldsymbol{1}\,$ (MATH) a shape with one flat round end and one pointed end

an orange traffic cone

an ice cream cone

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **solid**.

2 the hard fruit of some trees (called **pine** and **fir**) a pine cone

con .fer .ence AWL / 'kanfrens / noun [count]

a large meeting, where many people with the same job or interests come together to discuss their views an international conference on climate change

con . fess / kənˈfɛs / verb

(con fess es, con fess ing, con fessed) to say that you have done something wrong She confessed that she had stolen the money. He confessed to the crime.

→SYNONYM admit

→ANTONYM deny

con . fes . sion / kənˈfɛʃn / noun [count] when you say that you have done something wrong She made a full confession to the police.

con . fide / kənˈfaɪd / verb

(con fides, con fid ing, con fid ed)

confide in someone to talk to someone about something secret or private, because you trust them *He confided in his brother.*

con . fi . dence 💿 / 'kanfədəns / noun

[noncount]

the feeling that you can do something well She answered the questions with confidence.

I'm sure you'll pass the test. I have great confidence in you. in confidence

If someone tells you something in confidence, it is a

con . fi . dent 📀 / 'kanfədənt / adjective

sure that you can do something well, or that something will happen

I'm confident that our team will win.

►con · fi · dent · ly / 'kanfədəntli / adverb

She walked confidently to the front of the class.

con . fi . den . tial / kanfə'densl / adjective

If someone tells you something that is **confidential** , you should keep it a secret and not tell other people *confidential information*

con . firm AWL / kənˈfərm / verb

(con firms, con firm ing, con firmed)

to say that something is true or that something will happen *Please write and confirm the date of your arrival.*

con . fir . ma . tion AWL / kanfər'meijn / noun [noncount]

saying that something is true or will definitely happen

con . fis . cate / 'kanfəskeit / verb

($con \cdot fis \cdot cates$, $con \cdot fis \cdot cat \cdot ing$, $con \cdot fis \cdot cat \cdot ed$) to officially take something away from someone as a punishment

We will confiscate any cell phones used inside the school building.

con .flict 1 AWL / 'kanflikt / noun

[count, noncount]

a fight or an argument

con . flict 2 AWL / kənˈflikt / verb

to disagree or be different

These results conflict with earlier research results.

con . form AWL / kənˈfərm / verb

(con forms, con form ing, con formed)

to behave in a way that other people and society expect you to behave

New students in the school feel a lot of pressure to conform.

con . front / kənˈfrʌnt / verb

(con fronts, con front ing, con front ed)

 ${f 1}$ to think about something that is difficult or unpleasant to confront a problem

2 to stand in front of someone, for example because you want to fight him or her

The protesters were confronted by riot police.

con .fron .ta .tion / kanfrən'teisn / noun

[count, noncount]

a fight or an argument

I want to avoid any confrontation.

1 to mix someone's ideas, so that they cannot think clearly or understand

They confused me by asking so many questions.

2 to think that one thing or person is another thing or person

I often confuse Lee with his brother. They look so similar.

►con fus ing / kənˈfyuzıŋ / adjective

difficult to understand

This map is very confusing.

con . fused ② / kənˈfyuzd / adjective not able to think clearly

The waiter got confused and brought everyone the wrong drink.

con . fu . sion / kənˈfyuʒn / noun

[noncount]

not being able to think clearly or understand something *He looked at me in confusion when I asked him a question.*

con .ges .tion / kənˈdʒɛstʃən / noun

[noncount]

(HEALTH) the state of being very full of something severe traffic congestion

medicine to relieve nasal congestion

▶con · gest · ed / kənˈdʒɛstəd / adjective

The highway is always congested during rush hour. I have a bad cold and am completely congested.

con . grat . u . late / kənˈgrætʃəleɪt / verb

(con grat u lates, con grat u lat ing, con grat u lat ed)

to tell someone that you are pleased about something that they have done

I congratulated Sue on passing her exam.

con . grat . u . la . tions / kənˌgrætʃəˈleɪʃnz / noun [plural]

something you say to someone when you are pleased about something they have done

Congratulations on your new job!

con .gre .ga .tion / ˌkaŋgrəˈgeɪʃn / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{RELIGION}}$) a group of people who attend a particular church

He has been a member of the congregation for 20 years.

Con . gress / 'kangres / noun [singular]

($\mbox{POLITICS}$) a group of people who make the laws in the U.S. and some other countries

He ran for Congress (= tried to win the election) in 2008. Word building

The U.S. Government

The government in the U.S. is divided into three parts: the legislative branch , the executive branch , and the judicial branch .

The legislative branch is responsible for making laws. This is the U.S. Congress, which is made up of two groups of people: the Senate and the House of Representatives.

The executive branch is led by the president, and includes the vice president and the rest of the Cabinet (= other important politicians).

The judicial branch includes the **Supreme Court**, which is the most important court in the country.

con . gress . man / 'kangrəsmən /

(also con .gress .wom .an / 'kangrəs,womən /) noun [count] (plural con .gress .men / 'kangrəsmən /

con .gress .wom .en / ˈkaŋgrəsˌwɪmən /)

(${ t POLITICS}$) a member of the U.S. Congress, especially the House of Representatives

→ Look at senator.

con .ju .gate / 'kandʒəgeit / verb

(con ju gates, con ju gat ing, con ju gat ed)
(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) to give the different forms of a verb

Can you conjugate the verb "to be"?

con . junc . tion / kənˈdʒʌŋkʃn / noun [count]

($\mbox{ENGLISH}$ LANGUAGE ARTS) a word that joins other words or parts of a sentence

"And," "or", and "but" are conjunctions.

in conjunction with someone or something together with someone or something

con . nect 📀 / kəˈnɛkt / verb

(con nects, con nect ing, con nect ed)

1 to join one thing to another thing

This cord connects the computer to the printer.

The suburb is connected to the city by a new subway line.

2 to have a connection with another person or thing *There is no evidence to connect her to the crime.*

con . nec . tion 5 / kəˈnɛkʃn / noun

1 the way that one thing is joined or related to another We had a bad connection on the phone, so I couldn't hear him very well.

Is there a connection between violence on TV and crime?

2 a train, an airplane, or a bus that leaves a place soon after another arrives, so that people can change from one to the other

The train was late, so I missed my connection.

in connection with something (formal)

about something

A man has been arrested in connection with the murder of the teenager.

con .quer / 'kanker / verb

(con quers, con quer ing, con quered)

($\mbox{\sc POLITICS}$) to take control of a country or city and its people by force

The Spanish conquered the Incas in South America.

►con · quer · or / 'kankərər / noun [count]

con quest / 'kankwest / noun

[count, noncount]

an act of taking control of land or people the conquest of South America

con . science / 'kansons / noun

[count, noncount]

the feeling inside you about what is right and wrong *He has a guilty conscience* (= he feels that he has done something wrong).

con . sci . en . tious / kansi ensor / adjective careful to do things correctly and well She's a very conscientious student.

con . scious 🔯 / 'kansəs / adjective

1 If you are **conscious** of something, you know about it *I was conscious that someone was watching me.*

→SYNONYM aware

2 awake and able to see, hear, feel, and think *The patient was conscious during the operation.*

→ANTONYM unconscious

►con ·scious ·ly / 'kanʃəsli / adverb

con . scious . ness / 'kanjasnas / noun [noncount]

the state of being able to see, hear, feel, and think *As she fell, she hit her head and lost consciousness* .

con . **sec** . **u** . **tive** / kənˈsɛkyətɪv / *adjective* coming or happening one after the other *This is the team's fourth consecutive win.*

COn . Sen . Sus AWL / kənˈsɛnsəs / noun

[singular, noncount]

an agreement among all members of a group to reach a consensus

There is no consensus among experts about the causes of global warming.

COn . Sent 1 AWL / kənˈsɛnt / noun

[noncount]

agreeing to let someone do something

The girl's parents gave their consent to the operation.

→SYNONYM permission

COn . Sent 2 AWL / kənˈsɛnt / verb (con . sent . con . sent . ing , con . sent . ed) (formal)

to agree to something

He finally consented to his daughter's marriage.

con . se . quence AWL / 'kansekwens / noun [count]

a result of something that has happened

Their actions had terrible consequences.

My rent just went up, and as a consequence, I hardly have any money.

con . se . quent . ly AWL / 'kansəkwentli / adverb

because of that

He didn't study enough, and consequently failed the test.

→SYNONYM therefore

con . ser . va . tion / kanser veifn / noun [noncount]

1 taking good care of the natural world the conservation of the rain forests

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ not allowing something to be wasted, damaged, or destroyed

energy conservation

►con ·ser ·va ·tion ·ist / ˌkansər'veɪʃənɪst / noun [count]

a person who believes in protecting the natural world

con . ser . va . tive / kən'sərvətiv / adjective

1 not liking change or new ideas the conservative opinions of his parents

→SYNONYM traditional

2 (POLITICS) supporting a free market, low taxes, and old ideas about family, etc. *conservative politicians*

→ANTONYM liberal

con . serve / kən'sərv / verb

(con serves, con serving, con served) to avoid wasting something to conserve water

con . si . der 🔤/ kən'sıdər / *verb*

(con si ders, con sid er ing, con si dered)

1 to think carefully about something

I'm considering applying for another job.

We must consider what to do next.

2 to think that something is true

I consider her to be a good teacher.

 $\boldsymbol{3}$ to think about the feelings of other people when you do something

I can't just quit my job! I have to consider my family.

con . sid . er . a . ble AWL / kən'sıdərəbl / adjective (formal)

great or large

The car cost a considerab<u>le amount of money.</u>

►con ·sid ·er ·a ·bly AWL / kənˈsɪdərəbli / adverb My apartment is considerably smaller than yours.

con . sid . er . ate / kənˈsɪdərət / adjective

A person who is **considerate** is kind, and thinks and cares about other people

Please be more considerate and don't play loud music late at night. →ANTONYM inconsiderate

con . sid . er . a . tion / kən,sıdə reıfn / noun [noncount]

1 (formal) thinking carefully about something After a lot of consideration, I decided not to accept the job. →SYNONYM thought

2 being kind, and caring about other people's feelings He shows no consideration for anyone else.

take something into consideration

to think carefully about something when you are deciding We must take the cost into consideration when planning

con . sid . er . ing / kənˈsıdərıŋ / preposition, coniunction

a word you use to show that a particular fact is important when you make a statement about something

Considering you've only been studying for a year, you speak English very well.

con . sist 🔯 AWL / kənˈsɪst / verb

(con sists, con sist ing, con sist ed) consist of something to be made from two or more things; to have things as parts

Pasta consists of flour and water.

con . sist . en . cy AWL / kən'sıstənsi / noun (plural con . sist .en .cies)

1 [noncount] always having the same standard, opinions, behavior, etc.

There doesn't seem to be any consistency in his work.

2 [count, noncount] how thick or smooth a liquid substance is

The mixture should have a thick, sticky consistency.

con .sis .tent AWL / kənˈsıstənt / adjective always the same

His work isn't very consistent.

→ANTONYM inconsistent

►con · sis · tent · ly AWL / kənˈsɪstəntli / adverb We must try to keep a consistently high standard.

con . so . la . tion / kansə'leifn / noun [count, noncount]

a thing or person that makes you feel better when you are

If it's any consolation, you weren't the only person who failed the test.

con . sole 1 / kənˈsoʊl / verb

(con soles, con sol ing, con soled)

to make someone happier when they are sad about something

→SYNONYM comfort

con . sole 2 / 'kansoul / noun

(COMPUTERS) a piece of equipment with buttons and switches on it which you connect to a computer to play

con . sol . i . date / kənˈsalədeit / verb

(con sol i dates con sol i dat ing,

con .sol .i .dat .ed)

to join things together into one

to consolidate your debts into one payment

►con · sol · i · da · tion / kənˌsaləˈdeɪʃn / noun

[noncount] debt consolidation con . so . nant / 'kansənənt / noun

[count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) any letter of the alphabet except a, e, i, o, and u

The letters "t," "m," "s," and "b" are all consonants.

→Look at vowel.

con . spic . u . ous / kən'spıkyuəs / adjective easily seen or noticed

She felt very conspicuous in her bright orange shirt.

►con ·spic ·u ·ous ·ly / kənˈspikyuəsli / adverb

con . spir . a . cy / kən'spırəsi / noun

[count, noncount](plural con spir a cies)

a secret plan by a group of people to do something bad

con stant AWL / 'kanstent / adjective

1 happening all the time

the constant noise of traffic

2 not changing at all

You use less gas if you drive at a constant speed.

▶con . stant . ly / 'konstentli / adverb

The situation is constantly changing.

con stel la tion / kanstəˈleɪʃn / noun [count]

a group of stars that forms a pattern and has a name

con . sti . tute AWL / 'kanstətut / verb

(con stictutes, con stictuteing, con stictuted) (formal)

to be one of the parts that form something

Women constitute a high proportion of part-time workers.

con . sti . tu . tion AWL / ,kanstəˈtuʃn /

(also Con sti tu tion) noun

[count]

(POLITICS) the laws of a country, a state, or an organization rights guaranteed by the U.S. Constitution

►con · sti · tu · tion · al / |kanstə tuʃənl / adjective constitutional amendments (= changes to the laws in a constitution)

→ Look at unconstitutional.

con . struct AWL / kənˈstrʌkt / verb

(con structs, con struct ing, con struct ed) to build something

The bridge was constructed out of stone.

con . struc . tion AWL / kənˈstrʌkʃn / noun

1 [noncount] building something

the construction of a new airport

This web site is under construction (= in the process of being created).

2 [count] (formal)

something that people have built

con . Sul / 'kansl / noun

(POLITICS) a person who works in a foreign city and helps people from his or her country who are living or visiting there

con . sult AWL / kən'sʌlt / verb

(con sults, con sult ing, con sult ed)

to ask someone or to look in a book when you want to know something

If the pain doesn't go away, you should consult a doctor.

con . sult . ant AWL / kənˈsʌltnt / noun

[count

(BUSINESS) a person who knows a lot about a subject and gives advice to other people about it a management consultant

con . sul . ta . tion AWL / kansl'teifn / noun [count, noncount]

a meeting to discuss something, or to get advice or information

The company president was in consultation with the workers' unions.

a consultation with a doctor

con . sume AWL / kənˈsum / verb

(con .sumes , con .sum .ing , con .sumed)
(formal)

to eat, drink, or use something *This car consumes a lot of fuel.*

con . sum . er AWL / kənˈsumər / noun

(BUSINESS) a person who buys or uses something Consumers want more information about the food they buy.

con . sump . tion AWL / kənˈsʌmpʃn / noun

eating, drinking, or using something

This car has a high fuel consumption (= it uses a lot of fuel).

con . tact 1 a AWL / kantækt / noun

1 [noncount] meeting, talking to, or writing to someone *Until Lauren went to school, she had little contact with other children.*

Are you still in contact with the people you met on vacation?

Doctors come into contact with (= meet) a lot of people.

2 [noncount] the state of touching someone or something

Don't let the cleaning products come into contact with your food.

3 [count] a person you know who may be able to help you business contacts

con . tact 2 AWL / 'kantækt / verb

(con_tacts, con_tact_ing, con_tact_ed) to call or write to someone, or go to see them

to call or write to someone, or go to see them If you see this man, please contact the police.

con . tact lens / 'kantækt lenz / noun

[count]

(plural con .tact lens .es)

a small, round piece of thin plastic that you wear in your eye so that you can see better

→ Look at glasses.

con ta gious / kənˈteɪdʒəs / adjective

($\mbox{\sc HEALTH}$) A $\mbox{\sc contagious}$ disease passes from one person to another person if they are close to each other.

→ Look at infectious.

con tain 🥯 / kənˈteɪn / verb

(con tains, con tain ing, con tained)

to have something inside

This box contains 12 bottles of wine.

Chocolate contains a lot of sugar.

con . tain . er \(\sigma \) / kən'temər / noun [count] a thing that you can put other things in. Boxes and bottles are containers .













ons

packages

tube

jar

con .tam .i .nate / kənˈtæməneɪt / verb (con .tam .i .nates , con .tam .i .nat .ing , con .tam .i .nat .ed)

to make something dirty or harmful by adding something dangerous

The town's drinking water was contaminated with poisonous chemicals.

►con ·tam ·i ·na ·tion / kənˌtæmə¹neɪʃn / noun [noncount]

contamination from the accident at the nuclear power plant

con . tem . plate / 'kantempleit / verb

(con .tem .plates , con .tem .plat .ing ,
con .tem .plat .ed)

to think about something, or the possibility of doing something

After losing her job, she contemplated going back to school.

con .tem .po .rar .y 1 AWL

/ kənˈtɛmpəˌrɛri / *adjective*

1 belonging to the present time

contemporary art →SYNONYM **modern**

2 belonging to the same time as someone or something else

con tem po rar y 2 AWL

/ kənˈtempəˌreri / noun [count]

(plural con .tem .po .rar .ies)

a person who lives or does something at the same time as someone else $\,$

con .tempt / kən'tɛmpt / noun [noncount]

the feeling that someone or something is without value and does not deserve any respect at all *She looked at him with contempt*.

con . tent 1 / kənˈtɛnt / adjective

happy or satisfied with what you have

She is not content with the money she has – she wants more.

con . tent 2 / 'kantent / noun

1 contents [plural] what is inside something *I poured the contents of the bottle into a bowl.*

The contents page of a book tells you what is in it.

2 [singular] the main ideas or facts in a book, an essay, a speech, etc.

The content of the essay is good, but there are too many spelling mistakes.

con . tent . ed / kənˈtɛntəd / adjective

happy or satisfied, especially because your life is good a contented smile

con . test / 'kantest / noun [count] a game or competition that people try to win a beauty contest

con . tes . tant / kənˈtɛstənt / noun [count] a person who tries to win a contest

There are six contestants in the race.

con . text AWL / 'kantekst / noun [count]

1 the situation in which something happens or that caused something to happen

Let me put the event into context.

the historical context of the Civil War

2 (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) the words that come before and after another word or sentence

You can often understand the meaning of a word by looking at its context.

con . ti . nent 2 / 'kantənənt / noun [count]

(GEOGRAPHY) one of the seven main areas of land in the world, for example Africa, Asia, or Europe

▶con .ti .nen .tal / ˌkantəˈnɛntl / adjective a continental climate

con . tin . u . al / kənˈtɪnyuəl / adjective happening often

We have had continual problems with this machine.

►con .tin .u .al .ly / kənˈtɪnyuəli / adverb He is continually late for work.

con . tin . ue 👺/ kənˈtɪnyu / verb (con tin ues, con tin u ing, con tin ued)

1 to not stop happening or doing something If the pain continues, see your doctor.

The rain continued all afternoon.

2 to start again after stopping Let's have lunch now and continue the meeting this afternoon.

3 to go farther in the same direction

We continued along the path until we came to the river.

con tin u ing ed u ca tion

/ kənˈtɪnyuɪŋ ˌɛdʒəˈkeɪʃn / noun [noncount]

classes for adults that are not part of the formal education system

continuing education courses in photography and graphic

 \rightarrow Look at higher education.

con . ti . nu . i . ty / kantə nuəti / noun

continuing without stopping, or staying the same Staying with the same doctor provides continuity in your

con . tin . u . ous 2 / kənˈtɪnyuəs / adjective not stopping

a continuous line

a continuous noise

►con .tin .u .ous .ly / kən¹tınyuəsli / adverb It rained continuously for five hours.

con . tour / 'kantor / noun [count]

the shape of the outside of something

I could just make out the contours of the house in the dark.

con . tra . cep . tive / ,kantrə'septiv / noun

(HEALTH) a drug or an object that stops a woman from becoming pregnant

►con · tra · cep · tion / ˌkantrəˈsεpſn / noun [noncount](HEALTH)

the ways of stopping a woman from becoming pregnant → Look at birth control.

con . tract 1 AWL / 'kantrækt / noun [count]

an official piece of paper that says that someone agrees to do something

The museum renewed the director's contract for another five years.

con . tract 2 AWL / kənˈtrækt / verb

(con tracts, con tract ing, con tract ed) to become or make something smaller

Metals contract as they cool. →ANTONYM expand

con . trac . tion / kənˈtrækʃn / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a short form of a word or words "Isn't" is a contraction of "is not."

con . tra . dict AWL / ,kantrə'dıkt / verb

(con tra dicts, con tra dict ing, con tra dict ed) to say that something is wrong or not true

I didn't want to contradict him, but I think he was wrong.

►con . tra . dic . tion AWL / kantrə dık∫n / noun

There is a contradiction between the two descriptions of what happened.

con . tra . dic . to . ry AWL / ,kantrə'dıktəri / adjective

opposite to or not matching something else Contradictory reports appeared in the newspapers.

con . trar . y 1 AWL / 'kan,treri / adjective contrary to something

very different from something; opposite to something Contrary to the doctor's orders, he didn't stay in bed.

con . trar . y 2 AWL / 'kan,treri / noun on the contrary

(formal)

the opposite is true; certainly not

"Is business slow?" "On the contrary, sales are higher than

con . trast 1 AWL / 'kantræst / noun [count]

PRONUNCIATION

When the word contrast is a noun, you say the first part of the word louder: CONtrast . When the word contrast is a verb, you say the second part of the word louder: conTRAST.

a difference between things that you can see clearly There is a big contrast between the climate in the valley and the climate in the hills.

con trast 2 AWL / kən'træst / verb

(con trasts, con trast ing, con trast ed)

to look at or think about two or more things together and see the differences between them

The book contrasts life today with life 100 years ago.

con . trib . ute S AWL / kənˈtrɪbyut / verb (con trib utes, con trib ut ing, con trib ut ed)

to give or be a part of something with other people We contributed \$100 to the disaster fund.

He didn't contribute anything to the conversation.

►con . trib . u . tor AWL / kən'tribyətər / noun

a person who contributes to something

con tri bu tion AWL / kantrə byufn / con vent / kanvent / noun

noun [count]

something that you give when other people are giving too Would you like to make a contribution to the charity?

con . trol 1 2 / kənˈtroʊl / noun

1 [noncount] the power to make people or things do what you want

Who has control of the Senate?

You don't have any control over the weather.

The driver lost control and the bus went into the river.

2 controls [plural] the parts of a machine that you press or move to make it work

airplane controls

be in control

to have the power or ability to deal with something The police are now in control of the area after last night's

be or get out of control

to be or become impossible to deal with

The situation got out of control and people started

be under control

If things are under control, you are able to deal with them successfully

Don't worry, everything's under control.

con . trol 2 2 / kənˈtroʊl / verb

(con trols, con trol ling, con trolled)

to make people or things do what you want He can't control his dog.

This switch controls the heating.

►con .trol .ler / kən'troʊlər / noun [count]

a person who controls something an air traffic controller

con tro ver sial AWL / kantrə vər [1 / adjective

Something that is controversial makes people argue and disagree with each other

a controversial new law

con . tro . ver . sy AWL / 'kantrəvərsi / noun [count, noncount](plural con .tro .ver .sies) public discussion and disagreement about something

The new power plant caused a lot of controversy. con . ven . ience / kən'vinyəns / noun

[noncount]

being easy to use or making things easy for someone For convenience, I usually do all my grocery shopping in the same place. →ANTONYM inconvenience

con . ven . ience store / kən'vinyəns ˌstər / noun [count]

a store that stays open late and sells food and other small

1 useful, easy, or quick to do; not causing problems Let's meet on Friday. What's the most convenient time for you?

2 near to a place or easy to get to

I like to buy food at the farmer's market, but it's not very

→ANTONYM inconvenient

►con .ven .ient .ly / kən'vinyəntli / adverb Our office is conveniently located near a subway stop.

[count]

(RELIGION) a place where religious women (called nuns) live and work

→ Look at monastery.

con . ven . tion AWL / kənˈvɛnʃn / noun [count]

(BUSINESS) a large meeting of people who do the same job, belong to the same organization, etc.

the Democratic Party Convention

a convention center (= a large building where conventions are held)

→SYNONYM conference

con ven tion al AWL / kən'vɛnʃənl / adjective

following what is normal or the way things have been done for a long time

a conventional laptop computer conventional attitudes

→ANTONYM unconventional

con . ver . sa . tion 🔯 / ˌkanvərˈseɪʃn / noun

[count, noncount] a talk between two or more people

She had a long conversation with her friend on the phone. a topic of conversation

Thesaurus

discussion [count, noncount] talking in detail about something important: a discussion with classmates **about** the test ◆ We **had a** long **discussion** about what we should do. ◆ The plans are still under discussion (= being talked about) .

conversation [count, noncount] an informal talk between two people or a small group: a phone conversation ◆ I had a long conversation with her yesterday. • The main topic of conversation was the recent election.

talk [count] a conversation between two or more people, often about a problem or something that is important to you: My parents want to have a talk with me about going to college. • The two countries are holding talks to try to end the violence.

debate [count] a formal discussion at a public meeting about something important, where people give their different opinions. At the end of the discussion there may be a vote: a debate on health care reform ◆ After a long debate, Congress approved the plan.

chat [count] a friendly, informal conversation with someone, especially about personal things: I had a nice chat with Sandy this afternoon. ◆ I just dropped by for a chat - are you free?

con . verse 1 AWL / kən'vərs / verb

(con vers es, con vers ing, con versed) (formal)

to have a conversation with someone

con . verse 2 AWL / 'kanvers / noun

[singular] the converse (formal)

the opposite of a situation or statement

Building new roads increases traffic, and the converse is equally true: reducing the number and size of roads means less traffic.

con . ver . sion AWL / kən'vərʒn / noun

[count, noncount]

1 changing from one form, system, or use to another a conversion table for miles and kilometers

2 (RELIGION) be<u>coming</u> a member of a different religion

con . vert AWL / kən'vərt / verb

(con verts, con vert ing, con vert ed)

1 to change something into another thing *They converted the house into offices.*How do you convert pounds into kilos?

2 (RELIGION) to change to a different religion *She converted to Islam.*

con . vert . i . ble AWL / kənˈvərtəbl / noun [count]

a car with a roof that can be folded down or taken off

con . vey / kən'veɪ / verb

(con veys con vey ing con veyed) to make ideas, feelings, etc. known to someone The color red conveys a sense of energy and strength.

con . vict 1 / kən'vıkt / verb

(con victs, con vict ing, con vict ed)

to decide in a court of law that someone has done something wrong

She was convicted of murder and sent to prison.

con . **vict** 2 / 'kanvıkt / *noun* [count] a person who is guilty of a crime and is in prison

con . vic . tion / kənˈvɪkʃn / noun

 ${f 1}$ [count, noncount] the action of finding someone guilty in a court of law

He has several previous convictions for burglary.

2 [count] a very strong opinion or belief religious convictions

con vince AWL / kən'vms / verb

(con vinc es, con vinc ing, con vinced)

1 to make someone believe something *I couldn't convince him that I was right.*

2 to persuade someone to do something *She tried to convince me to go with her.*

►con · vinced / kən'vınst / adjective

completely sure about something

I'm convinced that I've seen her somewhere before.

→ANTONYM unconvinced

COOK 1 **2** / kok / verb (cooks, cook ling, cooked)

to make food ready to eat by heating it *My father cooked us dinner.*

I am learning how to cook.

► cooked / kokt / adjective

COOKed / RORL / dajecti

cooked chicken

Thesaurus

cook to make food ready to eat by heating it: My mother taught me how to cook. ◆ Who is going to cook dinner tonight? ◆ What's the best way to cook salmon?

♦ He cooked us a wonderful meal.

boil to cook vegetables, rice, eggs, etc. in boiling water (= water heated to 212°F): Boil the rice for 15 minutes. ◆ Put the potatoes on to boil. ◆ Do you like boiled cabbage?

fry to cook food in a shallow pan of hot oil: Fry the onion and garlic for five minutes. \blacklozenge There was a smell of bacon frying in the kitchen. \blacklozenge fried chicken/fish/rice

bake to cook food in an oven without any extra fat or liquid: to bake bread/cookies ◆ We baked him a cake for his birthday. ◆ baked potatoes

roast to cook large pieces of meat in an oven or over a fire; to cook vegetables in oil or fat in an oven: The turkey is roasting in the oven. ◆ You should boil the potatoes for a little while before you roast them.

grill to cook meat or fish on metal bars over a fire: to grill steak/chicken/burgers/fish on the barbecue ◆ grilled salmon

broil to cook food under or over direct heat: to broil salmon/a steak ◆ We ate broiled chicken with vegetables.

COOK 2 / kok / noun

[count]

a person who cooks

She works as a cook in a big hotel.

He is a good cook.

COOK . book / 'kwkbwk / noun [count]

a book that has instructions for preparing different types of food

cook . ie 🔯 / ˈkʊki / noun [count]

a kind of cake that is small, thin, and sweet

Let's bake cookies. a chocolate chip cookie

cook ing ② / 'kokin / noun

[noncount]

1 making food ready to eat

Who does the cooking in your family?

cooking lessons

2 the food that you cook

He missed his mom's cooking when he went to college.

Collocations

Cooking

preparing
 chop/slice the onions

peel the potatoes/an orange

grate the cheese/a carrot

mix (together) all the ingredients

cooking

heat the oven/the broiler/some oil in a frying pan

melt the butter/chocolate/cheese

cook food/fish/meat/rice

bake bread/a cake/cookies/muffins

boil potatoes/an egg/water

fry/stir-fry the chicken/vegetables

grill/broil/barbecue fish/meat/steak

roast chicken/turkey/potatoes

steam rice/vegetables

microwave food/popcorn/your dinner

COOl 1 2 / kul / adjective (cool er, cool est)

1 a little cold; not hot or warm *cool weather*

It was a cool evening, so I put on a sweater.

Thesaurus

cold with a temperature that is lower than usual or lower than the human body; (used about food or drink) not heated: I'm not going into the lake - the water's too cold. ◆ Should I turn the heat on? I'm cold.

♦ to look/feel cold ♦ Would you like a cold drink? ♦ We're having cold chicken for lunch.

cool (used especially about the weather) a little cold, often in a pleasant way: *It's hot outside but it's nice and cool in here.* ◆ *a cool breeze* (= a light wind) ◆ *Let's sit in the shade and keep cool*.

freezing (informal)

(used about the temperature or people) extremely cold: It's freezing outside. ◆ freezing temperatures ◆ I'm freezing! Close the window! ◆ freezing cold weather

→ANTONYM boiling

chilly (used especially about the weather) too cold to be comfortable: *a chilly morning in November* ◆ *Bring a coat. It might get chilly later.* ◆ *She was beginning to feel chilly.*

2 (*informal*) very good or fashionable *Those shoes are so cool!*

→ANTONYM uncool

3 not excited or angry

→SYNONYM calm

4 (*informal*) People say **Cool!** to show that they think something is a good idea

"We're going to Dave's party tomorrow night." "Cool!"

COO 2 / kul / *verb* (cools , cool ing , cooled) to make something less hot; to become less hot

Take the cake out of the oven and let it cool.

cool down; cool off

1 to become less hot

We swam in the river to cool off after our long walk.

2 to become less excited or angry

cool .er / 'kulər / noun [count]

a small box that you fill with ice to keep food and drinks cold

Do we have a cooler to bring to the beach?

→ Look at water cooler.

CO . Op . er . ate AWL / koo'apprent / verb (co . op . er . ates, co . op . er . at . ing, co . op . er . at . ed) to work together with someone else in a helpful way She agreed to cooperate with the police in their investigation.

If everyone cooperates, we'll be finished soon.

CO · Op · er · a · tion AWL / koυ, αρθ'reιʃn / noun [noncount]

help that you give by doing what someone asks you to do *Thank you for your cooperation.*

co . op . er . a . tive AWL / kow'apratjiv /

helpful by doing what you are asked to do

CO . or . di . nate 1 AWL / koo ordeneit / verb (co . or . di . nates , co . or . di . nat . ing , co . or . di . nat . ed)

to organize different things or people so that they work well together

She coordinated all of the hospital volunteers.

►co · or · di · na · tor AWL / koʊˈərdəneɪtər / noun

a project coordinator

CO . or . di . nate 2 AWL / koʊˈərdənət / noun

(GEOGRAPHY) one of the two numbers or letters that are used to find a position on a map

CO · Or · di · na · tion AWL / koυ, ordə 'neɪʃn / noun [noncount]

1 the organization of different people or things so that they work well together

There wasn't enough coordination between the committees.

2 the ability to control the movements of your body well *You need good hand-eye coordination to play golf.*

COP / kap / noun [count]

(informal)

a police officer

a traffic cop

COPE / koop / verb (copes, cop.ing, coped)

to deal with something, although it is difficult

He finds it difficult to cope with all the pressure at work.

cop.ies, cop.ied

forms of copy 2

cop . per / 'kaper / noun [noncount]

(symbol Cu)

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{CHEMISTRY}}$) a common metal with a color between brown and red

copper wire

cop · y 1 (kapi / noun [count] (plural cop · ies)

1 a thing that is made to look exactly like another thing This isn't a real Van Gogh painting. It's only a copy. The secretary made two copies of the letter.

2 one example of a book or newspaper

Two million copies of this newspaper are sold every day.

COP · y 2 © / 'kapi / verb

(cop lies, cop ly ling, cop lied, has cop lied)

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ to write, draw, or make something exactly the same as something else

The teacher asked us to copy the list of words into our books.

Copy the table and paste it into a new document.

2 to do or try to do the same as someone else *He copies everything his brother does.*

→SYNONYM imitate

3 to cheat by looking at someone else's work and writing down what they have written

If I catch you copying off anyone you will get a zero on your test.

cop . y . right / 'kapi,rait / noun

[count, noncount]

the legal right to be the only person who can print, copy, etc. a piece of writing, music, or other work Who owns the copyright on this song?

cor . al / 'karal / noun

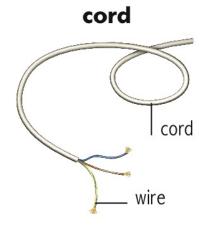
[noncount]

(BIOLOGY) a hard red, pink, or white substance that forms in the ocean from the bones of very small animals *a coral reef* (= a line of rock in the ocean formed by coral)

cord / kərd / noun [count]

1 a piece of wire covered with plastic, which carries electricity to electrical equipment a power cord

2 strong, thick string



cor .du .roy / 'kərdərəɪ / noun [noncount]

a thick, soft, cotton cloth with lines on it, used for making clothes

corduroy pants

COTE AWL / kor / noun [count]

1 the middle part of some kinds of fruit, where the seeds

an apple core

2 the central or most important part of something Environmental protection is at the core of our policies.

3 the central part of an object

the earth's core

▶core adjective

the most important

core subjects (= subjects that all students have to study) such as English and mathematics

COTK / kork / noun

1 [noncount] a light, soft material that comes from the outside of a particular tree

2 [count] a round piece of cork that you put in a bottle to close it

cork . screw / 'kork,skru / noun [count] a thing that you use for pulling corks out of bottles \rightarrow Look at the picture at **kitchen**.

corn / korn / noun [noncount] a tall plant with big yellow seeds that you can eat a can of corn We had fried chicken and corn for dinner.



cor . ner 🔯 / ˈkərnər / noun [count]

a place where two lines, walls, or roads meet Put the lamp in the corner of the room.

The restaurant is on the corner of East Avenue and Union Street.

He drove around the corner to look for a parking space.

corn . flakes / 'kornfleiks / noun [plural] small pieces of dried food that you eat with milk for breakfast

COTN . **Y** / 'korni / adjective

(corn i er, corn i est)

(informal)

used, seen, heard, etc. too often to be interesting a corny joke

cor . po . rate AWL / 'korporet / adjective

(BUSINESS) connected with a big company or group of companies

corporate planning

cor . po . ra . tion AWL / korpo'reifn / noun

[count]

(BUSINESS) a big company

 \rightarrow Look at incorporated.

COPSE / korps / noun [count] the body of a dead person

COr . rect 1 0 / kəˈrɛkt / adjective

right or true: with no mistakes

Let me make sure I have your correct address.

All your answers were correct.

→ANTONYM incorrect

►cor rect ly / kəˈrɛktli / adverb

Have I spelled your name correctly?

→ANTONYM incorrectly

COT . rect 2 2 kəˈrɛkt / verb

(cor rects, cor rect ing, cor rect ed)

to show where the mistakes are in something and make it

The class did the exercises and the teacher corrected them. Please correct me if I make a mistake.

cor . rec . tion / ka'rekjn / noun

[count]

a change that makes something right or better The teacher made a few corrections to my essay.

cor .re .spond AWL / kore'spand / verb

(cor re sponds, cor re sponding, cor .re .spond .ed)

1 to be the same, or almost the same, as something Does the name on the envelope correspond with the name inside the letter?

2 to write letters to and receive them from someone She corresponded with him for two years while he was

cor .re .spon .dence AWL

/ kərə'spandəns / noun [noncount]

the letters a person sends and receives

Her secretary reads all her correspondence.

cor . re . spond . ent / ,kora spandant / noun [count]

a person who reports news or writes articles for a newspaper, etc.

our Middle East correspondent, Andrew Rosen

cor . ri . dor / 'kərədər / noun

[count]

a long, narrow part inside a building with rooms on each side of it

COT . **rupt** / kəˈrʌpt / adjective

doing or involving illegal or dishonest things in order to get money or some other advantage

corrupt officials

The whole system is corrupt.

►cor rupt verb (cor rupts, cor rupt ing, cor rupt ed)

These politicians have been corrupted by power.

COr . rup . tion / kəˈrʌpʃn / noun

[noncount]

behavior that is illegal or dishonest, especially by people in official positions

accusations of corruption in the police department

cos . met . ic / kaz metik / adjective

used or done in order to make your face or body more attractive

cosmetic surgery

cos · met · ics / kaz metiks / noun [plural]

special powders or creams that you use on your face to make yourself more attractive

COSt 1 0 / kost / noun

1 [count] the money that you have to pay for something *The cost of the repairs was very high.*

the cost of living (= the amount of money you need to pay for food, clothes, and somewhere to live)

Thesaurus

price the money that you have to pay to buy something: What's the price of gas now? ◆ We can't afford the car at that price. ◆ house prices

cost the money that you need to buy, make, or do something: The cost of electricity is going up. ◆ A new computer system was installed at a cost of \$80,000. ◆ the cost of living (= the amount of money you need to pay for food, clothes, and a place to live)

charge the money that you pay for goods or services: Is there a charge for parking here? ◆ Delivery is **free** of **charge** (= costs nothing).

fee the money you pay to go into a place, or for professional advice or services from doctors, lawyers, colleges, etc.: Some lawyers charge extremely high fees for their services. ◆ an annual membership fee ◆ tuition fees

expense the money you spend on something, or something that makes you spend money: The house was decorated at great expense. • Owning a car is a big expense.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ [singular , noncount] what you lose or give to have another thing

He saved the child at the cost of his own life.

at all costs; at any cost

no matter what you must do to make it happen We must win at all costs.

COSt 2 0 / kost / verb

(costs, cost ing, cost, has cost)

1 to have the price of *This plant cost \$4*.

How much did the book cost?

2 to make you lose something

One mistake cost him his job.

cost . ly / 'kəstli / adjective

(cost li er, cost li est)

costing a lot of money

The repairs will be very costly.

→SYNONYM expensive

cos . tume / 'kastum / noun

[count, noncount]

the special clothes that people wear to look like a different person, animal, or thing

The dancers wore beautiful costumes.

a Halloween costume

a costume party

cot .tage / 'katıd3 / noun

[count]

a small house in the country

cot .ton 😂 / 'katn / noun

[noncount]

1 a natural cloth that is made from the soft white hairs around the seeds of a plant that grows in hot countries *a cotton shirt*

100% cotton (= made of cotton only)

2 soft, light material made from cotton that you often use for cleaning your skin

Use a cotton ball to apply the lotion.

cot . ton can . dy / katn 'kændi / noun

[noncount]

a type of soft, sticky candy made from melted sugar and served on a stick

We bought cotton candy at the town fair.

couch / kaut∫ / noun [count] (plural couch .es) a long, comfortable seat for two or more people to sit on →SYNONYM sofa.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **chair**.

cou .gar / 'kugər / noun [count]

a large wild cat that lives in western North America

→SYNONYM mountain lion

cough 1 🔯 / kəf / verb

(coughs, cough ing, coughed)

PRONUNCIATION

The word **cough** sounds like **off** .

to send air out of your throat with a sudden loud noise *The smoke made me cough.*

cough 2 / kof / noun [count]

1 when you send air out of your throat with a sudden loud noise

He gave a little cough before he started to speak.

2 (HEALTH) an illness that makes you cough a lot *I have a bad cough.*

Could 🔯 / kəd ; kʊd / modal verb

PRONUNCIATION

The word \boldsymbol{could} sounds like \boldsymbol{good} , because we don't say the letter \boldsymbol{I} in this word.

1 the word for "can" in the past

He could run very fast when he was young.

I could hear the birds singing.

2 a word that shows what is or may be possible

I don't know where Mom is. She could be in the kitchen. It could rain tomorrow.

it could rain tomorrow.

3 a word that you use to ask something in a polite way *Could you open the door?*

Could I have another drink, please?

4 a word that you use to make a suggestion

We could go out to dinner tonight if you're free.

Grammar

Can , could , may , might , should , must , will , shall , would , and ought to are modal verbs.

Modal verbs do not have an "s" in the "he/she" form: *She can drive.* (NOT She cans drive.)

After modal verbs (except **ought to**), you use the infinitive without "to": *I must go now*. (NOT I must to go.)

You make questions and negative sentences without "do" or "did": Will you come with me? (NOT Do you will come?); They might not know. (NOT They don't might know.)

could . n't / 'kodnt /

short for could not

It was dark and I couldn't see anything.

could've / 'kodəv /

(informal)

short for could have

He could've gone to college but he didn't want to.

coun . cil / 'kaonsl / noun [count]

a group of people who are chosen to work together and to make rules and decide things

The city council is planning to widen the road.

coun sel / kaonsl / verb

(coun sels, coun sel ing, coun seled)

to give professional advice and help to someone with a

She counsels teenagers suffering from depression.

►coun · se · lor / 'kaonsələr / noun [count]

a person whose job is to give professional advice a college counselor

coun sel ing / kaonsəlin / noun [noncount] professional advice about a problem

Many students come to us for counseling. marriage counseling

count 1 2 / kaont / verb (counts, count ing, count ed)

1 to say numbers one after the other in the correct order Can you count to ten in Spanish?

2 to look at people or things to see how many there are I counted the chairs – there are 32.

3 to include someone or something when you are finding a

There were twenty people on the bus, not counting the driver.

4 to be important or accepted

Every point in this game counts.

Your throw won't count if you go over the line.

count on someone or something to feel sure that someone or something will do what you want Can I count on you to help me?

Count 2 / kaont / noun [count]

a time when you count things

After an election there is a count of all the votes.

keep count of something

to know how many there are of something

Try to keep count of the number of tickets you sell.

lose count

to not know how many there are of something

I've lost count of how many times he's told that joke!

count . a . ble noun / 'kaontəbl ,naon / noun [count]

another word for count noun

count .down / 'kauntdaun / noun [count]

the act of saying numbers backward to zero just before something important happens

the countdown to takeoff

coun ter / 'kaonter / noun [count]

1 a long, high table in a kitchen where you prepare food or COU . pon / 'kupan; 'kyupan / noun [count]

She wiped off the counter with a sponge.

The kids sat at the kitchen counter doing their homework.

2 a long, high table in a store, bar, hotel, etc. that is between the people who work there and the customers The man behind the counter showed me some earrings.

coun ter clock wise / kaonter klakwaiz

/ adjective, adverb

in the opposite direction to the hands of a clock Turn the handle counterclockwise.

→ANTONYM clockwise

coun . ter . feit / 'kaonterfit / adjective not real, but copied so that it looks like the real thing counterfeit money

count . less / 'kaontles / adjective very many

I have tried to call him countless times.

count noun / 'kaont naon /

(also count .a .ble noun) noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) Count nouns are ones that you can use in the plural or with "a" or "an"

The words "chair" and "idea" are count nouns.

→ Look at noncount noun.

COUN try 2/kntri / noun (plural coun tries)

1 [count] (GEOGRAPHY, POLITICS) an area of land with its own people and government

Argentina, Brazil, and other South American countries

2 the country [noncount] land that is away from towns

They bought a house in the country.

coun . try mu . sic / 'kantri ,myuzık /

(also coun .try and west .ern / .kʌntri ənd 'wɛstərn /) noun [noncount]

(MUSIC) a type of popular music based on music from the southern and western U.S.

coun . try . side / 'kantrisaid / noun

I noncount 1

land with fields, woods, farms, etc. that is away from towns and cities

The hotel has magnificent views of the surrounding countryside.

COUN . ty 🥯 / 'kaonti / noun [count]

(plural coun ties)

(POLITICS) one part of a state that has its own local government

a county courthouse

Orange County, California

COUP / ku / noun [count]

(plural coups / kuz /)

(POLITICS) a situation where a group of people suddenly take control of a government by force

He seized power in a military coup in the late 1990s.

COU . ple 👺 AWL / 'kʌpl / noun

1 a couple [singular] two or a small number of people or things

I invited a couple of friends over for lunch.

I'll be back in a couple of minutes.

2 [count] two people who are married or in a romantic relationship

A young couple lives next door.

a small piece of paper that you can use to buy things at a lower price, or that you can collect and use instead of money to buy things

cour .age / 'kəridʒ / noun [noncount]

not being afraid, or not showing that you are afraid when you do something dangerous or difficult She showed great courage in the face of danger.

→SYNONYM bravery

►cou · ra · geous / kəˈreɪdʒəs / adjective

a courageous young man

→SYNONYM brave

cour . **i** . **er** / 'kəriər ; 'koriər / *noun* [count]

a person whose job is to deliver important papers, packages, etc. somewhere

He had a summer job as a bike courier.

course 🍑 / kərs / noun

1 [count] a set of classes on a certain subject *He's taking a course in computer programming.*

2 [count] one separate part of a meal a three-course meal

I had chicken for my main course .

3 [count] (SPORTS) a piece of ground for some sports a golf course

a racecourse

4 [noncount] the direction that something moves in *We followed the course of the river.*

The plane had to change course because of the storm.

5 [noncount] the time when something is happening *His cell phone rang six times during the course of dinner.*

of course

certainly

Of course I'll help you.

"Can I use your phone?" "Of course."

"Are you angry with me?" "Of course not!"

court 🔯 / kərt / noun

1 [count, noncount] the place where a judge or a group of people (called a jury) decide if a person has done something wrong, and what the punishment will be a court of law

The man will appear in court tomorrow.

2 [count] (SPORTS) a piece of ground where you can play certain sports

a tennis court

a basketball court

Thesaurus

field an area of land used for playing team sports such as baseball, football, and soccer: a baseball/football field ◆ The team ran out on the field. ◆ The school has its own playing field.

court an area where certain ball games are played: *a* basketball/tennis/squash court ◆ He won after only 52 minutes on the court.

stadium a large place with seats around the sides where you can watch sports: *a football/sports stadium* **ballpark** an area where baseball is played: *The batter hit one right out of the ballpark*.

track an area with a special surface for people or cars to have races on: a running/racing track ◆ track and field events (= which involve running, jumping, and throwing)

cour . **te** . **ous** / 'kərtjəs / *adjective* polite and showing respect for other people

cour .te .sy / 'kərtəsi / noun

[noncount]

polite behavior that shows respect for other people

court . house / 'korthaus / noun [count]

a building where courts of law and other government offices are

court . **room** / 'kortrum / *noun* [count] a room where trials or other court cases are held Everyone stood when the judge entered the courtroom.

court yard / kortyard / noun [count]

an open space without a roof, inside a building or between buildings

COUS . in 🔯 / 'kʌzn / noun [count]

the child of your aunt or uncle

Do your cousins live here in the States?

COV . er 1 0 / kaver / verb

(cov .ers, cov .er .ing, cov .ered)

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ to put one thing over another thing to hide it or to keep it safe or warm

Cover the floor with old newspapers before you start painting.

She covered her eyes during the scary part of the movie.

2 to be all over something or someone

Snow covered the ground.

The children were covered in mud.

3 to include or to deal with something

The exam will cover all of the major Civil War battles.

COV . er 2 0 / kavər / noun [count]

1 a thing that you put over another thing, for example to keep it safe

a plastic cover for a computer

2 the outside part of a book or magazine

The book had a picture of the author on the cover.

cov .er .alls / 'kavərəlz / noun [plural]

a piece of clothing that covers your legs, body, and arms. You wear it over your other clothes to keep them clean when you are working.

cov .er .ing 🔯 / ˈkʌvərɪŋ / noun [count]

something that covers another thing window coverings

COV . er let . ter / 'knvər ,letər / noun [count]

a letter that you send with a package or document that gives more information about it

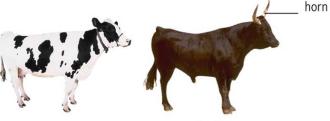
Please submit a cover letter with your résumé.

COW O / kau / noun [count]

a big, female farm animal that is kept for its milk or meat **Word building**

The male cow is called a **bull**, and a young cow is a calf.

Meat from a cow is called \boldsymbol{beef} and meat from a calf is called \boldsymbol{veal} .



w

bull

COW . ard / 'kaward / noun [count] a person who is afraid when there is danger or a problem cow .ard .ly / 'kawardli / adjective

cow . boy / 'kaobor / noun [count]

a man who rides a horse and whose job is to take care of cows

cowboy boots

cow .girl / 'kaugerl / noun [count]

a woman who rides a horse and whose job is to take care of

co . work . er / 'koowerker / noun [count]

someone who works with you, doing the same kind of job as

I got a ride home from one of my coworkers.

→SYNONYM colleague

coy o te

kaı'ooti noun [count]

a wild dog that lives mainly in western North America



CO · ZY / 'koozi / adjective (co · zi · er , co · zi · est) warm and comfortable a cozy room

Crab / kræb / noun [count]

an animal that lives in and near the ocean. It has a hard shell and ten legs.

→ Look at the picture at crustacean.

crack 1 2 / kræk / verb (cracks, crack ing, cracked)

1 to break, but not into separate pieces The glass will crack if you pour boiling water into it. This cup is cracked.

Thesaurus

break to go, or to make something go into smaller pieces: She dropped the cup and it broke into pieces .

◆ I'm sorry, I broke one of your dinner plates. ◆ He broke the chocolate in two and gave me half. • She fell and broke her arm.

crack (used about something hard) to break so that a line appears, but without dividing into smaller pieces; to break something in this way: The ice cracked as I stepped on it. ♦ This mirror is cracked. ♦ He cracked a tooth playing football.

smash to break into many pieces in a violent and noisy way; to break something in this way: The glass bowl **smashed into** a thousand **pieces** . • Several windows had been smashed. • He smashed the box open and took the jewelry from inside.

snap to break suddenly into two pieces with a sharp noise; to break something in this way: Suddenly, the cable snapped. ◆ The weight of the snow snapped the branch in two.

burst to break open suddenly; to make something break in this way: That balloon will burst if you blow it up any more. ◆ Don't burst that balloon! ◆ The dam burst under the weight of the water.

2 to make a sudden loud noise

crack down on someone or something to become stricter when dealing with bad or illegal behavior The police are cracking down on drug dealers.

Crack 2 / kræk / noun [count]

1 a thin line on something where it has broken, but not into separate pieces

There's a crack in this glass.

2 a narrow space between two things or two parts of something

a crack in the curtains

3 a sudden loud noise a crack of thunder

crack . down / 'krækdavn / noun [count]

action to stop bad or illegal behavior a police crackdown on street crime

crack .er / 'kræker / noun [count] a thin, dry type of bread that you can eat with cheese

crack . le / 'krækl / verb

(crack les, crack ling, crack led)

to make a lot of short sharp sounds Dry wood crackles when you burn it.

cra . dle / 'kreidl / noun [count]

a small bed for a baby, which can be moved from side to

 \rightarrow Look at crib.

Craft / kræft / noun [count]

a job or activity for which you need skill with your hands Pottery is a traditional craft.

crafts .man / 'kræftsmən / noun [count]

(plural crafts men / 'kræftsmən /)

a person who is good at making things with their hands furniture made by local craftsmen

Craft . **y** / 'kræfti / adjective

(craft i er, craft i est)

good at getting what you want in a way that is not completely honest

cram / kræm / verb

(crams, cram ming, crammed)

1 to push too many people or things into a small space She crammed her clothes into a bag.

2 to study and try to learn a lot a short time before a test or

He stayed up all night cramming for his biology exam.

cramp / kræmp / noun [count]

(HEALTH) a sudden pain that you get in a muscle, for example in your leg, or in your stomach

cramped / kræmpt / adjective

not having enough space

There were five of us living in a cramped apartment.

cran . ber . ry / 'kræn, beri / noun [count] (plural cran ber ries)

a small red fruit with a sharp taste that grows on a bush turkey with cranberry sauce

Crane / krein / noun [count]

a big machine with a long metal arm for lifting heavy things

Crash $1 \bigcirc / \text{kræ} / \text{verb}$ (crash es , crash ing , crashed)

1 to have an accident in a car or other vehicle and hit something

The bus crashed into a tree.

I crashed my father's car.

2 to fall or hit something with a loud noise

The tree crashed to the ground.

3 (COMPUTERS) If a computer **crashes**, it suddenly stops working.

4 (BUSINESS) (used about money or business) to suddenly lose value or fail

A lot of banks have closed since the market crashed.

crash 2 2 / kræʃ / noun [count] (plural crash .es)

1 an accident when something that is moving hits another

He was killed in a car crash.

a plane crash

2 a loud noise when something falls or hits another thing I heard a crash as the tree fell.

3 (BUSINESS) (used about money or business) a sudden fall in the value or price of something a stock market crash

crate / kreit / noun [count]

a big box for carrying bottles or other things

cra .ter / 'kreiter / noun [count]

1 the hole in the top of a volcano

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at volcano.

2 a large hole in the ground, caused by something large hitting it

craters on the moon

craw 1 / krol / verb

(crawls, crawl ing, crawled)

to move slowly on your hands and knees, or with your body close to the ground

Babies crawl before they can walk.

A spider crawled across the floor.

Crawl 2 / krol / the crawl *noun* [noncount]

(SPORTS) a way of swimming on your front

→ Look at breaststroke.

cray on / kreian / noun [count]

(ART) a soft, thick pencil that comes in many colors *The kids were drawing pictures with crayons.*

Craze / kreiz / noun [count]

something that a lot of people are very interested in the latest craze in video games

cra . zy 🔯 / 'kreızi / adjective

(cra zi er, cra zi est) (informal)

1 stupid; not sensible

You must be crazy to ride a bike at night with no lights.

2 very angry

My mom will go crazy if I get home late.

3 If you are **crazy about** something or someone, you like it or them very much

She's crazy about basketball.

He's crazy about her.

4 (HEALTH) sick in your mind

He's acting like he's totally crazy.

like crazy (informal)

very much, fast, hard, etc.

I had to pedal like crazy to make it up the hill.

creak / krik / verb (creaks, creak ling, creaked)

to make a noise like a door that needs oil, or like an old wooden floor when you walk on it

►creak noun [count]

The door opened with a creak.

cream 1 2 / krim / noun

1 [noncount] the thick liquid on the top of milk

2 [count, noncount] a thick liquid that you put on your skin, for example to keep it soft hand cream

3 [noncount] a color between white and yellow

cream 2 / krim / adjective

with a color between white and yellow *She was wearing a cream dress.*

cream cheese / krim to iz / noun

[noncount]

a type of soft, white cheese a bagel with cream cheese

cream . y / 'krimi / adjective

(cream i er, cream i est)

1 with cream in it, or thick and smooth like cream *a creamy sauce*

2 having a color like cream *creamy skin*

Crease / kris / noun [count]

a line or fold in a piece of clothing, paper, etc., especially one that should not be there

You need to iron this shirt – it's full of creases.

▶crease verb (creas es, creas ing, creased)

to get or make something get **creases** *Don't sit on my jacket – you'll crease it.*

cre .ate DAWL / kri'ent / verb

(cre ates, cre at ing, cre at ed)

to make something happen or exist

Do you believe that God created the world?

We plan to create more jobs in the area.

cre .a .tion AWL / kri'eı∫n / noun

1 [noncount] making something new the creation of the world

2 [count] a new thing that someone has made

This is our chef's latest creation – a white chocolate mousse.

cre . a . tive AWL / kri'eitiv / adjective

A person who is **creative** has a lot of new ideas or is good at making new things

She's a fantastic designer – she's so creative.

cre .a .tiv .i .ty AWL / krier trvati / noun

[noncount]

the ability to produce new things or ideas using skill or imagination

teaching that encourages creativity

cre . a . tor AWL / kri'ertər / noun

[count]

a person who makes something new the creator of the new drama

crea . ture / 'kritsər / noun [count]

any living thing that is not a plant

birds, fish, and other creatures

This story is about creatures from another planet.

cred . it 1 AWL / 'kredat / noun

1 [noncount] a way of buying something where you pay for it later

I bought my car on credit.

2 [count] money that is added to a bank or other account *A credit of \$65 will be added to your account.*

→ANTONYM debit

 ${f 3}$ [noncount] saying that someone has done something well

I did the work but John took all the credit for it!

4 [count] a unit of study at a school or college *This history course is worth three credits.*

5 the credits [plural] the list of the names of people who made a movie or television program, usually shown at the end

cred . it 2 AWL / 'kredet /

(cred its, cred it ing, cred it ed) verb to add money to someone's bank account \$500 has been credited to your account.

→ANTONYM debit

cred . it card O / kredet kard / noun [count]

a plastic card from a bank that you can use to buy form of cry 1 something and pay for it later

Can I pay by credit card?

→Look at debit card.

creek / krik / noun [count]

(GEOGRAPHY) a small river

→SYNONYM stream

creep / krip / verb

(creeps, creep ing, crept / krept / has crept)

to move quietly and carefully so that no one hears or sees

I crept into the room where the kids were sleeping. The cat crept toward the bird.

creep . y / 'kripi / adjective

(creep i er, creep i est)

(informal)

making you feel nervous or afraid

a creepy ghost story

→SYNONYM spooky

cre . mate / 'krimeit ; kri'meit / verb

(cre mates, cre mat ing, cre mat ed)

to burn the body of a dead person

►cre ·ma ·tion / krr'meɪʃn / noun [count, noncount]

the act of burning the body of a dead person, or the ceremony at which this happens

crept

form of creep

cres .cent / 'kresnt / noun [count]

the shape of the moon when it is less than half a circle

Crest / krest / noun [count]

the top part of a hill or a wave

surfers riding the crest of the wave

crev .ice / 'kreves / noun [count]

a narrow crack in a rock or wall

Crew / kru / noun [count]

1 all the people who work on a ship or an airplane

2 a group of people who work together

a camera crew (= people who film things television, etc.)

crib / krib / noun

[count]

a bed with high sides for a baby

→ Look at cradle.

crib



crick . et / 'krıkət

1 [count] a small, brown insect that jumps and makes a loud high noise by rubbing its wings together

2 [noncount] (SPORTS) a game in which two teams hit a ball and then score points by running between two sets of

We watched a cricket match.

cried

cries

1 form of cry 1

2 plural of cry 2

crime 🔯 / kraım / noun

1 [count] something that someone does that is against the law

Murder and robbery are serious crimes.

They had committed a crime.

2 [noncount] illegal behavior or activities

The new police chief promised to fight crime.

an increase in the crime rate

crim .i .nal 1 2 / krimənl / adjective

connected with crime

Deliberate damage to public property is a criminal offense.

She is studying criminal law.

crim i nal 2 / krimenl / noun [count]

a person who does something that is against the law a high-security prison for dangerous criminals

crim . son / 'krımzn / adjective

having a dark red color, like blood

crim .son noun [noncount]

cringe / krind3 / verb

(cringe, cring ing, cringed)

1 to feel embarrassed

Those embarrassing home movies make me cringe.

2 to move away from someone or something because you are scared

The dog cringed in terror when the man raised his arm.

Cri . SiS 🔯 / 'kraisəs / noun [count]

(plural cri ses / 'krasiz /)

a time when something very dangerous or serious happens a political crisis

Crisp / krisp / adjective (crisp er, crisp est)

1 hard and dry

Store the crackers in a tin to keep them crisp.

2 fresh and not soft

crisp apples

3 (used about the air or weather) cold and dry a crisp fall day

crisp . y / 'krispi / adjective

(crisp i er , crisp i est)

(of food) hard and dry in a good way

crispy potato chips

cri . te . ri . a AWL / krar tıriə / noun [plural]

the standards that you use when you decide something or form an opinion

What are your criteria for deciding who gets the prize?

Crit . iC / 'krıtık / noun [count]

1 a person who says that someone or something is wrong or bad

critics of the current administration

2 a person who writes about a book, movie, or play and says if they like it or not

The critics loved his new movie.

crit i cal / kritikl / adjective

1 If you are critical of someone or something, you say that they are wrong or bad

They were very critical of my work.

2 very important

We have reached a critical stage in our negotiations.

→SYNONYM crucial

3 very serious or dangerous

The patient is in critical condition.

▶crit · i · cal · ly / 'krıtıkli / adverb

She's critically injured.

crit .i .cism 🔯 / ˈkrɪtəsɪzəm / noun

1 [count, noncount] what you think is bad about someone or something

I listened to all their criticisms of my plan.

2 [noncount] (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a description of the good and bad points of a play, movie, book, etc. literary criticism

Crit . i . Cize \(\omega \) / kritəsaiz / verb

(crit i ciz es , crit i ciz ing , crit i cized)

to say that someone or something is wrong or bad She was criticized for not following orders.

croak / krook / verb

(croaks, croak ing, croaked)

1 If a frog (= a small green animal that lives in or near water) croaks, it makes a low rough sound.

2 to speak in a low, rough voice

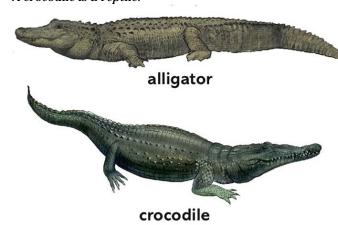
"My throat's really sore," he croaked.

►croak noun [count]

croc . o . dile / 'krakədail / noun

[count]

a big animal with a long tail and a big mouth with sharp teeth. **Crocodiles** live in rivers in hot countries A crocodile is a reptile.



crook . ed / 'krokad / adjective

not straight

That picture is crooked.

Crop / krap / noun

[count]

all the plants of one kind that a farmer grows at one time There was a good crop of potatoes last year. Rain is good for the crops.

Cross 1 2 kros / verb

(cross es, cross ing, crossed)

1 to go from one side of something to the other Be careful when you cross the street.

2 to put one thing over another thing

She sat down and crossed her legs.

cross your mind

(used about a thought or an idea) to come into your mind It never even crossed my mind that she was lying.

cross something off to remove something written down, by drawing a line through it

Sarah will be out of town, so you can cross her name off the guest list.

cross something out to draw a line through a word or words, for example because you have made a mistake I crossed out the misspelled word and wrote it again correctly.

Cross 2 / kros / noun [count] (plural cross es)

1 something with the shape X or †

She wears a cross (= a symbol of the Christian religion) around her neck.

2 something that is a mixture of two different things a fruit that is a cross between a peach and a plum

cross .ing / 'krosin / noun [count]

a place where you can cross something, for example a road or a river

cross-leg . ged / 'kros |leged / adjective, adverb

sitting on the floor with your legs pulled up in front of you and with one leg or foot over the other

The kids sat cross-legged on the carpet.

cross ref . er . ence / 'kros , refrons / noun

[count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a note in a book that tells you to look in another place in the book for more information

cross · roads / 'krosroudz / noun [count] (plural cross roads)

a place where two roads meet and cross each other

cross sec . tion / 'kros , seksin / noun

1 [count, noncount] (GENERAL SCIENCE) a picture of what the inside of something would look like if you cut through it

a cross section of the human brain

2 [count] a group of people that are typical of a larger

The families in the study represent a cross section of

cross . walk / 'kroswok / noun [count]

a place where cars must stop so that people can cross the road

cross word crossword puzzle

puz zle

/ krosward pazl /

(also cross . word)

noun [count] a game where you have write words square spaces across and down the page



crouch / krautf / verb

(crouch es, crouch ing, crouched)

to bend your legs and back so that your body is close to the

I crouched under the table to hide.

Crow / krov / noun [count]

a large black bird that makes a loud noise

crowd 1 2 / kraud / noun [count]

a lot of people together

There was a huge crowd at the football game.

crowd 2 / kraud / verb

(crowds, crowd ing, crowd ed)

to come together in a big group

The journalists crowded around the movie star.

crowd . ed / 'kraudad / adjective

full of people

The streets were very crowded.

a crowded bus

Crown 1 / kraon / noun [count]

a circle made of valuable metal and stones (called **jewels**) that a king or queen wears on his or her head

Crown 2 / kraon / verb

(crowns, crown ing, crowned)

to put a **crown** on the head of a new king or queen in an official ceremony

The current queen was crowned in 1953.

cru . cial AWL / 'kruſl / adjective

very important

a crucial moment

→SYNONYM critical

crude / krud / adjective (crud .er , crud .est)

1 simple and not showing much skill or care

The method was crude but effective.

2 rude in a way that many people do not like *crude jokes*

crude oil / krud 'oil / noun [noncount]

oil that is in its natural state, before it is treated with chemicals

cru . el 📀 / kruəl / adjective

(cru el er, cru el est)

A person who is **cruel** is unkind and likes to hurt other people or animals

I think it's cruel to keep animals in cages.

►cru .el .ly / 'kruəli / adverb

He was treated cruelly when he was young.

cru .el .ty / 'kruəlti / noun

[noncount]

behavior that is unkind and hurts other people or animals

Cruise 1 / kruz / noun [count]

a vacation when you travel on a ship and visit different places

They went on a cruise to Alaska.

Cruise 2 / kruz / verb

(cruis es, cruis ing, cruised)

1 to travel on a ship as a vacation, visiting different places *They cruised around the Caribbean.*

2 to stay at the same speed in a car, plane, etc. *cruising along at 60 miles an hour*

crumb / kram / noun [count]

a very small piece of bread, cake, or cookie

crum .ble / 'krambl / verb

(crum bles, crum bling, crum bled)

to break into very small pieces

The old church walls are crumbling.

crum . ple / 'kr/mpl / verb

(crum ples, crum pling, crum pled)

to be crushed or to crush something into a smaller shape *She crumpled the paper into a ball and threw it away.*

crunch / krants / verb

(crunch es, crunch ing, crunched)

1 to make a loud noise when you eat something that is hard *She crunched on her apple noisily.*

2 to make a noise like the sound of something being crushed

The leaves crunched under our feet as we walked.

►crunch noun [singular]

the crunch of their boots on the snow

crunch . y / 'krAntsi / adjective

(crunch .i .er , crunch .i .est)

hard and dry, so that it makes a noise when you eat it or walk on it

a crunchy salad

crush 🚳 / kras/ verb

(crush .es , crush .ing , crushed)

to press something very hard so that you break or damage it Put the melons in another bag so they won't crush the eggs.

→ Look at the picture at squeeze.

crust / krast / noun

[count]

1 the hard part on the outside of bread

2 a hard layer or surface around something soft or liquid *the earth's crust*

crus · ta · cean / kra'steisn / noun

[count]

(BIOLOGY) any animal with a soft body in several sections and covered with a hard shell

crabs, lobsters, and other crustaceans

crustaceans





crab

lobster

crutch / kratf / noun [count]

(plural crutch es)

a long stick that you put under your arm to help you walk when you have hurt your leg

He broke his leg and now he's on crutches.

Cry 1 2 / krai / verb

(cries, cry ing, cried, has cried)

1 to have drops of water falling from your eyes because you are unhappy or hurt

The baby cries a lot.

2 to shout or make a loud noise

"Help!" he cried.

She cried out in pain.

Cry 2 / krai / noun [count] (plural cries)

a loud noise that you make to show strong feelings such as pain, fear, or excitement

He gave a cry of pain.

We heard her cries and ran to help.

crys . tal / 'kristl / noun

1 [count] (CHEMISTRY) a shape that some substances make when they become solid salt crystals

2 [count, noncount] a kind of rock that looks like glass

3 [noncount] very good quality glass

crystal wine glasses

CUb / kab / noun [count]

a young animal, such as a young lion or bear

Cube 1 / kyub / noun [count] (MATH)

1 a shape like a box with six square sides all the same size Look at the picture at solid.

2 the number that you get if you multiply a number by itself twice

The cube of 5 (= 53) is $125 (= 5 \times 5 \times 5)$.

▶cu .bic / 'kyubık / adjective

a cubic foot (= a space like a cube that is one foot long on each side)

64 cubic centimeters

CUDE 2 / kyub / verb (cubes, cub.ing, cubed)

(MATH) to multiply a number by itself twice Four cubed is $64 (= 4 \times 4 \times 4)$.

cu . bi . cle / 'kyubikl / noun [count]

a small room that is made by separating off part of a larger room

a shower cubicle

CU . Cum . ber / 'kyu,kamber / noun [count] a long vegetable with a green skin, which we often eat in a cup and saucer salads

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **vegetable**.

cud . dle / 'kAdl / verb

(cud dles, cud dling, cud dled)

to hold someone or something in your arms to show love He cuddled his favorite teddy bear.

→SYNONYM hua

cud . dly / 'kadli / adjective

(cud dli er, cud dli est)

soft and pleasant to hold close to you a cuddly teddy bear

CUE / kyu / noun [count]

a word or movement that is a signal for someone else to say or do something

When Julia starts to cry, that's your cue to come onto the stage.

Cuff / kAf / noun [count]

the end part of a sleeve, near your hand

Cul . prit / 'kʌlprət / noun [count]

a person who has done something wrong Police still can't find the culprit.

CUIT / kalt / noun [count]

(RELIGION) a type of religious group, especially one that is **curb** 1 / kərb / noun considered unusual

Their daughter joined a cult.

cul . ti . vate / 'kaltəveit / verb (cul . ti . vates ,

cul \cdot ti \cdot vat \cdot ing , cul \cdot ti \cdot vat \cdot ed)

1 to use land for growing plants

Only a small area of the island was cultivated.

2 to try to get someone's friendship or support

He cultivated links with colleagues in other colleges.

►cul . ti . va . tion / ,kʌltə¹veɪſn / noun [noncount] cultivation of the land

cul .tur .al AWL / 'kaltsərəl / adjective

1 connected with the ideas, customs, and way of life of a group of people or a country

There are many cultural differences between our two countries.

→ Look at multicultural.

2 connected with art, music, or literature a cultural event

Cul . ture Dec AWL / 'kaltfor / noun

1 [count] the customs, ideas, and way of life of a group of people or a country

the language and culture of the Aztecs

2 [noncount] art, music, literature, and the theater The city is a center of culture.

cul . ture shock / 'kaltfer .fak / noun

[noncount]

a feeling of being surprised, confused, or uncomfortable when you go to a country that is very different from your

cun ing / 'kanin / adjective

intelligent, especially in a bad or dishonest way a cunning trick

CUP 🔯 / kAp / noun

[count]

1 a small round container with a handle, which you can drink from

cups





cup and saucer

2 a unit of measurement used in cooking, equal to eight ounces

Add half a cup of sugar and two cups of flour.

3 (SPORTS) a large metal thing like a cup, which you get as a prize for winning a competition

cup . board / 'kabard / noun

[count]

a piece of furniture with shelves and doors, where you keep things like food

kitchen cupboards

cur . a . ble / 'kyorəbl / adjective

(HEALTH) (used about a disease) that can be made better

→ANTONYM incurable

[count]

the edge of a path next to a road

They stood on the curb waiting to cross the street.

curb 2 / kərb / verb

(curbs, curb ing, curbed)

to control or limit something, especially something bad Apparently, this pill curbs your appetite.

CUTE 1 / kyor / verb (cures, curing, cured) (HEALTH)

1 to make a sick person well again

The doctors can't cure her.

2 to make an illness go away

Can this disease be cured?

The adjective is **curable**.

CURE 2 / kyor / noun [count]

(${\sf HEALTH}$) something that makes an illness go away a cure for cancer

cur . few / 'kərfyu / noun [count]

1 a time when children must arrive home in the evening *My parents set my curfew at 10:00* (= I have to be home by $10\,\mathrm{pm}$) .

2 a time after which people are not allowed to go outside their homes

After the rebel attack, the government imposed a curfew on the city.

CU . **ri** . **OS** . **i** . **ty** / kyori'asəţi / *noun* [noncount] wanting to know about things

I was full of curiosity about the letter.

cu . ri . ous / 'kyories / adjective

If you are **curious**, you want to know about something *They were very curious about the people who lived upstairs.*

►cu · ri · ous · ly / ˈkyʊriəsli / adverb

"Where are you going?" she asked curiously.

CUrl 1 / kərl / verb (curls, curl ing, curled)

to form or make something form into a round or curved shape

to curl your hair

curl up to put your arms, legs, and head close to your body

The cat curled up by the fire.

curl 2 / kərl / *noun* [count]

a piece of hair in a round shape

curl . y 🥯 / ˈkərli / adjective

(curl i er, curl i est)

with a lot of curls

He has curly hair.

 \rightarrow ANTONYM **straight**, \rightarrow Look at the picture at **hair**.

cur .ren .cy AWL / 'kərənsi / noun [count]

(plural cur ren cies)

the money that a country uses

The currency of the United States is the dollar.

cur . rent 1 / 'kərənt / adjective

happening or used now

current fashions

►cur · rent · ly / 'kərəntli / adverb

now; at the moment

He is currently working in Seattle.

cur . rent 2 / 'kərənt / noun [count]

1 air or water that is moving

It is dangerous to swim here because of the strong current.

2 (PHYSICS) electricity that is going through a wire

cur . ric . u . lum / kəˈrɪkyələm / noun [count]

(plural cur ric u la /kəˈrɪkyələ / or cur ric u lums) all the subjects that you study in a school or college Latin is not part of the curriculum at our school.

→ Look at syllabus.

CUr . ry / 'kəri / noun [count, noncount]

(plural cur ries)

an Indian dish of meat or vegetables cooked with spices and often eaten with rice *chicken curry*

CUTSE / kars / noun [count]

1 a rude word that some people use when they are very angry

→SYNONYM swear word

2 a word or phrase that has a magic power to make something bad happen

The family seemed to be under a curse (= lots of bad things happened to them).

▶curse verb (curse, curs ing, cursed)

to use rude language because you are angry

When he stood up, he hit his head and cursed loudly.

→SYNONYM swear

CUT . **SOT** / 'kərsər / **noun** [count]

(COMPUTERS) a small sign on a computer screen that shows where on the screen you are working

cur . tain / 'kərtn / noun [count]

a piece of cloth that you can move to cover a window *Could you open the curtains, please?*

CUTVE 1 O / kerv / noun [count]

a line that is not straight; a bend a curve on a graph

CUTVE 2 / kerv / verb (curves, curv ing, curved)

to make a round shape; to bend *The road curves to the right.*

► curved / kərvd / adjective

a table with curved legs a curved line

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at line.

cush ion / kofn / noun [count]

a cloth bag filled with something soft, which you put on a chair

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at chair.

cus . to . dy / 'kʌstədi / noun

[noncount]

1 the legal right to take care of someone or something She got full custody of the children after the divorce.

2 the state of being kent in prison for a short time.

2 the state of being kept in prison for a short time *He was taken into police custody.*

cus .tom 😂 / 'kʌstəm / noun

[count

something that a group of people usually do the custom of giving gifts at Christmas It's a local custom.

count l

a person who buys things from a store or other business

cus . tom . ize / 'kastemaiz / verb

(cus tom iz es, cus tom iz ing, cus tom ized) to change something to make it more suitable for you We can customize your car with leather seats.

CUS . **toms** / 'kastəmz / noun [plural]

the place at an airport or a port where you must show what you have brought with you from another country *a customs officer*

CUT 1 \oldsymbol{\infty} / k_\text{\text{\text{k}}} / verb (cuts, cut_ting, cut, has cut)

1 to break or damage something with something sharp, for example a knife or scissors

I cut the apple in half (= into two parts).

She cut her finger on some broken glass.

2 to take one piece from something bigger using a knife or scissors

Can you cut me a piece of cake, please?

3 to make something shorter with a knife or scissors *Did you get your hair cut?*

be cut off

to be kept alone, away from other people

When I went away to college, I really felt cut off from my friends

cut down on something to use, do, or buy less of something

You should cut down on sweets.

cut something down to cut something so that it falls down

We cut down the old tree.

cut something off

1 to remove something from something larger by cutting *Peel the cucumber and cut off the ends.*

2 to stop the supply of something *The workmen cut off the electricity.*

cut something out

1 to take something from the place where it was by using scissors, etc.

I cut the picture out of the newspaper.

2 (*informal*) to stop saying or doing something that you do not like

Cut it out! That hurts!

cut something up to cut something into pieces with a knife, etc.

Thesaurus

cut to divide something into two or more pieces with a knife, etc.: *Cut* the sandwich in half (= into two equal pieces). ◆ She cut the bread into thick slices. ◆ He cut up the meat on his plate.

chop to cut something into pieces with something sharp, such as a knife: **Chop** the carrots **up** into small pieces. ◆ Add the finely chopped onions. ◆ Roughly chop the herbs.

slice to cut something into thin pieces (called slices): Slice the cucumber thinly. ◆ a loaf of sliced bread ◆ Should I slice the cake now?

carve to cut a large piece of cooked meat into smaller pieces for eating: Dinner is ready. Who's going to carve the turkey?

Cut 2 0 / kat / noun

[count]

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ ($\mbox{\sc HEALTH}$) an injury on the skin, made by something sharp like a knife

He had a deep cut on his leg.

2 a hole or opening in something, made with something sharp

Make a small cut in the material.

3 making something smaller or less a cut in government spending job cuts

cute / kyut / adjective

(cut .er, cut .est)

1 pretty and attractive a cute little baby

2 (*informal*) sexually attractive

There were so many cute guys at the party.

cy .ber .space / 'saibər,speis / noun

[noncount]

($\mbox{{\it COMPUTERS}}$) a place that is not real, where e-mails go when you send them from one computer to another

Cy . cle / 'saikl / noun [count]

a series of events that happen again and again, always in the same order $\,$

the life cycle of a frog

cy .cli .cal / 'sarklıkl; 'sıklıkl /

(also cy clic / 'saıklık ; 'sıklık /) *adjective* repeated many times in the same order *the cyclical pattern of the economy*

cy . **cling** / 'saiklin / *noun* [noncount] (SPORTS) the sport or activity of riding a bicycle

cy . clist / 'sarklist / noun [count]

(SPORTS) a person who rides a bicycle as a sport Cyclists from all over the world competed in the race.

cy .clone / 'saikloon / noun [count]

(GEOGRAPHY) a very strong wind that moves in a circle and causes a storm

cyl in der / silender / noun [count]

(MATH) a long round shape, like a tube or a can of food \rightarrow Look at the picture at solid.

►cy ·lin ·dri ·cal / səˈlɪndrıkl / adjective a cylindrical shape

cym .bal

/ 'simbl / noun

[count]

(MUSIC) one of a pair of round metal plates used as a musical instrument

cymbal



a pair of cymbals

cyn . ic / 'sınık / noun [count]

a person who believes that people only do things for themselves, not to help others

You're such a cynic. Maybe he doesn't even care about the money.

►cyn · i · cal / 'sınıkl / adjective

a cynical comment about modern politics



D, **d** / di / noun [count] (plural **D**'s, d's / diz /)

1 the fourth letter of the English alphabet

"Dog" begins with a "D."

2 D a low grade for a test or piece of work. A **D** is the lowest grade with which you can pass *I got a D on my chemistry test.*

D.A.

short for district attorney

dab 1 / dæb / noun [count]

a small quantity of something that is put on a surface a dab of paint

dab 2 / dab / verb (dabs, dab bing, dabbed)

to touch something lightly and quickly She dabbed the cut with a cotton ball.

dab something on something to put something on something else lightly

to dab some antiseptic on a wound

dad 2 / dæd / noun [count]

(informal)

father

Let's go, Dad!

This is my dad.

dad .dy / 'dædi / noun [count] (plural dad .dies) a word for "father" that children use

daf . fo . dil / 'dæfədil / noun [count]

a yellow flower that grows in the spring

dag ger

/ 'dægər / noun [count]

pointed short knife that people use as a weapon

→ Look at sword.





dai . ly / 'deili / adjective, adverb

happening or coming every day or once a day There are daily flights between Miami and Dallas. a daily newspaper

The museum is open daily from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.

dai .ry / 'deri / noun (plural dai .ries)

SPELLING

Be careful! Don't confuse dairy and diary . You spell dairy with AI.

- 1 [count] a place where milk is kept, or where milk products like butter and cheese are made
- 2 [noncount] food made from milk, for example cheese or butter

Don't give her a yogurt - she doesn't eat dairy. dairy products

dai .Sy / 'derzi / noun [count] (plural dai .sies) a small flower with a yellow center, which usually grows wild in grass

dam / dæm / noun [count]

a wall that is built across a river to hold the water back

dam .age 1 2 / 'dæmid3 / noun [noncount]

harm or injury that is caused when something is broken or spoiled

He had an accident, but he didn't do any damage to his

dam .age 2 2 / dæmid3 / verb

(dam ag es, dam ag ing, dam aged)

to break or harm something

The house was badly damaged by the fire.

▶dam ag ing / dæmadʒɪŋ / adjective

Cars have a damaging effect on the environment.

damn / dæm / exclamation

a rude word that people sometimes use when they are angry Damn! I'm late and I can't find my keys!

damp / dæmp / adjective (damp er , damp est) a little wet

a cold, damp house

dance 1 2 / dæns / verb

(danc es, danc ing, danced)

to move your body to music Bob really knows how to dance! I danced with her all night.

▶danc .ing / 'dænsin / noun [noncount]

Will there be dancing at the party?

dance 2 2 / dæns / noun

1 [count, noncount] movements that you do to music

2 [count] a party where people dance

My parents met at a dance.

danc .er 2 / 'dænsər / noun [count]

a person who dances

Baryshnikov is a famous ballet dancer.

I'm not a very good dancer.

dan . de . li . on / 'dændəlarən / noun [count] a small yellow flower that grows wild in grass

dan . druff / 'dændrəf / noun [noncount] small pieces of dead skin in a person's hair

dan . ger 🔯 / 'deindgər / noun

1 [noncount] the possibility that something bad may happen

If you don't stop smoking, your health may be in serious danger.

2 [count] a person or thing that may bring harm or trouble

These chemicals are a danger to the environment.

dan . qer . ous 🔯 / 'deindgərəs / adjective

A person or thing that is **dangerous** may hurt you It's dangerous to ride a motorcycle without a helmet. a dangerous disease

►dan .ger .ous .ly / 'deindʒərəsli / adverb She drives dangerously.

dan .gle / 'dængl / verb

(dan gles, dan gling, dan gled)

to hang down and swing from side to side; to hold something so it hangs in this way

She sat on the dock with her legs dangling over the water.

dare / der / verb (dares, dar ing, dared)

dare do something

to be brave enough to do something

I didn't dare ask for more money.

dare someone to do something

to ask someone to do something dangerous or silly to see if they are brave enough

I dare you to jump off that wall!

don't you dare

words that you use for telling someone very strongly not to do something

Don't you dare read my letters!

how dare you

words that show you are very angry about something that someone has done

How dare you speak to me like that!

dar . ing / 'derny / adjective not afraid to do dangerous things

a daring attack

→SYNONYM brave

dark 1 2 / dark / adjective (dark er, dark est)

1 with no light, or not much light

It was so dark that I couldn't see anything. It gets dark very early in the winter.

→ANTONYM light

2 A **dark** color is nearer to black than to white a dark green skirt

He has dark brown eyes.

→ANTONYM light , pale

3 A person who is **dark** has brown or black hair or skin a thin, dark woman

→ANTONYM fair

dark 2 2 / dark / noun [singular]

where there is no light

Cats can see in the dark.

Are you afraid of the dark?

after dark

after the sun goes down in the evening

before dark

before the sun goes down in the evening *Make sure you get home before dark.*

dark .ness / 'darknes / noun [noncount]

when there is no light

The whole house was in darkness.

dar . ling / 'darlıŋ / noun [count]

a name that you call someone that you love

Are you all right, darling?

►dar · ling adjective

our darling daughter

dart / dart / verb (darts, dart ing, dart ed)

to move quickly and suddenly

He darted across the road.

darts / darts / noun [plural]

a game in which you throw a small metal arrow (called a dart) at a round board with numbers on it (called a dartboard)

dash 1 / dæf / noun [count] (plural dash .es)

1 a sudden short run somewhere

He made a dash for the bus but just missed it.

Owen ran the 100-yard dash (= a race of 100 yards) in less than ten seconds.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ a small amount of something that you add to something else

Add a dash of lemon juice.

 $\boldsymbol{3}$ (<code>ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS</code>) a mark (–) that you use in writing

dash 2 / dæʃ / verb (dash es, dash ing, dashed) to run quickly somewhere

I dashed into a coffee shop when it started to rain.

dash . board / 'dæʃbord / noun [count]

the part of a car in front of the driver where most of the switches and controls are

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at steering wheel .

da . ta AWL / 'dertə ; 'dætə / noun [plural]

facts or information

We are studying the data that we have collected.

da . ta . base / 'dertabers ; 'dætabers / noun

count

(COMPUTERS) information that is stored in a computer in an organized system that lets you look at it and use it in different ways

Information about every car is stored in the police database.

date 1 2 / dert / noun [count]

 ${f 1}$ the number of the day, the month, and sometimes the year

"What's the date today?" "It's February first."

Today's date is December 12, 2010.

What is your date of birth?

2 a romantic meeting when two people go out somewhere *He asked her out on a date.*

3 a small sweet brown fruit that comes from a tree which grows in hot countries

out of date

not modern

The machinery they use is completely out of date.

up to date

with all the newest information

Is this list of names up to date?

date 2 / deit / verb (dates, dat ing, dat ed)

1 to write the day's date on something

The letter is dated January 4, 2011.

2 to have a romantic relationship with someone

Are you dating anyone right now?

dat .ed / 'dertad / adjective

old-fashioned

It's a good movie, but it looks really dated now.

a dated hairstyle

daugh .ter O / dotor / noun [count]

PRONUNCIATION

The word **daughter** sounds like **water** , because we don't say the letters **gh** in this word.

a girl or woman who is someone's child

They have two daughters and a son.

My oldest daughter is a doctor.

daugh . ter-in-law / 'dotor in lo / noun

[count](plural daugh ters-in-law)

the wife of your son

→ Look at son-in-law.

daunt / dont / verb (daunts, daunt ing,

daunt ed)

to make someone feel nervous or worried by being too big or difficult

She said the job was really hard, but I wasn't daunted.

►daunt ing / dontin / adjective

The thought of having to change schools was really daunting.

a daunting task

dawn / don / noun [count, noncount]

the time in the early morning when the sun comes up

→ Look at dusk.

day (dei / noun [count] (plural days)

1 a time of 24 hours from midnight to the next midnight *There are seven days in a week.*

I was in Las Vegas for a few days.

" What day is it today?" "Tuesday.'

2 the time when it is light outside

Most people work during the day and sleep at night.

3 a time in the past

In my grandparents' day, people didn't have cell phones. one day

1 on a certain day in the past One day, a letter arrived.

2 (also some day) at some time in the future

I hope to become a doctor one day. Some day I'll be rich and famous.

the day after tomorrow

not tomorrow, but the next day

the day before yesterday

not yesterday, but the day before

the other day

a few days ago

I went to see my cousin the other day.

these days

(informal)

used to talk about the present, especially when you are comparing it with the past

These days kids grow up so quickly.

→SYNONYM nowadays

day . break / 'deibreik / noun [noncount]

the time of day when light first appears He left at daybreak.

day .care / 'deiker / (also day care) noun

[noncount]

care for small children while their parents are working; a place that offers this service

a daycare center

My wife takes the kids to daycare every morning.

day . dream / 'deidrim / noun [count]

happy thoughts that make you forget about what you should be doing now

She stared out of the window, lost in a daydream.

►day .dream verb

(day dreams, day dream ing, day dreamed)

He daydreamed about being so rich that he could buy anything he wanted.

day . light / 'derlart / noun [noncount]

the light from the sun during the day These colors look different in daylight.

day off / der of / noun [count]

(plural days off)

a day when you do not go to work or school She hasn't taken a day off in six months.

day . time / 'dertarm / noun

I noncount 1

the time when it is day and not night

I prefer to study in the daytime and go out at night.

→ANTONYM nighttime

daze / deiz / noun

in a daze

not able to think normally; confused

I was in a daze, and walked into the street without looking.

dazed / deizd / adjective

not able to think normally; confused He had a dazed look on his face.

daz .zle / 'dæzl / verb

(daz zles, daz zling, daz zled)

to impress someone very much He was dazzled by her beauty.

PREFIX

de-

(in verbs, and related nouns, adjectives, and adverbs) removing something

de caffeinated coffee

de frost the refrigerator

dead 1 2 / ded / adjective

1 not alive now

All my grandparents are dead.

Throw away those dead flowers.

2 no longer working because it doesn't have any power

The batteries in this flashlight are dead.

I picked up the phone, but the line was dead.

3 very quiet

This town is completely dead at night.

4 complete

There was dead silence when she finished speaking.

a dead end

a street that is only open at one end

dead 2 / ded / adverb

(informal)

completely or very

I'm dead tired.

dead . line / 'dedlam / noun [count]

a day or time before which you must do something The deadline for finishing this essay is next Tuesday.

dead . ly 1 / 'dedli / adjective

(dead li er , dead li est)

Something that is deadly may kill people or other living things

a deadly weapon

dead . ly 2 / 'dædli / adverb (informal)

extremely

I'm deadly serious.

deaf / def / adjective (deaf er, deaf est)

(HEALTH) not able to hear anything or not able to hear very

My grandma's starting to go deaf.

television subtitles for the deaf (= people who cannot hear)

►deaf .ness / 'defnes / noun [noncount]

In old age she was troubled by deafness.

deaf .en / 'defan / verb

(deaf .ens , deaf .en .ing , deaf .ened)

to make a very loud noise so that someone cannot hear well We were deafened by the loud music.

►deaf .en .ing / 'dɛfəniŋ / adjective

a deafening noise

deal 1 2 / dil / verb

(deals, deal ing, dealt / delt / has dealt)

1 to give cards to players in a game of cards

Start by dealing seven cards to each player.

2 (BUSINESS) to buy and sell something in business Our firm deals with customers all over the world.

We deal in insurance.

deal something out to give something to a number of

The profits will be dealt out among us.

deal with something

1 to take action in a particular situation in order to solve a problem or do a particular job

I am too busy to deal with this problem now.

2 to be about a particular subject

The first chapter of the book deals with letter writing.

deal 2 / dil / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{BUSINESS}}$) an agreement, usually about buying, selling, or working

Let's make a deal - I'll help you today if you help me tomorrow.

a good deal; a great deal

a lot

I've spent a great deal of time on this report.

deal .er / 'dilar / noun [count]

1 a person who buys and sells things a car dealer

2 the person who gives the cards to the players in a game of cards

dear 1 2 / dir / adjective (dear er, dear est)

1 Dear a word that you use before a person's name at the beginning of a letter

Dear Mr. Carter,...

Dear Sir or Madam,...

2 that you love very much

She was a dear friend.

dear 2 / dir / exclamation

something you say if you are surprised or upset

Oh dear! It's starting to rain again.

Dear me! What a mess!

dear 3 / dir / noun [count] (informal)

a word that you use when you are speaking to someone that you love

Hello, dear.

death 2 / dεθ / noun [count, noncount]

when a life finishes

He became manager of the company after his father's death.

There are thousands of deaths in car accidents every year. The police do not know the cause of death.

→ Look at birth.

the death pen · al · ty / δο 'deθ pen•lti /

noun [singular]

the legal punishment of being killed for a crime

→ Look at capital punishment.

de . bat . a . ble AWL / dr'bertabl / adjective

not certain; that you could argue about

It's debatable whether computers really make things easier.

de . bate AWL / di'beit / noun

1 [count] a public meeting where people with different opinions discuss something important

Thesaurus

discussion [count, noncount] talking in detail about something important: a discussion with your classmates about the test ◆ We had a long discussion about what we should do. ◆ The plans are still under discussion (= being talked about).

conversation [count, noncount] an informal talk between two people or a small group: *a phone conversation* ◆ *I had a long conversation with her yesterday.* ◆ *The main topic of conversation was the recent election.*

talk [count] a conversation between two or more people, often about a problem or something that is important to you: My parents want to have a talk with me about going to college. ◆ The two countries are holding talks to try to end the violence.

debate [count] a formal discussion at a public meeting about something important, where people give their different opinions. At the end of the discussion there may be a vote: a debate on health care reform ◆ After a long debate, Congress approved the plan.

chat [count] a friendly, informal conversation with someone, especially about personal things: *I* had a nice chat with Sandy this afternoon. ◆ I just dropped by for a chat – are you free?

2 [noncount] general discussion about something, when people express different opinions

There's been a lot of debate about global warming.

▶de .bate verb

(de . bates , de . bat . ing , de . bat . ed)

Politicians will be debating the new plans later this week.

deb . it 1 / 'debit / noun [count]

an amount of money that is taken out of a bank account

→ANTONYM credit

deb . it 2 / 'debit / verb

(deb its, deb it ing, deb it ed)

to take an amount of money out of a bank account *The payment will be debited from your account.*

→ANTONYM credit

deb . it card / 'debit kard / noun

[count]

a plastic card that you can use to pay for things directly from your bank account

Can I pay by debit card?

→ Look at credit card.

de . bris / dəˈbri / noun [noncount]

pieces of something that has been destroyed debris from the plane crash

debt 2 / det / noun [count]

money that you must pay back to someone *The company has borrowed a lot of money and it still has debts.*

in debt

If you are **in debt**, you must pay money to someone.

debt .or / 'deter / noun [count]

a person who owes money

de . but / der'byu / noun [count]

the first appearance in public of an actor, etc.

She made her movie debut in 2006.

Dec.

abbreviation of **December**

de cade AWL / 'dekerd / noun [count]

a period of ten years

The country has become richer in the past decade.

de .caf .fein .at .ed / di'kæfənertəd /

(also informal de caf / 'dikæf /) adjective

(used about coffee or tea) with all or most of the substance that makes you feel awake (called **caffeine**) taken out *I only drink decaffeinated coffee in the evening.*

de .cay / dr'ker / verb

(de cays, de cay ing, de cayed)

to become bad or be slowly destroyed

If you don't clean your teeth, they will decay.

►de cay *noun* [noncount]

tooth decay

de .ceit / dr'sit / noun [noncount]

dishonest behavior; trying to make someone believe something that is not true

She was tired of his lies and deceit.

►de ·ceit ·ful / dr'sitfl / adjective

deceitful behavior

→SYNONYM dishonest

de .ceive / dı'siv / verb

(de ceives, de ceiv ing, de ceived)

to deliberately make someone believe something that is not true

She deceived me into thinking she was a police officer. You're deceiving yourself if you think he'll change his mind.

De .cem .ber 🚳 / dr'sember / noun

[count, noncount] (abbreviation Dec.)

the twelfth month of the year

de .cen .cy / 'disənsi / noun

[noncount]

moral or correct behavior

At least she had the decency to admit that it was her fault.

de .cent / 'disənt / adjective

1 good enough; right

You can't wear jeans for a job interview – you should buy some decent clothes.

2 honest and good *decent people*

de .cep .tion / dr'sepsn / noun

[count, noncount]

making someone believe something that is not true *They had all been fooled by his deception.*

de .cep .tive / dr'septiv / adjective

giving someone a false impression

The water is deceptive. It's much deeper than it looks.

de . ci . bel / 'desəbel / noun

[count

a measurement of how loud a sound is

de . cide 💿 / dr'said / verb

(de .cides , de .cid .ing , de .cid .ed)

to choose something after thinking about the possibilities *I can't decide what color to paint my room.*

We've decided to go to Florida for our vacation. She decided that she didn't want to come.

dec . i . mal / 'desaml / noun

[count]

(MATH) part of a number, written after the mark (.) Three quarters written as a decimal is 0.75.

STVLE

We say "0.75" as "zero point seven five."

dec .i .mal point / measb, / noun

[count]

(MATH) a small round mark, used to separate a whole number from a **decimal**

To multiply 1.55 by 10, move the decimal point one place to the right.

de . ci . sion 🥯 / dıˈsıʒn / noun

[count

choosing something after thinking; deciding

I have to make a decision about what I'm going to do when I finish school.

de . ci . sive / di'saisiv / adjective

1 able to make decisions quickly *It's no good hesitating. Be decisive.*

→ANTONYM indecisive

2 making something certain or final *the decisive battle of the war*

deck / dek / noun

[count]

1 one of the floors of a ship, airplane, or bus

He stood on the lower deck of the ship and looked out to sea.

2 a set of 52 cards for playing games

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at playing card.

3 a wooden floor that is built outside the back of a house, where you can sit and relax *Let's go sit out on the deck.*

de .clare / dı'kler / verb

(de . clares , de . clar . ing , de . clared)

1 to say very clearly what you think or what you will do, often to a lot of people

He declared that he was not a thief.

The country declared war on its enemy.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ to give information about goods or money so that you can pay tax on them or it

You must declare all your income on this form.

►dec · la · ra · tion / ˈdɛkləˈreɪʃn / noun

[count, noncount]

a declaration of support

the Declaration of Independence

de . cline AWL / dr'klam / verb

(de clines , de clin ing , de clined)

to become weaker, smaller, or worse

The standard of education has declined.

► de . cline *noun* [count, noncount] a decline in sales

de .com .pose / dikam'pouz / verb

(de com pos es, de com pos ing,

de .com .posed)

to be slowly destroyed by natural chemical processes a decomposing corpse

►de .com .po .si .tion / dikampə'zıʃn / noun [noncount]

dec . o . rate 5/ dekareit / verb

(dec .o .rates , dec .o .rat .ing , dec .o .rat .ed)

to make something look more attractive by adding things to it

We decorated the room with flowers. to decorate a Christmas tree

dec . o . ra . tion / deka rein / noun

[count, noncount]

something that you add to a thing to make it look more attractive

Christmas decorations

dec . o . ra . tive / 'dɛkərətıv / adjective

added to make something look attractive a tablecloth with a decorative lace edge

de .crease / dı'kris / verb

(de creas es, de creas ing, de creased)

to become or to make something smaller or less

The number of employees has decreased from 200 to 100.

→ANTONYM increase

▶de .crease / 'dikris / noun

[count, noncount]

There was a decrease in the number of people living in the

→ANTONYM increase

ded . i . cate / 'dedə,kert / verb

(ded i cates , ded i cat ing , ded i cat ed)

to give all of your energy, time, effort, etc. to something He dedicated his life to helping the poor.

►ded .i .cat .ed / 'dædəkertəd / adjective

a team of dedicated volunteers

ded .i .ca .tion / ,dedəˈkeɪʃn / noun

[noncount]

wanting to give your time and energy to something, because you feel it is important

I admire her dedication to her career.

de . duct / dı'dıkt / verb

(de ducts, de duct ing, de duct ed)

to take something such as money or points away from a

Your pension will be automatically deducted from your

I will deduct points for spelling mistakes.

deed / did / noun

[count]

1 (formal) something that you do; an action

Cleaning the house for her grandmother was a good deed. 2 a legal document which shows that you own a house or

deep 1 2 / dip / adjective (deep er, deep est)

1 Something that is **deep** goes down a long way Be careful – the water is very deep.

There were deep cuts in his face.

→ANTONYM shallow

2 You use **deep** to say or ask how far something is from the top to the bottom

The hole was about six feet deep and three feet wide. The noun is **depth**.

3 A deep sound is low and strong

He has a deep voice.

→ANTONYM high

4 A deep color is strong and dark She has deep blue eyes.

→ANTONYM pale, light

5 If you are in a deep sleep, it is difficult for someone to wake you up

She was in such a deep sleep that she didn't hear me calling her.

6 Deep feelings are very strong deep sadness

deep 2 / dip / adverb

a long way down or inside something creatures that live deep in the ocean

deep-fried / dip 'fraid / adjective cooked in oil that covers the food completely deep-fried onion rings

deep . y 🔯 / 'dipli / adverb

strongly or completely

They were deeply disturbed by the accident.

deer / dir / noun

[count](plural deer)

a wild animal that eats grass and can run fast. Male deer have horns that look like branches (called antlers).

進 antlers

deer



de . feat 5 du'fit / verb

(de feats, de feat ing, de feat ed)

to win a fight or game against a person or group of people The army defeated the rebels.

▶de .feat noun [count, noncount]

It was another defeat for the team.

She refused to admit defeat and kept on trying.

→ANTONYM victory

de . fect / 'difekt / noun [count]

something that is wrong with something a speech defect

defects in the education system

▶ de . fec . tive / dı'fɛktɪv / adjective

The accident was caused by defective brakes.

de . fend / dr'fend / verb

(de | fends , de | fend | ing , de | fend | ed)

1 to fight to keep away people or things that attack They defended the city against the enemy.

2 to say that someone has not done something wrong My sister defended me when Dad said I was lazy. He had a lawyer to defend him in court.

3 (SPORTS) to try to stop another person or team from scoring in a game

►de ·fend ·er / dr'fɛndər / noun [count]

a person who defends someone or something, especially in sports

de . fend . ant / dr'fendent / noun [count] a person who is accused of a crime in a court of law

de . fense / dr'fens / noun

1 [count, noncount] fighting against people who attack, or keeping away dangerous people or things

They fought the war in defense of their country.

the body's defenses against disease

2 [noncount] (POLITICS) the military equipment, forces, etc. for protecting a country

the Defense Department

to reduce defense spending

3 the defense [singular] the lawyers who are representing the person who is accused of something in a court of law

The defense presented their case.

 \rightarrow Look at prosecution (2).

4 / 'difens / [noncount] (SPORTS) the players on a sports team who try to stop the other team from scoring; the action of these players

He broke through the defense to score a touchdown.

de . fen . sive / di fensiv / adjective

1 that protects someone or something from attack The troops took up a defensive position.

→ANTONYM offensive

2 showing that you feel someone is criticizing you When she asked why he was late, he got very defensive.

▶ de . fen . sive . ly / di fensivli / adverb "It wasn't my idea," she said defensively.

de . fi . ant / difaient / adjective

refusing to do what someone tells you From the age of fifteen she became more defiant.

► de · fi · ance / di faiens / noun [noncount]

As an act of defiance, they played their music too loud. The verb is defy.

def . i . cit / 'defəsit / noun

(POLITICS) the amount by which the money you receive is less than the money you have spent a country's budget deficit

de fied, de fies

forms of defy

de . fine AWL / dr'fam / verb

(de fines, de fin ing, de fined)

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) to say what a word means How do you define "rich"?

The noun is **definition**

def .i . nite Date AWL / 'defenst / adjective

Something that is definite is clear, fixed, and unlikely to change

I want a definite answer, "yes" or "no."

There has been a definite change in her attitude.

def i nite ar ti cle / defenet artıkl /

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) in English grammar, the word "the"

→ Look at indefinite article.

def . i . nite . ly S AWL / 'defenetli / adverb certainly

I'll definitely consider your advice.

It's definitely the best restaurant in town.

def · i · ni · tion 🔯 AWL / ˌdɛfəˈnɪʃn / noun

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a group of words that tell you what another word means

de . fin . i . tive AWL / dı'fınəţıv / adjective in a form that is so good that it cannot be improved the definitive guide to New York restaurants

de for es ta tion / diforo steifn / noun [noncount]

(GEOGRAPHY) cutting down trees over a large area

de . formed / di'formd / adjective having a shape that is not normal or natural

de . frost / dl'frost / verb

(de frosts, de frost ing, de frost ed)

1 to make food warmer so that it is no longer frozen Defrost the chicken completely before cooking.

2 to remove the ice from something to defrost the refrigerator

de . fy / di'fai / verb

(de fies, de fy ing, de fied, has de fied)

If you defy someone or something, you do something that they say you should not do

She defied her parents and stayed out all night.

de . grade / di'greid / verb

(de grades, de grad ing, de grad ed)

to make people respect someone less

That type of movie really degrades women.

► de . grad . ing / dr'greidin / adjective Asking people for money is so degrading.

de . gree 🔯 / dı'gri / noun

1 [count] (GENERAL SCIENCE) a measurement of temperature

Water boils at 212 degrees Fahrenheit (212°F).

2 [count] (MATH) a measurement of angles (= the space between two lines that meet)

There are 90 degrees (90°) in a right angle.

3 [count] Universities and colleges give degrees to students who have completed a program there She has a degree in Mathematics.

4 [count, noncount] a certain amount or level There's always a degree of risk involved in rock climbing. I feel sorry for her to some degree.

de . hy . drat . ed / ,di'hardreited / adjective (HEALTH) having lost too much water from your body Make sure to drink plenty of fluids so you don't get dehydrated.

▶de . hy . dra . tion / ˌdihaɪˈdreɪʃn / noun

[noncount]

The survivors were suffering from dehydration.

de · lay 1 / dr'ler / verb

(de · lays , de · lay · ing , de · layed)

1 to make someone or something late

My train was delayed for two hours because of the bad weather.

2 to not do something until a later time Can we delay our meeting until next week?

de · lay 2 / dr'ler / noun [count, noncount]

(plural de lays)

a time when someone or something is late

There was a long delay at the airport.

You must pay the money without delay (= immediately).

del .e .gate 1 / 'deleget / noun

[count]

a person who has been chosen to speak or make decisions for a group of people, especially at a meeting

del . e . gate 2 / 'delegent / verb

(del .e .gates , del .e .gat .ing , del .e .gat .ed) to give someone with a lower job a particular task to do You should delegate more work to your assistant.

de . lete / dr'lit / verb

(de letes, de let ing, de let ed)

to remove something that is written or that is stored on a computer

I deleted some important files on my computer by accident.

del · i / 'dɛli / noun [count] (plural del · is) (informal)

= delicatessen

the deli counter at the grocery store

de . lib . er . ate / di'libərət / adjective

If something is $\mbox{\bf deliberate}$, then it is planned and not done by mistake

Was it an accident or was it deliberate?

de . lib . er . ate . ly 💿 / dı'lıbərətli / adverb

If you do something $\boldsymbol{deliberately}$, you wanted or planned to do it

The police think that someone started the fire deliberately.

del .i .ca .cy / ˈdɛlɪkəsi / noun [count]

(plural del .i .ca .cies)

a type of food that is considered particularly good *Try this dish – it's a local delicacy.*

del . i . cate / 'dɛlɪkət / adjective

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ If something is $\boldsymbol{delicate}$, you can break or damage it very easily

I have delicate skin, so I use special soap.

2 light and pleasant; not strong

delicate colors like pale pink and pale blue The food had a delicate flavor.

del · i · ca · tes · sen / delikə tesn /

(also informal del i / 'dɛli /) noun [count]

a store that sells foods such as meat, cheese, and salads that are ready to eat and do not need to be cooked

de · li · cious / dr'lıʃəs / adjective

very good to eat

This soup is delicious.

de . light 1 / di'lait / noun [noncount]

great happiness

The children shrieked with delight when they saw the puppy.

SYNONYM joy

de . light 2 / dı'laıt / verb

(de · light , de · light · ing , de · light · ed) to make someone very pleased or happy

de . light . ed / dr'larted / adjective

very pleased or happy

I'm delighted to meet you.

de . light . ful / dr'lattil / adjective

very pleasant or attractive

We stayed in a delightful little hotel.

de . liv . er 😂 / dı'lıvər / verb

(de liv ers, de liv er ing, de liv ered)

1 to take something to the place where it must go The mailman delivered two letters this morning. We deliver free within the local area.

2 to help a mother to give birth to her baby *to deliver a baby*

 $de \cdot liv \cdot er \cdot y \ / \ \mathrm{dr'liveri} \ / \ \mathit{noun}$

[count, noncount](plural de liv er ies)

1 the act of taking something to the place where it must go *Please allow 28 days for delivery.*

We are waiting for a delivery of bread.

2 the process of giving birth to a baby an easy delivery

del .ta / 'dɛltə / noun [count] (plural del .tas)

(GEOGRAPHY) an area of land where a river divides into smaller rivers flowing toward the ocean the Mississippi River delta

de · luxe / dɪˈlʌks / adjective

of extremely high quality and more expensive than usual a deluxe hotel

de . mand 1 0 / dr/mænd / noun [count]

saying strongly that you must have something a demand for higher pay

in demand

wanted by a lot of people

Good teachers are always in demand.

de . mand 2 0 / dr mænd / verb

(de mands, de mand ing, de mand ed)

to say strongly that you must have something *The workers are demanding more money.*

She demanded to see the manager.

de . mand . ing / dɪˈmændɪŋ / adjective

1 requiring a lot of effort, care, skill, etc. *a demanding job*

2 (used about a person) always wanting attention or expecting things from other people

Young children can be very demanding. a demanding boss

dem . **O** / 'demov / noun [count] (plural dem . os) (informal)

short for demonstration (1)

They gave us a demo of the new software.

de . moc . ra . cy / dr makrəsi / noun

(plural de .moc .ra .cies) (POLITICS)

1 [noncount] a system of government where the people choose their leader by voting

2 [count] a country with a government that the people choose

We live in a democracy.

Dem . o . crat / 'deməkræt / noun [count]

($\mbox{POLITICS}$) a person in the $\mbox{Democratic Party}$ in the $\mbox{U.S.}$

→ Look at Republican.

dem . o . crat . ic / ˌdɛməˈkrætjɪk / adjective (POLITICS)

1 If a country, etc. is **democratic**, the people in it can choose its leaders or decide about the way it is organized.

2 Democratic connected with the Democratic Party in the U.S.

the Democratic senator

►dem · o · crat · i · cal · ly / ˌdɛməˈkrætjkli / adverb a democratically elected government

the Dem o crat ic Par ty

/ðəˌdɛməˈkrætjkˌpartji/noun[singular]

(POLITICS) one of the two main political parties in the U.S.

→ Look at the Republican Party.

de . mol . ish / dr/malif/verb

(de | mol | ish | es, de | mol | ish | ing |, de | mol | ished) to break a building so that it falls down

The warehouse is due to be demolished next year.

►dem ·o ·li ·tion / ¡dɛməˈlɪʃn / noun

[count, noncount]

The demolition of the factory will make room for more houses.

de . **mon** / 'dimən / *noun* [count] an evil spirit

dem .on .strate AWL / 'demonstreit / verb (dem .on .strates , dem .on .strat .ing ,

dem on strat ed)

1 to show something clearly

He demonstrated how to operate the machine.

2 (POLITICS) to walk or stand in public with a group of people to show that you have strong feelings about something

Thousands of people demonstrated against the war.

→SYNONYM protest

►dem .on .stra .tor AWL / 'demenstreiter / noun [count](POLITICS)

a person who takes part in a public protest antiwar demonstrators

dem . on . stra . tion AWL / .demən'streifn /

1 [count, noncount] (also informal dem o) showing how to do something, or how something works He gave us a cooking demonstration.

2 [count] (POLITICS) a group of people walking or standing together in public to show that they have strong feelings about something

antigovernment demonstrations

de . mote / dr'moot / verb

(de .motes , de .mot .ing , de .mot .ed)

to move someone to a lower position or level, often as a punishment

Isabel was demoted from manager to assistant.

→ANTONYM promote

den / den / noun

1 the place where a wild animal lives

2 a room in a house where people go to relax, watch The noun is denial. television, etc.

They were all watching TV in the den.

de . ni . al AWL / dr'narəl / noun

1 [count] a statement that something is not true The mayor issued a public denial about his involvement in

2 [noncount] refusing to accept that something is true He's been in denial ever since she left.

The verb is deny.

de .nied, de .nies AWL forms of deny

den .im / 'denam / noun

strong cotton material that is used for making jeans and other clothes. **Denim** is often blue a denim jacket

de . nom . i . na . tor / dr/namenerter / noun

(MATH) the number below the line in a fraction, for example 4 in 3/4

→ Look at numerator.

de . note AWL / dr'noot / verb

(formal)

(de notes , de not ing , de not ed)

to mean something

The red triangle denotes danger.

→SYNONYM represent

dense / dens / adjective

1 with a lot of things or people close together dense forests

2 thick and difficult to see through The accident happened in dense fog. den · Si · ty / 'densəti / noun (plural den · si · ties)

1 [noncount] how many people or things are in a place, compared to how big it is

the population density

2 [count, noncount] (PHYSICS) how heavy something is, compared to how big it is Lead has a high density.

dent / dent / noun [count]

a place where a flat surface, especially metal, has been hit and pushed in but not broken

There's a big dent in the side of my car.

▶dent verb (dents, dent ing, dent ed) I dropped the can and dented it.

den . tal / 'dentl / adjective

connected with teeth

dental care

dental floss (= a kind of string for cleaning between teeth)

den . tist 🔯 / 'dentist / noun [count]

(HEALTH) a person whose job is to take care of your teeth You should go to the dentist for a checkup.

I have to leave early – I have a dentist appointment.

de . ny 🔯 AWL / di'nai / verb

(de Inies , de Iny Iing , de Inied , has de Inied)

to say that something is not true He denied that he had stolen the car.

They denied breaking the window.

→ANTONYM admit

de . o . dor . ant / di'ouderent / noun

[count, noncount]

a substance that you put on your body to stop bad smells

de . part / dr'part / verb

(de parts, de part ing, de part ed) (formal)

to leave a place

The next flight to Baltimore departs from gate 3.

→ANTONYM arrive

The noun is **departure**.

de . part . ment 2 / dr'partment / noun [count]

one of the parts of a college, school, government, store, big company, etc.

The book department is on the second floor.

the sales department

de . part . ment store / dr'partment .stor / noun [count]

a big store that sells a lot of different things Macy's is a famous department store in New York.

de . par . ture / di'partser / noun

[count, noncount]

leaving a place

Arrivals and departures are shown on the screen.

Passengers should check in at least one hour before departure.

ANTONYM arrival

de . pend 🔯 / dr'pend / verb (de . pends ,

de pend ing , de pend ed)

depend on someone or something

1 to trust someone; to feel sure that someone or something will do what you want

I know I can depend on my friends to help me.

2 to need someone or something

She still depends on her parents for money because she doesn't have a job.

it depends; that depends

words that you use to show that something is not certain I don't know whether I'll see him. It depends what time he

"Can you lend me some money?" "That depends. How much do you want?"

de pend a ble / dr'pendebl / adjective

that can be trusted

The bus service is usually very dependable.

→SYNONYM reliable

de . pend . ence / dr'pendens / noun

[noncount]

the state of needing someone or something

The country is trying to reduce its dependence on imported

→ANTONYM independence

de . pend . ent 1 / dr'pendent / noun [count] a person, especially a child, who depends on another person

for a home, food, money, etc.

de . pend . ent 2 / dr'pendent / adjective If you are **dependent** on someone or something, you need them

A baby is completely dependent on its parents.

→ANTONYM independent

de . port / di'port / verb

(de ports, de port ing, de port ed)

(POLITICS) to force someone to leave a country Many illegal immigrants were deported.

de . por . ta . tion / dipor teisn / noun

[count, noncount]

After being arrested, she faced deportation.

de . pos . it 1 / dr pazet / noun [count]

1 money that you pay to show that you want something and that you will pay the rest later

We paid a deposit on the car.

2 extra money that you pay when you rent something. You get it back if you do not damage or lose what you have rented

If you damage the apartment, they'll keep your deposit.

3 money that you pay into a bank

I'd like to make a deposit, please.

de . pos . it 2 / dr'pazet / verb

(de .pos .its , de .pos .it .ing , de .pos .it .ed)

to put something somewhere to keep it safe The money was deposited in the bank.

de . pot / 'dipou / noun [count]

a place where a lot of goods or vehicles are stored a bus depot

de . press AWL / di'pres / verb

(de .press .es , de .press .ing , de .pressed) to make someone feel sad

This wet weather really depresses me.

▶de . press . ing AWL / di prεsin / adjective That movie about the war was very depressing.

de . pressed AWL / di'prest / adjective

very unhappy for a long period of time

He's been very depressed since he lost his job.

de . pres . sion 🔯 AWL / dr'preîn / noun

1 [noncount] (HEALTH) a feeling of being unhappy, which lasts for a long time

She often suffers from depression.

2 [count, noncount] (BUSINESS) a time when a country's economy is bad and many people do not have a

the Great Depression of the 1930s

→ Look at recession.

de . prive / di'praiv / verb

(de prives, de priv ing, de prived)

to stop someone or something from having something The prisoners were deprived of food.

►dep · ri · va · tion / ˌdɛprəˈveɪʃn / noun

[noncount]

people suffering from sleep deprivation

de . prived / di'praivd / adjective

not having enough of the basic things in life such as food, money, etc.

She came from a deprived background.

depth / dεpθ / noun

1 [count, noncount] how deep something is; how far it is from the top of something to the bottom

What is the depth of the swimming pool? The hole was 6 feet in depth.

→ Look at the picture at dimension.

2 [noncount] the amount of emotion, knowledge, etc. a person has

the depth of his feelings for her

The adjective is **deep**.

dep · **u** · **ty** / 'dεpyəti / noun [count]

(plural dep u ties)

the person in a company, school, etc., who does the work of the leader when they are not there the deputy chief of police

de . riv . a . tive AWL / da rivativ / noun

[count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a word that is made from another word

"Happiness" is a derivative of "happy."

de . rive AWL / dı'raıv / verb

(de rives , de riv ing , de rived)

be derived from something to come or develop from something

The name "Los Angeles" is derived from the Spanish word for angels.

de . scend / dr'send / verb

(de . scends , de . scend . ing , de . scend . ed) (formal)

to go down

The plane started to descend.

→ANTONYM ascend

be descended from someone

to have someone as a relative in the past

He claims he is descended from royalty.

de . scen . dant / dr'sendent / noun

[count]

Your descendants are your children, your children's children (called grandchildren) and everyone in your family who lives after you

She claims to be a descendant of George Washington.

de . scent / dr'sent / noun [count]

The plane began its descent into Newark Airport.

de . scribe 🔯 / dı'skraıb / verb

(de scribes, de scrib ing, de scribed)

to say what someone or something is like or what happened *Can you describe the man you saw?*

She described the accident to the police.

de . scrip . tion 😂 / dı'skrıpʃn / noun

[count, noncount]

words that tell what someone or something is like or what happened

I gave the police a description of the thief.

des . ert 1 0 / dezert / noun

[count, noncount]

SPELLING

Remember! You spell desert with one S.

(GEOGRAPHY) a large, dry area of land with very few plants the Sahara Desert

de . sert 2 / dı'zərt / verb

(de serts, de sert ing, de sert ed) to leave a person or place when it is wrong to go

to leave a person or place when it is wrong to g He deserted his wife and children.

de . sert . ed / dr'zartad / adjective empty, because all the people have left At night the streets are deserted.

de . serve 😂 / dı'zərv / verb

(de serves, de serving, de served)

to be good or bad enough to have something *You have worked very hard and you deserve a rest.*

They stole money from the elderly, so they deserve to go to prison.

de . sign 1 a AWL / dı'zaın / noun

PRONUNCIATION

The word design sounds like fine, because we don't say the letter q in this word.

1 [noncount] the way that something is planned, made, or arranged

The basic design of the car is similar to our earlier model.

2 [count] a drawing that shows how to make something Have you seen the designs for the new shopping center?

 $\boldsymbol{3}$ [count] a pattern of lines, shapes, and colors on something

The wallpaper has a design of blue and green squares on it.

→SYNONYM pattern

de .sign 2 AWL / dr'zam / verb (de .signs , de .sign .ing , de .signed)

to draw a plan that shows how to make something The building was designed by a German architect.

de .sign .er S AWL / dı'zamər / noun

a person whose job is to make drawings that show how something will be made a fashion designer

de . sir . a . ble / dr'zarrəbl / adjective wanted by many people

The apartment is in a very desirable location.

de . **sire** / dr'zarər / *noun* [count, noncount] a feeling of wanting something very much a desire for peace

desk 5 / desk / noun [count]

1 a type of table, often with drawers, that you sit at to write or work

The students took their books out of their desks.

2 a table or place in a building where someone gives information, etc.

Ask at the information desk.

desk . top / 'desktap /

(also desk .top com .put .er / _desktap kəm'pyutər /)
noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{COMPUTERS}}$) a computer that is designed to sit on top of a desk

→ Look at laptop.

des . o . late / 'desələt / adjective

(used about a place) empty in a way that seems sad a desolate border town

► des · o · la · tion / ¡dɛsəˈleɪʃn / noun [noncount] All the factories closed, leaving the town in a state of

All the factories closed, leaving the town in a state desolation.

de . spair / dr'sper / noun [noncount]

a feeling of not having hope

He was in despair because he had no money and nowhere to live.

▶ de . spair verb (de . spairs , de . spair . ing , de . spaired)

We began to despair of ever finding somewhere to live.

des . per . ate / 'desperet / adjective

 ${f 1}$ If you are ${f desperate}$, you have no hope and you are ready to do anything to get what you want

She is so desperate for a job that she will work anywhere.

2 very serious

There is a desperate need for food in some parts of the world.

► des . per . ate . ly / ˈdɛspərətli / adverb He is desperately unhappy.

des per a tion / desperein / noun

[noncount]

the feeling of having no hope, which makes you do anything to get what you want

In desperation, she sold her ring to get money for food.

de . spise / di'spaiz / verb

(de spis es , de spis ing , de spised)

to hate someone or something

I despise people who tell lies.

Thesaurus

hate to have a strong feeling of not liking someone or something. This word is often used in informal English to talk about people or things that you really do not like: I've always hated broccoli. • He hates getting up early in the morning. • I hate the way she always criticizes me.

can't stand an expression used to mean that you really do not like someone or something. It is often used in informal spoken English: I can't stand this music. Can we listen to something else? ◆ He can't stand waiting in line for things. ◆ I can't stand her brother, can you?

dislike a slightly formal way of saying that you do not like someone or something, but not in a strong way. It is more usual to say "don't like": I have always disliked flying.

Why do you dislike him so much?

despise to dislike someone or something very much and have no respect for them or it: She despised any kind of gossip. ♦ He despised himself for being such a

loathe to hate someone or something very much: They loathe each other. ◆ He loathed hypocrisy.

de . spite Dawl / dr'spart / preposition

although something happened or is true; not noticing or not caring about something

We decided to go out despite the bad weather.

→SYNONYM in spite of

des . sert / dr'zert / noun [count, noncount]

Remember! You spell dessert with SS.

something sweet that you eat at the end of a meal a chocolate dessert

We had ice cream for dessert.

des . ti . na . tion / ˌdestəˈneɪʃn / noun [count] the place where someone or something is going They were very tired when they finally reached their destination.

des . tined / 'destand / adjective sure to be or do something in the future He was destined for success.

des .ti .ny / 'destəni / noun (plural des .ti .nies) 1 [count] the things that happen to you in your life, especially the things that you cannot control

She felt that it was her destiny to become famous.

2 [noncount] a power that some people believe controls their lives

Destiny brought them together. →SYNONYM fate

de . stroy 2 / di'stroi / verb

(de stroys , de stroy ing , de stroyed)

to break something completely so that you cannot use it again or so that it is gone

The house was destroyed by fire.

de . struc . tion / dr'strakjn / noun [noncount] breaking something completely so that you cannot use it [count, noncount] again or so that it is gone the destruction of the city by bombs

de . struc . tive / di'straktiv / adjective causing a lot of harm or damage earthquakes and other destructive forces of nature

de tach / dr'tætf / verb

(de tach es, de tach ing, de tached)

to separate something from another thing that it is joined

Please complete and detach the form below.

→ANTONYM attach

de tail \(\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \righta one fact or piece of information about something Tell me quickly what happened – I don't need to know all the details.

For more details, please call this number. This work involves close attention to detail.

with all the small parts

Tell me about your plan in detail.

de . tailed / 'diterld ; dr'terld / adjective giving a lot of information a detailed description

de . tain / dr'tem / verb

(de tains, de tain ing, de tained)

to stop someone from leaving a place He was detained by immigration officials at the airport.

de . tect AWL / dr'tekt / verb

(de .tects , de .tect .ing , de .tect .ed)

to discover or notice something that is difficult to see The tests detected a small amount of blood on his clothes.

de . tec . tive AWL / dr'tektrv / noun [count]

a person whose job is to find out who did a crime. **Detectives** are usually police officers

Sherlock Holmes is a famous detective in stories.

de . tec . tor AWL / dı'tektər / noun [count] a machine that is used for finding or noticing something a metal detector a smoke detector

de .ten .tion / dɪˈtɛnʃn / noun

[count, noncount]

the punishment of being kept at school after the other children have gone home

They can't give me a detention for this!

de . ter / dı'tər / verb

(de ters, de ter ring, de terred)

to make someone decide not to do something

Even the high prices didn't deter people from buying tickets.

de . ter . gent / dı'tərdzənt / noun

[count, noncount]

a liquid or powder that you use for washing clothes and dishes

What brand of laundry detergent do you use?

de . te . ri . o . rate / dı'tıriə,reit / verb

(de lite i ri lio i rates , de lite i ri lio i ratiling , de te ri o rat ed)

to get worse

Her health deteriorated as she got older.

►de .te .ri .o .ra .tion / dɪˌtɪriəˈreɪʃn / noun

de . ter . mi . na . tion 😂/ dɪˌtərməˈneɪʃn /

noun [noncount]

being sure that you want to do something She has shown great determination to succeed.

de . ter . mine / dı'tərmən / verb

(de ter mines, de ter min ing, de ter mined)

1 (formal) to discover the facts about something

We need to determine the cause of the accident.

2 to decide or have an influence on something

The results of the test will determine what treatment you

very sure that you want do something She is determined to win the match.

de . test / dr'test / verb

(de tests, de test ing, de test ed)

to hate someone or something very much They have always detested each other.

det . o . nate / 'detn-ent / verb

(det o nates , det o nat ing , det o nat ed)

to explode or to make something explode The mine detonated, killing five soldiers. Terrorists detonated a bomb in the capital. de .tour / 'ditor / noun [count]

a longer way to a place when you cannot go by the usual way

The bridge was closed so we had to take a detour.

dev .as .tate / 'devə, steit / verb

(dev as tates, dev as tat ing, dev as tat ed)

1 to destroy something or damage it very badly

War devastated the country.

2 to make someone extremely upset

This tragedy has devastated the community.

► dev · as · tat · ing / ˈdɛvəˌsteɪtɪ̞ŋ / adjective

The storm had a devastating effect on the island.

dev .as .tat .ed / 'deva, stertad / adjective extremely upset

He was devasted when his wife left him.

de . vel . op 🥯 / dı'vɛləp / verb

(de .vel .ops , de .vel .op .ing , de .vel .oped)

1 to grow slowly, increase, or change into something else; to make someone or something do this *Children develop into adults.*

2 to begin to have something

She developed the disease at the age of 27.

3 When a photograph is **developed**, special chemicals are used on the film so that you can see the picture.

de .vel .op .ing / dr/vɛləpɪŋ / adjective

(used about a poor country) that is trying to develop or improve its economy

a developing country the developing nations

de . vel . op . ment 🔯/ dr'vɛləpmənt / noun

1 [noncount] becoming bigger or more complete; growing

We studied the development of babies in their first year of life.

2 [count] something new that happens

There are new developments in science almost every day.

3 [count, noncount] a piece of land with new buildings on it; the process of building on a piece of land a new housing development

de . vi . ate AWL / 'diviert / verb

(de .vi .ates , de .vi .at .ing , de .vi .at .ed)

to change or become different from what is normal or expected

He never deviated from his original plan.

de . vice 🥯 AWL / dı'vaıs / noun

[count

a tool or piece of equipment that you use for doing a special job

a device for opening cans

dev . **il** / 'dεvl / noun the Devil

[singular]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{RELIGION}}$) the most powerful evil spirit, according to some religions

de . vi . ous / 'divios / adjective

intelligent in a way that is not honest a devious plan _____

de . vote AWL / dr'voot / verb

(de votes, de vot ing, de vot ed)

to give a lot of time or energy to something *She devoted her life to helping the poor.*

Schools should devote more time to science subjects.

de . vot . ed AWL / dr'vooted / adjective

If you are **devoted** to someone or something, you love them very much

John is devoted to his wife and children.

de . vo . tion AWL / dr'voojn / noun [noncount]

1 great love for someone or something

a mother's devotion to her children

2 the act of giving a lot of time and energy to someone or something

devotion to duty

de . vour / di'vavər / verb

(de .vours , de .vour .ing , de .voured)

to eat something quickly because you are very hungry *He devoured everything on his plate and asked for more.*

de . vout / dr'vaut / adjective

(RELIGION) very religious a devout Catholic family

dew / du / noun [noncount]

small drops of water that form on plants and grass in the night

In the morning, the grass was wet with dew.

di .a .be .tes / dara bitiz / noun [noncount]

(HEALTH) a disease that makes it difficult for your body to control the level of sugar in your blood

▶di ⋅a ⋅bet ⋅ic / ˌdaɪəˈbεt』k / noun [count]

a person who has diabetes

di ag nose / dang nous / verb

(di ag nos es, di ag nos ing, di ag nosed)

(HEALTH) to find out and say what illness a person has *She was diagnosed with diabetes.*

di .ag .no .sis / dalag'nousas / noun

[count, noncount]

(plural di .ag .no .ses / ˌdaɪəgˈnoʊsiz /)

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{HEALTH}}$) the act of finding out or saying what illness a person has

to make a diagnosis

di .ag .o .nal / dar'ægənl / adjective

(\mbox{MATH}) going from one corner of a square to another $\mbox{\it Draw}$ a diagonal line.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at line.

►di .ag .o .nal .ly / darˈægənəli / adverb

Walk diagonally across the field to the far corner, and then turn left.

di .a . gram O / danagræm / noun [count]

a picture that explains something

This diagram shows all the parts of an engine.

di . al 1 / 'darəl / noun [count]

a round part of a clock or other piece of equipment with numbers or letters on it, which shows the time, speed, temperature, etc.

Check the tire pressure on the dial.

di al 2 / 'darəl / verb (di als, di al ing, di aled) to use a telephone by pushing buttons or turning the dial to call a number

You must have dialed the wrong number.

di .a . lect / 'darəlekt / noun [count, noncount]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{ENGLISH}}$ Language ARTS) the form of a language that people speak in one part of a country

a local dialect

di .a . loque (also di .a .log) / 'darələg; 'darələg / dic .ta .tor / 'dıktertər / noun noun [count, noncount]

words that people say to each other in a book, play, or

di .am .e .ter / dar'æmətər / noun

[count, noncount]

(MATH) a straight line across a circle, through the center \rightarrow Look at the picture at circle.

di . a . mond / 'darmend / noun

1 [count, noncount] a hard stone that looks like clear glass and is very expensive

The ring has a large diamond in it.

a diamond necklace

2 [count] the shape ♦

3 [count] (SPORTS) a field where baseball is played

4 diamonds [plural] the group of playing cards (called a suit) that have red ♦ shapes on them the eight of diamonds

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at playing card.

di .a .per / 'darpər / noun [count]

a piece of cloth or strong paper that a baby wears around its bottom and between its legs

It's time to change the baby's diaper.

di ar rhe a / dara ria / noun [noncount]

(HEALTH) an illness that makes you pass waste material from your body very often and in liquid form an attack of diarrhea

di .a .ry / 'darəri / noun [count]

(plural di .a .ries)

SPELLING

Be careful! Don't confuse diary and dairy . You spell diary with IA .

a book where you write what you have done each day Do you keep a diary (= write in a diary every day)?

→SYNONYM journal

dice 1 / dars / (also die / dai /) noun

[count]

(plural dice)

a small piece of wood or plastic with spots on the sides for playing games Throw the dice.



dice 2 / dars / verb (dices, dic_ing, diced) to cut something into small square pieces Dice the carrots and add them to the soup.

dic .tate / 'dikteit / verb

(dic tates, dic tat ing, dic tat ed)

1 to say words so that another person can write them She dictated a letter to her secretary.

2 to tell someone what to do in a way that seems unfair Parents can't dictate to their children how they should run their lives.

dic . ta . tion / dik'terin / noun

[count, noncount]

words that you say or read so that another person can write them down

[count]

(POLITICS) a person who has complete control of a country

▶dic .ta .tor .ship / dik'teitər[ip / noun

a country that is ruled by a dictator

a military dictatorship

dic tion ary 🔯 / dɪkʃəˌnɛri / noun

[count](plural dic tion ar ies)

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a book that gives words from A to Z and explains what each word means

Look up the words in your dictionary.

did

form of do

did . n't / 'didnt /

short for did not

die 1 2 / dai / verb (dies, dy ing, died, has died)

to stop living

People, animals, and plants die if they don't have water. She died of cancer.

be dying for something

(informal)

to want to have something very much

It's so hot! I'm dying for a drink.

be dving to do something

to want to do something very much

My brother is dying to meet you.

die down to slowly become less strong

The storm died down.

die out to disappear or stop happening This species died out in the 19th century.

die 2 / dar / noun [count]

(plural dice / dais /) another word for dice

die sel / dizl / noun

1 [noncount] a type of heavy oil that is used in some engines as fuel

a diesel engine

a taxi that runs on diesel

2 [count] a vehicle that uses diesel

My new car's a diesel.

di . et 1 / 'darət / noun

1 [count, noncount] the food that you usually eat

It is important to have a healthy diet.

2 [count] (HEALTH) special foods that you eat when you are sick or when you want to get thinner

You'll need to go on a diet if you want to lose some weight. No cake for me, thanks. I'm on a diet.

Collocations

Diet and Exercise

healthy eating

eat a healthy/balanced diet

be on/go on a diet

avoid/cut down on alcohol/caffeine/fatty foods

staying healthy

be/get/stay healthy/in shape

put on/gain/lose weight/a few pounds

watch/control your weight

exercise

get regular/plenty of exercise

do yoga/aerobics

play football/hockey/tennis

go cycling/jogging/swimming

di . et 2 / 'darət / verb

(dilets, dilet ing, dilet ed)

(HEALTH) to try to lose weight by eating less food or only eating certain kinds of food

She's always dieting but never seems to lose any weight.

dif . fer / 'dıfər / verb

(dif fers, dif fer ing, dif fered)

to be different

How does this printer differ from the more expensive one?

dif . fer . ence 2 / 'difrens / noun

[count, noncount]

the way that one thing is not the same as another thing What's the difference between this computer and that cheaper one?

What's the difference in price between these two bikes? Sarah looks exactly like her sister — I can't tell the difference between them.

make a difference

to change or have an effect on someone or something *Marriage made a big difference in her life.*

make no difference; not make any difference

to not change anything; to not be important

It makes no difference to us if the baby is a girl or a boy.

dif . fer . ent 🔯 / 'dıfrənt / adjective

1 not the same

These two shoes are different sizes!

Football is very different from soccer.

2 many and not the same

They sell 30 different flavors of ice cream.

► dif . fer . ent . ly / 'dıfrəntli / adverb

He's very quiet at home but he behaves differently at school.

dif . fer . en . ti . ate AWL / dife'renfiert / verb (dif . fer . en . ti . at . ing , dif . fer . en . ti . at . ing , dif . fer . en . ti . at . ed)

to see or show how things are different

It's hard to differentiate between the male and the female of the species.

dif . fi . cult 🚳 / 'dıfıkəlt / adjective

1 not easy to do or understand

a difficult problem

The exam was very difficult.

It's difficult to learn a new language.

→SYNONYM hard →ANTONYM easy

2 A person who is **difficult** is not easy to please or will not do what you want

She's a very difficult child.

dif fi cul ty 😂 / dıfıkəlti / noun

(plural dif .fi .cul .ties)

1 [count, noncount] a problem; something that is not easy to do or understand

I have difficulty understanding German.

My grandfather walks with difficulty now.

to get into financial difficulties

2 [noncount] how hard something is

The questions start easy and increase in difficulty.

dig 🥯 / dıg / verb

(digs, dig ging, dug/dAg/has dug)

to move earth and make a hole in the ground

You need to dig the garden before you plant the seeds.

They dug a tunnel through the mountain for the new railroad.

dig something up to take something from the ground by digging

They dug up some old coins in their field.

di .gest / dı'dzest / verb

(di .gests, di .gest .ing, di .gest .ed)

(BIOLOGY) When your stomach **digests** food, it changes it so that your body can use it.

► di .ges .tion / dar'dʒɛstʃən / noun [noncount]

Vegetables are usually cooked to help digestion.

di . ges . tive sys . tem / dar'd3estiv ,sistem / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{BIOLOGY}}$) the many parts inside the body that $\ensuremath{\mathsf{digest}}$ food

dig . it / 'dıdʒət / noun [count]

(MATH) any of the numbers from 0 to 9

What is your ten digit telephone number?

dig . i . tal / ˈdɪdʒətl/ adjective

 ${f 1}$ (COMPUTERS) using an electronic system that changes sounds or pictures into numbers before it stores or sends them

a digital camera

2 A **digital** clock or watch shows the time in numbers.

dig . ni . fied / 'dignəfaid / adjective

behaving in a calm, serious way that makes other people respect you

dig . ni . ty / 'dıgnəti / noun

[noncount]

calm and serious behavior that makes other people respect you

to behave with dignity

di . lem . ma / dəˈlɛmə / noun [count]

a situation when you have to make a difficult choice between two things $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left($

to be in a dilemma

dil i gent / 'dılıdʒənt / adjective

(formal)

showing care and effort in your work a diligent student

di . lute / dar'lut / verb

(di lutes, di lut ing, di lut ed)

to add water to another liquid

You need to dilute this paint before you use it.

dim / dim / *adjective* (dim . mer , dim . mest) not bright or clear

The light was so dim that we couldn't see anything.

►dim .ly / 'dımli / adverb

The room was dimly lit and full of smoke.

dime / darm / noun [count] a coin that is worth ten cents

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at money.

di .men .sion AWL / dəˈmɛnʃn / noun

[count]

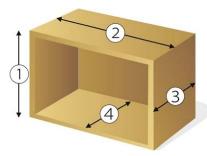
a measurement of how long, wide, or high something is *What are the dimensions of the room?*

►di ·men ·sion ·al AWL / -dəˈmɛnʃənl / adjective (used to make adjectives) having the number of dimensions mentioned

a three-dimensional object (= one that has length, height, and width)

dimensions

- 1 height
- 2 length
- (3) width
- (4) depth



di .min .ish AWL / dəˈmɪnɪʃ/ verb

(di min ish es, di min ish ing, di min ished)
(formal)

to become or make something smaller or less important *Her determination to succeed never diminished.*

→SYNONYM decrease

din / dm / noun [singular]

a very loud, unpleasant noise

We had to shout over the din of the helicopters.

din .er / 'damər / noun [count]

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ a restaurant that serves cheap, simple food in an informal atmosphere

Let's go to the diner for breakfast.

2 a person who is eating in a restaurant

din . **ing room** / 'damıŋ rum / *noun* [count] a room where people eat

din . ner 😂 / 'dınər / noun

[count, noncount]

the largest meal of the day. You have **dinner** in the evening, or sometimes in the middle of the day What time do you usually have dinner? What's for dinner?

Culture

Breakfast, **lunch**, and **dinner** are the usual meals of the day.

We do not usually use "a" with the names of meals: Let's have lunch together tomorrow.

di . no . saur / 'daməsər / noun [count]

a big wild animal that lived a very long time ago dinosaur fossils

$\operatorname{dip} \ 1 \ / \ \operatorname{dip} \ / \ \operatorname{verb} \ (\operatorname{dips} \ , \operatorname{dip} \ \operatorname{ping} \ , \operatorname{dipped} \)$

to put something into a liquid for a short time and then take it out again

Dip your hand in the water to see how hot it is.

dip 2 / dip / noun [count, noncount]

a thick sauce that you $\ensuremath{\text{\bf dip}}$ pieces of food into before eating them

chips and dip an onion dip

di . plo . ma / dəˈploʊmə / noun [count]

a piece of paper that shows you have passed an exam or finished special studies a high school diploma

di .plo .ma .cy / dəˈplooməsi / noun

[noncount]

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ ($\boldsymbol{POLITICS}$) the activity of managing relations between countries

There is a danger of war if diplomacy fails.

2 being able to deal well with people in difficult situations *He handled the meeting with great diplomacy.*

dip . lo . mat / 'dipləmæt / noun

[count

(POLITICS) a person whose job is to speak and do things for their country in another country

dip . lo . mat . ic / diplo mætik / adjective

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ ($\boldsymbol{POLITICS}$) connected with managing relations between countries

diplomatic talks

2 careful not to say or do things that may make people unhappy or angry *a diplomatic answer*

→SYNONYM tactful

►dip ·lo ·mat ·i ·cal ·ly / ˌdɪpləˈmætɪkli / adverb

di . rect 1 🔯 / dəˈrɛkt / adjective, adverb

1 as straight as possible, without turning or stopping Which is the most direct route to the stadium from here? We got a direct flight (= a flight that does not stop) to San Francisco.

The 6:45 train goes direct to Boston.

2 from one person or thing to another person or thing, with no one or nothing between them

You should keep this plant out of direct sunlight.

They are in direct contact with the hijackers.

3 saying what you mean in a clear way

She has a very direct manner, which some people do not like.

→ Look at indirect.

di . rect 2 0 / dəˈrɛkt / verb

(di rects, di rect ing, di rect ed)

1 to tell someone how to get to a place

Can you direct me to the train station, please?

2 to manage or control someone or something *A police officer was in the middle of the road, directing traffic.*

3 to be in charge of actors in a play or a movie *The movie was directed by Martin Scorsese.*

di rec tion 🔯 / dəˈrɛkʃn / noun

1 [count, noncount] where a person or thing is going or looking

They got lost because they went in the wrong direction.

2 directions [plural] words that tell you how to get to a place or how to do something

Let's stop and ask for directions.

Simple directions for building the model are printed on the box.

di . rect . ly 🔯 / dəˈrɛktli / adverb

in a direct line or way

He refused to answer my question directly.
The supermarket is directly opposite the bank.
Lung cancer is directly related to smoking.

di rect ob ject / də rekt 'abdzekt / noun

[count

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) the person or thing that is directly affected by the action of a verb

In "I met him in town," the word "him" is the direct object.

di rec tor / dəˈrɛktər / noun

[count]

- $\boldsymbol{1}$ ($\boldsymbol{\textsc{BUSINESS}}$) a person who controls a business or a group of people
- $\boldsymbol{2}$ a person in charge of a movie or play who tells the actors what to do

di . rec . to . ry / dəˈrɛktəri / noun [count] (plural di rec to ries)

1 a book or list of people's addresses and telephone numbers

a telephone directory

2 (COMPUTERS) a file containing a group of other files or programs in a computer

dirt (a) / dert / noun [noncount]

a substance that is not clean, for example mud or dust The children came in from the yard covered in dirt.

dirt y 🥯 / 'dərti / adjective

(dirt i er, dirt i est)

Your hands are dirty – go and wash them!

→ANTONYM clean

PREFIX

dis-

(in nouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs) not; the opposite of

a dis ability

a **dis** agreement

to dis appear

to **dis** like

to be dis honest

to be **dis** loval

dis · a · bil · i · ty / ˌdɪsəˈbɪləti / noun

[count, noncount](plural dis a bil i ties)

(HEALTH) a physical or mental condition that means you cannot use a part of your body completely or easily, or that you cannot learn easily

people with severe learning disabilities

dis · a · bled / dis'eibəld / adjective

(HEALTH) not able to use a part of your body well Peter is disabled – he lost a leg in an accident. The hotel has improved facilities for the disabled (= people who are disabled).

dis ad van tage \(\frac{1}{2} \right) disad væntid \(\frac{1}{2} \right) noun

a problem that makes something difficult or less good One disadvantage of living in the country is the lack of public transportation. →ANTONYM advantage

dis . a . gree 2/ disə gri / verb

(dis a grees, dis a gree ing, dis a greed)

to have a different opinion from someone else I said it was a good movie, but Jason disagreed with me. My sister and I disagree about everything!

→ANTONYM agree

dis . a . gree . ment \(\frac{1}{2} \) / disə'grimənt / noun [count, noncount]

a situation where people have different opinions about something and often argue

We sometimes have disagreements about money. There was some disagreement about what to do next.

dis .ap .pear 🖾/ ˌdɪsəˈpɪr / verb

(dis ap pears, dis ap pear ing, dis ap peared)

If a person or thing **disappears**, they go away so people cannot see them

The sun disappeared behind the clouds.

The police are looking for a woman who disappeared on Sunday.

→ANTONYM appear

▶ dis · ap · pear · ance / · disə pirəns / noun

[count, noncount]

Everyone was worried about the child's disappearance.

dis ap point / disappoint / verb

(dis ap points, dis ap point ing, dis ap point ed) to make you sad because what you wanted did not happen I'm sorry to disappoint you, but I can't come to your party.

►dis ·ap · point · ing / ˌdɪsəˈpɔɪntɪŋ / adjective Peter received some disappointing news.

dis .ap .point .ed / disə'pointad / adjective

Remember! You spell disappointed with one S and PP. If you are disappointed, you feel sad because what you wanted did not happen

Sue was disappointed when she didn't win the prize.

dis ap point ment / disapointment /

1 [noncount] a feeling of sadness because what you wanted did not happen

She couldn't hide her disappointment when she lost the

2 [count] something that makes you sad because it is not what you had hoped

Sarah's party was a disappointment - only four people

dis ap proval/al/disəpruvl/noun

[noncount]

a feeling that something is bad or that someone is behaving

She shook her head in disapproval.

→ANTONYM approval

dis .ap .prove / disə'pruv / verb

(dis ap proves, dis ap prov ing, dis ap proved) to think that someone or something is bad Joe's parents disapproved of his new girlfriend.

→ANTONYM approve

dis as ter 🔯 / dr'zæster / noun

1 [count] something very bad that happens and that may hurt a lot of people

Floods and earthquakes are natural disasters.

2 [count, noncount] a very bad situation or event Our vacation was a disaster! It rained all week!

dis as trous / drzestres / adjective

very bad; that causes great trouble

The heavy rain brought disastrous floods.

dis be lief / disbi'lif / noun

the feeling of not believing someone or something "It can't be true!" he shouted in disbelief.

disc / disk / noun [count] = disk

dis . Ci . ple / dr'sarpl / noun [count]

(RELIGION) a person who follows a teacher, especially a religious one

dis .ci .pline / 'disəplin / noun [noncount] teaching you to control yourself and follow rules Children learn discipline at school.

▶dis .ci .pline verb

(dis ci plines, dis ci plin ing , dis ci plined) You must discipline yourself to work harder.

disc jock .ey / 'dısk _|dʒaki / noun [count] (abbreviation DJ)

($\mbox{\scriptsize MUSIC}$) a person whose job is to play records and talk about music on the radio or in a club

dis .co / 'dıskou / noun [count] (plural dis .cos) (MUSIC) a place where people dance and listen to popular music

dis . **com** . **fort** / dis'kamfərt / **noun** noncount] a slight feeling of pain

You may feel some discomfort after the surgery.

→ANTONYM comfort

dis .con .nect / diska'nekt / verb

(dis.con .nects, dis.con .nect .ing, dis.con .nect .ed) to stop a supply of water, gas, or electricity from going to a piece of equipment or a building

Your phone will be disconnected if you don't pay the bill.

→ANTONYM connect

dis.count / 'diskaont / noun [count, noncount] money that someone takes away from the price of something to make it cheaper Seniors often get a discount on rail travel.

dis .cour .age / dis'kəridʒ / verb (dis .cour .ag .es , dis .cour .ag .ing , dis .cour .aged)

to make someone not want to do something Kate's parents tried to discourage her from leaving school.

→ANTONYM encourage

► dis .cour .ag .ing / disˈkərɪdʒɪŋ / adjective making you feel less confident about something *The results were discouraging.*

→ANTONYM encouraging

dis .cov .er / dis kaver / verb

(dis .cov .ers , dis .cov .er .ing , dis .cov .ered)

to find or learn something for the first time

Who discovered Australia? I was in the store when I discovered that I didn't have any

dis .cov .er .y / dr'skaveri / noun

[count, noncount] (plural dis .cov .er .ies)

finding on horming compthing for the first time

finding or learning something for the first time

Scientists have made an important new discovery.

dis . **creet** / dr'skrit / *adjective* careful in what you say, so that you do not cause problems for someone

When you work in counseling, you have to be discreet.

• dis .creet .ly / dr'skritli / adverb

She handled the matter discreetly.

dis .cre .tion / dr'skrejn / noun [noncount]

1 the freedom and power to make decisions by yourself *You decide what is best. Use your discretion.*

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ care in what you say, so that you do not cause problems for someone

You can rely on my discretion.

dis . crim . i . nate AWL / dr'skrimeneit / verb (dis .crim .i .nates , dis .crim .i .nat .ing , dis .crim .i .nat .ed)

to treat one person or group in a worse way than others This company discriminates against women – it pays them less than men for doing the same work.

►dis · crim · i · na · tion AWL / dɪˌskrɪməˈneɪʃn / noun [noncount]

religious discrimination (= treating someone in an unfair way because their religion is not the same as yours)

dis . cuss 🔯 / dı'skas / verb

(dis cuss es, dis cuss ing, dis cussed)

to talk or write about something in a serious way *I discussed the problem with my parents.*

Thesaurus

talk to say words to another person or other people. You talk to someone in order to give information, show feelings, or share ideas: They talked on the phone for over an hour. ◆ Can I talk to you for a minute? ◆ When they get together, all they talk about is basketball. ◆ We need to talk (= about something serious or important).

speak to talk to someone about something; to have a conversation with someone. You speak to someone in order to try to achieve something or to tell them to do something. Speak is a little more formal than talk: Can I speak with you for a minute? ◆ I've spoken to his parents about his behavior. ◆ The boss would like to speak to you.

discuss to talk and share ideas with other people about a subject or problem, especially in order to decide something. The word discuss is more formal than speak: I need to discuss the matter with my manager before I make a decision. ◆ I am not prepared to discuss this on the phone.

communicate to share and exchange information or ideas with someone. **Communicate** is a little formal, and is often used when the method of communication is important: *She's very good at communicating her ideas to the team.* • We only communicate by e-mail these days.

dis .cus .sion 🚳 / dɪˈskʌʃn / noun

[count, noncount]

talking about something in a serious way We had an interesting discussion about politics.

Thesaurus

discussion [count, noncount] talking in detail about something important: a discussion with your classmates about the test ◆ We had a long discussion about what we should do. ◆ The plans are still under discussion (= being talked about).

conversation [count, noncount] an informal talk between two people or a small group: *a phone conversation* ◆ *I had a long conversation with her yesterday.* ◆ *The main topic of conversation was the recent election.*

talk [count] a conversation between two or more people, often about a problem or something that is important to you: My parents want to have a talk with me about going to college. ◆ The two countries are holding talks to try to end the violence.

debate [count] a formal discussion at a public meeting about something important, where people give their different opinions. At the end of the discussion there may be a vote: a debate on health care reform ◆ After a long debate, Congress approved the plan.

chat [count] a friendly, informal conversation with someone, especially about personal things: *I* had a nice chat with Sandy this afternoon. ◆ I just dropped by for a chat – are you free?

dis .ease 5 / dr'ziz / noun [count, noncount]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{HEALTH}}$) an illness, especially one that you can catch from another person

Malaria and measles are diseases.

dis .grace / dis'greis / noun

1 [noncount] when other people stop thinking well of you, because you have done something bad

He's in disgrace because he stole money from his brother.

2 [singular] a person or thing that gives a very bad impression, making people feel ashamed

The sidewalks are covered with trash. It's a disgrace!

dis . **grace** . **ful** / disˈgreisfl / *adjective* very bad, making other people feel sorry and embarrassed *The way the hockey players behaved was disgraceful.*

dis guise 1 / dis gaiz / verb

(dis guis es, dis guis ing, dis guised)

to change the appearance of someone or something, so that people will not know who or what they are

They disguised themselves as guards and escaped from the prison.

dis .guise 2 / dis'gaiz / noun [count, noncount] things that you wear so that people do not know who you are

She is so famous that she has to go shopping in disguise .

dis .gust 1 / dis'gast / noun [noncount]

a strong feeling of not liking something

They left the restaurant in disgust because the food was so bad.

dis . gust 2 / dis'gast / verb

(dis gusts, dis gust ing, dis gust ed)

to make someone have a strong feeling of not liking something

The violence in the movie really disgusted me.

▶dis · gust · ed / dis¹gastad / adjective

I was disgusted to find a fly in my soup.

dis .gust .ing / dis'gastin / adjective very unpleasant or bad

What a disgusting smell!

dish [∞] / dıſ/ noun (plural dish es)

1 [count] a container for food. You can use a **dish** to cook food in an oven, or to put food on the table.

2 [count] a type of food prepared in a particular way We had a fish dish and a vegetarian dish.

3 the dishes [plural] all the plates, cups, etc. that you use during a meal

I'll wash the dishes.

dish cloth / disklot/ noun [count]

a cloth used for washing dirty dishes

dis . hon . est 🔯 / dis'anest / adjective

A person who is **dishonest** says things that are not true, or steals or cheats.

→ANTONYM honest

►dis ·hon ·es ·ty / dɪs'anəsti / noun [noncount]

dish tow . **el** / 'dɪʃ ˌtaʊəl / *noun* [count] a small towel that is used for drying plates, cups, etc.

count

a machine that washes things like plates, glasses, knives, and forks

dis . il . lu . sioned / disəˈluʒənd / adjective disappointed because someone or something is not as good

disappointed because someone or something is not as good as you first thought

I soon became disillusioned with the job.

dis . in . fect / disənˈfɛkt / verb

(dis in fects, dis in fect ing, dis in fect ed)

(HEALTH) to clean something with a liquid that kills **bacteria** (= the small living things that sometimes carry disease)

to disinfect a wound

 $dis.in.fec.tant/_{ldisen'fektent}/_{loun}$

[count, noncount]

a substance that you use for cleaning something very well $% \left\{ \left(1\right) \right\} =\left\{ \left(1\right)$

dis in te grate / dis integrent / verb

(dis in te grates, dis in te grat ing,

dis in te grat ed)

to break into many small pieces

The spacecraft exploded and disintegrated.

disk 🥯 / disk / noun [count]

 ${f 1}$ (COMPUTERS) a flat piece of plastic that stores information for use by a computer

Please insert a disk into Drive D.

→ Look at floppy disk, hard disk.

2 a round flat object

He wears a plastic disk around his neck.

3 = CD Put the disk in the CD player.

disk drive / 'dısk draıv / noun [count]

(${\sf COMPUTERS}$) a piece of electrical equipment that passes information to or from a computer disk

dis . like / dis'laik / verb

(dis likes, dis lik ing, dis liked)

to not like someone or something

I dislike getting up early.

Thesaurus

hate to have a strong feeling of not liking someone or something. This word is often used in informal English to talk about people or things that you really do not like: I've always hated broccoli. ◆ He hates getting up early in the morning. ◆ I hate the way she always criticizes me.

can't stand an expression used to mean that you really do not like someone or something. It is often used in informal spoken English: I can't stand this music. Can we listen to something else? ◆ He can't stand waiting in line for things. ◆ I can't stand her brother, can you?

dislike a slightly formal way of saying that you do not like someone or something, but not in a strong way. It is more usual to say "don't like": I have always disliked flying.

Why do you dislike him so much?

despise to dislike someone or something very much and have no respect for them or it: She despised any kind of gossip. ◆ He despised himself for being such a coward.

loathe to hate someone or something very much: *They loathe each other.* ◆ *He loathed hypocrisy.*

► dis · like *noun* [count, noncount] I have a strong dislike of hospitals.

He dislocated his shoulder.

dis lo cate / dis'lookeit; 'dislookeit / verb (dis lo cates, dis lo cat ling, dis lo cat led) (HEALTH) to put a bone out of its correct position

dis loy al / dis'loral / adjective

not supporting your friends, family, country, etc. He was accused of being disloyal to the government.

→ANTONYM loyal

dis . mal / 'dızməl / adjective very bad and making you feel sad It was a wet, dismal day.

dis . may / dis'mei / noun [noncount] a strong feeling of being surprised and worried John looked at me in dismay when I told him about the accident.

▶dis . mayed / dis'meid / adjective I was dismayed to find that someone had stolen my bike.

dis . miss / dis mis / verb

(dis miss es, dis miss ing, dis missed)

1 (formal) to make someone leave their job He was dismissed for stealing money from the company. →SYNONYM fire

2 to decide not to think about something or someone She dismissed the idea as ridiculous.

3 to allow someone to leave a place The lesson finished and the teacher dismissed the class.

dis . miss . al / dis'misl / noun

[count, noncount]

the act of making someone leave their job a case of unfair dismissal

dis . o . be . di . ent / disə bidiənt / adjective not doing what someone tells you to do a disobedient child

→ANTONYM obedient

▶ dis · o · be · di · ence / ˌdɪsəˈbidiəns / noun [noncount]

→ANTONYM obedience

dis . o . bey / disə bei / verb

(dis o beys, dis o bey ing, dis o beyed) to not do what someone tells you to do She disobeyed her parents and went to the party.

→ANTONYM **obey**

dis .or .der / dis'order / noun

1 [noncount] a messy or confused state His finances are in complete disorder.

→ANTONYM order

2 [count, noncount] (HEALTH) an illness eating disorders such as anorexia

dis or gan ized / disorganaized / adjective badly planned; not able to plan well The meeting was very disorganized. He's a very disorganized person.

→ANTONYM organized

dis . o . ri . ent . ed / dis'oriented / adjective confused about where you are

When I came out of the subway I felt disoriented.

dis .patch / dr/spætʃ / verb (dis patch les , dis patch ling , dis patched) (formal)

to send something somewhere

Troops have been dispatched to the area.

dis .pen .ser / dr/spenser / noun [count]

a machine or container that you can get things like money, drinks, etc. from

a soap dispenser

dis . place AWL / dis'pleis / verb

(dis plac es, dis plac ing, dis placed)

to remove and take the place of someone or something Federer was finally displaced as the world's top tennis

►dis .place .ment AWL / dis'pleisment / noun

the displacement of civilians during the war

dis . play 1 AWL / dr'splei / verb

(dis plays, dis play ing, dis played)

to show something so that people can see it All kinds of toys were displayed in the store window.

dis . play 2 AWL / dr'spler / noun [count]

(plural dis plays)

something that people look at

a fireworks display

on display

in a place where people can see it and where it will attract attention

The paintings are on display in the museum.

dis pos a ble **AWL** adiective

intended to be thrown away after being used once or for a short time

a disposable camera

disposable razor blades

dis . pose AWL / dr'spouz / verb

(dis pos es, dis pos ing, dis posed)

dispose of something to throw or give something away because you do not want it

Where can I dispose of this garbage?

►dis ·pos ·al AWL / dr'spoozl / noun [noncount] the disposal of nuclear waste

dis . prove / dis pruv / verb

(dis_proves, dis_prov_ing, dis_proved)

to show that something is not true

We're trying to disprove the theory that chocolate is bad for you.

dis . pute / dr'spyut / noun

[count, noncount]

an argument or disagreement between people with different ideas

There was a dispute about which driver caused the

dis qual i fy / dis'kwaləfai / verb

(dis qual i fies, dis qual i fy ing,

dis .qual .i .fied)

to officially stop someone from doing something or taking part in something

He was found cheating, and was disqualified from the competition.

▶dis ·qual · i · fi · ca · tion / disˌkwaləfəˈkeɪʃn / noun [count, noncount]

dis . re . spect . ful / disri'spektfl / adjective showing a lack of respect Stop being so disrespectful!

►dis re spect ful ly / disrispektfli / adverb

dis rupt / dis'rapt / verb

(dis rupts , dis rupt ing , dis rupt ed)

to stop something from happening as or when it should *The storm disrupted all flights from Chicago.*

► dis · rup · tion / dis 'rʌpʃn / noun [count, noncount] disruptions to the bus service

► dis · rup · tive / dis'raptiv / adjective disruptive behavior

dis .sat .is .fied / dr/sætes,faid / adjective not pleased with something

I am very dissatisfied with your work.

→ANTONYM satisfied

dis . solve / dr'zalv / verb

(dis .solves , dis .solv .ing , dis .solved)

If a solid **dissolves**, it becomes part of a liquid *Sugar dissolves in water*.

dis tance 🔯 / 'distans / noun

1 [count, noncount] how far it is from one place to another place

It's a short distance from my house to the station. In America we usually measure distance in miles.

2 [singular] a place that is far from someone or something

From a distance , he looks pretty young. I could see a light in the distance .

dis . tant 🔯 / 'distant / adjective

1 far away in space or time

distant countries

2 not very friendly

He can sometimes seem cold and distant.

dis . till / dr'strl / verb

(dis tills , dis till ing , dis tilled)

(CHEMISTRY) to make a liquid pure by heating it until it becomes a gas and then collecting the liquid that forms when the gas is cool

distilled water

►dis ·til ·la ·tion / ˌdɪstəˈleɪʃn / noun

[count, noncount]

dis . tinct AWL / dr'stinkt / adjective

1 easy to hear, see, or smell; clear

There is a distinct smell of burning in this room.

2 clearly different

Spanish and Portuguese are two distinct languages.

► dis . tinct . ly AWL / dr'stıŋktli / adverb very clearly

I distinctly heard him say his name was Robert.

dis .tinc .tion AWL / dr/stmksn / noun

[count, noncount]

1 a clear or important difference between things or people We need to make a distinction between legal and illegal drugs.

2 the quality of being excellent or famous for what you have achieved

a pianist of distinction

dis . **tinc** . **tive** AWL / dr'strnktrv / *adjective* clearly different and therefore easy to recognize *a distinctive flavor*

dis tin guish es, dis tin guish ing, dis tin guished)

to see, hear, etc. the difference between two things or people

Some people can't distinguish between me and my twin sister.

dis . tin . guished / dr'stmgwift / adjective

famous or important a distinguished actor

dis . tort AWL / dı'stort / verb

(dis torts, dis tort ing, dis tort ed)

to change the shape or sound of something so that it seems strange

Her face was distorted with grief.

►dis .tor .tion AWL / dr'stor∫n / noun

[count, noncount]

sound distortion

dis . tract / dr/strækt / verb

(dis tracts, dis tract ling, dis tract led)

If a person or thing **distracts** you, they stop you from thinking about what you are doing

The noise distracted me from my homework.

dis .trac .tion / dr'stræksn / noun

[count, noncount]

something that takes your attention away from what you were doing or thinking about

It's hard to work at home because there are so many distractions.

dis . tress / dr'stres / noun [noncount]

1 a strong feeling of pain or sadness

2 being in danger and needing help

a ship in distress

▶dis .tress verb
(dis .tress .es , dis .tress .ing , dis .tressed)

It distressed her to see her mother crying.

(CHEMISTRY) to make a liquid pure by heating it until it dis tress ing / dr'stresin / adjective

making you feel sad or upset

The news of her death was extremely distressing.

dis . trib . ute AWL / dr/stribyut / verb

(dis trib utes, dis trib ut ing, dis trib ut ed)

to give or send things to a number of people

New books are distributed on the first day of school.

►dis .tri .bu .tion AWL / distrəˈbyuʃn / noun [noncount]

the distribution of newspapers

dis . trict / 'distrikt / noun [count]

a part of a country or city

the city's financial district

dis . trict at . tor . ney / distrikt ə'tərni /

(abbreviation **D.A.**) noun [count]

(plural dis .trict at .tor .neys)

($\mbox{\it POLITICS}$) a lawyer working for the government, whose job is to prove in a court of law that someone is guilty of a crime

dis . turb 🔯 / dı'stərb / verb

(dis turbs, dis turb ing, dis turbed)

1 to stop someone from doing something, for example thinking, working, or sleeping

I'm sorry to disturb you, but there's a phone call for you.

Do not disturb (= a sign that you put on a door to tell people not to come in).

2 to worry someone

We were disturbed by the news that John was in the hospital.

▶ dis . turb . ing / di'stərbin / adjective

making you worried or upset

The new crime statistics are very disturbing.

dis .tur .bance / dr'sterbens / noun

1 [count, noncount] a thing that stops you from doing something, for example thinking, working, or sleeping

2 [count] when a group of people fight or make a lot of noise and trouble

The police threatened to arrest anyone who caused a disturbance.

ditch / dits/ noun

[count](plural ditch .es)

a long narrow hole at the side of a road or field, which holds or carries away water

dit . to / 'ditoo / adverb

(informal)

a word that you use to mean "me too"

"I'm starving." "Ditto (= I'm starving too)!"

dive / daw / verb (dives,

div ing, dived or dove / doov / has dived)

1 to jump into water with your arms and head first

Sam dived into the pool.

2 to swim underwater wearing breathing equipment, collecting or looking at things



dive

The main purpose of his vacation to Bermuda was to go diving.

The birds were diving for fish.

3 to move down quickly and suddenly

She had to dive to catch the ball.

▶div .ina noun [noncount]

The resort has facilities for sailing, waterskiing, and diving.

div .er / 'darver / noun [count]

a person who goes underwater using special equipment Police divers found a body in the lake.

di . verse AWL / də'vərs / adjective

very different from each other

people with diverse backgrounds

di . ver . sion / dəˈvərʒn / noun [count]

a way that you must go when the usual way is closed There was a diversion around the town because of a car accident.

di . ver . si . ty AWL / da'varsati / noun

[noncount]

a range of many people or things that are different from each other

the cultural diversity of a big city

→SYNONYM variety

di . vert / dəˈvərt / verb

(di verts, di vert ing, di vert ed)

to make something go a different way

Our flight was diverted to another airport because of the bad weather.

di . vide 2 / də vaid / verb

(di vides, di vid ing, di vid ed)

1 to share or cut something into smaller parts

The teacher divided the class into groups of three.

The book is divided into ten chapters.

2 to separate into parts

When the road divides, go left.

3 (MATH) to find out how many times one number goes into a bigger number

 $36 \text{ divided by } 4 \text{ is } 9 (= 36 \div 4 = 9)$.

di . vine / dəˈvaɪn / adjective

(RELIGION) of, like, or from God or a god a divine message

div ing board / 'darvin bord / noun [count]

a board at the side of a swimming pool that you use to jump into the water

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **dive**.

di . vi . sion 😂 / dəˈvɪʒn / noun

1 [noncount] sharing or cutting something into parts the division of the class into two teams

2 [noncount] (MATH) finding out how many times one number goes into a bigger number

→ Look at multiplication.

3 [count] (BUSINESS) one of the parts of a big company He works in the sales division.

di . vorce 😂 / dəˈvərs / noun

[count, noncount]

the end of a marriage by law

They are getting a divorce.

▶di .vorce verb

(di vorc es, di vorc ing, di vorced)

He divorced his wife.

di . vorced / da vorst / adjective

no longer married

I'm not married – I'm divorced.

They got divorced last year.

diz · Zy / ˈdɪzi / adjective (diz · zi · er, diz · zi · est)

If you feel dizzy, you feel that everything is turning around and around and that you are going to fall

The room was very hot and I started to feel dizzy.

DJ / 'di dʒeɪ /

short for disc jockey

DNA / di en 'er / noun [noncount]

(BIOLOGY) the chemical in cells that controls what characteristics animals and plants will have a DNA test

do 1 2 / du / verb (does / dəz; dʌz / do ing,

did / did / has done / d n /)

1 a word that you use with another verb to make a question Do you want an apple?

2 a word that you use with another verb when you are saving "not"

I like baseball but I don't (= do not) like tennis.

3 a word that you use in place of saying something again She doesn't speak English, but I do (= I speak English). "I like football." " So do I ."

"I don't speak Chinese." " Neither do I ."

4 a word that you use before another verb to make it stronger

"Why didn't you buy any milk?" "I did buy some - it's in the fridge."

dO 2 2 / du / verb (does / dλz / do ling, did / dıd / has done / dλn /)

1 to carry out an action

What are you doing?

He did the cooking.

What did you do with my key? (= where did you put it?)

2 to make progress or develop

"How's your son doing at school?" "He's doing well." How are you doing (= how are you)?

3 to have a job

"What do you do?" "I'm a doctor."

4 to finish something; to find the answer

I did my homework.

I can't do this math problem – it's too difficult.

5 to be good enough; to be enough *Will this soup do for dinner?*

Which word?

Do or make?

We use the verb **do** for many of the jobs we do at home. We **do** the dishes, the laundry and the ironing. We always use **make** for beds: *Make your bed after breakfast*.

could do with something

to want or need something

I could do with a cup of coffee.

do something over to do something again, usually because you did not do it well enough the first time

If you don't do a good job on your homework, you'll have to do it over.

do without; **do without something** to manage without having something

If the store is closed, we'll just have to do without coffee.

have to do with someone or something

to be connected with someone or something

I'm not sure what his job is – I think it has something to do with computers.

Don't read that letter. It has nothing to do with you!

dock / dak / noun

[count]

a place by an ocean, lake, or river where ships go, so that people can move things on and off them or repair them dock *verb* (docks, dock ing, docked)

(used about a ship) to sail into a port and stop at the **dock** *The ship had docked at Long Beach.*

doc . tor 😂 / 'dakter / noun [count]

(abbreviation Dr.)

 $\boldsymbol{1}\,$ ($\mathsf{HEALTH}\,$) a person whose job is to make sick people well again

Doctor Toby sees patients every morning.

If you're feeling sick you should go to the doctor.

2 a person who has the highest degree from a university

doc . tor . ate / 'daktarat / noun

[count]

the highest university degree

doc . u . ment 🔯 AWL / 'dakyəmənt / noun

[count]

1 an official paper with important information on it *a legal document*

2 (COMPUTERS) a computer file that contains writing

 $doc \cdot u \cdot men \cdot ta \cdot ry \ / \ _{\text{\tiny |}} \text{dakye'mentri} \ / \ \textit{noun}$

[count](plural doc .u .men .ta .ries)

a movie, or a television or radio program about true things *I watched an interesting documentary about Japan on TV last night.*

doc . u . men . ta . tion AWL

/ dakyəmən'teɪʃn / *noun* [noncount]

the documents that are needed for something, or that show something is true

What documentation do I need to get a new passport?

dodge / dad3 / verb

(dodg es, dodg ing, dodged)

1 to move quickly to avoid something or someone *He ran across the busy road, dodging the cars.*

2 to avoid doing something that you should do *He was accused of dodging* (= not paying) *his taxes.*

does

form of do

does . n't / 'dAznt/

short for does not

dog 🔯 / dəg / noun [count]

an animal that many people keep as a pet or to guard buildings

dogs



dog

puppy

doll / dal / noun [count] a toy like a very small person

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **toy**.

dol . lar 📀 / 'dalər / noun [count] (symbol \$)

a unit of money that people use in the U.S., Canada, and some other countries. There are 100 **cents** in a dollar *This table cost four hundred dollars.* a five-dollar bill

dol . **phin** / 'dolfan / *noun* [count] an intelligent animal that lives in the ocean

dolphin



do . main AWL / dov'mein / noun [count]

1 area of knowledge or activity

The information is now in the public domain (= the public knows about it) .

2 (COMPUTERS) a set of Internet addresses that end with the same group of letters, for example ".com" or ".org"

dome / dowm / noun [count]

the round roof of a building the dome of the cathedral

do . mes . tic AWL / dəˈmɛstɪk / adjective

1 connected with the home or family

Cooking and cleaning are domestic jobs.

Many cats and dogs are domestic animals (= animals that live in your home with you).

2 not international; only inside one country

a domestic flight (= to a place in the same country)

dom .i .nant AWL / 'damenent / adjective

1 more powerful or important than others

His mother was the dominant influence in his life.

2 (BIOLOGY) A dominant physical characteristic, for example brown eyes, appears in a child even if he or she has only one **gene** (= a thing that controls what a living thing will be like) for this characteristic.

dom . i . nate AWL / 'damonest / verb

(dom \ i \ nates \ , dom \ i \ nat \ \ ing \ , dom \ i \ nat \ \ ed) to control someone or something because you are stronger or more important

She always dominates the conversation at dinner parties.

►dom · i · na · tion AWL / ˌdaməˈneɪʃn / noun I noncount 1

dom .i .no

/ 'damənov / noun [count]

(plural dom .i .noes or dom .i .nos) one of a set of small flat

pieces of wood plastic, used to play a (called

dominoes)

dominoes



do . nate / 'dooneit / verb

(do nates, do nat ing, do nat ed)

to give something, especially money, to people who need it They donated \$10,000 to the hospital.

▶do ·na ·tion / dov'neɪſn / noun [count] He made a donation to the charity.

done 1

form of do

done 2 / dan / adjective

1 finished

Are you almost done? We need to leave soon.

2 cooked enough

The meat is ready, but the vegetables are still not done.

don key

/ 'daŋki ; 'dəŋki / noun [count] an animal like a small horse with long ears

donkev



do .nor / 'dooner / noun [count]

1 (HEALTH) someone who gives blood or a part of his or her body to help a sick person a blood donor

2 someone who gives something, for example money, to help an organization

don't / downt / short for do not

donut / 'doonat / noun [count] = doughnut

doo .dle / 'dudl / verb

(doo dles, doo dling, doo dled)

to make small drawings, especially when you are bored or thinking about something else

I often doodle when I'm on the phone.

doom / dum / noun [noncount]

death or a terrible event in the future that you cannot avoid a terrible sense of doom (= a feeling that something bad is going to happen)

door 🔯 / dor / noun [count]

the way into a building or room; a piece of wood, glass, or metal that you use to open and close the way into a building, room, car, etc.

Can you close the door, please?

I knocked on the door.

There is someone at the door.

Will you answer the door (= go to open the door when someone knocks or rings the bell)?

in the next house, room, or building Mary lives next door to us.

door . bell / 'dorbel / noun [count]

a bell outside a house, which you ring to tell people inside that you want to go in

door . knob / 'dornab / noun [count]

a round object on a door, which you use to open and close it

door . mat / 'dormæt / noun [count]

a piece of material on the floor in front of a door for cleaning your shoes on

door . step / 'dorstep / noun [count]

a step in front of a door outside a building

door . way / 'dorwer / noun [count] an opening for going into a building or room

Mike was waiting in the doorway when they arrived.

dor . mi . to . ry / 'dɔrməˌtɔri / noun [count]

(plural dor .mi .to .ries)

(also informal dorm / dorm /)

a building at a college or university where students live

dos .age / 'doosid3 / noun

[count, usually singular]

(HEALTH) the amount of medicine you should take and how often you should take it

the recommended daily dosage

dose / doos / noun [count, usually singular]

(HEALTH) an amount of medicine that you take at one time Take a dose of cough medicine before you go to bed.

dot 🔯 / dat / noun [count]

a small round mark

A lowercase letter "i" has a dot over it.

We use **dot** when we say a person's e-mail address. For the address ann@smith.com we say "Ann at smith dot com."

on the dot

(informal)

at exactly the right time

Please be here at nine o'clock on the dot.

dot . ted line / .datad 'lam / noun [count]

a line of dots that sometimes shows where you have to write something

Please sign (= write your name) *on the dotted line.*

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at line.

dou . ble 1 / dabl / adjective

PRONUNCIATION

The word double sounds like bubble.

1 two times as much or as many

a double portion of fries

2 with two parts that are the same

double doors

You spell "necessary" with a double "s."

3 made for two people or things

a double bed

a double room

 \rightarrow Look at single 1 (4).

dou . ble 2 / 'dabl / verb

(dou bles, dou bling, dou bled)

to become, or make something become, twice as much or as many

The price of gas has almost doubled in two years.

dou . ble bass / dabl bers / noun [count]

(MUSIC) the largest musical instrument with strings, which you usually play standing up

→ Look at the picture at **instrument**.

dou . ble-check / ,dAbl 'tsek / verb

(dou ble-checks, dou ble-check ing,

dou .ble-checked)

to check something again, or very carefully

Have you double-checked to make sure you have your

dou . ble-click / dabl klik / verb

(dou ble-clicks, dou ble-click ing, dou ble-clicked)

(COMPUTERS) to quickly press a button twice on a computer control (called a mouse)

To start the program, just double-click on the icon.

doubt 1 2 / davt / noun [count, noncount]

PRONUNCIATION

The word doubt sounds like out, because we do not say the letter **b** in this word.

a feeling that you are not sure about something

She says the story is true but I have my doubts about it.

in doubt

not sure

If you are in doubt, ask your teacher.

no doubt

I am sure

Paul isn't here yet, but no doubt he will come later.

without a doubt; without doubt

It was without doubt the coldest winter for many years.

doubt 2 2 / daot / verb

(doubts, doubt ing, doubt ed)

to not feel sure about something; to think that something is probably not true or probably will not happen

I doubt if he will come.

It might rain tomorrow, but I doubt it.

doubt . ful / 'dautfl / adjective

not certain or not likely

It is doubtful whether he will walk again.

doubt . less / 'dautles / adverb

(formal)

almost certainly

Doubtless she'll be late!

dough / dov / noun [noncount]

flour, water, and other things mixed together. It is used to make bread, cookies, etc.

dough . nut (also do . nut) / 'doonAt / noun

a small round cake, often in the shape of a ring, which is cooked in oil

dove 1 / dav / noun [count]

a bird that is often used as a sign of peace

dove 2 / doov /

form of dive

down 1 🔯 / davn / adverb, preposition

1 in or to a lower place; not up

The sun goes down in the evening.

We ran down the hill.

Put that box down on the floor.

2 from standing to sitting or lying

Sit down.

Lie down on the bed.

3 at or to a lower level

Prices are going down.

Turn that music down! (= so that it is not so loud)

4 along

He lives just down the street.

Go down the road until you reach the traffic lights.

5 on paper; on a list

Write these words down.

Have you got me down for the trip?

down 2 / davn / adjective

You seem a little down today.

2 lower than before

Unemployment is down again this month.

3 (COMPUTERS) (used about computers) not working I can't get that information right now because the system is down.

down . fall / 'daunfol / noun [singular]

when someone loses their power or stops being successful The scandal led to the senator's downfall.

down . hill / ,daon'hil / adverb

down, toward the bottom of a hill My bicycle can go fast downhill.

down . load / 'daunloud / verb

(down loads, down load ing, down load ed)

(COMPUTERS) If you download a computer program or information from the Internet, you make a copy of it on your own computer

I downloaded some music files from their website. Look at upload.

down . size / 'daonsaiz / verb

(down siz es, down siz ing, down sized)

(BUSINESS) to reduce the number of people who work at a company in order to save money

down stairs / daon'sterz / adverb

to or on a lower floor of a building

I went downstairs to make breakfast.

→ANTONYM upstairs

▶down .stairs / 'daonsterz / adjective

She lives in the downstairs apartment.

down . town / .daon'taon / adverb, adjective

in or toward the center of a city, especially its main business area

She works downtown.

downtown Denver

→ Look at uptown.

down . ward 🍮 / 'daunward /

(also down wards / 'daonwardz /) adverb

toward the ground or toward a lower level *She was lying face downward on the grass.*

→ANTONYM upward

doze / dooz / verb (doz es , doz ing , dozed)

to sleep lightly for a short time

My grandfather was dozing in his armchair.

doze off to go to sleep, especially during the day I dozed off in front of the television.

doz .en / 'dʌzn / noun [count] (plural doz .en)

twelve

a dozen red roses

two dozen boxes

half a dozen eggs

dozens of

(informal)

a lot of

They invited dozens of people to the party.

Dr.

abbreviation of **Doctor**

draft 1 AWL / dræft / noun

 ${f 1}$ [count] (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a piece of writing or a drawing that you will probably change and improve; not

the final copy

the first draft of an essay

2 [count] cold air that comes into a room

Can you shut the window? I can feel a draft.

3 the draft [singular] the system of making someone join the armed forces

He moved to Canada to avoid the draft during the Vietnam War.

draft 2 AWL / dræft / verb (drafts, draft ing, draft ed)

1 to make a first or early copy of a piece of writing I'll draft a letter and show it to you before I send it.

2 to force someone to join the armed forces

He was drafted into the army.

draft y / dræfti / adjective

(draft .i .er , draft .i .est)

a **drafty** room or building has cold air blowing through it a drafty old house

drag / dræg / verb (drags , drag .ging , dragged)

1 to pull something along the ground slowly, often because

He couldn't lift the bag, so he dragged it out of the store.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ If something \boldsymbol{drags} , it seems to go slowly because it is not interesting

Time drags when you're waiting for a bus.

drag on / drægen / noun

[count]

a big, dangerous animal with fire in its mouth, which you only find in stories $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) +\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left(1\right) +\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$

drag on fly

/ 'drægən_ıflaı / *noun*

[count] (plural

drag on flies)

an insect that often flies near water and that has four wings and a long, thin body dragonfly



drain 1 / drem / noun [count]

a pipe that carries away dirty water from a building

The drain is blocked.

go down the drain

(informal)

to be wasted

All our hard work has gone down the drain.

drain 2 / drem / verb

(drains, drain ing, drained)

1 to flow away

The water drained away slowly.

2 to let liquid flow away from something, so that it becomes dry

Drain and rinse the pasta.

3 to become dry because liquid is flowing away

Leave the dishes to drain.

drain .pipe / 'dreinpaip / noun [count]

a pipe that takes water from the roof of a building to a

drain 1 when it rains

dra . ma AWL / 'drame / noun

1 [count] a story that you watch in the theater or on

television, or listen to on the radio

a TV drama

2 [noncount] the study of plays and acting

She went to drama school.

3 [count, noncount] an exciting thing that happens

There was a big drama at school when one of the teachers fell in the swimming pool!

dra . mat . ic AWL / dra mætyk / adjective

1 sudden, great, or exciting

The finish of the race was very dramatic.

2 connected with plays or the theater

a dramatic society

►dra ·mat ·i ·cal ·ly AWL / drəˈmætıkli / adverb

Prices went up dramatically.

dram . a . tist AWL / 'dræmətist / noun

[count]

a person who writes plays

drank

form of drink 1

drapes / dreips / noun [plural]

long pieces of heavy material that you can move to cover a window

velvet drapes

dras .tic / 'dræstik / adjective

having a sudden, very strong effect

We have made some drastic changes.

►dras .tic .al .ly / 'dræstikli / adverb

draw 1 / dro / verb (draws, draw ing, drew / dru / has drawn / dron /)

1 (ART) to make a picture with a pen or a pencil *She drew a picture of a horse.*

He has drawn a car.

My sister draws well.

2 to pull or take something from a place *I drew my chair up closer to the fire.*

He drew a knife from his pocket.

3 to pull something to make it move

The carriage was drawn by two horses.

It's too bright in here, we'll have to draw the curtains (= close them).

4 (formal) to move or come

The train drew into the station.

5 to attract or interest someone

The concert drew a large crowd.

draw back to move away from someone or something *He came close but she drew back.*

draw up to come to a place and stop

A taxi drew up outside the house.

draw something up to write something

They drew up a list of people who they wanted to invite.

draw 2 / dra / noun [count]

a person, thing, or event that attracts a lot of people *The festival is always a big draw for young people.*

draw . back / 'drobæk / noun [count]

a disadvantage or problem

His lack of experience is a major drawback.

draw .er 🔯 / dror / noun [count]

a thing like a box that you can pull out from a desk, for in casual dress.

There's some paper in the top drawer of my desk.

draw ing 🔯 / 'drəiŋ / noun

(ART)

 $\boldsymbol{1} \ [\ \text{count} \]$ a picture made with a pen or a pencil, but not paint

He did a drawing of the old farmhouse.

 $\boldsymbol{2} \,\,[\,\,\text{noncount}\,\,]$ the art of drawing pictures with a pen or a pencil

Katherine is very good at drawing.

3 [count] the act of choosing something, for example the winner of a prize, often by taking a piece of paper out of a container

The raffle drawing will take place today at 5 p.m.

drawn form of draw 1

dread 1 / dred / verb

(dreads, dread ing, dread ed)

to be very afraid of something that is going to happen *I'm dreading the exam.*

 $dread \ 2 \ / \ dr\epsilon d \ / \ \textit{noun} \ [\ \text{noncount , singular }]$

great fear that something bad might happen *She lived in dread of the cancer returning.*

dread . ful / 'dredfl / adjective (formal)

very bad *There's been a dreadful accident.*

►dread .ful .ly / 'dredfli / adverb

dream 1 0 / drim / noun [count]

1 pictures or events that happen in your mind when you are asleep

I had a dream about school last night.

→ Look at nightmare.

2 something nice that you hope for

His dream was to give up his job and live in the country.

dream 2 2 / drim / verb (dreams, dream ing, dreamed or dreamt / dremt / has dreamed or has dreamt)

1 to have a picture or idea in your mind when you are asleep

I dreamed about you last night.

I dreamt that I was flying.

2 to hope for something nice in the future *She dreams of becoming a famous actress.*

dream .er / 'drimer / noun [count]

a person who thinks a lot about ideas or plans that will probably never happen

drea .ry / 'drɪri / adjective

(drear i er, drear i est)

not at all interesting or attractive, in a way that makes you feel sad

a dreary winter day

drench / drents / verb

(drench es, drench ing, drenched)

to make someone or something completely wet *I forgot my umbrella and got totally drenched* .

dress 10 / dres / noun (plural dress es)

1 [count] a piece of clothing with a top part and a skirt, which a woman or girl wears

→ Look at the picture at clothes .

2 [noncount] clothes

Many companies are allowing employees to come to work in casual dress.

dress 2 / dres / verb

(dress .es , dress .ing , dressed)

1 to put clothes on yourself or another person *I got dressed and went downstairs for breakfast.*

She dressed quickly and went out.

He washed and dressed the baby.

→ANTONYM undress

2 to wear a particular style, type, or color of clothes *She dresses like a movie star.*

He was dressed in black.

dress up

1 to put on special clothes for fun, so that you look like another person or a thing

The children dressed up as ghosts.

2 to put on your best clothes

They dressed up to go to the theater.

dress .er / 'dreser / noun [count]

a piece of furniture with drawers, used for storing clothes

dress ing / 'dresin / noun

1 [count, noncount] a sauce for food, especially for salads

2 [noncount] another word for **stuffing** turkey with dressing

 $\boldsymbol{3}$ [count] (<code>HEALTH</code>) a thing for covering a part of your body that is hurt

You should put a dressing on that cut.

drew form of draw 1

drib .ble / 'dribl / verb

(drib bles, drib bling, drib bled)

 ${f 1}$ (used about a liquid) to fall in small drops; to pour a liquid in this way

Paint dribbled down the can.

2 (SPORTS) to make a ball move forward by using many drive 1 2 / draw / verb (drives, driv ing, short hits or kicks

to dribble a basketball

dried

form of dry 2

dri .er

1 form of dry 1

2 = dryer

dries

form of dry 2

dri .est

form of dry 1

drift / drift / verb (drifts, drift ing, drift ed)

to move slowly in the air or on water The empty boat drifted out to sea.

The balloon drifted away.

drill 1 / dril /

noun [count]

1 a tool that you use for making holes an electric drill a dentist's drill

2 a way of learning something repeating it many times

We did a drill to memorize verb endings.

3 practice for what you should do in an emergency a fire drill

drill 2 / dril / verb (drills, drill ing, drilled)

1 to make a hole in something using a drill Drill two holes in the wall.

2 to teach someone by making them repeat something many times

Mrs. Chang drilled her third graders in the times tables.

drink 1 \osepare / drink / verb (drinks , drink \, ing , drank / drænk / has drunk / drʌnk /)

1 to take in liquid, for example water, milk, or coffee, through your mouth

What do you want to drink?

She was drinking a cup of coffee.

2 to drink alcohol

"Would you like some wine?" "No, thank you. I don't driv ing / 'drawn / noun drink.'

drink 2 0 / drink / noun

[count, noncount]

1 liquid, for example water, milk, or coffee, that you take in through your mouth

Would you like a drink?

Can I have a drink of water?

2 drink with alcohol in it, for example beer or wine There was lots of food and drink at the party.

drip / drip / verb (drips, drip.ping, dripped)

1 to fall slowly in small drops

Water was dripping through the roof.

2 If something **drips**, liquid falls from it in small drops The faucet is dripping.

►drip noun [count]

a small drop of liquid that falls from something Use a bucket to catch the drips.

drove / droov / has driv en / 'drivn /)

1 to control a car, bus, etc. and make it go where you want to go

Can you drive?

She usually drives to work.

2 to take someone to a place in a car My parents drove me to the airport.

drive 2 0 / draw / noun

1 [count] a trip in a car

It's a long drive from Los Angeles to San Francisco.

We went for a drive in my sister's car.

2 [singular] used in the name of some streets

We live at 1120 Lakeside Drive.

3 [noncount] the energy and determination you need to succeed

He has the drive to win the election.

4 [count] (COMPUTERS) the part of a computer that reads and stores information

I saved my work on the C: drive

drive-in / 'draw in / noun [count]

a place where you can go to eat or to watch a movie while you are sitting in your car

driv en

form of drive 1

driv .er 🔯 / 'draiver / noun [count]

a person who controls a car, bus, train, etc.

John is a good driver.

a taxi driver

driv er's li cense / draivers laisns / noun

an official document that shows that you are allowed to drive a car, etc.

Can I see your driver's license, please?

drive-through (also informal drive-thru)

/ 'draiv θru / noun [count]

a part of a restaurant, bank, etc. where you can be served without getting out of your car

drive . way / 'drawwer / noun [count]

(plural drive ways)

a wide hard path or private road that goes from the street to

She parked her car in the driveway.

[noncount]

controlling a car, bus, etc.

He failed his driving test.

dangerous driving

drool / drul / verb (drools, drool ing, drooled)

to let liquid (called saliva) come out from your mouth The baby just drooled on my shirt.

droop / drup / verb

(droops, droop ing, drooped)

to bend or hang down

Flowers droop if you don't put them in water.

drop 1 2 / drap / verb

(drops, drop ping, dropped)

1 to let something fall

I dropped my watch and it broke.

2 to fall

The glass dropped from her hands.

3 to become lower or less

The temperature has dropped.

4 (also drop someone off) to stop your car and let someone get out

Could you drop me at the station?

He dropped me off at the bus stop.

5 to stop doing something

I'm going to drop geography (= stop studying it) at school next year.

drop by; **drop in** to visit someone who does not know that you are coming

We were in the area, so we thought we'd drop in and see you.

drop off to fall asleep

She dropped off in front of the TV.

drop out to leave or stop doing something before you have finished

His parents are worried that he'll drop out of school.

drop 2 2 / drap / noun [count]

1 a very small amount of liquid

drops of rain

a drop of blood

2 a fall in the amount or level of something

a drop in temperature

a drop in prices

drop .out / 'drapaot / noun [count]

a person who leaves school, college, etc. before finishing their studies

high school dropouts

drought / draot / noun

[count, noncount]

(GEOGRAPHY) a long time when there is not enough rain *Hundreds of people died in the drought.*

drove

form of drive 1

drown / drawn / verb

(drowns, drown ing, drowned)

to die under water because you cannot breathe; to make someone die in this way

The boy fell in the river and drowned.

Twenty people were drowned in the floods.

drow . Sy / 'draozi / adjective

(drow . si .er , drow . si .est)

feeling tired and wanting to sleep

The heat made him very drowsy.

► drow · si · ness / 'draʊzinəs / noun [noncount]

This medicine can cause drowsiness.

drug 🥯 / drag / noun [count]

(HEALTH)

1 an illegal chemical substance that people take because it makes them feel happy or excited

He doesn't smoke or take drugs.

She's worried that her daughter is on drugs (= regularly using illegal drugs).

Heroin is a dangerous drug.

2 a chemical substance used as a medicine, which you take when you are sick to make you better

drug companies

Some drugs can only be obtained with a prescription from

drug ad . dict / 'drAg ,ædikt / noun

[count]

(HEALTH) a person who cannot stop using drugs

drug . store / 'dragstor / noun [count]

($\mbox{\sc HEALTH}$) a store where you can buy medicines and other things such as soap, newspapers, and candy

drum / dram / noun [count]

1 (MUSIC) a musical instrument that you hit with special sticks (called **drumsticks**) or with your hands

He plays the drums in a band.

2 a big round container for oil *an oil drum*

drum .mer / 'dramer / noun [count]

(MUSIC) a person who plays a drum

drunk 1

form of drink 1

drunk 2 / drank / adjective

If a person is **drunk**, they have drunk too much alcohol *He gets drunk every Friday night.*

dry 1 🔯 / drai / adjective (dri er , dri est)

1 with no water or liquid in it or on it

The laundry isn't dry yet.

→ANTONYM wet

2 with no rain dry weather

→ANTONYM wet

3 not sweet *dry white wine*

dry 20 / drai / verb

(dries, dry ing, dried, has dried)

to become or make something dry

Our clothes were drying in the sun.

Dry your hands on this towel.

If you wash the dishes, I'll dry them.

dry out to become completely dry *Leave your shoes by the fire to dry out.*

dry up (used about rivers, lakes, etc.) to become

completely dry
There was no rain for several months and all the rivers

There was no rain for several months and all the rivers dried up.

dry-clean / 'drai klin / verb

(dry-cleans, dry-clean ing, dry-cleaned)

to make clothes clean by using chemicals, not water *I had my suit dry-cleaned* .

dry clean .ers / 'drar kliners / noun [count] a store where you take clothes and other things to be dry-cleaned

dry .er (also dri .er) / 'draiər / noun [count]

a machine for drying something

Take the clothes out of the washing machine and put them in the dryer.

a hair dryer

du . al / 'duəl / adjective

having two parts; double

the dual role of mother and working woman dual citizenship

du . bi . ous / 'dubies / adjective

1 not sure or certain

I'm very dubious about whether we're doing the right thing.

→SYNONYM doubtful

2 that may not be honest or safe *dubious financial dealings*

duck 1 / dAk /

noun

1 [count] a bird that lives on and near water. You often see ducks on farms or in parks.

→Look at

duckling.

2 [noncount]

meat from a duck

roast duck with orange sauce



duck

not hit you or so that someone does not see you
He saw the ball coming toward him and ducked.

duck .ling / 'dʌklıŋ / noun [count]

a young duck

duct / dakt / noun [count]

a tube that carries liquid, gas, etc.

We got into the building through the air duct. tear ducts (= in the eye)

dude / dud / noun [count]

(informal)

a boy or man

Hey dude, what's up?

due / du / adjective

1 If something is **due** at a certain time, you expect it to happen or come then

When's the baby due?

The new road is due to open in April.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ If an amount of money is \boldsymbol{due} , you must pay it

My rent is due at the beginning of the month.

3 ready for something

My car is due for an inspection.

due to something

because of something; caused by something *The accident was due to bad driving.*

du .el / 'duəl / noun [count]

(HISTORY) a formal type of fight with guns or other weapons that was used in the past to decide an argument between two men

du .et / du'et / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{MUSIC}}$) music for two people to sing or play on musical instruments

Jim and Christy sang a duet.

 \rightarrow Look at solo 2.

dug

form of dig

dull / d_Al / adjective (dull er, dull est)

1 not interesting or exciting

Life is never dull in a big city.

→SYNONYM boring

2 not strong or loud

a dull pain

3 not bright

It was a dull, cloudy day.

4 not sharp

a dull knife

→SYNONYM blunt

dumb / dam / adjective

(informal)

PRONUNCIATION

The word \mbox{dumb} sounds like \mbox{gum} , because we don't say the letter \mbox{b} in this word.

not intelligent; stupid

That was a dumb thing to do! → ANTONYM smart

dum .my / 'dami / noun [count]

(plural dum . mies)

1 a model of the human body, used for showing clothes in a store window or while you are making clothes *a tailor's dummy*

2 (*informal*) a stupid person *I felt like such a dummy.*

dump 1 / damp / verb

(dumps, dump ing, dumped)

1 to take something to a place and leave it there because you do not want it

They dumped their garbage by the side of the road.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ to put something down without being careful

Don't dump your clothes on the floor!

 $\boldsymbol{3}$ ($\textit{informal}\)$ to end a romantic relationship with someone

I can't believe he dumped me for another girl!

dump 2 / damp / noun [count]

1 a place where people take things they do not want a *garbage dump*

2 (*informal*) a dirty, messy, or unpleasant place *This place is a real dump!*

dune / dun / noun [count]

(GEOGRAPHY) a small hill of sand near the ocean or in a desert

a sand dune

dun . geon / 'dʌndʒən / noun [count]

a dark, underground room used as a prison *the castle dungeons*

dunk $/ d_{\Lambda}\eta k / verb$ (dunks, dunk ing, dunked)

1 to put something into a liquid for a short time *to dunk a cookie into milk*

2 (SPORTS) (in **basketball**) to jump very high and throw the ball hard down into the **basket** (= the round net)

du .plex / 'dupleks / noun [count]

(plural du .plex .es)

a house that is divided into two separate homes, with a separate door for each one

du .pli .cate / 'duplakent / verb

(du pli cates, du pli cat ing, du pli cat ed)

1 to make an exact copy of something

2 to do something that has already been done

We don't want to duplicate the work of the other departments.

du .ra .ble / 'dorəbl / adjective

likely to last for a long time without getting weaker a durable fabric

►du ·ra ·bil ·i ·ty / ˌdʊrəˈbɪləti / noun [noncount]

dur ing 🔯 / 'dorn / preposition

1 all the time that something is happening *The sun gives us light during the day.*

2 at some time while something else is happening *She died during the night.*

I fell asleep during the movie.

dusk / dask / noun [noncount]

the time in the evening when it is almost dark

→ Look at dawn .

dust 1 2 / dast / noun [noncount]

dry dirt that is like powder

The old table was covered in dust.

dust 2 / dast / verb (dusts, dust ing, dust ed)

to take dust off something with a cloth I dusted the furniture.

dust pan / dastpæn / noun [count]

a flat container with a handle that you use for getting dust or garbage off the floor

dustpan





dust . y / 'dasti / adjective

(dust i er, dust i est)

covered with dust

The furniture was very dusty.

du ti ful / dutifl / adjective

doing everything that you are expected to do a dutiful son

▶du .ti .ful .ly / 'dutɪfli / adverb

He told me to follow him, and I dutifully obeyed.

du . ty 🥯 / 'duţi / noun [count, noncount] (plural du ties)

1 something that you must do because it is part of your job or because you think it is right

It is your duty to take care of your parents when they get

One of the duties of a secretary is to type letters.

2 money (called tax) that you pay to the government when you bring things into a country from another country

off duty

not working

The police officer was off duty.

on duty

working

Some nurses at the hospital are on duty all night.

du ty-free / duti fri / adjective, adverb

Duty-free goods are things that you can bring into a country without paying money to the government. You can buy goods duty-free on airplanes or ships and at airports.

DVD ³/ di vi di / noun [count]

(COMPUTERS) a small plastic disk that you record movies and music on. You can play a DVD on a computer or a special machine (called a DVD player)

Îs the movie available on DVD?

dwarf / dworf / noun [count]

1 (in children's stories) a very small person

Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs

2 (BIOLOGY) a person, animal, or plant that is much smaller than the usual size

dye / dai / verb (dyes, dye ing, dyed)

to change the color of something by using a special liquid or substance

She dyed her hair blond.

▶dye *noun* [count, noncount]

a substance that you use to change the color of something, for example cloth or hair

purple hair dye

dy ing form of die 1

dy . nam . ic AWL / dar'næmik / adjective

full of energy and ideas

a dynamic teacher

dy .na .mite / 'damemait / noun

[noncount]

a powerful substance that can explode a stick of dynamite



E, e / i / noun [count, noncount]

(plural E's, e's / iz /)

the fifth letter of the English alphabet

"Egg" begins with an "Ē."

each 2 / it[/ adjective, pronoun

every person or thing in a group Each student buys a book and a tape.

He gave a present to each of the children.

These T-shirts are \$5 each.

each oth er 😂 / itʃ 'ʌðər / pronoun

used for saying that someone does the same thing as another person

Gary and Susy looked at each other (= Gary looked at Susy and Susy looked at Gary).

ea .ger / 'igar / adjective

If you are **eager** to do something, you want to do it very much

She's eager to help with the party.

►ea .ger .ly / 'igərli / adverb

The children were waiting eagerly for the movie to begin.

▶ea ·ger ·ness / 'igərnəs / noun [noncount]

I couldn't hide my eagerness to get home.

ea . gle / 'igl / noun

[count]

a very large bird that can see very well. It catches and eats small birds and animals.

 \rightarrow Look at bald eagle.

ear 😂 / ir / noun

[count]

one of the two parts of your body that you use to hear with Elephants have big ears.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **face**.

ear .ache / 'ireik / noun [count]

(**HEALTH**) pain inside your ear

I have an earache.

ear . ly ②/ 'orli / adjective, adverb (ear .li .er , ear .li .est)

1 near the beginning of a period of time

Come in the early afternoon.

She was in her early twenties (= aged between 20 and about 23 or 24).

I have to get up early tomorrow.

2 before the usual or right time

The train arrived ten minutes early.

You're early! It's only six-thirty.

I was early for class.

→ANTONYM late

an early night

an evening when you go to bed earlier than usual *I'm really tired, I think I'll make it an early night.*

earn / orn / verb (earns, earn ing, earned)

1 to get money by working

How much do teachers earn in your country?

She earns about \$50,000 a year.

2 to get something because you have worked well or done something good

You've earned a vacation!

earn ings / 'erninz / noun [plural]

money that you earn by working

ear . phones / 'irfoonz / noun [plural]

(MUSIC) things that you put in or over your ears so that you can listen to music without other people hearing it

→ Look at headphones.

ear .ring / 'ırıŋ / noun

[count]

a piece of jewelry that you wear on your ear a pair of silver earrings

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at jewelry .

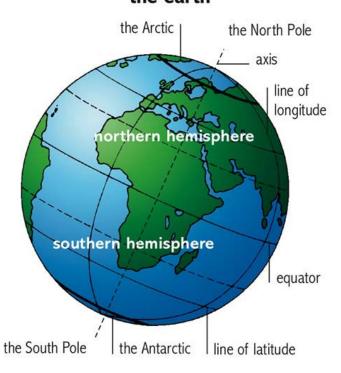
earth 🥯 / ərθ / noun

1 usually the earth, the Earth [singular] this world; the planet that we live on

The moon travels around the earth.

They live in one of the hottest places on earth.

the earth



2 [singular] the surface of the world; land *The satellite fell toward earth. The earth shook.*

3 [noncount] the substance that plants grow in *Cover the seeds with earth.*

→SYNONYM soil

how, who, what, where, etc. on earth...? (informal)

used in questions when you are very surprised or want to say something very strongly

What on earth are you doing?

Where on earth is Paul? He's two hours late!

earth . quake / 'ərθkweik / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{GEOGRAPHY}}$) a sudden strong shaking of the ground

earth . worm / 'ərθwərm / noun [count]

a small, long, thin animal with no legs or eyes that lives in the soil

ease 1 / iz / noun

with ease

with no difficulty

She answered the questions with ease.

→SYNONYM easily

be or feel at ease

to be or feel comfortable and relaxed

Everyone was so friendly that I felt completely at ease.

ease 2 / iz / verb (eas es, eas ing, eased)

to become or to make something less painful or serious *They waited for the rain to ease.*

This should ease the pain .

ea sel/izl/noun

[count]

(ART) a frame that an artist uses to hold a picture while it is being painted

easel



eas .i .ly 🔯 / ˈizəli / adverb

with no difficulty

I can easily call and check the time of the movie.

He passed the test easily.

The adjective is **easy**.

1 the direction you look in to see the sun come up in the morning

Which way is east?

There was a cold wind from the east.

→ Look at the picture at compass.

2 the east or **the East** the part of any country, city, etc. that is further to the east than the other parts

He grew up in the East, but moved to California after college.

3 the East the countries of Asia, for example China and Japan

▶east adjective, adverb

an east wind (= that comes from the east)

They live on the East Coast.

We traveled east.

Eas . ter / 'istar / noun

[noncount]

(RELIGION) a Sunday in March or April, and the days around it, when Christians think about Christ coming back to life **Culture**

Easter is a popular festival, with many traditions in the U.S.

People think about new life and the coming of spring. They celebrate this by decorating and coloring eggs and eating chocolate.

Eas . ter egg / 'istər ɛg / noun

[count]

an egg that you decorate for Easter

east .ern 🔯 / 'istərn / adjective

(GEOGRAPHY) in or of the east of a place eastern Pennsylvania

eas y o/ izi / adjective (eas i er, eas i est)

1 not difficult to do or understand

The homework was very easy.

English isn't an easy language to learn.

2 without problems or pain *He has had an easy life.*

→ANTONYM difficult, hard, Look at easily.

take it easy; take things easy

to relax and not worry or work too much

After my exams I'm going to take it easy for a few days.

eas . y . go . ing / ¡izi goon / adjective

calm, relaxed, and not easily worried or upset

Her parents are pretty easygoing, so she has a lot of freedom to do what she wants.

eat o/ it / verb (eats, eat ing, ate / ent / has eat en / itn /)

1 to put food in your mouth and swallow it

Who ate all the chocolates?

Would you like something to eat?

2 to have a meal

What time should we eat?

eat out to have a meal in a restaurant

We don't eat out very often.

eaves . drop / 'ivzdrap / verb

(eaves .drops, eaves .drop .ping , eaves .dropped)

to listen secretly to other people talking

They caught him eavesdropping on their conversation.

ec .cen .tric / ık'sentrık / adjective

(used about people or their behavior) strange or unusual *He's a little eccentric, but he's a great teacher.*

ech · **O** / 'εkoʊ / noun [count]

(plural ech oes)

a sound that a surface such as a wall sends back so that you hear it again

►ech o verb (ech oes, ech o ing, ech oed) His footsteps echoed in the empty hall.

e clipse

/ I'klips / noun

[count]

a time when the moon passes between the earth and the sun so that we cannot see the sun's light, or when the earth's shadow falls on the moon so that we cannot see the moon's light

a total eclipse of the

eclipse



solar eclipse

e . **col** . **o** . **gist** / r'kalədʒıst / **noun** [count] (BIOLOGY) a person who studies or knows a lot about **ecology**

e .col .o .gy / r'kaledzi / noun [noncount]

(**BIOLOGY**) the relationship between living things and everything around them; the study of this subject

►ec · o · log · i · cal / ¡ikəˈladʒıkl / adjective an ecological disaster

(BUSINESS , POLITICS) connected with the way that people and countries spend money and make, buy, and sell things *The country has serious economic problems.*

ec . o . nom . i . cal AWL / ¡ɛkəˈnɑmɪkl / adjective

costing or using less time, money, etc. than usual *This car is very economical to run* (= it does not use a lot of gas) .

►ec · o · nom · i · cal · ly AWL / ɛkə¹namıkli / adverb The service could be run more economically.

ec .o .nom .ics AWL / ¡ɛkəˈnɑmɪks / noun

(BUSINESS , POLITICS) the study of the way that people and countries spend money and make, buy, and sell things

e .con .o .mist AWL / I'kanəmist / noun

[count]

(BUSINESS , POLITICS) a person who studies or knows a lot about economics

e .con .o .mize / r'kanemaiz / verb

(e.con.o.miz.es,e.con.o.miz.ing,

e .con .o .mized)

to save money, time, etc.; to use less of something We're trying to economize by eating in restaurants less often.

e . con . o . my a AWL / r'kanəmi / noun (plural e . con . o . mies)

1 (BUSINESS, POLITICS) [count] the way that a country spends its money and makes, buys, and sells things the economies of Japan and Germany

2 [count, noncount] using money or things well and carefully

We need to make some economies.

e . **co** . **sys** . **tem** / 'ikoo_isistem / *noun* [count] (GEOGRAPHY , BIOLOGY) all the plants and animals in a particular area, and the environment that they live in

edge 2 / Ed3 / noun [count]

1 the part along the end or side of something *She stood at the water's edge.* the edge of the table

2 the sharp part of a knife or tool

be on edge

to be nervous or worried

ed . i . ble / 'Edəbl / adjective

good or safe to eat

The food was barely edible (= almost too bad to eat).

→ANTONYM inedible

ed it AWL / 'Edat / verb (ed its, ed it ing, ed it ed)

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) to prepare a piece of writing, film, etc. to be published or released *Paul edited the report.*

The violent scene was edited out of the movie.

e .di .tion AWL / r'dıʃn / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) one of a number of books, magazines, or newspapers that appear at the same time the evening edition of the newspaper

ed .i .tor AWL / 'Edətər / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a person whose job is to prepare or control a book or a newspaper before it is printed

ed .i .to .ri .al 1 AWL / ¡Edəˈtəriəl / noun [count]

(<code>ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS</code>) an article in a newspaper that gives the writer's opinion on an important issue

ed .i .to .ri .al 2 AWL / Eda torial / adjective (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) connected with the work of preparing newspapers, books, etc. to be published or released

the magazine's editorial department

ed . u . cate 💁/ 'edzəkeit / verb

(ed $\cdot u$ \cdot cates , ed $\cdot u$ \cdot cat \cdot ing , ed $\cdot u$ \cdot cat \cdot ed)

to teach or train someone, especially in school *Where was she educated?*

We must educate young people about the dangers of smoking.

ed . u . cat . ed / 'edgəkertəd / adjective having studied and learned a lot to a high level He's smart and well educated.

→ANTONYM uneducated

ed . u . ca . tion 🔯 / ¡ɛdʒəˈkeɪʃn / noun

[noncount, singular]

teaching people at a school or college Education is extremely important. He had a good education.

►ed ·u ·ca ·tion ·al / ¡εdʒəˈkeɪʃənl / adjective educational programs

eel / il / noun
[count]
a long fish that looks
like a snake



ef . fect 5 / r'fekt / noun [count, noncount]

a change that happens because of something We are studying the effects of heat on different metals. Her shouting had little effect on him.

take effect

to begin to work

It takes about 20 minutes for the medicine to take effect.

ef . fec . tive / r'fektiv / adjective

Something that is **effective** works well

Jogging is an effective way to stay in shape.

→ANTONYM ineffective

►ef . fec . tive . ly / I'fektIvli / adverb She dealt with the situation effectively.

ef . fi . cient / r'frint / adjective

working well, without making mistakes or wasting energy Our secretary is very efficient. an efficient way of working

→ANTONYM inefficient

►ef · fi · cien · cy / ɪˈfɪʃnsi / noun [noncount] ways of increasing efficiency at the factory

►ef · fi · cient · ly / ɪˈfɪʃntli / adverb Try to use your time more efficiently.

ef . fort / 'efert / noun [count, noncount] the physical or mental energy that you need to do something

Thank you for all your efforts.

He made an effort to arrive on time.

ef . fort . less / 'efertles / adjective needing little or no effort, so that it seems easy She makes ice skating look effortless.

►ef · fort · less · ly / 'ɛfərtləsli / adverb

EFL / i ef 'el / abbreviation

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) **EFL** is short for "English as a foreign language" (= the teaching of English to people who speak other languages)

 \rightarrow Look at **ESL**.

e.g. 🔯 / ˌi ˈdʒi /

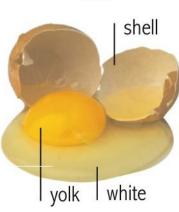
short for for example

popular sports, e.g. football, baseball, and swimming

(= almost round) object that has a baby bird, fish, insect, or snake inside it

The hen has laid an egg.

2 [count, noncount] an **egg** that we eat, especially from a chicken a boiled egg



egg · **plant** / 'egplænt / *noun* [count, noncount] a large purple vegetable that is white inside

e . **go** / 'igoo / *noun* [count] (*plural* **e** . **gos**) the opinion that you have of yourself *He has a big ego* (= he has a high opinion of himself) .

eight 🔯 / eit / number eight een 🔯 / er'tin / number

 \triangleright eight eenth / eitin θ / pronoun, adjective,

adverb, noun [count]

He met Emma just before his eighteenth birthday.

eighth / $eit\theta$ / pronoun, adjective, adverb, noun [count]

1 8th

I was eighth in line for tickets.

2 one of eight equal parts of something; 1/8

eight . y 🔯 / 'eiti / number

1 80

2 the eighties [plural] the numbers, years, or temperatures between 80 and 89

in your eighties

between the ages of 80 and 89

▶eight i eth / 'eitiəθ / pronoun, adjective, adverb, noun [count]

My grandpa just celebrated his eightieth birthday.

ei . ther 1 2 / 'iðər / adjective, pronoun

1 one of two things or people

There is cake and ice cream. You can have either. Either one of us could help you.

2 each

There are trees along either side of the street.

ei . ther 2 0 / 'iðər / adverb (used in sentences with "not") also Lydia can't swim, and I can't either.

either...or

words that show two different things or people that you can

You can have either tea or coffee.

I will either write or call.

e . lab . o . rate / rlæberet / adjective not simple; with a lot of different parts

The carpet has a very elaborate pattern.

→SYNONYM complicated

►e · lab · o · rate · ly / ɪˈlæbərətli / adverb The rooms were elaborately decorated.

e · las · tic / r'læstik / noun [noncount]

material that becomes longer when you pull it and then goes back to its usual size

This skirt needs some new elastic in the waist.

▶e .las .tic adjective elastic material

el . bow / 'εlboσ / noun [count]

the part in the middle of your arm where it bends She fell and broke her elbow.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **body**.

eld .er / 'elder / adjective (formal)

older, especially of two members of the same family My elder brother lives abroad.

eld .er .ly / 'sldərli / adjective

(used about people) a polite way of saying "old" an elderly lady

health care for the elderly (= people who are elderly)

eld .ers / 'sldarz / noun [plural]

people who are older than you

My parents taught me to respect my elders.

eld . est / 'sldəst / adjective

(formal)

oldest of three or more people, especially members of the same family

Their eldest son is at college.

e · lect / ɪˈlɛkt / verb

(e lects, e lect ing, e lect ed)

(POLITICS) to choose someone to be a leader by voting for him or her

The new president was elected last year.

e . lec . tion 5 / r'lekjn / noun [count, noncount]

(POLITICS) a time when people choose someone to be a leader by voting for him or her

The election will be held on Tuesday.

e · lec · tric 🕯 / ɪˈlɛktrɪk / adjective

using or providing electricity

an electric stove

an electric outlet

e · lec · tri · cal 😂 / ɪˈlɛktrɪkl / adjective

of or using electricity

an electrical appliance (= a machine that uses electricity)

e lec tri cian / Ilek'trifn / noun

[count]

a person whose job is to make and repair electrical systems and equipment

John's an electrician. He'll be able to fix the light for you.

e · lec · tric · i · ty 🔯 / ɪˌlɛkˈtrɪsəti / noun [noncount]

(PHYSICS) power that comes through wires. Electricity can make heat and light, and makes machines work.

e · lec · tric shock / I,lektrik 'sak / noun [count]

a sudden painful feeling that you get if electricity goes through your body

e · lec · trode / r'lektroud / noun [count]

(PHYSICS) a point at which electricity enters or leaves an electrical device

e · lec · tron / r'lektran / noun [count]

(CHEMISTRY , PHYSICS) a very small piece of matter with a negative electric charge, found in all atoms

→ Look at neutron, proton.,

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **atom**.

e lec tron ic / [lek'tranik / adjective]

1 (GENERAL SCIENCE) **Electronic** equipment includes things like computers and televisions. They use electricity and very small electrical parts (called microchips and transistors) to make them work

an electronic calculator

2 (COMPUTERS) done using a computer electronic bill paying

►e ·lec ·tron ·i ·cal ·ly / ɪˌlɛkˈtrɑnɪkli / adverb

e · lec · tron · ics / I,lek'traniks / noun

[noncount]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{GENERAL}}$ SCIENCE) the technology that is used to make things like computers and televisions the electronics industry

el . e . gant / 'slagant / adjective

with a beautiful style or shape

She looked very elegant in her new black dress. elegant furniture

▶el .e .gance / 'ɛləgəns / noun [noncount]

el . e . ment AWL / 'slamant / noun [count]

1 an important part of something

Cost was an important element in our decision.

2 (CHEMISTRY) a simple chemical, for example iron or gold *Water is made of the elements hydrogen and oxygen.*

el.e.men.ta.ry/ˌɛləˈmɛntəri/adjective connected with the early stages of learning; not difficult an elementary dictionary elementary physics

el . e . men . ta . ry school / ¡ɛləˈmɛntəri skul / noun [count, noncount] (also grade school) a school for children who are around five to eleven years old

Word building

In the U.S., children start **elementary school** when they are 5. The first year of this is called kindergarten

When children are around 11 years old, they move to **middle school** (or **junior high school**), and when they reach the age of around 14, they start **high school** .

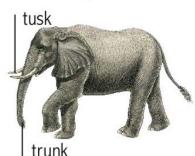
Each year of school is called a **grade**. When a child is around 6 years old they are in **first grade**, and the last year of high school is the **twelfth grade**.

el e phant

/ˈɛləfənt / noun

[count]
a very big, wild animal
from Africa or Asia,
with a long nose
(called a trunk) that
hangs down

elephant



el . e . va . tion / ¡ɛləˈveɪʃn / noun [count]

($\mbox{{\bf GEOGRAPHY}}$) the height of a place, especially its height above the level of the ocean

Denver is at an elevation of 5,280 feet.

el . e . va . tor / 'slavertar / noun [count]

a machine that takes people and things up and down in a high building

Should we use the stairs or take the elevator?

e . lev . en 🥯 / ɪˈlɛvən / number

Pe . **lev** . **enth** / r'lεvənθ / pronoun, adjective, adverb, noun [count]

elf / slf / noun [count] (plural elves / slvz /) a very small person in stories who has pointed ears and magic powers

el . i . gi . ble / 'ɛlɪdʒəbl / adjective

allowed to do something, because you have the right skills, you are the right age, etc.

You need a degree in biology to be eligible for the program.

When are you eligible to vote in your country?

►el · i · gi · bil · i · ty / ˌɛlɪdʒəˈbɪləti / noun [noncount]

e . lim . i . nate AWL / r'limaneit / verb

(e lim i nates, e lim i nat ing, e lim i nat ed)

1 to remove something that is not needed or wanted *We must try to eliminate waste.*

2 to stop someone from going further in a competition, etc. We lost both games, so our team was eliminated from the competition.

e . lite / r'lit; er'lit / noun [count]

a group of people who are thought to be the best or most important because they are rich, intelligent, etc.

the ruling elite (= the people that control the area, the country, etc.)

an elite group of business leaders

e . lope / r'loop / verb

(e lopes, e lop ing, e loped) to run away secretly to get married

el . o . quent / 'ɛləkwənt / adjective

(formal)

able to use language and express your opinions well an eloquent speech

►el · o · quent · ly / ˈɛləkwəntli / adverb He spoke eloquently about his work.

else 🚳 / ɛls / adverb

1 more; extra

What else would you like?

Is anyone else coming to the party?

2 different

 ${\it This\ caf\'e's\ full;\ let's\ go\ somewhere\ else\ .}$

It's not mine – it must be someone else's .

There was nothing else to eat, so we had eggs again.

or else

if not, then

Go now, or else you'll be late.

→SYNONYM otherwise

else . where / 'elswer / adverb

(formal)

in or to another place

He can't find a job near home, so he's looking elsewhere.

elves

plural of elf

e-mail (also e mail) / 'imeil / noun

(COMPUTERS)

 ${f 1}$ [noncount] a system for sending messages from one computer to another

to send a message by e-mail

What's your e-mail address?

 $\boldsymbol{2} \; [\; \mbox{count} \;]$ a message that is written on one computer and sent to another

I'll send you an e-mail.

►e-mail (also e mail) verb

(e-mails, e-mail ing, e-mailed)

E-mail me when you arrive.

I'll e-mail the documents to her.

Collocations

E-mail

have/set up an e-mail account check/read your e-mail receive/get/open an e-mail send/forward/delete an e-mail write/answer/reply to an e-mail attach a file/a picture/a document contain/open/send an attachment e .man .ci .pate / r'mænsəpert / adjective (e .man .ci .pates , e .man .ci .pat .ing , e .man .ci .pat .ed) (formal)

($\mbox{\sc HISTORY}$) to give someone the same legal, social, and political rights as other people

Lincoln emancipated the slaves after the Civil War.

►e ·man ·ci ·pa ·tion / ɪˌmænsəˈpeɪʃn / noun [noncount]

the emancipation of women

em .bar .rass .es , em .bar .rass .ing , em .bar .rassed)

to make someone feel shy or worried about what other people think of them

Please don't embarrass me in front of my friends.

▶em ·bar ·rass ·ing / im'bærəsiŋ / adjective

I couldn't remember her name – it was so embarrassing!

em . bar . rassed 🍮/ m'bærəst / adjective

Remember! You spell **embarrassed** with **RR** and **SS**. If you are **embarrassed**, you feel shy or worried about what other people think of you *He felt embarrassed at being the center of attention.*

em . bar . rass . ment / m'bærəsmənt / noun [noncount]

the feeling that you have when you are embarrassed *His face was red with embarrassment.*

em .bas .sy / 'embesi / noun [count] (plural em .bas .sies)

(POLITICS) a group of people whose job is to speak and act for their government in another country, or the building where they work

To get a visa, you should apply to the American embassy.

em . blem / 'emblem / noun [count] an object or a symbol that represents something America's national emblem, the bald eagle

em .brace / im'breis / verb (em .brac .es , em .brac .ing , em .braced) (formal)

to put your arms around someone to show that you love them

She embraced each member of her family.

→SYNONYM hug

em . broi . der / m'broider / verb (em . broi . ders , em . broi . der . ing , em . broi . dered) to decorate cloth by sewing patterns on it

▶em . broi . dered / im'broiderd / adjective an embroidered blouse

em . broi . der . y / m'broidari / noun [noncount]

patterns that are sewn onto cloth to decorate it

em . bry . o / 'embrioo / noun [count] (plural em . bry . os)

(BIOLOGY) a human or animal when it is starting to grow before it is born

em .er .ald / 'emərəld / noun [count] a green jewel (= valuable stone) an emerald ring

▶em .er .ald

(also em er ald green / Emereld grin /) adjective bright green: an emerald green dress

e . merge AWL / ɪˈmərdʒ / verb

(e .merg .es , e .merg .ing , e .merged) to come out from a place

The moon emerged from behind the clouds.

e · mer · gen · cy ② / r'mərdʒənsi / noun [count, noncount] (plural e · mer · gen · cies)

a sudden dangerous situation, when people need help quickly

Come quickly, doctor! It's an emergency! In an emergency, call 911 for help.

an emergency exit (= a way out of a building that can be used in an emergency)

e . mer . gen . cy room / r'mərdʒənsi ˌrum / noun [count] (abbreviation ER)

(HEALTH) the place in a hospital where you go if you have been hurt in an accident, or if you have suddenly become very sick

em . i . grate / 'emagreit / verb

(em i grates, em i grat ing, em i grat ed) to leave your country and go to live in another country *They emigrated to Australia in the 1990s.*

→ Look at immigrate.

►em · i · gra · tion / ¡ɛməˈgreɪʃn / noun [noncount] emigration by poor people in search of work

→Look at immigration .

e . mis . sions / r'mrʃnz / noun [plural]

($\mbox{\sc General Science}$) gas, heat, etc. that is sent out into the air

carbon emissions

I need to get an emissions test for my car (= to check that emissions are not too high).

e . mit / r/mit / verb

(e mit, e mit ting, e mit ted) (formal) to send out something such as gas, heat, light, a sound, etc. The factory is emitting toxic chemicals.

e .mo .tion 🔯 / ɪˈmoʊʃn / noun

[count, noncount]

a strong feeling, for example love or anger They expressed mixed emotions at the news. His voice was filled with emotion.

e . mo . tion . al / r'movfanl / adjective

1 connected with feelings *emotional problems*

2 showing strong feelings, sometimes by crying *He got very emotional when we said goodbye.*

em .pa .thize / 'εmpəθaiz / verb

(em pa thiz es, em pa thiz ing, em pa thized) to understand how another person feels, especially because you have been in a similar situation

She empathized with his feelings of betrayal.

em · **pa** · **thy** / 'εmpəθi / *noun* [noncount] the ability to understand how other people feel

em .per .or / 'emperer / noun [count]

(HISTORY , POLITICS) a man who rules a group of countries (called an **empire**)

the Emperor Napoleon

→Look at empress.

em . pha . sis AWL / 'emfəsəs / noun

[count, noncount](pluralem.pha.ses/'emfəsiz/)

1 special importance that is given to something *Our school places a lot of emphasis on science.*

2 (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) the force that you give to a word or phrase when you are speaking; a way of writing a word to show that it is important

In the word "photographer" the emphasis is on the second syllable.

I underlined the word "urgent" for emphasis.

→SYNONYM stress

em . pha . size AWL / 'emfəsaiz / verb (em . pha . siz . es , em . pha . siz . ing , em . pha . sized) to say something strongly to show that it is important She emphasized the importance of hard work.

→SYNONYM stress

em . pire / 'empaier / noun [count]

($\mbox{\sc POLITICS}$, $\mbox{\sc HISTORY}$) a group of countries that is controlled by one country

the Roman Empire

em . ploy 😂 / ɛmˈplɔɪ / verb

(em ploys, em ploy ing, em ployed)

to pay someone to do work for you The factory employs 800 workers.

→ Look at unemployed.

em . **ploy** . **ee** / ϵ m'plon'; ϵ mplon'i / *noun* [count] a person who works for someone

This company treats its employees very well.

em . ploy . er / em'ploier / noun [count] a person or company that pays other people to do work

em · ploy · ment ② / εm'ploment / noun [noncount]

having a job that you are paid to do *It can be hard for young people to find employment .*

→ Look at unemployment.

Thesaurus

job the work that you do to earn money: My dad told me to go out and get a job. ◆ She's trying to find a full-time job. ◆ I'm only doing my job (= I'm doing what I am paid to do). ◆ He's looking for a job in teaching.

work the job that you do to earn money. Work is a noncount noun, so you cannot say "a work" or "works": It's very difficult to find work in this city. ◆ I've been out of work (= without a job) for almost a year. ◆ She goes jogging every morning before work. employment the state of having a job that you are paid to do. This is a noncount noun, and is a more formal word than work and job : The company provides employment for 150 staff. ◆ I'm only looking for part-time employment right now.

career the jobs that someone has in a particular area of work over a period of time. Your career often involves several jobs, which usually involve more responsibility as time passes: a teaching career ◆ a career in politics ◆ Why did you decide on a career as a vet?

profession a job that needs special training and higher education: the legal profession \spadesuit She hopes to enter the medical profession. \spadesuit He's a teacher by profession.

em . pow .er / m'pauer / verb

(em \cdot pow \cdot ers , em \cdot pow \cdot er \cdot ing , em \cdot pow \cdot ered) to give someone more control over their own life or the situation they are in

The feminist movement empowered women and gave them more confidence.

em . press / 'empres / noun [count]

(plural em . press .es)

(POLITICS , HISTORY) a woman who rules a group of countries (called an **empire**), or the wife of an **emperor** (= a man who rules a group of countries)

emp . ty 1 9/ 'empti / adjective

(emp .ti .er, emp .ti .est)

with nothing or no one inside or on it The auditorium was almost empty. an empty box

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **full**.

emp ty 2 / 'empti / verb (emp ties,

emp ty ing, emp tied, has emp tied)

1 to take everything out of something

The waiter emptied the ashtrays.

We emptied our bags out onto the floor.

2 to become empty

The movie finished and the theater started to empty.

SUFFIX

-en

(in verbs) to make or become

hard en

less en

short en

weak en

en .a .ble AWL / ε'neibl / verb

(en a bles, en a bling, en a bled) (formal) to make it possible for someone to do something Your help enabled me to finish the work on time.

en .close / in klooz / verb

(en clos es , en clos ing , en closed)

1 to put something inside a letter or package *I enclose a check for \$100.*

2 to put something, for example a wall or fence, around a place on all sides

The prison is enclosed by a high wall.

en .clo .sure / ɪnˈkloʊʒər / noun [count]

a piece of land inside a wall, fence, etc. that is used for a particular purpose

a wildlife enclosure

en . coun . ter 1 AWL / m'kaonter / verb

(en coun ters, en coun ter ing, en coun tered) to experience something (a danger, difficulty, etc.)

I've never encountered any discrimination at work.

en .coun .ter 2 AWL / m'kaonter / noun

[count] a meeting or event, especially an unpleasant one that you were not expecting

an encounter with the police

en .cour .age 🔯 / ınˈkərɪdʒ / verb

(en cour ag es, en cour ag ing, en cour aged)

to give someone hope or help so that they do something or continue doing something

We encouraged him to write a book about his adventures.

→ANTONYM discourage

▶en cour ag ing / in kəridzin / adjective

Ann's grades in school are very encouraging.

en .cour .age .ment / in'keridgment / noun [noncount]

the act of encouraging someone; something you say that gives someone hope and confidence

My parents have always given me a lot of encouragement.

a few words of encouragement

en ·cy ·clo ·pe ·di ·a / εn_isaiklə pidiə / noun [count] (plural en ·cy ·clo ·pe ·di ·as)

a book or CD that gives information about a lot of different things

an encyclopedia of world history

end 1 2 / end / noun [count]

the farthest or last part of something *Turn right at the end of the street.*

They were sitting at the other end of the room.

I'm going on vacation at the end of June.

We were sad because the vacation was coming to an end .

end to end

in a line with the ends touching *They put the tables end to end.*

for...on end

for a very long time

He watches TV for hours on end.

in the end

finally; at last

In the end it was midnight when we got home.

make ends meet

to have enough money for your needs

After her husband died it was difficult to make ends meet.

put an end to something

to stop something from happening

We must put an end to this terrible war.

end 2 2 / end / verb (ends, end ing, end ed)

to stop or to finish something

What time does the movie end?

The road ends here.

Most adverbs in English end in "-ly."

We ended our vacation with a few days on the beach.

end up to finally be in a place or doing something when you did not plan it

If she continues to steal, she'll end up in prison. I ended up doing all the work myself.

en .dan .ger / m'demd3ər / verb

(en dan gers, en dan ger ing, en dan gered) to cause danger to someone or something

Smoking endangers your health.

en .dan .gered / in'deindgerd / adjective

(used about animals, plants, etc.) in danger of disappearing from the world (becoming extinct)

The panda is an endangered species.

end ing / 'ending / noun [count]

the last part of something, for example a word, story, or movie

Nouns with the ending "-ch" form the plural with "-es." The movie has a happy ending.

end . less / 'endles / adjective

never stopping or finishing; very long

The journey seemed endless.

►end .less .ly / 'endləsli / adverb

He talks endlessly about nothing.

en .dorse / m'dors / verb

(en dors es, en dors ing, en dorsed)

to give official support to a person, plan, product, etc.

The union endorsed the Democratic candidate for president.

en .dur .ance / m'dorans / noun [noncount]

the ability to continue doing something painful or uncomfortable without complaining

Running a marathon is a test of endurance.

en .dure / m'dor / verb

(en dures, en during, en dured) (formal)

to suffer something that is painful or uncomfortable, usually without complaining

The pain was almost too great to endure.

→SYNONYM bear

en .e .my 🍑/ 'ɛnəmi / noun (plural en .e .mies)

1 a person who hates you

He has made a lot of enemies .

2 the enemy [singular] the army or country that your country is fighting against in a war

The enemy is attacking from the north.

en er get ic AWL / Ener'dgetik / adjective

full of energy so that you can do a lot of things

• en . er . qet . i . cal . ly AWL / ,ɛnərˈdʒɛtɪkli / adverb

en .er .qize / 'enərdʒaız / verb

(en er giz es, en er giz ing, en er gized)

to give someone more energy

The audience was energized by his speech.

en .er .gy 🔯 AWL / ˈɛnərdʒi / noun [noncount]

1 the ability to be active without getting tired

Children are usually full of energy.

2 (PHYSICS) the power from electricity, gas, oil, etc. that is used to make machines work and to make heat and light *It is important to try to save energy*. atomic energy

en force AWL / m'fors / verb (en forc es,

en forc ing, en forced)

to make sure that people follow laws or rules *How will they enforce the new law?*

en gaged / m'gerd3d / adjective

If two people are **engaged** , they have agreed to get married

Louise is engaged to Michael.

They got engaged last year.

en .gage .ment / m'geidgmant / noun [count] an agreement to marry someone

en .gine 🔯 / ˈɛndʒən / noun [count]

1 a machine that makes things move a car engine

2 the front part of a train, which pulls the rest

en .gi .neer / ¡ɛndʒəˈnɪr / noun [count]

a person whose job is to plan, make, or repair things like machines, roads, or bridges

My brother is an electrical engineer.

en .gi .neer .ing / ˌɛndʒəˈnɪrɪŋ / noun

[noncount]

planning and making things like machines, roads, or bridges

She's studying chemical engineering at college.

En .glish / 'mglif / noun [noncount] (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) the language that is spoken in the U.S., Canada, Britain, Australia, etc. Do you speak English? (en hanc es, en hanc ing, en hanced) something more attractive

en . hance AWL / m'hæns / verb

to improve someone or something, or to make someone or

an opportunity to enhance the reputation of the company makeup that enhances your best features

en .joy 🥯/ ın'dʒəɪ / verb (en joys, en joy ing, en joyed)

to like something very much I enjoy playing soccer.

Did you enjoy your dinner?

enjoy yourself

to be happy; to have a good time I really enjoyed myself at the party.

en . joy . a . ble 2 / in dzorabl / adjective Something that is **enjoyable** makes you happy Thank you for a very enjoyable evening.

en . joy . ment 😂 / m'dʒɔɪmənt / noun

[count, noncount]

a feeling of enjoying something I get a lot of enjoyment from traveling.

→SYNONYM pleasure

en . large / m'lard3 / verb

(en larg es, en larg ing, en larged) to make something bigger

Reading will enlarge your vocabulary.

▶en · large · ment / inˈlardʒmənt / noun

[count, noncount]

an enlargement of a photograph e . nor . mous AWL / r'normas / adjective

an enormous dog

→SYNONYM huge

▶e · nor · mous · Iy AWL / ɪ'nɔrməsli / adverb very, or very much

The movie was enormously successful.

e · nough [∞]/ ¹'n∧f / adjective, pronoun, adverb

PRONUNCIATION

The word enough sounds like stuff, because sometimes the letters -qh sound like f, in words like enough, rough and tough.

as much or as many as you need

There isn't enough food for ten people.

You're too thin – you don't eat enough.

Is she old enough to drive?

If you have enough of something, you have the right amount: There's enough cake for everyone.

In negative sentences enough means "less than": The coffee isn't hot enough.

For "more than" we use too: The coffee is too hot.

en . roll / m'rool / verb

(en rolls, en rolling, en rolled)

to join a group, for example a school, college, or class. You usually pay money (called a fee) when you enroll I've enrolled in an English course.

en . sure AWL / m'for / verb

(en sures, en sur ing, en sured) (also in sure) (formal)

to make sure that something happens

Please ensure that all the lights are switched off before you

→SYNONYM make sure

en .ter 🖾/ 'enter / verb

(en ters, en ter ing, en tered)

1 (formal) to come or go into a place

They stopped talking when she entered the room.

Do not enter without knocking.

2 to give your name to someone because you want to do something like run in a race or take an exam

I entered a competition last month and won a prize.

3 to put information on paper or in a computer Please enter your name and address at the top of the form. I've entered the data into the computer.

en .ter .prise / 'enterpraiz / noun [count] a new plan, project, or business a business enterprise

en . ter . tain 🔯 / ¡ɛntərˈteɪn / verb

(en ter tains, en ter tain ing, en ter tained)

1 to say or do things that other people find interesting or funny

She entertained us all with her funny stories.

2 to give food and drink to visitors in your house We're entertaining friends this evening.

en .ter .tain .er / ¡ɛntərˈteɪnər / noun [count] a person whose job is to help people have a good time, for example by singing, dancing, or telling jokes

en ter tain ing / Enter teinin / adjective funny and interesting

The talk was informative and entertaining.

en ter tain ment 🥯 / Enter teinment / noun [count, noncount]

anything that entertains people, for example movies, concerts, or television

There isn't much entertainment for young people in this

en . thu . si . asm 🚳 / εn'θuziæzəm / noun I noncount 1

a strong feeling of wanting to do something or liking something

The students showed great enthusiasm for the new project.

en .thu .si .ast / εn'θuziæst / noun [count] a person who is very interested in an activity or a subject car enthusiasts

en thu si as tic 🛂 / m,θuzi'æstık / adjective

full of enthusiasm

The kids are very enthusiastic about sports.

▶en .thu .si .as .ti .cal .ly / ınˌθuzi¹æstıkli / adverb

en . tire / in taier / adjective

whole or complete

We spent the entire day at the beach.

en . tire . ly / ɪnˈtaɪərli / adverb

completely

That is an entirely different question. I entirely agree with you.

en . ti . tle / in taitl / verb

(en ti tles, en ti tling, en ti tled)

1 to give someone the right to have or do something I've worked hard, so I think I'm entitled to a vacation.

2 to give a title to a book, a play, etc. His latest book is entitled "Aquarium."

en . trance December / 'Entrans / noun

1 [count] the door, gate, or opening where you go into a place

I'll meet you at the entrance to the museum.

→ANTONYM exit

2 [count] coming or going into a place He made his entrance onto the stage.

→ANTONYM exit

3 [noncount] the right to go into a place They were refused entrance to the club because they were endangered species wearing jeans.

en . trée (also en . tree) / 'antrei / noun [count] the main course of a meal, especially in a restaurant The fixed price menu includes an appetizer, an entrée, and a dessert.

en . tre . pre . neur / antrepre 'ner / noun

(BUSINESS) a person who makes money by starting or running businesses

en .try / 'entri / noun (plural en .tries)

1 [noncount] the act of going into a place The thieves gained entry (= got in) through a window.

→SYNONYM entrance

2 [noncount] the right to go into a place There's a sign that says "No Entry." They were refused entry into the country.

3 [count] (also en try way / 'entriwer/) a door, gate, or passage where you enter a building

We stood in the entry of the building until the rain en .vi .ron .men .tal .ist AWL stopped.

→SYNONYM entrance

4 [count] a person or thing that is entered in a competition

The standard of the entries was very high.

5 [count] one item that is written down in a list, dictionary, diary, etc. an entry in a dictionary

en . ve . lope / 'enveloup; 'anveloup / noun

a paper cover for a letter

Did you write his address on the envelope?

en .vied, en .vies

forms of envy 2

en . vi . ous / 'envios / adjective

wanting what someone else has She's envious of her sister's success.

→SYNONYM jealous

The noun and verb are both envy

en .vi .ron .ment 😂 AWL / en'vaiernment / noun

SPELLING

Be careful! Remember to put N before M in environment .

1 the environment [singular] the air, water, land, animals, and plants around us

We must do more to protect the environment.

2 [count, noncount] the conditions in which you live, work, etc.

Children need a happy home environment.

Collocations

The environment

environmental damage

cause climate change/global warming

produce pollution/carbon dioxide/CO 2

destroy/harm the environment/wildlife

pollute the environment/the air/rivers and lakes/the

protecting the environment

reduce/limit pollution/emissions

protect/save the planet/the rain forests/an

energy and resources

save/consume/waste energy

dump/throw away garbage/trash/waste

recycle bottles/packaging/paper/waste

get/generate/produce electricity from wind/solar

en .vi .ron .men .tal AWL

/ en vaiern mentl / adjective

1 connected with the natural conditions in which people, animals, and plants live; connected with the environment We talked about pollution and other environmental problems.

2 connected with the conditions in which you live, work,

Ice on the street created an environmental hazard.

▶en · vi · ron · men · tal · ly AWL / εn vaiern menteli /

environmentally friendly packaging (= that does not harm the environment)

/ en vaiern'mentelist / noun [count]

a person who tries to protect the environment

▶en · vi · ron · men · tal · ism / εn vaiern mentelizem / noun [noncount]

en . Vy 1 / 'envi / noun [noncount]

a sad or angry feeling of wanting what another person has I couldn't hide my envy of her success.

They looked with envy at her new clothes.

→SYNONYM jealousy

en . vy 2 / 'envi / verb

(en vies, en vy ing, en vied, has en vied) to want something that someone else has; to feel envy I envy you! You always seem so happy!

en .zyme / 'enzaim / noun [count]

(BIOLOGY) a substance, produced by all living things, which helps a chemical change to happen more quickly, without being changed itself

ep · **ic** / 'spik / noun [count]

a long movie or book that contains a lot of action His latest movie is a historical epic.

ep · i · dem · ic / ˌɛpəˈdɛmɪk / noun [count]

(HEALTH) a disease that many people in a place have at the same time

a flu epidemic

ep . i . lep . sy / 'spəlspsi / noun

[noncount]

(HEALTH) a disease of the brain that can cause a person to become unconscious suddenly, sometimes with violent movements that they cannot control

ep . i . sode / 'spəsoud / noun [count]

a program on television or radio that is part of a longer story $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) +\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left(1\right) +\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left(1\right) +\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$

You can see the final episode of the series on Monday.

e .qual 1 0 / 'ikwəl / adjective

the same in size, amount, value, or level as something or someone else

Women want equal pay for equal work. Divide the pie into six equal pieces.

→ANTONYM unequal

e .qual 2 / 'ikwəl / verb

(e quals, e qual ing, e qualed)

1 to be exactly the same amount as something *Two plus two equals four* (2 + 2 = 4).

2 to be as good as someone or something *This achievement is unlikely ever to be equaled.*

e .qual 3 / 'ikwəl / noun [count]

a person who has the same ability or rights as someone else *She treats everyone as her equal.*

e · qual · i · ty / ɪˈkwalətj / noun

[noncount]

being the same or having the same rights *People are still fighting for racial equality.*

→ANTONYM inequality

e .qual .ly / 'ikwəli / adverb

1 in the same way

Diet and exercise are equally important.

2 in equal parts or amounts

The money was divided equally among her four children.

e qual sign / 'ikwəl sam / (also e quals sign)

noun [count]

(MATH) the symbol ($\underline{=}$), used in mathematics

e .qua .tion AWL / r'kwerzn / noun [count]

(MATH) a statement that two quantities are equal *In the equation* 2x + 5 = 11, what is the value of x?

e .qua .tor / r'kwerter / noun the equator

(**GEOGRAPHY**) the line on maps around the middle of the world. Countries near the **equator** are very hot.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **earth**.

► e · qua · to · ri · al / ¡ikwəˈtərɪəl / adjective equatorial rain forests

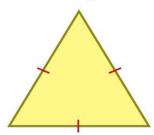
e qui lat er al tri an gle

/ ¡ikwılætərəl ˈtraıæŋgl /

noun [count]
(MATH) a share

(MATH) a shape with three straight sides that are all the same length

equilateral triangle



e . qui . nox / 'ikwə,naks / noun [count]

one of the two times in the year when the sun is above the **equator**, and day and night are of equal length the spring equinox the fall equinox

e .quip AWL / r'kwrp / verb

(e quips ,e quip ping , e quipped)

to get or have all the things that are needed for doing something

Before setting out, they equipped themselves with a map. The kitchen is well equipped.

e . quip . ment 🥯 AWL / ı'kwıpmənt / noun

[noncount]

special things that you need for doing something sports equipment a piece of equipment

e .quiv .a .lent AWL / r'kwıvələnt / adjective

equal in value, amount, meaning, importance, etc. *One mile is roughly equivalent to 1.6 kilometers.*

▶e ·quiv ·a ·lent noun [count]

Send \$20, or the equivalent in your own currency.

ER / i 'ar / short for emergency room

e .ra / 'ırə; 'ɛrə / noun [count]

($\mbox{\sc HISTORY}$) a period of time in history the Prohibition era

e .rase / I'reis / verb

(e ras es, e ras ing, e rased)

to remove something completely (for example a pencil mark, a computer file, etc.)

I like to use a pencil so that I can erase my mistakes.

e .ras .er / rerser / noun [count]

(ART) a small piece of rubber that you use for removing marks that you have made with a pencil, pen, etc.

→ Look at the picture at stationery.

e . rect 1 / I'rekt / adjective

(formal)

standing or pointing straight up *He stood with his head erect.*

e . rect 2 / 1 rekt / verb

(e rects, e rect ing, e rect ed)

to build something or to make something stand up straight *Police erected barriers to keep the crowds back.*

e .rode AWL / r'roud / verb

(e rodes, e rod ed)

(GEOGRAPHY) to destroy something slowly, especially caused by the weather, the ocean, etc.

The cliffs have been eroded by ocean waves.

►e ·ro ·sion AWL / ɪˈroʊʒn / noun [noncount] the erosion of the coastline

e . rot . ic / 1'ratık / adjective

causing sexual excitement an erotic picture

er . rand / 'erand / noun [count]

a short trip to do something, for example to buy something at a store

I have to run a few errands for my mom.

er .rat .ic / rrætik / adjective

changing without reason; that you can never be sure of $\it erratic\ behavior$

▶er .rat .i .cal .ly / ɪˈrætɪkli / adverb She was driving erratically.

er . ror S AWL / 'erər / noun [count]

something that is done wrong

The letter was sent to the wrong address because of a computer error.

I think you have made an error in calculating the total.

→SYNONYM mistake

e .rupt / I'rApt / verb

(e rupts, e rupt ing, e rupt ed)

(GEOGRAPHY) When a volcano (= a mountain with a hole in the top) erupts , smoke, hot rocks, or liquid rock (called lava) suddenly come out

The volcano could erupt at any time.

►e ·rup ·tion / r'rʌpʃn / noun [count, noncount] a volcanic eruption

es .ca .la .tor / 'eskəleitər / noun [count] moving stairs that carry people up and down

es .cape 1 2 / r'skerp / verb (es capes, es cap ing, es caped)

1 to get free from someone or something The bird escaped from its cage.

Two prisoners escaped, but were later caught.

2 to manage to avoid something dangerous or unpleasant The pilot escaped death by seconds.

es .cape 2 / r'skerp / noun [count, noncount] escaping from a place, or from a dangerous or unpleasant situation

As soon as he turned away, she would make her escape. She had a lucky escape (= something bad almost happened to her) when a truck crashed into her car.

es .cort 1 / es'kort / verb

(es corts, es cort ing, es cort ed)

to go with someone, for example to protect them or to make sure that they arrive somewhere

The police escorted her out of the building.

es .cort 2 / 'eskort / noun [count]

one or more people or vehicles that go with someone to protect them

He always travels with an armed escort.

ESL / i es 'el / abbreviation

ESL is short for "English as a second language" (= the teaching of English to speakers of other languages who are living in a country where people speak English).

 \rightarrow Look at **EFL**.

es . pe . cial . ly 🚳 / r'spefəli / adverb

1 more than usual, or more than others I hate getting up early, especially in winter. She loves animals, especially horses.

2 for a particular person or thing

I bought these flowers especially for you.

es · **pres** · **so** / ε'spresov / noun [count]

(plural es .pres .sos) a cup of strong black coffee

 \rightarrow Look at cappuccino, latte.

es .say / 'eser / noun [count]

a short piece of writing about a particular subject Our teacher asked us to write an essay on our favorite author.

es . sence / 'esns / noun [noncount]

the basic or most important quality of something The essence of the problem is that there is not enough

money available.

es .sen .tial / r/senfl / adjective

If something is essential, it is completely necessary and you must have or do it

It is essential that you study hard for this exam.

→SYNONYM vital

es . tab . lish AWL / r'stæblıʃ / verb

(es tab lish es es tab lish ing es tab lished) to start something new

The school was established in 1932.

es . tab . lish . ment AWL / r'stæblifment / noun

1 [count] (formal)

an organization, business, or store

a commercial establishment

2 [noncount] the act of creating or starting something the establishment of a new tax system

es . tate AWL / r'stert / noun [count]

1 a large piece of land in the country, which one person or family owns

2 all the money and property that someone leaves when they die

His estate was left to his daughter when he died.

→Look at real estate.

es .ti .mate 1 AWL / 'estemet / noun [count]

1 a judgment about the size or cost of something before you have all the facts and figures

Can you give me a rough estimate of how many people will be there?

2 a statement that says how much a piece of work will cost The builders gave me an estimate for the roof repairs.

es . ti . mate 2 AWL / 'estament / verb

(es_ti_mates, es_ti_mat_ing, es_ti_mat_ed) to say how much you think something will cost, how big something is, or how long it will take to do something The builders estimated that it would take a week to repair the roof.

etc. S / et 'setere / abbreviation

You use etc. at the end of a list to show that there are other things, but you are not going to name them all Remember to take some paper, a pen, etc.

Etc. is short for "et cetera."

e . ter . nal / I'tərnl / adjective

existing or continuing forever

They believe in eternal life (= life after death).

e . ter . ni . ty / r'tərnəti / noun [noncount] time that has no end; the state or time after death

eth .ic AWL / 'εθιk / noun

1 ethics [plural] moral beliefs that control or influence a person's behavior

a code of ethics for the medical profession

2 [singular] a system of moral beliefs or rules of behavior a strong work ethic

eth .i .cal AWL / 'εθιkl / adjective

1 connected with beliefs about what is right or wrong an ethical question

2 morally correct

She didn't break the law, but her behavior certainly wasn't ethical.

eth . nic AWL / 'εθnık / adjective

connected with or belonging to a group of people that share a particular culture

New York City is home to many different ethnic minorities .

et · y · mol · o · gy / ¡ɛtəˈmalədʒi / noun [count, noncount] (plural et · y · mol · o · gies)

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) the study of the history of words and their meanings, or the history of one particular word What is the etymology of this word? She's an expert in etymology.

eu ·**ro** / 'yoroo / *noun* [count] (*plural* **eu** ·**ros**) (*symbol* €)

a unit of money that people use in many European countries: *All prices are in euros*.

e . vac . u . ate / r'vækyuert / verb

(e vac u ates, e vac u at ing, e vac u at ed) to take people away from a dangerous place to a safer place The area near the factory was evacuated after the explosion.

►e .vac .u .a .tion / ɪˌvækyuˈeɪʃn / noun [count, noncount]

the evacuation of cities during the war

e .val .u .ate AWL / I'vælyueit / verb

(e.val.u.ates, e.val.u.at.ing, e.val.u.at.ed) to form an opinion about how good something is, after thinking about it carefully

We need to evaluate the program to see if it is still effective.

►e .val .u .a .tion AWL / ɪˌvælyuˈeɪʃn / noun [count, noncount]

an evaluation of our training procedures

e . vap . o . rate / r'væpereit / verb

(e.vap.o.rates, e.vap.o.rat.ing, e.vap.o.rat.ed) (PHYSICS) If a liquid **evaporates**, it changes into a gas Water evaporates if you heat it.

eve / iv / noun [count] the day before a special day

December 24 is Christmas Eve.

I went to a party on New Year's Eve (= December 31).

e . Ven 1 2 / 'ivən / adverb

1 a word that you use to say that something is surprising The game is so easy that even a child can play it. He didn't laugh – he didn't even smile.

2 a word that you use to make another word stronger *Their house is even smaller than ours.*

even if

it does not change anything if

Even if you run, you won't catch the bus.

even so

although that is true

I didn't have any lunch, but even so I'm not hungry.

even though

although

I went to the party, even though I was tired.

e . ven 2 / 'ivən / adjective

1 flat and smooth

The game must be played on an even surface.

→ANTONYM uneven

2 not changing

The wine should be stored at an even temperature.

3 the same; equal

Sara won the first game and I won the second, so we're even.

4 (MATH) **Even** numbers can be divided exactly by two *4*, *6*, *8*, and 10 are even numbers.

→ANTONYM **odd**

get even with someone

(informal)

to hurt someone who has hurt you

eve . ning ②/ 'ivnin / noun [count, noncount] the part of the day between the end of the afternoon and the night

What are you doing this evening?

Most people watch television in the evening.

John came on Monday evening.

good evening

(formal)

words that you say when you see someone for the first time in the evening

e . ven . ly / 'ivənli / adverb

in a smooth, regular, or equal way

The teams were evenly balanced.

Spread the mixture evenly in the pan.

e . vent 2 / r'vent / noun [count]

1 something important that happens

My sister's wedding was a big event for our family.

2 a race or competition

The next event will be the high jump.

e vent ful / r'ventfl / adjective

full of important or exciting things happening *It's been a pretty eventful week!*

e . ven . tu . al AWL / r'ventsuel / adjective

happening as a result at the end of a period of time or of a process

We still don't know what the eventual cost will be.

e . ven . tu . al . ly AWL / r'ventʃəli / adverb after a long time

The bus eventually arrived two hours late.

ev . er 🔯 / 'evər / adverb

at any time

"Have you ever been to Africa?" "No, I haven't." I hardly ever (= almost never) see Peter.

ever since

in all the time since

I've known Lucy ever since we were children.

 \rightarrow Look at forever.

ev er green / 'evergrin / noun [count]

a tree or bush that has green leaves all through the year

eve . ry 🥯 / 'evri / adjective

1 all of the people or things in a group *She knows every student in the school.*

2 used for saying how often something happens *He calls every evening*.

I see Robert every now and then (= sometimes, but not often).

She comes every other day (= for example on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday but not on Tuesday or Thursday) .

eve · ry · bod · y 🍮 / ˈɛvriˌbadi ; ˈɛvriˌbʌdi /

another word for everyone

eve .ry .day / 'evridei / adjective

normal; not special

Computers are now part of everyday life.

eve .ry .one 5/ 'evriwan / (also eve .ry.bod.y)

pronoun

each person; all people Everyone knows Tom.

Everyone has a chance to win.

Which word?

Everyone or someone?

You use **someone** for one person: *Someone is singing outside my window.*

You use **everyone** for all people: *Everyone was singing* "Happy Birthday."

eve .ry .thing 😂 / ˈενriθɪŋ / pronoun

1 each thing; all things

Sam lost everything in the fire.

Everything in that store is very expensive.

2 the most important thing

Money isn't everything, you know.

eve .ry . where 🚳 / 'evriwer / adverb

in all places or to all places

I've looked everywhere for my pen, but I can't find it.

e . vict / I'vikt / verb

(e victs, e vict ing, e vict ed)

to officially force someone to leave the house they are living in

They were evicted for not paying the rent.

ev .i .dence 🔯 AWL / 'evədəns / noun

[noncount]

the facts, signs, or objects that make you believe that something is true

The police searched the room, looking for evidence.

There is evidence of a link between smoking and cancer.

give evidence

to say what you know about someone or something in a court of law

The man who saw the accident will give evidence in court.

ev .i .dent AWL / 'evadant / adjective

easy to see or understand

It was evident that the damage was very serious.

→SYNONYM obvious

ev . i . dent . ly AWL / 'Evodontli / adverb

clearly; that can be easily seen or understood *She was evidently very upset.*

→SYNONYM obviously

e . VII 1 5 / 'ivl / adjective

morally bad and cruel an evil person

e . vil 2 / 'ivl / noun [count, noncount]

something that causes bad or harmful things to happen the struggle between $good\ and\ evil$

illegal drugs and other evils of modern society

ev · **o** · **lu** · **tion** AWL / ενθ'luſn / noun

[noncount]

(BIOLOGY) the development of plants and animals from simple early forms, which happens over a long period of time

Darwin's theory of evolution

►ev · o · lu · tion · ar · y AWL / ¡ενəˈluʃneri / adjective evolutionary theories

e . volve AWL / r'valv / verb

(e.volves, e.volv .ing, e.volved)

1 to develop slowly over time

His style of painting has evolved over the past 20 years.

 ${\bf 2}$ (${\bf BIOLOGY}$) If plants or animals ${\bf evolve}$, they change slowly over a long period of time from simple forms to more advanced ones

The three species evolved from a single ancestor.

ex .act 🔯 / ɪgˈzækt / adjective

completely correct

We need to know the exact time the incident occurred.

ex .act . ly 😂 / ıgˈzæktli / adverb

1 You use **exactly** when you are asking for or giving information that is completely correct

Can you tell me exactly what happened? It cost exactly \$10.

→SYNONYM precisely

2 in every way or detail

This shirt is exactly what I wanted.

→SYNONYM just

3 You use exactly to agree with someone

"So you mean someone in this room must be the thief?" "Exactly."

ex .ag .ger .ate 🔯 / ɪgˈzædʒəreɪt / verb

(ex ag ger ates, ex ag ger at ing,

ex ag ger at ed)

SPELLING

Remember! You spell exaggerate with GG.

to say that something is bigger, better, worse, etc. than it really is

Don't exaggerate! I was only two minutes late, not twenty.

▶ex .ag .ger .a .tion / ɪgˌzædʒə¹reɪʃn / noun

[count, noncount]

It's a bit of an exaggeration to say she can't speak English!

ex .am \(\rightarrow \) / rg'zem / noun [count]

a test of what you know or can do

We have an English exam next week.

"Did you pass all your exams?" "No, I failed history."

Collocations

Work and exams

doing

do your homework/an assignment/a paper/an essay write a paper/an essay/a report

turn in/hand in your homework/an assignment/a paper

take a test/an exam/a quiz

passing/failing

grade homework/a test

pass/do well on a test/an exam/a quiz

fail a test/an exam/a class

get a good grade/an A/a B/a diploma

ex .am .i .na .tion 💁/ ɪgˌzæməˈneɪʃn / noun

1 [count, noncount] the act of looking carefully at someone or something

a medical examination

2 [count] (formal)

another word for **exam**

ex am ine 2/ ig/zæman / verb

(ex ${\scriptscriptstyle \perp}$ am ${\scriptscriptstyle \perp}$ ines , ex ${\scriptscriptstyle \perp}$ am ${\scriptscriptstyle \perp}$ in ${\scriptscriptstyle \perp}$ ing , ex ${\scriptscriptstyle \perp}$ am ${\scriptscriptstyle \perp}$ ined)

1 to look carefully at something or someone The doctor examined her, but could find nothing wrong. Have the car examined by an expert before you buy it. **2** (*formal*) to ask questions to find out what someone knows or what they can do

You will be examined on everything you have learned this year.

ex .am .ple 5 / Ig'zempl / noun [count]

something that shows what other things of the same kind are like

This dictionary gives many examples of how words are used in sentences.

for example

used for giving an example

Do you speak any other languages, for example Spanish or French?

The short way of writing "for example" is e.g.

 $\textbf{ex} \cdot \textbf{as} \cdot \textbf{per} \cdot \textbf{at} \cdot \textbf{ed} \ / \ \text{Ig'zespə, reitid} \ /$

adjective

feeling angry with something or someone

"Oh, come on!" she said, clearly exasperated with me.

ex .ceed AWL / ik'sid / verb

(ex ceeds, ex ceed ed)

to be more than a particular number or amount *The weight must not exceed 20 pounds.*

The noun is excess.

ex . **cel** / ık'sɛl / verb

(ex cels, ex cel ling, ex celled)
(formal)

to be very good at doing something *Anne excels in sports.*

ex .cel .lence / 'eksələns / noun

[noncount]

being very good

This school is known for academic excellence.

ex .cel .lent 🔯 / 'eksələnt / adjective

very good

She speaks excellent Spanish.

not including someone or something

The restaurant is open every day except Sunday.

Everyone went to the party except for me.

except that

used before you say something that makes a statement not completely true

I don't know what he looks like, except that he's very tall.

ex . **cep** . **tion** / ιk'sεpʃn / noun [count]

a person or thing that is not the same as the others Most of his books are good, but this one is an exception. with the exception of someone or something except

I like all vegetables with the exception of cabbage.

→SYNONYM apart from

ex .cep .tion .al / ik'sepfanl / adjective

very good, especially if this is unusual *She is an exceptional pianist.*

►ex ·cep ·tion ·al ·ly / ɪkˈsɛpʃənli / adverb He was an exceptionally good student.

ex . **cess** / **ik**'ses / **noun** [singular]

more than is necessary or usual

An excess of stress can make you sick.

►ex .cess / 'ɛksɛs / adjective

Cut any excess fat off the meat.

The verb is **exceed**.

ex .ces .sive / ik'sesiv / adjective

too much or too great

I think \$40 for a steak is excessive.

The police officer was accused of using excessive force.

▶ex .ces .sive .ly / ik'sɛsivli / adverb

ex .change 1 2 / iksteind3 / noun

[count, noncount]

giving or receiving something in return for something else a useful exchange of information

We can offer free accommodations in exchange for some help in the house.

→ Look at stock exchange.

ex . change 2 0 / 1ks tjeind3 / verb

(ex chang es , ex chang ing , ex changed)

to give one thing and get another thing for it

I would like to exchange this skirt for a bigger size. We exchanged phone numbers.

ex . **change rate** / **iks** t f e ind 3 | reit / **noun** [count]

(BUSINESS) how much money from one country you can buy with money from another country

The exchange rate is 0.7 euros to the dollar.

ex .cite / ik'sait / verb

(ex.cites, ex.cit.ing, ex.cit.ed)

to make a person feel very happy or enthusiastic so that they are not calm

Please don't excite the children too much or they won't sleep tonight.

ex . cit . ed 🚳 / ıkˈsaɪtəd / adjective

not calm, for example because you are happy about something that is going to happen

He's getting very excited about his vacation.

ex cite ment o / ik'saitment / noun

[noncount]

a feeling of being excited

There was great excitement in the stadium before the game began.

ex .cit .ing 💿 / ıkˈsaɪtɪŋ / adjective

Something that is **exciting** makes you have strong feelings of happiness and enthusiasm

an exciting story

Her new job sounds very exciting.

ex .claim / ık'skleım / verb

(ex claims, ex claim ing, ex claimed)

to say something suddenly and loudly because you are surprised or angry

"I don't believe it!" she exclaimed.

ex .cla .ma .tion / ¡ɛkskləˈmeɪʃn / noun

[count

($\mbox{ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS}$) a short word or phrase that you use to show surprise, pain, happiness, etc.

"Oh," "Hey," and "Wow" are exclamations.

He gave an exclamation of surprise.

→SYNONYM interjection

ex .cla .ma .tion point

/ ¡ɛkskləˈmeɪʃn ˌpɔɪnt / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a mark (!) that you use in writing to show loud or strong words, or surprise

ex . clude AWL / Ik'sklud / verb

(ex cludes, ex clud ing, ex clud ed)

1 to deliberately not include something *The price excludes tax.*

→ANTONYM include

2 to not allow a person to enter a place or do an activity *Students were excluded from the meeting.*

ex . clud . ing AWL / ık'skludıŋ / preposition without

The meal cost \$45, excluding drinks.

→ANTONYM including

ex . **cur** . **sion** / ık'skərʒn / noun [count]

a short trip to see something interesting or to enjoy yourself We're going on an excursion to the island on Sunday.

EX . CUSE 1 / ik'skyus / noun [count]

PRONUNCIATION

When the word **excuse** is a noun, it ends with a sound like **juice** or **loose** .

When the word **excuse** is a verb, it ends with a sound like **shoes** or **choose**.

words you say or write to explain why you have done something wrong

You're late! What's your excuse this time?

There's no excuse for rudeness.

ex . **cuse** 2 **o**/ 1k'skyuz / verb

(ex.cus.es, ex.cus.ing, ex.cused)

used when you want to say that you are sorry for something that is not very bad

Please excuse us for being late – we missed the bus.

excuse me

 $\boldsymbol{1}\,$ words you use when you want to start talking to someone you do not know

Excuse me, could you tell me the time?

2 words you use to say that you are sorry

Did I step on your foot? Excuse me.

3 Excuse me? words you use to ask someone to repeat what they just said

"Is this your bag?" "Excuse me?" "I asked if this was your bag."

ex .e .cute / 'eksəkyut / verb

(ex .e .cutes, ex .e .cut .ing, ex .e .cut .ed)

to kill a person as a legal punishment

He was executed for murder.

▶ex · e · cu · tion / ¡εksəˈkyuʃn / noun

[count, noncount]

the execution of prisoners

ex . **ec** . **u** . **tive** 1 / Ig'zɛkyətɪv / noun [count]

(BUSINESS) a person who has an important position in a business or organization

ex .ec .u .tive 2 / 1g'zɛkyətjv / adjective

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ ($\boldsymbol{\text{BUSINESS}}$) connected with managing and making decisions in a business or organization

an executive director of a company

executive decisions

2 (POLITICS) connected with the part of the government that makes decisions about running the country *the executive branch of the federal government*

Word building

The U.S. Government

The government in the U.S. is divided into three parts: the **legislative branch**, the **executive branch**, and the **judicial branch**.

The legislative branch is responsible for making laws. This is the U.S. Congress, which is made up of two groups of people: the Senate and the House of Representatives.

The executive branch is led by the president, and includes the vice president and the rest of the Cabinet (= other important politicians).

The judicial branch includes the **Supreme Court** , which is the most important court in the country.

ex .empt / Ig'zempt / adjective

If you are **exempt** from something, you do not have to do it *Are full-time students exempt from jury duty?*

ex . **er** . **cise** 1 🔯 / 'ɛksərsaız / *noun*

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ [noncount] ($\boldsymbol{\text{HEALTH}}$) moving your body to keep it strong and well

Swimming is very good exercise.

Collocations

Diet and Exercise

healthy eating

eat a healthy/balanced diet

be on/go on a diet

avoid/cut down on alcohol/caffeine/fatty foods

staying healthy

be/get/stay healthy/in shape

put on/gain/lose weight/a few pounds

watch/control your weight

exercise

get regular/plenty of exercise

do yoga/aerobics

play football/hockey/tennis

go cycling/jogging/swimming

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ [<code>count</code>] (<code>HEALTH</code>) a special movement that you do to keep your body strong and well

This exercise is good for your back.

3 [count] a piece of work that you do to learn something *Please do exercises 1 and 2 for homework.*

ex .er .cise 2 / 'eksərsaiz / verb

($ex \cdot er \cdot cis \cdot es$, $ex \cdot er \cdot cis \cdot ing$, $ex \cdot er \cdot cised$)

(HEALTH) to move your body to keep it strong and well *They exercise in the park every morning.*

ex . **er** . **tion** / rg'zərʃn / noun [noncount]

using your body in a way that takes a lot of effort You should avoid any physical exertion for the next four weeks

ex . hale / Eks'heil / verb

(ex hales, ex hal ing, ex haled)

(BIOLOGY) to let air, smoke, etc. out of your body by breathing

He sat back and exhaled deeply. →ANTONYM inhale

ex . haust 1 / Ig'zost / noun

 $\boldsymbol{1} \; [\; \text{noncount} \;]$ the waste gas that comes out of a vehicle, an engine, or a machine

car exhaust

2 (also ex haust pipe / \lg 'zəst pa $_$ P /) a pipe through which waste gases come out, for example on a car

→SYNONYM tailpipe

ex . haust 2 / Ig'zost / verb

(ex hausts, ex haust ing, ex haust ed)

to make you feel very tired

The long trip exhausted us.

►ex ·haust ·ing / ɪgˈzɔstɪŋ / adjective

Teaching young children can be exhausting.

ex . haust . ed / Ig'zostad / adjective very tired

I'm exhausted – I think I'll go to bed.

ex . haus . tion / Ig'zostʃən / noun [noncount] being extremely tired suffering from exhaustion

ex . hib . it 1 AWL / Ig'zibət / (also ex . hi . bi . tion

 $/ [\epsilon ks = b] (n /)$ noun [count, noncount]

(ART) an object or a group of objects that are arranged in a museum, etc. so that people can look at them a special exhibit of works by local artists

Her paintings will be on exhibit through the end of August.

ex . hib . it 2 AWL / Ig'zibət / verb (ex . hib . its , ex . hib . it . ing , ex . hib . it . ed)

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{ART}}$) to show something in a public place for people to look at

Her photographs have been exhibited all over the world.

ex . hi . bi . tion AWL / ¡Eksəˈbɪʃn / noun [count, noncount]

another word for exhibit 1

ex .ile / 'egzail; 'eksail / noun (POLITICS)

1 [noncount] having to live away from your own country, especially for political reasons or as a punishment *Napoleon spent the last years of his life in exile* .

 $\boldsymbol{2} \ [$ count] a person who has to live away from their own country

ex .ist 🔯 / ɪgˈzɪst / verb

(ex lists, ex list ling, ex list led)

to be real; to live

Does life exist on other planets?

That word does not exist.

ex .is .tence / <code>ig'zistens / noun</code> [noncount]

being real; living

It is the oldest language in existence.

ex .ist .ing / ɪgˈzɪstɪŋ / adjective

that is already there or being used now *Under the existing law, you are not allowed to work in this country.*

ex . it o / 'sgzət; 'sksət / noun [count]

1 a way out of a building Where is the exit? an emergency exit

→ANTONYM entrance

2 a place where cars can leave a highway *We need to get off at the next exit.*

ex . **ot** . **ic** / 1g'zatjk / adjective

strange or interesting because it comes from another country

exotic fruits

ex pand AWL / ik'spænd / verb (ex pands, ex pand ing, ex pand ed) to become bigger or to make something bigger Metals expand when they are heated. We hope to expand the business this year.

→ Look at contract 2.

►ex .pan .sion AWL / ıkˈspænʃn / noun

[noncount]

The city's rapid expansion has caused a lot of problems.

ex . pect 😂/ ık'spɛkt / verb

(ex pects, ex pect ing, ex pect ed)

 ${f 1}$ to think that someone or something will come, or that something will happen

I'm expecting a letter.

We expected it to be hot in Hawaii, and it was.

She's expecting a baby (= she is going to have a baby) in June.

2 If you are **expected** to do something, you must do it *I am expected to work every Saturday.*

ex .pec .ta .tion / ¡EkspEk'teIʃn / noun

[count, noncount] a belief that something will happen Against all expectations, we enjoyed ourselves.

ex . **pe** . **di** . **tion** / ¡ɛkspəˈdɪʃn / noun [count] a long trip to find or do something special an expedition to the South Pole

Thesaurus

trip an act of traveling from one place to another, and usually back again. A **trip** can be short or long, and can be for business or pleasure: a **business trip** \spadesuit a round-the-world trip \spadesuit a trip to the grocery store \spadesuit They **took** a **trip** down the river. \spadesuit We just got back from our trip to Japan. We had a great time.

travel the general activity of moving from place to place. With this meaning, travel is a noncount noun. A person's travels are the time he or she spends traveling, especially in foreign countries and for pleasure: air/rail/space travel ◆ Foreign travel is very popular these days. ◆ The book is about her travels around Europe.

journey a long and often difficult trip from one place to another: It was a dangerous journey across the mountains. ◆ They continued their journey on foot.

expedition a long, organized trip to find out about a place or to do something special: He led the first expedition to the North Pole. ◆ She made two expeditions to Brazil to study the wild plants.

voyage a long trip by water or in space: The Titantic sank on its first voyage. ◆ The spacecraft began its voyage to Jupiter.

ex . **pel** / ik'spɛl / verb

(ex pels, ex pel ling, ex pelled)

to send someone away from a school, an organization, or a country: *The boys were expelled from school for smoking.*

ex . pense / ık'spens / noun

1 [count, noncount] the cost of something *Having a car is a big expense.*

Thesaurus

price the money that you have to pay to buy something: What's the price of gas now? ◆ We can't afford the car at that price. ◆ house prices

cost the money that you need to buy, make, or do something: The cost of electricity is going up. ◆ A new computer system was installed at a cost of \$80,000. ◆ the cost of living (= the amount of money you need to pay for food, clothes, and a place to live)

charge the money that you pay for goods or services: Is there a charge for parking here? ◆ Delivery is **free** of **charge** (= costs nothing).

fee the money you pay to go into a place, or for professional advice or services from doctors, lawyers, colleges, etc.: Some lawyers charge extremely high fees for their services. ◆ an annual membership fee ◆ tuition fees

expense the money you spend on something, or STYLE something that makes you spend money: The house was decorated at great expense. • Owning a car is a

2 expenses [plural] money that you spend on a certain I explained why we needed the money. thing

The company pays our travel expenses.

ex . **pen** . **sive 2** / ık'spensıv / adjective Something that is **expensive** costs a lot of money expensive clothes

The meal was very expensive.

→ANTONYM cheap

1 [noncount] knowing about something because you have seen it or done it

She has four years' teaching experience.

Do you have much experience of working with children?

2 [count] something that has happened to you

He wrote a book about his experiences in South America.

ex . **pe** . **ri** . **ence** 2 / ik spirions / verb (ex .pe .ri .enc .es , ex .pe .ri .enc .ing , ex .pe .ri .enced)

If you **experience** something, it happens to you Everyone experiences failure at some time in their lives.

ex .pe .ri .enced / ık'spıriənst / adjective If you are **experienced** , you know about something because you have done it many times before She's an experienced driver.

→ANTONYM inexperienced

ex .per .i .ment / ık'sperəmənt / verb

(ex per i ments, ex per i ment ing,

ex .per .i .ment .ed)

to do an experiment or to test something I don't think it's right to experiment on animals. young people who experiment with (= try) illegal drugs

ex . per . i . ment 😂 / ık'sperəmənt / noun [count]

(GENERAL SCIENCE) a scientific test that you do to find out what will happen or to see if something is true They have to do experiments to find out if the drug is safe for humans.

ex . **pert** AWL / 'ekspert / noun [count]

a person who knows a lot about something He's an expert on American literature.

a computer expert

ex . per . tise AWL / . Ekspər 'tiz / noun

[noncount]

knowing a lot about a particular subject, activity, or job scientific expertise

ex . **pire** / ık'sparer / verb

(ex pires, ex pir ing, ex pired)

to come to the end of the time when you can use an official

I need to renew my driver's license before it expires next

ex . **plain 2**/ ık'spleın / verb

(ex plains, ex plain ing, ex plained)

1 to tell someone about something so that they understand

The teacher usually explains the new words to us. He explained how to use the machine.

We say "Explain it to me ." It is wrong to say "Explain me it."

2 to give a reason for something

ex .pla .na .tion Ѿ/ˌɛkspləˈneɪʃn / noun

[count, noncount]

something that helps someone understand something, or a reason for something

Did they give any explanation for their behavior?

ex . **plic** . **it** AWL / ık'splısət / adjective

clear; making something easy to understand

She gave me explicit instructions not to touch anything.

►ex . plic . it . ly AWL / ık'splısətli / adverb

He was explicitly forbidden to stay out past midnight.

ex . plode **2**/ ik'sploud / verb

(ex_plodes, ex_plod_ing, ex_plod_ed)

to burst suddenly with a very loud noise

A bomb exploded in the city center, killing two people. The noun is **explosion** .

ex . **ploit** AWL / ık'sploit / verb

(ex ploits, ex ploit ing, ex ploit ed)

to treat someone badly to get what you want Some employers exploit workers, making them work long hours for low pay.

ex . plore \(\square \) / ik'splor / verb

(ex plores, ex plor ing, ex plored)

to travel around a new place to learn about it They explored the area on foot.

▶ex .plo .ra .tion / [εkspləˈreɪʃn / noun [count, noncount] the exploration of space

ex · **plor** · **er** / rk'splorer / noun [count]

a person who travels around a new place to learn about it The first European explorers arrived in America in the 15th century.

the sudden bursting and loud noise of something such as a bomb exploding

There was an explosion, and pieces of glass flew everywhere.

The verb is **explode** .

ex . **plo** . **sive** / ık'splousıv / adjective

(CHEMISTRY) Something that is **explosive** can cause an explosion

an explosive gas

▶ex .plo .sive noun [count] (CHEMISTRY) a substance that can make things explode

EX · **port** 1 **AWL** / εk'sport / verb

(ex ports, ex port ing, ex port ed)

(BUSINESS) to sell things to another country Japan exports cars to the United States.

→ANTONYM import

ex . port . er AWL / &k'sportor / noun [count]

the world's biggest exporter of oil → ANTONYM importer

ex . **port** 2 **AWL** / 'eksport / noun (BUSINESS)

1 [noncount] selling things to another country

These cars are made for export.

2 [count] something that you sell to another country The country's main exports are tea and cotton.

→ANTONYM import

ex . pose AWL / ik'spooz / verb

(ex pos es, ex pos ing, ex posed)

1 to show something that is usually covered or hidden He undid his top button, exposing his neck. The newspaper exposed her terrible secret.

2 to put someone in a difficult or dangerous situation *A baby's skin should not be exposed to the sun for too long.*

ex . **po** . **sure** AWL / ık'spoʊʒər / noun

[noncount]

being put in a difficult or dangerous situation *Exposure to radiation is harmful.*

ex . **press** 1 / 1k'spres / verb

(ex press es, ex press ing, ex pressed) to say or show how you think or feel She expressed her ideas well.

ex · **press** 2 / 1k'sprεs / adjective

that goes or is sent very quickly an express bus express mail

► ex · press adverb I sent the package express.

ex . **pres** . **sion a** / ık'sprɛʃn / noun [count]

1 the look on your face that shows how you feel *an expression of surprise*

2 (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a word or group of words; a way of saying something

The expression "to drop off" means "to fall asleep."

ex . **pres** . **sive** / ık'spresıv / adjective

showing feelings or thoughts an expressive piece of music Hannah has a very expressive face.

ex . press . way / ik'spreswer / (also free . way

/ 'friwer/) noun [count]

a wide road where vehicles can travel fast *Turn right and get on the expressway.*

ex .pul . Sion / Ik'spalsn / noun

[count, noncount]

the official act of making someone leave a school, an organization, or a country

There have been three expulsions from school this year. The verb is **expel** .

ex .qui .site / ıkˈskwızət / adjective

extremely beautiful

She has an exquisite face.

ex . **tend** / ık'stɛnd / verb (ex . tends ,

ex tend ing, extended)

1 to make something longer or bigger

I'm extending my vacation for another week.

2 to reach or stretch over an area

The park extends as far as the river.

ex .tend .ed fam .i .ly /ik,stended 'fæmeli / noun [count] (plural ex .tend .ed fam .i .lies)

a large family group that includes uncles, aunts, cousins, grandparents, etc.

Are you planning to invite your whole extended family to the wedding?

ex . ten . sion / ik'stenfn / noun

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ [count, noncount] the act of making something bigger or longer

the extension of the president's powers

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ [count] a new part that you add to a building to make it bigger

They built an extension on the back of the house.

3 [count] extra time that you are allowed to do something

I need to ask my tutor for an extension on my English paper.

4 [count] one of the telephones in a building that is connected to the main telephone

Can I have extension 4110, please?

ex . ten . sive / ıkˈstɛnsıv / adjective

large in area or amount

The house has extensive grounds.

Many buildings suffered extensive damage.

ex .tent / ik'stent / noun [noncount]

how big something is

I had no idea of the full extent of the problem (= how big it was).

to a certain extent ; to some extent

used to show that you do not think something is completely true

I agree with you to a certain extent.

ex . te . ri . or / ık'stıriər / noun

[count, usually singular]

the outside part of something, especially a building *We painted the exterior of the house white.*

→ANTONYM interior

▶ex .te .ri .or adjective

an exterior door →ANTONYM interior

ex .ter .nal AWL / ık'stərnl / adjective

on, of, or from the outside

external walls →ANTONYM internal

ex . tinct / ik'stinkt / adjective

(BIOLOGY) If a type of animal or plant is $\boldsymbol{extinct}$, it does not exist now

Dinosaurs became extinct millions of years ago.

►ex ·tinc ·tion / ik'stinksin / noun [noncount]

The panda is in danger of extinction.

ex .tin .guish / ik'stingwiʃ / verb

(ex .tin .guish .es , ex .tin .guish .ing , ex .tin .guished)

(formal)

to make something stop burning

It took several hours to extinguish the fire.

→SYNONYM put out

more than what is usual

I've put an extra blanket on your bed because it's cold tonight.

The room costs \$100, and you have to pay extra for breakfast.

ex . tra 2 / 'ekstrə / noun [count]

1 a person in a movie, etc. who has a small, not important part, for example in a crowd

2 something that costs more, or that is not usually included *All the little extras added \$300 to the cost of the computer.*

ex . tract 1 AWL / ik'strækt / verb

(ex .tracts, ex .tract .ing, ex .tract .ed) (formal) to take something out, especially with difficulty

We'll have to extract two teeth to make room for the new ones.

ex .tract 2 AWL / 'skstrækt / noun [count]

(<code>ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS</code> , <code>MUSIC</code>) a part of a book, piece of music, etc. that shows what the rest is like

We're reading extracts of Thoreau and Emerson this semester.

ex · tra · cur · ric · u · lar / εkstrəkə rıkyələr / adjective

not part of the usual studies at a school or college His extracurricular activities include sports and music lessons.

ex . **traor** . **di** . **nar** . **y** / ık'strordə,neri / adjective

very unusual or strange

What an extraordinary thing to say!

ex . **trav** . **a** . **gant** / ık'strævəgənt / *adjective* If you are **extravagant** , you spend too much money He's pretty extravagant – he goes everywhere by taxi.

▶ex .trav .a .gance / ɪkˈstrævəgəns / noun

[count, noncount]

the act or habit of spending too much money *There are no limits to his extravagance.*

ex . treme 🔯 / ıkˈstrim / adjective

1 very great or strong

the extreme cold of the Arctic

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ If you say that a person is $\boldsymbol{extreme}$, you mean that their ideas are too strong.

3 as far away as possible

They came from the extreme north of Alaska.

ex . treme . ly 🥯 / ık'strimli / adverb

very

He's extremely good-looking.

ex . **treme sports** / ık_istrim 'sports / *noun* [plural]

(SPORTS) sports that are very exciting and often dangerous to do

ex .tro .vert / 'ekstravart / noun [count]

a person who is confident and prefers being with other people to being alone

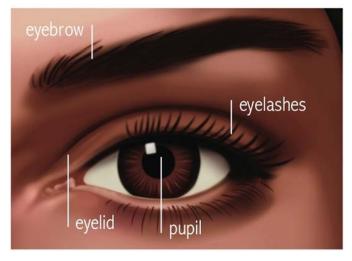
→ANTONYM introvert

eye 🥯 / aɪ / noun [count]

one of the two parts in your head that you see with *She has blue eyes*.

Open your eyes!

eye



catch someone's eye

1 to make someone look at you

Try to catch the waiter's eye the next time he comes this way.

2 If something **catches your eye**, you see it suddenly *Her bright yellow hat caught my eye.*

in someone's eyes

in the opinion of someone

Richard is 42, but in his mother's eyes, he's still a little boy!

keep an eye on someone or something

to watch someone or something to make sure it is safe Will you keep an eye on my bag while I go to the restroom?

see eye to eye with someone

to agree with someone

Mr. Harper doesn't always see eye to eye with his neighbors.

eye . ball / 'aibol / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{BIOLOGY}}$) the whole eye, including the part that is inside the head

eye . brow / 'aibrao / noun

[count]

one of the two lines of hair above your eyes

eye .glass .es / 'arglæsəz / noun [plural] = glasses

eye . lash / 'ailæʃ/ noun [count]

(plural eye lash es) (also lash / læʃ/)

one of the hairs that grow in a line on your **eyelid** *She has beautiful long eyelashes.*

eye . lid / 'ailid / noun [count]

the piece of skin that can move to close your eye

eye . shad . ow / 'aɪʃædoʊ / noun [noncount] color that is put on the skin over the eyes to make them look more attractive

eye . sight / 'aisait / noun [noncount]

the ability to see

Your eyesight is very good.



F, **f** / ε**f** / **noun** [count, noncount]

1 (plural F's, f's / efs /) the sixth letter of the English alphabet

"Father" begins with an "F."

2 F (GENERAL SCIENCE) abbreviation of Fahrenheit Water freezes at 32°F.

3 F the lowest grade that is given for a test or piece of work. An **F** means that the person has failed

I got an F on my essay and had to write it again.

fa .ble / 'feibl / noun

[count

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a short story, usually about animals, that teaches people a lesson (called a moral)

fab .ric / 'fæbrik / noun

[count, noncount]

cloth that is used for making things such as clothes *cotton fabrics*

fab . u . lous / 'fæbyələs / adjective

very good

The food smells fabulous!

→SYNONYM wonderful

face 1 2 / feis / noun [count]

1 the front part of your head Have you washed your face? She had a smile on her face.

Collocations

Physical Appearance

blue/green/brown eyes pale/flushed/rosy cheeks white/perfect/crooked teeth a long/short/neat beard

hair and skin

pale/fair/dark skin smooth/wrinkled skin straight/curly/wavy hair a bald/shaved head

2 the front or one side of something a clock face

He put the cards face down on the table.

face to face

If two people are **face to face**, they are looking straight at each other

They stood face to face.

keep a straight face

to not smile or laugh when something is funny I couldn't keep a straight face when he dropped his watch in the soup!

make a face

to move your mouth and eyes to show that you do not like something

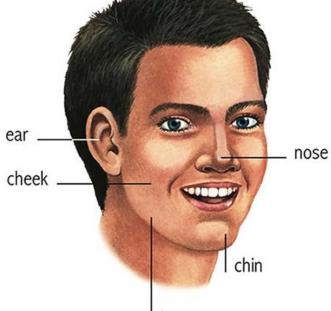
She made a face when she saw what was for dinner.

to someone's face

If you say something to someone's face, you say it when that person is with you

I wanted to say that I was sorry to her face, not on the phone. face





jaw

face 2 / feis / verb (fac es , fac ing , faced)

1 to have your face or front toward something Can you all face the front of the class, please? My bedroom faces the backyard.

2 to deal with an unfriendly person or a difficult situation I can't face going to work today – I'm too sick.

let's face it (informal)

we must agree that it is true

Let's face it - you're not very good at math.

face-lift (also face lift) / 'feislift / noun [count] a medical operation to make your face look younger

fa . cial / 'feifl / adjective

connected with the face a facial expression facial hair

fa . cil . i . tate AWL / fə'sıləteit / verb

(fa cil i tates, fa cil i tat ing, fa cil i tat ed) (formal) to make something possible or easier teaching techniques that facilitate learning

fa . cil . i . ties AWL / fəˈsɪlətjiz / noun [plural] services, rooms, equipment, etc. that make it possible to do something

Our school has very good sports facilities .

fact / fækt / noun [count]

something that you know has happened or is true It's a fact that the earth travels around the sun.

in fact : in actual fact

used to show that something is true; really

I thought she was 21 years old, but in actual fact she's only

I think I saw him - in fact, I'm sure I did.

fac . tor AWL / 'fækter / noun [count]

1 one of the things that influence a situation, a decision, etc.

Cost was a major factor in deciding where I went to

2 (MATH) a whole number by which a larger number can be divided

2, 3, 4, and 6 are factors of 12.

fac . to . ry 2 / 'fækteri / noun [count] (plural fac .to .ries)

a place where people make things, usually with machines He works at the automobile factory.

fac . tu . al / 'fæktʃuəl / adjective

based on or containing facts a factual account of events

fac . ul . ty / 'fæklti / noun [count, noncount] (plural fac ul ties)

the people who teach at a school, college, or university She is on the faculty at Columbia Business School. a faculty meeting

fade / feid / verb (fades, fad ing, fad ed) to become lighter in color or less strong

Will this shirt fade when I wash it? The cheers of the crowd faded away.

Fahr . en . heit / 'færənhait / noun [noncount] (abbreviation F)

(GENERAL SCIENCE) a way of measuring temperature. Water freezes at 32° Fahrenheit and boils at 212° Fahrenheit 110°F

→ Look at Celsius.

fail 1 2 / feil / verb (fails, fail ing, failed)

1 to not pass an exam or test She failed her driving test again. How many students failed last year?

→ANTONYM pass

2 to try to do something but not be able to do it He played well but failed to win the match.

→ANTONYM succeed

3 to not do something that you should do The driver failed to stop at a red light.

fail 2 / feil / noun without fail

certainly

Be there at twelve o'clock without fail!

fail .ure 🔯 / 'feilyər / noun

1 [noncount] lack of success

The search for the missing children ended in failure.

2 [count] a person or thing that does not do well I felt that I was a failure because I didn't have a job.

→ANTONYM success

faint 1 / femt / adjective (faint er, faint est)

1 not clear or strong

We could hear the faint sound of music in the distance.

2 If you feel faint, you feel that you are going to fall, for example because you are sick or tired.

faint 2 / femt / verb

(faints, faint ing, faint ed)

to suddenly become unconscious for a short time, for example because you are weak or sick

She fainted as soon as she saw the blood.

fair 1 2 / fer / adjective (fair er , fair est)

1 treating people in an equal way or in the right way It's not fair! Why do I have to go to bed before my sister? They didn't get a fair trial.

→ANTONYM unfair

2 good or big enough, but not very good or big They've invited a fair number of people to their party. I would describe the service in this restaurant as fair.

3 (used about a person's skin or hair) light in color He has fair hair.

→ANTONYM dark

4 (used about the weather) bright and not raining

fair 2 / fer / noun

[count]

1 a place outside where you can ride on big machines and play games to win prizes

2 (BUSINESS) a large event where people and businesses show and sell the things they make

a book fair

a world trade fair

fair . ly / 'ferli / adverb

1 more than a little, but not very She speaks French fairly well.

I'm fairly certain it was him.

2 in a way that is right and honest

This company treats its workers fairly.

→ANTONYM unfairly

fair y / 'feri / noun [count] (plural fair ies)

a very small person in stories. Fairies have wings and can do magic.

fair . y tale / 'fari teil / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a story for children that is about magic

faith / feiθ / noun

1 [noncount] feeling sure that someone or something is good, right, or honest

I have great faith in your ability to do the job (= I'm sure that you can do it) .

2 [count] (RELIGION) a religion

the Jewish faith

faith . ful / 'feιθfl / adjective

always ready to support your friends; not changing a faithful friend

fake / feik / noun [count]

a copy of something that seems real but is not

This painting is not really by Van Gogh – it's a fake.

► fake adjective

a fake passport

fall 1 0 / fol / verb

(falls, fall ing, fell / fel / has fall en / 'folon /)

1 to go down quickly toward the ground

The book fell off the table.

She fell down the stairs and broke her arm.

2 to suddenly stop standing

He slipped on the ice and fell.

I fell over and hurt my leg.

3 to become lower or less

In the desert the temperature falls quickly at night.

Prices have fallen again.

→ANTONYM rise

fall apart to break into pieces

The chair fell apart when I sat on it.

fall asleep

to start sleeping

She fell asleep in the armchair.

fall behind to become slower than others, or not do something when you should do it

She's falling behind on her homework.

fall for someone to begin to love someone

He has fallen for someone he met on vacation.

fall for something

(informal)

to believe something that someone tells you is true, although it is not true

I can't believe you fell for that old excuse!

fall in love with someone

to begin to love someone

He fell in love with Anna the first time they met.

fall out with someone to argue with someone so that you stop being friends

Jane has fallen out with her best friend.

fall through If a plan falls through, it does not

fall 2 2 / fol / noun

1 [count] a sudden drop from a higher place to a lower place

He had a bad fall from his horse.

2 [count] becoming lower or less

a fall in the price of oil

→ANTONYM rise

3 [count , usually singular] the part of the year between summer and winter

In the fall, the leaves begin to fall from the trees.

4 falls [plural] (GEOGRAPHY) a place where water falls 2 [count] (BIOLOGY) a group of plants or animals from a high place to a low place

Niagara Falls →SYNONYM waterfall

fall .en form of fall 1

false 🔯 / fols / adjective

1 not true; wrong

She gave a false name to the police. A spider has eight legs – true or false?

→ANTONYM true

Thesaurus

wrong not right or correct; (used about a person) not right about someone or something: I'm afraid that's the wrong answer. ♦ He was driving on the wrong side of the road. • That picture is the wrong way around.

◆ We were wrong about her - she's actually very kind.

→ANTONYM right

false (used about facts) not true or correct: A whale is a fish. True or false? • She gave false information to the insurance company.

→ANTONYM true

incorrect wrong according to the facts; containing mistakes. This word is a little formal: an incorrect spelling ◆ Incorrect answers should be marked with a cross.

→ANTONYM correct

mistaken (used about a person) wrong in your opinion or judgment: I thought I saw Jackie sitting over there, but I must have been mistaken. ♦ It was a case of mistaken identity (= people thought that a particular person was someone else).

→ANTONYM right, correct

inaccurate (used about something such as a newspaper report, a map, etc.) wrong according to the facts; containing mistakes: an inaccurate statement • All the maps we had were completely inaccurate. ◆ The report was badly researched and inaccurate.

→ANTONYM accurate

2 not real or not natural

He has false teeth (= teeth that are made of plastic).

a false alarm

a warning about something bad that does not happen Everyone thought there was a fire, but it was a false alarm.

fame / feim / noun [noncount]

being known by many people

The movie tells the story of her rise to fame.

The adjective is **famous**.

fa . mil . iar 🔯 / fəˈmɪlyər / adjective

that you know well

I heard a familiar voice in the next room. I'm not familiar with this computer.

→ANTONYM unfamiliar

fam .i .ly 2 / 'fæmli / noun (plural fam .i .lies)

1 [count, noncount] a group of people who are connected to each other, especially parents and their

How many people are there in your family? Everyone in my family has red hair. His family lives on a farm.

→ Look at extended family.

Lions belong to the cat family.

fam . i . ly name / 'fæmli ,neim / noun

the name that is shared by members of a family

→SYNONYM last name

Word building

Your first name or given name is the name that your parents give you when you are born. Many people also have a middle name.

Your last name or family name is the name that everyone in your family has. When a woman gets married, she usually takes her husband's last name. Her old last name is then called her maiden name, and her new one is her married name.

A nickname is a name that your friends or family sometimes call you instead of your real name: His real name is Robert, but his nickname is Shorty.

fam . i . ly tree / famli tri / noun [count] a plan that shows all the people in a family

fam . ine / 'fæman / noun [count, noncount]

A **famine** happens when there is not enough food in a country

How many people died in the famine?

fa . mous 🔯 / 'feimas / adjective

known by many people

New York is famous for its museums.

She's a famous actress.

The noun is **fame**.

fan 1 / fæn / noun [count]

1 a person who likes someone or something, for example a singer or a sport, very much

She is a big fan of modern art.

football fans

2 a thing that moves the air to make you cooler an electric fan

fans





fan 2 / fæn / verb (fans, fan ning, fanned) to make someone or something cooler by moving the air I fanned my face with the newspaper.

fa . nat . ic / fəˈnætɪk / noun [count]

a person who is very enthusiastic about something and may have extreme or dangerous opinions

He's a baseball fanatic.

a religious fanatic

fan .cy / ˈfænsi / adjective

(fan ci er, fan ci est)

not simple or ordinary

She wore a very fancy hat to the wedding. a fancy restaurant

fang / fæn / noun [count]

(BIOLOGY) a long, sharp tooth of a dog, a poisonous snake, etc

fan .ny pack / 'fæni pæk / noun [count]

a small bag that you wear around the middle of your body to keep money, etc. in

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **bag**.

fan .tas .tic / fæn'tæstik / adjective (informal)

very good; wonderful

We had a fantastic vacation.

→SYNONYM great

fan . ta . sy / 'fæntəsi / noun [count, noncount] (plural fan . ta . sies)

something nice that you think about and that you hope will happen, although it is very unlikely

It was just a fantasy.

She was living in a fantasy world.

→SYNONYM dream

FAQ / ¡Ef eɪ ˈkyu / abbreviation

(${\sf COMPUTERS}$) ${\sf FAQ}$ is used in writing to mean "frequently asked questions."

far 1 0 / far / adverb (far ther / 'farðər / or

fur .ther / 'fərðər / far .thest / 'farðəst / or fur .thest
/ 'fərðəst /)

1 a long way from somewhere

My house isn't far from the station.

It's much too far to drive in one day.

Which word?

Farther or further?

In formal English, you should use **farther** to talk about distance in space: *I walked much farther than you did.*

Use **further** to talk about distance in time: *I can't remember further back than 1990.*

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ You use \boldsymbol{far} to ask about the distance from one place to another place

How far is it to the coast from here?

Grammar

We usually use **far** only in questions and negative sentences, and after **too** and **so**: *Is it far to walk?* ◆ *It's too far to walk.*

In other sentences we use **a long way**: It's a long way to walk - let's take the bus.

3 very much

He's far taller than his brother.

That's far too expensive.

as far as...

to a place

We walked as far as the town and then came back. I read as far as the second chapter.

as far as I know

used when you think something is true, but you are not sure *As far as I know, she's coming, but I may be wrong.*

by far

You use **by far** to show that a person or thing is much better, bigger, etc. than anyone or anything else *She's by far the best player on the team.*

far from something

almost the opposite of something; not at all *I'm far from certain.*

far from it (informal)

certainly not; just the opposite

"Are you upset?" "Far from it - I'm delighted."

so far

until now

So far the work has been easy.

far 2 far / adjective (far ther / 'farðər / or fur ther / 'farðər / far thest / 'farðəst / or fur thest / 'farðəst /)

1 a long way away Let's walk – it's not far.

→ANTONYM near

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2 a long way from the center in the direction mentioned *Who's that on the far left of the photo?*

fare / fer / noun [count]

the money that you pay to travel by bus, train, airplane, etc. *My bus fare went up.*

the Far East / ðə far 'ist / noun [singular] (GEOGRAPHY) China, Japan, and other countries in eastern

→ Look at the Middle East .

fare . well / fer wel / noun [count]

(formal)

goodbye

We're having a farewell party for Megan.

farm 📀 / farm / noun [count]

land and buildings where people keep animals and grow plants for food

They work on a farm.

farm animals

farm . er 🔯 / 'farmər / noun [count]

a person who owns or works on a farm

farm . **house** / 'farmhaus / *noun* [count] the main house on a farm

farm . ing / 'farmıŋ / noun [noncount]

managing a farm or working on it farming methods

farm . land / 'farmlænd / noun

[noncount, plural]

($\mbox{{\sc GEOGRAPHY}}$) land that is used for keeping animals or growing plants for food

farm . yard / 'farmyard / noun [count]

the area beside the main house on a farm, with buildings or

far . sight . ed / 'far, sarted / adjective

(\mbox{HEALTH}) If you are $\mbox{farsighted}$, you can see things clearly when they are far away but not when they are close to you.

→ANTONYM nearsighted

far . ther, far . thest / 'farðər ; 'farðəst / fas . ten 🔯 / 'fæsn / verb adjective, adverb forms of far

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Use further to talk about distance in time: I can't remember further back than 1990.

fas . ci . nate / 'fæsəneit / verb

(fas ci nates, fas ci nat ing, fas ci nat ed) to attract or interest someone very much China has always fascinated me.

I've always been fascinated by his ideas.

fas .ci .nat .ing / fæsəneitin / adjective very interesting

She told us fascinating stories about her life.

fas .ci .na .tion / fæsəˈneɪʃn / noun [count, noncount]

when you find something or someone very interesting The girls listened in fascination.

fash ion 2 / fæfn / noun [count, noncount]

a way of dressing or doing something that people like and try to copy for a time

Bright colors are back in fashion.

Some styles never go out of fashion.

a fashion show

fash ion a ble 2 / fæfənəbl / adjective popular, or in a popular style at the time She was wearing a fashionable black hat.

→ANTONYM old-fashioned , unfashionable

▶ fash .ion .a .bly / 'fæʃənəbli / adverb He was always fashionably dressed.

fash ion de sign er / ˈfæʃn dɪˌzaɪnər / noun [count]

a person whose job is to design clothes

fast 1 2 / fæst / adjective (fast er , fast est)

1 moving, happening, or doing something very quickly the fastest rate of increase for many years a fast learner

Which word?

Fast or quick?

We say fast for a person or thing that moves at great speed: a fast car ♦ a fast train ♦ a fast worker

We say quick for something that is done in a short time: a quick answer ◆ a quick visit ◆ a quick meal

2 If a clock or watch is fast, it shows a time that is later than the real time

My watch is five minutes fast.

→ANTONYM slow

fast 2 2 / fæst / adverb (fast er , fast est)

1 quickly

Don't drive so fast! I can't go any faster.

→ANTONYM slowly

2 completely or deeply The baby was fast asleep. The car was stuck fast in the mud.

fast 3 / fæst / verb (fasts , fast .ing , fast .ed)

(RELIGION) to not eat food for a certain time Muslims fast during Ramadan.

(fas tens, fas ten ing, fas tened)

1 to join or close something so that it will not come open Please fasten your seat belts.

Can you fasten this suitcase for me?

2 to attach or tie one thing to another thing Fasten this badge to your jacket.

fas .ten .er / 'fæsənər / noun [count] a thing that joins together two parts of something The fastener on my skirt just broke.

fast food / fæst fud / noun [noncount]

hot food that is made and served very quickly in special restaurants, and often taken out

fat 1 2 / fæt / adjective (fat ter , fat test) with a large round body: You'll get fat if you eat too much.

fat is a general word to describe a person who has a large round body, but it is not polite to say to someone that they are fat: Do I look fat in this dress? ◆ I'm getting fat!

overweight is a little more polite, and is also a word used by doctors or health professionals: She's a little overweight. ◆ He's only a few pounds overweight.

heavy is often used when you want to be polite: Donna's gotten a little heavier since the last time I saw

obese means very fat, in a way that is not healthy. This word is often used by doctors and health professionals, but is also used in a general way to mean "very fat": Obese patients are given advice on healthy eating.

fat 2 🥯 / fæt / noun

1 [noncount] (BIOLOGY) the soft white substance under the skins of animals and people

Cut the fat off the meat.

2 [count, noncount] the substance containing oil that we get from animals, plants, or seeds and use for cooking foods that are low in fat

Vegetable fats are healthier than animal fats.

→ Look at fatty.

fa . tal / 'fertl / adjective

1 Something that is fatal causes death a fatal car accident

2 Something that is **fatal** has very bad results

I made the fatal mistake of signing a document without reading it carefully.

► fa . tal . ly / 'feɪtli / adverb

She was fatally injured in the crash.

fate / fert / noun

1 [noncount] the power that some people believe controls everything that happens

It was fate that brought them together again after twenty years.

2 [count] the things, especially bad things, that will happen or have happened to someone or something What will be the fate of the prisoners?

fa . ther 🔯 / 'faðər / noun [count]

1 a man who has a child

Where do your mother and father live?

→ Look at dad, daddy.

2 Father (RELIGION) the title of certain priests Father O'Reilly

fa . ther . hood / 'faðərhod / noun [noncount] being a father

fa .ther-in-law / 'faðər m lə / noun [count] (plural fa .thers-in-law)

the father of your husband or wife

fat . **ty** / 'fæṭi / *adjective* (**fat** . **ti** . **er** , **fat** . **ti** . **est**) (used about food) having a lot of fat in it or on it *Fatty foods are bad for you.*

fau .cet / 'foset / noun [count]

a thing that you turn to make something like water or gas come out of a pipe

Turn off the faucet – it's dripping.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at sink.

fault 🚳 / folt / noun

1 [noncount] If something bad is your **fault**, you made it happen

It's her fault that we're late.

It's my fault for being careless.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ [count] something that is wrong or bad in a person or thing

There is a serious fault in the machine.

3 (GEOGRAPHY) a place where there is a long break (a crack) in the rock of the earth's surface the San Andreas fault in California

be at fault

to be wrong, or responsible for a mistake

The other driver was at fault – he went through a red
light.

fault . less / 'foltles / adjective

without any mistakes a faultless performance

→SYNONYM perfect

fault . y / 'folti / adjective

not working well

This light doesn't work – the switch is faulty.

fa . vor 🔯 / 'feivər / noun [count]

something that you do to help someone Would you do me a favor and open the door?

Can I ask you a favor – could you drive me to the airport this evening?

be in favor of something

to like or agree with something

Are you in favor of higher taxes on cigarettes?

fa .vor .a .ble / 'ferverabl / adjective

good or acceptable

She made a favorable impression on his parents.

fa . vor . ite 1 0 / 'fervrat / adjective

Your **favorite** person or thing is the one that you like more than any other

What's your favorite food?

fa . vor . ite 2 0 / 'feivret / noun [count]

a person or thing that you like more than any other *I like all chocolates but these are my favorites.*

fax / fæks / noun [count, noncount] (plural fax es) a copy of a document that you send by telephone lines using a special machine (called a fax machine)

They need an answer today, so I'll send a fax .

Can I send it by fax?

► fax verb (fax es, fax ing, faxed)

to send someone a fax

Can you fax the drawings to me?

fear 1 0 / fir / noun [count, noncount]

the feeling that you have when you think that something bad might happen

I have a terrible fear of dogs.

He was shaking with fear .

My fears for his safety were unnecessary.

fear 2 / fir / verb (fears , fear ling , feared)

1 to be afraid of someone or something *We all fear illness and death.*

2 (*formal*) to feel that something bad might happen *I fear we will be late.*

fear . ful / 'firfl / adjective

(formal)

afraid or worried about something

They were fearful that they would miss their plane.

▶fear .ful .ly / 'fırfəli / adverb

We watched fearfully.

fear . less / 'firles / adjective

not afraid of anything

▶ fear . less . ly / 'firləsli / adverb

feast / fist / noun [count]

a large special meal for a lot of people a wedding feast

feat / fit / noun [count]

something you do that is difficult or dangerous Climbing Mount Everest was an amazing feat.

feath .er 🚳

/ ˈfɛðər / noun

[count]

one of the light, soft things that grow in a bird's skin and cover its body





fea .ture 1 AWL / 'fit[er / noun [count]

1 an important part of something

Pictures are a feature of this dictionary.

2 one of the parts of your face, for example your eyes, nose, or mouth

Her eyes are her best feature.

3 a newspaper or magazine article, or TV program about something

The magazine has a special feature on education.

fea .ture 2 AWL / 'fitfor / verb (fea .tures ,

fea tur ing, fea tured)

to include someone or something as an important part *Tonight's program features an interview with the actor Brad Pitt.*

Feb .ru .ar .y / 'febyuˌeri; 'februˌeri / noun [count, noncount] (abbreviation Feb.)

the second month of the year

fed

form of feed

fed .er .al AWL / 'federel / adjective

(POLITICS) used for describing a political system in which a group of states or countries are joined together under a central government, but also have their own governments a federal system of rule

the U.S. federal government

fed .er .a .tion AWL / fedə reifn / noun

[count]

(${f POLITICS}$) a group of states or organizations that have joined together

the American Federation of Teachers

fed up / fed 'Ap / adjective (informal)

bored or unhappy, especially with a situation that has continued for too long

What's the matter? You look really fed up.

I'm fed up with waiting – let's go.

fee AWL / fi / noun [count]

1 the money you pay for professional advice, or service from doctors, lawyers, schools, colleges, etc.

We can't afford this lawyer's fees.

Most ticket agencies will charge a small fee .

Thesaurus

price the money that you have to pay to buy something: What's the price of gas now? ◆ We can't afford the car at that price. ◆ house prices

cost the money that you need to buy, make, or do something: The cost of electricity is going up. ◆ A new computer system was installed at a cost of \$80,000. ◆ the cost of living (= the amount of money you need to pay for food, clothes, and a place to live)

charge the money that you pay for goods or services: Is there a charge for parking here? ◆ Delivery is **free** of **charge** (= costs nothing).

fee the money you pay to go into a place, or for professional advice or services from doctors, lawyers, colleges, etc.: Some lawyers charge extremely high fees for their services. ◆ an annual membership fee ◆ tuition fees

expense the money you spend on something, or something that makes you spend money: The house was decorated at great expense. • Owning a car is a big expense.

2 the money that you pay to do something, for example to join a club or visit a museum

There is no entrance fee to the gallery.

fee . **ble** / 'fibl / *adjective* (fee . bler , fee . blest) not strong

a feeble old man

→SYNONYM weak

to give food to a person or an animal

The baby's crying – I'll go and feed her.

feed . back / 'fidbæk / noun [noncount]

advice or information about how well or badly you have done something

The teacher will give you feedback on the test.

feel 1 **2** / fil / verb (feels , feel ing , felt / felt / has felt)

1 to know something because your body tells you

How do you feel?

I don't feel well.

I'm feeling tired.

He felt someone touch his arm.

2 used for saying how something seems when you touch it or experience it

The water felt cold.

This towel feels wet – can I have a dry one?

My coat feels like leather, but it's not.

3 to touch something in order to find out what it is like *Feel this wool – it's really soft.*

4 to have an opinion about something

I feel that we should talk about this.

→SYNONYM believe

 $\boldsymbol{5}$ to try to find something with your hands instead of your eyes

She felt in her pocket for some matches.

feel like something

to want something or want to do something *I don't feel like going out tonight.*

feel 2 / fil / noun [singular]

the impression you get when you touch something or when you are in a place

I love the feel of silk.

The town has a friendly feel.

feel ing 🚳 / film / noun

1 [count] something that you feel inside yourself, like happiness or anger

a feeling of sadness

2 [noncount] the ability to feel in your body *I* was so cold that *I* had no feeling in my feet.

3 [singular] an idea that you are not certain about *I have a feeling that she isn't telling the truth.*

hurt someone's feelings

to do or say something that makes someone sad Don't tell him you don't like his shirt — you'll hurt his feelings.

feet

plural of foot

fe . line / 'filam / adjective

connected with an animal of the cat family; like a cat

fell

form of fall 1

fel . low 1 / 'felov / noun [count] (informal)

a man

He seems like a nice fellow.

fel . low 2 / 'felov / adjective

used for saying that someone is the same as you in some way

your fellow students

fel . o . ny / ˈfɛləni / noun [count]

(plural fel .o .nies)

a serious crime such as murder

to be charged with a felony

felt 1

form of feel

felt 2 / felt / noun [noncount]

a type of soft thick cloth

felt-tip pen / felt tip pen / noun [count] a pen with a soft point

fe . male Decire / 'fimeil / adjective

(${\tt BIOLOGY}$) belonging to the sex that can have babies ${\it female\ students}$

▶fe .male noun [count]

My cat is a female.

 \rightarrow Look at male.

fem i nine / 'femanan / adjective

1 typical of a woman or right for a woman *feminine clothes*

2 (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) (in some languages) belonging to a certain class of nouns, adjectives, or pronouns

The German word for a flower is feminine.

→ Look at masculine.

fem . i . nism / 'femənizəm / noun [noncount] the belief that women should have the same rights and opportunities as men

▶ fem · i · nist / 'femənıst / noun [count] , adjective

fence O / fens / noun [count]

a thing like a wall that is made of pieces of wood or metal. **Fences** are put around yards and fields.

fenc . ing / 'fensin / noun [noncount]

the sport of fighting with long, thin, pointed weapons (called swords)

fern / fərn / noun [count]

a plant with long thin leaves and no flowers, which grows in wet areas

fe . ro . cious / fəˈroʊʃəs / adjective

violent or cruel

a ferocious wild animal

→SYNONYM fierce

fer . **ry** / 'fɛri / noun [count] (plural fer ries)

a boat that takes people or things on short trips across a river or ocean

We went by ferry.

fer . tile / 'fartl / adjective

1 If soil is **fertile**, plants grow well in it.

 ${f 2}$ (BIOLOGY) Someone who is **fertile** is able to have babies.

►fer · til · i · ty / fər'tıləţi / noun [noncount]

Nowadays women can take drugs to increase their fertility (= their chances of having a child).

fer .til .ize / 'fartl-aiz / verb

(fer til iz es, fer til iz ing, fer til ized)

 ${f 1}$ (BIOLOGY) to put a male seed into an egg, a plant, or a female animal so that a baby, fruit, or young animal starts to develop

2 to put a substance on soil to make plants grow better

fer . til . iz . er / 'fərtl-aızər / noun

[count, noncount]

food for plants

fes . ti . val 🚳 / 'festevl / noun [count]

1 a series of public events, for example concerts and shows, in one place

Do you like jazz festivals?

2 (**RELIGION**) a time when people celebrate something, especially a religious event

Christmas is an important Christian festival.

fetch / fetf / verb (fetch less, fetch ling , fetched) to go and bring back something or someone She taught the dog to fetch the ball.

fe . **tus** / 'fites / (plural fe . tus . es) noun [count]

(BIOLOGY) a young human or animal that is still growing inside its mother's body

feud / fyud / noun [count]

a serious argument between people or groups that continues for a long time

a family feud

fe . ver / 'fivar / noun

[count, noncount]

(HEALTH) If you have a **fever** , your body is too hot because you are sick to have a fever

→SYNONYM temperature

▶fe .ver .ish / 'fivərı∫ / adjective

She felt feverish.

few 🥯 / fyu / adjective, pronoun

(few er, few est)

not many

Few people live to the age of 100.

There are fewer buses in the evening.

Few of the players played well.

a few

some, but not many

Only a few people came to the meeting.

I have read a few of her books.

quite a few

a lot, but not an extremely large amount or number of something

It's been quite a few years since I saw him last.

fi .an .cé / "fian'sei ; fi'ansei / noun [count]

A woman's **fiancé** is the man she has promised to marry.

fi .an .cée / ¡fian'sei ; fi'ansei / noun [count]

A man's **fiancée** is the woman he has promised to marry.

fi . as . co / fi'æskoo / noun [count]

(plural fi as cos or fi as coes)

an event that does not succeed at all

Our last party was a complete fiasco.

fib / fib / noun [count]

(informal)

something you say that you know is not true; a small lie *Don't tell fibs!*

fib verb (fibs, fib bing, fibbed)

(informal)

to tell a small lie

I was fibbing when I said I liked her hat.

fi .ber / 'faibər / noun

1 [noncount] (BIOLOGY , HEALTH) the part of your food that helps to move other food through your body and keep you healthy

Dried fruits are high in fiber .

2 [count] one of the many thin threads that form a material

cotton fibers

fic . tion / 'fik[n / noun [noncount]

($\mbox{ENGLISH}$ LANGUAGE ARTS) stories that someone writes and that are not true

I enjoy reading fiction.

→ANTONYM nonfiction

fid .dle / 'fidl / verb

(fid dles, fid dl ing, fid dled)

to touch something a lot with your fingers, because you are bored or nervous

Stop fiddling with your pen and do some work!

fidg . et / 'fidgət / verb

(fidg ets, fidg et ing, fidg et ed)

to keep moving your body, hands, or feet because you are nervous, excited, or bored

Sit still and stop fidgeting!

field 5 / fild / noun [count]

1 a piece of land used for animals or for growing plants for food, usually surrounded by a fence, trees, etc.

2 an area of study or knowledge

Dr. Ramani is an expert in her field.

3 a piece of land used for something special

a soccer field

an oil field

an airfield (= a place where airplanes land and take off)

Thesaurus

field an area of land used for playing team sports such as baseball, football, and soccer: a baseball/football field ◆ The team ran out on the field. ◆ The school has its own playing field.

court an area where certain ball games are played: *a* basketball/tennis/squash court ◆ He won after only 52 minutes on the court.

stadium a large place with seats around the sides where you can watch sports: *a football/sports stadium* **ballpark** an area where baseball is played: *The batter hit one right out of the ballpark.*

track an area with a special surface for people or cars to have races on: *a running/racing track* ◆ *track and field events* (= which involve running, jumping, and throwing)

field hock .ey / 'fild haki / noun [noncount]

($\mbox{{\bf SPORTS}}$) a game for two teams of eleven players who hit a small hard ball with long curved sticks on a field

field trip / 'fild trip / noun [count]

a trip that a school group takes in order to learn about something

Our class went on a field trip to the art museum.

fierce / firs / adjective (fierc er, fierc est)

1 angry and wild

a fierce dog

2 very strong

the fierce heat of the sun

fier y / 'fairi / adjective (fier i er, fier i est)

1 looking like fire

fiery red hair

2 quick to become angry

a fiery temper

fif .teen 🔯 / ˌfiftin / number

► fif teenth / fiftinθ / pronoun, adjective, adverb, noun [count]

15th: her fifteenth birrthday

fifth / fifth / pronoun, adjective, adverb, noun [count]

1 5th

He came fifth in the race.

2 one of five equal parts of something; 1/5

fif . ty 🥯 / 'fifti / number

1 50

2 the fifties [plural] the numbers, years, or temperature between 50 and 59

He was born in the fifties (= in the 1950s).

in your fifties

between the ages of 50 and 59

Her husband died when she was in her fifties.

► fif · ti · eth / ˈfɪftiəθ / pronoun, adjective, adverb, noun [count] 50th

fig / fig / noun [count]

a soft, sweet fruit that is full of small seeds

fig. / fig /

abbreviation of figure 1 (7)

See fig. 2.

fight 1 2 / fait / verb

(fights, fight ing, fought / fot / has fought)

1 When people **fight**, they try to hurt or kill each other *Our grandfather fought in the war.*

My brothers are always fighting.

2 to argue

It's not worth fighting about money.

3 to try very hard to stop something *He fought against the illness for two years.*

4 to try very hard to do or get something

The workers are fighting for better pay.

fight 2 0 / fart / noun [count]

1 when people try to hurt or kill each other *Don't get into a fight* .

A fight broke out between the two gangs.

2 an angry argument about something *I had a fight with my parents.*

fight .er / 'farter / noun [count]

1 a person who fights

2 (also **fight er plane** / 'fartor plem /) a fast airplane that shoots at other airplanes during a war

fig . u . ra . tive / 'figyərətiv / adjective

(<code>ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS</code>) A $figurative\ word\ or\ phrase\ is\ used\ in\ a\ different\ way\ from\ its\ usual\ meaning\ to\ create\ a\ particular\ effect$

"He exploded with rage" is a figurative use of the verb "to explode."

→Look at literal.

►fig · u · ra · tive · ly / 'figyərətivli / adverb

I was using the expression figuratively.

fig . ure 1 2 / 'figyər / noun [count]

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ (MATH) one of the symbols (0 - 9) that we use to show numbers

Should I write the numbers in words or figures?

2 an amount or price

What are our sales figures for this year?

3 the shape of a person's body

She has a good figure.

4 a famous or important person

He's an important historical figure.

5 a shape of a person that you cannot see clearly

I saw a tall figure outside the window.

6 figures [plural] (MATH) working with numbers to find an answer

I'm not very good at figures.

→SYNONYM arithmetic

7 (*abbreviation* **fig.**) a diagram or picture used in a book to explain something

Figure 3 on page 2 shows the largest cities in the U.S.

fig . ure 2 / 'figyər / verb

(fig ures, fig ur ing, fig ured) (informal)

to think or guess something

I saw his car, so I figured he was here.

it figures; that figures (informal)

that is what I expected

"John called in sick." "That figures. He wasn't feeling well yesterday."

fig .ure of speech / figyer ev spits / noun

[count](plural fig.ures of speech)

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a word or phrase used in a different way from its usual meaning to create a particular effect

I didn't really mean that he was insane – it was just a figure of speech.

fig .ure skat .ing / 'figyər ˌskeitin / noun

[noncount]

(SPORTS) a type of ice skating in which you cut patterns in the ice using special moves $\rightarrow Look$ at ice skate.

file 1 AWL / fail / noun [count]

1 a box or cover for keeping papers in

 ${\bf 2}\,$ (${\bf COMPUTERS}$) a collection of information that is stored in a computer and that has a particular name

Did you save your file?

You can delete that file now.

3 a collection of papers or information about someone or something, which is kept inside a file

The police are keeping a file on all suspected terrorists.

 $oldsymbol{4}$ a tool with rough sides that you use for making things smooth

a nail file

in single file

in a line with each person following the one in front *The children walked into the auditorium in single file.*

file 2 AWL / fail / verb (files, fil ing, filed)

1 to put papers in their correct place, for example in a cover or drawer

Can you file these documents, please?

2 to walk in a line, one behind the other

The students filed into the classroom.

3 to make something smooth using a tool with rough sides *She filed her nails.*

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} file \ cab \ . \ i \ . \ net \ / \ 'fail \ _k \& benet \ / \ noun \ [\ count \] \\ a \ piece \ of \ office \ furniture \ with \ large \ drawers, \ in \ which \ you \ keep \ documents \end{tabular}$

fill 🔯 / fil / verb (fills , fill ling , filled)

1 to make something full

Can you fill this glass with water, please?

2 to become full

His eyes filled with tears.

fill something in to write facts or answers in the spaces that have been left for them

Please fill in your name and address here.

fill something out to complete an official document by writing facts or answers on it

She filled out the application form for the job.

fill up; fill something up to become full or to make something completely full

The room soon filled up.

He filled up the tank with gas.

fil . let (also fi .let) / fi'lei / noun

[count, noncount]

a piece of meat or fish with the bones taken out a fillet of sole

fill ing 1 / 'filin / noun

1 [count] the substance that a dentist uses to fill a hole in your tooth

I have three fillings in my teeth.

2 [count, noncount] the food that is put inside a cake, between two pieces of bread (to make a **sandwich**), etc. a choice of sandwich fillings

fill .ing 2 / 'film / adjective

(used about food) that makes you feel full *Pasta is very filling.*

film 1 0 / film / noun

1 [count, noncount] the thin plastic that you use in a camera for taking photographs

I bought a roll of black and white film.

2 [count] a movie

It's a French film.

film 2 / film / verb (films, film ing, filmed)

to use a camera to make a movie or video

We filmed the monkeys at the zoo.

A TV station is filming outside my house.

fil .ter 1 / 'filter / noun [count]

($\mbox{\sc General Science}$) a thing used for holding back the solid parts in a liquid or gas

a coffee filter

fil .ter 2 / 'filtər / verb

(fil ters, fil ter ing, fil tered)

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ ($\boldsymbol{\mathsf{GENERAL}}$ SCIENCE) to pass a liquid or gas through a $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{filter}}$

You need to filter the water before you drink it.

2 to move slowly or in small amounts

Sunlight filtered through the curtains.

People were filtering out of the theater after the show.

filth . **y** / 'fil0i / *adjective* (filth .i .er, filth .i .est) very dirty

Go and wash your hands. They're filthy!

fin / fin / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{BIOLOGY}}$) one of the thin, flat parts on a fish that help it to swim

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **shark**.

fi . nal 1 🍮 AWL / 'faml / adjective

1 not followed by any others

This will be our final class. →SYNONYM last

2 not to be changed

The judge's decision is final.

fi .nal 2 AWL / 'faml / noun [count]

1 the last game or race in a competition, for the winners of the earlier games or races

Her team made it to the finals.

2 an important exam that you take at the end of a course in school

I'm studying hard for my finals. She failed her chemistry final.

fi . nal . ist / 'faml-ist / noun [count]

a person who is in the final game or stage of a competition an Olympic finalist

fi .nal .ly 😂 AWL / 'faml•i / adverb

1 after a long time

After a long wait the bus finally arrived.

→SYNONYM in the end

2 used before saying the last thing in a list

And finally, I would like to thank my parents for all their help.

fi . **nance** 1 AWL / 'famæns ; fə'næns / *noun* (BUSINESS)

1 [noncount] money, or the activity of managing money an expert in finance

the Senate Finance Committee

2 finances [plural] the money that you have and that you can spend

You need to organize your finances.

fi . nance 2 AWL / 'famens; fa'næns / verb

(fi nances, fi nanceing, fi nanced)

(BUSINESS) to give the money that is needed to pay for something

The building was financed by the government.

fi . nan . cial S AWL / fəˈnænʃl / adjective

connected with money financial problems

▶fi .nan .cial .ly AWL / fəˈnænʃəli / adverb financially independent

find (finds, find ing, found) / faund / has found)

1 to see or get something after looking or trying I can't find my glasses.

She hasn't found a job yet.

Did anyone find the answer to this question?

2 to see or get something that you did not expect

I found some money in the street.

I woke up and found myself in the hospital.

3 used for talking about your opinion or experience I didn't find that book very interesting.

He finds it difficult to sleep at night.

find something out to get information about something

Can you find out what time the train leaves? Did she ever find out that you broke the window?

fine 1 2 / fam / adjective (fin er, fin est)

1 well or happy

"How are you?" "Fine, thanks. And you?"

2 used for saying that something is good or acceptable "Let's meet on Monday." "Fine."

"Do you want some more milk in your coffee?" "No, that's fine."

→SYNONYM OK

3 very thin

I have very fine hair.

→ANTONYM thick

4 made of very small pieces

Salt is finer than sugar. →ANTONYM coarse

5 beautiful or of good quality

There's a fine view from the church.

This is one of his finest paintings.

6 (used about the weather) bright; not raining We had fine weather for our picnic.

→SYNONYM sunny

fine 2 / fain / noun [count]

money that you must pay because you have done something wrong

You'll get a fine if you park your car there.

▶ fine verb (fines , fin ing , fined)

to make someone pay a fine

I was fined \$50 for speeding (= driving too fast).

fin .ger 🔯 / 'fingər / noun [count] one of the five parts at the end of your hand

→ Look at the picture at hand.

keep your fingers crossed

to hope that someone or something will be successful Good luck on the final exam - I'll keep my fingers crossed Someone set the house on fire. for you.

fin . ger . nail / 'fingarneil / noun [count] the thin, hard part at the end of your finger

fin . ger . print / 'fingarprint / noun [count] the mark that a finger makes when it touches something The police found his fingerprints on the gun.

fin .ger .tip / 'fingertip / noun [count]

the end of your finger

fin . ish 1 0 / 'finif / verb (fin ish es, fin ish ing, fin ished)

1 to stop doing something I finish work at 5:30.

Hurry up and finish your dinner!

Have you finished cleaning your room?

2 to stop happening

School finishes at three o'clock.

→ANTONYM begin, start

finish something off to do or eat the last part of

He finished off the bread.

fin . ish 2 / 'finif / noun [count]

(plural fin ish es)

the last part or the end of something There was a dramatic finish to the race.

→ANTONYM start

fin . ished / 'finist / adjective

1 having reached the end of an activity or job

When you're finished with your homework, you can watch

2 made; completed

Is this the finished product?

→ANTONYM unfinished

fi . nite AWL / 'famait / adjective

having a limit or a fixed size

Our world's natural resources are finite.

→ANTONYM infinite

fir / fər / (also fir tree / 'fər tri /) noun [count]

a tall tree with thin, sharp leaves (called needles), which do not fall off in winter

fire 1 🔯 / 'faiər / noun

1 [count, noncount] the heat and bright light that comes from burning things

Many animals are afraid of fire.

There was a big fire at the factory last night.

2 [count] burning wood or another fuel (called coal) that you use for keeping a place warm or for cooking They lit a fire to keep warm.

3 [noncount] **shooting** from guns

The soldiers were under fire.

catch fire

to start to burn

She dropped her cigarette and the chair caught fire.

burning

My house is on fire!

put out a fire

to stop something from burning

We put out the fire with buckets of water.

set fire to something; set something on fire

to make something start to burn

fire 2 0/ faior / verb (fires, fir ing, fired)

1 to shoot with a gun

The soldiers fired at the enemy.

2 to tell someone to leave their job

He was fired because he was always late for work.

fire a . **larm** / 'faiər ə,larm / **noun** [count] a bell that rings to tell people that there is a fire

fire crack er / faier,kræker / noun [count]

a small thing that explodes with a loud noise

We lit firecrackers in the backyard on the Fourth of July.

→ Look at fireworks.

fire de . part . ment / 'faier di,partment / noun [count]

a group of people whose job is to stop fires *Call the fire department!*

fire drill / 'faiər dril / noun [count]

a practice of what people must do if there is a fire in a building

fire en . gine / 'faier ¡Endgen /

(also **fire truck** / 'faɪər ˌtrʌk /) *noun* [count] a vehicle that carries people and equipment to stop fires

fire es . cape / 'faiər i_i skeip / noun [count] stairs on the outside of a building that people can go down if there is a fire

fire ex . tin . guish . er / 'faiər ıkıstıngwıfər / noun [count]

a metal container with water or chemicals inside for stopping small fires

fire . **fight** . **er** / 'faier, faiter / **noun** [count] a person whose job is to stop fires

fire . **house** / 'farerhaus / *noun* [count] a building in a small town where fire engines are kept

→SYNONYM fire station fire hy . drant

/ 'faiər ihaidrənt / noun [count]

a piece of metal equipment on the street that is connected to a water pipe for stopping fires

fire hydrant



fire .man / 'faiermen / noun [count] (plural fire .men / 'faiermen /)

a man whose job is to stop fires

fire . place / 'faiorpleis / noun

[count]

the place in a room where you light a fire

fire . proof / 'faiorpruf / adjective

able to take a lot of heat without burning or being damaged a fireproof door

fire sta . tion / 'faier , steifn / noun

[count

a building where fire engines are kept

fire truck

another word for fire engine

fire . works / 'faiərwərks / noun [plural]

things that explode with bright lights and loud noises, used for entertainment

We watched a fireworks display in the park.

firm 1 2 / form / adjective (firm er, firm est)

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ Something that is \boldsymbol{firm} does not move easily when you press it

Wait until the glue is firm.

The shelf isn't very firm, so don't put too many books on it.

2 strong and steady, and not likely to change

She's very firm with her children (= she makes them do what she wants).

a firm promise

►firm .ly / 'fərmli / adverb

Nail the pieces of wood together firmly.

"No," she said firmly.

firm 2 0 / farm / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{BUSINESS}}$) a group of people working together in a business

a law firm (= that lawyers work for)

→SYNONYM company

first 1 / fərst / adjective

before all the others

January is the first month of the year.

You won first prize!

first thing

early in the morning

I'll call her first thing tomorrow morning.

first 2 0 / farst / adverb

1 before all the others

I arrived at the house first.

Mike finished first (= he won) *in the competition.*

2 for the first time

I first met Paul in 2006.

3 before doing anything else

First fry the onions, then add the potatoes.

at first

in the beginning

At first she was afraid of the water, but she soon learned to swim.

first of all

before anything else

I'm going to cook dinner, but first of all I need to buy some food.

first 3 0 / fərst / noun, pronoun

1 the first [count] (plural the first)

a person or thing that comes earliest or before all others *I was the first to arrive at the party.*

2 a first [singular] an important event that is happening for the first time

This operation is a first in medical history.

first aid / farst 'end / noun

[noncount]

(HEALTH) medical help that you give to someone who is hurt, before a doctor comes a first-aid kit

first class / fərst klæs / noun

I noncount 1

1 the part of a train, airplane, etc. that it is more expensive to travel in

I got a seat in first class.

2 a way of sending mail that you use if you want it to get special treatment

▶ first class adverb

How much does it cost to fly first class?

first-class / 'fərst klæs / adjective

1 excellent

a first-class player

I know a place where the food is first-class.

2 connected with the best and most expensive way of traveling on a train, airplane, or ship a first-class cabin

first floor / forst 'flor /

(also ground floor / .gravnd 'flor /) noun

the floor of a building that is level with the street I live in an apartment on the first floor.

first la . dy / fərst 'leidi / noun

[usually singular]

(POLITICS) the wife of the U.S. president, or of the leader of a state

first .ly / 'fərstli / adverb

used when you are giving the first thing in a list

We were angry, firstly because he didn't come, and fish ing rod / fisin rad / noun [count] secondly because he didn't call.

first name / farst 'neim / (also giv en name)

noun [count]

the first of your names, which your parents give you when you are born

"What is Mr. Carter's first name?" "Paul."

Word building

Your first name or given name is the name that your parents give you when you are born. Many people also have a middle name.

Your last name or family name is the name that everyone in your family has. When a woman gets married, she usually takes her husband's last name. Her old last name is then called her maiden name, and her new one is her married name .

A nickname is a name that your friends or family sometimes call you instead of your real name: His real name is Robert, but his nickname is Shorty.

the first per . son / ðə ˌfərst 'pərsn / noun

[singular] (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS)

1 the set of pronouns and verb forms that you use to talk about yourself

"I am" is the first person singular of the verb "to be."

"I," "me," and "we" are first-person pronouns.

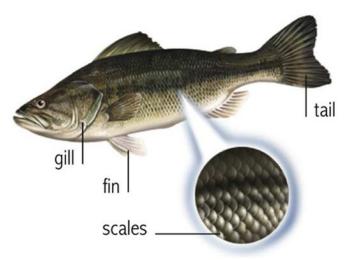
2 the style of telling a story as if it happened to you The author writes in the first person.

first-rate / forst 'reit / adjective

excellent

a first-rate musician

fish 1 2 / fif / noun [count, noncount] (plural fish or fish es)



an animal that lives and breathes in water, and has thin flat parts (called fins) that help it to swim I caught a big fish.

We had fish for dinner.

fish $2/fi \int / verb$ (fish les, fish ling, fished) to try to catch fish

▶ fish . ing / 'fɪʃɪŋ / noun [noncount] I usually go fishing (= as a sport) on weekends. Fishing is a major industry in Maine.

fish .er .man / 'fisərmən / noun [count]

(plural fish er men / 'fɪʃərmən /)

a person who catches fish as a job or sport

a long thin stick with a thin thread (called a line) and a hook, used for catching fish

fish stick / 'fɪʃstɪk / noun [count]

a long piece of fish that is covered in very small pieces of dried bread

a box of frozen fish sticks

fish y / fisi / adjective (fish i er, fish i est)

1 tasting or smelling like fish a fishy smell

2 (informal) seeming bad or dishonest

I'm sure there's something fishy going on around here.

fist / fist / noun [count]

a hand with the fingers closed together tight She banged on the door with her fist.

fit 1 \(\square \) / fit / verb (fits, fit \) ting, fit \(\text{ted or fit} \)

1 to be the right size or shape for someone or something I tried the dress on, but it didn't fit.

This key doesn't fit the lock.

2 to put or attach something somewhere They fit a smoke alarm to the ceiling.

Can you fit these pieces of the puzzle together?

fit in (with someone or something) to be able to live in an easy and natural way with other people She found it hard to fit in at her new school.

fit someone or something in

1 to find time to do something or see someone The doctor can fit you in at 10:30.

2 to find or have enough space for someone or something We can't fit in any more chairs.

fit 2 / fit / adjective (fit ter, fit test)

1 (HEALTH) healthy and strong

I keep fit by jogging every day.

2 good enough

This food isn't fit to eat.

Do you think she's fit for the job?

→SYNONYM suitable

→ANTONYM unfit

fit 3 / fit / noun

1 [count] when you cannot stop laughing, coughing, or feeling angry

fits of laughter

a coughing fit.

a fit of anger

2 [singular] the way something fits you

This coat is a really good fit.

fit . ness / 'fitnes / noun [noncount]

(HEALTH) being healthy and strong

It's important to improve your fitness.

five D / faw / number

fix (fix es, fix ing, fixed)

1 to repair something

The light isn't working - can you fix it?

2 to decide a date or an amount for something

They fixed a date for the wedding.

→SYNONYM set

3 to put something in a place so that it will not move We fixed the shelf to the wall.

→SYNONYM attach

1 already decided

a fixed price

2 not changing

He has such fixed ideas that you can't discuss anything with him.

fizz / fiz / verb (fizz es , fizz ing , fizzed)

When a liquid fizzes, it produces a lot of small bubbles and makes a long sound like an "s."

► fizz noun [noncount]

This soda has lost its fizz.

fizz · **y** / 'fizi / adjective (fiz zi er, fiz zi est) (used about a drink) containing many small bubbles of gas fizzy mineral water

flab . by / 'flæbi / adjective

(flab bi er, flab bi est)

having too much soft fat instead of muscle a flabby stomach

flag / flæg / noun [count]

a piece of cloth with a pattern on it, which is joined to a stick (called a flagpole). Every country has its own flag All the kids were waving flags.

flair / fler / noun [singular]

a natural ability to do something well

She has a flair for languages.

→SYNONYM talent

flake / fleik / noun [count]

a small thin piece of something

huge flakes of snow

flame 🔯 / fleim / noun

[count, noncount]

a hot, bright, pointed piece of fire

The house was in flames (= burning).

The paper burst into flames (= began to burn).

fla .min .go / fla/mɪŋgoʊ / noun [count]

(plural fla min gos or fla min goes)

a large pink and red bird that has long legs and stands in

flam . ma . ble / 'flæməbl / adjective

(CHEMISTRY) A **flammable** substance burns easily

highly flammable liquids

→SYNONYM inflammable

flan . nel / 'flænl / noun [noncount]

a type of soft wool or cotton cloth

a flannel shirt

flap 1 / flæp / noun [count]

a piece of material, paper, etc. that is attached to something at one side only, often covering an opening

the flap of an envelope

flap 2 / flæp / verb (flaps, flap ping, flapped)

to move or to make something move up and down or from

The sails of the boat flapped in the wind.

The bird flapped its wings.

flare 1 / fler / verb (flares, flar ing, flared)

1 to suddenly burn more strongly

2 to suddenly start or get worse

The pain flared up again.

flare 2 / fler / noun [count]

a thing that produces a bright light or flame, used especially as a signal

flash 1 0 / flæf / verb

(flash les , flash ling , flashed)

1 to send out a bright light that comes and goes quickly; to make something do this

The light kept flashing on and off.

She flashed her headlights at the other driver.

2 to appear and disappear very quickly, or to make something do this

I saw something flash past the window.

They flashed the answer up on the TV screen.

flash 2 / flæf / noun (plural flash es)

1 [count] a bright light that comes and goes quickly a flash of lightning

2 [count, noncount] a bright light that you use with a camera for taking photographs

in a flash

very quickly

The weekend was over in a flash.

flash card / 'flæf kard / noun [count]

a card with words, numbers, or a picture on it, which you use to help you learn or remember something

flash drive / 'flæf,draw/

(also **USB flash drive**) *noun* [count]

(COMPUTERS) a small thing that stores information from a computer so that you can move it from one computer to another

→ Look at the picture at USB flash drive.

flash . light / 'flæflart /

noun [count]

a small electric light that you can carry

He shined the flashlight into the boys' faces.





flask / flæsk / **noun** [count] a container for keeping a liquid hot or cold

flat 1 0 / flæt / adjective (flat ter, flat test)

 ${f 1}$ smooth, with no parts that are higher or lower than the rest

The landscape in Kansas is very flat.

a flat surface

a flask of coffee

2 A tire that is **flat** does not have enough air inside it.

3 ($symbol \ \ \ \ \ \ \)$ (MUSIC) half a note lower than a particular musical note

B flat

Eflat \rightarrow Look at sharp 1 (6).

flat 2 / flæt / adverb

with no parts that are higher or lower than the rest *He lay flat on his back on the floor.*

flat .ten / 'flætn / verb

(flat tens, flat ten ing , flat tened)

to make something flat

I sat on the box and flattened it.

flat .ter / 'flætər / verb

(flat ters, flat ter ing, flat tered)

1 to say nice things about someone, because you want them to do something

2 If you are **flattered** by something, you like it because it makes you feel important

I'm flattered that she wants my advice.

► flat · ter · ing / ˈflætərɪŋ / adjective flattering remarks

flat .ter .y / 'flætəri / noun

[noncount]

nice things that someone says when they want you to do something

fla . vor 🔯 / 'fleivər / noun

[count, noncount]

the taste of food

They sell 20 different flavors of ice cream.

► fla · vor verb (fla · vors , fla · vor · ing , fla · vored) chocolate-flavored coffee

fla . vor . ful / 'flervərfl / adjective

having a lot of flavor a flavorful sauce

fla . vor . ing / 'fleivərin / noun

[count, noncount]

something that you add to food or a drink to give it a particular taste

This product conatins no artificial flavorings.

flaw / flo / noun [count]

1 a mistake in something that means it is not correct or does not work correctly a flaw in his plan

2 a mark or bad part in something that means it is not perfect

There's a small flaw in the vase, so I got it cheaper.

► flawed / flod / adjective I think your plan is flawed.

flea / fli / noun [count]

a very small insect without wings, which can jump. It lives on and bites animals and people

Our cat has fleas. \rightarrow Look at the picture at **insect**.

flea mar . ket / 'fli market / noun [count]

a market, usually outside, where you can buy old and used objects

flee / fli / verb

(flees, flee ing, fled / fled / has fled)

to run away from something bad or dangerous

During the war, thousands of people fled the country.

fleece / flis / noun

1 [count] the wool coat of a sheep

2 [noncount] a type of soft, warm cloth used for making jackets and other clothes

fleet / flit / noun [count]

a big group of ships

flesh / fles/ noun [noncount]

1 the soft part of a human or animal body under your skin

2 the soft part of a fruit or vegetable that we eat

the sweet flesh of a peach

in the flesh

If you see someone **in the flesh**, you are in the same place as them and actually see them rather than just seeing a picture of them.

flew

form of fly 1

flex . i . ble AWL / 'fleksəbl / adjective

1 able to change easily

We can start earlier if you like – I can be flexible.

flexible working hours

2 able to bend easily without breaking

→ANTONYM inflexible

flex · i · bil · i · ty AWL / ˌflɛksəˈbɪləti̞ / noun

[noncount]

flick / flik / verb (flicks, flick ing, flicked)

to move or make something move with a quick, light movement

She flicked the dust off her coat.

flick noun [count]

flies

1 form of fly 1

2 plural of fly 2

flight 🔯 / flatt / noun

1 [count] a trip in an airplane

Our flight leaves at 10 a.m.

a direct flight from New York to Chicago.

2 [noncount] flying

Have you ever seen an eagle in flight?

3 [count] a group of steps

We carried the couch up a flight of stairs.

flight at . tend . ant / 'flait ə,tendənt / noun [count]

a person whose job is to serve and take care of passengers on an airplane

flim .sy / 'flimzi / adjective

(flim si er, flim si est)

1 not strong; easy to break or tear a flimsy bookcase

2 weak; not making you believe that it is true *He gave a flimsy excuse for being late.*

fling / fling / verb

(flings , fling ling , flung / fla η / has flung)

to throw something carelessly or with great force *She flung her coat on the chair.*

flip-flop / 'flip flap / noun [count]

a simple open shoe with a narrow piece of material that goes between your big toe and the toe next to it

flip . pant / 'flipent / adjective

not serious about important things

a flippant answer

flip . per / 'flipər / noun [count]

1 a flat part of the body of some animals, which they use for swimming in the ocean

Seals and turtles have flippers

 $\boldsymbol{2}\,$ a flat, rubber shoe that you wear to help you swim fast underwater

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at snorkel.

flirt / flort / verb (flirts , flirt ing , flirt ed)

to behave as if you like someone in a romantic way *Jan was flirting with him at the party.*

▶ flirt noun [count]

a person who **flirts** a lot with different people

float floot / verb (floats, float ing, float ed)

1 to stay on top of a liquid *Wood floats on water.*

→ANTONYM sink

2 to move slowly in the air

Clouds were floating across the sky.

flock / flak / noun [count]

a group of sheep or birds

a flock of geese

 \rightarrow Look at herd 1.

flood 1 0 / flad / noun [count]

1 When there is a **flood**, a lot of water covers the land *Many homes were destroyed in the flood.*

2 a lot of something

She received a flood of letters after the accident.

flood 2 / flad / verb

(floods, flood ing, flood ed)

to fill a place with water; to be filled or covered with water *A pipe burst and flooded the kitchen.*

flood . light / 'fladlart / noun [count]

a powerful light that is used outside, for example near a building or for sports

floor / flor / noun [count]

1 [usually singular] the part of a room that you walk on *There weren't any chairs so we sat on the floor*.

2 all the rooms at the same height in a building *I live on the top floor* .

Our hotel room was on the sixth floor.

→ Look at first floor, ground floor.

floor . board / 'florbord / noun [count]

a long flat piece of wood in a wooden floor

flop .py / 'flapi / adjective

(flop pi er, flop pi est)

soft, loose, and hanging downward a floppy hat

a dog with floppy ears

flop .py disk / 'flapi disk / noun [count]

(also flop .py plural flop .pies)

($\mbox{{\it COMPUTERS}}$) a small flat piece of plastic that stores information for a computer

flo . ral / 'florel / adjective

decorated with a pattern of flowers, or made with flowers a floral design

flo . rist / 'florist / noun [count]

a person who owns or works in a store that sells flowers

floss / flos / verb (floss es, floss ing, flossed)

to use a special kind of string (called $\mbox{\bf dental}$ $\mbox{\bf floss}$) to clean between your teeth

You should floss daily.

flour O / 'flaver / noun [noncount]

PRONUNCIATION

The word flour sounds just like flower.

soft, white or brown powder that we use to make bread, cakes, etc.

flour . ish / 'flars / verb

(flour ish es, flour ish ing, flour ished)

to develop or grow successfully

Their business is flourishing.

These plants flourish in a sunny position.

flow 1 2 / flov / verb (flows, flow ing, flowed)

to move in a steady, continuous way in one direction *This river flows into the Atlantic Ocean.*

flow 2 / floo / noun [singular]

a steady, continuous movement of something in one direction

I used a handkerchief to stop the flow of blood. the steady flow of traffic through the city

flow chart / 'floo tfart / noun [count]

($\mbox{\it BUSINESS}$, $\mbox{\it GENERAL SCIENCE}$) a diagram that shows the connections between the different stages of a process or parts of a system

 \rightarrow Look at pie chart.

flow .er 1 0 / flaver / noun [count]

the part of a plant that has a bright color, where the seeds or fruit come from

She gave me a bunch of flowers.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at plant.

flowers







tulip sunflower

rose

flow .er 2 / 'flaver / verb

(flow ers, flow er ing, flow ered)

(BIOLOGY) to produce flowers

This plant flowers in late spring.

flow .er bed / 'flaver bed / noun [count]

a piece of ground used for growing flowers

flow .er .pot / 'flaverput / noun [count]

a container in which you grow plants

flow .er .y / 'flaveri / (also flow ered / 'flaverd /)
adjective

covered or decorated with flowers She was wearing a flowery dress.

flown

form of fly 1

fl. oz.

abbreviation of fluid ounce

flu / flu / noun [noncount]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{HEALTH}}$) an illness like a very bad cold that makes your body sore and hot

I have the flu.

fluc . tu . ate AWL / 'flaktsueit / verb

(fluc tu ates, fluc tu at ing, fluc tu at ed)

to change often from one thing to another

The number of students at the school fluctuates between 100 and 150.

flu .en .cy / 'fluənsi / noun [noncount]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{ENGLISH}}$ LANGUAGE ARTS) the ability to speak or write a language well

speaking activities to improve your fluency

flu .ent / 'fluant / adjective

1 able to speak easily and correctly

Susan is fluent in English and Spanish.

2 spoken easily and correctly

She speaks fluent Japanese.

►flu .ent .ly / 'fluəntli / adverb

She speaks five languages fluently.

fluff / flnf / noun [noncount]

very light and soft pieces of wool, cotton, or fur, or very light and soft new feathers

fluff . **y** / 'flʌfi / adjective (fluff i er, fluff i est)

feeling or looking very light and soft

a fluffy kitten

fluffy clouds

flu · id / 'fluəd / noun [count, noncount]

a substance that can flow; a liquid

The doctor told her to drink plenty of fluids.

flu · id ounce / flued 'aons / (also ounce) noun [count] (abbreviation fl. oz.)

a measure of liquid (= 0.0296 liters). There are 16 **fluid ounces** in a **pint**, and 32 **fluid ounces** in a **quart**.

flung

form of fling

flush / flaf / verb (flush es, flush ing , flushed)

1 to clean a toilet by pressing or pulling a handle that sends water through it

Remember to flush the toilet.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ If you \boldsymbol{flush} , your face becomes red because you are embarrassed or angry

He flushed with anger.

flushed / flast / adjective

with a red face

You look flushed. Are you feeling alright?

flust . ered / 'flastard / adjective

feeling nervous and confused because you have too much to do or not enough time

She arrived late, looking hot and flustered.

flute / flut / noun [count]

(MUSIC) a musical instrument that you hold out to the side and play by blowing

→ Look at the picture at instrument.

flut .ter / 'flater / verb

(flut ters, flut ter ing, flut tered)

to make a quick, light movement through the air *Flags fluttered in the breeze.*

fly 1 🥯 / flai / verb

(flies, fly ing, flew / flu / has flown / floon /)

1 to move through the air

In the fall, some birds fly to warmer countries.

2 to travel in an airplane

I'm flying to Boston tomorrow.

3 to make an airplane move through the air

A pilot is a person who flies a plane.

4 to move quickly

The door suddenly flew open, and John came in.

A stone came flying through the window.

5 to move around in the air

Three flags were flying in front of the building.

fly 2 / flai / noun (plural flies)

1 [count] a small insect with two wings

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **insect**.

2 [singular] the part where you fasten a pair of pants at the front

Your fly is unzipped!

fly ing / 'flam / adjective

able to fly

flying insects

with flying colors

with great success; very well

They all passed the exam with flying colors.

fly .ing sau .cer / flam 'soser / noun [count] an object in the sky that some people think they have seen, and that they think has come from another planet

foal / fool / noun [count]

a young horse

Word building

A male horse is a **stallion** and a female horse is a **mare**.

A young horse is a foal .

foam / foom / noun [noncount]

1 a soft light material, full of small holes, which is used inside seats, etc.

a foam mattress

2 a lot of very small white bubbles that you see when you move liquid quickly

fo . **cus** 1 **AWL** / 'fookes / *verb* (fo . cus . es or fo . cus . ses , fo . cus . ing or fo . cus . sing , fo . cused or fo . cussed)

1 to give all your attention to something *to focus on a problem*

2 to move part of a camera, etc. so that you can see things through it clearly

fo . cus 2 AWL / 'fookes / noun [singular]

the center of attention or interest; special attention that is given to someone or something

It was the main focus of attention at the meeting.

in focus; out of focus

If a photograph is ${\bf in\ focus}$, it is clear. If it is ${\bf out\ of\ focus}$, it is not.

fog / fog; fag / noun [count, noncount]

thick cloud that forms close to the ground, and that is difficult to see through

The fog will clear by late morning.

► fog · gy / ˈfəgi ; ˈfagi / adjective

(fog gi er, fog gi est)

a foggy day

It was very foggy this morning.

foil / foil / noun [noncount]

thin metal paper that is used for covering food Wrap the meat in foil and put it in the oven.

fold 1 / foold / verb (folds, fold ing, fold ed) (also fold up)

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ to bend something so that one part is on top of another part

I folded the letter and put it in the envelope.

Fold up your clothes. →ANTONYM unfold

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ to be able to be made smaller in order to be carried or stored more easily

a folding chair

This table folds up flat.

fold your arms

to cross one arm over the other one in front of your chest *She folded her arms and waited.*

fold 2 / foold / noun [count]

a line that is made when you bend cloth or paper

fold .er / 'foolder / noun [count]

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ a cover made of very thick paper or plastic, for keeping papers in

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **stationery**.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ (COMPUTERS) a collection of information or files that is stored together in a computer or on a disk

fo.li.age / 'fooliid3 / noun [noncount] (formal)

(BIOLOGY) all the leaves of a tree or plant

folk / fook / adjective

typical of the ordinary people of a particular country or community

folk music

a traditional folk dance

folks / fooks / noun [plural]

1 people in general

There are a lot of old folks living in this town.

2 (informal) your parents

How are your folks?

fol . low 😂 / 'faloo / verb

(fol lows, fol low ing, fol lowed)

1 to come or go after someone or something

Follow me and I'll show you the way.

I think that car is following us!

The movie will be followed by the news.

2 to go along a road, path, etc.

Follow this road for about a mile and then turn right.

3 to do what someone says you should do

I'd like you all to follow my instructions carefully.

4 to understand something

Has everyone followed the discussion so far?

as follows

as you will now hear or read

The dates of the meetings will be as follows: March 21, April 3, April 19.

▶ fol . low . er noun [count]

someone who follows or supports a person or a belief

fol . low . ing / 'faloon / adjective

next

I saw him the following day.

fond / fand / adjective (fond er, fond est)

be fond of someone or something

to like someone or something a lot

They are very fond of their uncle.

Thesaurus

like to feel that someone or something is good, nice, or attractive; to enjoy something: He's nice. I like him a lot. ◆ Which shirt do you like the best? ◆ I don't like to see her cry. ◆ He didn't like it when I shouted at him.

love to like or enjoy someone or something very much: I love this place. ◆ My dad loves going to baseball games. ◆ I love it when you bring me presents!

be fond of to like or enjoy someone or something, especially if this has continued for a long time: We were fond of the house and didn't want to leave. ◆ We're all very fond of Mrs. Simpson. ◆ I grew very fond of Turkish food while I was living in Istanbul.

adore to love someone or something very much: He simply adores his older brother. ◆ She adores working with children.

►fond .ly / 'fandli / adverb

I remember the place fondly.

food (a) / fud / noun [noncount]

things that people or animals eat

Let's go and get some food – I'm hungry.

They gave the horses food and water.

My favorite food is pasta.

Collocations

Cooking

preparing

chop/slice the onions

peel the potatoes/an orange

grate the cheese/a carrot

mix (together) all the ingredients

cooking

heat the oven/the broiler/some oil in a frying pan

melt the butter/chocolate/cheese

cook food/fish/meat/rice

bake bread/a cake/cookies/muffins

boil potatoes/an egg/water

fry/stir-fry the chicken/vegetables

grill/broil/barbecue fish/meat/steak

roast chicken/turkey/potatoes

steam rice/vegetables

microwave food/popcorn/your dinner

fool 1 / ful / noun [count]

a person who is silly or who does something silly

You fool! You forgot to lock the door!

make a fool of yourself

to do something that makes you look silly in front of other people

He always makes a fool of himself at parties.

fool 2 / ful / verb (fools, fool ing, fooled)

to make someone believe something that is not true You can't fool me! I know you're lying!

→SYNONYM trick

fool around to do silly things Stop fooling around with those scissors.

fool ish / 'fulif / adjective

stupid or silly a foolish mistake

▶ fool ish ly / 'fulifli / adverb I foolishly forgot to bring a coat.

foot 5 / fot / noun [count]

1 (plural feet / fit /) the part of your leg that you stand

I've been walking all day, and my feet hurt.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at leg.

2 (plural foot or feet) (abbreviation ft.) a measure of length (= twelve inches or 30.48 centimeters). There are three feet in a yard

"How tall are you?" "Five foot six (= five feet and six inches) . "

She is five feet tall.

3 the lowest part of something

She was standing at the foot of the stairs.

→SYNONYM bottom

on foot

walking

Should we go by car or on foot?

put your foot down (informal)

to say strongly that something must or must not happen My mom put her foot down when I asked if I could stay out after midnight.

put your foot in your mouth (informal)

to say or do something by accident that makes someone embarrassed or upset

foot ball 🐷

/ 'fotbal / noun (SPORTS)

1 [noncount] a game that is played by two teams of eleven players who throw, carry, or kick the ball to the end of field. players wear special clothing to protect heads their bodies

He played football in high school and college.

a football game

2 [count] a ball for playing this game

foot . print / 'fotprint / noun [count] a mark that your foot or shoe makes on the ground

foot . step / 'fotstep / noun [count] the sound of a person walking

I heard footsteps, and then a knock on the door.

foot . wear / 'fotwer / noun [noncount] shoes or boots

The store has a large footwear department.

football



for 1 2 / far; far / preposition

1 a word that shows who will get or have something These flowers are for you.

2 a word that shows how something is used or why something is done

We had fish for dinner.

Take this medicine for your cold.

He was sent to prison for murder.

3 a word that shows where a person or thing is going Is this the train for New York?

4 a word that shows how much something is I bought this book for \$19.

5 a word that shows that you like an idea

Some people were for the strike and others were against it.

→ANTONYM against

6 with the meaning of

What is the word for "small" in Spanish?

7 on the side of someone or something

He plays football for Cornell.

8 a word that shows how long something has been happening

She has lived here for 20 years.

Which word?

For or since?

We use for to say how long something has continued, for example in hours, days, or years: She's been sick for three days. ◆ I've lived in this house for ten months.

We have been married for ten years.

We use since with points of time in the past, for example a time on the clock, a date, or an event: I've been here **since** six o'clock. ◆ She has been alone **since** her husband died. ♦ We've been married since 1996.

9 a word that shows how far someone or something goes We walked for miles (= a very long way).

10 a word that shows the person or thing you are talking about

It's time for us to go.

TOP 2 / far; far / conjunction (formal)

She was crying, for she knew they could never meet again. →SYNONYM as

for bid / fər'bid / verb (for bids, for bid ding,

for bade / fər'beid / has for bid den / fər'bidn /)

to say that someone must not do something My parents have forbidden me to see him again. *Smoking is forbidden* (= not allowed) *inside the building.*

→ANTONYM allow

force 1 \oscitation / fors / noun

1 [noncount] power or strength

He was killed by the force of the explosion.

I lost the key so I had to open the door by force.

2 [count] a group of people, for example police or soldiers, who do a special job

the police force

military forces

3 [count, noncount] (PHYSICS) a power that can cause change or movement the force of gravity

force 2 / fors / verb (forc es, forc ing, forced)

1 to make someone do something that they do not want to

They forced him to give them the money.

2 to do something by using a lot of strength *The thief forced the window open.*

fore .cast 1 / 'forkæst / noun [count]

what someone thinks will happen, based on the information that is available

The weather forecast said that it would rain today.

fore cast 2 / 'forkæst / verb (fore casts, fore cast ing, fore cast, has fore cast)

to say what you think will happen, based on the information that is available

They're forecasting rain for tomorrow.

→SYNONYM predict

fore .cast .er / 'forkæster / noun [count] She's a weather forecaster on TV.

fore .fa .ther / 'for,faðor / noun [count] (formal)

($\mbox{\sc HISTORY}$) a person (especially a man) in your family who lived a long time ago

→SYNONYM ancestor

fore . ground / 'forgraund / noun [singular]

(ART) the part of a picture that seems nearest to you *The man in the foreground is my father.*

→ANTONYM background

fore . head / 'forhed / noun [count] the part of your face above your eyes

for .eign @ / 'foren; 'faren / adjective

belonging to or connected with a country that is not your own

We have some foreign students staying at our house. a foreign language

for . **eign** . **er** / 'forener; 'forener / *noun* [count] a person from another country

fore . See / for si / verb (fore . sees ,

fore see ing, fore saw / for'so / has fore seen / for'sin /) (formal)

to know or guess what will happen in the future *No one could have foreseen what would happen.*

→SYNONYM predict

for .est 📀 / 'forest / noun [count, noncount]

(GEOGRAPHY) a large area of land covered with trees We went for a walk in the forest.

for .ev .er 😂 / fəˈrɛvər / adverb

1 for all time

I will love you forever.

→SYNONYM always

2 (informal) very often

I can't read because he's forever asking me questions!

fore . word / 'forward / noun [count]

($\mbox{\sc ENGLISH}$ LANGUAGE ARTS) a piece of writing at the beginning of a book, which introduces it

a collection of short stories, with a foreword by John Updike

for .gave form of forgive

forge / ford₃ / verb (forg .es , forg .ing , forged) to make an illegal copy of something in order to cheat people

The passport had been forged.

forge someone's signature

to sign another person's name, pretending to be that person

for .ger .y / 'fordgeri / noun

(plural for .ger .ies)

1 [noncount] the crime of making an illegal copy of something in order to cheat people

2 [count] something that has been copied in order to cheat people

This painting is not really by Van Gogh – it's a forgery.

for .get 2 / fərˈgɛt / verb (for .gets ,

for .get .ting , for .got / fər'gat / has for .got .ten / fər'qatn /)

1 to not remember something

I forgot her name.

Don't forget to do your homework!

2 to not bring something with you

I had forgotten my glasses.

3 to stop thinking about something

Forget about your exams and enjoy yourself!

"I'm sorry I shouted at you." "Oh, forget it (= don't worry about it)."

for .get .ful / fər'getfl / adjective

often forgetting things

My grandmother had become very forgetful.

→SYNONYM absentminded

for .give for gives ,

for .giv .ing , for .gave / fərˈgeɪv / has for .giv .en

/ fər¹gıvn /)

to stop being angry with someone for a bad thing that they did

I can't forgive him for behaving like that.

for .give .ness / fərˈgɪvnəs / noun [noncount]

the fact that you stop being angry with someone for a bad thing that they did

He begged for forgiveness.

for got, for got ten

forms of forget

fork 🥯 / fork / noun [count]

1 a thing with long points at one end, which you use for putting food in your mouth

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at knife.

2 a large tool with points at one end, which you use for digging in the ground

3 a place where a road or river divides into two parts *When you get to the fork in the road, go left.*

form 1 0 / form / noun

1 [count] a type of something

Cars, trains, and buses are all forms of transportation.

2 [count] a piece of paper with spaces for you to answer questions

You need to fill out this form to get a new passport.

3 [count, noncount] the shape of a person or thing a cake in the form of a car

 $\boldsymbol{4} \; [\; \text{count} \;]$ (<code>ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS</code>) one of the ways you write or say a word

"Forgot" is a form of "forget."

form 2 / form / verb (forms, form ing, formed)

1 to make something or to give a shape to something *We formed a line outside the theater.*

In English we usually form the past tense by adding "-ed."

2 to grow or take shape

Ice forms when water freezes.

3 to start a group or an organization

The club was formed last year.

for .mal 😂 / 'forml / adjective

1 You use **formal** language or behave in a **formal** way at important or serious times and with people you do not know very well

"Yours sincerely" is a formal way of ending a letter. I wore a suit and tie because it was a formal dinner.

2 official

I'll be making a formal complaint to the hospital about my care.

→ANTONYM informal

▶ for .mal .ly / 'formali / adverb

"How do you do?" she said formally.

for .mat AWL / 'formæt / noun

the shape of something, or the way it is arranged or produced

It's the same book, but in a different format.

for .mer / 'former / adjective

of a time before now our former president

► for . mer . ly / 'formarli / adverb

The hotel was formerly a private house.

the for .mer / ða 'formar / noun [singular]

the first of two things or people

He had to choose between losing his job and losing his family. He chose the former.

→ANTONYM the latter

for .mu .la AWL / 'formyələ / noun [count]

(plural for mu las or for mu lae / 'formyəli /)

1 (MATH, GENERAL SCIENCE) a group of letters, numbers, or symbols that show a rule in mathematics or science *This formula is used to calculate the area of a circle.*

2 a list of the substances that you need to make something *The formula for the new drug will not be made public.*

fort / fort / noun [count]

a strong building that was made to protect a place against its enemies

forth / forθ / adverb

back and forth

 \rightarrow Look at back 3.

for iti eth number

form of forty

for . tress / 'fortres / noun [count]

(plural for .tress .es)

a large strong building that was made to protect a place against its enemies

for .tu .nate / 'fortsonot / adjective

lucky

I was very fortunate to get the job.

→ANTONYM unfortunate

▶ for . tu . nate . ly / 'fort∫ənətli / adverb

Fortunately, no one was hurt in the accident.

→SYNONYM luckily

→ ANTONYM unfortunately

for . tune / 'fortson / noun

1 [count] a lot of money

He made a fortune selling old cars.

2 [noncount] things that happen that you cannot control *I* had the good fortune to get the job.

→SYNONYM luck

tell someone's fortune

to say what will happen to someone in the future *She said she could tell my fortune by looking at my hand.*

for . ty 🥯 / 'forti / number

SPELLING

Remember! There is a **U** in **four**, but no **U** in **forty**.

1 40

2 the forties [plural] the numbers, years, or temperatures between 40 and 49

in your forties

between the ages of 40 and 49

I think my teacher must be in his forties.

▶ for .ti .eth / ˈfɔrti̞əθ / pronoun, adjective, adverb, noun [count]

40th

for . ward 1 0 / 'forward / adverb

1 (also for \cdot wards / 'forwardz /) in the direction that is in front of you

Move forward to the front of the train.

2 in the direction of progress; ahead

This new drug is a big step forward.

→ANTONYM backward

look forward to something

to wait for something with pleasure

We're looking forward to seeing you again.

for . ward 2 / 'forward / verb

(for .wards, for .ward .ing, for .ward .ed)

to send a letter or e-mail that you receive at one address to another address

Could you forward all my mail to me while I'm abroad?

fos . sil / 'fasl / noun [count]

a part of a dead plant or an animal that has been in the ground for a very long time and has turned into rock

fos . sil fuel / 'fasl fyuəl / noun

[count, noncount]

fuel such as gas or oil that was formed over millions of years from dead animals or plants in the ground

fos .ter 1 / 'fastər / verb

(fos .ters, fos .ter .ing, fos .tered)
(formal)

to let a good feeling or situation develop

The aim is to foster good relations between the two countries.

fos . ter 2 / 'fastər / adjective

connected with taking a child who needs a home into your family, but without becoming their legal parent *my foster parents*

a foster home

fought

form of fight

foul 1 / faul / adjective

1 dirty, or with a bad smell or taste

What a foul smell!

2 very bad

We had foul weather all week.

foul 2 / faul / (fouls, foul ing, fouled) verb

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{SPORTS}}$) to do something to another player that is not allowed

Johnson was fouled twice.

▶ foul noun [count]

He was sent off for a foul on the goalkeeper.

found 1 AWL

form of find

found 2 AWL / faund / verb

(founds, found ing, found ed)

to start a new organization

This school was founded in 1865.

► foun . der AWL / 'faonder / noun [count]

a person who starts a new organization the founder and president of the company

foun da tion AWL / faon deisn / noun

1 foundations [plural] the bricks or stones that form the solid base of a building, under the ground

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ [count, noncount] the idea or fact on which something is based

Those skills are a good foundation for learning other subjects.

That theory has no foundation.

3 [noncount] the act of starting a new organization

foun . tain / 'faontn / noun [count]

water that shoots up into the air and then falls down again. You often see **fountains** in parks and gardens.

four 🔯 / for / number

on all fours

with your hands and knees on the ground We went through the tunnel on all fours.

► fourth / $for\theta$ / pronoun, adjective, adverb 4th

He finished fourth in the race.

four . teen 😂 / ˌfɔrˈtin / number

► four teenth / for tinθ / pronoun, adjective, adverb, noun [count]

the Fourth of Ju . ly / ðə ˌfərθ ʌv dʒʊˈlaɪ /

noun [singular]

July 4; a national holiday in the U.S., when Americans celebrate the day in 1776 that America became an independent country

→SYNONYM Independence Day

fox / faks / noun
[count] (plural fox .es)
a wild animal like a small
dog with a long thick tail
and red fur



foy er / forer / noun [count]

an open area inside the entrance of a house or a large public building, for example a hotel or theater

I'll meet you in the hotel foyer at seven thirty.

frac . tion / 'frækjn / noun [count]

(MATH)

1 an exact part of a number

 $\frac{1}{4}$ (= a quarter) and $\frac{1}{3}$ (= a third) are fractions.

 \rightarrow Look at integer.

2 a very small part of something

For a fraction of a second I thought the car was going to crash.

frac . ture / 'fræktʃər / noun [count]

(HEALTH) a break in one of your bones

She had a fracture of the arm.

▶frac .ture verb

(frac tures, frac turing, frac tured)

She fell and fractured her ankle.

frag . ile / 'fræd3l / adjective

A thing that is **fragile** breaks easily *Be careful with those glasses. They're very fragile.*

frag .ment / 'frægment / noun [count]

a very small piece that has broken off something There were fragments of glass everywhere.

fra . grance / 'freigrans / noun

[count, noncount]

a pleasant smell

The flowers are chosen for their delicate fragrance.

fra .grant / 'freigrant / adjective

having a pleasant smell

The air was fragrant.

frail / freil / adjective (frail er , frail est)

not strong or healthy a frail old woman

→SYNONYM weak

frame 1 2 / freim / noun [count]

1 a thin piece of wood or metal around the edge of a picture, window, mirror, etc.

 ${f 2}$ strong pieces of wood or metal that give something its shape

the frame of the bicycle

3 the metal or plastic around the edge of a pair of glasses

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at glasses.

frame of mind

the way that you feel at a particular time

I'm not in the right frame of mind for a party.

→SYNONYM mood

frame 2 / frem / verb

(frames, fram ing, framed)

to put a picture in a frame

Let's have this photograph framed.

frame . work AWL / 'freimwerk / noun [count]

1 the strong part of something that gives it shape *The bridge has a steel framework.*

2 a set of rules or ideas which help you to decide what to do *Your plan will provide a good framework.*

frank / frænk / *adjective* (frank er , frank est) saying exactly what you think

To be frank, I don't like your shirt.

→SYNONYM honest, truthful

▶ frank . ly / 'frænkli / adverb

Tell me frankly what you think of my work.

fran .tic / 'fræntik / adjective

1 very busy or in a hurry

a frantic search for the keys

2 extremely worried or frightened

Nancy was frantic when she couldn't find her son. frantic cries for help

▶ fran . ti . cal . ly / 'fræntikli / adverb Tom searched frantically for his wallet.

fraud / frod / noun

1 [count, noncount] doing things that are not honest to get money: His father was sent to prison for fraud.

2 [count] a person or thing that is not what they seem to

He said he was a police officer, but I knew he was a fraud.

fray / frei / verb (frays, fray ling, frayed) If cloth **frays**, the threads become loose at the edges a frayed towel

freak 1 / frik / noun [count]

1 (informal) a person with a very strong interest in something

a health freak

a computer freak

2 a person who looks strange or behaves in a very strange

freak 2 / frik / adjective

(used about an event or the weather) strange or unusual a freak accident a freak storm

freck . les / 'freklz / noun [plural] small light brown spots on a person's skin

A lot of people with red hair have freckles.

free 1 2 / fri / adjective, adverb (fre .er, fre .est)

1 able to go where you want and do what you want After five years in prison she was finally free.

We set the bird free (= let it go) and it flew away.

2 If something is **free**, you do not have to pay for it We have some free tickets for the concert. Children under twelve can stay here free.

3 not busy

Are you free this afternoon?

I don't have much free time.

4 not being used

Excuse me, is this seat free?

free from something; free of something

without something bad

She was finally free from pain.

free 2 2 / fri / verb (frees, free ing, freed)

to make someone or something free

He was freed after ten years in prison.

SUFFIX

-free

(in adjectives) not containing the bad thing mentioned sugar -free cola

fat -free yogurt

a smoke -free environment

a tax -free savings account

free . dom D / 'fridam / noun

1 [noncount] being free

They gave their children too much freedom.

2 [count, noncount] the right to do or say what you

freedom of speech

free . way / 'friwer / noun [count]

a wide road where vehicles can travel fast the freeways of southern California

freeze / friz / verb (freez es , freez ing ,

froze / frouz / has fro zen / 'frouzn /)

1 to become hard because it is so cold. When water freezes, it becomes ice.

2 to make food very cold so that it stays fresh for a long time

frozen vegetables

3 to stop suddenly and stay very still

The cat froze when it saw the bird.

freeze to death

to be so cold that you die

freez .er / 'frizər / noun [count]

an electric container that keeps food very cold (frozen) so that it stays fresh for a long time

→ Look at refrigerator.

freez ing / 'frizin / adjective

(informal)

very cold

Can you close the window? I'm freezing!

Thesaurus

cold with a temperature that is lower than usual or lower than the human body; (used about food or drink) not heated: I'm not going into the lake - the water's too cold. ♦ Should I turn the heat on? I'm cold.

♦ to look/feel cold ♦ Would you like a cold drink? ♦ We're having cold chicken for lunch.

cool (used especially about the weather) a little cold, often in a pleasant way: It's hot outside but it's nice and cool in here. ◆ a cool breeze (= a light wind) ◆ Let's sit in the shade and keep cool.

freezing

(informal)

(used about the temperature or people) extremely cold: It's freezing outside. ◆ freezing temperatures ◆ I'm freezing! Close the window! ♦ freezing cold weather

→ANTONYM boiling

chilly (used especially about the weather) too cold to be comfortable: a chilly morning in November ◆ Bring a coat. It might get chilly later. • She was beginning to feel chilly.

freez ing point / 'frizin point /

(also freez ing) noun [count, noncount]

(PHYSICS) the temperature at which a liquid freezes Water has a freezing point of 32° Fahrenheit, or 0° Celsius. Last night the temperature fell to six degrees below freezing.

freight / freit / noun [noncount]

things that trucks, ships, trains, and airplanes carry from one place to another

a freight train

French fries / 'frentf fraiz / (also fries) noun

thin pieces of potato cooked in hot oil a hamburger with French fries

French toast / frent toust / noun [noncount]

bread that has been covered with a mixture of eggs and milk and then fried

a piece of French toast

fren . zy / 'frenzi / noun

[singular, noncount]

a state of great emotion or activity that is not under control *She was in a complete frenzy before the wedding.*

 $\textbf{fre} \cdot \textbf{quen} \cdot \textbf{cy} \; / \; \text{'frikwansi} \; / \; \textbf{\textit{noun}}$

(plural fre .quen .cies)

1 [noncount] the number of times something happens *The frequency of fatal accidents has gone down.*

The frequency of cancer-related deaths near the factory is being investigated.

2 [count, noncount] (PHYSICS) the rate at which a sound wave or radio wave moves up and down *high-frequency sounds*

What frequency does the radio station broadcast on?

fre . quent / 'frikwant / adjective

happening often

His visits became less frequent.

→ANTONYM infrequent

► fre · quent · ly / 'frikwəntli / adverb

Steven is frequently late for school.

→SYNONYM often

fresh ◎ / freſ / adjective (fresh er , fresh est)

1 (used especially about food) made or picked not long ago; not frozen or in a can

I'll make some fresh coffee.

Eat plenty of fresh fruit and vegetables.

2 new or different

fresh ideas

3 clean and cool

Open the window and let some fresh air in.

4 (used about water) not containing salt; not from the ocean

fresh water

► fresh . ly / 'fre∫li / adverb

freshly baked bread

fresh .man / 'fresman / noun

[count]

(plural fresh men / 'fresmən /)

a student who is in ninth grade in high school or the first year of college $\,$

 \rightarrow Look at junior 2, senior 2 (1), sophomore.

 $\textbf{fret} \ / \ \textit{fret} \ / \ \textit{verb} \ (\ \textit{fret} \ , \ \textit{fret} \ \ \textit{ting} \ , \ \textit{fret} \ \ \textit{ted} \,)$

to be worried and unhappy about something *I've been fretting about the exam all week.*

fric . tion / 'friksin / noun

[noncount]

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ (PHYSICS) the action of one surface rubbing against another

You have to put oil in the engine to reduce friction between the moving parts.

2 disagreement between people or groups

There was a lot of friction between the two families.

Fri .day 💿 / ˈfraɪdeɪ ; ˈfraɪdi / noun

[count, noncount] (abbreviation Fri.)

the day of the week after Thursday and before Saturday

fridge / frid3 / noun [count]

(informal)

= refrigerator

fried

form of fry

friend 5 / frend / noun [count]

PRONUNCIATION

The word friend sounds like send , because we don't say the letter \boldsymbol{i} in this word.

a person that you like and know very well

David is my best friend.

We are very good friends.

make friends with someone

to become a friend of someone

Have you made friends with any of the students in your class?

friend . ly 💁/ ˈfrɛndli / adjective

(friend liver, friend livest)

kind and helpful

My neighbors are very friendly.

→ANTONYM unfriendly

be friendly with someone

to be someone's friend

Jane is friendly with their daughter.

► friend . li . ness / 'frendlines / noun

[noncount]

friend . ship 🚳 / 'frendsip / noun

[count, noncount]

the state of being friends with someone

a close friendship

Your friendship is very important to me.

fries 1 / fraiz / noun [plural]

= French fries

a burger and fries

fries 2

form of fry

fright / frait / noun

[count, noncount]

a sudden feeling of fear

I hope I didn't give you a fright when I shouted. She cried out in fright.

fright .en 🔯 / 'fraitn / verb

(fright ens, fright en ing, fright ened)

to make someone feel afraid

Sorry, did I frighten you?

→SYNONYM scare

▶ fright .en .ing / 'fraitn•in / adjective

That was the most frightening movie I have ever seen.

→SYNONYM scary

fright ened / fraitnd / adjective

afraid

He's frightened of spiders.

→SYNONYM scared

Thesaurus

afraid feeling fear; worried that something bad might happen. This word cannot come before a noun, so you can say "the man is afraid" but NOT "an afraid man": Are you afraid of spiders? ◆ Alex is afraid of going out after dark. ◆ We were afraid to go into the cave. ◆ He's afraid that he'll fall.

scared a more informal word than afraid, which is used more in spoken than written English: I'm really scared of heights. ◆ Everyone was too scared to move.

◆ The thieves **got scared** and ran away. ◆ Are you **scared about** the exam tomorrow?

frightened a more formal word than *afraid*, which is used more in written than spoken English: *a frightened child* ◆ *She is not frightened of anything.* ◆ *He was frightened that* the glass would break.

terrified very afraid: to be **terrified** of spiders ◆ He was **terrified** that he would fall. ◆ You look terrified!

frill / fril / noun

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \bf 1 & [\ \ count \] \ \ a \ \ narrow \ piece \ of \ cloth \ with \ a \ lot \ of \ folds, \\ which \ decorates \ the \ edge \ of \ a \ shirt, \ dress, \ etc. \\ \end{tabular}$

a white blouse with frills at the cuffs

2 frills [plural] nice things that are added to something, but that you feel are not necessary

We want a simple meal - no frills.

► frill .y / 'frili / adjective (frill .i .er , frill .i .est) a frilly skirt

fringe / frind3 / noun

[count]

a line of loose strings ($\mbox{threads}$) that decorate the edge of a piece of cloth

friz . zy / 'frizi / adjective

(friz zi er, friz zi est) adjective

(used about hair) with a lot of small **curls** (= curved pieces of hair)

fro / froo / adverb

to and fro

first one way and then the other way, many times *She rocked the baby to and fro.*

frog / frog ; frag / noun
[count]

a small green animal that lives in and near water. **Frogs** have long back legs and they can jump. frog



from 🔯 / from ; fram / preposition

1 a word that shows where someone or something starts *We traveled from New York to Boston.*

She began to walk away from him.

The tickets cost from \$15 to \$35.

2 a word that shows when something starts *The store is open from 9:30 until 5:30.*

3 a word that shows who gave or sent something *I got a letter from Lynn.*

I borrowed a dress from my sister.

4 a word that shows where someone lives or was born *My family comes from Cuba.*

5 a word that shows what is used to make something *Paper is made from wood.*

6 a word that shows how far away something is *The house is two miles from here.*

7 a word that shows how something changes *The sky changed from blue to gray.*

8 a word that shows why

Children are dying from this disease.

9 a word that shows difference

My book is different from yours.

front (a) / frant / noun [count, usually singular]

the side or part of something that faces forward and that you usually see first

The book has a picture of a lion on the front .

John and I sat in the front of the car and the children sat in the back.

in front of someone or something

1 farther forward than another person or thing *Alice was sitting in front of her mother on the bus.*

2 when other people are there

Please don't talk about it in front of my parents.

▶ front adjective

the front door

the front seat of a car

fron . tier / fran'tir / noun

1 [usually singular] (HISTORY) land that people are just beginning to live on, especially in the western U.S. in the 1800s

frontier towns of the Wild West

→SYNONYM border

2 the frontiers [plural] the limit between what we know and what we do not know the frontiers of modern medicine

frost / frost / noun [count, noncount]

ice, like white powder, that covers the ground when the weather is very cold

There was a frost last night.

► frost . y / 'frosti / adjective

(frost .i .er, frost .i .est)

a frosty morning

frost ing / 'frostin / noun

[noncount]

a sweet substance that you use for covering cakes chocolate frosting

frown / fraun / verb

(frowns, frown ing, frowned)

to show that you are angry or worried by making lines appear above your nose

Ĵoĥn frowneď at me when I came in. "You're late," he said.

► frown noun [count]

She looked at me with a frown.

froze

form of freeze

fro .zen 1

form of freeze

fro . zen 2 0 / 'frouzn / adjective

(informal)

 ${\bf 1}$ (used about food) kept at a very cold temperature so that it stays fresh for a long time

frozen peas

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ (used about water) turned to ice, or with a layer of ice on the top

a frozen lake

fruit 🚳 / frut / noun

[count, noncount]

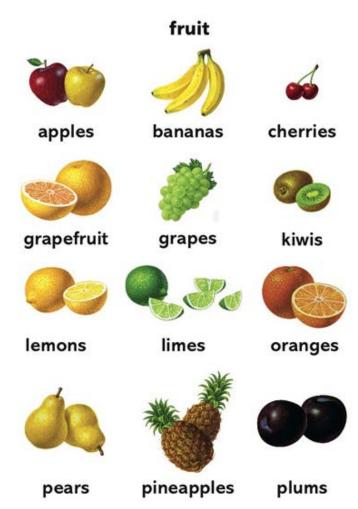
PRONUNCIATION

The word fruit sounds like boot.

the part of a plant or tree that holds the seeds. Oranges and apples are types of **fruit**

Would you like a a piece of fruit?

"Would you like some fruit?" "Yes please – I'll have a pear."



fruit sal . ad / "frut 'sæled / noun

[count, noncount]

a sweet dish made of small pieces of different kinds of fruit

frus . **trat** . **ed** / 'frastreited / *adjective* feeling angry because you cannot do what you want to do *She felt frustrated by her lack of progress.*

frus .trat .ing / 'frastreitin / adjective making you angry because you cannot do what you want to do

It's very frustrating when you can't say what you mean in a foreign language.

frus .tra .tion / fr_A 'streIfn / noun [noncount] a feeling of anger because you cannot get or do something you want

He got stuck in traffic and hit the steering wheel in frustration.

fry / frai / verb (fries, fry ing, fried, has fried) to cook something in hot fat or oil Fry the onions in butter. fried eggs

Thesaurus

cook to make food ready to eat by heating it: My mother taught me how to cook. ◆ Who is going to cook dinner tonight? ◆ What's the best way to cook salmon? ◆ He cooked us a wonderful meal.

boil to cook vegetables, rice, eggs, etc. in boiling water (= water heated to 212°F): Boil the rice for 15 minutes. ◆ Put the potatoes on to boil. ◆ Do you like boiled cabbage?

fry to cook food in a shallow pan of hot oil: Fry the onion and garlic for five minutes. ◆ There was a smell of bacon frying in the kitchen. ◆ fried chicken/fish/rice bake to cook food in an oven without any extra fat or liquid: to bake bread/cookies ◆ We baked him a cake for his birthday. ◆ baked potatoes

roast to cook large pieces of meat in an oven or over a fire; to cook vegetables in oil or fat in an oven: The turkey is roasting in the oven. ◆ You should boil the potatoes for a little while before you roast them.

grill to cook meat or fish on metal bars over a fire: to grill steak/chicken/burgers/fish on the barbecue ◆ grilled salmon

broil to cook food under or over direct heat: to broil salmon/a steak ◆ We ate broiled chicken with vegetables.

fry ing pan / 'fram pæn /

(also skil let / 'skilət/) noun [count]

a flat, metal container with a long handle that you use for frying food

ft.

abbreviation of **foot** (2)

fudge / fad3 / noun [noncount]

a type of soft, brown candy made from sugar, butter, milk, and usually chocolate

fuel 🔯 / 'fyuəl / noun [noncount]

anything that you burn to make heat or power. Wood, gas, and oil are kinds of **fuel** .

fu . **gi** . **tive** / 'fyudʒətɪ̯v / **noun** [count] a person who is running away or escaping, especially from the police

a fugitive from the law

SUFFIX

-ful

(in adjectives) full of something beauti ful

help ful power ful

truth ful use ful

ful . fill / fol'fil / verb

(ful fills, ful fill ing, ful filled)

to do what you have planned or promised to do Jane fulfilled her dream of traveling around the world.

► ful · fill · ment / fol'filment / noun [noncount] the fulfillment of a promise

1 with a lot of people or things in it, so that there is no more space

My glass is full. The bus was full so we waited for the next one. These socks are full of holes.





full

full

empty

→ANTONYM empty

2 having had enough to eat

"Would you like anything else to eat?" "No thanks, I'm full."

3 complete; with nothing missing Please tell me the full story.

4 as much, big, etc. as possible

The train was traveling at full speed.

in full

completely; with nothing missing Please write your name in full.

full moon / fol mun / noun [singular] the time when you can see all of the moon

full-time / fol taim / adjective, adverb for all the normal working hours of the day or week My mother has a full-time job. Do you work full-time?

 \rightarrow Look at part-time.

ful . ly 🔯 / 'foli / adverb

completely; totally

I fully understand what you are saying.

fumes / fyumz / noun [plural]

smoke or gases that smell bad and that can be dangerous to breathe in

toxic fumes

fun 1 2 / fan / noun [noncount]

pleasure and enjoyment; something that you enjoy Sailing is great fun .

I'm just learning Spanish for fun .

Have fun (= enjoy yourself) !

make fun of someone to laugh about someone in an unkind way

The other children make fun of him because he wears glasses.

fun 2 / fan / adjective

enjoyable

That party was really fun. to have a fun time

func . tion 1 AWL / 'fληkſn / noun [count]

1 the special work that a person or thing does

The function of the heart is to send blood around the body. 2 an important social event

The hall is often used for weddings and other functions.

func . tion 2 AWL / 'fanksin / verb

(func tions, func tion ing, func tioned) to work: Car engines do not function without oil.

fund 1 AWL / fand / noun [count]

money that will be used for something special a fund to help homeless people

The school wants to raise funds for new computers.

fund 2 AWL / fand / verb (funds, fund ing, fund ed)

(BUSINESS) to provide money for something official The government is funding a new study on nutrition.

fun da men tal AWL / fanda mental / adjective

most important; from which everything else develops There is a fundamental difference between the two points

→SYNONYM basic

fund-rais ing / 'fand reizin / noun

the activity of collecting money for a particular use fund-raising activities at the school

fu .ner .al / 'fyunaral / noun [count] the time when a dead person is buried or burned

fun . gus / 'fʌŋgəs / noun [count, noncount]

(plural fun gi / 'fʌŋdʒaɪ; 'fʌŋgaɪ /)

(BIOLOGY) a living thing that is like a plant without leaves or flowers. Fungi grow on plants and wet surfaces Mushrooms are fungi.

fun . nel / 'fanl / noun [count]

a tube that is wide at the top to help you pour things into

fun . ny 🔯 / 'fʌni / adjective

(fun initer, fun initest)

1 making you laugh or smile: a funny story He's so funny!

→SYNONYM amusing

2 strange or surprising

There's a funny smell in this room.

fur 🔯 / fər / noun [noncount]

the soft, thick hair that covers the bodies of some animals ▶ fur ry / 'fəri / adjective (fur ri er, fur ri est) a furry animal

fu . ri . ous / 'fyories / adjective

very angry: My parents were furious with me.

angry feeling or showing anger: My parents will be really angry if I get home late. • She's angry about the way she was treated. • Please don't be angry with me.

♦ Please don't be **angry at** me. ♦ His behavior **made** me angry . • I was angry with him for breaking my phone.

mad

(informal)

very angry. This word cannot come before a noun with this meaning: He got mad and walked out. • She's mad at me for being late.

furious extremely angry: She was furious with me when she found out. ◆ He was furious at her behavior.

◆ I had a furious argument with my mother last night. annoyed a little angry: She's annoyed at/with herself for making such a stupid mistake. ◆ I was annoyed to see that they had left the door open. • Why are you getting annoyed?

fur . nace / 'farnas / noun [count]

a closed container with a fire inside it, used for heating buildings or for heating metals, making glass, etc.

(fur nish es, fur nish ing, fur nished)

to put furniture in a room, house, etc. The room was beautifully furnished.

▶ fur . nished / 'fərnıſt / adjective

with furniture already in it

I'm renting a furnished apartment.

fur . nish . ings / 'fərnıʃiŋz / noun [plural]

the furniture, lamps, etc. in a room or house curtains, cushions, and other soft furnishings

fur . ni . ture 🔯 / 'fərnıtʃər / noun [noncount]

tables, chairs, beds, etc.

They bought some furniture for their new house.

All the furniture is very old.

The only piece of furniture in the room was a large bed.

fur . ther 🚳 / 'fərðər / adjective, adverb

1 more; extra

Do you have any further questions?

I have nothing further to say

2 at or to a greater distance in time

You need to plan a little further into the future.

3 (informal) at or to a greater distance in space

The hospital is further down the road.

We couldn't go any further because the road was closed.

→SYNONYM farther

Which word?

Farther or further?

In formal English, you should use **farther** to talk about distance in space: *I walked much farther than you did.*

Use **further** to talk about distance in time: *I can't remember further back than 1990.*

fur . ther . more AWL / 'fərðərmər / adverb (formal)

also; on top of what has already been written or said We will donate money to the disaster fund. Furthermore, we will send medical supplies immediately.

→SYNONYM moreover

fur . thest form of far

fu . **ry** / 'fyori / **noun** [noncount] (**formal**) very strong anger She was filled with fury.

fuse / fyuz / noun [count]

1 a small wire inside a piece of electrical equipment that stops it from working if too much electricity goes through it 2 a piece of string that is lit to make a bomb explode to light the fuse

fu . sion / 'fyu3n / noun

1 [noncount , singular] **joining different things together to form one**

the fusion of two political systems

2 [noncount] (PHYSICS) the process of combining atoms so that they release energy nuclear fusion

fuss 1 / fas / noun [singular , noncount]

a lot of excitement or worrying about small things that are not important

He makes a fuss when I'm five minutes late.

make a fuss over someone

to pay a lot of attention to someone

Grandpa always makes a fuss over me.

fuss 2 / fas / verb (fuss es , fuss ing , fussed)

 ${f 1}$ to worry and get excited about small things that are not important

Stop fussing!

2 to pay too much attention to someone or something *They were fussing over all the details of the party.*

fuss · **y** / 'fasi / *adjective* (fuss · i · er, fuss · i · est) caring a lot about small things that are not important, and difficult to please

Rob is fussy about his food (= there are many things that he will not eat) .

fu tile / 'fyutl / adjective

A futile action has no chance of success

They made a futile attempt to make him change his mind.

► fu .til .i .ty / fyu'tıləti / noun [noncount] the futility of war

fu . ture 1 0 / 'fyutfar / noun

1 [singular , count] the time that will come *No one knows what will happen in the future . The company's future is uncertain.*

2 the future (also the functure tense/ $\eth \circ fyut for tense$) [singular] (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) the form of a verb that shows what will happen after now

 \rightarrow Look at the past tense, present 2 (3).

fu . ture 200 / 'fyutfər / adjective

happening or existing in the time that will come *Have you met John's future wife?*

fuzz · **y** / 'fʌzi / adjective (fuzz · i · er, fuzz · i · est) not clear

The photo was a little fuzzy, but I could still make out my mother in it.



G, **g** / **d**₃**i** / **noun** [count, noncount]

1 (plural G's, g's / d_3iz /) the seventh letter of the English alphabet

"Girl" begins with a "G."

2 g abbreviation of **gram** It weighs 100 g.

gadg .et / 'gædʒət / noun [count]

a small machine or useful tool

Their kitchen is full of electrical gadgets.

gain 🥯 / gem / verb (gains , gain ling , gained)

1 to get something that you want or need *I gained useful experience from that job.*

2 to get more of something *I've gained weight recently.*

gal .ax .y / 'gælaksi / noun [count]

(plural gal ax ies)

a very large group of stars and planets

gale / gerl / noun [count]

a very strong wind

The trees were blown down in the gale.

Thesaurus

wind air that moves quickly outside: The wind was blowing hard. ◆ The trees were swaying in the wind. ◆ Several trees were blown over in the strong winds. ◆ A gust of wind blew my hat off.

hurricane a violent storm with very strong winds, which starts over the ocean: Many of the buildings here were destroyed in the hurricane.

Hurricane Rita is now approaching the coast of Florida.

tornado a violent storm with very strong winds that move in a circle. There is often also a tall cloud which is narrow at the bottom and wide at the top: A tornado tore through the town yesterday. ◆ The hotel was completely destroyed by a tornado. ◆ a tornado warning breeze a light wind: A light breeze was blowing. ◆ The

breeze a light wind: A light breeze was blowing. ◆ The flowers were gently moving in the breeze. ◆ a cool/warm breeze

gale a very strong wind: The roof of the school was torn off by the gale. ◆ The gale blew down several trees.

gal . ler . y / 'gæləri / noun [count]

(plural gal .ler .ies)

(ART) a place where people can look at or buy art an art gallery

gal . Ion 😂 / 'gælən / noun [count]

a unit for measuring liquid (= 8 pints, or around 3.8 liters). There are four **quarts** in a **gallon** .

gal . lop / 'gæləp / verb

(gal lops, gal lop ing, gal loped) When a horse gallops, it runs very fast

The horses galloped around the field.

gam .ble / 'gæmbl / verb

(gam bles, gam bling, gam bled)

1 to try to win money by playing games that need luck *He gambled a lot of money on the last race.*

2 to take a risk, hoping that something will happen *We gambled on the weather staying fine.*

▶gam .ble noun [count]

something that you do without knowing if you will win or lose: We took a gamble, and it paid off (= was successful).

►gam ·bler / 'gæmbler / noun [count] He was a gambler all his life.

gam .bling / 'gæmblin / noun [noncount]

the activity of trying to win money by playing games that need luck: *He had heavy gambling debts.*

game 🔯 / germ / noun

1 [count] something you play that has rules

How about a game of tennis?

Let's play a game!

computer games

2 [noncount] wild animals or birds that people kill for sport or food

game show / 'germ Jou / noun [count]

a television program in which people play games or answer questions to win prizes

gang 1/gæŋ/noun[count]

1 an organized group of criminals

a gang of criminals

2 a group of young people who spend a lot of time together and often cause trouble or fight against other groups *street gangs*

3 (*informal*) a group of friends *The whole gang is coming tonight.*

gang 2 / gæŋ / verb

(gangs, gang ing, ganged)

gang up on or against someone to join together in a group to hurt or frighten someone: At school the older boys ganged up on him and called him names.

gang .ster / 'gænstər / noun [count]

a member of a group of criminals

gap / gap / noun [count]

a space in something or between two things; a space where something should be

The goats got out through a gap in the fence.

Leave a gap between your car and the next one.

gape / geip / verb (gapes, gap ing, gaped)

to look at someone or something with your mouth open because you are surprised

She gaped at me in astonishment.

gap . ing / 'gerpin / adjective

wide open: There was a gaping hole in the fence.

ga . rage / gəˈraʒ / noun

[count

1 a building where you keep your car

2 a place where vehicles are repaired

ga .rage sale / gəˈraʒ ˌseɪl / noun [count]

a sale in someone's yard or **garage** of used things that people do not want anymore

I bought this old bike at a garage sale.

 \rightarrow Look at yard sale.

gar .bage 💁 / ˈgarbɪdʒ / noun

[noncount]

1 things that you do not want anymore; waste material Our garbage is picked up every Monday.

2 the place where you put waste material

Please throw your wrappers in the garbage.

3 (*informal*) something that you think is bad, stupid, or wrong: I don't know why you watch that garbage on TV. You're talking garbage!

→SYNONYM trash

gar .bage can

/ 'garbidʒ ˌkæn / *noun* [count]

a large container for garbage that you keep outside your house

→SYNONYM trash can

garbage can



gar . bage man / 'garbid3 ,mæn / noun

[count] (<code>plural</code> gar <code>bage</code> men / <code>'garbidʒ</code> <code>,mɛn</code> /) a man whose job is to take away the garbage from people's <code>garbage</code> cans

gar . bage truck / 'garbid3 trak / noun [count]

a large vehicle for collecting garbage from people's garbage cans

gar .den 😂 / 'gardn / noun

[count]

a piece of land by your house where you can grow flowers, fruit, and vegetables

I'm growing tomatoes in my garden.

a flower garden

▶gar .den verb

(gar dens, gar den ing, gar dened)

to work in a garden

My mother was gardening all weekend.

►gar den ing / 'gardnıŋ / noun [noncount]

the work that you do in a garden to keep it looking attractive

gar .den .er / 'gardnər / noun

[count

a person who works in a garden

gar · lic

/ 'garlık / noun

[noncount]
a plant like a small
onion with a strong
taste and smell,
which you use in
cooking





gar .ment / 'garment / noun [count]

(formal)

a piece of clothing

gas 🎾 / gæs / noun (plural gas .es)

1 [count, noncount] (GENERAL SCIENCE) a substance like air that is not a solid or a liquid Hydrogen and oxygen are gases.

 ${f 2}$ [noncount] a ${f gas}$ with a strong smell, which you burn to make heat

Does your clothes dryer run on gas or electricity? a gas stove

3 [noncount] a liquid that you put in a car to make it go *I hope the car doesn't run out of gas.*

→SYNONYM gasoline

4 the gas [singular]

(informal) = gas pedal

Step on the gas, we're late!

gas .e .ous / ˈgæsiəs; ˈgæʃəs / adjective

(CHEMISTRY) like gas, or containing a gas a gaseous mixture

gas . **O** . **line** / <code>_gæsə'lin</code> / <code>noun</code> [noncount] a liquid that you put in a car to make it go

→SYNONYM gas

gasp / gæsp / verb (gasps, gasp ing, gasped) to breathe in quickly and noisily through your mouth She gasped in surprise when she heard the news.

He was gasping for air when they pulled him out of the water.

▶ gasp *noun* [count] a gasp of surprise

gas ped .al / 'gæs pedl / noun [count]

(also informal the gas)

the part of a vehicle that you press with your foot when you want it to go faster

Take your foot off the gas pedal and step on the brake.

→SYNONYM accelerator

gas sta . **tion** / 'gæs 'steifn / *noun* [count] a place where you can buy fuel and other things for your car

gate 5 / gert / noun [count]

1 a thing like a door in a fence or wall, which opens so that you can go through

Please close the gate.

2 a door in an airport that you go through to reach the airplane

Please go to gate 15.

gath .er / 'gæðər / verb

(gath ers, gath er ing, gath ered)

1 to come together in a group

We all gathered around to listen to the teacher.

2 to bring together things that are in different places *Can you gather up all the books and papers?*

3 to believe or understand something *I gather that you know my sister.*

gath .er .ing / 'gæðərıŋ / noun [count]

a time when people come together; a meeting a family gathering

There was a large gathering outside the stadium.

gauge 1 / gerd3 / noun [count]

an instrument that measures how much of something there is

Where is the gas gauge in this car?

gauge 2 / gerd3 / verb

(gaug es , gaug ing , gauged)

to judge, calculate, or guess something

It was hard to gauge the mood of the audience.

gave

form of give

gay / gei / adjective

1 attracted to people of the same sex

→SYNONYM homosexual

2 an old-fashioned word meaning happy and full of fun

gaze / geiz / verb (gaz .es , gaz .ing , gazed)

to look at someone or something for a long time

She sat and gazed out of the window.

He was gazing at her.

▶gaze *noun* [singular]

GDP / ˌdʒi di ˈpi / abbreviation

(BUSINESS) the total value of all the goods and services produced by a country in one year. **GDP** is short for "gross domestic product."

 \rightarrow Look at **GNP**.

gear / gir / noun

1 [count] the parts in a car engine or a bicycle that control how fast the wheels turn around

You'll need to change gears to get up the hill in this car.

2 [noncount] special clothes or equipment that you need for a job or sport camping gear

gear . shift / 'girʃift / noun [count]

a stick that you use for changing ${\color{red} \textbf{gears}}$ (1) in a car or other vehicle

→ Look at the picture at steering wheel.

GED / d3i i 'di / noun [count]

an official certificate that people who did not finish high school can get, after taking a special test. **GED** is short for "General Equivalency Diploma."

She dropped out of school when she was 16 but got her GED a few years later.

gee / d₃i / exclamation

a word that you say to show surprise, pleasure, etc. *Gee, what a great idea!*

geek / gik / noun [count]

(informal)

a person who spends a lot of time on a particular interest and who is not popular or fashionable

a computer geek

→SYNONYM nerd

geese

plural of goose

gel / d3ɛl / noun [count, noncount] a thick substance that is between a liquid and a solid

hair gel shower gel

gem / dzem / noun [count]

a stone that is very valuable and can be made into jewelry

→SYNONYM jewel

gen .der AWL / 'dʒɛndər / noun

[count, noncount]

1 the fact of being male or female

2 (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) (in some languages) the division of nouns and some other words into **masculine** and **feminine**; one of these types

gene / d3in / noun [count]

(BIOLOGY) one of the parts inside a cell that control what a living thing will be like. **Genes** are passed from parents to children

The color of your eyes is decided by your genes.

→ Look at genetic.

gen er al 1 2 / dzenərəl / adjective

1 of, by, or for most people or things

Is this parking lot for general use?

2 not in detail

Can you give me a general idea of what the book is about? in general

usually

I don't eat much meat in general.

gen .er .al 2 / 'dʒɛnərəl / noun [count] a very important officer in the army

gen .er .al .ize / 'dʒɛnrəlaɪz / verb (gen .er .al .iz .es , gen .er .al .iz .ing , gen .er .al .ized)

to form an opinion or make a statement using only a small amount of information

You can't generalize about American culture based on one trip to New York.

►gen .er .al .i .za .tion / dʒɛnrələˈzeɪʃn / noun [count, noncount]

You shouldn't make generalizations until you know more about the subject.

gen .er .al knowl .edge

/ dgenerel 'nalidg / noun [noncount] what you know about a lot of different things

gen .er .al .ly / dʒɛnərəli / adverb usually; mostly

I generally get up at about eight o'clock.

gen .er .ate AWL / 'dʒɛnəreit / verb (gen .er .ates , gen .er .at .ing , gen .er .at .ed) to make something such as heat or electricity Power plants generate electricity.

gen er a tion AWL / dgenə reifn / noun [count]

all the people in a family, group, or country who were born at around the same time $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1$

This photo shows three generations of my family.

The younger generation doesn't seem to be interested in politics.

gen . **er** . **a** . **tor** / 'dʒɛnə,reɪtər / *noun* [count] (PHYSICS) a machine that produces electricity

gen .er .os .i .ty / dzenəˈrɑsəti / noun

[noncount]

liking to give things to other people

gen .er .ous / dgeneros / adjective always ready to give people things or to spend money a generous gift

It was generous of your parents to pay for the meal.

→ANTONYM stingy

►gen .er .ous .ly / 'dʒɛnərəsli / adverb Please give generously.

ge .net .ic / dʒəˈnɛtuk / adjective

(BIOLOGY) connected with the parts in the cells of living things (called **genes**) that control what a person, animal, or plant will be like

The disease has a genetic origin.

ge .net .i .cal .ly mod .i .fied

/ dʒəˌnɛtıkli 'madəfaɪd / adjective (abbreviation GM)

(BIOLOGY) (used about food and plants) grown from cells whose **genes** (= the parts containing information) have been changed

genetically modified crops

ge .net .ic en .gi .neer .ing

/ dʒəˌnɛtjɪk ˌɛndʒəˈnɪrɪŋ / noun [noncount]

(BIOLOGY) the science of changing the way a person, an animal, or a plant develops, by changing the information in its **genes** (= the parts containing information)

ge . net . ics / d39'netjks / noun [noncount]

(BIOLOGY) the scientific study of the way that the development of living things is controlled by qualities that have been passed on from parents to children

→Look at gene.

ge . nie / 'dʒini / noun [count]

a spirit with magic powers, especially one that lives in a bottle or a lamp

gen .ius / 'dʒinyəs / noun [count]

(plural gen ius es)

a very intelligent person: Einstein was a genius.

gen .re / 'ganra / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{ENGLISH}}$ Language arts) a particular type of writing, art, movie, or music

The crime thriller is a very popular literary genre.

gen . tle 🔯 / ˈdʒɛntl / adjective

(gen tler, gen tlest)

1 quiet and kind Be gentle with the baby.

a gentle voice

2 not strong or unpleasant

It was a hot day, but there was a gentle breeze (= a soft wind).

►gen tly / 'dʒɛntli / adverb She stroked the kitten very gently.

gen .tle .man [©]/ 'dʒεntəlmən / noun [count]

(plural gen tle men / 'dʒɛntəlmən /)

1 a man who is polite and kind to other people *He's a real gentleman.*

2 (formal) a polite way of saying "man" There is a gentleman here to see you.

Ladies and gentlemen ... (= at the beginning of a speech)

 \rightarrow Look at lady.

gen . u . ine / 'dʒɛnyuən / adjective

real and true

The painting was found to be genuine.

→ANTONYM fake

▶gen · u · ine · ly / ˈdʒɛnyuənli / adverb

really

Do you think he's genuinely sorry?

ge og ra phy / dzi agrəfi / noun [noncount] (GEOGRAPHY) the study of the earth and everything on it,

such as mountains, rivers, land, and people

▶ ge · o · graph · i · cal / ˌdʒiəˈgræfikl / adjective

There is a list of geographical names (= names of 10 to understand or hear something countries, oceans, etc.) at the back of this dictionary.

ge · **ol** · **o** · **gy** / dʒi'alədʒi / noun [noncount]

(GENERAL SCIENCE) the study of rocks and soil and how they were made

▶ge · o · log · i · cal / dʒiəˈladʒıkl / adjective a geological survey

►ge ·ol ·o ·gist / dʒi'alədʒɪst / noun [count]

a person who studies or knows a lot about **geology**

ge .om .e .try / dzi'amətri / noun [noncount]

(MATH) the study in mathematics of things like lines, shapes, and angles

▶ ge · o · met · ric / dʒiəˈmɛtrɪk / adjective

connected with **geometry**; consisting of regular shapes and lines

a geometric design

ge .ra .ni .um / dʒəˈreɪniəm / noun [count] a plant with red, white, or pink flowers

germ / dʒərm / noun [count]

(BIOLOGY , HEALTH) a very small living thing that can make you sick

flu germs

ger . mi . nate / 'dʒərməneɪt / verb

(ger mi nates, ger mi nat ing, ger mi nat ed) (BIOLOGY) (used about a seed of a plant) to start growing; to cause a seed to do this

▶ger · mi · na · tion / ˌdʒərmə¹neɪʃn / noun [noncount]

ger . und / 'dzerənd / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a noun, ending in -ing, which has been made from a verb

In the sentence "His hobby is fishing," "fishing" is a gerund.

ges . **ture** 1 / 'dʒɛstʃər / noun [count]

a movement of your head or hand to show how you feel or what you want

The boy made a rude gesture before running off.

ges . ture 2 / 'dʒɛstʃər / verb

to point at something or make a sign to someone She asked me to sit down and gestured toward a chair.

Get \bigcirc / get / verb (gets , get ting , got / gat / has got .ten / 'gatn /)

1 to become

He is getting fat.

Mom got angry.

It's getting cold.

2 to receive something

I got a lot of presents for my birthday.

3 to go and bring back someone or something

Jenny will get the children from school.

4 to buy or take something

Will you get some bread when you go shopping?

5 a word that you use with part of another verb to show that something happens to someone or something

She got caught by the police.

6 to start to have an illness

I think I'm getting a cold.

7 to arrive somewhere

We got to Chicago at ten o'clock.

8 to travel on something, such as a train or a bus

I didn't walk – I got the bus.

9 to make someone do something

I got Peter to help me.

I don't get the joke.

Sorry, I didn't get that. Can you repeat what you just said?

11 to have the opportunity to do something

She was at the party, but I never got to speak to her.

get ahead to become more successful in something, especially your work

She wants to get ahead in her career.

He soon got ahead of the others in his class.

get along words that you use to say or ask how well someone does something

Josh is getting along well at school.

get along with someone to live or work in a friendly way with someone

We get along well with our neighbors.

get around to something; get around to doing something to find the time to do something

I haven't gotten around to e-mailing him yet.

get away to manage to leave or escape from someone or a place

The thieves got away in a stolen car.

get away with something to do something bad and not be punished for it

He lied but he got away with it.

get back to return

When did you get back from your vacation?

get behind to fail to do something, pay something, etc. on time

We got behind on our rent.

get in to reach a place

My train got in at 7:15.

SYNONYM arrive

get in; get into something to climb into a car Tom got into the car.

get off; get off something to leave something such as a train, bus, or bicycle

Where did you get off the bus?

get on to become old

My grandfather is getting on – he's almost 80.

get on; get onto something to climb onto a bus, train, or bicycle

I got on the train.

get out; get out of something to leave a car

I opened the door and got out.

get out of something; get out of doing something to not do something that you do not like

I'll go swimming with you if I can get out of cleaning my room.

get something out to take something from the place where it was

She opened her bag and got out a pen.

get over something to become well or happy again after you have been sick or sad

He still hasn't gotten over his wife's death.

get through to be able to speak to someone on the telephone

I tried to call Kate, but I couldn't get through.

get through something to use or finish a certain amount of something

I got through a lot of work today.

get together to meet; to come together in a group *The whole family got together for Christmas.*

get up

1 to stand up

He got up to let an elderly lady sit down.

2 to get out of bed

What time did you get up this morning?

get up to something to reach a particular place, for example in a book

We've gotten up to page 180.

STYLE

Got is sometimes used in the phrase have got. This is used in spoken English and means "to have": She's got brown hair. ◆ I've got a toothache. Look at the entry for have for more examples.

ghet . to / 'gɛtoʊ / noun [count]

(plural ghet .tos or ghet .toes)

a part of a city where many poor people live

ghost / goost / noun [count]

the form of a dead person that a living person thinks they see

Do you believe in ghosts?

▶ghost .ly / 'goostli / adjective

(ghost li er, ghost li est)

ghostly noises

gi ant 1 / 'dʒaɪənt / noun [count]

(in stories) a very big, tall person $% \left\{ \left(1\right) \right\} =\left\{ \left(1\right) \right\} =\left\{$

gi . ant 2 / 'dgarent / adjective

very big

a giant insect

aift / gift / noun [count]

1 something that you give to or get from someone *This week's magazine comes with a special free gift* .

→SYNONYM present

2 the natural ability to do something well *She has a gift for languages.*

→SYNONYM talent

gift .ed / 'gɪftəd / adjective

very intelligent, or having a strong natural ability Our school has a gifted and talented program. a gifted musician

gig . a . byte / 'gigəbait / (abbreviation GB)

(COMPUTERS) a unit of computer memory, equal to about a billion bytes (= small units of information)

→ Look at kilobyte, megabyte.

gi .gan .tic / dʒaɪˈgæntɪk / adjective very big

gigantic trees

gig . **gle** / 'gigl / verb (gig .gles , gig .gling , gig .gled)

to laugh in a silly way

The children couldn't stop giggling.

▶ gig . gle noun [count]

There was a giggle from the back of the class.

gill / gɪl / noun [count]

(BIOLOGY) the part on each side of a fish that it breathes through

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at fish.

gin .ger / 'd3Ind3ər / noun

[noncount]

a plant with a hot strong taste, which is used in cooking ground ginger

gin .ger ale / 'dʒɪndʒər ˌeɪl / noun

[count, noncount]

a drink with bubbles in it that does not contain alcohol and is made with **ginger**; a bottle or glass of this drink

gin .ger .bread / 'dgindgərbred / noun

[noncount]

a type of cookie or cake made with **ginger** a gingerbread man (= in the shape of a person)

gi . raffe / dʒəˈræf / noun [count]

a big animal from Africa with a very long neck and long legs

girl 🔯 / gərl / noun [count]

a female child; a young woman

They have three children, two girls and a boy.

I lived in this house as a girl.

girl . friend O / 'gərlfrend / noun [count]

1 a girl or woman who someone has a romantic relationship with

Do you have a girlfriend?

2 a girl or woman's female friend

I had lunch with a girlfriend.

the Girl Scouts / ðə 'gərl ˌskauts / noun

[singular

a special club for girls, which does a lot of activities with them and teaches them useful skills

▶Girl Scout noun [count]

a girl who is a member of the Girl Scouts

give 🥯/ gɪv / verb (gives , giv ling , gave / geɪv /

has giv en / 'grvn /)

1 to let someone have something

She gave me a watch for my birthday.

I gave my ticket to the man at the door.

Give the letter to your mother after you read it.

2 to make a sound or movement

Jo gave me an angry look.

He gave a shout.

She gave him a kiss.

3 to make someone have or feel something

That noise is giving me a headache.

Whatever gave you that idea?

4 to perform something in public

The visiting professor gave a very interesting lecture.

give something away to give something to someone without getting money for it

I gave all my old clothes away.

give someone back something; give something back to someone to return something to someone

Can you give me back that book I lent you?

give in to accept or agree to something that you did not want to accept or agree to

My parents finally gave in and said I could go to the party. give something out to give something to a lot of people

Could you give out these books to the class, please?

give up to stop trying to do something

I give up. What's the answer?

give something up to stop doing or having something *He's trying to give up smoking.*

giv . en name / 'gıvən neim /

another word for first name

Word building

Your **first name** or **given name** is the name that your parents give you when you are born. Many people also have a **middle name** .

Your **last name** or **family name** is the name that everyone in your family has. When a woman gets married, she usually takes her husband's last name. Her old last name is then called her **maiden name**, and her new one is her **married name**.

A **nickname** is a name that your friends or family sometimes call you instead of your real name: *His real name is Robert, but his nickname is Shorty.*

gla .cier / 'gleifər / noun

[count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{GEOGRAPHY}}$) a large area of ice that moves slowly down a mountain

glad / glæd / adjective

happy about something

He was glad to see us.

→SYNONYM pleased

▶glad .ly / ˈglædli / adverb

If you do something **gladly**, you are happy to do it *I'll gladly help you*.

Word building

You are usually **glad** or **pleased** about a particular event or situation: I'm glad he's feeling better. ◆ I'm pleased to say that you passed your exam.

You use **happy** to describe a state of mind: *I always feel happy when the sun is shining*. You also use **happy** before a noun: *a happy child*.

glam . or . ous / 'glæmərəs / adjective

attractive in an exciting way

a glamorous model

Making movies is less glamorous than people think.

 $glam \cdot our \; (\; also \; glam \cdot or \;) \; / \; 'glæmer / \; \textit{noun}$

[noncount]

the quality of seeming to be more exciting and attractive than ordinary things and people

Young people are attracted by the glamour of city life.

glance 1 / glæns / verb

(glanc es, glanc ing, glanced)

to look quickly at someone or something *Sue glanced at her watch.*

glance 2 / glæns / noun [count]

a quick look

a glance at the newspaper

at a glance

immediately; with only a quick look *I could see at a glance that he was sick.*

gland / glænd / noun [count]

(BIOLOGY) a small part inside your body that produces a chemical substance for your body to use *sweat glands*

I have a sore throat and swollen glands.

glare 1 / gler / verb (glares, glar ing, glared)

1 to shine with a bright light that hurts your eyes *The sun glared down.*

2 to look at someone in an angry way *He glared at the children.*

glare 2 / gler / noun

1 [noncount] strong light that hurts your eyes

the glare of the car's headlights

2 [count] a long, angry look

I tried to say something, but he gave me a glare.

glar . ing / 'glerin / adjective

1 A **glaring** light is very bright and hurts your eyes a glaring white light

2 very bad and easy to notice

The article was full of glaring mistakes.

glass 🍑 / glæs / noun (plural glass es)

1 [noncount] hard material that you can see through. Bottles and windows are made of **glass**

I cut myself on some broken glass.

a glass jar

2 [count] a thing made of glass that you drink from *Could I have a glass of milk, please?* a wine glass

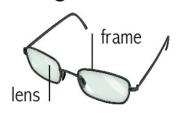
glass es 🚳

/ 'glæsəz / *noun* [plural]

two pieces of glass or plastic (called lenses) in a frame, which people wear over their eyes to help them see better Does she wear glasses?

Does she wear glasses?

glasses



→ Look at sunglasses.

a pair of glasses

Grammar

Be careful! **Glasses** is a plural noun so you cannot say "a glasses."

Instead, you can say: I need a new pair of glasses or: I need some new glasses.

gleam / glim / verb

(gleams, gleam ing, gleamed)

to shine with a soft light

The moonlight gleamed on the lake.

▶ gleam noun [count, usually singular] I could see a gleam of light through the trees.

glee / gli / noun [noncount]

a feeling of happiness, especially when something bad happens to someone else

She couldn't hide her glee when her rival came last.

glide / glaid / verb (glides, glid ing, glid ed)

1 to move smoothly and quietly

The dancers glided across the floor.

2 to fly in a glider

I always wanted to go gliding .

glid er / 'glaider / noun [count]

an airplane without an engine

glim .mer / 'glimər / noun [count]

1 a small, weak light

2 a small sign of something

There's still a glimmer of hope.

▶glim mer verb

(glim mers, glim mer ing, glim mered)

A light glimmered in the distance.

glimpse / glimps / noun [count]

a view of someone or something that is quick and not clear *I caught a glimpse of myself in the mirror.*

▶glimpse verb

(glimps es, glimps ing, glimpsed)

I just glimpsed him in the crowd.

glis .ten / 'glisn / verb

(glis tens, glis ten ing, glis tened)

(used about wet surfaces) to shine

His eyes glistened with tears.

glitch / glitʃ / noun [count] (plural glitch es)

a small problem or fault that stops something from working correctly

A software glitch caused my computer to crash.

glit .ter / 'gliter / verb (glit ters, glit ter ing, glit tered)

to shine with a lot of small flashes of bright light The broken glass glittered in the sun.

▶glit .ter noun [noncount] the glitter of jewels

glit .ter .ing / 'glitərin / adjective

1 shining with a lot of small flashes of bright light

2 very successful and exciting a glittering career

gloat / gloot / verb (gloats, gloat ing, gloat ed) to show that you are happy about your own success or someone else's failure

She is still gloating over her victory.

qlob .al [™] AWL / 'gloubl / adjective

of or about the whole world Pollution is a global problem.

►glob .al .ly AWL / 'gloobəli / adverb

We need to start thinking globally.

glob · al · i · za · tion AWL / gloubələ zeıſn /

noun [noncount]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{BUSINESS}}$) the fact that different cultures and economic systems are becoming similar because of the influence of large international companies and of improved communications

the globalization of world trade

glob . al warm . ing / ,gloobl 'wormin / noun

the fact that the earth's atmosphere is getting hotter because of increases in certain gases

→ Look at the greenhouse effect.

globe AWL / gloob / noun

1 [count] a round object with a map of the world on it

2 the globe [singular] the world He's traveled all over the globe.

gloom / glum / noun [noncount]

1 a state when it is almost completely dark

It was hard to see anything in the gloom. 2 a feeling of being sad and without hope

The news brought deep gloom to the community.

gloom . y / 'glumi / adjective

(gloom i er, gloom i est)

1 dark and sad

What a gloomy day!

2 sad and without hope

He's feeling very gloomy because he can't get a job.

▶gloom · i · ly / ˈgluməli / adverb

She looked gloomily out of the window at the rain.

glo . ri . ous / 'glories / adjective

1 (formal) famous and full of glory

a glorious history

2 wonderful or beautiful

The weather was glorious.

glo · **ry** / 'glori / *noun* [noncount]

1 fame (= being known by many people) and respect that you get when you do great things

The winning team came home covered in glory.

2 great beauty

Fall is the best time to see the forest in all its glory.

glos · sa · ry / 'glasəri / noun [count]

(plural glos sa ries)

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a list of difficult words and their meanings, especially at the end of a book

gloss . y / 'glasi / adjective

(gloss i er gloss i est)

smooth and shiny glossy hair

glove W / glav / noun [count]

a thing that you wear to keep your hand warm or

I need a new pair of gloves.

rubber gloves







glove

mitten

glow / glov / verb (glows, glow ing, glowed) to send out soft light or heat without flames or smoke His cigarette glowed in the dark.

▶glow *noun* [singular] the glow of the sky at sunset

glow ing / 'gloom / adjective

saying that someone or something is very good His teacher wrote a glowing report about his work.

glue 1 / glu / noun

[noncount]

a thick liquid that you use for sticking things together

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **stationery**.

glue 2 / glu / verb (glues, glu ing, glued)

to stick one thing to another thing with glue Glue the two pieces of wood together.

glued to something

(informal)

giving all your attention to something and not wanting to leave it

On election night we were all glued to the TV.

glum / gl_Am / adjective (glum mer, glum mest) sad and quiet

Why are you looking so glum?

▶glum .ly / glamli / adverb

GM / ,d₃i 'εm /

short for genetically modified GM crops

gnaw / no / verb (gnaws, gnawing, gnawed) to bite something for a long time

The dog was gnawing on a bone.

GNP / d3i en pi / abbreviation

(BUSINESS) the total value of everything that is produced by a country in one year, including the money earned from foreign countries. **GNP** is short for "gross national product." $\rightarrow Look$ at **GDP**.

go 1 / goo / verb (goes, go ing, went / went / has gone / gon; gan /)

1 to move from one place to another

I went to Boston by train.

It's time to go home.

Her new car goes very fast.

Which word?

Been or gone?

If someone has **been** to a place, they have traveled there and returned: *I've been to Mexico three times*. ◆ You were away a long time. Where have you been?

If someone has **gone** to a place, they have traveled there and they are still there now: Judy isn't here. She has gone to New York. ◆ Mom has gone out, but she'll be back soon.

2 to travel to a place to do something

Do you want to go shopping?

Are you going to Dave's party?

I'll go make some coffee.

They went on vacation.

3 to leave a place

I have to go now – it's four o'clock.

4 to lead to a place

Does this road go to the airport?

5 to have as its place

"Where do these plates go?" "In that cabinet."

6 to happen in a certain way

How is your new job going?

The week went very quickly.

7 to become

He's going bald.

8 to make a certain sound

Cows go "moo."

9 to disappear

My headache has gone.

10 to be or look good with something else

Does this sweater go with my skirt?

I don't think those two colors go well together.

→SYNONYM match

be going to

1 words that show what you plan to do in the future *Joe's going to cook dinner tonight.*

2 words that you use when you are sure that something will happen in the future

It's going to rain.

go ahead to begin or continue to do something

"Can I borrow your pen?" "Sure, go ahead."

go around to be enough for everyone

Is there enough wine to go around?

go away to leave a person or place; to leave the place where you live for at least one night

Go away! I'm doing my homework.

They went away for the weekend.

go back to return to a place where you were before *We're going back to school tomorrow.*

go by to pass

The holidays went by very quickly.

go down well to be something that people like

The movie went down very well with the critics.

Go for it!

(informal)

words you say to encourage someone to try hard to get or achieve something

Go for it Jonathan! You know you can beat him.

go off

1 to explode

A bomb went off in the train station today.

2 to make a sudden loud noise

I woke up when the alarm went off.

ao on

1 to happen

What's going on?

2 to continue

She went on writing.

3 to start working

I saw the lights go on in the house across the street.

go ou

1 to leave the place where you live or work for a short time, returning on the same day

I went out for a walk.

We're going out tonight.

2 to stop shining or burning

The fire's gone out.

3 to have a romantic relationship with someone

Evan and Amy just started going out.

She's going out with a boy from school.

go over to go to someone's home

We're going over to Jo's this evening.

go over something to look at or explain something

carefully from the beginning to the end

Go over your work before you hand it in to the teacher.

→SYNONYM go through something

go through something

1 to look in or at something carefully because you want to find something

I went through all my pockets, but I couldn't find my wallet.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ to look at or explain something carefully from the beginning to the end

Let's go through the plan one more time.

→SYNONYM go over something

3 to have a bad experience

She went through a difficult time when her mother was sick.

go up to become higher or more

The price of gas has gone up again.

→SYNONYM rise

how's it going?

(informal)

how are you?

"Hey, how's it going?" "I'm good. How about you?"

to go

remaining until something ends

There were five minutes to go before the end of class.

go 2 / gov / noun [count] (plural goes) (informal)

a time when you try to do something

I'm not sure if I can fix it, but I'll have a go .

I can't get this bottle open. Can you give it a go?

be on the go

to be very active or busy

I'm really tired. I've been on the go all day.

goal S AWL / gool / noun

[count]

1 something that you want to do very much She has finally achieved her goal of taking part in the Olympics.

Thesaurus

purpose the reason for doing something; what something is used for or is supposed to achieve: What is the purpose of your visit? \blacklozenge The building is used for religious purposes.

aim what someone is trying to achieve: Our main aim is to increase sales. ◆ He was willing to do almost anything to achieve his aim of winning first prize.

plan what you have decided or arranged to do: Do you have any plans for the weekend? ◆ There are no plans to build new offices.

intention what you want or intend to do: *Our* intention was to leave early in the morning. ◆ I have no intention of going to the wedding.

goal (often used about your life or career plans) something that you hope to achieve: What are your long-term goals? ◆ I've finally achieved my goal of getting a college degree.

2 (SPORTS) the place where the ball, etc. must go to win a point in sports such as **soccer** or **hockey** *He kicked the ball into the goal.*

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **soccer**.

 $\boldsymbol{3}$ (\boldsymbol{SPORTS}) a point that a team wins when the ball, etc. goes into the \boldsymbol{goal}

The Bruins won by three goals to two.

goal . keep . er / 'gool,kiper /

(also informal goal ie / 'gooli /) noun [count]

(SPORTS) a player who tries to stop the ball from going into the goal in a game of **soccer**

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at soccer .

goal .tend .er / 'govl,tender /

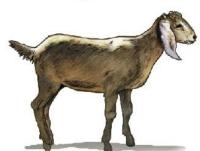
(also informal goal ie / 'gooli /) noun [count]

(SPORTS) a player who tries to stop the ball from going into the goal in a game of **hockey**

→ Look at the picture at ice hockey.

goat / goot / noun [count] an animal with horns. People keep goats for their milk.





1 God [singular] the one great spirit that Christians, Jews, and Muslims believe made the world *Do you believe in God?*

 $\boldsymbol{2} \; [\; \text{count} \;]$ a spirit or force that people believe has power over them and nature

Mars was the Roman god of war.

god .child / 'gadtfaild / noun [count]

(plural god chil dren / 'gad,tsildren /) (also

god .son / 'gadsʌn / god .daugh .ter / 'gadˌdətər /)
(RELIGION) a child that a godparent promises to help and teach about the Christian religion

god .dess / 'gades / noun [count]

(plural god dess es)

(RELIGION) a female god

Venus was the Roman goddess of love.

god .par .ent / 'gad,perent /

(also god .fa .ther / 'gad,faðər / god .moth .er

/ 'gad_imʌðər /) *noun*

[count]

(RELIGION) a person that parents choose to help their child and teach them about the Christian religion

goes

form of go 1

gog .gles / 'gaglz /

noun [plural]

big glasses that you wear so that water, dust, or wind cannot get in your eyes

I always wear goggles when I swim.

goggles



go ing

form of go 1

gold 5 / goold / noun [noncount] (symbol Au)

a yellow metal that is very valuable

Is your ring made of gold?

a gold watch

▶gold adjective

made of gold; with the color of gold gold jewelry gold paint

gold .en / 'goolden / adjective

1 made of gold

a golden crown

2 with the color of gold *golden hair*

 $gold \cdot fish / gooldfi f / noun [count]$

(plural gold fish)

a small orange fish that people keep as a pet

GOIf / galf / noun [noncount]

(SPORTS) a game that you play by hitting a small ball into holes with a long stick (called a **golf club**)

My mother plays golf on Sundays.

► golf · er / 'galfər / noun [count] He's a professional golfer.

golf course / 'galf kors / noun

[count]

(SPORTS) a large piece of land, covered in grass, where people play **golf**

gone

form of go 1

QOOD 1 / god / adjective (bet ster, best)

1 done or made very well

It's a good knife – it cuts very well.

The movie was really good.

2 pleasant or enjoyable *Did you have a good time? The weather was very good.*

→SYNONYM nice

3 able to do something wellShe's a good driver.James is very good at tennis.4 kind, or doing the right thing

It's good of you to help.

The children were very good while you were out.

5 having a useful or helpful effect

Fresh fruit and vegetables are good for you.

6 right or suitable

This is a good place for a picnic.

7 a word that you use when you are pleased *Is everyone here? Good. Now, let's begin.* The adverb is **well** .

STYLE

good 2 5 / god / noun

[noncount]

something that is right or helpful

They know the difference between good and bad.

be no good; not be any good

to not be useful

This sweater isn't any good. It's too small.

It's no good asking Mom for money – she doesn't have any.

do someone good

to make someone well or happy

It will do you good to go to bed early tonight.

for good

forever

She has left home for good.

good . bye 🥯 / god'bai / exclamation

a word that you say when someone goes away, or when you go away

Goodbye! See you tomorrow.

 \rightarrow Look at bye.

good-look .ing / god lokin / adjective

(used about people) nice to look at

He's a good-looking boy.

Thesaurus

attractive can be used about any person who is nice to look at: He's polite and attractive. ◆ a group of attractive young women

beautiful (usually used to describe a woman or girl) very attractive: a beautiful, intelligent woman \spadesuit She looked beautiful that night.

good-looking (used more about men than women) attractive: The band's lead singer is very good-looking.

♦ a good-looking young actor

pretty (usually used about a girl or young woman) attractive: She has a very pretty face. \spadesuit a pretty little girl in a pink dress

handsome (usually used about a man or boy) attractive: You look so handsome in that suit! ◆ a polite, handsome man

good . ness / 'godnes / noun

[noncount]

1 being good or kind

2 something in food that is good for your health *Fresh vegetables have a lot of goodness in them.*

for goodness' sake

words that show anger

For goodness' sake, hurry up!

goodness; my goodness

words that show surprise

Goodness! What a big cake!

thank goodness

words that show you are happy because a problem or danger has gone away

Thank goodness it stopped raining.

good night / god 'nart / exclamation

words that you say when you leave someone in the evening or when someone is going to bed

STYLE

We sometimes just say **Night**: "Good night, Tom. Sleep well." "Night."

goods 🥯 / godz / noun [plural]

things that you buy or sell

That store sells electrical goods.

goof / guf / verb (goofs, goof ing, goofed) (informal)

goof around to spend your time doing silly things *We spent the summer just goofing around at the beach.* **goof off** to spend your time doing nothing, especially when you should be working

Stop goofing off and get back to work!

goose / gus / noun

[count]

(plural geese / gis /)

a big bird with a long neck. People keep **geese** on farms for their eggs and meat goose



goose . **bumps** / 'gusbamps / *noun* [plural] small points or lumps that appear on your skin because you are cold or scared

I got goosebumps when she told me about the attack.

go .pher / 'govfər / noun

[count]

a small animal with brown fur that digs holes in the ground

gopher



gorge / gord3 / noun [count]

(GEOGRAPHY) a narrow valley with sides that go up very quickly (that are steep)

gor . geous / 'gordzəs / adjective

very good or attractive

The weather was gorgeous!

She looked gorgeous in that dress.

qo .ril .la / qəˈrɪlə / noun [count] an African animal like a very big black monkey

gorilla



go · **ry** / 'gɔri / adjective (go · ri · er , go · ri · est) full of violence and blood It's the goriest movie I've ever seen.

gosh / gaʃ / exclamation (informal) a word that shows surprise Gosh! What a big house!

gos . pel / 'gaspl / noun

1 Gospel [count] (RELIGION) one of the four books in the Bible that describe the life and ideas of Jesus Christ the Gospel of St. Matthew

2 (also gos pel mu sic) [noncount] (MUSIC) a style of religious music that was developed by African-American Christians

a gospel choir

QOS ·SID / 'gasep / noun [noncount]

talk about other people that is often unkind or not true Have you heard the latest gossip about her cousin?

▶gos sip verb

(gos sips, gos sip ing, gos siped)

They were gossiping about Karen's new boyfriend.

got, got ≀ten

forms of get

gov .ern 🥯 / 'gavərn / verb

(gov erns, gov ern ing, gov erned)

(POLITICS) to officially rule or control a country, or part of a country

Voters have the right to decide who will govern them.

gov .**ern** .**ment (a)** / 'gavərmənt / noun [count] (POLITICS) the group of people who officially rule or control a country

The federal government will need to approve the project. The government has failed to act.

Word building

The U.S. Government

The government in the U.S. is divided into three parts: the legislative branch, the executive branch, and the judicial branch

The legislative branch is responsible for making laws. This is the U.S. **Congress**, which is made up of two groups of people: the Senate and the House of Representatives .

The executive branch is led by the **president**, and includes the vice president and the rest of the Cabinet (= other important politicians).

The judicial branch includes the Supreme Court, which is the most important court in the country.

gov .er .nor / 'gavənər / noun [count] (POLITICS) a person who rules a state in the U.S. the governor of California

GOWN / gavn / noun [count]

1 a long dress that a woman wears at a special time an evening gown

2 a long, loose piece of clothing that people wear to do a special job. Judges and doctors sometimes wear gowns .

GPA / di pi 'ei / short for grade point average

grab / græb / verb

(grabs, grab bing, grabbed)

to take something in a rough and sudden way The thief grabbed her bag and ran away.

Grace / gress / noun [noncount]

1 a beautiful way of moving

She dances with grace.

2 (RELIGION) thanks to God that people say before or after they eat

Let's say grace.

grace . ful / 'greisfl / adjective

A person or thing that is graceful moves in a smooth and beautiful way

a graceful dancer

▶grace .ful .ly / 'greisfəli / adverb

He moves very gracefully.

gra . cious / 'greifes / adjective

(used about people's behavior) kind and polite a gracious smile

▶gra .cious .ly / ˈgreɪʃəsli / adverb

She accepted the invitation graciously.

grade 1 AWL / greid / noun [count]

1 a number or letter that a teacher gives for your work to show how good it is

She got very good grades on all her exams.

2 one of the levels in a school, where all the children are the same age

My sister is in the fifth grade.

Word building

In the U.S., children start elementary school when they are 5. The first year of this is called kindergarten

When children are around 11 years old, they move to middle school (or junior high school), and when they reach the age of around 14, they start high school .

Each year of school is called a grade. When a child is around 6 years old they are in first grade, and the last year of high school is the twelfth grade.

3 the level or quality of something We use only high-grade materials.

make the grade (informal)

to reach the expected standard; to succeed Around 10% of trainees fail to make the grade.

grade 2 AWL / greid / verb (grades, grad ing, grad ed)

1 to look at the work that a student has done and give it a number or letter to show how good it is He stayed up late grading tests.

2 to sort things or people into sizes or kinds The eggs are graded by size.

grade point av er age

/ 'greid point avridg / noun [count , usually singular] (abbreviation GPA)

a number that is calculated from the average of all the grades that a student receives in his or her courses Dylan graduated with a GPA of 3.7.

grade school / 'greid skul / noun

[count, noncount]

another word for elementary school

gra .di .ent / 'greidiant / noun [count]

how much and how quickly a road goes up and down *This road has a steep gradient.*

grad . u . al / 'grædzuəl / adjective

happening slowly

There has been a gradual increase in prices.

→ANTONYM sudden

grad . u . al . ly / 'grædzuəli / adverb

slowly, over a long period of time

Life gradually returned to normal.

grad . u . ate 1 / 'grædzuet / noun [count]

a person who has finished their studies at a university, college, or school

a college graduate

a high school graduate

He's a graduate of Harvard.

grad . u . ate 2 / 'grædzuert / verb

(grad .u .ates, grad .u .at .ing, grad .u .at .ed)

to finish your studies at a school, college, or university and receive an official piece of paper (called a diploma)

I graduated from Rutgers University last year.

grad . u . ate school / 'grædguət skul / noun [count]

a part of a university where you can study for a second or higher degree

I applied to several graduate schools to study for a master's degree in biology.

grad . u . a . tion / grædzu'eɪʃn / noun

1 [noncount] the act of successfully completing a high school, college, or university degree

Are you planning to look for a job after graduation?

2 [singular] a ceremony for people who have successfully completed a high school, college, or university degree *My grandparents came to my high school graduation.*

graf . fi . ti / grəˈfiti / noun

[noncount]

words or pictures that people write or draw on walls *The walls were covered with graffiti.*

grain 🥯 / grein / noun

1 [noncount] the seeds of a plant that we eat, for example rice or wheat

The animals are fed on grain.

2 [count] a very small, hard piece of something a grain of sand

a few grains of rice

a measure of weight. There are 1,000 **grams** in a **kilogram**

30 g of butter

gram . mar 🥯 / ˈgræmər / noun

[noncount]

SPELLING

Remember! You spell $\operatorname{\mathbf{grammar}}$ with $\operatorname{\mathbf{AR}}$ at the end, not $\operatorname{\mathbf{ER}}$.

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) the rules that tell you how to put words together when you speak or write

gram . mat . i . cal / gra mætikl / adjective

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS)

1 connected with grammar

What is the grammatical rule for making plurals in English?

2 correct because it follows the rules of grammar *The phrase "they is happy" is not grammatical.*

► gram · mat · i · cal · ly / grəˈmætɪkli / adverb The sentence is grammatically correct.

grand / grænd / *adjective* (grand er, grand est) very big, important, or rich

They live in a very grand house in the suburbs.

grand . child O / 'græntsald / noun [count]

(plural grand chil dren / 'græn,tʃildrən /)

the child of your son or daughter

grand . daugh . ter / 'græn,dətər / noun

[count

the daughter of your son or daughter

grand fa ther 💆 / ˈgrænˌfaðər /

(also informal grand pa / 'grænpa; 'græmpa /) noun [count]

the father of your mother or father

grand . moth . er 🥯 / ˈgrænˌmʌðər /

(also informal grand ma / 'grænma; 'græma /) noun [count]

the mother of your mother or father

grand . par . ent (græn, perent / noun | count |

the mother or father of your mother or father

grand . son / 'grænsʌn / noun [count]

the son of your son or daughter

grand . **stand** / 'grændstænd / *noun* [count] (sports) lines of seats, with a roof over them, where you sit to watch a sport

gra . no . la / gra noula / noun

[noncount]

food made with grains, nuts, etc. that you eat with milk for breakfast

grant 1 AWL / grænt / verb

(grants, grant ing, grant ed)

(formal)

to give someone what they have asked for

They granted him a visa to leave the country. take someone or something for granted

to be so used to someone or something that you forget you are lucky to have them

We tend to take our comfortable lives for granted.

grant 2 AWL / grænt / noun [count]

money that you are given for a special reason

She receives a research grant (= to help pay for research).

grape / greip / noun [count]

a small green or purple fruit that we eat or make into wine a bunch of grapes

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **fruit**.

grape .fruit / 'greipfrut / noun [count]

(plural grape fruit or grape fruits) a fruit that looks like a big orange, but is yellow

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **fruit**.

the grape . vine / ðə 'greipvain / noun

[singular]

the way that news is passed from one person to another *I heard through the grapevine that you're getting married.*

graph / græf / noun [count]

(MATH) a picture that shows how numbers or amounts are different from each other

graph .ic / 'græfik / adjective

1 (ART) connected with drawings, diagrams, etc. *She's studying graphic design*.

2 clear and giving a lot of detail, especially about something unpleasant

He gave us a graphic description of the accident.

graph . ics / 'græfiks / noun [plural]

($\mbox{\sc ART}$, $\mbox{\sc COMPUTERS}$) drawings, pictures, and diagrams $\mbox{\sc computer graphics}$

grasp / græsp / verb

(grasps, graspling, grasped)

1 to hold something firmly

Claire grasped my arm to stop herself from falling.

2 to understand something

He couldn't grasp what I was saying.

▶ grasp noun [singular , noncount]

The ball fell from my grasp.

grass 🥯 / græs / noun [noncount]

a plant with thin green leaves that covers fields and yards. Cows and sheep eat **grass**

Don't walk on the grass.

▶grass .y / ˈgræsi / adjective

(grass i er , grass i est)

covered with grass

grass .hop .per

/ 'græs_ıhapər / *noun*

[count]

an insect that can jump high in the air and makes a sound with its back legs

grasshopper



grate / great / verb (grates, grat ing, grat ed)
If you **grate** food, you rub it over a metal tool (called a **grater**) so that it is in very small pieces

Can you grate some cheese?

grated carrots

grate . ful 🔯 / 'greitfl / adjective

If you are **grateful**, you feel or show thanks to someone We are grateful to you for the help you have given us.

The noun is **gratitude** . →ANTONYM **ungrateful**

► grate . ful . ly / 'grentfəli / adverb She nodded gratefully.

grat .er / 'greiter / noun

[count]

a kitchen tool with holes in it, which is used to cut food into very small pieces by rubbing it across its surface

grater



TPV Ltd.

grat .i .tude / 'grætetud / noun [noncount]

the feeling of wanting to thank someone for something We gave David a present to show our gratitude for all his help.

gra . tu . i . ty / grəˈtuəti̯ / noun [count]

(plural gra .tu .i .ties)

(formal)

a small amount of extra money that you give to someone who serves you, for example in a restaurant

→SYNONYM tip

grave 1 / grew / noun [count]

a hole in the ground where a dead person's body is buried

We put flowers on the grave. \rightarrow Look at tomb.

grave 2 / grew / *adjective* (grav er, grav est) (formal)

very bad or serious

The children were in grave danger.

grav .el / 'grævl / noun [noncount]

very small stones that are used for making paths and roads

grave . stone / 'greivstoon / noun [count]

a piece of stone on a **grave** 1 that shows the name of the dead person

grave . yard / 'greivyard / noun [count]

a piece of land, usually near a church, where dead people are buried

grav · i · ty / 'grævəti / noun [noncount]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{PHYSICS}}$) the force that pulls everything toward the earth

gra · vy / 'greivi / noun [noncount]

a hot, brown sauce that you eat with meat

with a color like black and white mixed together a gray skirt

The sky was gray.

He's starting to get gray (= to have gray hair).

▶gray noun [count, noncount]

He was dressed in gray.

graze / greiz / verb (graz les, graz ling, grazed)

1 to eat grass

The sheep were grazing in the fields.

2 to hurt your skin by rubbing it against something rough *He fell and grazed his arm.*

▶graze noun [count]

She has a graze on her knee.

grease / gris / noun

[noncount]

fat from animals, or any thick substance that is like oil You will need very hot water to get the grease off these plates.

greas . y / 'grisi / adjective

(greas i er, greas i est)

covered with or containing a lot of **grease** *Greasy food is not good for you.*

greasy hair

great / great / adjective (great er, great est)

PRONUNCIATION

The word great sounds like late

1 very large

It's a great pleasure to meet you.

2 important or special

Einstein was a great scientist.

3 very; very good

He knows a great many people.

There's a great big dog in the yard!

They are great friends.

4 very nice or enjoyable

I had a great weekend.

It's great to see you!

→SYNONYM wonderful

great- / great /

a word that you put before other words to show some members of a family. For example, your greatgrandmother is the mother of your grandmother or grandfather, and your great-grandchildren are the grandchildren of your son or daughter.

great . ly / 'greitli / adverb

very much

I wasn't greatly surprised to see her there.

greed / grid / noun [noncount]

the feeling that you want more of something than you need

greed . y / 'gridi / adjective

(greed i er, greed i est)

A greedy person wants or takes more of something than they need

She's so greedy – she ate all the chocolates!

▶greed .i .ly / 'gridəli / adverb

Green 1 / grin / adjective (green er,

green (est)

1 with the color of leaves and grass

My brother has green eyes.

a dark green shirt

2 covered with grass or other plants green fields

3 connected with protecting the environment or the natural world

green products (= that do not damage the environment)

green 2 2 / grin / noun

[count, noncount]

the color of leaves and grass She was dressed in green.

green card / 'grin kard / noun [count]

an official card that shows that someone from another country is allowed to live and work in the U.S.

to apply for a green card

green . house / 'grinhaus / noun [count]

a building made of glass, where plants grow

the green house ef fect

/ðə ˈgrinhaus ɪˌfɛkt / noun [singular]

(GEOGRAPHY) the problem of the earth's atmosphere getting warmer all the time because of the harmful gases that go into the air

→ Look at global warming.

green house gas / grinhaus gæs / noun

[count](plural green house gas es)

(GEOGRAPHY) one of the harmful gases that are making the earth's atmosphere get warmer

greet / grit / verb (greets, greet ing, greet ed) to welcome someone or say hello when you meet them He greeted me with a smile.

greet ing / 'gritin / noun

1 [count] friendly words that you say when you meet someone

"Hello" and "Good morning" are greetings.

2 greetings [plural] friendly words that you write to someone at a special time

Greetings from sunny Arizona!

gre . nade / grəˈneɪd / noun

a small bomb that can be thrown by hand or fired from a gun

a hand grenade

grew

form of grow

grid / grid / noun [count]

lines that cross each other to make squares, for example on a map

griet / grif / noun

[noncount]

great sadness, especially because someone has died

grieve / griv / verb

(grieves, griev ing, grieved)

to feel great sadness, especially because someone has died She is grieving for her dead child.

grill 1 / gril / noun [count]

a metal frame that you put food on to cook over a fire Dad's cooking burgers on the grill outside.

Grill 2 / gril / verb (grills, grill ing, grilled)

to cook food, such as meat and fish, on metal bars over a fire

grilled steak

Thesaurus

cook to make food ready to eat by heating it: My mother taught me how to cook. ◆ Who is going to cook dinner tonight? ♦ What's the best way to cook salmon? ◆ He cooked us a wonderful meal.

boil to cook vegetables, rice, eggs, etc. in boiling water (= water heated to $212^{\circ}F$): Boil the rice for 15 minutes. ◆ Put the potatoes on to boil. ◆ Do you like boiled cabbage?

fry to cook food in a shallow pan of hot oil: Fry the onion and garlic for five minutes. • There was a smell of bacon frying in the kitchen. ◆ fried chicken/fish/rice

bake to cook food in an oven without any extra fat or liquid: to bake bread/cookies ◆ We baked him a cake for his birthday. ♦ baked potatoes

roast to cook large pieces of meat in an oven or over a fire; to cook vegetables in oil or fat in an oven: The turkey is roasting in the oven. • You should boil the potatoes for a little while before you roast them.

grill to cook meat or fish on metal bars over a fire: to grill steak/chicken/burgers/fish on the barbecue arilled salmon

broil to cook food under or over direct heat: to broil salmon/a steak ◆ We ate broiled chicken with veaetables.

grim / grim / adjective (grim | mer , grim | mest)

- 1 (used about a person) very serious and not smiling a grim expression
- 2 (used about a situation) very bad and making you feel worried

The news is grim.

grim . ace / 'grimes / verb

(grim ac es, grim ac ing, grim aced)

to show on your face that you are angry or that something is hurting you

She grimaced in pain.

▶grim .ace noun [count]

grin / grm / verb (grins, grin ning, grinned)

to have a big smile on your face *She grinned at me and waved.*

▶grin noun [count]

He had a big grin on his face.

grind / grand / verb

(grinds, grind ing, ground / graond / has ground) to make something into very small pieces or powder by crushing it

They ground the wheat into flour.

 \rightarrow Look at ground 3.

grip / grip / verb (grips , grip ping , gripped)

to hold something tight

Marie gripped my hand as we crossed the road.

▶grip *noun* [singular]

He kept a tight grip on the rope.

grip . ping / 'gripin / adjective

very exciting, in a way that holds your attention a gripping adventure movie

grit / grit / noun [noncount] very small pieces of stone or dirt

griz . zly bear / 'grızli ber / noun [count]

(also griz .zly plural griz .zlies)

a large, brown, North American bear

groan / groon / verb

(groans, groan ing, groaned)

to make a deep sad sound, for example because you are unhappy or in pain

"I have a headache," he groaned.

▶groan noun [count]

She gave a groan, then lay still.

gro .cer .ies / 'grouseriz / noun [plural] food and other things for the home that you buy regularly Can you help me unload the groceries from the car, please?

gro .cer .y store / 'grouseri ,stor / noun

[count]

a store where food and other small things for the home are sold

We need milk, bread, and detergent. Can you go to the grocery store and get some?

groom / grum / noun [count]

1 a man on the day of his wedding

- →SYNONYM bridegroom,
- → Look at bride.
- **2** a person whose job is to take care of horses

groove / gruv / noun

[count]

a long, thin cut in the surface of something hard

grope / group / verb

(gropes, grop ing, groped)

to try to find something by using your hands, when you man or woman cannot see I want to be a contract of the second of the seco

He groped around for the light switch.

gross / gross / adjective (gross er, gross est)

(informal)

very bad or disgusting

Yuck! That food smells gross!

grouch . y / 'graotsi / adjective

(grouch i er, grouch i est)

feeling angry and behaving in an angry way

He's been grouchy all morning.

ground 1 2 / graund / noun

1 the ground [singular] the surface of the earth

We sat on the ground to eat our picnic.

The ground was too dry for the plants to grow.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ [<code>count</code>] a piece of land that is used for something special

a burial ground

a playground (= a place where children play)

3 grounds [plural] the land around a large building the grounds of the hospital

ground 2

form of grind

ground 3 / graund / adjective

cut or crushed into very small pieces or powder ground beef ground coffee

ground floor / graund flor / noun [count]

The part of a building that is at the same level as the street *My office is on the ground floor* .

→SYNONYM first floor

group 1 2 / grup / noun [count]

1 a number of people or things together

A group of people were standing outside the store.

Our drama group meets every Tuesday.

Divide the class into groups of three.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ (MUSIC) a number of people who play music together

→SYNONYM band

group 2 / grup / verb

(groups, group ing, grouped)

to put things or people into groups, or to form a group *Group these words according to their meaning.*

grow 🔯 / grov / verb

(grows, grow ing, grew / gru / has grown / groon /)

1 to become bigger

Children grow very quickly.

2 When a plant **grows** somewhere, it lives there

Oranges grow in warm countries.

3 to plant something in the ground and take care of it *We grow vegetables in our garden.*

4 to allow your hair or nails to grow

Mark has grown a beard.

5 to become

It was growing dark.

→SYNONYM get

grow into something to get bigger and become something

Kittens grow into cats.

grow out of something to become too big to do or wear something

She's grown out of her shoes.

grow up to become an adult; to change from a child to a man or woman

I want to be a doctor when I grow up.

growl / graol / verb

(growls, growl ing, growled)

If a dog **growls**, it makes a low angry sound

The dog growled at the stranger.

▶growl *noun* [count]

The dog gave a low growl.

grown / grown / adjective

physically an adult a full-grown elephant

grown-up / 'grown Ap / noun [count]

a man or woman, not a child

Ask a grown-up to help you. →SYNONYM adult

▶grown-up adjective

She has a grown-up son.

growth 🥯 / groυθ / noun [noncount]

the process of getting bigger

A good diet is important for children's growth. population growth

grub / grab / noun

1 [count] ($\operatorname{BIOLOGY}$) a young insect when it comes out of the egg

2 [noncount] (*informal*) food

grub . by / 'grabi / adjective

(grub bi er, grub bi est) (informal)

dirty

grubby hands

grudge / grad3 / noun [count]

a feeling of anger toward someone, because of something bad that they have done to you in the past

I don't bear him a grudge about what happened.

grue . some / 'grusəm / adjective

very bad in a way that shocks you a gruesome murder

grum .ble / 'grambl / verb

(grum bles, grum bling, grum bled)

to say many times that you do not like something *She's always grumbling about her boss.*

grump . y / 'grampi / adjective

(grump i er, grump i est) (informal)

a little angry

She gets grumpy when she's tired.

grunt / grant / verb

(grunts, grunt ing, grunt ed)

to make a short rough sound, like a pig makes

When I tried to ask her opinion, she just grunted at me.

▶grunt noun [count]

gua .ca .mo .le / ˌgwakəˈmoʊli / noun

[noncount]

a type of soft food that is made from a green fruit (an ${\bf avocado}$) that has been crushed

guar .an .tee 1 AWL / .gærən'ti / noun

[count, noncount]

1 (BUSINESS) a written promise by a company that it will repair or replace a thing you have bought, if it breaks or stops working

a two-year guarantee

The watch comes with a money-back guarantee (= you can get your money back if it stops working).

→SYNONYM warranty

2 a promise that something will happen

I want a guarantee that you will do the work today.

guar an tee 2 AWL / gæren'ti / verb

(guar an tees, guar an teed)

1 (BUSINESS) to say that you will repair or replace a thing that someone has bought, if it breaks or stops working

The television is guaranteed for three years.

2 to promise that something will be done or will happen *I can't guarantee that I will be able to help you, but I'll try.*

guard 1 [©] / gard / verb

(guards, guard ing, guard ed)

to keep someone or something safe from other people, or to stop someone from escaping

The house was guarded by two large dogs.

quard 2 0 / gard / noun [count]

PRONUNCIATION

The word guard sounds like yard.

a person who keeps someone or something safe from other people, or who stops someone from escaping

There are security guards outside the bank.

be on guard

to be ready if something bad happens

The soldiers were on guard outside the palace (= guarding the palace).

guard . i . an / 'gardien / noun [count]

a person who takes care of a child with no parents

guer · ril · la (also gue · ril · la) / gəˈrɪlə / noun

[count

a person who is not in an army, but who fights secretly against the government or an army

guess 💁/ ges / verb

(guess es , guess ing , guessed)

to give an answer when you do not know if it is right Can you guess how old he is?

I quess (informal)

words you say when you think something is probably true, or you are not sure about something

Mark isn't here, so I guess he's still at work.

"Are you feeling okay?" "Yeah, I guess so."

▶ guess noun [count] (plural guess .es)

If you don't know the answer, take a guess!

guest 🥯 / gest / noun [count]

1 a person that you invite to your home or to a party or special event

There were 200 guests at the wedding.

2 a person who is staying in a hotel

guid .ance / 'gardns / noun [noncount]

help and advice

I want some guidance on how to find a job.

guid ance coun se lor

/ 'gaidns kaonsələr / noun [count]

a person who works in a school and whose job is to give students advice about college, personal problems, etc.

quide 1 2 / gard / noun [count]

1 a person who shows other people where to go and tells them about a place

The guide took us around the castle.

2 a book that tells you about something, or how to do something

a guide to fishing

3 another word for guidebook

a guide to San Francisco

quide 2 / gard / verb

(quides, quid ing, quid ed)

to show someone where to go or what to do He guided us through the busy streets to our hotel.

guide . book / 'gardbok / (also guide) noun [count]

a book that tells you about a place you are visiting We looked in the guidebook to find a place to stay.

guide . **lines** AWL / 'gardlarnz / *noun* [plural] official advice or rules on how to do something

The government has issued new guidelines on food safety.

guilt / gilt / noun

[noncount]

1 the bad feeling you have when you know that you have done something wrong

She felt terrible guilt after stealing the money.

2 the fact of having broken the law *The police could not prove his guilt.*

→ANTONYM innocence

guilt . y • / 'gılti / adjective (guilt i er , guilt i est)

 ${f 1}$ If you feel ${f guilty}$, you feel that you have done something wrong

I feel guilty about lying to her.

2 If you are **guilty**, you have broken the law *He is guilty of murder.*

→ANTONYM innocent

guin .ea pig / 'gıni pıg / noun [count]

 $\boldsymbol{1}\,$ a small animal with short ears and no tail, which people often keep as a pet

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ (<code>GENERAL SCIENCE</code>) a person who is used in an experiment

gui .tar / gr'tar / noun [count]

(MUSIC) a musical instrument with strings I play the guitar in a band. an electric guitar

►gui .tar .ist / gr'tarist / noun [count] (MUSIC) a person who plays the guitar



gulf / galf / noun [count]

(GEOGRAPHY) a large part of the ocean that has land almost all the way around it the Gulf of Mexico

gull / gal / noun [count]

a large gray or white bird that lives by the ocean

→SYNONYM seagull

gulp / galp / verb (gulps, gulp ing, gulped)

1 to eat or drink something quickly

He gulped down a cup of coffee and left.

2 to swallow because you are scared, surprised, etc.

She gulped when the teacher called her name.

► gulp noun [count] She took a gulp of coffee.

gum / gam / noun

1 [count] Your **gums** are the hard pink parts of your mouth that hold the teeth.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **mouth**.

2 [noncount] (also **chew** . **ing gum** / 'tʃuɪŋ gʌm /) a sweet, sticky candy that you keep in your mouth for a long time and bite many times but do not swallow a pack of gum

gun 🥯 / gʌn / noun [count]

a weapon that shoots out pieces of metal (called **bullets**) to kill or hurt people or animals

He aimed the gun at the bird and fired.

gun . fire / 'gʌnˌfaɪər / noun

[noncount]

the act of firing a gun or guns; the sound that this makes We heard gunfire and ran for safety.

gun .man / 'gʌnmən / noun [count]

(plural gun . men / 'gʌnmən /)

a man who uses a gun to rob or kill people

gun . point / 'ganpoint / noun

at gunpoint

while threatening someone, or being threatened with a gun *He was robbed at gunpoint.*

 $gun \cdot pow \cdot der \ / \ ^{ \cdot } g_{\Lambda n_{i}}paoder \ / \ \textit{noun}$

[noncount]

powder that explodes. It is used in guns and bombs.

qun . shot / 'qanfat / noun [count]

the firing of a gun or the sound that this makes We heard gunshots.

gu · **ru** / 'guru ; 'goru / noun [count]

1 (RELIGION) a leader or teacher in the Hindu religion

2 (*informal*) a person who knows a lot about a subject and whose ideas are followed by many people a fashion guru

gush / gAJ / verb (gush es , gush ing , gushed)

to flow out suddenly and strongly Blood was gushing from the cut on her leg.

qust / gast / noun [count]

a sudden strong wind

A gust of wind blew his hat off.

guts / gats / noun [plural]

1 (**BIOLOGY**) the stomach, and other parts near it, inside the body of people and animals

2 (*informal*) the courage to do something difficult or unpleasant

It takes guts to admit you're wrong.

gut .ter / 'gater / noun

[count]

1 a pipe under the edge of a roof to carry away water when it rains

2 the lower part at the edge of a road where water is carried away when it rains

GUY / gar / noun

(informal)

1 [count] a man

He's a nice guy.

2 guys [plural] used when speaking to a group of men and women or boys and girls

Come on guys, let's go.

gym / d3Im / noun

1 (also formal gym · na · si · um / dʒɪm'neɪziəm /)

[count] a room or building with equipment for doing physical exercise

2 [noncount] (SPORTS) a class in school in which you do physical exercises and play sports a gym class

gym nas tics

/ dʒɪmˈnæstɪks / noun

[noncount]

(SPORTS) exercises for your

a gymnastics competition

▶gym · nast / 'dʒɪmnæst / noun [count] (sports)

person who gymnastics

gymnastics



gy . ne . col . o . gy / .gaməˈkalədʒi / noun

[noncount]

(HEALTH) the study and treatment of medical problems that only women have

▶ qy · ne · col · o · gist / ˌqaɪnəˈkalədʒɪst / noun [count] a doctor who is trained in gynecology

gyp ·sy / 'dʒɪpsi / noun [count] (plural gyp.sies)

Gypsies are people who travel around instead of living in one place.



H, h / ents/ noun [count, noncount]

(plural H's, h's / 'entsəz /)

the eighth letter of the English alphabet "Hat" begins with an "H."

hab . it 2 / hæbət / noun

[count]

something that you do very often Smoking is a bad habit.

She has a habit of calling me when I'm in bed.

hab . i . tat / 'hæbətæt / noun

[count]

(BIOLOGY) the natural place where a plant or an animal lives

hack / hæk / verb (hacks , hack ling , hacked)

1 to cut something or someone in a rough and violent way I hacked the dead branches off the tree.

2 (COMPUTERS) to use a computer to get into someone else's computer in order to damage it or get secret information: He hacked into the bank's computer system.

hack .er / 'hækər / noun [count]

(COMPUTERS) a person who uses a computer to get into someone else's computer in order to damage it or get secret information

had / hæd /

form of have

had .n't / hædent /

short for had not

hag gle / hægl / verb

(hag gles, hag gling, hag gled)

to argue with someone until you agree about the price of something

Tourists were haggling over the price of a carpet.

hail / heil / noun [noncount]

frozen rain that falls in small hard balls (called hailstones)

▶ hail verb (hails, hail ing, hailed): It's hailing.

hair 🥯 / her / noun

1 [count] one of the long thin things that grow on the skin of people and animals: There's a hair in my soup.



She has curly hair.



She has braids.



She has a ponytail.



He is bald.



She has long, wavy hair.



He has short. spiky hair.

2 [noncount] all the hairs on a person's head She has long black hair.

let your hair down (informal)

to relax and enjoy yourself

She finds it hard to let her hair down.

hair . brush / 'herbraf/ noun [count]

(plural hair brush es)

a brush that you use to make your hair neat

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **brush**.

hair . cut / 'herkat / noun [count]

1 when someone cuts your hair I need a haircut.

2 the way that your hair is cut I like your new haircut.

hair . dress . er / 'herdreser / noun [count]

a person whose job is to wash, cut, and arrange people's

→Look at barber.

hair dry .er

(also hair dri er)

/ 'her draier / noun [count] a machine that dries your hair by blowing hot air on it





hair . style / 'herstail / noun [count] the way that your hair is cut and arranged

hair y / 'heri / adjective (hair i er, hair i est) covered with a lot of hair He has very hairy legs.

ha . lal / həˈlal / adjective

(RELIGION) (used about meat) from an animal that has been killed according to Muslim law a halal butcher (= a butcher who sells halal meat)

half 1 ²² / hæf / adjective, pronoun, noun [count](plural halves / hævz/)

PRONUNCIATION

The word half sounds like staff, because we don't say the letter I in this word.

one of two equal parts of something; 1/2

Half of six is three.

I lived in that apartment for two and a half years.

The trip takes an hour and a half.

I've been waiting more than half an hour .

She gave me half of her apple.

Half this money is yours.

in half

so that there are two equal parts Cut the cake in half.

The verb is **halve**.

half 2 2 / hæf / adverb

50%; not completely The bottle is half empty.

He's half Italian (= one of his parents is Italian).

half past (formal)

30 minutes after an hour on the clock

It's half past nine (= 9:30).

We usually say nine thirty, two thirty, etc.

half-broth er (also half broth er)

/ 'hæf ,br\ðər / noun [count]

Your **half-brother** shares one parent with you.

half-heart .ed / hæf 'harted / adjective without interest or enthusiasm

a half-hearted smile

half-price / hæf prais / adjective, adverb for half the usual price

You can get half-price tickets one hour before the show.

half-sis ter (also half sis ter) / 'hæf sister / noun [count]

Your **half-sister** shares one parent with you.

half . time / 'hæftarm / noun [noncount]

(SPORTS) a short time in the middle of a game like football, when play stops

half . way / hæfwei / adverb

in the middle

They live halfway between New York and Boston. She left halfway through the class.

hall 2 / hol / noun [count]

1 (also hall way) a room or passage that leads to other rooms in a house or public building You can leave your coat in the hall.

2 a big room or building where a lot of people meet a concert hall

a dining hall (= where people eat)

Hal.low.een / hæle win / noun [singular] the night of October 31

Culture

In the past, people believed that dead people appeared from their graves on Halloween .

Nowadays, children dress up as witches, ghosts, etc. and go to people's houses saying " trick or treat," and the people give them candy.

People also make jack-o'-lanterns, where they cut shapes into a **pumpkin** (= a large orange vegetable) so that it looks like a face, and put a light inside.

hall . way / 'holwer / noun [count] another word for hall (1)

halt / holt / noun

come to a halt

to stop

The car came to a halt in front of the school.

► halt verb (halts, halt ing, halt ed) (formal)

She halted just outside the gate.

halve / hæv / verb (halves , halv .ing , halved) to divide something into two parts that are the same There were two of us, so I halved the orange. The noun is half.

halves

plural of half

ham / hæm / noun [count, noncount]

meat from a pig's leg that you can keep for a long time because salt or smoke was used to prepare it

a ham sandwich

a delicious ham

Word building

A young pig is called a piglet.

Meat from a pig is called pork, bacon, or ham.

ham . burg . er / 'hæm,bərgər /

(also burg er / bərgər /) noun [count]

meat cut into very small pieces and made into a flat round shape. You often eat it in a round piece of bread (called a

A hamburger and fries, please.

ham .mer 1 🥯



/ 'hæmər / noun

[count]

a tool with a handle and a heavy metal part, which you use for hitting nails into things

hammer



ham . mer 2 / 'hæmər / verb

(ham mers , ham mer ing , ham mered)

1 to hit something with a hammer

I hammered the nail into the wood.

2 to hit something hard

He hammered on the door until someone opened it.

ham . mock / 'hæmek / noun [count]

a bed made of cloth or rope that you hang up at the two ends

ham . ster / 'hæmstər / noun [count]

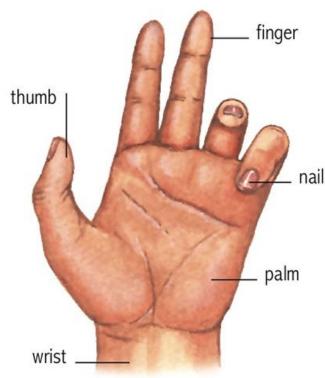
a small animal that people keep as a pet. A **hamster** can keep food in the sides of its mouth.

hand 100 / hænd / noun

1 [count] the part at the end of your arm that has four fingers and a thumb

She held the letter in her hand.

hand



2 a hand [singular]

(informal)

some help

Could you give me a hand with my homework? Do you need a hand?

 $\boldsymbol{3}$ [count] one of the parts of a clock or watch that move to show the time

Look at the picture at watch.

by hand

without using a machine

The curtains were made by hand.

get out of hand

to become difficult to control

The party got out of hand.

hand in hand

with your hand in another person's hand *They were walking hand in hand.*

hands up

 ${f 1}$ words that mean "put one hand in the air if you can answer the question"

2 words that mean "put your hands in the air" because someone has a gun

hold hands

to have another person's hand in your hand

in good hands

well taken care of

Don't worry – your son is in good hands.

on hand

near and ready to help

There is a doctor on hand 24 hours a day.

on the one hand ... on the other hand

words that show the good and bad things about something On the one hand, cars are very useful; on the other hand, they cause a lot of pollution.

hand 2 / hænd / verb

(hands, hand ing, hand ed)

to put something into someone's hand

Can you hand me the scissors, please?

I handed the money to the cashier.

hand something down to pass something from an older person to a younger one

He never had any new clothes – they were all handed down from his older brothers.

hand something in to give something to someone

The teacher asked us to hand in our homework.

hand something out to give something to many people

Please hand out these books.

hand something over to give something to someone "Hand over your weapons!"

hand . bag / 'hændbæg / noun [count]

a small bag that a woman uses for carrying things like money and keys

→SYNONYM purse

hand . book / 'hændbok / noun [count]

a book that gives useful information or advice about something

For information about school policies, see the parent handbook.

hand .cuffs / 'hændkafs / noun [plural]

two metal rings with a chain that the police put on a prisoner's arms so that they cannot use their hands

hand .ful / 'hændfol / noun [count]

1 as much as you can hold in one hand a handful of stones

2 a small number

Only a handful of people came to the meeting.

hand .gun / 'hændgʌn / noun [count]

a gun that is small enough to hold in one hand *The court issued a ban on handguns.*

hand . i . cap / 'hændikæp / noun [count]

1 a physical or mental condition that means you cannot use a part of your body completely or easily, or that you cannot learn easily

→SYNONYM disability

2 something that makes it more difficult for you to do something

Not being able to drive is a real handicap.

hand i capped / hændikæpt / adjective not able to use a part of your body well

→SYNONYM disabled

STYLE

Some people do not like the words **handicap** and **handicapped** , and prefer to use the words **disability** and **disabled** .

hand . ker . chief / 'hænkərtʃif / noun [count] a square piece of cloth or paper that you use for clearing (blowing) your nose

han . dle 1 / hændl / noun [count] the part of a thing that you hold in your hand I turned the handle and opened the door. Hold that knife by the handle.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at cup.

han . dle 2 / 'hændl / verb (han . dles . han . dling . han . dled)

1 to touch something with your hands
Always wash your hands before you handle food.
2 to control or deal with someone or something
He's not very good at handling pressure.

han . **dle** . **bars** / 'hændlbarz / *noun* [plural] the part at the front of a bicycle or motorcycle that you hold when you are riding it \rightarrow *Look at the picture at* **bicycle** .

hand . made / hænd meid / adjective made by a person, not by a machine handmade chocolates

hand .out / 'hændaot / noun [count]

1 food, money, etc. that is given to people who need it Although she couldn't pay her rent, she was too proud to accept handouts.

2 a printed sheet of paper that is given to people, for example to explain something in class *Put all of your handouts in your notebook.*

hand . shake / 'hændseik / noun [count]

the action of shaking someone's right hand with your right hand

a firm handshake

hand . some / 'hænsəm / adjective

(usually used about a man) attractive

a handsome man

Thesaurus

attractive can be used about any person who is nice to look at: He's polite and attractive. ◆ a group of attractive young women

beautiful (usually used to describe a woman or girl) very attractive: a beautiful, intelligent woman ◆ She looked beautiful that night.

good-looking (used more about men than women) attractive: *The band's lead singer is very good-looking.* ◆ *a good-looking young actor*

pretty (usually used about a girl or young woman) attractive: She has a very pretty face. \spadesuit a pretty little girl in a pink dress

handsome (usually used about a man or boy) attractive: You look so handsome in that suit! ◆ a polite, handsome man

hands-on / hændz 'an / adjective

doing something yourself, instead of watching someone else do it $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left($

She needs some hands-on experience.

hand . writ . ing / 'hændraɪtɪŋ / noun

[noncount]

the way you write

Her handwriting is difficult to read.

hand .writ .ten / 'hændritn / adjective written by hand, not typed or printed a handwritten note

hand . y / 'hændi / adjective

(hand i er, hand i est)

1 useful

This bag will be handy for carrying my books.

2 near and easy to find or reach

Always keep a first-aid kit handy.

come in handy

to be useful

Don't throw that box away – it might come in handy.

hand . y . man / 'hændimæn / noun

[count

(plural hand y men / hændimen /)

a person whose job is to make or repair things, especially in a house or other building

hang 🔯 / hæŋ / verb

1 (<code>hangs</code> , <code>hang ing</code> , <code>hung</code> / <code>hang</code> / <code>hang</code>) to put something on a hook or fasten something to a wall

Hang your coat up in the hall.

I hung the picture over the fireplace.

2 (hangs, hang ing, hanged, has hanged) to kill yourself or another person by putting a rope around the neck and allowing the body to drop downward *She was hanged for murder.*

hang around

(informal)

to stay somewhere with nothing special to do

My plane was late so I had to hang around in the airport all morning.

hang on

(informal)

to wait for a short time

Hang on – I'm not ready.

hang on to someone or something to hold someone or something firmly

Hang on to your purse.

hang out

(informal)

to spend a lot of time in a place, often not doing much *On Saturdays I hang out with my friends at the mall.*hang up to end a telephone call

hang er / hæger /

(also coat hang er / 'koot hæŋər /) noun [count]

a piece of metal, wood, or plastic with a hook. You use it for hanging clothes on.

hang glid er

/ 'hæŋ glaidər / noun [count]

(SPORTS)

1 a very large piece of material on a frame, which you hang from and fly through the air



hang glider

2 a person who does hang gliding

► hang glid ing / 'hæn glaidin / noun [noncount] I'd love to try hang gliding.

hang . O . Ver / 'hæŋoʊvər / noun [count] pain in your head and a sick feeling, which you get if you have drunk too much alcohol the night before

Ha . nuk . kah / 'hanəkə / noun [noncount]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{RELIGION}}$) a Jewish holiday that lasts for eight days in December

hap .pen 💁 / ˈhæpən / verb

(hap pens, hap pending, hap pened)

to take place, usually without being planned first *How did the accident happen?*

Did you hear what happened to me yesterday?

happen to do something

to do something by chance

I happened to run into Tim yesterday.

hap pi ness 🔯 / hæpines / noun

[noncount]

the feeling of being happy

→ANTONYM unhappiness

hap . py 5 / hæpi / adjective (hap .pi .er , hap .pi .est)

1 feeling pleased or showing that you are pleased *She looks very happy* .

That was one of the happiest days of my life.

→ANTONYM unhappy, sad

Word building

You are usually **glad** or **pleased** about a particular event or situation: I'm glad he's feeling better. ◆ I'm pleased to say that you passed your exam.

You use **happy** to describe a state of mind: *I always* feel happy when the sun is shining. You also use **happy** before a noun: a happy child.

2 a word that you use to say that you hope someone will enjoy a special time

Happy New Year!

Happy Birthday!

Happy Holidays!

▶hap .pi .ly / 'hæpəli / adverb

Everyone was smiling happily.

ha . rass / həˈræs ; ˈhærəs / verb

(ha rass es , ha rass ing , ha rassed)

to bother or do unpleasant things to someone, especially over a period of time

His ex-wife wouldn't stop harassing him.

► ha · rass · ment / həˈræsmənt ; ˈhærəsmənt / noun

She accused her boss of harassment.

har .bor / 'harber / noun [count]

a place where ships can stay safely in the water

hard 1 ²⁰/ hard / adjective (hard er, hard est)

1 not soft

These apples are very hard.

I couldn't sleep because the bed was too hard.

→ANTONYM soft

2 difficult to do or understand

The exam was very hard.

hard work

→ANTONYM easy

3 full of problems *He's had a hard life* .

→ANTONYM easy

4 not kind or gentle

She is very hard on her children.

→ANTONYM soft

hard 2 2 / hard / adverb (hard er, hard est)

1 a lot

She works very hard. You need to try harder! **2** strongly *It's raining hard. She hit him hard.*

hard . back / 'hardbæk / noun

[count, noncount]

a book with a hard cover

I don't buy hardbacks - they're too expensive.

Is this book available in hardback?

→ Look at paperback.

hard disk / 'hard disk / noun [count]

(COMPUTERS) a piece of hard plastic inside a computer that stores information and programs

hard .en / 'hardn / verb

(hard ens, hard en ing, hard ened)

to become hard

Wait for the cement to harden.

hard . ly 🥯 / 'hardli / adverb

almost not; only just

She spoke so quietly that I could hardly hear her.

There's hardly any (= almost no) coffee left.

We hardly ever go out anymore.

hard . ware / 'hardwer / noun [noncount]

 ${f 1}$ (COMPUTERS) the machines that are part of a computer system, not the programs that work on it

→ Look at software.

2 tools and equipment that are used to build or repair things in the house *a hardware store*

hard-work . ing / hard workin / adjective

working with effort and energy a hard-working student

hare / her / noun [count]

an animal like a **rabbit** (= a small animal with long ears) . **Hares** are bigger, have longer ears, and can run very fast.

harm 1 2 / harm / noun [noncount]

damage or injury

Eating a little red meat won't do you any harm.

there is no harm in doing something

nothing bad will happen if you do something

I don't know if she'll help you, but there's no harm in asking.

harm 2 0 / harm / verb

(harms, harm ing, harmed)

to hurt or damage someone or something *These chemicals harm the environment.*

harm . ful 🔯 / 'harmfl / adjective

Something that is **harmful** can hurt or damage people or things

Fruit juice can be harmful to children's teeth.

harm . less / 'harmles / adjective

not dangerous

Don't worry – these insects are harmless.

har .mo .ny / 'harməni / noun

(plural har mo nies)

1 [noncount] a state of agreement or of living together in peace

The different species live together in harmony.

 $\mathbf{2}$ [count, noncount] (\mathbf{MUSIC}) musical notes that sound nice together

They sang in harmony.

beautiful harmonies

harp / harp / noun [count]

(MUSIC) a large musical instrument that has many strings stretching from the top to the bottom of a frame. You play the **harp** with your fingers.

→ Look at the picture at instrument.

harsh / harsh / harsh est)

1 not kind; cruel

a harsh punishment

2 rough and unpleasant to see or hear

a harsh voice

► harsh .ly / 'harſli / adverb

Alec laughed harshly.

har . vest / 'harvest / noun

1 [count, noncount] the time when grain, fruit, or vegetables are ready to cut or pick

The apple harvest is in September.

2 [count] all the grain, fruit, or vegetables that are cut or picked

We had a good harvest this year.

▶har vest verb (har vests, har vest ing,

har vest ed)

When do they harvest the wheat?

has / hæz /

form of have

hash browns / 'hæf braunz / noun [plural]

a type of food made from potatoes that have been cut into small pieces and cooked in oil eggs, bacon, and hash browns

has .n't / 'hæzənt /

short for has not

has .sle / 'hæsl / noun [count, noncount]

a thing or situation that takes a lot of effort to do Traveling with all this luggage is a real hassle.

haste / heist / noun [noncount]

doing things too quickly, especially because you do not have enough time

The letter was written in haste (= quickly).

hast . y / 'heisti / adjective

(hast i er, hast i est)

1 said or done quickly

a hasty departure

2 If you are **hasty**, you do something too quickly Don't be too hasty. This is a very important decision.

► hast .i .ly / 'heistəli / adverb

He hastily changed the subject.

hat W / hæt / noun [count] a thing that you wear on your head She's wearing a hat.

hats







baseball cap

beret

cowboy hat

hatch / hætʃ / verb

(hatch es, hatch ing, hatched)

(BIOLOGY) When baby birds, insects, or fish **hatch**, they come out of an egg.

hate 1 ²² / heit / verb (hates, hat ling, hat led)

to have a very strong feeling of not liking someone or something

Most cats hate water.

I hate waking up early.

→ANTONYM love

hate to have a strong feeling of not liking someone or something. This word is often used in informal English to talk about people or things that you really do not like: I've always hated broccoli. ♦ He hates getting up early in the morning. • I hate the way she always criticizes me.

can't stand an expression used to mean that you really do not like someone or something. It is often used in informal spoken English: I can't stand this music. Can we listen to something else? ◆ He can't stand waiting in line for things. ♦ I can't stand her brother, can you?

dislike a slightly formal way of saying that you do not like someone or something, but not in a strong way. It is more usual to say "don't like": I have always disliked flying. ◆ Why do you dislike him so much?

despise to dislike someone or something very much and have no respect for them or it: She despised any kind of gossip. ♦ He despised himself for being such a

loathe to hate someone or something very much: They loathe each other. ♦ He loathed hypocrisy.

hate 2 2 / hert / noun [noncount]

a very strong feeling of not liking someone or something Her love for him turned to hate.

→SYNONYM hatred

→ANTONYM love

ha . tred / 'heitrad / noun [noncount]

a very strong feeling of not liking someone or something He had a deep hatred of injustice.

→SYNONYM hate

haul / hal / verb (hauls , haul ling , hauled)

to pull something heavy

They hauled the boat out of the river.

haunt / hont / verb

(haunts, haunt ing, haunt ed)

1 If a place is **haunted** , people think that there are ghosts (= spirits of dead people) there

A ghost haunts the castle.

2 If something sad or unpleasant haunts you, you often think of it

Her unhappy face still haunts me.

▶ haunt . ed / honted / adjective a haunted house

have 1 / hav; hæv / verb

a word that you use with parts of other verbs to show that something happened or started in the past

I haven't seen that movie.

Have you ever been to the Grand Canyon? We've been in New York for six months. When we arrived, Paul had already left.

have 2 o / hæv / verb

1 (also have got) to own or keep something

She has blue eyes.

Do you have any brothers and sisters?

He's got (= has got) *short black hair.*

2 a word that you use with many nouns to talk about doing something

What time do you have breakfast?

Let's have a coffee.

I had a meeting this morning.

Jill and I had a fight.

3 a word that you use with many nouns to talk about experiencing something

Have fun!

He had an accident.

Did you have a good weekend?

I have an idea.

Do you have time to help me?

4 (also have got) to be sick with something

I have the flu.

She's got (= has got) a headache.

have something done

to let someone do something for you

I had my hair cut yesterday.

Have you had your car repaired?

have something on to be wearing something

She had a green sweater on.

What did the boy have on when you last saw him?

haven't / 'hævent /

short for have not

have to 🔯 / 'hæftə; 'hæftu / modal verb

(also have got to)

used for saying that someone must do something or that something must happen

I have to go to the dentist today.

We don't have to get up early tomorrow.

Do we have to pay for this now?

We had to do lots of boring exercises.

Grammar

You use **must not** or the short form **mustn't** / 'masnt / to tell people **not** to do something: You **mustn't** be

When you want to say that someone can do something if they want, but that it is not necessary, you use **don't have to**: You **don't have to** do your homework today (= you can do it today if you want, but it is not necessary).

hawk / hok / noun [count]

a large bird that catches and eats other birds and small animals

hay / her / noun [noncount]

dry grass that is used as food for farm animals

hay fe . ver / 'her fiver / noun [noncount]

($\mbox{\sc HEALTH}$) an illness like a cold. Grass and other plants can cause $\mbox{\sc hay fever}$.

haz .ard / 'hæzərd / noun [count]

a danger

Ice is a hazard for drivers.

a fire hazard

► haz . ard . ous / 'hæzərdəs / adjective

hazardous chemicals

haze / heiz / noun [noncount]

air that is difficult to see through because of heat, dust, or smoke

ha .zel .nut / 'herzlnat / noun [count]

a small nut that you can eat

haz y / heizi / adjective (haz i er, haz i est)

1 not clear, especially because of heat

Yesterday it was hot and hazy.

2 difficult to remember or understand clearly

I only have a hazy memory of our vacation in Seattle.

he 2 / hi / pronoun (plural they)

the man or boy that the sentence is about

I saw Mike when he was in town.

"Where's John?" "He's (= he is) at home."

head 1 00 / hed / noun

1 [count] the part of your body above your neck

She turned her head to look at me.

He nodded his head (= moved it up and down) in agreement.

"I disagree," she said, shaking her head.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **body**.

2 [count] your mind or brain

A strange thought came into his head.

Use your head (= think)!

3 [singular] the top, front, or most important part

She sat at the head of the table.

4 [count, noncount] the person in charge of a group of people or organization

The Pope is the head of the Catholic church.

5 heads [noncount] the side of a coin that has the head of a person on it

Heads or tails? (= said when you are throwing a coin in the air to decide something)

→ANTONYM tails

a head; per head

for one person

Dinner costs \$50 a head.

go to your head

to make you too pleased with yourself

Stop telling him how good-looking he is. It will go to his head!

head first

with your head before the rest of your body

keep your head

to stay calm

She needs to learn to keep her head when things get difficult.

lose your head

to become too excited, angry, etc.

head 2 / hed / verb (heads, head ing, head ed)

1 to move in the direction mentioned

Let's head for home.

Where are you heading?

2 to be the leader or most important person in a group *Michael is heading the finance committee.*

head .ache / 'hederk / noun [count]

(HEALTH) a pain in your head

to have a headache

head . ing / 'hedin / noun [count]

the words at the top of a piece of writing to show what it is about

head . light / 'hedlart /

(also head .lamp / 'hedlæmp /) noun [count] one of the two big bright lights on the front of a car Look at the picture at car.

head .line / 'hedlam / noun

1 [count] the words in big letters at the top of a newspaper story

2 the headlines [plural] the most important news on radio or television

Here are the latest news headlines.

head . phones / 'hedfoonz / noun [plural]

things that you put over your head and ears so that you can listen to music without other people hearing it

→ Look at earphones.

head .quar .ters / 'hed,kworterz / noun

[plural] (abbreviation HQ)

the main offices where the leaders of an organization work *The company's headquarters are in Detroit.*

head .set / 'hedset / noun [count]

a piece of equipment that you wear on your head that includes a part for listening (called **headphones**) and a part for speaking into (called a **microphone**) The pilot was talking into his headset.

head . way / 'hedwei / noun

make headway

to go forward or make progress

We haven't made much headway in our discussions.

heal / hil / verb (heals, heal ing, healed)

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{HEALTH}}$) to become well again; to make something well again

The cut on his leg healed slowly.

health 2 / hεlθ / noun [noncount]

the condition of your body

Smoking is bad for your health.

health insurance

health . care / 'hɛlθkɛr / (also health care)

noun [noncount]

(${\sf HEALTH}$) the service of providing medical care reforms to the healthcare system

health food / 'held fud / noun

[count, noncount]

natural food that many people think is good for your health a health food store

health . y S / 'hεlθi / adjective

(health i er health i est)

(HEALTH)

1 well; not often sick

healthy children

2 helping to make or keep you well

healthy food

→ANTONYM unhealthy

heap 1 / hip / noun [count]

a lot of things on top of one another in a messy way *She left her clothes in a heap on the floor.*

 \rightarrow Look at the note at pile 1.

heap 2/hip/verb (heaps, heap ing, heaped)

to put a lot of things on top of one another *She heaped food onto my plate.*

hear hir / verb (hears, hear ing, heard / hard / has heard)

1 to notice sounds with your ears

Can you hear that noise?

I heard someone laughing in the next room.

Which word?

Hear or listen?

When you **hear** something, sounds come to your ears: *I heard* the door close.

When you **listen to** something, you are trying to hear it: *I listen to* the radio every morning.

2 to be told about something

Have you heard the news?

hear from someone

to get a letter or a phone call from someone

Have you heard from your sister?

hear of someone or something

to know about someone or something

Who is he? I've never heard of him.

will not hear of something

will not agree to something

I wanted to get a motorcycle, but my parents wouldn't hear of it.

hear .ing / 'hɪrɪŋ / noun [noncount]

the ability to hear

Speak louder - her hearing isn't very good.

hear . ing aid / 'hirin eid / noun [count]

a small machine that fits inside the ear and helps people to hear better

heart 🥯 / hart / noun

PRONUNCIATION

The word heart sounds like start.

 ${f 1}$ [count] the part of the body that makes the blood go around inside

Your heart beats faster when you run.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **body**.

2 [count] your feelings

She has a big heart (= she is kind and generous).

3 [singular] the center; the middle part

They live in the heart of the city.

4 [count] the shape ♥

5 hearts [plural] the group of playing cards (called a suit) that have red shapes like hearts on them

the six of hearts

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at playing card.

break someone's heart

to make someone very sad

It broke his heart when his wife died.

by heart

so that you know every word

I know that poem by heart.

lose heart

to stop hoping

Don't lose heart - you can still win if you try.

vour heart sinks

you suddenly feel unhappy

My heart sank when I saw the first question on the test.

heart . **ache** / 'harterk / noun [count, noncount] a strong feeling of sadness

heart at . tack / 'hart ə,tæk / noun [count]

(HEALTH) a sudden dangerous illness, when your heart stops working normally

She had a heart attack and died.

heart . beat / 'hartbit / noun [count]

(HEALTH) the movement or sound of your heart as it pushes blood around your body

heart . break / 'hartbreik / noun [noncount]

a strong feeling of sadness or disappointment

► heart · break · ing / 'hart breikin / adjective making you feel very sad

a heartbreaking story about a homeless family

heart . bro . ken / 'hart, brooken / adjective extremely sad because of something that has happened Maggie was heartbroken when her grandfather died.

heart less / hartles / adjective

not kind; cruel

heat 1 0 / hit / noun

1 [noncount] the feeling of something hot the heat of the sun

2 [noncount] hot weather

I love the heat. → ANTONYM cold

3 [noncount] a system for making a building warm *Can you turn up the heat? I'm freezing!*

 $\boldsymbol{4} \ [\ \text{count} \]$ (\boldsymbol{SPORTS}) one of the first parts of a race or competition

heat 2 / hit / (also heat up) verb (heats, heat ing, heat ed)

to make something hot; to become hot *I heated the milk in the microwave.*

Wait for the oven to heat up before you put the cake in.

heat .er / 'hiter / noun [count]

a thing that makes a place warm or that heats water a water heater

The room was cold, so he bought a space heater (= a small heater for one room) .

heave / hiv / verb (heaves , heav ing , heaved) to lift or pull something heavy

We heaved the suitcase up the stairs.

heav . en / 'hevn / noun [noncount]

($\mbox{\it RELIGION}$) the place where many people believe God lives and where good people go to when they die

→Look at hell.

heav . y o / 'hevi / adjective (heav .i .er , heav .i .est)

1 weighing a lot; difficult to lift or move *I can't carry this bag – it's too heavy.*

→ANTONYM light

2 a word used to describe a person when you do not want to say that they are fat

Ted's gotten a little heavier since the last time I saw him.

Thesaurus

fat is a general word to describe a person who has a large round body, but it is not polite to say to someone that they are fat: Do I look fat in this dress?

♦ I'm getting fat!

overweight is a little more polite, and is also a word used by doctors or health professionals: She's a little overweight. ◆ He's only a few pounds overweight.

heavy is often used when you want to be polite: Donna's gotten a little heavier since the last time I saw her

obese means very fat, in a way that is not healthy. This word is often used by doctors and health professionals, but is also used in a general way to mean "very fat": Obese patients are given advice on healthy eating.

3 larger, stronger, or more than usual *heavy rain*

The traffic was very heavy this morning.

→ANTONYM light

►heav .i .ly / 'hɛvəli / adverb

It was raining heavily.

heav . y met . al / hevi 'metl / noun

[noncount]

(MUSIC) a kind of loud rock music

hec . tic / 'hektik / adjective

very busy

I had a hectic day at work.

he'd / hid /

short for he had, he would

hedge / hedg / noun [count] a line of small trees planted close together

heel / hil / noun [count]

1 the back part of your foot

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at leq.

2 the back part of a shoe under the heel of your foot

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **shoe**.

3 the part of a sock that covers the **heel** of your foot

height 🔯 / hait / noun

PRONUNCIATION

The word height sounds like white .

1 [count, noncount] how far it is from the bottom to the top of someone or something

What is the normal height of a basketball hoop?

The wall is 12 feet in height.

She asked me my height, weight, and age.

Look at the picture at dimension.

The adjective is **high**.

2 [count] a high place

I'm afraid of heights.

 $\boldsymbol{3}$ [noncount] the strongest or most important part of something

the height of summer

heir / er / noun [count]

a person who gets money or property when another person dies

He's the heir to a large fortune.

▶heir .ess / εr'εs / noun [count]

(plural heir ess es)

an heir who is a woman

held

form of hold 1

hel i cop ter

/ 'hɛləkaptər / *noun* [count]

a vehicle that can go straight up in the air, with long metal parts on top that turn to help it fly

helicopter



he .li .um / 'hiliam / noun [noncount]

(symbol He)

(CHEMISTRY) a very light gas that is often used to fill balloons (= things that float in the air)

hell / hel / noun [noncount]

the place where some people believe that bad people go when they die

→Look at heaven.

he'll / hil; hil / short for he will

hel . lo 🔯 / həˈloʊ / exclamation

a word that you say when you meet someone or when you answer the telephone

STYLE

We usually use **hi** , not **hello** , in less formal situations: "Rob, this is my friend, Laura." "Hi, nice to meet you." However, we always use **hello** when we answer the telephone.

hel .met / 'helmat / noun [count] a hard hat that keeps your head safe

helmets



a bike helmet





help 1 ³⁰/ help / verb (helps , help ling , helped)

1 to do something useful for someone; to make someone's work easier

Will you help me with the laundry? She helped me carry the box.

2 a word that you shout when you are in danger *Help! I can't swim!*

can't help

If you **can't help** doing something, you cannot stop yourself from doing it

It was so funny that I couldn't help laughing.

help yourself

to take something that you want

Help yourself to a drink.

"Can I have a sandwich?" "Of course. Help yourself!"

help 2 5 / help / noun

1 [noncount] the act of helping someone *Thank you for all your help.*

Do you need any help?

2 [singular] a person or thing that helps He was a great help to me after I broke my leg.

►help .er / 'hɛlpər / noun [count]

a person who helps

help . ful 😂 / ˈhɛlpfl / adjective

wanting to help; useful

The saleswoman was very helpful. helpful advice

→ANTONYM unhelpful

▶help .ful .ly / 'hεlpfəli / adverb

help . ing / helpin / noun

[count]

the amount of food on your plate *I had a big helping of mashed potatoes.*

help . less / 'helplas / adjective not able to do things without help Babies are totally helpless.

▶help ·less ·ly / ˈhɛlpləsli / adverb

hem / hem / noun

[count

the bottom edge of something, like a skirt or pants, which is folded and sewn

hem . i . sphere / 'heməsfir / noun [count]

(GEOGRAPHY) one half of the earth

the northern hemisphere

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **earth**.

hen / hen / noun [count]

a female bird, especially a chicken, that people keep on farms for its eggs

Word building

A female ${\bf chicken}$ is called a ${\bf hen}$, and a male ${\bf chicken}$ is called a ${\bf rooster}$.

A young chicken is a chick.

hep .a .ti .tis / hepotartos / noun [noncount] (HEALTH) a serious disease of the liver (= the part inside your body that cleans the blood)

her 1 🔯 / hər / pronoun

(plural them / ðəm; ðem /)

a word that shows the woman or girl that you have just talked about

Tell Jane that I'll see her tonight.

I wrote to her yesterday.

her 2 / hər / adjective

of or belonging to the woman or girl that you have just talked about

That's her book.

Jill hurt her leg.

herb / ərb / noun [count]

a plant whose leaves, seeds, etc. are used in cooking or in medicine

 \rightarrow Look at spice.

her .biv .ore / 'harbivar / noun [count]

(BIOLOGY) an animal that eats only grass and plants giraffes, elephants, and other herbivores

→ Look at carnivore, omnivore.

► her · biv · o · rous / ˌhər'bıvərəs / adjective herbivorous dinosaurs

herd 1 / hard / noun [count]

a big group of animals of the same kind a herd of cattle

 \rightarrow Look at flock.

herd 2 / hard / verb (herds, herd ing, herd ed) to move people or animals somewhere in a group The prisoners were herded into the van.

here 🔯 / hir / adverb

in, at, or to this place

Your glasses are here.

Come here, please.

Here's my car.

Here comes the bus.

 \rightarrow Look at there (2).

here and there

in different places

There were groups of people here and there along the beach.

here goes (informal)

words that you say before you do something exciting or dangerous

"Here goes," said Sue, and she jumped into the river.

here you are; here you go

(informal)

words that you say when you give something to someone "Can I borrow a pen, please?" "Sure, here you go."

her i tage / heratida / noun

[count, usually singular]

(HISTORY) the important traditions, qualities, and culture of a country

The building is part of our national heritage.

he .ro / 'hirov / noun [count] (plural he .roes)

1 a person, especially a man, who has done something / hek'sægenl / adjective brave or good

Everyone said that Mark was a hero after he rescued his sister from the fire.

2 (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) the most important man or boy in a book, play, or movie

→ Look at heroine.

he . ro . ic / ha rowk / adjective very brave

her . O . in / heroven / noun

I noncount 1

(HEALTH) a very strong illegal drug

her . O . ine / 'herovan / noun

[count]

1 a woman who has done something brave or good

2 (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) the most important woman or girl in a book, play, or movie

The heroine is played by Angelina Jolie.

 \rightarrow Look at hero.

her . O . ism / 'herovizəm / noun [noncount] when someone does something very brave or good the heroism of New York's firefighters

hers 🥯 / hərz / pronoun something that belongs to her Gina says this book is hers. Are these keys hers?

her . self D / hər'self / pronoun

(plural them selves / ðəmˈsɛlvz /)

1 a word that shows the same woman or girl that you have just talked about

She fell and hurt herself.

2 a word that makes "she" stronger

"Who told you that Laura was married?" "She told me herself.

by herself

1 without other people She lives by herself.

→SYNONYM alone

2 without help

She can carry the box by herself.

he's / hiz /

short for he is, he has

hes i tate / hezateit / verb

(hes i tates, hes i tat ing, hes i tat ed)

to stop for a moment before you do or say something, because you are not sure about it

He hesitated before answering the question.

▶ hes · i · ta · tion / hɛzəˈteɪ[n / noun [noncount] They agreed without hesitation.

het er o sex u al / hetərə'sekfuəl /

attracted to people of the opposite sex

→ANTONYM homosexual

hex a gon

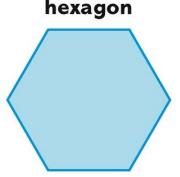
/ ˈhɛksəgan / noun

[count]

(MATH) a shape with six sides

hex ⋅ag ⋅o ⋅nal

with six sides a hexagonal box



hey / hei / exclamation

(informal)

a word that you say to make someone listen to you, or when you are surprised

Hey! Where are you going?

hi / hai / exclamation (informal)

a word that you say when you meet someone Hi, Tony! How are you?

→SYNONYM hello

hi ber nate / harbarnert / verb

(hi ber nates hi ber nat ing hi ber nat ed) (BIOLOGY) When an animal **hibernates**, it goes to sleep for the winter.

►hi .ber .na .tion / ˌhaɪbərˈneɪʃn / noun [noncount]

hic .cup / 'hikap / noun [count]

a sudden noise that you make in your throat. You sometimes get the **hiccups** when you have eaten or drunk too quickly.

hide 🥯 / haid / verb

(hides, hid ing, hid / hid / has hid den / hidn /)

1 to put something where people cannot find it I hid the money under the bed.

2 to be or get in a place where people cannot see or find

Someone was hiding behind the door.

3 to not tell or show something to someone She tried to hide her feelings.

hide-and-seek / hard n 'sik / noun

a children's game in which one player covers his or her eyes while the other players hide, and then tries to find them

hid . e . ous / 'hidiəs / adjective

very ugly

That shirt is hideous!

hid ing / hardin / noun [noncount]

be in hiding; go into hiding

to be in, or go into a place where people will not find you The escaped prisoners are believed to be in hiding.

hi .er .ar .chy AWL / 'haiərarki / noun

[count](plural hi .er .ar .chies)

a system or organization that has many levels from the lowest to the highest

the hierarchy of the Catholic Church

hi .er .o .glyph .ics / harere glifiks / noun

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) the system of writing that was used in ancient Egypt, in which a small picture represents a word or sound

high 1 hai / adjective (high er, high est)

PRONUNCIATION

The word \mbox{high} sounds like \mbox{my} , because we don't say the letters $\mbox{-gh}$ in this word.

1 Something that is **high** has a long distance between the top and the bottom

a high wall

Mount Everest is the highest mountain in the world. The noun is **height** .

→ANTONYM low

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ You use \boldsymbol{high} to say or ask how far something is from the bottom to the top

The table is 30 inches high.

STYLE

We use **tall**, not **high**, to talk about people: *How tall are you?* ♦ *He's six feet tall.*

3 far from the ground *a high shelf*

→ANTONYM low

4 more than the usual level or amount *The car was traveling at high speed* . *high temperatures*

→ANTONYM low

5 A high sound is not deep

I heard the high voice of a little girl. →ANTONYM low

high 2 / hai / adverb (high er, high est) a long way above the ground
The plane flew high above the clouds.

→ANTONYM low

 $\textbf{high} \cdot \textbf{er} \ \textbf{ed} \cdot \textbf{u} \cdot \textbf{ca} \cdot \textbf{tion} \ / \ _{\textbf{haier}} \ \epsilon \textbf{d}_{\textbf{3}} \cdot \textbf{kei} \cdot \textbf{fn}$

/ noun [noncount]

education at a college or university after the age of 18

→ Look at continuing education.

Collocations

Higher education

applying

apply for college

apply to a college/a university/Harvard

get into/go to college/Princeton

studying

major in/minor in biology/philosophy

work toward a B.A./a law degree/a master's degree

finishing

finish/graduate from college

earn/receive/get a degree/a bachelor's degree/a
master's degree

high jump

/ 'haɪ dʒʌmp / *noun* [singular]

(SPORTS) a sport where people jump over a high bar

high jump



high . lands / 'harlands / noun [plural]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{GEOGRAPHY}}$) the part of a country with hills and mountains

the Scottish Highlands

high . light 1 AWL / 'hailait / noun [count]

the best or most exciting part of something

The highlight of our vacation was seeing the Grand Canyon.

high . light 2 AWL / 'haılaıt / verb

(high lights, high light ed)

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ to give special importance to something so that people notice it

The report highlighted the need for better inner-city schools.

2 to mark important parts of a text in a bright color

high light er / harlarter / noun [count]

a special pen for marking important parts of a text in a bright color

a yellow highlighter

→ Look at the picture at stationery .

high . ly 🔯 / 'haili / adverb

1 very or very much

Their children are highly intelligent.

She has a highly paid job.

2 very well

I think very highly of your work (= I think it is very good) .

High . ness / 'hames / noun [count]

(plural High .ness .es)

a word that you use when speaking to or about a royal person

Yes, Your Highness.

high school O / 'har skul / noun

[count, noncount]

a school for young people between the ages of 14 and 18 *Beth and I went to the same high school.*

He's a senior in high school.

Word building

In the U.S., children start **elementary school** when they are 5. The first year of this is called **kindergarten**

When children are around 11 years old, they move to **middle school** (or **junior high school**), and when they reach the age of around 14, they start **high school**.

Each year of school is called a **grade**. When a child is around 6 years old they are in **first grade**, and the last year of high school is the **twelfth grade**.

high-tech (also hi-tech)/,har 'tek/ adjective (informal)

using the most modern methods and machines, especially electronic ones

He's got a lot of high-tech video equipment.

high . way Dec / 'harwer / noun [count]

a big road between towns or cities

There was a lot of traffic on the highway.

Take the highway and get off at exit 18.

Thesaurus

road a hard surface made for vehicles to travel on. The short way of writing "Road" in addresses is Rd.:

My address is 32 Danfield Rd., St Louis. ◆

country/mountain roads ◆ Where does this road go? ◆ I

live on a very busy road. ◆ Take the first road on the

street a road in a city or town that has buildings on one or both sides. The short way of writing "Street" in addresses is St.: 1281 Tobin St. ◆ a street map of San Francisco ◆ You can't drive down there. It's a one-way street. ◆ They live across the street from us.

highway a big road that connects cities and towns: Highway 101 between Ventura and Los Angeles ◆ Take the highway to Flagstaff. ♦ There was a traffic jam on the highway.

lane one part of a larger road, marked with painted lines to keep lines of traffic separate: a four-lane highway ◆ You're in the wrong lane for turning right.

avenue a wide street in a city or town. This word is often used in the names of city streets, and can be written as Ave.: 109 Fifth Ave. • We stayed at a hotel on Lexington Avenue.

hi . jack / 'haɪdʒæk / verb

(hi jacks, hi jack ing, hi jacked)

to take control of an airplane or a car, and make the pilot or driver take you somewhere

▶hi .jack .er / 'haɪdʒækər / noun [count] The hijackers threatened to blow up the plane.

►hi .jack .ing / 'haɪdʒækɪŋ / noun [count, noncount] the hijacking of a U.S. airplane

hike / hank / noun [count]

a long walk in the country

We went on a ten-mile hike over the weekend.

▶hike verb (hikes, hik ing, hiked)

They went hiking in the Blue Ridge Mountains.

hi lar i ous / hileries / adjective

very funny

That new TV show is hilarious.

hill 🥯 / hɪl / noun [count]

(GEOGRAPHY) a high piece of land that is not as high as a mountain

I pushed my bike up the hill.

Their house is at the top of the hill.

→ Look at uphill, downhill.

►hill y / 'hıli / adjective (hill i er, hill i est) Our neighborhood is very hilly.

him [©]/ him / *pronoun* (plural them / ðəm ; ðɛm /) a word that shows a man or boy Where's Andy? I can't see him.

I spoke to him yesterday.

him . self 🥯 / hɪmˈsɛlf / pronoun

(plural them selves / ðəmˈsɛlvz /)

1 a word that shows the same man or boy that you have just talked about

Paul looked at himself in the mirror.

2 a word that makes "he" stronger Did he make this cake himself?

by himself

1 without other people

Dad went running by himself. →SYNONYM alone

2 without help

He did it by himself.

hin .der / 'hindər / verb

(hin ders, hin der ing, hin dered)

to make it more difficult to do something

Teachers are hindered by a lack of resources.

Hin .du / 'hındu / noun [count]

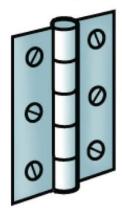
(RELIGION) a person who follows the religion of Hinduism ►Hin du adjective

Hindu beliefs

Hin . du . ism / 'hınduızəm / noun [noncount] (RELIGION) the main religion of India

hinge / hind3 / noun [count] a piece of metal that joins a lid to a box or a door to a frame so that you can open and close it

hinge



hint 1 / hint / noun [count]

1 something that you say, but not in a direct way

Sam keeps dropping hints (= making hints) about wanting a bike for his birthday.

2 a piece of advice or useful information helpful hints about how to lose weight

3 a small amount of something

There's a hint of garlic in the soup.

hint 2 / hint / verb (hints , hint ling , hint led)

to say something, but not in a direct way Sarah hinted that she might be leaving.

hip / hip / noun [count]

the place where your leg joins the side of your body

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **body**.

hip-hop / 'hip hap / noun [noncount]

(MUSIC) a type of dance music with spoken words and a strong beat, played on electronic instruments

 \rightarrow Look at rap.

hip . pie (also hippy) / 'hipi / noun [count] (plural hip pies)

a person from the 1960s or 1970s who was against war and often had long hair and wore clothes with bright colors

hip . po . pot . a . mus / hipə patəməs / noun

[count] (plural

hip po pot a mus es

or hip .po .pot .a .mi

/ hipə'patəmai /)

(also informal hip .po

/ 'hɪpoʊ /)

a large African animal that has thick skin and lives near water



hippopotamus

hire 2 / 'harar / verb (hires, hir ling, hired)

to give someone a job

We hired a new salesperson for the northeast region. They hired an architect to design their new house.

his 1 ²² / hiz / adjective

of or belonging to the man or boy that you have just talked

John came with his sister.

He hurt his arm.

his 2 ²⁰ / hiz / pronoun

something that belongs to him Are these books yours or his?

His pan ic / hi'spænik / adjective

connected with or coming from a place where Spanish is spoken, especially Latin America

Miami has a large Hispanic population.

► His . pan . ic noun [count]

the first Hispanic on the U.S. Supreme Court

hiss / his / verb (hiss les , hiss ling , hissed)

to make a noise like a very long "s"

The cat hissed at me.

▶hiss noun [count] (plural hiss .es)

the hiss of steam

his . to . ri . an / hı'stəriən / noun [count]

(HISTORY) a person who knows a lot about history

his . tor . ic / hi'storik / adjective

(**HISTORY**) important in history

It was a historic moment when man first walked on the moon.

his .tor .i .cal / hi'storikl / adjective

(**HISTORY**) connected with real people or events in the past She writes historical novels.

his . to . ry 🥯 / 'histəri / noun [noncount]

1 all the things that happened in the past

It was an important moment in history.

2 the study of things that happened in the past History is my favorite subject.

hit 1 ²² / hit / verb (hits , hit .ting , hit , has hit)

to touch someone or something hard

He hit my ankle with his shopping cart.

The car hit a wall.

I hit my knee on the door.

I would never hit my children.

hit 2 2 / hit / noun [count]

1 touching someone or something hard

That was a great hit! (= in a game of baseball)

2 a person or a thing that a lot of people like

That song was a hit in the 1990s.

3 (COMPUTERS) a result of a search on a computer, especially on the Internet

hitch hike / 'hitshaik / verb (hitch hikes ,

hitch hik ing, hitch hiked) (also hitch / hit[/) (hitch es, hitch ing, hitched)

to travel by asking for free rides in cars and trucks We hitchhiked across the country.

▶ hitch . hik . er / 'hɪtʃhaɪkər / noun [count]

We picked up a hitchhiker.

hi-tech / har tek / adjective

another word for high-tech

HIV / ett ai vi / abbreviation

(HEALTH) the virus (= a very small thing that can make you sick) that causes AIDS (= a serious illness that destroys the body's ability to fight infection)

be HIV-positive

to have HIV

hive / harv / (also bee hive / 'biharv /) noun

a thing that **bees** (= black and yellow insects) live in

hoard / hord / verb

(hoards , hoard ing , hoard ed)

to save and keep things secretly

The old man hoarded the money in a box under his bed.

▶hoard noun [count]

a secret store of something, for example food or money a hoard of cash

hoarse / hors / adjective

If your voice is **hoarse**, it is rough and quiet, for example because you have a cold

He spoke in a hoarse whisper.

hoax / howks / noun [count] (plural hoax es)

a trick that makes someone believe something that is not

There wasn't really a bomb in the subway station – it was a hoax.

hob . **by** / 'habi / noun [count] (plural hob . bies)

something that you like doing in your free time My hobbies are reading and swimming.

hock .ey / 'haki / noun [noncount]

(also ice hock ey)

(SPORTS) a game that is played on ice by two teams who try to hit a small flat rubber thing (called a puck) into a goal with long wooden sticks

→ Look at field hockey.

hold 1 2 / hoold / verb (holds, hold ing, held / hald / has held)

1 to have something in your hand or arms

She was holding a gun.

He held the baby in his arms.

2 to keep something in a certain way

Hold your head up straight.

Try to hold the camera still.

3 to support the weight of someone or something

Are you sure that branch will hold both of you?

4 to have space for a certain number or amount The car holds five people.

5 to make something happen

The meeting was held in the conference room.

It's impossible to hold a conversation with him.

hold someone or something back to stop someone

or something from moving forward

The police held back the crowd.

Hold it!

(informal)

words that you use to tell someone to wait or not to move

1 (informal) to wait

Hold on, I'm coming.

→SYNONYM hang on

2 to keep holding something

The little girl held on to her mother's hand.

hold someone or something up 1 to make someone or something late

The plane was held up for 40 minutes.

2 to try to steal from a place, using a gun

Two men held up a bank in Springfield today.

hold 2 2 / hoold / noun

1 [count, noncount] taking or having something in your hands

She had a firm hold on the rope.

He got hold of the dog by its collar.

2 [count] the part of a ship or an airplane where goods are kept

get hold of someone; get a hold of someone

to find someone so that you can speak to them

I'm trying to get a hold of Peter, but he's not home.

get hold of something; get a hold of something

to find something

I can't get hold of the book I need.

on hold

waiting to speak to someone or continue a conversation on the telephone

May I put you on hold while I find out that information?

hold .up / 'hooldap / noun

[count

1 something that makes you wait There was a long holdup on the highway.

→SYNONYM delay

2 when someone tries to rob someone using a gun *There was a holdup at the local supermarket yesterday.*

hole 🔯 / hool / noun

[count

an empty space or opening in something *I'm going to dig a hole in the sand. My socks are full of holes.*

hol . i . day 2 / haləder / noun

1 [count] a day when most schools and offices are closed to celebrate a religious or national occasion *Next Monday is a holiday.*

Memorial Day is a national holiday.

2 the holidays [plural] the time in late December and early January that includes Christmas, Hanukkah, New Year's Day, etc.

Are you doing anything special for the holidays? Happy holidays!

hol . low / 'haloo / adjective

with an empty space inside *A drum is hollow.*

hol . ly / 'hali / noun

[noncount]

a plant that has leaves with a lot of sharp points, and red berries (= small round fruit) . People often use it to decorate their houses for Christmas.

ho . **ly** / 'hooli / *adjective* (ho . li . er , ho . li . est) (RELIGION)

1 very special because it is about God or a god *The Bible is the holy book of Christians.*

2 A holy person lives a good and religious life.

home 1 0 / hoom / noun

1 [count, noncount] the place where you live *Sam left home* (= stopped living in his parents' house) at the age of 18.

2 [count] a place to live for people who need special care *My grandmother lives in a home for the elderly.*

→ Look at nursing home.

at home

1 in your house or apartment

My son is 28 and still lives at home.

2 comfortable, as if you were in your own home *Please make yourself at home* .

 $\boldsymbol{3}$ (SPORTS) If a sports team plays a game $\boldsymbol{at\ home}$, they play on their own field.

home 2 of / hoom / adverb

to the place where you live

Grammar

Be careful! We do not use **to** before **home**: / / Let's **go home**. ◆ / / What time did you **get home** last night?

home 3 / hoom / adjective

1 connected with your home or your country *What is your home address?*

home cooking

2 (SPORTS) connected with your own sports team or field *The home team has a lot of support.*

home . land / 'hoomlænd / noun [count]

the country where you were born

home . less / 'hoomles / adjective

If you are **homeless** , you have nowhere to live

The floods made many people homeless.

helping the homeless (= people who have no home)

home · made / hoom meid / adjective

made in your house, not bought in a store homemade bread

home page (also home page) / 'hoom peid3 / noun [count]

(COMPUTERS) the first of a number of pages of information on the Internet that belongs to a person or an organization. A **home page** contains connections to other pages of information.

home . room / 'hoomrum / noun

[count, noncount]

a room in a school where students go at the beginning of each school day

home run / hoom 'ran / (also informal ho mer)

/ 'hoomer / noun [count]

(SPORTS) a hit in baseball, which goes so far that the player can run around all four bases to score a point

home . sick / 'hoomsik / adjective

sad because you are away from home

home . work / 'hoomwark / noun [noncount]

work that a teacher gives to you to do at home *Have you done your math homework?*

Collocations

Work and exams

doing

do your homework/an assignment/a paper/an essay write a paper/an essay/a report

turn in/hand in your homework/an assignment/a

take a test/an exam/a quiz

passing/failing

grade homework/a test

pass/do well on a test/an exam/a quiz

fail a test/an exam/a class

get a good grade/an A/a B/a diploma

hom . i . cide / 'haməsaid / noun

[count, noncount]

the crime of killing someone deliberately *He was charged with homicide.*

→SYNONYM murder

ho . mo . sex . u . al / hoome'seksuel /

adjective

attracted to people of the same sex

→SYNONYM gay

→ANTONYM heterosexual

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{ho} \cdot \text{mo} \cdot \text{sex} \cdot \textbf{u} \cdot \textbf{al} \cdot \textbf{i} \cdot \textbf{ty} \; / \; _{\textbf{i}} \text{hoomasek} \text{su}' \text{welati} \; / \; \textit{noun} \\ \text{[noncount]} \end{array}$

attitudes toward homosexuality

hon . est 🥯 / 'anəst / adjective

A person who is **honest** says what is true and does not steal, lie, or cheat

She's a very honest person.

Be honest – do you really like this dress?

→ANTONYM dishonest

►hon .est .ly / 'anəstli / adverb

Try to answer the questions honestly.

Honestly, I don't know where your money is.

►hon .es .ty / 'anesti / noun [noncount]

I have serious doubts about his honesty.

hon .ey / 'hani / noun [noncount]

the sweet food that is made by some insects (called ${\sf bees}$)

hon . ey . moon / 'hanimun / noun [count] a vacation for two people who have just gotten married

honk / hank / verb (honks, honk ing, honked)

to make a loud noise with a car horn

People honked their horns as they drove past.

hon . or / 'aner / noun

 ${f 1}$ [singular] something that makes you proud and pleased

It was a great honor to be invited to the White House.

2 [noncount] respect from other people for something good that you have done

They fought for the honor of their country.

3 honors [plural] a class in school or at college that is at a higher level than other classes

honors English

How many honors courses are you taking this year?

in honor of someone or something

to show that you respect someone or something

There is a party tonight in honor of our visitors.

hon or roll / aner roul / noun

[usually singular]

a list of the students in a school who have received good grades for their work

I made the honor roll this semester.

hood / hod / noun [count]

 ${f 1}$ the part of a coat or jacket that covers your head and neck

2 the front part of a car, which covers the engine

She checked under the hood to see what was making a noise.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at car.

hoof / hof / noun [count]

(plural hoofs or hooves / huvz /)

the hard part of the foot of horses and some other animals

hook Some / hok / noun [count]

a curved piece of metal or plastic for hanging things on, or for catching fish with

Hang your coat on that hook.

a fish hook

off the hook

If a telephone is **off the hook**, the part that you speak into (called the **receiver**) is not in place so that the telephone will not ring.

hoop / hup / noun [count]

(SPORTS) the ring that you throw the ball through in a game of basketball

Let's shoot some hoops (= practice playing basketball) .

→ Look at the picture at basket.

hoo ray (also hur ray) / ho'rei /

(also hur rah / ho'ra /) exclamation

a word that you shout when you are very pleased about something

Hooray! She's won!

hoot / hut / noun [count]

the sound that an **owl** (= a type of bird) makes

▶hoot verb (hoots, hoot ing, hoot ed)

An owl hooted in the dark forest.

hooves

plural of hoof

hop / hap / verb (hops, hop ping, hopped)

1 (used about a person) to jump on one foot

2 (used about an animal or bird) to jump with two or all feet together

The frog hopped onto the stone.

3 (informal) to get into or out of a car, bus, etc.

Hop in! I'll give you a ride downtown.

I hopped on the next bus.

►hop *noun* [count]

a short jump

hope 1 2 / hoop / verb (hopes, hop ling, hoped)

to want something to happen or be true

I hope that you feel better soon.

I hope to see you tomorrow.

She's hoping for a bike for her birthday.

"Do you think it will rain?" "I hope not ."

"Will you be at the party?" "I'm not sure – I hope so ."

hope 2 / hoop / noun

1 [count, noncount] a feeling of wanting something to happen and thinking that it will

There's little hope of finding survivors.

Don't give up hope – you may still pass.

2 [count , usually singular] a person or thing that gives you hope

Can you help me? You're my only hope .

hope .ful / 'hoopfl / adjective

If you are **hopeful**, you think that something that you want will happen

I'm hopeful about getting a job.

hope .ful .ly / 'hoopfl•i / adverb

1 (*informal*) I hope; we hope *Hopefully he won't be late.*

2 hoping that what you want will happen *The cat looked hopefully at our plates.*

hope . less / 'hooples / adjective

with no hope of success

a hopeless situation

►hope less ly / hooplasli / adverb

We got hopelessly lost in the forest.

ho . ri . zon / həˈraɪzn / noun

[count, usually singular]

the line between the earth or ocean and the sky *We could see a ship on the horizon* .

hor . **i** . **zon** . **tal** / hore zantl / *adjective* going from side to side, not up and down

→ Look at vertical ...

a horizontal line

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at line.

►hor · i · zon · tal · ly / ˌhɔrəˈzantəli / adverb

hor . mone / 'hormoun / noun [count]

(BIOLOGY) a substance in your body that influences the way you grow and develop

horn / horn / noun [count]

1 one of the hard pointed things that some animals have on their heads

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **antelope**.

2 a thing in a car or other vehicle that makes a loud sound to warn people

Don't honk your horn late at night.

→ Look at the picture at steering wheel .

3 a musical instrument with a metal tube that you blow into

hor . O . Scope / 'horeskoop / noun [count]

something that tells you what will happen, using the planets and your date of birth

Have you read your horoscope today? (= in a newspaper, for example)

 \rightarrow Look at astrology.

hor . ri . ble / 'horabl / adjective

(informal)

very bad or unpleasant

What horrible weather!

I had a horrible dream.

►hor .ri .bly / 'hɔrəbli / adverb

horribly painful

hor . rif . ic / həˈrɪfɪk / adjective

causing fear or shock a horrific accident

hor . ri . fy / 'horəfaɪ / verb (hor . ri . fies ,

hor ri fy ing, hor ri fied, has hor ri fied)

to shock and frighten someone

Everyone was horrified by the murders.

hor . ror / 'horar / noun [noncount]

a feeling of fear or shock

They watched in horror as he ran in front of the bus.

horror movie

a movie that tries to frighten or shock you for entertainment

horse

horse 9 hors /

noun [count]

a big animal that can carry people and pull heavy things

Do you know how to ride a horse?

Word building

A male horse is a stallion and a female horse is a mare.

A young horse is a

foal .

horse . back / 'horsbæk / noun

on horse back

sitting on a horse

We saw a lot of policemen on horseback.

horse back rid ing / horsbæk raidin /

(also rid ing) noun [noncount]

(SPORTS) the sport or activity of riding a horse She goes horseback riding every weekend.

horse . shoe / 'horffu / noun [count]

a piece of metal shaped like a U that a horse wears on its

hose / houz / noun

[count, noncount]

a long soft tube that you use to bring water, for example in the yard or when there is

hos pi ta ble /

ha'spitəbl / adjective friendly and helpful to visitors

hose



hos . pi . tal 2 / 'haspitl / noun [count]

a place where doctors and nurses take care of people who are sick or hurt

My brother is in the hospital with a broken leg.

The ambulance took her to the hospital.

Word building

If you are very sick or you have an accident, you go to the hospital.

A doctor gives you treatment and you are called a patient . You might need to have surgery .

hos . pi . tal . i . ty / haspə tæləti / noun

I noncount 1

being friendly and helpful to people who are visiting you We thanked them for their hospitality.

host / houst / noun [count]

a person who invites people to their house, for example to a party

Mark, our host, introduced us to the other guests.

→ Look at hostess.

hos tage / 'hastid3 / noun [count]

a prisoner that a person or group keeps until people give them what they want

Several passengers were taken hostage.

The group held his daughter hostage until he paid them the money.

hos . tel / 'hastl / noun [count]

a place like a cheap hotel where people can stay a youth hostel

host .ess / 'hoostes / noun [count]

(plural host ess es)

a woman who invites people to her house, for example to a party $\rightarrow Look$ at **host**.

hos . tile / 'hastl / adjective

very unfriendly

a hostile crowd

►hos .til .i .ty / ha'stıləţi / noun [noncount] I could sense her hostility.

1 having a high temperature

I'm hot. Can you open the window?

It's hot today, isn't it?

hot water

→ANTONYM cold

2 Hot food has a strong, burning taste

a hot sauce

→SYNONYM spicy

Thesaurus

hot having a high temperature; (used about a person) feeling heat in an uncomfortable way: Do you like this hot weather? ◆ Be careful - the plates are hot. ◆ If you're hot, take off your sweater.

warm with a temperature that is high but not very high, so that it feels pleasant; not hot and not cold: Wash the blouse in warm soapy water. ◆ It's cold outside but it's nice and warm in here. ◆ Are you warm enough? ◆ I jumped up and down to keep warm.

→ANTONYM cold, cool

lukewarm slightly warm, often in an unpleasant way: The food was only lukewarm. ◆ Add half a cup of lukewarm water to the mixture.

boiling

(informal)

very hot in an unpleasant way: You must be boiling in that heavy coat. • Can you turn the heat down? It's boiling hot in here.

→ANTONYM freezing

hot-air bal loon hot-air balloon

/ ˌhat ˈɛr bəˌlun / *noun*

[count]

a big round thing that is filled with hot air so that it floats in the sky, carrying people in a container (called a basket) under it



hot dog / 'hat dog / noun [count]

a sausage (= meat made into a long, thin shape) that you eat in a long roll

ho tel 5 / hov'tel / noun [count]

a place where you pay to sleep when you are traveling *I stayed at a hotel near the airport.*

hot .line / 'hatlam / (also hot line) noun

a special telephone line that people can call to get advice or information

hour 🔯 / ˈaʊər / noun

1 [count] ($abbreviation\ hr.$) a measure of time. There are 60 minutes in an hour

The trip took two hours.

I've been waiting for an hour.

half an hour

2 hours [plural] the time when someone is working, or when a store or office is open

Our office hours are 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.

3 the hour [singular] the time when a new hour starts (= 1 o'clock, 2 o'clock, etc.)

Buses leave on the hour.

for hours

(informal)

for a long time

I've been waiting for hours.

hour . ly / 'avarli / adjective, adverb

happening or coming once an hour *There is an hourly bus to the airport.*

Trains run hourly.

house 5 / haus / noun [count]

(plural hous es / 'haozəz /)

1 a building where a person or a family lives How many rooms are there in your house? We're having dinner at Kate's house tonight.

2 a building that has a special use an opera house

house . hold / 'haoshoold / noun

[count]

all the people who live in one house and the work, money, etc. that is needed to take care of them *household expenses*

house . keep . er / 'haus, kiper / noun

[count]

a person whose job is to do the cleaning, cooking, etc. in someone else's house $% \left\{ 1,2,\ldots ,n\right\}$

the House of Rep.re.sen.ta .tives

/ ðə ˌhaʊs əv ˌrɛprɪˈzɛntətɪ̯vz / noun [singular]

(**POLITICS**) one of the two parts of the government that makes the laws in the U.S. and some other countries

 \rightarrow Look at senate.

Word building

The U.S. Government

The government in the U.S. is divided into three parts: the $legislative\ branch$, the $executive\ branch$, and the $judicial\ branch$.

The legislative branch is responsible for making laws. This is the U.S. Congress, which is made up of two groups of people: the Senate and the House of Representatives.

The executive branch is led by the president, and includes the vice president and the rest of the Cabinet (= other important politicians).

The judicial branch includes the **Supreme Court** , which is the most important court in the country.

house . wife / 'hauswaif / noun

[count

(plural house wives / hauswarvz /)

a woman who stays at home and takes care of her house and family

house . work / 'hauswark / noun

[noncount

work that you do in your house, for example the cleaning and the laundry

hous . ing / 'haozīŋ / noun

[noncount]

apartments and houses for people to live in *low-income housing* (= for people who do not earn much money)

hov .er / 'hʌvər / verb

(hov ers, hov er ing, hov ered)

to stay in the air in one place

A helicopter hovered above the building.

how 🔯 / hao / adverb

1 in what way

How does this machine work?

She told me how to get to the train station.

Do you know how to spell "essential"?

2 a word that you use to ask if someone is well or happy "How are you?" "Fine, thanks."

"How is your sister?" "She's much better, thank you."

Which word?

You use **how** only when you are asking about someone's health or happiness.

When you are asking someone to describe another person or a thing you use **what** ... **like?** : "What is your sister like?" "Oh, she's very intelligent, and she's taller than me."

3 a word that you use to ask if something is good *How was the movie?*

4 a word that you use to ask questions about things like age, amount, or time

How old are you?

How many brothers and sisters do you have?

How much does this cost?

How long have you lived here?

5 a word that shows surprise or strong feeling *How nice of you to help!*

how about ...?

words that you use when you suggest something *How about a drink?*

How about going for a walk?

how do you do?

(formal)

polite words that you say when you meet someone for the first time

STYLE

When someone says **How do you do** ?, you also answer **How do you do** ? and you shake hands. Some people say **Nice to meet you** when they meet.

This is less formal than How do you do .

how .ev .er 2 / hav'ever / adverb

1 but

She's very intelligent. However, she's somewhat lazy.

2 it does not matter how

I never win, however hard I try.

howl / haul / verb (howls, howl ling, howled)

to make a long, loud sound, like a dog makes

The dogs howled all night.

The wind howled around the house.

►howl *noun* [count]

He let out a howl of anger.

HQ / entf kyu /

short for headquarters

hr.

abbreviation of hour

hud . dle / 'hadl / verb

(hud dles, hud dling, hud dled)

to get close to other people because you are cold or scared *We huddled together for warmth.*

hug / hag / verb

(hugs, hug ging, hugged)

to put your arms around someone to show that you love them

She hugged her parents and said goodbye.

▶hug *noun* [count]

Come and give me a hug.

huge 5 / hyud3 / adjective

very big

They live in a huge house.

→SYNONYM enormous

▶huge .ly / 'hyudʒli / adverb

very or very much

She is hugely popular.

hum / ham / verb

(hums, hum ming, hummed)

1 to sing with your lips closed

You can hum the tune if you don't know the words.

2 to make a low continuous sound

The overhead wires hummed with power.

▶hum *noun* [singular]

The computer was making a low hum.

hu . man 1 / hyuman / adjective

connected with people, not animals or machines *the human body*

hu . man 2 / hyumən /

(also hu man be ing / hyumən bin /) noun

[count]

a person

Dogs can hear much better than humans.

hu . mane / hyu'meın / adjective

showing kindness, especially to a person or animal that is suffering

humane treatment of livestock

→ANTONYM inhumane

►hu .mane .ly / hyuˈmeɪnli / adverb

The prisoners were treated humanely.

hu man i tar i an / hyu_imænə'teriən / adjective

concerned with trying to make people's lives better and helping them to suffer less

Many countries have sent humanitarian aid to the earthquake victims.

hu . man . i . ty / hyuˈmænəti / noun

1 [noncount] all of the people in the world *crimes against humanity*

2 [noncount] the quality of being kind and fair

The prisoners were treated with humanity.

3 humanities [plural] the subjects that are connected with the way people think and behave, for example history, literature, and languages

the hu \cdot man race / ðə hyumən reis / noun

[singular]

all the people in the world

hu . man rights / hyumən 'raits / noun

[plural]

(POLITICS) the basic freedoms that all people should have, for example the right to say what you think, to go to school, etc.

an organization that campaigns for human rights

hum . ble / 'hambl / adjective

(hum bler, hum blest)

1 A **humble** person does not think they are better or more important than other people

Despite her success she is still very humble.

2 poor or having a low social position *He came from a humble background.*

hu . mid / 'hyumad / adjective

(used about the weather or climate) warm and wet *The island is hot and humid.*

→SYNONYM damp

►hu · mid · i · ty / hyuˈmɪdəti / noun

[noncount]

high levels of humidity

hu .mil .i .ate / hyu'mılieit / verb

(hu mil i ates, hu mil i at ing, hu mil i at ed) to make someone feel very embarrassed or ashamed I felt humiliated when he laughed at my work.

►hu ·mil · i ·at · ing / hyuˈmɪlieɪtɪ̞ŋ / adjective a humiliating defeat

▶hu ·mil ·i ·a ·tion / hyuˌmɪliˈeɪʃn / noun

[count, noncount]

hu . mor 🥯 / 'hyumər / noun

[noncount]

1 the quality of being funny a story full of humor

2 the ability to laugh and know that something is funny Dave has a good sense of humor.

hu . mor . ous / 'hyumərəs / adjective

making you smile or laugh

a humorous story

→SYNONYM funny

hump / hamp / noun

[count]

a large round lump, for example on the back of a camel (= an animal that lives in the desert)

hun . dred / handred / number

1 100

We invited a hundred people to the party.

two hundred dollars

four hundred and twenty

2 hundreds

(informal)

a lot

I have hundreds of e-mails in my inbox.

►hun dredth / handradθ / pronoun, adjective, adverb, noun [count] 100th

hung

form of hang (1)

hun .ger / 'hʌŋgər / noun [noncount] the feeling that you want or need to eat People were dying of hunger.

→ Look at thirst.

hun gry \(\sqrt{h} \) hangri / adjective

(hun gri er hun gri est)

wanting to eat

Let's eat soon - I'm hungry!

 \rightarrow Look at thirsty.

hunt / hant / verb (hunts, hunt ling, hunt led)

1 to chase animals to kill them as a sport or for food Owls hunt at night.

2 to try to find something

I hunted everywhere for my watch, but I couldn't find it.

▶ hunt noun [count , usually singular]

a fox hunt

a hunt for the missing child

► hunt ing / hantin / noun [noncount]

the activity of chasing and killing animals as a sport or for food

to go hunting

hunt .er / 'hanter / noun [count]

a person who hunts wild animals

hur . dle / 'hərdl / noun (SPORTS)

1 [count] a type of light fence that a person or a horse jumps over in a race

2 hurdles [plural] a race in which people or horses have to jump over **hurdles**

the 200-meter hurdles

hurl / hərl / verb (hurls , hurl ling , hurled)

to throw something very strongly

She hurled the book across the room.

hurrah, hurray = hooray

hur . ri . cane / 'hərəkən / noun [count]

(GEOGRAPHY) a storm with very strong winds Another hurricane hit the coast of Florida.

Thesaurus

wind air that moves quickly outside: The wind was blowing hard. ♦ The trees were swaying in the wind . ♦ Several trees were blown over in the strong winds . • A aust of wind blew my hat off.

hurricane a violent storm with very strong winds, which starts over the ocean: Many of the buildings here were destroyed in the hurricane. • Hurricane Rita is now approaching the coast of Florida.

tornado a violent storm with very strong winds that move in a circle. There is often also a tall cloud which is narrow at the bottom and wide at the top: A tornado tore through the town yesterday. • The hotel was completely destroyed by a tornado. ♦ a tornado warning breeze a light wind: A light breeze was blowing. ◆ The flowers were gently moving in the breeze. • a

gale a very strong wind: The roof of the school was torn off by the gale. ◆ The gale blew down several trees.

hur . ry 1 2 / 'həri / verb

(hur ries, hur ry ing , hur ried , has hur ried)

to move or do something quickly

We hurried home after school. hurry up to move or do something more quickly because

there is not much time Hurry up or we'll be late!

cool/warm breeze

hur . ry 2 2 / hari / noun [noncount]

the need or wish to do something quickly Take your time. There's no hurry.

in a hurry

1 auickly

She got up late and left in a hurry.

2 not having enough time to do something I can't talk to you now – I'm in a hurry.

hurt 1 9 / hart / verb

(hurts, hurt ing, hurt, has hurt)

1 to make someone or something feel pain I fell and hurt my leg.

Did you hurt yourself?

These shoes hurt - they're too small.

2 to feel pain

My leg hurts.

3 to make someone unhappy

I never meant to hurt your feelings.

Thesaurus

hurt is a general word meaning to feel pain, or to make someone or something else feel pain: My feet hurt. ♦ It hurts when I bend my knee. ♦ Ouch! That really hurts! ◆ Stop that - you're hurting me. ◆ Did you hurt yourself when you fell?

ache to feel a pain that is not strong, but that continues for a long time. This verb does not take an object, so you cannot put a noun directly after it: His legs ached after playing soccer for two hours. ◆ Her eyes ached from lack of sleep. ◆ I'm aching all over.

burn to feel very hot and painful; to hurt someone with fire or heat: Your forehead's burning. You must have a fever. ◆ The water was so hot that I burned my hands. ◆ She was badly burned in the fire.

sting to feel a sudden sharp pain; to make someone feel a pain like this: My eyes were stinging from the soap. ◆ Ow! That antiseptic cream stings!

hurt 2 / hart / adjective

1 physically harmed

Was anyone hurt in the accident?

→SYNONYM injured

2 upset

I was very hurt by what you said.

hurt .ful / 'hərtfl / adjective

making someone feel upset

What she said was really hurtful.

hus . band 5 / 'hazbend / noun [count]

the man that someone is married to

 \rightarrow Look at wife.

hush $/ h_{\Lambda} / verb$ (hush lest, hush ling, hushed) a word that you use to tell someone to be quiet

Hush now, and go to sleep.

hush noun [singular]

a situation in which it is completely quiet

A hush fell over the room.

→SYNONYM silence

hut / hat / noun [count]

a small, simple building with one room

hy .drau .lic / har'drolik / adjective

Hydraulic equipment is worked by liquid moving under pressure

hydraulic brakes

hy . dro . e . lec . tric / hardroor'lektrik / adjective

(PHYSICS) using the power of water to produce electricity hydroelectric power

hy . dro . gen / 'haidrədʒən / noun [noncount] (symbol H)

(CHEMISTRY) a light gas that you cannot see or smell Water is made of hydrogen and oxygen.

hy .giene / 'haidʒin / noun

[noncount]

(HEALTH) keeping yourself and things around you clean Good hygiene is very important when you are preparing food

►hy .gi .en .ic / har'dʒɛnɪk; har'dʒinɪk / adjective hygienic conditions

hymn / him / noun [count]

(RELIGION, MUSIC) a song that Christians sing in church

hype / haip / noun [noncount]

(informal)

advertisements that make you think something is better than it really is

Don't believe the hype – the movie's terrible!

hy .per .ac .tive / harper'æktiv / adjective too active and only able to keep quiet and still for a short time

a hyperactive child

hy .phen / 'harfen / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a mark (-) that you use in writing. It joins words together (for example "left-handed") or shows that a word continues on the next line.

hyp . **no** . **sis** / hip'nouses / *noun* [noncount] when someone's mind and actions can be controlled by another person because they are in a kind of deep sleep *She spoke about the attack under hypnosis* .

hyp . no . tize / 'hipnətaiz / verb

(hyp .no .tiz .es , hyp .no .tiz .ing , hyp .no .tized) to put someone into a kind of deep sleep in which their mind and actions can be controlled by another person

► hyp · no · tist / 'hipnətist / noun [count] a person who hypnotizes other people

 $hy \cdot poc \cdot ri \cdot sy / hr^ipakrasi / noun$ [noncount] behavior in which someone pretends to have moral beliefs that they do not really have

hyp.o.crite / 'hipəkrit / noun [count] a person who pretends to have moral beliefs that they do not really have

▶hy .po .crit .i .cal / ˌhɪpəˈkrɪtɹkl / adjective She's so hypocritical! She says she cares about the environment but she doesn't even recycle.

 $\label{eq:hardon} \textbf{hy} \cdot \textbf{poth} \cdot \textbf{e} \cdot \textbf{sis} \ \textbf{AWL} \ / \ \textbf{har'pa} \theta \texttt{əsas} \ / \ \textit{noun}$

[count](plural hy .poth .e .ses / har'pαθəsiz/)

(GENERAL SCIENCE) an idea that is suggested as a way to explain something, but which has not yet been found to be true or correct

to test a scientific hypothesis (= to find out if it is true)

hy · po · thet · i · cal AWL / 'haɪpə'θεtıkl / adjective

based on situations that have not yet happened, not on facts *a hypothetical situation*

hys .ter .i .cal / hr'sterikl / adjective so excited or upset that you cannot control yourself hysterical laughter



, i / aɪ / noun [count, noncount] (plural l's, i's / aɪz /)

the ninth letter of the English alphabet "Island" begins with an "I."

| O / a / pronoun (plural we / wi /)

the person who is speaking *I said I would call her later.*

I'll (= I will) see you tomorrow.

I'm not going to fall, am I?

ice 2 / ais / noun [noncount]

water that has become hard because it is frozen Do you want ice in your drink?
I slipped on a patch of ice.

ice berg / 'aisbarg / noun [count]

(GEOGRAPHY) a very big piece of ice in the ocean

ice cream / 'ais krim / noun [noncount]

very cold, sweet food made from milk Do you like chocolate ice cream?

an ice-cream cone (= a cone with ice cream in it)

ice cube / 'ais kyub / noun [count]

a small piece of ice that you put in a drink to make it cold

iced / aist / adjective

(used about drinks) served very cold, with ice iced tea

ice hock .ey / 'aıs haki / (also hock .ey) noun [noncount]

(SPORTS) a game that is played on ice by two teams, who try to hit a small flat rubber thing (called a puck) into a goal with long wooden sticks

ice hockey



ice rink / 'ais rink / (also skat ling rink

/ 'skeɪtɪŋ rɪŋk / rink) noun [count] a special place where you can ice skate

ice skate / 'ais skeit / verb

(ice skates, ice skat ing , ice skat ed) (also skate) to move on ice in special boots (called ice skates), which have long sharp pieces of metal on the bottom

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **skate**.

►ice skat ing / 'ais skeiting / (also skat ing) noun [noncount]

We go ice skating every weekend in the winter.

 \rightarrow Look at figure skating.

i . ci . cle / 'arsıkl / noun [count]

a long piece of ice that hangs down from something

ic ing / 'aisin / noun [noncount]

a sweet substance that you use for covering cakes a cake with pink icing

 \rightarrow Look at frosting.

i . con / 'aıkan / noun [count]

1 a small picture on a computer screen that you can use to start a program or open a file Double-click on the icon.

2 a famous person or thing that people admire Madonna and other pop icons

İC · **Y** / 'aısi / adjective (ic · i · er , ic · i · est)

1 very cold

an icy wind 2 covered with ice

icy roads

D / ai 'di / abbreviation

(informal)

a document that shows who you are

Do you have any ID?

an ID card

ID is short for "identity" or "identification."

I'd / aid /

short for I had, I would

i . de . a 🥯 / ar'diə / noun [count]

1 a plan or new thought

It would be a good idea to get there early.

I have an idea. Let's have a party!

2 a picture in your mind

The movie gives you a good idea of what New Orleans is

I have no idea (= I do not know) where she is.

3 an opinion or a belief

She has her own ideas about how to bring up children.

i .de .al / ar'diəl / adjective

the best or exactly right

This is an ideal place for a picnic.

→SYNONYM perfect

▶i .de .al .ly / ar'diəli / adverb

She's ideally suited to the job.

i .de .al .ism / arldiəlizəm / noun [noncount]

the belief that a perfect life or situation is possible, even when this is not likely

college students full of idealism

▶i .de .al .ist / al'dialist / noun [count] He's an idealist.

i .den .ti .cal AWL / ar'dentikl / adjective exactly the same

These two cameras are identical.

identical twins

i .den .ti .fi .ca .tion aw∟

/ aɪˌdɛntəfəˈkeɪʃn / noun

1 [count, noncount] the process of showing or finding out who someone or something is

The identification of bodies after the accident was difficult.

2 (abbreviation ID) [noncount] a document that shows who you are

Do you have any identification?

i .den .ti .fv AWL / ar dentəfar / verb (i den ti fies, i den ti fy ing, i den ti fied,

has i den ti fied) to say or know who someone is or what something is

The police have not identified the dead man yet.

identify with someone to feel that you understand and share what someone else is feeling

I found it hard to identify with the woman in the movie.

i . den . ti . ty AWL / aɪˈdɛntətii / noun

[count, noncount](plurali den ti ties)

who or what a person or thing is

The identity of the killer is not known.

id · i · om / 'rdiam / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a group of words with a special meaning

The idiom "break someone's heart" means "to make someone very unhappy."

id · i · O · mat · ic / ˌɪdiəˈmætɪk / adjective

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) using language that contains natural expressions

She speaks fluent and idiomatic English.

id . i . Ot / 'rdiat / noun

a person who is stupid or does something silly I was an idiot to believe what he said.

▶id · i · ot · ic / ˌɪdiˈatɪk / adjective an idiotic mistake

i .dol / 'aidl / noun [count]

1 a famous person that people love

Noah was a Giants fan, and Eli Manning was his idol.

2 (RELIGION) an object that people treat as a god

i .dol .ize / 'aidl•aiz / verb

(i dol iz es, i dol iz ing, i dol ized)

to love or admire someone very much or too much He has always idolized his uncle.

i.e. / ai i / abbreviation

used in writing to mean "that is" or "in other words" the basic necessities of life, i.e. food, water, and somewhere to live

if 🥯 / if / conjunction

1 a word that you use to say what is possible or true when another thing happens or is true

If you press this button, the machine starts.

If you see him, give him this letter.

If your feet were smaller, you could wear my shoes.

If I had a million dollars, I would buy a big house.

I may see you tomorrow. If not, I'll see you next week.

2 a word that shows a question

Do you know if Paul is home?

She asked me if I wanted to go to a party.

→SYNONYM whether

3 every time

If I forget to bring my lunch, I can buy it at the cafeteria.

→SYNONYM whenever

as if

in a way that makes you think something

She looks as if she didn't get enough sleep last night.

if I were you

words that you use when you are giving someone advice If I were you, I would leave now.

if only

words that show that you want something very much If only I could drive!

ig . loo / 'rglu / noun [count] (plural ig . loos) a small house that is made out of blocks of snow

ig . nite / Ig'nait / verb

(ig nites, ig nit ing, ig nit ed) (formal)

to start burning or to make something start burning The gas ignited and caused an explosion.

ig . ni . tion / ɪgˈnɪʃn / noun [count]

the part of a car where you put the key to start the engine I left my key in the ignition.

ig . no . rance AWL / 'Ignarans / noun

[noncount]

not knowing about something Her ignorance surprised me.

ig .no .rant AWL / 'ignərənt / adjective

not knowing about something

I'm very ignorant about computers.

ig . nore 🕯 AWL / ig'nor / verb

(ig nores, ig nor ing, ig nored) to know about someone or something, but to not do anything about it

He completely ignored his doctor's advice.

I said "hello" to her, but she ignored me.

PREFIX

il-

(used with words beginning with "l") not; the opposite of il legal

il legally

il literate

il literacy

III / ıl / adjective

(HEALTH) not well; not in good health

He is seriously ill.

a mentally ill patient →SYNONYM sick

The noun is **illness**.

| '|| / a_I| /

short for I will

il .le .gal 🥯

AWL / r'ligl / adjective

not allowed by law

It's illegal to drive through a red light. →ANTONYM legal

▶il .le .gal .ly AWL / ɪˈligəli / adverb

She entered the country illegally.

il leg i ble / rˈlɛdʒəbl / adjective

difficult or impossible to read

Your handwriting is completely illegible.

→ANTONYM legible

il . lit . er . ate / r'litarat / adjective

not able to read or write →ANTONYM literate

▶il · lit · er · a · cy / ɪˈlɪtərəsi / noun [noncount]

the problem of adult illiteracy → ANTONYM literacy

ill . ness 🥯 / 'ılnəs / noun (plural ill . ness .es) (HEALTH)

1 [noncount] being sick

I missed a lot of school because of illness last year.

2 [count] a type or period of illness

She died after a long illness.

Collocations

Illness

getting sick

catch a cold/the flu/a virus/a bug

get sick/a cold/a headache

have a cold/an infection/a fever/a toothache

feel sick/hot/dizzy

treatment

examine a patient

be on medication/antibiotics

get/have a shot/an injection/an X-ray

need/receive/get treatment

 \rightarrow Look at the note at **injury**.

il .log .i .cal AWL / r'ladzıkl / adjective

not sensible or reasonable

I know you feel strongly about this, but your argument is illogical.

→ANTONYM logical

il . lu . sion / ɪˈluʒn / noun

1 [count, noncount] a false idea or belief

I have no illusions about the situation – I know it's serious. **2** [count] something that your eyes tell you is there or is true but in fact is not

That line looks longer, but in fact they're the same length. It's an optical illusion.

il . lus . trate AWL / 'ilastreit / verb

(il lus trates, il lus trat ing, il lus trat ed)

1 to explain or make something clear by giving examples *She gave some statistics to illustrate her point.*

2 (ART) to add pictures to show something more clearly *The book is illustrated with color photographs.*

il .lus .tra .tion AWL / ˌɪləˈstreɪʃn / noun [count]

(ART) a picture in a book

This dictionary has a lot of illustrations.

I'm / aim /

short for I am

PREFIX

im-

(used with words beginning with "m" and "p") not; the opposite of $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$

im patient

im patience

im polite

im purity

im mature

im moral

im .age S AWL / 'mid3 / noun

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ the impression that a person or an organization gives to the public

He's very different from his public image.

2 a picture in people's minds of someone or something A lot of people have an image of Seattle as cold and rainy.
3 a picture on paper or in a mirror images of flowers

im .age .ry AWL / 'ımıdʒri / noun

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) language that makes pictures in the minds of the people reading or listening poetic imagery

 $i \cdot mag \cdot i \cdot nar \cdot y / r^i mæd_{39} neri / adjective$ not real; only in your mind

The book is about an imaginary country.

the ability to think of new ideas or make pictures in your

He has a big imagination.

You didn't really see a ghost – it was just your imagination.

i . mag . i . na . tive / r/mædʒənətuv / adjective having or showing imagination

imaginative ideas

1 to make a picture of something in your mind *Can you imagine life without electricity?*

I closed my eyes and imagined I was lying on a beach.

2 to see, hear, or think something that is not true *I never said that – you're imagining things.*

3 to think that something is probably true *I imagine he'll be coming by car.*

im . i . tate / 'məteit / verb

(im i tates, im i tat ing, im i tat ed) to copy someone or something Children learn by imitating adults.

im . i . ta . tion / ˌɪməˈteɪʃn / noun

[count]

something that you make to look like another thing It's not a real diamond — it's only an imitation. imitation leather

→SYNONYM copy

im . ma . ture AWL / ,ımə'tfor ; ,ımə'tor / adjective

behaving in a way that is not sensible and is typical of younger people

He's very immature for his age.

→ANTONYM mature

im .me .di .ate 🥯 / ɪˈmidiət / adjective

happening now or very soon

I can't wait – I need an immediate answer.

im .me .di .ate .ly 🖾 / r'midiətli / adverb

SPELLING

Remember! You spell immediately with MM .

now

Come to my office immediately!

→SYNONYM at once

im . mense / I'mens / adjective

very big

immense problems

►im · mense · ly / r'mɛnsli / adverb very or very much

We enjoyed the party immensely.

im . merse / r'mərs / verb

(im mers es, im mers ing, im mersed)

1 to put something into a liquid so that it is covered *Completely immerse the potatoes in boiling water.*

2 to give all your attention to something

I was immersed in a book and didn't hear the phone.

im . mi . grant AWL / 'magrant / noun [count] a person who comes to another country to live there Many immigrants to the U.S. come from Mexico.

im .mi .grate AWL / 'məgreit / verb

(im .mi .grates, im .mi .grat .ing, im .mi .grat .ed) to come to live in a country, after leaving your own country *His family immigrated to Israel.*

→ Look at emigrate.

im . mi . gra . tion AWL / _ımə'greiʃn / noun [noncount]

the process of coming to live in a country that is not your own

The government is trying to control illegal immigration.

im . mor . al / I'morel / adjective

(used about people and their behavior) not honest or good *It's immoral to steal.*

→ Look at moral.

im .mor .tal / r/mort] / adjective

living or lasting forever

im . mune / r/myun / adjective

(HEALTH) If you are **immune** to a disease, you cannot get it

You're immune to the chicken pox if you've had it before.

►im ·mu ·ni ·ty / r'myunəti / noun [noncount] You can build up your natural immunity to viruses.

im · mune sys · tem / r'myun ,sistəm / noun

[count]

($\mbox{\footnotesize BIOLOGY}$, $\mbox{\footnotesize HEALTH}$) the system in your body that fights against infection and disease

The virus attacks your immune system.

im . mu . nize / 'myənaiz / verb

(im \cdot mu \cdot niz \cdot es , im \cdot mu \cdot niz \cdot ing , im \cdot mu \cdot nized) (HEALTH) to protect someone from a disease by putting a substance that protects the body (called a vaccine) into their blood

▶im ·mu ·ni ·za ·tion / ˌɪmyənəˈzeɪʃn / noun
[count, noncount]

an immunization program

im . pact AWL / 'mpækt / noun [count]

the effect that something has

I hope this campaign will have an impact on young people.

im .pa .tient 🔯 / ımˈpeɪʃnt / adjective

not wanting to wait for something

Don't be so impatient! The bus will be here soon.

→ANTONYM patient

▶im .pa .tience / m'pei∫ns / noun [noncount] He couldn't hide his impatience.

im .pa .tient .ly / ım'peı∫ntli / adverb

"Hurry up!" she said impatiently.

im peach / m pit / verb

(im peach es, im peach ing, im peached)

(POLITICS) to officially accuse a public official of a crime or of doing something bad in their job

▶im . peach . ment / m'pit∫mant / noun

[count, noncount]

im .per .a .tive 1 / m 'perətıv / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) the form of a verb that you use for telling someone to do something

"Listen!" and "Go away!" are in the imperative .

im . per . a . tive 2 / m'perativ / adjective very important

It is imperative that you see a doctor immediately.

→SYNONYM vital

im .per .fect / m'pərfikt / adjective

with mistakes or faults

It's an imperfect system.

→ANTONYM perfect

▶im .per .fec .tion / ımpər ˈfεk∫n / noun

[count, noncount]

a few slight imperfections

→ANTONYM perfection

im .per .son .ate / m'parsaneit / verb

(im per son ates, im per son at ing, im per son at ing)

to copy the way another person speaks or behaves, usually in order to make people laugh

Have you heard him impersonate the president?

im .per .ti .nent / m'pərtn•ənt / adjective (formal)

rude and not showing respect

Don't be impertinent!

im . ple . ment 1 AWL / 'mplement / noun [count]

a tool that you use, especially for working outside farm implements

im ple ment 2 AWL / mplement / verb (im ple ments, im ple ment ing, im ple ment ed) to start using a plan, system, etc.

The bank has just implemented a new security system.

im .pli .ca .tion AWL / ,ımpləˈkeɪʃn / noun

1 [count] the effect that an action will have on something else in the future

We need to discuss the implications of the new law.

2 [count, noncount] something that is suggested, without actually being said

He didn't actually say it, but the implication was that I am lazy.

im . plic . it AWL / m'plisət / adjective not expressed in a direct way but understood by everyone an implicit agreement

→ Look at explicit.

im . ply AWL / m'plai / verb (im . plies ,

im .ply .ing , im .plied , has im .plied)

to suggest something without actually saying it

He asked if I had any work to do. He was implying that I was lazy.

im .po .lite / umpə'lait / adjective not polite

It was impolite of him to ask you to leave.

im . port / m'port / verb

(im ports, im port ing, im port ed)

to buy things from another country and bring them into your country

The U.S. imports bananas from Ecuador.

→ANTONYM export

▶im .port / 'import / noun [count]

What are your country's main imports?

▶im .port .er / im porter / noun [count]

an importer of electrical goods

im por tance / m'portns / noun noncount

the quality of being important

My doctor reminded me of the importance of exercise and a healthy diet.

im . por . tant 😂 / ımˈpərtnt / adjective

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ If something is $\boldsymbol{important}$, you must do, have, or think about it

It is important to sleep well the night before an exam. I think that happiness is more important than money.

2 powerful or special

The president is a very important person.

im . pose AWL / m'pouz / verb (im pos es, im pos ing, im posed)

to make a law, a rule, an opinion, etc. be accepted by using your power or authority

A new tax was imposed on fuel.

im . pos . si . ble 🥯 / m'pasəbl / adjective

If something is **impossible**, you cannot do it, or it cannot

It's impossible for me to finish this work by five o'clock. The house was impossible to find.

→ANTONYM possible

im .prac .ti .cal / m'præktikl / adjective not sensible or realistic

It would be impractical to take our bikes on the train.

→ANTONYM practical

im . pre . cise AWL / .impri'sais / adjective not clear or exact imprecise instructions

→ANTONYM precise

im . press 🔯 / ım'pres / verb (im press es im press ing im pressed) to make someone admire and respect you We were very impressed by your work.

im . pres . sion 🥯 / m'prɛʃn / noun [count] feelings or thoughts you have about someone or something What was your first impression of the city? I get the impression that she's not very happy. He made a good impression on his first day at work.

im . pres . sive / m'presiv / adjective If someone or something is **impressive**, you admire them an impressive building

Your work is very impressive.

im .pris .on / m'prızn / verb (im pris ons, im pris on ing, im pris oned) to put someone in prison He was imprisoned for killing his wife.

▶im . pris . on . ment / ɪm¹prɪznmənt / noun [noncount]

two years' imprisonment

im . prob . a . ble / m'prabəbl / adjective not likely to be true or to happen an improbable explanation

→ANTONYM probable

im . prove 🥯 / m'pruv / verb (im proves, im prov ing, im proved) to become better or to make something better Your English has improved a lot this year. You need to improve your spelling.

im prove ment 🥯 / mpruvment / noun [count, noncount]

a change that makes something better than it was before There has been a big improvement in Sam's work.

im . pro . vise / 'imprəvaiz / verb (im pro vis es, im pro vis ing, im pro vised) to make or do something without any preparation I haven't prepared a speech, so I'll just have to improvise. ▶im .prov .i .sa .tion / ɪmˌprɑvəˈzeɪʃn / noun

[count, noncount]

im . pulse / 'mpals / noun [count] a sudden strong wish to do something She felt an impulse to run away.

im . pul . Sive / Im palsiv / adjective doing things suddenly and without thinking carefully It was an impulsive decision.

in 1 🥯 / m / preposition

1 a word that shows where someone or something is a small town in Texas

He put his hand in the water.

She was lying in bed.

2 making all or part of something There are 12 inches in a foot.

3 a word that shows when something happens My birthday is in May.

He graduated from high school in 2003.

4 a word that shows how long something takes I'll be ready in ten minutes.

5 a word that shows what clothes someone is wearing She was dressed in black for the funeral.

6 a word that shows how someone or something is Jenny was in tears (= she was crying). Sit in a circle.

7 a word that shows someone's job He's in the army.

8 a word that shows in what way or in what language Write your name in capital letters. They were speaking in French.

in 2 🥯 / m / adverb

1 to a place, from outside I opened the door and went in.

2 at home or at work

I stopped by your house, but you weren't in.

in 3 / m / adjective (informal)

fashionable now

This restaurant is the in place to go. The color gray is very in this season.

abbreviation of inch

PREFIX

in-

not; the opposite of in accurate

in complete

in correctly

in dependence

in visible

in . a . bil . i . ty / ˌɪnəˈbɪləti / noun

[noncount, singular]

not being able to do something

He has an inability to talk about his problems.

The adjective is **unable**.

in . ac . ces . si . ble AWL / ˌɪnækˈsɛsəbl / adiective

very difficult or impossible to reach or contact That beach is inaccessible by car.

→ANTONYM accessible

in . ac . cu . rate AWL / m'ækyərət / adjective not correct; with mistakes in it

The report in the newspaper was inaccurate.

→ANTONYM accurate

Thesaurus

wrong not right or correct; (used about a person) not right about someone or something: I'm afraid that's the wrong answer. ◆ He was driving on the wrong side of the road. ◆ That picture is the wrong way around.

◆ We were **wrong about** her - she's actually very kind.

→ANTONYM right

false (used about facts) not true or correct: A whale is a fish. **True or false**? \spadesuit She gave false information to the insurance company.

→ANTONYM true

incorrect wrong according to the facts; containing mistakes. This word is a little formal: an incorrect spelling ◆ Incorrect answers should be marked with a cross.

→ANTONYM correct

mistaken (used about a person) wrong in your opinion or judgment: I thought I saw Jackie sitting over there, but I must have been mistaken. ◆ It was a case of mistaken identity (= people thought that a particular person was someone else).

→ANTONYM right, correct

inaccurate (used about something such as a newspaper report, a map, etc.) wrong according to the facts; containing mistakes: an inaccurate statement ◆ All the maps we had were completely inaccurate. ◆ The report was badly researched and inaccurate.

→ANTONYM accurate

▶in ·ac ·cu ·rate ·ly / m'ækyərətli / adverb The message had been copied inaccurately.

in . ac . tive / m'æktıv / adjective doing nothing; not active an inactive volcano

→ANTONYM active

in . ad . e . quate AWL / m'ædıkwət / adjective

not enough, or not good enough

These shoes are inadequate for cold weather.

→ANTONYM adequate

▶in .ad .e .quate .ly AWL / ın'ædıkwətli / adverb

in . ap . pro . pri . ate AWL / _innə'proopriət / adjective not suitable

Her dress was totally inappropriate for a funeral.

→ANTONYM appropriate

►in · ap · pro · pri · ate · ly AWL / ¡məˈproopriətli / adverb

in .au .gu .rate / r'nogyorent / verb (in .au .gu .rates , in .au .gu .rat .ing , in .au .gu .rat .ed)

(POLITICS) to introduce a new public official or leader at a special ceremony

President Obama was inaugurated on January 20, 2009.

▶ in · au · gu · ral / r¹nəgyərəl / adjective the president's inaugural speech

▶in .au .gu .ra .tion / ɪˌnɔgyə¹reɪʃn / noun
[count, noncount]

the president's inauguration

in .box / 'mbaks / noun [count]

(plural in .box .es)

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{COMPUTERS}}$) the place on a computer where new e-mail messages are shown

I have hundreds of e-mails in my inbox.

Inc. (Business) abbreviation of incorporated

in . ca . pa . ble AWL / m'kerpəbl / adjective not able to do something

He's incapable of lying. →ANTONYM capable

in .cen .tive AWL / m'sentry / noun [count, noncount]

something that makes you want to do something *People need incentives to save money.*

inch (abbreviation in.)

a measure of length (= 2.54 centimeters). There are twelve **inches** in a **foot**

I am five feet six inches tall.

a twelve-inch ruler

in . ci . dent AWL / 'msədənt / noun [count] something that happens, especially something bad or unusual

One particular incident sticks in my mind.

in . ci . den . tal . ly AWL / Inse'denteli / adverb

a word that you say when you are going to talk about something different

Incidentally, have you been to that new Mexican restaurant yet? →SYNONYM by the way

in .cin .er .a .tor / m'smarentar / noun [count]

a container or machine for burning garbage or other things

in . clined AWL / in klaind / adjective

1 wanting to do something

I know Andrew well, so I'm inclined to believe what he says.

2 likely to do something

She's inclined to change her mind very easily.

in . clude (in . clude , in . clud . ed)

1 to have someone or something as one part of the whole *The price of the room includes breakfast.*

2 to make someone or something part of a group *Did you include the new girl on the list?*

→ANTONYM exclude

in . clud . ing / m'kludm / preposition with; if you count someone or something There were five people in the car, including the driver.

→ANTONYM excluding

in . **clu** . **sive** / m'klusiv / *adjective* including everything or the thing mentioned *The price is inclusive of meals.*

in . co . her . ent AWL / Inkou'hirent / adjective

not clear or easy to understand; not saying something clearly

I tried to understand what he was saying, but he was completely incoherent. →ANTONYM coherent

►in .co .her .ent .ly AWL / ˌmkoʊˈhɪrəntli / adverb
in .come AWL / ˈmkʌm / noun

[count, noncount]

all the money that you receive for your work, for example *It's difficult for a family to live on one income.*

in . come tax / 'mk/m tæks / noun

[count, noncount]

the money that you pay to the government from the money that you earn

in . com . pat . i . ble AWL / ,mkəm'pætəbl / adjective

very different, and so not able to exist or be used together *The new software is incompatible with my computer.*

→ANTONYM compatible

►in .com .pat .i .bil .i .ty AWL / ˌɪnkəmˌpætəˈbɪləti / noun [count, noncount]

(plural in .com .pat .i .bil .i .ties)

in . com . pe . tent / in'kampətənt / adjective not having the necessary skill to do something well That woman at the bank was completely incompetent.

→ANTONYM competent

▶in .com .pe .tent .ly / m'kampətəntli / adverb

in . com . plete / _mkem'plit / adjective not finished; with parts missing This list is incomplete.

→ANTONYM complete

in .com .pre .hen .si .ble

/ mkamprihensəbl / adjective impossible to understand an incomprehensible explanation

in . con . sid . er . ate / "inkənˈsidərət / adjective

(used about a person) not thinking or caring about other people and their feelings

It's inconsiderate of you to make so much noise.

→ANTONYM considerate

in . con . sis . tent AWL / inken'sistent / adjective

not always the same

Her effort is inconsistent – sometimes she tries hard and sometimes she just gives up.

These new facts are inconsistent with the earlier information.

→ANTONYM consistent

in . con . spic . u . ous / ˌinkənˈspikyuəs / adjective

not easily seen or noticed

He stood at the back and tried to look inconspicuous.

→ANTONYM conspicuous

in . con . ven . ient / ˌɪnkən'vinyənt / adjective causing you problems or difficulty

Is this an inconvenient time? If so, I can call back later.

→ANTONYM convenient

►in .con .ven .ience / ˌɪnkən'vinyəns / noun [count, noncount]

We apologize for any inconvenience caused by the delay.

in .cor .po .rate AWL / mkorporeit / verb (in .cor .po .rates , in .cor .po .rat .ing , in .cor .po .rat .ed)

to make something a part of something else Can you incorporate this information into your report?

→SYNONYM include

in . cor . po . rat . ed AWL / in korporeited / adjective (abbreviation Inc.)

(BUSINESS) a word that is sometimes used after the name of a big company (a **corporation**) *Apple, Inc.*

in . cor . rect / ,mkəˈrɛkt / adjective

not right or true

There were several incorrect answers.

→ANTONYM correct

Thesaurus

wrong not right or correct; (used about a person) not right about someone or something: I'm afraid that's the wrong answer. \spadesuit He was driving on the wrong side of the road. \spadesuit That picture is the wrong way around.

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→ANTONYM accurate

▶ in .cor .rect .ly / ınkəˈrɛktli / adverb Her name was spelled incorrectly.

in .crease 1 © / m'kris / verb

(in creas es , in creas ing , in creased)

PRONUNCIATION

When **increase** is a verb, you say the second part of the word louder: **increase**. When **increase** is a noun, you say the first part of the word louder: **Increase**. to become bigger or more; to make something bigger or more

The number of working women has increased. I'm going to increase your allowance to \$10 a week.

→ANTONYM decrease

in . crease 2 0 / mkris / noun

[count, noncount]

when the amount, number, or level of something goes up *There has been an increase in road accidents.* recent price increases

→SYNONYM rise →ANTONYM decrease

TPV Ltd.

in . creas . ing . ly / mˈkrisɪŋli / adverb more and more

This city is becoming increasingly dangerous.

in .cred .i .ble / m'kredəbl / adjective

1 (informal) very large or very good She earns an incredible amount of money.

The hotel was incredible.

2 impossible or very difficult to believe *I found his story completely incredible.*

→SYNONYM unbelievable

►in .cred .i .bly / m'krɛdəbli / adverb (informal) extremely

He's incredibly smart.

in .cu .ba .tor / 'ıŋkyəbeitər / noun [count]

(HEALTH) a special machine that hospitals use to keep small or weak babies alive

in .cur .a .ble / m'kyorəbl / adjective

(HEALTH) that cannot be made better an incurable disease

→ANTONYM curable

in . de . ci . sive / "mdr'sarsiv / adjective not able to make decisions easily

→ANTONYM decisive

in . deed 🥯 / m'did / adverb

a word that you use to say strongly that something is true; in fact

Exercise is important for your health. Indeed, it can lower the risk of heart disease.

in . def . i . nite AWL / ın'dɛfənət / adjective

not clear or certain

Our plans are still pretty indefinite.

→ANTONYM definite

in .def .i .nite ar .ti .cle

/ in_defenet 'artikl / noun [count]

(<code>ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS</code>) the name for the words "a" and "an" $\,$

→ Look at definite article.

in . def . i . nite . ly AWL / ɪnˈdɛfənətli /

for a long time, perhaps forever *I can't wait indefinitely.*

in . dent / m'dent / verb (in . dents, in . dent .ing, in . dent .ed)

to start a line of writing farther from the edge of the page than the other lines

Indent the first line of your paragraph.

in . de . pend . ence / ¡ındıˈpɛndəns / noun [

being free from another person, thing, or country

Moving into her own apartment gave her a real sense of independence.

Cuba gained independence from Spain in 1898.

In .de .pend .ence Day

/ ˌɪndɪˈpɛndəns deɪ / noun [noncount]

July 4; a national holiday in the U.S. On this day, Americans celebrate the day in 1776 when their country became independent from Britain.

→SYNONYM the Fourth of July

in . de . pend . ent [∞]/ ˌındıˈpɛndənt / adjective

SPELLING

Remember! You spell independent with three E's .

1 not controlled by another person, thing, or country *Many former colonies became independent nations.*

2 not needing or wanting help

She lives alone now and she is very independent.

►in .de .pend .ent .ly / ˌɪndɪˈpɛndəntli / adverb Hannah is able to work independently.

in-depth / 'mdεpθ / adjective

full of detail

We conducted an in-depth study.

in . dex AWL / 'mdeks / noun [count]

(plural in .dex .es)

a list of words from A to Z at the end of a book. It tells you what things are in the book and where you can find them.

in . dex fin . ger / 'ındɛks ˌfɪŋgər / noun

[count]

the finger next to your thumb

in . di . cate AWL / 'ındəkeit / verb

(in di cates, in di cat ing, in di cat ed)

1 to show that something is true, exists, or will happen *Our records indicate that you are due for a checkup.*

2 to make someone notice something, especially by pointing to it

The receptionist indicated the place where I should sign.

▶in . di . ca . tor AWL / 'ındəkeitər / noun [count] something that gives information or shows something; a sign

Economic indicators suggest that housing prices are going to fall.

in . di . ca . tion AWL / ˌɪndəˈkeɪʃn / noun

[count, noncount]

something that shows something

He gave no indication that he was angry.

→SYNONYM sign

in . dif . fer . ent / m'difrent / adjective not interested in or caring about someone or something He seemed completely indifferent to my feelings.

in . di . ges . tion / $_{\mbox{\tiny I}}$ ndə d $_{\mbox{\tiny S}}$ est $_{\mbox{\tiny S}}$ n / noun

[noncount]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{HEALTH}}$) pain in your stomach caused by something that you ate

Onions give me indigestion .

in . dig . nant / in dignant / adjective

angry because someone has done or said something that you do not like or agree with

She was indignant when I said she was lazy.

▶in . dig . nant . ly / in'dignentli / adverb

"I'm not late," he said indignantly.

▶in . dig . na . tion / ¡ındıg'neı∫n / noun [noncount] a feeling of anger and surprise

in . di . rect / ˌɪndɪˈrɛkt / adjective

not straight or direct

We came by an indirect route.

These problems are an indirect result of the war.

→ANTONYM direct

►in ·di ·rect ·ly / ˌmdɪˈrɛktli / adverb

These events affect us all, directly or indirectly.

in . di . rect ob . ject / ¡ındıˈrɛkt ˈabdʒɛkt / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{ENGLISH}}$ LANGUAGE ARTS) a person or thing that an action is done to or for

In the sentence "I sent him a letter," "him" is the indirect object.

→ Look at direct object.

in . di . vid . u . al 1 AWL / , ində'vid yuəl / adjective

1 considered separately and not as part of a group The program evaluates the needs of each individual student.

2 for only one person or thing *individual servings of pasta*

►in . di . vid . u . al . ly AWL / _ində¹vidʒuəli / adverb The teacher spoke to each student individually.

in . di . vid . u . al 2 AWL / ˌindəˈvidʒuəl / noun [count] one person

Teachers must treat each child as an individual.

in . door / 'mdor / adjective done or used inside a building an indoor swimming pool indoor sports

→ANTONYM outdoor

in . doors / m'dorz / adverb

in or into a building Let's go indoors . I'm cold.

→SYNONYM inside

→ANTONYM outdoors

in .dulge / m'dʌldʒ / verb

(in dulg es, in dulg ing, in dulged)

1 to do something special that you enjoy I indulged myself and spent a day at the spa.

2 to give someone something that they really want *After she retired, she had time to indulge her passion for traveling.*

in . dus . tri . al / m'dastrial / adjective (BUSINESS)

1 connected with making things in factories *industrial machines*

2 with a lot of factories an industrial city

in .dus .try (ndestri / noun (plural in .dus .tries)

(BUSINESS)

1 [noncount] the work of making things in factories *Is there much industry in your country?*

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ [<code>count</code>] all the companies that make or do the same thing

He'd like to find a job in the entertainment industry.

in .ed .i .ble / m'edəbl / adjective

not suitable to be eaten an inedible plant

→ANTONYM edible

in . ef . fec . tive / "mrˈfɛktɪv / adjective not producing the effect or result that you want Efforts to reduce crime have been ineffective.

→ANTONYM effective

in .ef .fi .cient / mifint / adjective

A person or thing that is **inefficient** does not work well or in the best way

This washing machine is very old and inefficient.

→ANTONYM efficient

in . e . qual . i . ty / ˌɪmɪˈkwaləti / noun [count, noncount] (plural in . e . qual . i . ties) not being the same or not having the same rights inequality between the sexes

→ANTONYM equality

in .er .tia / ɪˈnərʃə / noun [noncount]

($\mbox{\sc PHYSICS}$) the physical force that stops things from moving, or keeps them moving in the same direction

in .ev .i .ta .ble AWL / m'evətəbl / adjective
If something is inevitable , it will certainly happen
The accident was inevitable – he was driving too fast.

▶in ·ev ·i ·ta ·bly AWL / m'ɛvətəbli / adverb

Building the new hospital inevitably cost a lot of money.

in .ex .pen .sive / ımık'spɛnsıv / adjective low in price

an inexpensive restaurant

→SYNONYM cheap

→ANTONYM expensive

in . ex . pe . ri . enced / ˌmɪkˈspɪriənst / adjective

If you are **inexperienced**, you do not know about something because you have not done it many times before a young and inexperienced driver

→ANTONYM experienced

in .ex .pli .ca .ble / mik'splikabl / adjective Something that is inexplicable cannot be explained or understood

I found his behavior inexplicable.

in . fa . mous / 'infamas / adjective

famous for being bad

The neighborhood is infamous for violent crime.

→SYNONYM notorious

in .fant / 'mfant / noun [count]
(formal)

a baby

in fect / m'fekt / verb

(in fects, in fect ing, in fect ed)

(HEALTH) to give a disease to someone

Thousands of people have been infected with the virus.

in . fect . ed / m'fektrd / adjective

($\mbox{\scriptsize HEALTH}$) full of small living things (called $\mbox{\scriptsize germs}$) that can make you sick

Clean that cut, or it could become infected.

in . fec . tion 🔯 / ɪnˈfɛkʃn / noun (HEALTH)

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ [noncount] the act of becoming or making someone sick

A dirty water supply will spread infection.

2 [count] an illness that affects one part of the body *Mike has an ear infection.*

in . fec . tious / m'fek∫əs / adjective

($\mbox{\sc HEALTH}$) An $\mbox{\sc infectious}$ disease goes easily from one person to another.

in . fer AWL / m'fər / verb

(in fers, in fer ring, in ferred)

to decide that something is true from the information you have

I inferred from our conversation that he was unhappy with his job.

in .fe .ri .or / m'firiər / adjective

not as good or important as another person or thing There are so many smart women in my class that I always feel inferior.

→ANTONYM superior

in . fest . ed / m'fested / adjective

If a place is ${\bf infested}$, there are a lot of unpleasant animals or insects in it

The basement was infested with mice.

in . field / 'mfild / noun [singular]
(SPORTS) the central part of a baseball field

→ Look at outfield.

in . fi . nite AWL / 'mfənət / adjective

with no end; too much or too many to count or measure *There are an infinite number of stars in the sky.*

→ANTONYM finite

in . fi . nite . ly AWL / 'mfənətli / adverb very much

My new computer is infinitely better than my old one.

in . fin . i . tive / m'finətiv / noun [count] (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) the simple form of a verb "Eat," "go," and "play" are all infinitives.

Grammar

We sometimes use the **infinitive** with to, and sometimes without, depending on what comes before it: He can sing. \spadesuit He wants to sing.

in . fin . i . ty / m'finəti / noun [noncount] space or time without end

in . flam . ma . ble / mˈflæməbl / adjective (CHEMISTRY) An inflammable substance burns easily Gasoline is highly inflammable.

→SYNONYM flammable

in flate / m'flert / verb (in flates, in flat ing, in flat ed) to fill something with air or gas He inflated the tire.

→SYNONYM blow something up

▶in ·flat ·a ·ble / in fleitabl / adjective that can or must be filled with air an inflatable mattress

in . fla . tion / m'fleijn / noun [noncount] a general rise in prices in a country

The government is trying to control inflation.

in . flex . i . ble AWL / m'fleksəbl / adjective

1 not able to change easily an inflexible attitude

2 not able to bend easily →ANTONYM flexible

in .flu .ence 1 0 / 'influens / noun

 $\boldsymbol{1} \; [\; \text{count}, \; \text{noncount} \;]$ the power to change what someone believes or does

Television has a strong influence on people.

She was caught driving under the influence of alcohol.

 $\boldsymbol{2} \; [\; \text{count} \;]$ a person or thing that can change someone or something

Paul's new girlfriend is a good influence on him.

in . flu . ence 2 / 'influens / verb

(in flu enc es, in flu enc ing, in flu enced) to change the way that someone thinks or the way that something happens

She is easily influenced by her friends.

in . flu . en . tial / mflu enfl / adjective

having power or influence

Her father's very influential.

in . form 🥯 / ınˈfərm / verb

(in forms, in form ing, in formed)

to tell someone something

You should inform the police of the accident.

in for mal 🔯 / ınˈfərml / adjective

relaxed and friendly; appropriate for a relaxed occasion We had an informal discussion and came up with some great ideas.

an informal dinner party

STYLE

Some words and expressions in this dictionary are marked **informal**. You use informal language when speaking and writing to people you know well, but not in serious writing or official letters.

▶in ·for ·mal ·ly / ɪnˈfɔrməli / adverb

I was dressed informally, but everyone else had a suit on.

in for mation 5 / infarmeilu / non

[noncount]

facts about people or things

Can you give me some information about tours of the city?

Grammar

Be careful! **Information** is a noncount noun, so you cannot say "an information" or "informations."

You say **some information** or **a piece of information** : *She gave me an interesting piece of information*.

in . form . a . tive / m'formativ / adjective giving useful information

The talk was very informative.

in . fre . quent / in frikwent / adjective not happening often infrequent visits

→SYNONYM rare

→ANTONYM frequent

▶in · fre · quent · ly / ɪnˈfrikwəntli / adverb

in . fu . ri . ate / m'fyorient / verb

(in .fu .ri .ates , in .fu .ri .at .ing , in .fu .ri .at .ed) to make someone very angry

That sort of behavior really infuriates me!

▶in ·fu ·ri ·at ·ing / in¹fyorieitin / adjective an infuriating habit

SUFFIX

-ing

(in adjectives) producing a particular state or effect amazing

disgust ing

interest ing

shock ing

in .gen .ious / m'dzinyəs / adjective

1 made or planned in an intelligent way an ingenious plan

2 An **ingenious** person is good at finding answers to problems or thinking of new things.

in . gre . di . ent / m'gridient / noun [count] one of the things that you put in when you make something to eat

One of the main ingredients of this cereal is sugar.

in . hab . it / m'hæbət / verb

(in hab its, in hab it ing, in hab it ed) to live in a place

Is the island inhabited (= does anyone live there) ? *The South Pole is inhabited by penguins.*

in . hab . i . tant / m'hæbetent / noun [count] a person or an animal that lives in a place The town has 30,000 inhabitants.

in . hale / m'heil / verb

(in hales, in hal ing, in haled)

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{BIOLOGY}}$) to take air, smoke, etc. into your body by breathing

Be careful not to inhale the fumes from the paint.

→ANTONYM exhale

in . her . it / m'herət / verb

(in her its, in her it ing, in her it ed)

1 to get money or things from someone who has died *Katie inherited some money from her grandmother.*

2 (BIOLOGY) to receive a quality, a physical characteristic, etc. from your parents or family

She inherited her father's gift for languages.

▶in . her . i . tance / ın'hɛrətəns / noun

[count, noncount]

money or things that you get from someone who has died *She spent her inheritance in just one year.*

in . hu . mane / ˌɪnhyuˈmeɪn / adjective very cruel; not caring if people or animals suffer the inhumane conditions of some zoo animals

→ANTONYM humane

in . i . tial 1 AWL / r/nisl / adjective

My initial reaction was to say "no."

▶in .i .tial .ly AWL / r'nɪʃl•i / adverb Initially, the system worked well.

→SYNONYM at first

in .i .tial 2 AWL / r'nɪʃl / noun [count] the first letter of a person's name John Walton's initials are J.W.

in .i .ti .ate AWL / r'nıʃiert / verb (formal) (in .i .ti .ates , in .i .ti .at .ing , in .i .ti .at .ed) to start something to initiate peace talks

in .i .ti .a .tion AWL / ɪˌnɪʃiˈeɪʃn / noun

[noncount]

an act of making someone part of a group, often with a special ceremony

an initiation ceremony

in .i .tia .tive AWL / r'nıʃətɪv / noun

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ [count] a new plan that is introduced to solve a problem

a government initiative to help small business owners

2 [noncount] the ability to see and do what is necessary without waiting for someone to tell you

Don't keep asking me what to do – use your initiative.

in . ject / m'd3ekt / verb

(in jects, in ject ing, in ject ed)

($\mbox{{\it HEALTH}}$) to put a drug into a person's body using a special needle (called a $\mbox{{\it syringe}}$)

►in .jec .tion / ɪn¹dʒɛkʃn / noun [count, noncount] a steroid injection

→SYNONYM shot

in .jure AWL / 'indger / verb (in .jures , in .jur .ing , in .jured)

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{HEALTH}}$) to hurt yourself or someone else, especially in an accident

She injured her arm during a tennis match.

Joe was injured in a car accident.

►in . jured AWL / 'ındʒərd / adjective
The injured woman was taken to the hospital.

in .ju .ry 🥯 AWL / 'ındʒəri / noun

[count, noncount](plural in ju ries)

($\mbox{{\it HEALTH}}$) damage to the body of a person or an animal $\mbox{{\it He had serious head injuries}}$.

Collocations

Injuries

being injured

hurt/injure yourself/your ankle/your arm

break a bone/your leg/three ribs

bruise/cut/graze your arm/your knee/your shoulder
sprain/twist your ankle/your wrist

treatment

examine/clean/disinfect a wound put on a Band-Aid™/a bandage be on/take painkillers/antibiotics

 \rightarrow Look at the note at illness.

in . jus . tice / m'd3Astas / noun

[count, noncount]

the fact of a situation not being fair or right the struggle against injustice

ink / mk / noun [count, noncount] liquid for writing and printing Please write in black or blue ink.

My printer has run out of ink.

in . land / ,ın'lænd / adverb

in or toward the middle of a country *The town is a few miles inland.*

▶in .land / 'mland / adjective

in the middle of a country, not near the ocean an inland lake

in-laws / 'm loz / noun [plural]

(informal)

the parents of your husband or wife *My in-laws are coming to visit this weekend.*

in . let / 'mlet / noun [count]

($\mbox{\sc GEOGRAPHY}$) a narrow area of water that goes into the land from the ocean or a lake

in-line skate / mlam sket / noun [count] a boot with a line of small wheels on the bottom

a pair of in-line skates

→SYNONYM Rollerblade™,

→ Look at the picture at skate.

▶in-line skat .ing / ˌɪnlaɪn ˈskeɪt̞ɪŋ / noun [noncount] inn / m / noun

[count]

a small hotel, usually in the country a romantic inn in Vermont

in . ner / 'mar / adjective

inside; toward or close to the center the inner ear

→ANTONYM outer

in . ner cit . y / , mər 'sıti / noun [count]

(plural in ner cit ies)

the poor areas near the center of a big city

the problems of the inner cities

▶in .ner-cit .y adjective

an inner-city school

in . ning / 'mm / noun

[count]

(SPORTS) one of the nine periods of a baseball game, in which each team has a turn to hit the ball

At the end of the eighth inning, the Orioles were winning

in . no . cent / 'məsnt / adjective

1 If you are innocent, you have not done anything wrong He claims he's innocent of the crime.

→ANTONYM guilty

2 not knowing the bad things in life; believing everything you are told

an innocent child

→SYNONYM naive

▶in ·no ·cence / 'məsns / noun [noncount]

The prisoner's family is convinced of her innocence.

the innocence of childhood

in . no . va . tion AWL / .məˈveɪʃn / noun

[count, noncount]

the introduction of new things, ideas, etc., or something new that has been introduced

a company with a reputation for innovation technological innovations in the music industry

in . of . fen . sive / ,məˈfɛnsɪv / adjective not likely to make anyone feel upset or angry

The joke was stupid but inoffensive.

→ANTONYM offensive

in . put AWL / 'mpot / noun

[noncount]

time, ideas, or work that you put into something to make it successful

We'd like input from everyone on the committee.

in quire / in kwaier / verb

(in quires, in quir ing, in quired)

(formal)

to ask for information about something

I'm calling to inquire about my checking account.

→SYNONYM ask

in quir y / 'ınkwəri ; ın'kwaıəri / noun [count] (plural in quir ies) (formal)

a question that you ask to get information about something I'll make some inquiries about language programs.

in quis i tive / m'kwrzatyv / adjective wanting to find out as much as possible about things He's very inquisitive and loves to read.

in sane / in sein / adjective

1 (HEALTH) very sick in your mind The prisoners were slowly going insane.

→SYNONYM crazy

2 (informal) very stupid or dangerous His plan was insane!

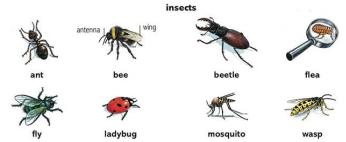
▶in . san . i . ty / m'sænəti / noun

[noncount]

the state of being insane

in . sect 🥯 / ˈɪnsɛkt / noun [count]

(BIOLOGY) a very small animal that has six legs Ants, flies, butterflies, and beetles are all insects.



in . sec . ti . cide / In'sektesaid / noun

[count, noncount]

a chemical substance that is used for killing insects

→ Look at pesticide.

in . se . cure AWL / ,msə'kyor / adjective

1 worried and not sure about yourself

Many teenagers feel insecure about their appearance.

2 not safe or firm

This ladder looks a little insecure.

→ANTONYM secure

▶in .se .cu .ri .ty AWL / ˌɪnsəˈkyʊrəti / noun [count, noncount](plural in se cu ri ties) She had feelings of insecurity.

in . sen . si . tive / ɪnˈsɛnsətɪv / adjective

not knowing or caring how another person feels That was a very insensitive remark.

She's completely insensitive to my feelings.

→ ANTONYM sensitive

in . sert / m'sərt / verb

(in serts, in sert ing, in sert ed)

to put something into something or between two things *Insert the CD into the computer.*

in . side 1 ²⁰ / m'said; 'msaid / preposition,

adverb, adjective

in, on, or to the inside of something

What's inside the box?

It's raining – let's go inside (= into the building).

the inside pocket of a jacket

→ Look at outside.

in . side 2 🥯 / m'said / noun [count]

the part near the middle of something Do I need to clean the inside of my computer? The door was locked from the inside.

→Look at outside.

inside out

with the wrong side on the outside You have your sweater on inside out. in . sig . nif . i . cant AWL / .msig'nifikent / in . stall . ment / m'stelment / noun [count] adjective

of little value or importance an insignificant detail

→ANTONYM significant

in . Sin . cere / insin'sir / adjective not being honest, and not meaning what you say or do His apology sounded insincere.

→ANTONYM sincere

in . sist / m'sist / verb

(in sists, in sist ing, in sist ed)

1 to say very strongly that something must happen or be done

Paul insisted on driving me to the airport.

2 to say very strongly that something is true, when someone does not believe you

He insists that he didn't take the money.

in . so . lent / 'msələnt / adjective

not showing respect

He gave her an insolent stare.

→SYNONYM rude

in . som . ni . a / m'samnia / noun [noncount]

(HEALTH) a condition in which you are not able to sleep Do you ever suffer from insomnia?

in . spect AWL / m'spekt / verb

(in spects, in spect ing, in spect ed)

to look at something carefully

The teachers inspected our lockers.

▶in . spec . tion AWL / ɪnˈspεkſn / noun

[count, noncount]

The police made an inspection of the house.

in . spec . tor AWL / In spekter / noun

1 a person whose job is to see that things are done correctly health and safety inspectors

2 a police officer

in . spi . ra . tion / ,ınspəˈreɪʃn / noun

[count, noncount]

a person or thing that makes you want to do something or gives you good ideas

The beauty of the mountains is a great inspiration to many artists.

▶in .spi .ra .tion .al / ,ınspəˈreɪʃənl / adjective inspirational music

in . spire / m'spar / verb

(in spires, in spir ing, in spired)

1 to make someone want to do something His wife inspired him to write this poem.

2 to make someone feel or think something Her words inspired us all with hope.

▶in .spir .ing / in'spaierin / adjective an inspiring teacher

in . stall / m'stol / verb

(in stalls, in stall ing, in stalled)

to put a new thing in its place so it is ready to use to install software on the computer

▶in · stal · la · tion / ˌɪnstəˈleɪʃn / noun

[count, noncount]

1 a regular payment that you make for something She's paying for her new car in monthly installments.

2 one part of a story on radio or television, or in a magazine

Don't miss next week's exciting installment.

in . stance AWL / 'instans / noun [count]

an example or a case of something

In most instances, the drug has no side effects.

for instance

as an example

There are several interesting places to visit. Georgetown, for instance, has a lot of historic buildings.

in . stant 1 / 'mstənt / adjective

1 happening very quickly

The movie was an instant success.

2 (used about food) quick and easy to prepare instant oatmeal

▶in . stant . ly / 'ınstəntli / adverb

immediately; at once

The driver was killed instantly.

in . stant 2 / 'mstənt / noun [singular]

a very short time

She thought for an instant before she answered.

→SYNONYM moment

in stead 🥯 / m'sted / adverb, preposition

in the place of someone or something

We don't have any coffee. Would you like tea instead? He's been watching TV all afternoon instead of studying. Can you go to the meeting instead of me?

in . Stinct / 'mstinkt / noun [count, noncount]

(BIOLOGY) something that makes people and animals do certain things without thinking or learning about them Birds build their nests by instinct.

▶in . stinc . tive / in stinktiv / adjective Animals have an instinctive fear of fire.

in . sti . tute AWL / 'mstatut / noun [count]

a group of people who meet to study or talk about a special thing; the building where they meet

the Institute of Science

in . sti . tu . tion AWL / ,ınstəˈtuʃn / noun [count]

a big organization like a bank, hospital, prison, or school Many financial institutions are based in New York.

in . struct AWL / m'strakt / verb

(in structs, in struct ing, in struct ed)

1 to tell someone what they must do

He instructed the driver to wait.

2 (*formal*) to teach someone something Children must be instructed in road safety.

in . struc . tion 🕯 AWL / ɪnˈstrʌkʃn / noun

1 instructions [plural] words that tell you what you must do or how to do something

Read the instructions carefully.

You should always follow the instructions.

2 [noncount] teaching or being taught something driving instruction

in . struc . tor AWL / in strakter / noun [count]

a person who teaches you how to do something a driving instructor

in . stru . ment 5 / 'mstrəmənt / noun [count] in . tact / m'tækt / adjective

1 (MUSIC) a thing that you use for playing music Violins and trumpets are musical instruments. What instrument do you play?



2 a thing that you use for doing a special job surgical instruments (= used by doctors)

in . stru . men . tal / "instro mentl / adjective

1 helping to make something happen

She was instrumental in getting him the job.

2 (MUSIC) for musical instruments without voices the instrumental version of a song

in . suf . fi . cient / ,ınsəˈfɪʃnt / adjective

We were given insufficient time to complete the report.

→ANTONYM sufficient

in . Su . late / 'msəleit / verb

(in su lates, in su lat ing, in su lat ed)

to protect something with a material that stops electricity, heat, or sound from passing through

You can save energy by insulating your home.

▶in ·su ·la ·tion / .insəˈleɪʃn / noun [noncount]

in . Su . lin / 'msələn / noun [noncount]

(HEALTH , BIOLOGY) a substance that controls the amount of sugar in the blood

She has diabetes and has to take insulin.

in . sult 🥯 / m'sʌlt / verb

(in sults, in sult ing, in sult ed)

to be deliberately rude to someone

She insulted my brother by saying he was fat.

in .sult / 'ınsʌlt / noun [count]

The boys shouted insults at each other.

▶in . sult . ing / 'ınsʌltɪŋ / adjective

insulting behavior

in . sur . ance / m'forens / noun

[noncount]

an agreement where you pay money to a company so that it will give you money if something bad happens

My car was badly damaged in the accident, but insurance paid for the repairs.

Does your salary include health insurance?

in . sure / m'for / verb

(in sures, in sur ing, in sured)

1 to pay money to a company, so that it will give you money if something bad happens

Have you insured your house against fire?

2 another word for **ensure**

complete: not damaged

Very few of the buildings remained intact after the earthquake.

in . te . ger / 'ıntədʒər / noun [count]

(MATH) a whole number, such as 3 or 4 but not 3.5

 \rightarrow Look at fraction (1).

integrate AWL / 'integreit / verb

(in te grates, in te grat ing, in te grat ed)

1 to join things so that they become one thing, or so that they work together

The updates can be integrated into your existing software.

2 to become, or to make someone become accepted as part

They have not made any effort to integrate with the local community.

→Look at segregate.

▶in .te .grat .ed AWL / 'integreited / adjective an integrated transportation system (= including buses, trains, taxis, etc.)

▶in .te .gra .tion AWL / ˌɪntəˈgreɪʃn / noun

[noncount]

racial integration

in . tel . lec . tu . al 1 / mtəˈlɛktʃuəl / adjective connected with a person's ability to think and understand things

a child's intellectual development

in tel lec tu al 2/, mtəˈlɛktʃuəl/ noun [count]

a person who enjoys thinking deeply about things The café was a meeting place for artists and intellectuals.

in . tel . li . gence AWL / m'teledgens / noun [noncount]

1 being able to think, learn, and understand quickly and well

He is a man of great intelligence. an intelligence test

2 (POLITICS) important information about a foreign country, especially one that is an enemy intelligence reports

in tel li gent 🥯 AWL / inteledgent / adjective

able to think, learn, and understand quickly and well Their daughter is very intelligent. an intelligent question

▶in .tel .li .gent .ly AWL / ɪnˈtɛlədʒəntli / adverb

They solved the problem very intelligently.

Thesaurus

intelligent good at learning, understanding, and thinking quickly and clearly: He's a very intelligent man. ◆ She asked a lot of intelligent questions.

smart guick at learning and understanding things; able to make good decisions: She's smarter than her brother. ◆ Accepting that job was a **smart** career **move**

. ♦ OK, I admit it wasn't the smartest thing I ever did (= it was a stupid thing to do).

brilliant extremely intelligent: a brilliant young scientist/musician ◆ He has one of the most brilliant minds in the country.

bright (used especially about young intelligent; quick to learn: She's probably the brightest student in the class. ◆ a bright boy/girl/kid

in . tend 2 / m'tend / verb

(in tends, in tend ing, in tend ed)

to plan to do something

When do you intend to go to Portland?

The noun is **intention**.

be intended for someone or something

to be planned or made for a particular person or reason This dictionary is intended for learners of English.

in tense AWL / mtens / adjective

very great or strong

intense pain

The heat from the fire was intense.

▶in . tense . ly AWL / ɪnˈtɛnsli / adverb

I found the movie intensely boring.

in . ten . sive AWL / in tensiv / adjective

involving a lot of work in a short time an intensive English course

▶in . ten . sive . ly AWL / ın'tɛnsıvli / adverb

in ten tion 2 / m'tenin / noun

[count, noncount]

what you plan to do

Our intention was to leave early in the morning. They have no intention of getting married.

The verb is **intend**.

Thesaurus

purpose the reason for doing something; what something is used for or is supposed to achieve: What is **the purpose of** your visit? ◆ The building is used **for** religious purposes.

aim what someone is trying to achieve: Our main aim is to increase sales. • He was willing to do almost anything to achieve his aim of winning first prize.

plan what you have decided or arranged to do: Do you have any plans for the weekend? ◆ There are no plans to build new offices.

intention what you want or intend to do: Our intention was to leave early in the morning. • I have no intention of going to the wedding.

goal (often used about your life or career plans) something that you hope to achieve: What are your long-term goals? ♦ I've finally achieved my goal of getting a college degree.

in . ten . tion . al / m'tenfanl / adjective

done on purpose, not by mistake I'm sorry I upset you – it wasn't intentional!

→SYNONYM deliberate

▶in . ten . tion . al . ly / ɪn¹tɛnʃənəli / adverb They broke the window intentionally.

→SYNONYM deliberately

PREFIX

inter-

between; from one to another

inter active inter nationally

inter mission

in .ter .act AWL / ,untər'ækt / verb

(in ter acts, in ter act ed)

to communicate or mix with someone

She is studying the way children interact with each other.

▶in . ter . ac . tion AWL / .intərˈækſn / noun

[count, noncount] social interaction

in . ter . ac . tive AWL / .mtər'æktıv /



(COMPUTERS) involving direct communication both ways, between a computer or other form of technology and the person using it

interactive software for schools

in . ter . est 1 🕯 / 'ıntrəst / noun

1 [noncount , singular] wanting to know or learn about someone or something

He read the story with interest .

He shows no interest in politics.

2 [count] something that you like doing or learning about His interests are computers and rock music.

3 [noncount] (BUSINESS) the extra money that you pay back if you borrow money or that you receive if you put money in a bank

Word building

There are two main types of bank account . If you have a **checking account**, you can take your money out at any time by using a check or an ATM card (= a card that you put into a machine, which gives you monev).

A savings account lets you keep your money in the bank to use later. You receive extra money, called interest, for keeping your money there.

in . ter . est 2 D / 'intrəst / verb

(in ter ests, in ter est ing, in ter est ed)

to make someone want to know more Religion doesn't interest her.

in . ter . est . ed 🕯 / 'intrested / adjective wanting to know more about someone or something Are you interested in cars?

in . ter . est . ing 🥯 / 'ıntrəstıŋ / adjective

A person or thing that is **interesting** makes you want to know more about them

This book is very interesting. That's an interesting idea!

→ANTONYM boring

in . ter . fere / intər'fir / verb

(in ter feres in ter fer ing in ter fered)

1 to try to do something with or for someone, when they do not want your help

Don't interfere! Let John decide what he wants to do.

2 to stop something from being done well

His social life often interferes with his studies.

▶in . ter . fer . ence / ˌintərˈfirəns / noun [noncount]

in . te . ri . or / m'trrier / noun

[count, usually singular]

the inside part

We painted the interior of the house white.

▶in .te .ri .or adjective

interior walls

→ANTONYM exterior

in . ter . jec . tion / ˌmtərˈdʒɛkʃn / noun

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a short word or phrase that you say suddenly to show surprise, pain, happiness, or other feeling

"Oh," "Hey," and "Wow" are interjections.

→SYNONYM exclamation

in . ter . me . di . ate AWL / .intar'midiat / in . ter . pret AWL / .intarprat / verb adjective

coming between two things or levels She's in an intermediate class.

in . ter . mis . sion / ,intər'miʃn / noun

a short period of time separating the parts of a play, concert, etc.

in . tern / 'ıntərn / noun

[count]

1 (HEALTH) a doctor who has finished medical school and is working at a hospital to get practical training

2 a person, especially a student, who is working somewhere for a short time to learn about a particular job or career

a summer intern at a law firm

 \rightarrow Look at internship.

in . ter . nal AWL / m'tərnl / adjective of or on the inside

He has internal injuries (= inside his body).

→ANTONYM external

▶in .ter .nal .ly AWL / m'tərnl•i / adverb We dealt with the matter internally.

in ter na tion al 👺 / internæfenl / adiective

between different countries international relations an international flight

→ Look at national.

▶in .ter .na .tion .al .ly / ˌɪntərˈnæʃənəli / adverb an internationally famous musician

In . ter . net 🥯 / 'ıntərnɛt / noun the Internet (also informal the Net) [singular]

(COMPUTERS) the international system of computers that makes it possible for you to see information from all around the world on your computer and to send information to other computers

You can find out almost anything on the Internet.

Do you have Internet access?

Collocations

The Internet

connecting

connect to/log on to/access the Internet/the Web go/be online/on the Internet

browse/surf/search the Internet/the Web check out/visit a website/someone's blog click/click on/follow a link start/have/write/read a blog

chatting and sharing

chat with someone/your friends online meet someone in/enter a chat room download/upload music/a song/a video/a photo post a comment/a message share information/files

in . tern . ship / 'intərnʃip / noun [count]

(BUSINESS) a period of time when someone, especially a student, works somewhere to learn about a particular job or

I'm doing a summer internship with a law firm.

→ Look at intern.

(in ter prets, in ter pret ing, in ter pret ed)

1 to say in one language what someone has said in another language

I can't speak Italian – can you interpret for me?

2 to explain the meaning of something

How would you interpret this poem?

in . ter . pre . ta . tion AWL / ɪnˌtərprəˈteɪʃn /

noun [count, noncount]

an explanation of something

What's your interpretation of these statistics?

in . ter . pret . er / m'tərprətər / noun

a person whose job is to translate what someone is saying into another language

in ter ro gate / interagent / verb

(in ter ro gates, in ter ro gat ing,

in ter ro gat ed)

to ask someone a lot of questions over a long period of time The prisoner was interrogated for six hours.

▶in .ter .ro .ga .tion / ɪnˌtɛrəˈgeɪʃn / noun

[count, noncount]

They took him away for interrogation.

in . ter . rupt 🥯 / ˌɪntəˈrʌpt / verb (in ter rupts, in ter rupt ing, in ter rupt ed)

1 to say or do something to stop someone from speaking or doing something

Please don't interrupt me when I'm speaking.

2 to stop something for a time

The game was interrupted by rain.

▶ in . ter . rup . tion / _intə¹rʌpʃn / noun

[count, noncount]

I can't do my homework here. There are too many interruptions.

in . ter . sec . tion / ˌɪntərˈsɛkʃn / noun [count] the place where two or more roads, lines, etc. meet and cross each other

Turn right at the next intersection.

in .ter .state / 'intersteit / noun [count]

a wide road for fast traffic that goes between states in the U.S.

Head south on Interstate 95 until you see the sign for Providence.

in . ter . val AWL / 'mtərvl / noun [count]

a period of time between two events

There was an interval of several weeks between the attacks.

in . ter . view 1 D / 'mtərvyu / noun [count]

1 a meeting when someone asks you questions to decide if you will get a job

I have a job interview tomorrow.

2 a meeting when someone answers questions for a newspaper or for a television or radio program There was an interview with the candidate on TV last

in . ter . view 2 / 'intervyu / verb

(in ter views, in ter view ing, in ter viewed) to ask someone questions in an interview They interviewed six people for the job.

▶in . ter . view . er / 'ıntərvyuər / noun [count] The interviewer asked me why I wanted the job.

in . tes . tine / m'testan / noun

[count]

($\mbox{\sc BIOLOGY}$) the tube in your body that carries food away from your stomach to the place where it leaves your body

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **body**.

in . ti . mate / 'intəmət / adjective (used about people) having a close relationship They're intimate friends.

→SYNONYM close

in . tim . i . date / m'timədeit / verb

(in tim i dates, in tim i dat ing, in tim i dat ed)

to frighten someone so that they do what you want them to *Don't let her threats intimidate you.*

▶ in . tim . i . dat . ing / in timederting / adjective The new coach is really intimidating.

▶in · tim · i · da · tion / ɪnˌtɪməˈdeɪʃn / noun
[noncount]

the intimidation of a witness

in . to 🔯 / 'ıntə ; 'ıntu / preposition

1 to the middle or the inside of something *Come into the kitchen.*

I went into town.

He fell into the river.

2 in the direction of something

Please speak into the microphone.

3 against something

The car crashed into a tree.

4 a word that shows how someone or something changes *When it is very cold, water changes into ice.*They made the room into a bedroom.

5 a word that you use when you divide a number *4 into 12 is 3.*

be into something

(informal)

to like something; to be interested in something *What kind of music are you into?*

in . tol . er . a . ble / m'talerebl / adjective so bad or difficult that you cannot accept it The situation was intolerable.

→SYNONYM unbearable

in .tra .net / 'intranet / noun

[count]

($\mbox{{\it COMPUTERS}}$) a system of computers inside an organization that makes it possible for people to share information

→ Look at Internet.

in . tran . Si . tive / m'trænsətıv / adjective (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) An intransitive verb does not have an object.

→ Look at transitive.

in . tri . cate / 'mtriket / adjective having a lot of small parts or complicated details an intricate design

in .trigue / m'trig / verb (in .trigues , in .trigu .ing , in .trigued)

to make someone very interested *His story intrigued me.*

▶in . trigu . ing / in trigin / adjective I find his novels intriguing.

in . tro . duce 🔯 / ˌmtrəˈdus / verb

(in $\mbox{-}tro\mbox{-}duc\mbox{-}es$, in $\mbox{-}tro\mbox{-}duc\mbox{-}ing$, in $\mbox{-}tro\mbox{-}duced$)

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ to bring people together for the first time and tell each of them the name of the other

She introduced me to her brother.

He introduced himself to me (= told me his name).

STYLE

When we introduce people we say **this is** not "he is" or "she is" and not "here is": *Jan, this is Bob.* ◆ *Bob, this is Jan*.

When you meet someone for the first time, you can say **Hello**, **how are you?** or **Nice to meet you**.

2 to bring in something new

This law was introduced in 2002.

in . tro . duc . tion 😂 / ˌɪntrəˈdʌkʃn / noun

1 [noncount] bringing in something new the introduction of computers into schools

2 [count] bringing people together to meet each other

 $\boldsymbol{3}$ [<code>count</code>] a piece of writing at the beginning of a book that tells you about the book

in .tro .vert / 'intravart / noun [count]

a quiet, shy person who finds it easier to be alone than with others \rightarrow ANTONYM extrovert

in .trud .er / m'trudər / noun [count]

a person who enters a place without permission *Police say the intruder was not armed.*

in . tu . i . tion / ˌɪntuˈɪʃn / noun

[count, noncount]

the feeling that you know something is true without being able to explain why

He seemed like a nice guy, but my intuition told me not to trust him.

In . u . it / 'muət; 'myuət / noun [plural]

a race of people from northern Canada and parts of Greenland and Alaska

in . vade / m'veid / verb

(in .vades, in .vad .ing, in .vad .ed)

to go into another country to attack it

Military forces invaded in March that year.

The noun is **invasion** .

► in .vad .er / m'veidər / noun [count]

They prepared to fight the invaders.

in . va . lid 1 / m'væled / adjective

not legally or officially acceptable

Your passport is invalid. →ANTONYM valid

in . va . lid 2 / 'mvələd / noun [count]

($\mbox{\sc HEALTH}$) a person who has been very sick for a long time and needs another person to take care of them

in . val . u . a . ble / m'vælyəbl / adjective very useful: Your help was invaluable.

Which word?

Be careful! **Invaluable** is not the opposite of **valuable** .

The opposite of valuable is worthless.

in . var . i . a . bly AWL / m'veriabli / adverb always or almost always

He invariably arrives late.

in . Va . Sion / m'ver3n / noun [count, noncount] a time when an army from one country goes into another country to attack it The verb is **invade**.

in . vent 🔯 / m'vent / verb

(in .vents, in .vent .ing, in .vent .ed)

1 to make or think of something for the first time *Who invented the bicycle?*

2 to say something that is not true

I realized that he had invented the whole story.

▶in .ven .tor / in venter / noun [count]

Marconi was the inventor of the radio.

in . ven . tion / m'venfn / noun

 ${f 1}$ [count] a thing that someone has made for the first time

2 [noncount] inventing something

The invention of the telephone changed the world.

in .ver .te .brate / m'vərtəbrət / noun

(BIOLOGY) any animal without a solid line of bones (a backbone) going along its body

worms and other invertebrates → ANTONYM vertebrate

in . vest AWL / m'vest / verb

(in vests in vest ing , in vest ed)

(BUSINESS) to give money to a business or bank so that you will get more money back

He invested all his money in the company.

▶in · vest · ment AWL / ɪnˈvεstmənt / noun

[count, noncount]

an investment of \$10,000

▶in · ves · tor AWL / in'vester / noun [count]

She was looking for investors for her new company.

in . ves . ti . gate AWL / m'vestagent / verb (in . ves . ti . gat . ing ,

in ves ti gat ed)

to try to find out about something

The police are investigating the murder.

►in · ves · ti · ga · tion AWL / ɪnˌvɛstə¹geɪʃn / noun [count, noncount]

The company is under investigation for fraud.

in . vis . i . ble AWL / m'vızəbl / adjective

If something is **invisible**, you cannot see it

Wind is invisible. → ANTONYM visible

in . vi . ta . tion 🔯 / ˌɪnvəˈteɪʃn / noun [count]

If you have an **invitation** to go somewhere, someone has spoken or written to you and asked you to go

Joe sent me an invitation to his birthday party.

in . vite 🥯 / m'vait / verb

(in .vites, in .vit .ing, in .vit .ed)

to ask someone to come to a party, to your house, etc. *Anna invited me to her party.*

Let's invite them over for dinner.

in . voice / 'mvois / noun [count]

($\mbox{\it BUSINESS}$) a list that shows how much you must pay for things that someone has sold you, or for work that someone has done for you

in . vol . un . tar . y / m'valenteri / adjective

done without wanting or meaning to an involuntary gasp of pain

in . volve DAWL / m'valv / verb

(in volves, in volv ing, in volved)

1 to have something as a part *The job involves using a computer.*

 ${f 2}$ If you ${f involve}$ someone in something, you make them take part in it

I want to involve more people in the concert.

in . volved AWL / m'valvd / adjective

taking part in something; being part of something or connected with something

I'm very involved in local politics.

We need to interview the people involved.

in .ward / 'inward / (also in .wards / 'inwardz /)

adverb

toward the inside or center

The doors open inward.

→ANTONYM outward

i.o.dine / 'arədam / noun [noncount]

(symbol I)

(CHEMISTRY) a dark substance that is found in the water in oceans. A liquid containing **iodine** is sometimes used to clean cuts on your skin.

IOU / aι ου 'yu / noun [count]

(informal)

a piece of paper that shows you promise to pay someone the money you owe them **IOU** is a way of writing "I owe you."

IPA / al pi 'el / abbreviation

(<code>ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS</code>) a system of symbols to show how words sound \mathbf{IPA} is short for "International Phonetic Alphabet."

Q / aı kyu / noun [count]

a way of measuring how intelligent someone is *She has an IQ of 128.*

IQ is short for "intelligence quotient."

PREFIX

ir-

(used with words beginning with "r") not; the opposite of

ir regular

ir relevant

ir responsible

ir resistible

i .ron 1 [©]/ 'aɪərn / noun

1 [noncount] (symbol Fe) (CHEMISTRY) a strong hard metal

The gates are made of iron.

an iron bar

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ [<code>count]</code> a piece of electrical equipment that gets hot and that you use for making clothes smooth

Don't forget to unplug the iron.

i . ron 2 / 'aıərn /

verb

(i rons, i ron ing,

i roned)

to make clothes smooth using an **iron** 1 (2)

Can you iron this shirt for me?

▶i .ron .ing

/ 'aɪərnɪŋ / noun

[noncount]

clothes that need to be **ironed**

I usually do the ironing on Sunday night.



i . ron . ic / ar'ranık / adjective

meaning the opposite of what you say

When I said it was a beautiful day, I was being ironic.

i . ron . ing board / 'alernin bord / noun

a special long table where you iron clothes

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **iron**.

i · ro · ny / 'arreni / noun [count, noncount] (plural i · ro · nies)

a strange or unusual part of a situation that is different from what you expect

The irony is that when she finally got the job, she discovered she didn't like it.

ir · ra · tion · al AWL / r'ræfənl / adjective not based on facts; not sensible an irrational fear of worms

→ANTONYM rational

►ir ·ra ·tion ·al ·ly AWL / r'ræʃənəli / adverb to behave irrationally

ir . reg . u . lar / ɪˈrɛgyələr / adjective

1 happening at different times *Their visits were irregular.*

2 (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) A word that is **irregular** does not have the usual verb forms or plural "Catch" is an irregular verb.

→ANTONYM regular

ir .rel .e .vant AWL / 1'relevent / adjective not connected with something and not important Your point is completely irrelevant to the discussion.

→ANTONYM relevant

ir .re .sis .ti .ble / _irr'zistabl / adjective so powerful or attractive that you cannot stop yourself from wanting or doing it

Those chocolates look irresistible.

ir · re · spon · si · ble / ˌɪrɪˈspansəbl / adjective

not thinking about the effect your actions will have; not sensible

It was irresponsible of him to leave his little sister alone in the house.

→ANTONYM responsible

ir . ri . gate / 'ırəgeit / verb

(ir ri gates, ir ri gat ing, ir ri gat ed)

to supply water to land for growing food, using pipes or other equipment

▶ir · ri · ga · tion / ˌɪrə¹geɪʃn / noun [noncount]

ir . ri . ta . ble / 'rrətəbl / adjective

becoming angry easily

He's very irritable in the morning.

ir . ri . tate / 'ırəteit / verb

(ir ri tates, ir ri tat ing, ir ri tat ed)

1 to make someone angry

He irritates me when he asks so many questions.

2 (HEALTH) to make a part of your body hurt a little *Cigarette smoke irritates my eyes.*

 $\blacktriangleright ir \cdot ri \cdot ta \cdot tion \ / \ _{_{I}} ire' te \imath (\!\!\lceil \!\! n \!\!\rceil / noun \ [\ count, \ noncount \]$

This plant can cause irritation to your skin.

▶ir · ri · tat · ing / ˈɪrəteɪtɪŋ / adjective

is / ız / form of be

SUFFIX

-ish

1 (in adjectives and nouns) describing nationality or language

Engl ish

Pol ish

2 (in adjectives) similar to

baby ish

child ish

3 (in adjectives) fairly; kind of

long ish

brown ish

Is . lam / is'lam; 'izlam / noun [noncount]

(RELIGION) the religion of Muslim people. **Islam** teaches that there is only one God and that Muhammad is his **Prophet** (= the person that God has chosen to give his message to people).

▶ Is . lam . ic / ıs'læmık ; ız'læmık / adjective the Islamic faith

is . land 2 / 'ailand / noun [count]

PRONUNCIATION

The word island sounds like highland , because we don't say the letter \boldsymbol{s} in this word.

(GEOGRAPHY) a piece of land with water all around it the Caribbean islands

is . n't / 'ıznt / short for is not

i . so . late AWL / 'arsəleit / verb (i . so . lates ,

i so lat ing, i so lat ed)

to keep someone or something separate from other people or things

If we isolate the animals that have the disease, the others won't catch it.

▶i · so · la · tion $\frac{AWL}{AWL}$ / ¡aɪsə'leɪʃn / noun [noncount] The prisoner was kept in isolation for 24 hours.

i .so .lat .ed / 'aisəleitəd / adjective

far from other people or things an isolated house in the mountains

1 an important problem that people talk about *Pollution is a serious issue.*

 ${f 2}$ a magazine or newspaper of a particular day, week, or month

Have you read this week's issue?

is . sue 2 / 'ıfu / verb

(is sues, is su ing, is sued)

to give or say something officially

The soldiers were issued with uniforms.

The police department has issued a statement.

SUFFIX

-ist

(in nouns)

1 a person who has studied something or who does something as a job

art ist

econom ist

scient ist

2 a person who believes in something or belongs to a particular group

capital ist

commun ist

femin ist

T / aɪ 'ti / noun [noncount]

(COMPUTERS) the study or use of computers and other electronic equipment to store and send information **IT** is short for "Information Technology."

it 🔯 / ıt / pronoun (plural they/ ðeɪ / them / ðɛm /)

1 a word that shows a thing or animal

I like your shirt. Is it new?

Where's the coffee? I can't find it.

2 a word that points to an idea that follows

It's hard to learn a new language.

3 a word that shows who someone is

"Who's at the door?" "It's Joe."

4 a word at the beginning of a sentence about time, the weather, or distance

It's six o'clock.

It's hot today.

It's 100 miles from here to Philadelphia.

i .tal .ics / r'tæliks / noun [plural]

a type of writing or printing in which the letters do not stand straight up

This sentence is in italics.

▶i ·tal ·ic / ɪˈtælɪk / adjective

italic writing

itch / rtʃ / noun [count] (plural itch es)

the feeling on your skin that makes you want to rub or scratch it

I have an itch on my back.

▶itch verb (itch es, itch ing, itched)

My nose itches.

Mosquito bites really itch.

itch · y / ɪtʃi / adjective (itch · i · er , itch · i · est)

having or producing an itch

an itchy sweater

I feel itchy all over.

it'd / 'ıtəd /

short for it had, it would

i . tem 🔯 🗚 / ˈaɪtəm / noun [count]

1 one thing in a list or group of things

What is the first item on the agenda?

an item of clothing

2 a piece of news

There was an interesting news item about the Olympics.

i . tin . er . ar . y / ar timereri / noun [count] (plural i . tin . er . ar . ies)

a plan of a trip, including which way you will go, the places you will visit, etc.

I'll e-mail you my itinerary for my trip to San Francisco.

it'll / 'rtl /

short for it will

its 🥯 / ıts / adjective

of the thing or animal that you have just talked about *The dog hurt its leg.*

The company has its annual meeting in June.

Which word?

Its or it's?

Be careful! **It's** is a short way of saying "it is" or "it has": **It's** (= it is) cold today. ◆ **It's** (= it has) been raining.

Its means "belonging to it": The bird had broken its wing.

it's / its /

short for it is, it has

it . self 🥯 / ɪtˈsɛlf / pronoun

(plural them selves / ðəmˈsɛlvz /)

1 a word that shows the same thing or animal that you have just talked about

The cat was washing itself.

2 a word that makes "it" stronger

The hotel itself was nice, but I didn't like the area.

by itself

1 without being controlled by a person

The machine will start by itself.

2 alone

The house stands by itself at the end of a dirt road.

've / arv /

short for I have

i . VO . ry / 'arvəri / noun [noncount]

the hard, white substance that the long teeth (called **tusks**) of an **elephant** (= a very large gray animal with big ears) are made of

i . Vy / 'arvi / noun [noncount]

a plant with dark green leaves that climbs up walls or trees

the I .vy League / ði arvi 'lig / noun

[singular]

a group of eight private colleges and universities in the north of the U.S. that are old and respected an Ivy League education



J, j / dʒeɪ / noun [count, noncount]

(plural J's, j's / d3eiz /)

the tenth letter of the English alphabet

"June" begins with a "J."

jab / d3æb / verb (jabs , jab bing , jabbed)

to push at someone with a sudden rough movement *She jabbed me in the stomach with her elbow.*

▶jab noun [count]

I felt a jab in my ribs.

jack / d3æk / noun

[count

the playing card that has a picture of a young man on it the jack of hearts

jack . et 🥯 / ˈdʒækət / noun

[count]

a short coat with sleeves

→ Look at the picture at clothes .

jack . knife / 'dʒæknaɪf / noun [count]

(plural jack knives / 'd3æknavz /)

a small knife with one or more sharp parts (called **blades**) that fold down into the handle

→SYNONYM pocketknife

jack-o'-lan .tern / ˈdʒæk ə ˌlæntərn / noun

[count]

a large, round, orange vegetable (called a **pumpkin**) with a face cut into it, usually with a light inside. People make **jack-o'-lanterns** for **Halloween** (= October 31).

Culture

In the past, people believed that dead people appeared from their graves on Halloween.

Nowadays, children dress up as witches, ghosts, etc. and go to people's houses saying " trick or treat," and the people give them candy.

People also make jack-o'-lanterns, where they cut shapes into a **pumpkin** (= a large orange vegetable) so that it looks like a face, and put a light inside.

jack . pot / 'dzækpat / noun

[count]

the largest money prize you can win in a game The lottery jackpot is \$5 million.

jade / dgeid / noun

[noncount]

a hard, green stone that is used for making jewelry a jade necklace

jag . ged / 'dageged / adjective rough, with a lot of sharp points jagged rocks

jag . uar / ˈdʒægwar / noun

a large wild cat with black spots that lives in Central and South America

jail / dgeil / noun

[count, noncount]

a prison

He was sent to jail for two years.

▶ jail verb (jails , jail ing , jailed)

She was jailed for fraud.

jam 1 / d₃æm / noun

1 [noncount] sweet food made from fruit and sugar. You eat jam on bread

a jar of strawberry jam

 \rightarrow Look at jelly.

2 [count] a situation in which you cannot move because there are too many people or vehicles

jam 2 / d3æm / verb (jams, jam ming, jammed)

1 to push something into a place where there is not much <code>[plural]</code> space

She jammed all her clothes into a suitcase.

2 to fix something or to become fixed so that you cannot

I can't open the window. It's jammed.

jan . i . tor / ˈdʒænətər / noun

[count]

a person whose job is to clean a large building

Jan . u . ar . y 🥯 / ˈdʒænyuɛri / noun

[count, noncount] (abbreviation Jan.)

the first month of the year

iar / daar / noun [count]

a glass container for food a jar of honey

→ Look at the picture at container.

jar .gon / 'dʒargən / noun

[noncount]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) special or technical words that are used by a particular group of people, and that other people do not understand

I tried to read the contract, but there was too much legal jargon for me.

jave . lin / 'dʒævələn / noun

(SPORTS)

1 [count] a long, pointed stick that people throw as a sport

2 the javelin [singular] the event or sport of throwing the javelin

the javelin



javelin

jaw / d30 / noun

[count]

one of the two bones in the head of a person or animal that hold the teeth

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **face**.

jazz / dzæz/ noun

[noncount]

(MUSIC) a kind of music with a strong beat a jazz band

jeal . ous / 'dʒɛləs / adjective

1 angry or sad because you want what another person has Ben was jealous of his brother's new car.

→SYNONYM envious

2 angry or sad because you are afraid of losing someone's

Sarah's boyfriend gets jealous if she talks to other guys.

▶ jeal · ous · y / ˈdʒɛləsi / noun

[noncount]

He felt sick with jealousy.

ieans 🥯 / dainz / noun

pants made of strong cotton material (called denim). **Jeans** are usually blue

a pair of jeans

He wore jeans and a T-shirt.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at clothes.

JeepTM / d₃ip / noun

[count]

a strong car that can go well over rough land

Jeer / d₃₁r / verb (jeers , jeer ling , jeered)

to laugh or shout at someone in an unkind way that shows you do not respect them

The crowd jeered at him.

jell . O (also Jell-O™) / 'dʒɛloʊ / noun

[noncount]

a soft food with a fruit flavor, which shakes when you move

jel . ly / ˈdʒɛli / noun

[noncount]

a sweet, smooth food made from fruit, which you eat on bread

a peanut butter and jelly sandwich grape jelly

jel . ly . fish / 'dʒɛlifɪʃ /

noun [count] (plural jel ly fish or jel .ly .fish .es)

an animal with a soft, pale body that lives in the ocean. Jellyfish have long thin parts that hang down and can hurt (or sting) you.





jew .el .ry / 'dzuəlri / noun

[noncount]

objects that people wear to decorate their fingers, ears, arms, etc.

a piece of gold jewelry a jewelry store





bracelet



necklace







ring

(also puz zle) noun [count]

a picture in many pieces that you put together

jigsaw puzzle

jig saw puz zle / dzigso pazl /



jerk 1 / dʒərk / *verb* (jerks , jerk ing , jerked)

to move quickly or suddenly; to pull or make something move like this

The car jerked forward. She jerked the door open.

ierk 2 / dʒərk / noun [count]

1 (informal) a person who behaves in an unkind or stupid way

I'm sorry I hurt your feelings. I feel like such a jerk.

2 a sudden sharp movement The bus started with a jerk.

jer . **Sey** / 'dʒərzi / noun [count]

(plural jer seys)

a shirt that is part of a sports uniform a football jersey

Je · sus / 'd3izəs /

(also Je sus Christ / dzizəs kraist /) noun

(RELIGION) the man who Christians believe is the Son of God

jet / dʒɛt / noun [count]

1 a type of fast, modern airplane

2 liquid or gas that comes very fast out of a small hole a jet of gas jets of water

jet lag / 'dʒɛt læg / noun

[noncount]

the feeling of being very tired after a long airplane trip to a place where the local time is different

Jew / d₃u / noun

[count]

(RELIGION) a person who follows the religion of Judaism

► Jew . ish / 'dʒuɪʃ / adjective

She is Jewish.

the Jewish holidays

jew .el / 'dʒuəl / noun

a beautiful stone that is very valuable diamonds, rubies, and other jewels

→SYNONYM gem

jew .el .er / 'dzuələr / noun

[count]

a person who sells, makes, or repairs jewelry and watches

jin . gle / 'dʒɪŋgl / verb (jin . gles , jin . gling ,

jin gled)

to make a pleasant sound like small bells; to cause something to make this sound She jingled the coins in her pocket.

jinx / dʒɪŋks / *noun* [singular]

bad luck, or a person or thing that brings bad luck

jinx *verb* (jinx es , jinx ing , jinxed)

to make someone have bad luck

▶ jinxed / dʒɪŋkst / adjective

having a lot of bad luck

After my third accident in a month, I began to think I was jinxed.

job 🥯 / dʒab/ *noun* **[** count]

1 the work that you do for money She got a job as a waitress.

Peter just lost his job.

Word building

When you apply for a job, you fill out an application form or you send a letter and your résumé (= a list of your experience and education).

You have an interview, and the employer asks for references (= letters from other people saying what you can do) . Some jobs are full-time and some are part-time .

If you **get fired**, you lose your job. When you reach a certain age, you **retire** (= stop working).

To find out what someone's job is, we say: What do you do?

2 something that you must do

I have a lot of jobs to do around the house.

do a good job

to do something well

You did a good job on your homework.

out of a job

without paid work

→SYNONYM unemployed

Thesaurus

job the work that you do to earn money: My dad told me to go out and get a job. ◆ She's trying to find a full-time job. ◆ I'm only doing my job (= I'm doing what I am paid to do). ◆ He's looking for a job in teaching.

work the job that you do to earn money. Work is a noncount noun, so you cannot say "a work" or "works": It's very difficult to find work in this city. ◆ I've been out of work (= without a job) for almost a year. ◆ She goes jogging every morning before work. employment the state of having a job that you are paid to do. This is a noncount noun, and is a more formal word than work and job : The company provides employment for 150 staff. ◆ I'm only looking for part-time employment right now.

career the jobs that someone has in a particular area of work over a period of time. Your **career** often involves several jobs, which usually involve more responsibility as time passes: a teaching career ◆ a career in politics ◆ Why did you decide on a career as a vet?

profession a job that needs special training and higher education: the legal profession \spadesuit She hopes to enter the medical profession. \spadesuit He's a teacher by profession.

jock . **ey** / 'dʒaki / *noun* [count] (*plural* **jock** . **eys**) (SPORTS) a person who rides horses in races

jog / d3ag / verb (jogs, jog ging, jogged)

to run slowly for exercise

I jogged around the park.

 $I\,go\,jogging\,\,every\,\,morning.$

▶jog *noun* [singular]

She goes for a jog before breakfast.

▶jog · **ger** / 'dʒɑgər / **noun** [count] a person who goes **jogging** for exercise

join 🥯 / dʒɔɪn / *verb* (joins , join ling , joined)

1 to become a member of a group *He joined the army.*

Would you like to join our book club?

2 to come together with someone or something *Will you join us for dinner?*

This road joins the main highway soon.

3 to bring or fasten one thing to another thing *The tunnel joins New York to New Jersey.*

Join the two pieces of wood together.

join in to do something with other people

Everyone started singing, but he refused to join in.

joint 1 / dʒɔɪnt / *adjective*

involving two or more people together

The report was a joint effort (= we worked on it together). My wife and I have a joint bank account.

joint 2 / dʒɔɪnt / noun [count]

1 a part of your body where two bones fit together and you are able to bend

2 a place where two parts of something join together *the joints of the pipe*

joke 1 🥯 / dʒoʊk / noun

[count

something that you say or do to make people laugh, for example a funny story that you tell *She told us a joke* .

I didn't get the joke (= understand it) .

joke 2 2 / dzook / verb (jokes, jok ing, joked) to tell funny stories; to say things that are funny but not true

They were laughing and joking together.

I didn't mean what I said – I was only joking.

jok .er / 'd3ookar / noun

[count]

1 a person who likes to tell jokes or play tricks

2 an extra card which can be used instead of any card in some games

Did you take the jokers out of the deck?

jol · **ly** / 'd3ali / *adjective* (jol · li · er , jol · li · est) happy and full of fun

jolt / d3oolt / verb (jolts , jolt ing , jolt ed)

to move or to make someone or something move in a sudden rough way

The bus jolted to a stop.

The crash jolted us forward.

→SYNONYM jerk

▶ jolt noun [count, usually singular]

The train stopped with a jolt.

jot / d3at / verb (jots, jot ting, jot ted) jot something down to write something quickly I jotted down his phone number.

jour . nal AWL / 'dʒərnl / noun

[count]

1 a magazine about one particular thing a *medical journal*

2 a book where you write what you have done each day *Do you keep a journal?*

→SYNONYM diary

jour .nal .ism / 'dʒərnəl•ızəm / noun

[noncount]

the work of collecting and reporting news for newspapers, television, etc.

jour .nal .ist / 'dʒərnəl•ıst / noun [count]

a person whose job is to collect and report news for newspapers, television, etc.

jour . ney / ˈdʒərni / *noun* [count]

(plural jour neys)

a long trip from one place to another

The book is about her journey through South America.

Thesaurus

trip an act of traveling from one place to another, and usually back again. A **trip** can be short or long, and can be for business or pleasure: a **business trip** \spadesuit a round-the-world trip \spadesuit a trip to the grocery store \spadesuit They **took** a **trip** down the river. \spadesuit We just got back from our trip to Japan. We had a great time.

travel the general activity of moving from place to place. With this meaning, travel is a noncount noun. A person's travels are the time he or she spends traveling, especially in foreign countries and for pleasure: air/rail/space travel ◆ Foreign travel is very popular these days. ◆ The book is about her travels around Europe.

journey a long and often difficult trip from one place to another: It was a dangerous journey across the mountains. • They continued their journey on foot.

expedition a long, organized trip to find out about a place or to do something special: He **led** the first **expedition** to the North Pole. ◆ She **made** two **expeditions** to Brazil to study the wild plants.

voyage a long trip by water or in space: The Titantic sank on its first voyage. ◆ The spacecraft began its voyage to Jupiter.

joy / dʒɔɪ / *noun* [noncount]

a very happy feeling

Their children give them so much joy.

▶joy .ful / 'dʒɔɪfl / adjective

very happy

a joyful occasion

joy . stick / 'dʒəɪstɪk / noun

[count]

a handle that you move to control something, for example a computer game

Jr.

abbreviation of Junior Martin Luther King, Jr.

Ju .da .ism / 'dʒudɪˌɪzəm / noun

[noncount

(**RELIGION**) the religion of the Jewish people

judge 1 🍮 / dʒʌdʒ / noun [count]

1 the person in a court of law who decides how to punish someone

The judge sent him to prison for 20 years.

2 a person who chooses the winner of a competition

 ${f 1}$ to have or to form an opinion about someone or something

It's difficult to judge how long the project will take.

2 to decide who or what wins a competition *The principal judged the poster competition.*

judg . ment (also judge . ment) / 'dʒʌdʒmənt / noun

1 [noncount] your ability to form opinions or make sensible decisions

Use your judgment (= you decide).

In my judgment, she will do the job very well.

2 [count, noncount] the decision of a judge in a court of law

ju . di . cial / dʒuˈdɪʃl / adjective

connected with a court of law, a judge, or a judgment the court's judicial powers

the judicial branch of the federal government

Word building

The U.S. Government

The government in the U.S. is divided into three parts: the legislative branch , the executive branch , and the judicial branch .

The legislative branch is responsible for making laws. This is the U.S. Congress, which is made up of two groups of people: the Senate and the House of Representatives.

The executive branch is led by the president, and includes the vice president and the rest of the Cabinet (= other important politicians).

The judicial branch includes the **Supreme Court** , which is the most important court in the country.

ju .do / 'dʒudoυ / noun [noncount]

($\mbox{\sc sport}$) a sport where two people fight and try to throw each other onto the floor

jug / d₃Ag / noun [count] a container with a handle and a small hole at the top, which you use for holding liquids a jug of wine



jug gle / 'dʒʌgl / verb (jug gles , jug gled)

1 to keep two or more things in the air by throwing and catching them quickly

2 to try to do two or more important jobs or activities at the same time

She's trying to juggle her career with raising a family.

►jug . gler / 'dʒʌglər / noun [count]



juice 🥯 / dʒus / *noun* [count, noncount]

PRONUNCIATION

The word juice sounds like loose.

the liquid from fruit and vegetables a glass of orange juice

juic · **y** / ˈdʒusi / *adjective* (juic · i · er, juic · i · est) full of juice juicy tomatoes

juke . **box** / 'dʒukbaks/ *noun* [count]

(plural juke box es)

($\mbox{\sc MUSIC}$) a machine in a bar or restaurant that plays music when you put money in it

Ju . Ly \bigcirc / d_{30} lar / *noun* [count, noncount] (abbreviation Jul.)

the seventh month of the year

jum . **ble** / 'dʒʌmbl / *noun* [singular] a lot of things that are mixed together in a messy way a jumble of old clothes and books

▶jum . bled / 'dʒʌmbld / adjective a jumbled heap of old toys

jum . bo / 'dʒʌmboʊ / adjective

(informal)

very large

jumbo shrimp with garlic sauce

jump 🥯 / dʒʌmp / verb (jumps , jump ing , jumped)

1 to move quickly off the ground, using your legs to push you up

The cat jumped onto the table.

The horse jumped over the wall.

2 to move quickly

He jumped into the car and drove away.

3 to move suddenly because you are surprised or scared A loud noise made me jump.

4 to increase suddenly by a large amount

His salary jumped by \$20,000 when he got promoted.

jump at something to accept an opportunity or an offer with enthusiasm

Of course, I jumped at the chance to work in New York for a year.

jump rope

to jump many times over a rope that is turning, as a game **junk food** / 'dʒʌŋk fud / noun [noncount] or as a form of exercise

The children are outside jumping rope.

jump noun [count]

With a huge jump the horse cleared the fence.

jump rope / 'dʒʌmp roʊp / noun [count]

a rope that you use for jumping over again and again as a game or as a form of exercise

jump . **y** / 'dʒʌmpi / *adjective*

(jump i er, jump i est) (informal)

nervous or worried

Why are you so jumpy today?

junc . tion / 'dʒʌŋkʃn / noun [count]

a place where roads or railroad lines meet

There was an accident at the junction of Mill Road and Route 7.

June 🥯 / dʒun / noun [count, noncount] (abbreviation Jun.)

the sixth month of the year

jun .gle / 'dʒʌŋgl / noun [count, noncount]

(GEOGRAPHY) a thick forest in a hot part of the world the jungles of South America

jun . **ior** 1 / 'dʒunyər / *adjective*

1 connected with the third year of high school or college I spent my junior year abroad in Paris.

2 Junior (*abbreviation* Jr.) a word that is used after the name of a son who has the same name as his father Martin Luther King, Jr.

3 having a lower position or less experience in an organization

a junior senator

4 of or for children below a particular age the junior tennis championships

 \rightarrow Look at senior.

jun . ior 2 / 'dʒunyər / noun [count]

a student in eleventh grade in high school or the third year of college

a high school junior

 \rightarrow Look at freshman, senior 2 (1), sophomore.

jun .ior col .lege / dgunyər kalıda / noun

a college where you can study for two years to get a degree (called an associate's degree) or prepare for another college or university

→ Look at community college.

jun ior high school / dgunyer har skul /

(also jun .ior high) noun [count, noncount] a school for children between the ages of about 11 and 14

Word building

In the U.S., children start elementary school when they are 5. The first year of this is called kindergarten . When children are around 11 years old, they move to middle school (or junior high school), and when they reach the age of around 14, they start high school. Each year of school is called a grade. When a child is around 6 years old they are in first grade, and the last year of high school is the twelfth grade.

junk / dʒʌŋk/ *noun*

[noncount]

things that are old or have no use

The garage is full of junk.

(informal)

food that is quick and easy to prepare and eat, but that is bad for your health

junk mail / 'dʒʌŋk meɪl / noun

I noncount 1

advertisements that companies send to people who have not asked for them

 \rightarrow Look at spam.

ju ·ry / ˈdʒʊri / *noun* [count] (*plural* **ju ·ries**)

a group of people in a court of law who decide if someone has done something wrong or not

The jury decided that the woman was guilty of killing her husband.

just 1 ²² / d₃\(\text{st}\) adverb

1 exactly

This jacket is just my size.

You're just in time .

She looks just like her mother.

2 a very short time before

I just heard the news.

Jim isn't here – he just went out.

3 at this or that moment; now or very soon

I'm just going to make some coffee.

She called just as I was going to bed.

4 a word that makes what you say stronger

Just look at that funny little dog!

5 only

It's just a small gift.

just about

(informal)

almost; very nearly

I've met just about everyone.

just a minute ; just a moment

used for asking someone to wait for a short time Just a moment - there's someone at the door.

just 2 / d₃/st / *adjective* fair and right

a just punishment

→ANTONYM unjust

jus . tice / 'dʒʌstəs / noun

1 [noncount] treatment of people in a fair way *the struggle for justice*

→ANTONYM injustice

2 [noncount] the law the criminal justice system

3 [count] a judge in an important court of law a Supreme Court justice

jus . ti . fi . ca . tion AWL / ˌdʒʌstəfəˈkeɪʃn /

noun [count, noncount]

a good reason for doing something

There's no justification for firing hi

There's no justification for firing him.

jus . ti . fy AWL / 'dʒʌstəfaɪ / verb (jus . ti . fies , jus . ti . fy . ing , jus . ti . fied , has jus . ti . fied) to give or be a good reason for something

ju . ve . nile / 'dʒuvənaıl ; 'dʒuvənl / adjective (formal)

connected with young people who are not yet adults *juvenile crime*

▶ju .ve .nile noun [count]

Can you justify what you did?



K, **k** / ker / noun [count, noncount] (plural K's, k's / kerz /) the eleventh letter of the English alphabet "King" begins with a "K."

kan .ga .roo / ˌkæŋgəˈru /

noun [count]

(plural kan ga roos)

an Australian animal that jumps on its strong back legs and carries its babies in a pocket on its front





ka .ra .te / kəˈrɑti / noun

[noncount]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{SPORTS}}$) a Japanese sport where people fight with their hands and feet

kay .ak

/ ˈkaɪæk / noun

[count]

a light narrow boat for one person, which you move through the water using a piece of wood with a flat part at each end (called a paddle)

kayak



keen / kin / adjective

(keen er , keen est)

1 very good or strong

keen eyesight

2 wanting to do something

Mike was keen to go out, but I wanted to stay at home.

keep 🔯 / kip / verb

(keeps, keep ing, kept

/ kept / has kept)

1 to continue to have something

You can keep that book - I don't need it.

2 to stay in a particular state or condition

We tried to keep warm.

 ${f 3}$ to make someone or something stay in a particular state or condition

Keep this door closed.

I'm sorry to keep you waiting.

4 to put or store something in a particular place

Where do you keep the coffee?

5 to continue doing something; to do something many times

Keep driving until you see the gas station, then turn left.

She keeps forgetting my name.

6 to do what you promised or arranged

I always keep my promises.

Can you keep a secret?

7 to stay fresh

Will this fish keep until tomorrow?

keep away from someone or **something** to not go near someone or something

Keep away from the river, children.

keep someone from doing something to stop someone from doing something

You can't keep me from going out!

keep going to continue

I was very tired, but I kept going to the end of the race.

keep off something to not go on something

Keep off the grass!

keep on doing something to continue doing something; to do something many times

That man keeps on looking at me.

keep out to stay outside

The sign on the door said "Danger. Keep out!"

keep someone or **something out** to stop someone or something from going in

We put a fence around the yard to keep the deer out.

keep up with someone or something to go as fast as another person or thing so that you are together *Don't walk so quickly – I can't keep up with you.*

ken nel / kenl / noun

[count

a place where dogs can stay while their owners are away

kept

form of keep

ker . o . sene / 'kerəsin / noun

[noncount

a type of oil that people burn to produce heat or light

ketch . up / 'ketsəp / noun

[noncount]

a cold sauce made from tomatoes

ket .tle / 'ketl / (also tea .ket .tle / 'tiˌketl /) noun

[count]

a container with a handle, for boiling water

key 1 6 / ki / noun [count]

1 a piece of metal that opens or closes a lock *Have you seen my car keys?*

2 something that helps you achieve or understand something

A good education is the key to success.

3 one of the parts of a computer, a piano, or other musical instrument that you press with your fingers

Press the escape key to exit the program.

Pianos have black and white keys.

→ Look at the picture at computer .

 $\boldsymbol{4}$ ($\mbox{\scriptsize MUSIC}$) a set of musical notes that is based on one particular note

This piece is in the key of A minor.

5 answers to questions

Check your answers with the key at the back of the book.

keys





piano keys

key

Key 2 / ki / verb (keys, key ing, keyed)

key something in to put words or numbers into a computer by pressing the keys *Key in your password.*

key . board / 'kibord / noun [count]

1 all the keys on a computer or piano Look at the picture at computer.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ ($\mbox{\scriptsize MUSIC}$) a musical instrument like a small electrical piano

key . **hole** / 'kihoʊl / *noun* [count] a hole in a lock where you put a key

key ring / 'ki rɪŋ / *noun* [count] a metal ring that you keep keys on

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **key**.

kg

abbreviation of kilogram

khak . i / 'kæki / adjective

having the pale brown-green or brown-yellow color of a soldier's uniform

khaki pants

khak .i noun [noncount]

khak . is / 'kækiz / noun [plural]

a pair of pants that are a brown-green or light brown color a pair of khakis and a casual shirt

KiCK 1 2 / kik / verb (kicks, kick ling, kicked)

1 to hit someone or something with your foot *I kicked the ball to Chris.*

2 to move your foot or feet up and down quickly *The little boy was kicking and screaming.*

kick off

(informal)

to begin an event

He kicked off his latest tour in Chicago last week.

kick someone out

(informal)

to make someone leave a place

He was kicked out of school for fighting.

kick 2 00 / kik / noun

[count]

1 a movement with your foot or your leg, usually to hit something with your foot

If the door won't open, give it a kick.

2 (*informal*) a feeling of excitement

He gets a kick out of driving fast cars.

kick . off / 'kikof / noun

[count]

(SPORTS) the start of a game of football *Kickoff* is at 4 p.m.

kid 1 0 / kid / noun [count]

1 (informal) a child

How old are your kids?

He's a smart kid.

2 a young **goat** (= an animal with horns that lives in mountain areas)

kid 2 2 / kid / verb (kids, kid ding, kid ded) (informal)

to say something that it not true, as a joke *I didn't mean it. I was just kidding.*

kid nap / kidnæp / verb

(kid .naps , kid .nap .ping , kid .napped)

to take someone away and hide them, so that their family or friends will pay money to free them

▶kid .nap .per / 'kıdnæpər / noun [count]

The kidnappers are demanding a ransom of \$1 million.

▶kid . nap . ping / 'kıdnæpıŋ / noun

[count, noncount]

the kidnapping of 12 U.S. citizens

kid . ney / 'kıdni / noun [count]

(plural kid neys)

(BIOLOGY) one of the two parts inside your body that take waste liquid from your blood

Kill [©]/ kıl / verb (kills , kill ling , killed)

to make someone or something die

Three people were killed in the accident.

If you water this plant too much, you'll kill it.

▶kill .er / 'kılər / noun [count]

a person, animal, or thing that kills

ki.lo / 'kilov / noun [count] (plural ki.los)

short for kilogram

kil .o .byte / 'kıləbaıt / noun [count]

(abbreviation KB)

(COMPUTERS) a unit of computer memory, equal to just over a thousand bytes (= small units of information)

→ Look at gigabyte, megabyte.

kil . o . gram ²⁰/ 'kıləgræm / (also ki . lo) noun

[count] (abbreviation kg)

a measure of weight. There are 1,000 **grams**, or around 2.2 **pounds**, in a **kilogram**

I bought two kilos of potatoes.

kil . o . me . ter 🥯 / kı'lamətər ; 'kıləmitər / noun

[count](abbreviation km)

a measure of length. There are 1,000 **meters**, or around 0.62 **miles**, in a kilometer.

kin / kin / noun [plural]

(formal)

the people in your family

Who is your next of kin (= your closest family member)?

kind 1 6 / kaind / noun

[count]

a group of things or people that are the same in some way What kind of music do you like?

The bakery sells ten different kinds of bread.

→SYNONYM type

kind of

(informal)

a little; slightly

He looks kind of tired.

kind 200/ kaind / adjective

(kind er, kind est)

friendly and good to other people "Can I carry your bag?" "Thanks. That's very kind of you."

Be kind to animals.

→ANTONYM unkind

▶kind .ly / 'kaındli / adverb

She kindly drove me to the train station.

kin . der . gar . ten / 'kındər,gartn / noun

[count, noncount]

the first year of school for children, which they start when they are around 5 years old

Hannah's in kindergarten this year. Next year she'll start first grade.

Word building

In the U.S., children start **elementary school** when they are 5. The first year of this is called kindergarten

When children are around 11 years old, they move to **middle school** (or **junior high school**), and when they reach the age of around 14, they start **high school** .

Each year of school is called a ${f grade}$. When a child is around 6 years old they are in ${f first\ grade}$, and the last year of high school is the ${f twelfth\ grade}$.

kind . ness 💁 / 'kaındnəs / noun

[noncount]

the quality of being kind: Thank you for your kindness.

king 🥯/ kıŋ / noun

[count]

a man from a royal family who rules a country the king of $Jordan \rightarrow Look$ at queen.

king . dom / 'kıŋdəm / noun

[count]

a country where a king or queen rules the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

kiss 💁 / kıs / verb

(kiss es, kiss ing, kissed)

to touch someone with your lips to show love or to say hello or goodbye: *She kissed me on the cheek.*

They kissed, and then he left.

▶kiss noun [count] (plural kiss es)

Give me a kiss!

Kit / kit / noun

[count]

1 a set of equipment or tools that you need for a particular purpose: *a first-aid kit*

2 a set of small pieces that you put together to make something: *a model airplane kit*

kitch .en / 'kıtʃən / noun

[count]

a room where you cook food

kitchen utensils



can opener





COT NOCTOR



ladle whisk

kite / kart / noun [count] a toy that you fly in the wind on a long piece of string

kite



kit . ten (a) / 'kitn / noun [count] a young cat

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at cat.

ki . **Wi** / 'kiwi / *noun* [count] (*plural* ki . wis) (also ki . wi fruit / 'kiwi frut / *plural* ki . wi fruit) a small, green fruit with black seeds and rough, brown skin → *Look at the picture at* fruit .

Kleen .ex[™] / 'klinɛks / noun [count, noncount] (plural Kleen .ex .es)

a thin piece of soft paper that you use to clean your nose →SYNONYM tissue

km

abbreviation of kilometer

knead / nid / verb

(kneads, knead ing, knead ed)

to press and stretch a mixture of flour and water (called dough) to make bread

PRONUNCIATION

If a word starts with the letters KN, the K is always silent. So the word knead sounds like need, know sounds like no, and knight sounds like night.

knee 5 / ni / noun [count]

the part in the middle of your leg where it bends *I fell down and cut my knee.*

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **leg**.

knee .cap / 'nikæp / noun [count] the bone that covers the front of your knee

kneel / nil / verb (kneels , kneel ing , knelt / nelt / or kneeled , has knelt or has kneeled)

to bend your legs and rest on one or both of your knees *He knelt down to pray.*

She was kneeling on the floor.

knew

form of know

knife 🍑/ naıf

/ noun [count] (plural knives / navz/)

a sharp, metal thing with a handle that you use to cut things or to fight

a knife and fork



knight / naɪt / noun [count]

a soldier of a high level who rode a horse and fought for his king a long time ago

knit / mt / verb (knits , knit ting , knit ted or knit / mt / has knit ted or has knit)

to make clothes from thick cotton or wool thread (called yarn) using knitting needles

My grandmother is knitting a sweater for me.

▶knit .ting / 'nıtıŋ / noun [noncount]

I brought some knitting to do while I was waiting.

knit .ting nee .dle / 'nıtıŋ ˌnidl / noun

[count

one of two metal, plastic, or wooden sticks that you use to knit with

knives

plural of knife

knob / nab / noun [count]

1 a round handle on a door or drawer

2 a round thing that you turn to control part of a machine the volume control knob

Knock 1 [©]/ nak / verb (knocks , knock , ing , knocked)

1 to hit something and make a noise

I knocked on the door, but no one answered.

2 to hit something hard, usually by accident

I knocked my head on the door.

She knocked a glass off the table.

knock someone down; knock someone over to

hit someone so that they fall onto the ground

The boy was knocked down by a car.

knock something down to break a building so that it falls down

They're knocking down the old houses.

→SYNONYM demolish

knock someone out to make someone fall asleep or become unconscious

That cold medicine really knocked me out.

knock something over to hit something so that it falls over

I knocked over a vase of flowers.

knock 2 00 / nak / noun

[count

the action of hitting something, or the sound that this makes

knot

I heard a knock at the door.

knot 1 🔯 / nat /

noun [count]

a place where you have tied two pieces of rope, string, etc. together *I tied a knot in the rope.*

Can you undo this knot (= make it loose)?

knot 2 / nat / verb

(knots, knot \cdot ting , knot \cdot ted)

to tie a knot in something

He knotted the ends of the rope together.

know 🔯 / nov / verb

(knows, know ing, knew / nu / has known / noon /)

1 to have information in your head

I don't know her name.

He knows a lot about cars.

Do you know how to use this machine?

Did you know that he's moving to Los Angeles?

2 to be familiar with a person or place

I have known Mario for six years.

I know Boston pretty well.

I liked him when I got to know him (=started to know him).

I know

(informal)

used to agree with something someone has just said "What a ridiculous situation!" "I know."

let someone know

to tell someone about something

Let me know if you need any help.

you know

words that you use when you are thinking about what to say next, or to remind someone of something *Well, you know, it's hard to explain.*

I just saw Maggie. You know – Jim's wife.

know-how / 'noo hao / noun

[noncount]

(informal)

practical knowledge, or the ability to do something *I don't think we have the technical know-how for this job.*

knowl .edge 5/ 'nalid3 / noun

[noncount, singular]

what you know and understand about something *He has a good knowledge of U.S. history.*

He did it without my knowledge (= I did not know).

knowl . edge . a . ble / 'nalidgəbl / adjective knowing a lot

She's very knowledgeable about history.

known

form of know

knuck . le / 'nAkl / noun

[count]

one of the parts where your fingers bend or where they join your hand

ko · a · la / koυ'alə /

(also ko .a .la bear

/ kov_alə 'bɛr /) noun [count] an Australian animal with large ears and thick gray fur, which lives in trees

koala



the Ko . ran (also the

Qu r'an, the Qu ran)

/ ðə kəˈræn; ðə kəˈran / noun [singular]

(RELIGION) the most important book in the Islamic religion

ko . sher / 'koufar / adjective

(used about food) prepared according to the rules of Jewish

Kung fu / kaŋ fu / noun [noncount]

(SPORTS) a Chinese style of fighting in which people use their hands and feet as weapons



L, / ɛl / noun [count, noncount]

1 (*plural* L's, l's / ε lz /) the twelfth letter of the English alphabet

"Lake" begins with an "L."

2 I abbreviation of liter

lab / læb / noun [count]

(informal)

short for laboratory

la . be 1 AWL / 'leibl / noun [count]

a piece of paper or material on something that tells you a room in a public building that has toilets for women to

The label lists the nutritional information.

The washing instructions are on the label.

la . bel 2 AWL / 'leibl / verb

(la bels, la bel ing, la beled)

to put a label on something

I labeled all the boxes with my name and address.

la . bor AWL / 'leibər / noun [noncount]

hard work that you do with your hands and body

manual labor (= work using your hands)

lab . o . ra . to . ry / 'læbrətəri / noun [count]

(plural lab o ra to ries) (also informal lab) a special room where scientists work

a research laboratory

La . bor Day / 'leibər dei / noun

[count, noncount]

a holiday on the first Monday in September, when banks, schools, and many businesses are closed

la .bor .er / 'leibərər / noun [count]

a person who does hard work with their hands and body a farm laborer

la . bor un . ion / 'leibər ,yunyən / noun [count] an organization for people who do the same type of work. Labor unions try to get better pay and working conditions for their members.

→SYNONYM union

lace / leis / noun

1 [noncount] very thin cloth with holes that form a pretty pattern

lace curtains

2 [count] a string that you use for tying your shoe Tie your laces or you'll trip over them.

→SYNONYM shoelace

lack 1 0 / læk / noun [noncount , singular]

the state of not having something or of not having enough of something

There is a lack of good teachers.

lack 2 / læk / verb (lacks , lack ling , lacked)

to have none or not enough of something He lacked confidence.

lad .der / 'lædər / noun

[count]

a thing that you climb up when you want to reach a high place. A ladder is made of two tall pieces of metal or wood with shorter pieces between them (called rungs).





ladies' room / 'leidiz rum / noun [count]

Where is the ladies' room, please?

→ Look at men's room, restroom.

la .dle / 'leidl / noun [count]

a spoon in the shape of a cup with a long handle, used for serving soup

→ Look at the picture at kitchen.

la . dy D / 'leidi / noun [count] (plural la . dies)

1 a polite way of saying "woman"

an elderly lady

Good evening, ladies and gentlemen.

 \rightarrow Look at gentleman.

2 (informal) a rude way of talking to a woman who you do not know

Hey lady, hurry up!

la .dy .bug / 'leidibag / noun [count] a small red or orange insect with black spots

→ Look at the picture at insect.

laid

form of lay 1

laid-back / leid bæk / adjective

(informal)

calm and relaxed; not worried

lain

form of lie 1

lake 🔯 / leɪk / noun [count]

($\mbox{{\tt GEOGRAPHY}}$) a big area of water with land all around it ${\it Lake\,Erie}$

We went swimming in the lake.

lamb / læm / noun

PRONUNCIATION

The word ${f lamb}$ sounds like ${f ham}$, because we don't say the letter ${f b}$ in this word.

1 [count] a young sheep

2 [noncount] meat from a lamb

We had roast lamb for dinner.

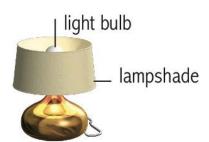
lame / leim / adjective

1 (HEALTH) not able to walk well

My horse is lame.

2 (*informal*) not very good, interesting, or exciting *This party is so lame. Let's go home.*





lamp . shade / 'læmpʃeɪd / noun [count] a cover for a lamp

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at lamp.

land 1 0 / lænd / noun

(GEOGRAPHY)

1 [noncount] the part of the earth that is not the ocean After two weeks in a boat, we were happy to be back on land.

2 [noncount] a piece of ground

They bought some land and built a house on it. land for farming

3 [count]

(formal)

a country

She returned to the land where she was born.

land 2 / lænd / verb (lands, land ing, land ed)

 $\boldsymbol{1}\,$ to come down from the air or to bring something down to the ground

The plane landed at La Guardia airport.

The pilot landed the plane safely.

He fell off the ladder and landed on his back.

2 to go onto land or to put something onto land from a ship *The Pilgrims landed in Massachusetts in 1620.*

land . fill / 'lændfil / noun

[count, noncount]

a place where large amounts of garbage and other waste material are put into the ground and covered with earth land . ing / 'lændıŋ / noun

count

1 coming down onto the ground in an airplane *The plane made an emergency landing in a field.*

→ANTONYM takeoff

2 the area at the top of stairs in a building *There's a telephone on the landing.*

land . la . dy / 'lænd_ileidi / noun [count]

(plural land la dies)

a woman who rents a house or room to people for money

land . lord / 'lændlord / noun

[count

a man who rents a house or room to people for money

land .mark / 'lændmark / noun [count]

1 a big building or another thing that you can see easily from far away

The Statue of Liberty is one of New York's most famous landmarks.

2 an important stage in the development of something *The Fourth of July celebrates an important landmark in American history.*

land . scape / 'lænskeip / noun

[count

everything you can see in an area of land *The desert landscape is very beautiful.*

land . slide / 'lændslaid / noun [count]

(GEOGRAPHY) a sudden fall of earth, rocks, etc. down the side of a mountain

lane / lem / noun [count]

1 one part of a wide road

We were driving in the middle lane of the highway.

Thesaurus

road a hard surface made for vehicles to travel on. The short way of writing "Road" in addresses is Rd.:

My address is 32 Danfield Rd., St Louis. ◆
country/mountain roads ◆ Where does this road go? ◆ I
live on a very busy road. ◆ Take the first road on the
left

street a road in a city or town that has buildings on one or both sides. The short way of writing "Street" in addresses is St.: 1281 Tobin St. ◆ a street map of San Francisco ◆ You can't drive down there. It's a one-way street. ◆ They live across the street from us.

highway a big road that connects cities and towns: Highway 101 between Ventura and Los Angeles ◆ Take the highway to Flagstaff. ◆ There was a traffic jam on the highway.

lane one part of a larger road, marked with painted lines to keep lines of traffic separate: a four-lane highway ◆ You're in the wrong lane for turning right.

avenue a wide street in a city or town. This word is often used in the names of city streets, and can be written as Ave.: 109 Fifth Ave. ◆ We stayed at a hotel on Lexington Avenue.

 ${\bf 2}\,$ (<code>SPORTS</code>) a section of a swimming pool or sports track for one person to go along

He'll be running in lane 2.

3 a word used in the names of some streets in towns or cities

We live at 1015 Beech Lane.

The short way of writing "Lane" in street names is **Ln.** *100 Roberts Ln.*

lan guage 🔯 / ˈlæŋgwɪdʒ / noun

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS)

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ [count] words that people from a particular country say and write

"Do you speak any foreign languages?" "Yes, I speak French and Italian."

2 [noncount] words that people use to speak and write *This word is not often used in spoken language.*

lan . tern / 'læntərn / noun

[count]

a light in a container made of glass or paper, which usually has a handle so you can carry it

lap / læp / noun [count]

1 the flat part at the top of your legs when you are sitting *The boy was sitting on his mom's lap* .

2 one trip around a track in a race

There are three more laps to go in the race.

lap .top / 'læptap / noun [count]

(COMPUTERS) a small computer that is easy to carry

large 5 / lard3 / adjective (larg er, larg est)

They live in a large house. She has a large family.

Do you have this shirt in a large size?

→ANTONYM small

large . ly / 'lard3li / adverb

mostly

The room is largely used for meetings.

→SYNONYM mainly

lar . Va / 'larvə / noun [count]

(plural lar vae / 'larvi /)

($\mbox{\footnotesize BIOLOGY}$) an insect at the stage when it has just come out of an egg, and has a short fat body and no legs

la . ser / 'leizər / noun [count]

(PHYSICS) an instrument that makes a very strong line of light (called a **laser beam**). Some **lasers** are used to cut metal and others are used by doctors in operations.

lash / læf/

= eyelash

las .so / 'læsoo / noun [count]

(plural las .sos or las .soes)

a long rope with a circle at one end, which is used for catching cows and horses

▶las .so verb

(las \cdot sos or las \cdot soes , las \cdot so \cdot ing , las \cdot soed) to catch an animal with a **lasso**

last 1 [©] / læst / adjective

1 after all the others

December is the last month of the year.

→ANTONYM first

2 just before now; most recent

It's June now, so last month was May.

I was at school last week, but this week I'm on vacation. Did you go out last (= yesterday) night?

3 the last person or thing is the only one left

Who wants the last cookie?

▶last .ly / ˈlæstli / adverb

finally, as the last thing

Lastly, I want to thank my parents for all their help.

last 2 / læst / adverb

1 after all the others

He finished last in the race.

2 at a time that is nearest to now

I last saw Jim in 2009.

last 3 ²⁰ / læst / verb (lasts, last ling, last led)

1 to continue for a time

The concert lasted for three hours.

How long did the game last?

2 to be enough for a certain time

We have enough food to last us till next week.

last 4 5 / læst / noun [count] the last

(plural the last)

a person or thing that comes after all the others; what comes at the end

I was the last to arrive at the party.

at last

in the end; after some time

She waited all week, and at last the letter arrived.

→SYNONYM finally

last ing / læstin / adjective

continuing for a long time

Their trip to Niagara Falls made a lasting impression on them.

last-min . ute / læst 'mmet / adjective

done or decided just before something happens or just before it is too late

a last-minute change in plans

a few last-minute adjustments

last name / 'læst neim / noun [count]

the part of your name that other members of your family also have

My first name's Emma, my last name's Russell.

→SYNONYM family name

Word building

Your **first name** or **given name** is the name that your parents give you when you are born. Many people also have a **middle name**.

Your **last name** or **family name** is the name that everyone in your family has. When a woman gets married, she usually takes her husband's last name. Her old last name is then called her **maiden name**, and her new one is her **married name**.

A **nickname** is a name that your friends or family sometimes call you instead of your real name: *His real name is Robert, but his nickname is Shorty.*

late 2 / leit / adjective, adverb (lat er, lat est)

1 after the usual or right time

I went to bed late last night.

I was late for school today (= I arrived late).

My train was late.

→ANTONYM early

2 near the end of a time

They arrived in the late afternoon.

She's in her late twenties (=between the age of 25 and 29).

→ANTONYM early

3 no longer alive; dead

Her late husband was a doctor.

a late night

an evening when you go to bed later than usual

at the latest

no later than a time or a date

Please be here by twelve o'clock at the latest.

late . ly / 'leitli / adverb

recently

Have you seen Mark lately?

The weather has been very bad lately.

lat .er 1 2 / 'leitər / adverb

at a time in the future; after the time you are talking about *See you later.*

His father died later that year.

→ANTONYM earlier

later on (informal)

at a time in the future; after the time you are talking about *I'm going out later on.*

lat .er 2 / 'lerter / adjective

1 coming after something else or at a time in the future *The game has been postponed to a later date.*

2 near the end of a period of time the later part of the twentieth century

→ANTONYM earlier

lat .est / 'leitəst / adjective

the newest or most recent the latest fashions

Lat .in / 'lætn / noun [noncount]

($\mbox{\sc English}$ Language that people used a long time ago in ancient $\mbox{\sc Rome}$

Do you study Latin at school?

▶Lat in adjective

Latin poetry

La . tin A . mer . i . ca / ˌlætn əˈmɛrɪkə / noun

the parts of the American continent where Spanish or Portuguese is the main language

► La . tin A . mer . i . can / lætn əˈmɛrɪkən / adjective
Latin American music

lat . i . tude / 'lætıtud / noun [noncount]

(GEOGRAPHY) the distance of a place north or south of the line around the middle of the earth (called the **equator**). **Latitude** is measured in degrees.

 \rightarrow Look at longitude., \rightarrow Look at the picture at earth.

lat .te / 'later / noun [count]

a drink that is made by adding a small amount of strong coffee to a cup of hot milk $% \left\{ 1,2,\ldots,n\right\}$

This café is too expensive. They're charging \$5 for a latte!

→ Look at cappuccino, espresso.

the lat ter / ðə ˈlætər / noun [singular]

the second of two things or people

I studied both French and German, but I preferred the latter. \rightarrow Look at the former.

laugh 1 2 / læf / verb

(laughs, laugh ing, laughed)

to make sounds to show that you are happy or that you think something is funny

His jokes always make me laugh.

laugh at someone or **something** to laugh to show that you think someone or something is funny or silly *The children laughed at the clown.*

They all laughed at me when I said I was afraid of spiders.

laugh 2 / læf / noun [count]

the sound you make when you are happy or when you think something is funny

My brother has a loud laugh.

She told us a joke and we all had a good laugh (= laughed a lot) .

for a laugh

as a joke; for fun

The boys put a spider in her bed for a laugh.

laugh .ter / 'læftər / noun [noncount]

the sound of laughing

I could hear laughter in the next room.

launch / lonts / verb

(launch es, launch ing, launched)

1 to start something new

The magazine was launched last year.

2 to put a ship into the water or a **spacecraft** (= a vehicle that travels in space) into the sky

This ship was launched in 2005.

Laun .dro .mat™ (also laun .dro .mat)

/ 'londromæt / noun [count]

a place where you pay to wash and dry your clothes in machines

laun . dry 🥯 / 'ləndri / noun [noncount]

clothes and sheets that you must wash or that you have washed

a pile of dirty laundry

la . Va / 'lavə / noun [noncount]

(GEOGRAPHY) hot, liquid rock that comes out of a mountain with an opening at the top (called a volcano)

→ Look at the picture at volcano .

lav .a .to .ry / 'lævətəri / noun [count]

(plural lav .a .to ries)

(formal)

a room with a toilet in a public place like an airplane *Where's the lavatory, please?*

lav .en .der / 'lævəndər / noun [noncount]

a plant with purple flowers that have a nice smell

law 🥯 / lo / noun (POLITICS)

 $\boldsymbol{1} \ [\ \text{count} \]$ a rule of a country that says what people may or may not do

There is a law against carrying guns.

2 the law [noncount] all the rules of a country *Stealing is against the law* (= illegal).

You're breaking the law (= doing something illegal).

3 [noncount] the rules of a country as a subject of study *She is studying law.*

lawn / lon / noun [count, noncount]

an area of short grass next to or around a building They were sitting on the lawn.

lawn .mow .er

/ 'lɔnˌmoʊər / noun [count] a machine that you use to cut grass

lawnmower



law . suit / 'losut / (also suit) noun

count

a legal argument that a person or group brings to a court of law so that it can be decided who is right and who is wrong

law . yer 🥯 / 'ləyər / noun

[count]

a person who has studied law and who helps people or talks for them in a court of law

lay 1 00 / lei / verb

(lays, lay ing, laid / leid / has laid)

1 to put someone or something carefully on another thing *I laid the papers on the desk.*

Which word?

Lay or lie?

Lay has an object: He is laying a carpet in our new house. The past tense is laid: // She laid the baby down gently on the bed.

Lie does not have an object: *He is lying on the beach.* The past tense is **lay**: *She was tired so she lay on the bed.*

2 to make an egg

Birds and insects lay eggs.

lay someone off to stop giving work to someone, especially because there is not enough work to do *The company had to lay off 500 auto workers.*

lay 2

form of lie 1

lay .er 🥯 AWL / 'leiər / noun

[count]

something flat that lies on another thing or that is between other things

The table was covered with a thin layer of dust. The cake has a layer of jam in the middle.

You'll need several layers of clothing.

→ Look at the ozone layer.

la . zy 🥯 / 'leɪzi / adjective (la . zi . er , la . zi . est)

1 A person who is **lazy** does not want to work *Don't be so lazy – come and help me!*

My teacher said I was lazy.

2 making you feel that you do not want to do very much a *lazy summer's day*

▶ la . zi . ness / 'leɪzinəs / noun [noncount]

lb.

abbreviation of pound (1)

lead 1 0 / lid / verb

(leads, lead ing, led / $l\epsilon d$ / has led)

PRONUNCIATION

The word **lead** usually sounds like **need** .

However, when it means a soft gray metal or the part inside a pencil, it sounds like **red** .

1 to take a person or an animal somewhere by going with them or in front of them

He led me to the classroom.

2 to go to a place

This path leads to the river.

3 to make something happen

Smoking can lead to heart disease.

4 to have a particular type of life

They lead a very busy life.

5 to be the first or the best, for example in a race or game *Who's leading in the race?*

6 to control a group of people

Who will lead the discussion?

lead 2 / lid / noun

1 the lead [singular] the first place or position in front of other people

An American runner has taken the lead.

Who is in the lead (= winning)?

2 [singular] the amount by which someone is in front of another person

He has a lead of about ten minutes and is expected to win the race.

 ${f 3}$ [count] a piece of information that may help give the answer to a problem

The police have a new lead on the murder case.

lead 3 / led / noun

1 [noncount] (*symbol* **Pb**) (**CHEMISTRY**) a soft, gray metal that is very heavy. **Lead** is used to make things like water pipes and roofs.

2 [count, noncount] the gray part inside a pencil

lead . er 🔯 / 'lidər / noun [count]

1 a person who controls a group of people *They chose a new leader.*

2 a person or thing that is the first or the best *The leader is ten yards in front of the other runners.*

 $\textbf{lead} \cdot \textbf{er} \cdot \textbf{ship} \; / \; \textbf{liderfip} \; / \; \textbf{\textit{noun}} \; [\; \textbf{noncount} \;]$

the state or position of being the person who controls a group of people

The country is under new leadership (= has new leaders).

lead ing / 'lidin / adjective

best or most important

He's one of the leading experts in this field.

leaf / lif / noun [count] (plural leaves / livz /)

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{BIOLOGY}}$) one of the flat green parts that grow on a plant or tree

Leaves are starting to fall from the trees.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at plant.

leaf . let / 'liflet / noun [count]

a piece of paper with writing on it that gives information about something

I picked up a leaflet on local museums and art galleries.

league / lig / noun [count]

1 (SPORTS) a group of teams that play against each other in a sport

the National Football League

2 a group of people or countries that work together to do something

the League of Nations

leak 1 / lik / verb (leaks, leak ing, leaked)

1 to have a hole that liquid or gas can go through *The roof of our house leaks when it rains.*

The boat is leaking.

2 (used about liquid or gas) to go out through a hole *Water is leaking from the pipe.*

leak 2 / lik / noun [count]

a small hole that liquid or gas can get through *There's a leak in the pipe.*

► leak ·y / 'liki / adjective (leak ·i ·er , leak ·i ·est) a leaky roof

lean 1 / lin / verb (leans, lean ling, leaned)

 ${f 1}$ to not be straight; to bend forward, backward, or to the side

She leaned out of the window and waved.

2 to put your body or a thing against another thing *Lean your bike against the wall.*

lean 2 / lin / adjective (lean er , lean est)

1 thin and healthy

He is tall and lean.

Thesaurus

thin is a general word to describe a person who is not fat. It can be used with a positive, negative, or neutral meaning: He's tall and thin. • She has long, thin legs.

◆ You need to eat more. You're too thin! ◆ She was looking pale and thin.

→ANTONYM fat

slim is a positive word, meaning thin in an attractive way. It is often used to describe women: How do you manage to stay so slim? • He put his arm around her slim waist.

skinny is a more informal word meaning very thin. It can be used with a negative meaning to describe someone who is too thin: a skinny movie star ◆ He was such a skinny kid. ♦ skinny legs/arms

lean is a positive word, and means thin and healthy. It is often used to describe men: He had a lean, muscular body. • He's tall, lean, and handsome.

underweight describes a person who weighs less than the normal or expected amount. It is used by doctors or health professionals: She's dangerously underweight.

→ANTONYM overweight

2 Lean meat does not have very much fat.

leap / lip / verb (leaps , leap . ing , leaped or leapt / lept / has leaped or has leapt)

to jump high or a long way

The cat leaped onto the table.

leap noun [count]

With one leap, he was over the top of the wall.

leap year / 'lip yır / noun [count]

a year when February has 29 days. Leap years happen every four years.

PRONUNCIATION

The word learn sounds like turn.

1 to find out something, or how to do something, by studying or by doing it often

When did you learn to swim?

I learned German at school.

Learn this list of words for homework (= so you can remember them).

2 to hear about something

I was sorry to learn of your father's death.

▶ learn ing / 'lərnıŋ / noun [noncount]

the process of learning something new methods of language learning

learn .er / 'lərnər / noun [count]

a person who is learning

This dictionary is for learners of English.

lease / lis / noun [count]

an official written agreement between the owner of a building or land and the person who rents it

I just signed the lease for my new apartment.

▶lease verb (leas es, leas ing, leased) They lease the land from a local farmer.

leash / liʃ / noun [count] (plural leash .es)

a long piece of leather or a chain that you attach to a dog's neck so that it walks with you

All dogs must be kept on a leash.

least [©]/ list / adjective, pronoun, adverb

1 the smallest amount of something

Sue has a lot of money, Jan has less, and Kate has the least.

→ANTONYM most

2 less than all others

I bought the least expensive tickets.

→ANTONYM most

at least

1 not less than

It will cost at least \$50.

2 although other things are bad

We're not rich, but at least we're happy.

not in the least

not at all

"Are you angry?" "Not in the least!"

leath er 2 / leðar / noun [noncount]

the skin of an animal that is used to make things like shoes, jackets, or bags

a leather jacket

leave 1 D / liv / verb

(leaves, leav ing, left / left / has left)

1 to go away from a place or a person

The train leaves at 8:40.

He left home when he was 22.

We're leaving for Connecticut tomorrow.

2 to let someone or something stay in the same place or in the same way

Leave the door open, please.

3 to forget to bring something with you

I left my books at home.

I can't find my glasses. Maybe I left them behind at work.

4 to make something stay; to not use something

Leave some cake for me!

5 to give something to someone when you die

She left all her money to her two sons.

6 to give the responsibility for something to another person I'll leave it to you to organize the food.

be left

to still be there after everything else has gone

There is only one piece of cake left.

leave someone or something alone

to not touch, bother, or speak to someone or something Leave me alone – I'm busy!

Leave that bag alone – it's mine!

leave someone or something out to not put in or do something; to not include someone or something

The other children left him out of the game.

I left out question 3 in the exam because it was too difficult.

leave 2 / liv / noun

[noncount]

a period of time when you are away from work for a special

She's not working - she's on sick leave.

I'm taking a six-week leave of absence from work.

leaves

plural of leaf

lec . ture AWL / 'lektsor / noun [count]

1 a talk to a group of people to teach them about something She gave an interesting lecture on the history of science.

2 a serious talk to someone that explains what they have done wrong or how they should behave

My parents gave me a lecture about staying out too late.

▶lec .ture verb

(lec tures, lec turing, lec tured)

Professor Sims lectures on modern art.

The police officer lectured the boys about running across the street.

lec .tur .er AWL / 'lektfərər / noun [count]

a person who gives talks to teach people about a subject, especially as a job in a college

My history professor is a great lecturer.

led

form of lead 1

ledge / led3 / noun [count]

a long, narrow, flat place, for example under a window or on the side of a mountain a window ledge

leek / lik / noun [count]

a vegetable like a long onion that is white at one end and green at the other

leek and potato soup

left 1

form of leave 1

left 2 [∞] / left / adjective, adverb

on the side where your heart is in the body *I broke my left arm.*

Turn left at the church.

→ANTONYM right

left 3 / left / noun [singular]

1 the left side or direction To the left is the town library.

The house is on your left.

→ANTONYM right

2 the left (POLITICS) political groups who support changes in society to make people more equal *The left proposes higher taxes for the rich.*

→ANTONYM the right

left-hand / 'left hænd / adjective

of or on the left

Your heart is on the left-hand side of your body.

→ANTONYM right-hand

left-hand ed / left 'hænded / adjective,

adverb

using your left hand more easily than your right hand, for example when you write

Are you left-handed?

I can't write left-handed.

→ANTONYM right-handed

left . O . Vers / 'left,ouverz / noun [plural]

food that has not been eaten at the end of a meal and is kept to be eaten later $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left$

left-wing / left win / adjective

(POLITICS) having political ideas that support changes in society to make people more equal *left-wing politicians*

→ANTONYM right-wing

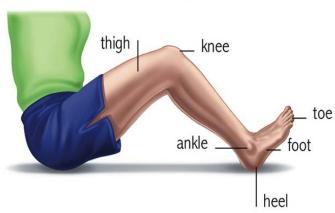
leg 🥯 / leg / noun [count]

1 one of the long parts of the body of a person or an animal that is used for walking and standing

A spider has eight legs.

She sat down and crossed her legs.

leg



2 one of the parts of a pair of pants that covers your leg a pants leg

3 one of the long parts that a table or chair stands on a table leg

leg · a · cy / ˈlɛgəsi / noun [count]

(plural leg a cies)

a situation that exists because of something that happened in the past

Future generations will be left with a legacy of pollution.

le .gal DAWL / 'ligl / adjective

1 using or connected with the law *legal advice*

2 allowed by the law

In many parts of the U.S. it is legal to carry a gun.

→ANTONYM illegal, against the law

► le · gal · ly AWL / 'ligəli / adverb They are not legally married.

le gal ize / ligalaz / verb

(le gal iz es, le gal iz ing, le gal ized) to make something allowed by law

leg .end / 'ledgand / noun [count]

1 an old story that is perhaps not true *the legend of Robin Hood*

2 a very famous person

He was a legend in the world of music.

► leg · en · dar · y / ˈlɛdʒəndɛri / adjective the legendary tennis players Venus and Serena Williams

leq i ble / ledgabl / adjective

clear enough to read legible writing

→ANTONYM illegible

leg . is . late AWL / 'ledgasleit / verb

(leg is lates, leg is lat ed)

(POLITICS) to make a law about something to legislate against discrimination

leg .is .la .tion AWL / _ledges'leijn / noun [noncount]

(POLITICS) a group of laws, or the process of making laws The government is planning to bring in new legislation to help small businesses.

leg .is .la .tive AWL / 'ledgəsleitiv / adjective (formal)

(POLITICS) connected with the act of making laws the legislative powers of Congress the legislative branch of the government

Word building

The U.S. Government

The government in the U.S. is divided into three parts: the legislative branch, the executive branch, and the judicial branch.

The legislative branch is responsible for making laws. This is the U.S. Congress, which is made up of two groups of people: the Senate and the House of Representatives .

The executive branch is led by the president, and includes the vice president and the rest of the Cabinet (= other important politicians).

The judicial branch includes the Supreme Court, which is the most important court in the country.

leq . is . la . ture AWL / 'ledgesleitfer / noun [count]

(POLITICS) a group of people who have the power to make and change laws

the Kansas state legislature

le . git . i . mate / li'dʒɪtəmət / adjective

1 reasonable or acceptable

This program is not a legitimate use of taxpayers' money. 2 allowed by law

Are all of his business activities completely legitimate?

lei . sure / 'ligar / noun [noncount]

the time when you are not working and can do what you want

leisure activities

lei .sure .ly / 'ligarli / adjective

done in a slow and calm way to walk at a leisurely pace

em on Vileman / noun [count, noncount]

a yellow fruit with **sour** (= sharp tasting) juice that is used for giving flavor to food and drink

lemon juice \rightarrow Look at the picture at **fruit**.

lem on ade / lemalnerd / noun

[count, noncount]

a drink that is made from fresh lemon juice, sugar, and water

lend 🥯 / lend / verb

(lends, lend ing, lent / lent / has lent)

to give something to someone for a short time I lent the book to Jo.

Rick lent me his car for an hour.

The bank will lend us up to \$50,000.

Which word?

Borrow or lend?

If you **borrow** something, you have it for a short time and you must give it back: I borrowed a DVD from Alex for the weekend.

If you lend something, you give it to someone for a short time: Alex lent me a DVD for the weekend.

length 2 / lεηθ / noun [count, noncount]

how long something is

The table is two yards in length.

We measured the length of the garden.

The adjective is **long**.

→ Look at the picture at dimension.

length .en / 'lɛŋθən / verb

(length ens, length en ing, length ened)

to become or to make something longer

I need to lengthen this skirt.

length . wise / 'leηθwaiz / adjective

in a direction along the length of something Fold the paper lengthwise.

length . y / ˈlɛŋθi / adjective

(length i er, length i est)

very long

a lengthy meeting

le . ni . ent / 'liniant / adjective

If a punishment, or the person who gives the punishment, is lenient, it is not as strict as you expected

The judge was too lenient. She should have gone to jail.

lens / lenz / noun [count] (plural lens .es)

(PHYSICS) a special piece of glass in things like cameras or glasses. It makes things look bigger, smaller, or clearer when you look through it.

→ Look at the picture at glasses, microscope.

lent

form of lend

len . til / 'lentl / noun [count]

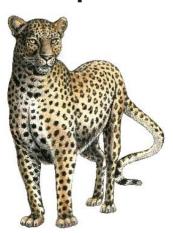
a small, round, dried seed. You cook lentils in water before you eat them lentil soup

leop . ard / 'lspard /

noun [count]

a wild animal like a big cat with yellow fur and dark spots. Leopards live in Africa and southern Asia.

leopard



le . o . tard / 'listard / noun

a piece of clothing that fits the body tightly from the neck to the tops of the legs. Leotards are worn by dancers or by women in some sports.

les . bi . an / 'lezbien / noun [count]

a woman who is attracted to other women

▶les .bi .an adjective

a lesbian relationship

less 1 ²² / les / adjective, pronoun

a smaller amount of something A poor person has less money than a rich person.

The doctor advised him to drink less coffee.

→ANTONYM more.

→ Look at least.

less 2 [©] / les / adverb

not so much

It rains less in summer.

I'm too fat – I must try to eat less.

He's less intelligent than his sister.

→ANTONYM more, Look at least.

SUFFIX

-less

(in adjectives) not having something; without hope less pain less thought less use less

less .en / 'lesn / verb

(less \cdot ens , less \cdot en \cdot ing , less \cdot ened)

to become or to make something less *This medicine will lessen the pain.*

les . son 🔯 / 'lesn / noun [count]

a time when you learn something with a teacher $\it She\ gives\ piano\ lessons.$

I'm taking driving lessons .

let 2 / let / verb (lets , let . ting , let , has let)

1 to allow someone or something to do something Her parents won't let her stay out after 11 o'clock. Let me carry your bag.

Let the dog in (= let it come in) .

Which word?

Allow or let?

Allow is used in both formal and informal English. **Let** is very common in spoken English.

You **allow** someone **to do** something, but you **let** someone **do** something (without "to"): Jenny was allowed to stay up late last night. ◆ Her parents let her stay up late.

You cannot use **let** in the passive. You must use **allow** and **to**: They let him take the test again. ◆ He was allowed to take the test again.

2 let's used for making suggestions about what you and other people can do

Let's go to the movies tonight.

Let's not go out this evening.

let someone down to not do something that you promised to do for someone

Claire let me down. We agreed to meet at eight o'clock but she didn't come.

let go of someone or something; let someone or something go

to stop holding someone or something

Let go of my hand!

Let me go. You're hurting me!

let someone know

to tell someone something

If you need any help, let me know.

let someone off to not punish someone

He wasn't sent to prison – the judge let him off.

le . thal / 'liθl / adjective

Something that is **lethal** can cause a lot of damage or death a *lethal weapon* → SYNONYM **deadly**

let .ter 🔯 / 'lɛtər / noun [count]

1 a piece of writing that one person sends to another person

He got a letter from his cousin this morning.

I'm writing a thank-you letter for the flowers she sent me.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ (<code>ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS</code>) a sign in writing that represents a sound in a language

Z is the last letter in the English alphabet.

let .tuce / 'letes / noun [count, noncount] a plant with big green leaves that you eat cold in salads

→ Look at the picture at vegetable.

leu .ke .mi .a / luˈkimiə / noun [noncount]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{HEALTH}}$) a very serious disease of the blood

lev .ee / 'levi / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{GEOGRAPHY}}$) a low wall built at the side of a river to prevent a flood

lev .el 1 2 / 'levl / noun [count]

1 the amount, size, or number of something

a low level of unemployment

2 how high something is

The town is 1500 feet above sea level.

a beginning-level Spanish class

ev . **e** 2 / 'levl / adjective

1 with no part higher than another part We need level ground to play soccer on.

This shelf isn't level. →SYNONYM flat

2 at the same height, standard, or position *The two teams are level with 40 points each. His head is level with his mother's shoulder.*

lev .er / 'levər ; 'livər / noun [count]

1 a handle that you pull or push to make a machine work *Pull this lever.*

2 a bar for lifting something heavy or opening something. You put one end under the thing you want to lift or open, and push the other end.

li .a .ble / 'larəbl / adjective

responsible for paying the cost of something *Is the company liable for the damage?*

be liable to do something

to be likely to do something

We're all liable to have accidents when we're very tired.

li .ar / 'laɪər / noun [count]

a person who says or writes things that are not true (called lies)

I don't believe her – she's a liar.

The verb is lie.

li .bel / 'laibl / noun [count, noncount]

the act of printing something about someone that is not true and would give people a bad opinion of him or her *The actor is suing the newspaper for libel.*

lib .er .al AWL / 'liberel / adjective

1 A person who is **liberal** lets other people do and think what they want

Kim's parents are very liberal, but mine are strict.

2 (POLITICS) supporting political and social changes to make people more equal *liberal democrats*

→ANTONYM conservative

lib .er .al arts / _liberel 'arts / noun [plural] subjects that develop your general knowledge and ability to think, for example history, languages, and literature

lib .er .ate AWL / 'libereit / verb

(lib er ates, lib er at ing, lib er at ed)

to make someone or something free

The city was liberated by the advancing army.

lib .er .ty / 'liberti / noun [count, noncount]
(plural lib .er .ties)

being free to go where you want and do what you want the fight for justice and liberty civil liberties

→ Look at freedom.

li .brar .i .an / lar'brerian / noun [count] a person who works in a library

li .brar .y 5 / 'laibreri / noun [count] (plural li brar ies)

a room or building where you go to borrow or read books

lice

form of louse

li .cense 1 AWL / 'laisns / noun [count]

an official piece of paper that shows you are allowed to do or have something

Do you have a license for this gun?

→ Look at driver's license.

li .cense 2 AWL / 'laisns / verb

(li cens es li cens ing li censed)

to give someone official permission to do or have something This shop is licensed to sell guns.

li cense plate

/ 'laisns pleit / noun [count] the flat piece of metal on the front or back of a car that has numbers and letters on it

license plate



lick / lik / verb (licks , lick ling , licked)

to move your tongue over something

The cat was licking its paws.

►lick noun [count]

Can I have a lick of your ice cream?

lic . O . rice / 'likərif / noun [noncount]

a type of black candy with a strong flavor

the top part of a box, pot, or other container, which covers it and which you can take off

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **tub**.

lie 1 ²⁰/ lar / verb (lies, ly ing, lay / ler / has lain

1 to put your body flat on something so that you are not sitting or standing

He lay on the bed.

Which word?

Lay or lie?

Lay has an object: He is laying a carpet in our new house. The past tense is laid: // She laid the baby down gently on the bed.

Lie does not have an object: He is lying on the beach. The past tense is lay: She was tired so she lay on the bed.

2 to have your body flat on something

The baby was lying on its back.

3 to be or stay in a position or state

The hills lie to the north of the town.

lie down to put or have your body flat so that you can rest She lay down on the bed.

lie 2 5 / laɪ / verb (lies , ly ling , lied , has lied)

to say something that you know is not true

He lied about his age. He said he was 16, but really he's 14. Don't ever lie to me again!

A person who lies is a liar.

lie 3 2 / lai / noun [count]

something you say that you know is not true She told me a lie.

lieu . ten . ant / lu'tenant / (abbreviation Lt.) noun [count]

an officer at a middle level in the army or navy

life Darf / noun (plural lives / larvz /)

1 [noncount] People, animals, and plants have life while they are alive, but things like stone, metal, and water do not Do you believe there is life after death?

Is there life on other planets?

2 [count, noncount] being alive

Many people lost their lives (= died) in the fire. The doctor saved her life (= stopped her from dying).

3 [count, noncount] the time that someone is alive

He has lived here all his life.

4 [count, noncount] the way that you live or the experiences that you have when you are alive They were very happy throughout their married life .

They lead a busy life. 5 [noncount] energy; being busy and interested Young children are full of life.

life . boat / 'laifboot / noun [count]

a boat that goes to help people who are in danger in the

life cycle / 'laɪf ˌsaɪkl / noun [count]

(BIOLOGY) the stages of development that a plant or an animal goes through from the beginning of its life to the end

the life cycle of a frog

life guard / 'larfgard / noun [count]

a person at a beach or a swimming pool whose job is to help people who are in danger in the water

life jack . et / 'laɪf ˌdʒækət / (also life vest / 'laif vest /) noun [count]

a special jacket with no sleeves that can be filled with air. You wear it to help you float if you fall in the water.

life jacket



life . like / 'laɪflaɪk / adjective

looking like the real person or thing That statue looks very lifelike.

life . style / 'laɪfstaɪl / noun [count, noncount] the way that you live

They have a healthy lifestyle.

life . time / 'laiftaim / noun [count]

all the time that you are alive

There have been a lot of changes in my grandma's lifetime.

lift 1 2 / lift / verb (lifts, lift ling, lift led)

1 to move someone or something to a higher position I can't lift this box. It's too heavy. Lift your arm up.

2 to end or remove a rule or law

The ban on public meetings has been lifted.

3 to go up and disappear into the air

The clouds lifted toward the end of the day.

lift 2 / lift / noun

1 [singular] **a** feeling of happiness or excitement *Her kind words gave us all a lift.*

2 [count] a free trip in another person's car

Can you give me a lift downtown? →SYNONYM ride

lift . **off** / 'liftsf / noun [count]

the moment when a **spacecraft** (= a vehicle that can travel into space) leaves the ground

light 1 0 / last / noun

1 [count, noncount] the energy from the sun, a lamp, etc. that allows us to see things

The light was not very good so it was difficult to read. Strong sunlight is bad for the eyes.

2 [count] a thing that gives light, for example an electric lamp

Word building

A light can be on or off.

You can **switch** or **turn** a light **on** or **off**: Turn the lights off before you go to bed. ◆ It's getting dark. Should I switch the light on?

3 [count] something, for example a match, that you use to start a fire or start a cigarette burning *Do you have a light?*

light 2 2 / last / adjective (light er, light est)

1 full of natural light

In summer it's light until about nine o'clock. The room has a lot of windows so it's very light.

→ANTONYM dark

2 with a pale color a light blue shirt

→ANTONYM dark

3 easy to lift or move Will you carry this bag for me? It's very light.

→ANTONYM heavy

4 not very much or not very strong *light rain*

I had a light breakfast.

►light .ly / 'lartli / adverb

She touched me lightly on the arm.

light 3 (last / verb (lights, light ling, lit / lst / or light led, has lit or has ligh lted)

1 to make something start to burn

Will you light the fire?

She lit a candle.

2 to give light to something *The room is lit by two big lamps.*

light bulb / 'lart balb / noun [count] the glass part of an electric lamp that gives light

light .en / 'laıtn / verb

(light lens, light len ling, light lened)

to become lighter, or to make something lighter in color or weight

lighten up (informal)

to become happier or less worried about something

light .er / 'larter / noun [count]

a thing for lighting cigarettes

light . house / 'larthaus / noun [count]

a tall building by or in the ocean, with a strong light to show ships that there are rocks

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at cliff.

light . **ing** / 'lartɪŋ / *noun* [noncount] the kind of lights that a place has *electric lighting*

light . ning / 'lattnin / noun [noncount]
a sudden bright light in the

a sudden bright light in the sky when there is a storm He was struck (= hit) by lightning.

→ Look at thunder.

lightning



light year / 'lart yr / noun [count]

(PHYSICS) the distance that light travels in one year *How many light years away from earth is the star?*

lik . **a** . **ble** (also like . **a** . **ble**) / 'larkəbl / *adjective* If a person is **likable**, they are friendly and easy to like.

like 1 ²⁰ / laɪk / verb (likes, lik ing, liked)

1 to feel that someone or something is good, nice, or attractive; to enjoy something

Do you like your new teacher?

I don't like carrots.

I like playing tennis.

→ANTONYM dislike

2 to want

Do what you like, I don't care. We can go whenever you like.

if you like

used to agree with someone or to suggest something "Should we go out tonight?" "Yes, if you like."

would like

a polite way of saying "want" Would you like some coffee? I'd like to speak to the manager.

Thesaurus

like to feel that someone or something is good, nice, or attractive; to enjoy something: He's nice. I like him a lot. ◆ Which shirt do you like the best? ◆ I don't like to see her cry. ◆ He didn't like it when I shouted at him.

love to like or enjoy someone or something very much: I love this place. ◆ My dad loves going to baseball games. ◆ I love it when you bring me presents!

be fond of to like or enjoy someone or something, especially if this has continued for a long time: We were fond of the house and didn't want to leave. ◆ We're all very fond of Mrs. Simpson. ◆ I grew very fond of Turkish food while I was living in Istanbul.

adore to love someone or something very much: He simply adores his older brother. ◆ She adores working with children.

like 2 🥯 / laık / preposition, conjunction

1 the same as someone or something She is wearing a dress like mine. John looks like his father.

→Look at unlike.

2 showing what is typical or usual for someone *It's just like him to be late!*

3 in the same way as someone or something *She acted like a child.*

4 for example

I bought a lot of things, like books and clothes.

what is ... like?

words that you say when you want to know more about someone or something

"What's that book like?" "It's very interesting."

like .a .ble / 'laikəbl /

= likable

like . li . hood / 'laıklihod / noun [noncount]

the chance of something happening

There is very little likelihood of you passing this exam (= it is very unlikely that you will pass).

If something is **likely**, it will probably happen *It's likely that she will agree.*They are likely to be late.

→ANTONYM unlikely

like . **ness** / 'larknes / *noun* [noncount, singular] being or looking the same

There's a strong likeness between Dan and his brother.

like . wise AWL / 'laikwaiz / adverb

(formal)

the same

I sat down, and Molly did likewise.

lik . **ing** / 'larkıŋ / *noun* [singular] the feeling that you like someone or something *She has a liking for spicy food.*

lil . **y** / 'lıli / *noun* [count] (*plural* **lil** . **ies**) a plant with large flowers in the shape of a bell

limb / lim / noun [count] an arm or a leg

lime / laim / noun [count] a small green fruit like a lemon

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **fruit**.

lim . it 1 0 / 'limət / noun [count]

1 the most that is possible or allowed There is a limit to the amount of pain we can bear. What is the speed limit (= how fast are you allowed to go)?

2 the end or edge of something *They live within the city limits* .

off-limits

If a place is **off-limits**, it must not be entered *The faculty room is off-limits to students*.

lim it 2 0 / 'limət / verb

(lim lits, lim lit ling, lim lit led)

to do or have no more than a certain amount or number *There are only 100 seats, so we must limit the number of tickets we sell.*

▶lim .it .ed / 'lmətəd / adjective

small in number or amount

We can't invite many people because space is limited.

lim .ou .sine

/ 'lıməzin ; _ılımə'zin / (also *informal* lim .o

/ 'lɪmoʊ /) *noun* [count]

a long, expensive, and comfortable car

limousine



limp 1 / lmp / adjective

not firm or strong

Her whole body went limp and she fell to the ground.

limp 2 / lmp / verb (limps, limp ing, limped) to walk with difficulty because you have hurt your foot or leg

limp noun [singular]

He walks with a limp.

line 1 2 / lam / noun [count]

1 a long thin mark on the surface of something *Draw a straight line.*

The ball went over the line.

2 people or things beside each other or one after the other *There was a long line of people waiting at the post office.*

3 all the words that are beside each other on a page *How many lines are there on this page?*

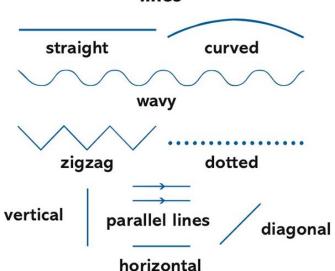
I don't know the next line of the poem.

4 a long piece of string or rope *Hang the clothes on the line to dry.*

5 a very long wire for telephones or electricity *The strong winds blew down many power lines. I tried to call him, but the line was busy.*

6 a route that people or goods move along the Philadephia to Baltimore line (= the railroad route) Before you travel on the subway, check which line you need.

lines



line 2 / lam / verb (lines, lin ling, lined)

1 to cover the inside of something with a different material *The boots are lined with fur.*

2 to stand or be in lines along something *People lined the streets to watch the race.*

line up to stand in a line or make a line *We lined up to buy tickets.*

lin .en / 'lmm / noun [noncount]

1 a kind of strong cloth

a white linen jacket

2 the sheets, etc. that you put on a bed, or the cloth that you put on a table *bed linen*

lin .er / 'lamer / noun [count]

1 a big ship that carries people a long way an ocean liner

2 a bag that you put inside something to keep it clean a garbage can liner

lin .ger / 'lıŋgər / verb

(lin gers, lin ger ing, lin gered)

to stay somewhere for a long time *The smell of her perfume lingered in the room.*

lin .ge .rie / ˌlanʒəˈrei / noun [noncount] women's underwear

lin . **guis** . **tics** / linj'gwistiks / **noun** [noncount] (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) the scientific study of language

lin . **ing** / 'lamm / *noun* [count, noncount] material that covers the inside of something *My coat has a thick lining, so it's very warm.*

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at sleeping bag.

link 1 AWL / link / noun [count]

1 something that joins things or people together *There's a link between smoking and heart disease.*

2 (COMPUTERS) a place where one electronic document on the Internet is connected to another one *To visit our other website, click on this link.*

3 one of the round parts in a chain

link 2 AWL / link / verb (links, link ing, linked) to join one person or thing to another The computers are linked together in a network.

li . on / 'laɪən / noun [count]

a large animal of the cat family that lives in parts of Africa and Asia. **Lions** have yellow fur, and the males have a lot of hair around their head and neck (called a **mane**).

Word building

A female lion is called a $\boldsymbol{lioness}$, and a young lion is called a \boldsymbol{cub} .

When a lion makes a loud noise, it roars

lion



one of the two soft red parts above and below your mouth to kiss someone on the lips

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **mouth**.

lip . stick / 'lipstik / noun

[count, noncount]

a substance that is used for giving color to your lips

She put on some lipstick.

lipstick



liq . uid \(\frac{1}{2} \) / 'likwad / noun [count, noncount]

(<code>PHYSICS</code>) anything that is not a solid or a gas. Water, oil, and milk are liquids .

▶liq uid adjective

liquid soap

liq .**uor** / 'lıkər / *noun* [count, noncount] strong alcoholic drinks

a liquor store (= where you can buy drinks like beer and wine)

list 1 ²⁰ / list / noun [count]

a lot of names or other things that you write or say, one after another

a shopping list (= of things that you need to buy)

list 2 / list / verb (lists, list ing, list ed)

to write or say things in a list *Please list the items in alphabetical order.*

lis .ten 2/ lisn / verb

(lis tens, lis ten ing, lis tened)

to hear something when you are trying to hear it

I was listening to the radio.

Listen! I want to tell you something.

Which word?

Hear or listen?

When you **hear** something, sounds come to your ears: *I heard* the door close.

When you **listen to** something, you are trying to hear it: *I listen to* the radio every morning.

listen up

(informal)

words that you use when you want a group of people to give you their attention

Okay, listen up everyone! I have an important announcement to make.

▶lis .ten .er / 'lɪsn•ər / noun [count]

a person who listens *He's a good listener*.

lit

form of light 3

three liters of water

lit .er .al / 'Interel / adjective

(used about the meaning of a word or phrase) original or basic

The literal meaning of "petrified" is "turned to stone."

 \rightarrow Look at figurative.

▶lit .er .al .ly / 'lɪtərəli / adverb

You can't translate these expressions literally.

lit .er .ar .y / 'lıtəreri / adjective

(${\tt ENGLISH\ LANGUAGE\ ARTS}$) connected with literature a $literary\ journal$

lit .er .ate / 'litarat / adjective

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) able to read and write

→ANTONYM illiterate

► lit · er · a · cy / 'lıtərəsi / noun [noncount] literacy programs

→ANTONYM illiteracy

lit .er .a .ture | 'literatfor / noun [noncount] (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) books, plays, and poetry He is studying 19th-century English literature.

 $\pmb{\quad \text{lith .i.um / 'l} \theta \text{iem / } \textit{noun} \text{ [noncount]}}\\$

(symbol Li)

(CHEMISTRY) a soft, very light, sliver-white metal that is used in **batteries** (= things that give electricity)

lit .ter 1 / 'lıtər / noun

1 [noncount] pieces of paper and other garbage that people leave in a public place

The park was full of litter after the concert.

2 [count] all the baby animals that are born to the same mother at the same time

Our dog had a litter of six puppies.

lit .ter 2 / 'lıtər / verb

(lit ters, lit ter ing, lit tered)

to be or to make something messy with litter 1 (1) *My desk was littered with papers.*

lit .tle 1 🍮 / 'lıt] / adjective

1 not big a little table

→SYNONYM small

2 (used about distance or time) shortDo you mind waiting a little while?3 young

a little girl

my little (= younger) brother

lit . tle 2 🥯 / ˈlɪt̞l / pronoun, adjective

not much

I did very little today.

We have very little money.

a little

a small amount of something

I have some ice cream. Would you like a little? I speak a little French.

little by little

slowly

Little by little she started to feel better.

lit .tle 3 / 'litl / adverb

not much

I'm tired – I slept very little last night.

a little

by a small amount; to a small degree *This skirt is a little too short for me.*

→SYNONYM a little bit

live 1 0 / liv / verb (lives, liv ing, lived)

1 to have your home somewhere

Where do you live?

He still lives with his parents.

2 to be or stay alive

You can't live without water.

He lived to the age of 93.

3 to spend your life in a particular way

They live a quiet life in the country.

live on something

1 to eat something as your only food *Cows live on grass.*

2 to have enough money to buy what you need to live *They live on \$500 a week.*

live up to something to be as good as you expected *The restaurant didn't live up to our expectations.*

live 2 / law / adjective

PRONUNCIATION

When the word **live** is a verb, it sounds like **give** . When the word **live** is an adjective, it sounds like **five** .

1 not dead

Have you ever touched a real live snake?

2 If a radio or television program is **live**, you see or hear it at the same time as it happens

The game will be live on TV.

3 performed when people are watching, not recorded

The club has live music every Saturday.

4 (PHYSICS) with electricity passing through it *Don't touch that wire – it's live!*

live . ly / 'larvli / adjective

(live li er, live li est)

full of life; always moving or doing things

The children are very lively.

liv .er / 'livər / noun

 ${\bf 1}$ (${\bf BIOLOGY}$) [${\bf count}$] the part inside your body that cleans the blood

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **body**.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ [noncount] the \boldsymbol{liver} of an animal that you can cook and eat as food

lives plural of life

live . stock / 'larvstak / noun [noncount]

animals that are kept on a farm, such as cows, pigs, sheep, etc.

liv . ing 1 / 'livin / adjective

alive; not dead

Some people say he is the greatest living writer.

liv . ing 2 / 'livin / noun

1 [count , usually singular] money to buy the things you need in life

How did he earn a living?

2 [noncount] the way that you live

The cost of living has risen in recent years.

liv.ing room / 'livin rum / noun [count]

a room in a house where people sit together and watch television or talk, for example

liz . ard / 'lızəd /

noun [count]

a small animal that has four legs, a long tail, and rough skin lizard



load 1 2 / lood / noun

1 [count] something that is carried The truck brought another load of wood.

2 loads [plural]

(informal)

a lot

We have loads of time.

load 2 2 lood / verb (loads, load ling, load led)

 ${f 1}$ to put things in or on something, for example a car or a ship

Two men loaded the furniture into the van. They're loading the plane now.

→ANTONYM unload

2 (COMPUTERS) to put a program into a computer *Did you load the software correctly?*

3 to put bullets in a gun or film in a camera

loaf / loof / noun [count] (plural loaves / loovz /) bread that has been baked in one piece a loaf of bread

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **bread**.

loan 1 / loon / noun [count] money that someone lends you to take out a bank loan

loan 2 / loon / *verb* (loans, loan ling, loaned) to give something to someone for a period of time *A friend loaned me \$1,000.*

→SYNONYM lend

loathe / louð / verb

(loathes, loath ing, loathed)

to hate someone or something very much *I loathe modern art.*

→ANTONYM love

Thesaurus

hate to have a strong feeling of not liking someone or something. This word is often used in informal English to talk about people or things that you really do not like: I've always hated broccoli. ◆ He hates getting up early in the morning. ◆ I hate the way she always criticizes me.

can't stand an expression used to mean that you really do not like someone or something. It is often used in informal spoken English: I can't stand this music. Can we listen to something else? ◆ He can't stand waiting in line for things. ◆ I can't stand her brother, can you?

dislike a slightly formal way of saying that you do not like someone or something, but not in a strong way. It is more usual to say "don't like": I have always disliked flying. \(\Dislike \) Why do you dislike him so much?

despise to dislike someone or something very much and have no respect for them or it: She despised any kind of gossip. ◆ He despised himself for being such a coward.

loathe to hate someone or something very much: *They loathe each other.* ◆ *He loathed hypocrisy.*

loaves

plural of loaf

lob . by 1 / 'labi / noun [count] (plural lob . bies)

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ an area just inside a big building, where people can meet and wait

a hotel lobby

2 (POLITICS) a group of people who try to persuade the government to do something *the gun control lobby*

lob . by 2 / 'labi / verb

(lob bies, lob by ing, lob bied)

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{POLITICS}}$) to try to persuade the government to do or not do something

They lobbied Congress for more money for medical research.

►lob .by .ist / 'labiist / noun [count] environmental lobbyists

lob . ster / 'labster / noun [count]

a large animal with a hard shell and eight legs, which lives in the ocean. Its shell is black but it turns red when it is cooked.

→Look at the picture at crustacean.

lo . cal 🔯 / 'lookl / adjective

of a place near you

Her children go to the local school.

a local newspaper local government

▶lo cal ly / lookəli / adverb

Do you work locally?

lo.cate AWL / 'lookert / verb (lo.cates, lo.cat.ing, lo.cat.ed)

to find the exact position of someone or something

Rescue helicopters are trying to locate the missing sailors.

►lo .cat .ed <mark>AWL</mark> / 'lookertəd / *adjective* in a place

The factory is located near the river.

lo .ca .tion AWL / loo'ketʃn / noun [count] a place

The house is in a quiet location at the top of a hill.

lock 1 2 / lak / verb (locks, lock ing, locked) to close something with a key

Don't forget to lock the door when you leave.

→ANTONYM unlock

lock something away to put something in a place that you close with a key

The paintings are locked away at night.

lock someone in to lock a door so that someone cannot get out

The prisoners are locked in.

lock someone out to lock a door so that someone cannot get in

lock up to lock all the doors and windows of a building *Make sure you lock up before you leave.*

lock 2 2 / lak / noun [count]

a metal thing that keeps a door, gate, or box closed so that you need a key to open it again

I heard the key turn in the lock.

lock .er / 'lakər / noun [count]

a small cabinet with a lock for keeping things in, for example in a school or a sports center

lock .er room / 'laker rom / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{SPORTS}}$) a room with $\ensuremath{\mathsf{lockers}}$ in it where people can change their clothes

My gym has a really nice locker room.

lodge 1 / lad3 / verb

(lodg es, lodg ing, lodged)

to become stuck somewhere, or to make something do this *The bullet lodged in her shoulder.*

lodge 2 / lad3 / noun

a small house in the country where people stay when they want to do outdoor activities *a ski lodge*

lodg .ing / 'ladʒɪŋ / noun [count, noncount]

a place where you can stay

The price includes food and lodging.

loft / loft / noun [count]

the room or space directly under the roof of a house *My old books are in a box in the loft.*

log 1 / log; lag / noun [count]

1 a thick, round piece of wood from a tree

Put another log on the fire. \rightarrow Look at the picture at tree.

2 an official written record of something *The museum keeps a log of visitors.*

 $\log 2 / \log$; $\log / verb$ (logs, log ging, logged) to keep an official record of things that happen to log someone's phone calls

→SYNONYM record

log in; **log on** to type your name, etc. so that you can start using a computer

You need a password to log on.

log off; log out to stop using a computer

Make sure you log out before you switch off the computer.

log · ging / 'loging; 'laging / noun [noncount] the work of cutting down trees for their wood the logging industry

log . ic AWL / 'ladʒɪk / noun [noncount] a sensible reason or way of thinking There is no logic to your argument.

log . i . cal AWL / 'ladʒıkl / adjective seeming natural or sensible

There is only one logical conclusion.

→ANTONYM illogical

► log · i · cal · ly AWL / 'ladʒıkli / adverb to think about things logically

lo.go / 'lougou / noun [count] (plural lo.gos)

($\mbox{\it BUSINESS}$) a picture or a design that a company or an organization uses as its special sign

You will find the company logo on all our products.

| O | . | i . | pop / | lalipap / noun | [count]

a big piece of hard candy on a stick

lone . ly 🍮 / 'loonli / adjective

(lone li er, lone li est)

1 unhappy because you are not with other people *She felt very lonely when she first went to live in the city.*

 \rightarrow Look at alone.

2 far from other places a lonely house in the hills

▶lone ·li · ness / 'lounlines / noun [noncount]

lone . some / 'loonsam / adjective

unhappy because you are alone

She felt lonesome after her daughter moved away.

long 1 ²⁰ / lon / adjective (long er / 'longər /

long .est / 'longəst /)

1 far from one end to the other Which is the longest river in the world? She has long black hair. His house is a long way from mine.

→ANTONYM short

Grammar

We usually use **far** only in questions and negative sentences, and after **too** and **so** : *Is it far to walk?* \spadesuit *It's too far to walk.*

In other sentences we use a long way: It's a long way to walk - let's take the bus.

2 You use **long** to ask or talk about how far something is from one end to the other

How long is the table?

The wall is 10 feet long.

The noun is length.

3 continuing for a lot of time *a long concert*

He's lived here for a long time.

→ANTONYM short

4 You use **long** to ask or talk about the time from the beginning to the end of something

How long is the class?

long 2 2 / lon / adverb

(long er / longər / long est / longəst /)

for a lot of time

I can't stay long.

How long have you been waiting?

She moved to the city long after her children were born.

My grandfather died long before I was born.

as long as ; so long as

only if

You can borrow the book as long as you promise not to lose it.

for long

for a lot of time

She went shopping but she was not out for long.

long ago

many years in the past

Long ago there were no cars.

no longer; not any longer

not now; not as before

She doesn't live here any longer.

so long

(informal)

goodbye

long 3 / lon / verb (longs, long ling, longed)

to want something very much, especially if this does not seem likely

I long to see my family again.

She's longing for a phone call from her boyfriend.

long-dis . tance / lon 'distans / adjective

traveling or communicating between places that are far from each other

a long-distance phone call

long-haul / lon 'hol / adjective

connected with carrying people or things over long distances

a long-haul flight

long .ing / ˈlɔŋɪŋ / noun [count, noncount]

a strong feeling of wanting something

a longing for peace

→SYNONYM desire

Ion . gi . tude / 'landzətud / noun [noncount]

(GEOGRAPHY) the distance of a place east or west of a line from the North Pole to the South Pole that passes through Greenwich, England. **Longitude** is measured in degrees.

 \rightarrow Look at latitude., Look at the picture at earth.

long jump / 'lon dʒʌmp / noun [singular]

(SPORTS) a sport where you try to jump as far as you can

long-term / lon term / adjective

of or for a long period of time long-term planning

→ANTONYM short-term

IOOK 1 [™] / lok / verb (looks, look ing, looked)

 ${f 1}$ to turn your eyes toward someone or something and try to see them

Look at this picture.

You should look both ways before you cross the street.

2 to seem to be; to appear

You look tired.

It looks as if it's going to rain.

3 You say **look** to make someone listen to you Look, I know you're busy, but I need your help.

look after someone or something to take care of someone or something

Can you look after my cat when I'm on vacation?

look around something to visit a place

We looked around the museum.

look for someone or something to try to find someone or something

I'm looking for my keys.

look forward to something to wait for something with pleasure

I'm looking forward to seeing you again.

look into something to study or try to find out something

We will look into the problem.

look like someone or something

1 to seem to be something

That looks like a good book.

2 words that you use to ask about someone's appearance " What does he look like ?" "He's tall with dark hair."

3 to have the same appearance as someone or something She looks like her mother.

look out! be careful

Look out! There's a car coming!

look out for someone or something to pay attention and try to see or find someone or something Look out for thieves!

look something up to try to find information in a book I looked the word up in my dictionary.

look up to someone to respect and admire someone

Thesaurus

look to turn your eyes toward someone or something, or in a particular direction: She looked at me and smiled. ◆ Look out the window! There's a rainbow! watch to look at someone or something for some time, paying attention to what happens: "Would you like to play?" "No thanks – I'll just watch." ◆ I only let my

kids watch TV on weekends. ♦ He stood and watched as the taxi drove away.

see to watch a movie, a television program, a game, a performance, etc. With this meaning, see is not used with the -ing form, so you can say "I saw a movie" but NOT "I was seeing a movie": to see a movie/a TV program ◆ Did you see the game on TV yesterday?

look 2 W / lok / noun

1 [count] turning your eyes toward someone or something; looking

Have a look at this article.

Do you want to take a look around?

2 [count , usually singular] trying to find someone or something

I had a look for your pen, but I couldn't find it.

3 [count] the expression on someone's face

He had a worried look on his face.

4 looks [plural] a person's appearance He has his father's good looks.

look . out / 'lokaot / noun

be on the lookout for someone or something to pay attention in order to see, find, or avoid someone or something

loom / lum / noun

a machine that is used for making cloth by passing pieces of thread across and under other pieces

loop / lup / noun [count]

a round shape made by something like string or rope

loop . hole / 'luphool / noun [count]

a way of avoiding something because the words of a rule or law are not clear or wrong a loophole in the tax law

loose 5 / lus / adjective (loos er , loos est)

SPELLING

Remember! Don't confuse loose with lose, which is a verb: We can't lose this game.

1 not tied or fixed

The dog broke its chain and got loose.

One of his teeth is loose.

2 not fitting close against your body

a loose white shirt

→ANTONYM tight

►loose .ly / 'lusli / adverb

The rope was tied loosely around a tree.

loos .en / 'lusn / verb

(loos ens, loos en ing, loos ened)

to become looser or to make something looser Can you loosen this knot? It's too tight.

→ANTONYM tighten

lord / lord / noun

1 the Lord [singular] (RELIGION) God or Jesus Christ

2 [count] (in some countries) a man who has a high position in society

. Lord Fraser

IOSE D / luz / verb

(los es, los ing, lost / lost / has lost)

1 to not be able to find something

I can't open the door because I lost my key.

2 to not have someone or something that you had before I lost my job when the factory closed.

3 to have less of something

She's lost weight.

to lose interest in something

4 (SPORTS) to not win

Our team lost the game.

los .er / 'luzər / noun [count]

1 (SPORTS) a person who does not win a game, race, or competition

→ANTONYM winner

2 (informal) a person who is never successful

OSS 2 / los / noun (plural loss es)

1 [count, noncount] losing something Has she told the police about the loss of her car? job losses

2 [count] (BUSINESS) how much money a business loses The company announced a loss of \$5 million.

→ANTONYM profit

at a loss

If you are **at a loss**, you do not know what to do or say.

lost 1

form of lose

lost 2 / lost / adjective

1 If you are **lost**, you do not know where you are

I took a wrong turn, and now I'm lost.

Take this map so you don't get lost!

2 If something is lost, you cannot find it.

lost-and-found / lost en 'faund / noun

[singular]

a special area where lost things are kept for the owners to collect

Look for your sweatshirt in the lost-and-found.

lot 1 / lat / pronoun a lot (also informal lots) very much; a large amount or number of things or people We ate a lot.

a lot of; lots of

a large number or amount of things or people *She has a lot of friends.*

Lots of love from Jane (= words at the end of a letter).

lot 2 2 / lat / adverb a lot

very much or often

Your apartment is a lot bigger than mine.

I go to the movies a lot.

lot 3 / lat / noun [count]

an area of land that is used for a particular purpose a parking lot

We're going to build a house on this lot.

lo . tion / ˈloʊʃn / noun

[count, noncount]

liquid that you put on your skin

hand lotion

lot .ter .y / 'latəri / noun [count]

(plural lot .ter .ies)

a game where you buy a ticket with numbers on it. You win money if your numbers are chosen.

loud 🥯 / laod / adjective, adverb

(loud er, loud est)

making a lot of noise

I couldn't hear what he said because the music was too loud.

loud voices

Please speak a little louder – I can't hear you.

→ANTONYM quiet

out loud

so that other people can hear it *I read the story out loud.*

▶loud .ly / ˈlaʊdli / adverb

She laughed loudly.

loud . speak . er / 'laud spiker / noun

[count]

a piece of equipment that makes sounds or voices louder *Music was coming from the loudspeakers.*

lounge / laund3 / noun [count]

a comfortable room in an office, hotel, or other public place where you can sit and relax

Let's go to the lounge to have coffee.

louse / laos / *noun* [count] (*plural* lice / lass /) a small insect that lives on the bodies of people and animals

lous . y / 'laozi / adjective

(lous i er, lous i est)

(informal)

very bad

The weather was lousy.

→SYNONYM awful

lov . a . ble / 'lavabl / adjective

easy to love

a lovable little boy

Iove 1 0 / lav / noun

1 [noncount] the strong, warm feeling you have when you like someone or something very much

Their love for each other was very strong.

2 [count] a person, a thing, or an activity that you love *Who was your first love?*

3 [noncount] (SPORTS) a word in the game of tennis that means zero

The score is 15-love.

be in love

to love someone

Have you ever been in love?

He says he is in love with her and they are going to get

fall in love

to begin to love someone

He fell in love with Anna the first time they met.

love : love from

(informal)

a way of ending a letter to someone that you know well See you soon. Love, Peter.

IOVE 2 2 / lav / verb (loves, lov ling, loved)

1 to have a very strong, warm feeling for someone *I love him very much.*

She loves her parents.

→ANTONYM hate

2 to like something very much

I love skiing.

I would love to go to Hawaii.

→ANTONYM hate

Thesaurus

like to feel that someone or something is good, nice, or attractive; to enjoy something: He's nice. I like him a lot. ◆ Which shirt do you like the best? ◆ I don't like to see her cry. ◆ He didn't like it when I shouted at him.

love to like or enjoy someone or something very much: I love this place. ◆ My dad loves going to baseball games. ◆ I love it when you bring me presents!

be fond of to like or enjoy someone or something, especially if this has continued for a long time: We were fond of the house and didn't want to leave. ◆ We're all very fond of Mrs. Simpson. ◆ I grew very fond of Turkish food while I was living in Istanbul.

adore to love someone or something very much: He simply adores his older brother. ◆ She adores working with children.

love af . fair / 'lav ə fer / noun [count]

a romantic or sexual relationship between two people who love each other but who are not married

love . ly / 'lavli / adjective

(love li er, love li est)

beautiful or very nice

That's a lovely dress.

We had a lovely Thanksgiving. It's lovely to see you again.

lov .er / 'laver / noun [count]

 ${\bf 1}$ If two people are ${\bf lovers}$, they have a sexual relationship but they are not married.

2 a person who likes something very much a music lover

lov .ing / 'lavin / adjective

feeling or showing love

loving parents

PRONUNCIATION

The word low sounds like go .

1 near the ground

There was a low wall around the garden.

a low bridge → ANTONYM high

2 less than usual

low temperatures

low pay → ANTONYM high

3 deep or quiet

a low sound

I heard low voices in the next room.

▶low adverb

The plane flew low over the fields.

low .er 1 / 'lover / adjective

that is under something or at the bottom of something

She bit her lower lip. →ANTONYM upper

low .er 2 / 'lover / verb

(low ers, low er ing, low ered)

1 to move someone or something down

They lowered the boat into the water.

2 to make something less

Please lower your voice (= speak more quietly).

→ANTONYM raise

low .er .case / lover keis / (also low .er case)

noun [noncount]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) the small form of letters, for example $a,\,b,\,c$ (not $A,\,B,\,C$)

My e-mail address is all in lowercase.

→ANTONYM uppercase

loy . al / 'loral / adjective

A person who is **loyal** does not change their friends or beliefs

a loyal friend

He is loyal to the company he works for.

→ANTONYM disloyal

▶loy ·al ·ty / 'lɔɪəlti / noun [count, noncount]

(plural loy .al .ties)

Loyalty to your friends is very important.

IUCK 2 / lak / noun [noncount]

1 good things that happen to you that you cannot control *We wish you luck in your new career.*

2 things that happen to you that you cannot control; chance

to have good luck

bad luck ; hard luck

words that you say to someone when you are sorry that they did not have good luck

be in luck

to have good things happen to you

I was in luck – the store had the book I wanted.

good luck

words that you say to someone when you hope that they will do well

Good luck! I'm sure you'll get the job.

luck . y 🥯 / ˈlʌki / adjective

(luck .i .er , luck .i .est)

1 having good luck

She is lucky to be alive after the accident.

→ANTONYM unlucky

2 bringing success or good luck *My lucky number is 3.*

→ANTONYM unlucky

►luck .i .ly / 'lʌkəli / adverb

it is lucky that

I was late, but luckily they waited for me.

lug .gage / 'lngidz / noun [noncount]

bags that you take with you when you travel

How much luggage do you have?

→SYNONYM baggage

Grammar

Luggage is a noncount noun, so you cannot say "a luggage" or "luggages."

If you are talking about one suitcase or bag, you say a piece of luggage: She brought five pieces of luggage with her and she was only staying for one week!

luke . warm / ,luk'worm / adjective

If a liquid is ${\bf lukewarm}$, it is only slightly warm

I had to have a lukewarm shower.

Thesaurus

hot having a high temperature; (used about a person) feeling heat in an uncomfortable way: Do you like this hot weather? ◆ Be careful - the plates are hot. ◆ If you're hot, take off your sweater.

warm with a temperature that is high but not very high, so that it feels pleasant; not hot and not cold: Wash the blouse in warm soapy water. ◆ It's cold outside but it's nice and warm in here. ◆ Are you warm enough? ◆ I jumped up and down to keep warm.

→ANTONYM cold, cool

lukewarm slightly warm, often in an unpleasant way: The food was only lukewarm. ◆ Add half a cup of lukewarm water to the mixture.

boiling

(informal)

very hot in an unpleasant way: You must be boiling in that heavy coat. ◆ Can you turn the heat down? It's boiling hot in here.

→ANTONYM freezing

Iull .a .by / 'laləbai / noun [count]

(plural lull .a .bies)

(MUSIC) a gentle song that you sing to help a child go to sleep

lum .ber / 'lambər / noun [noncount]

wood that is used for building

lum . **ber** . **jack** / 'lamberd3æk / *noun* [count] a person whose job is to cut down trees to use for wood

Iump 2 / lamp / noun [count]

1 a hard piece of something

a lump of coal

Thesaurus

piece an amount of something that has been cut or separated from the rest of it. This is a very general word and can be used with most noncount nouns: She wrote her address on a piece of paper. \spadesuit He cut the pizza into small pieces. \spadesuit a piece of fruit \spadesuit a piece of advice

slice a thin, flat piece of food that has been cut off a larger piece: Would you like another slice of cake? ◆ Cut the meat into thin slices. ◆ a slice of lemon/tomato ◆ cheese slices

chunk a thick, solid piece that has been cut or broken off something: There were chunks of ice floating in the lake. ♦ a great big chunk of meat ♦ a chunk of cheese/bread

lump a piece of something hard or solid, especially one without any particular shape: This sauce has lumps in it. ♦ a few lumps of coal ♦ a big lump of dough

slab a thick, flat piece of stone, ice, or food: a huge slab of concrete ◆ paving slabs

2 (HEALTH) a part in or on your body that has become hard and bigger

I have a lump on my head where I hit it.

lump . **y** / 'lampi / adjective

(lump i er , lump i est) full of or covered with lumps

The sauce is lumpy. →ANTONYM smooth

lu .nar / 'lunər / adjective connected with the moon a lunar eclipse

lu .na .tic / 'lunətik / noun [count] (informal) a person who does stupid and often dangerous things

lunch / lant[/ noun [count, noncount] (plural lunch es)

a meal that you eat in the middle of the day What would you like for lunch? What time do you usually have lunch?

lunch . time / 'lʌntʃtaɪm / noun

[count, noncount]

the time when you eat lunch I'll meet you at lunchtime.

lung / lλη / noun [count]

(BIOLOGY) one of the two parts inside your body that you use for breathing

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **body**.

lunge / land3 / verb (lung es, lung ing, lunged) to move forward suddenly, especially in order to attack someone or take something

Taylor lunged for the ball.

▶ lunge noun [count, usually singular]

He made a lunge for the gun.

IUTK / lork / verb (lurks , lurk ling , lurked)

to wait somewhere secretly, especially because you are going to do something bad

I thought I saw someone lurking behind the trees.

lux . u . ri . ous / lag'301198 / adjective very comfortable and expensive

a luxurious hotel

IUX · U · ry / 'lʌkʃəri / noun (plural lux · u · ries)

1 [noncount] a way of living when you have all the expensive and beautiful things you want

They live in luxury in a beautiful house in Malibu. a luxury hotel

2 [count] something very nice and expensive that you do not really need

Eating in a restaurant is a luxury for most people.

-ly

(in adverbs) in a particular way quick ly happi ly beautiful ly

ly ing form of lie

lyr . ics / 'lırıks / noun [plural]

(MUSIC) the words of a song

One member of the band writes the music, and another writes the lyrics.

M, m / εm / noun [count, noncount]

1 (plural M's, m's / ϵ mz /) the thirteenth letter of the **English alphabet**

"Milk" begins with an "M."

2 m abbreviation of meter

M.A. / εm 'eɪ / noun [count]

a second university degree that you receive when you complete a program of study at a university in an arts subject (= a subject that is not a science subject) . M.A. is short for "Master of Arts"

She has an M.A. in art history.

→ Look at B.A., M.S., master's degree.

ma'am / mæm / noun [singular]

a polite way of speaking to a woman, instead of using her

Excuse me ma'am, can you tell me what time it is?

 \rightarrow Look at sir.

ma .ca .ro .ni / mækəˈrooni /noun

[noncount]

a type of pasta (= Italian food made from flour and water) in the shape of short tubes

macaroni and cheese (= with a cheese sauce)

ma .chine / məˈʃin / noun [count]

a thing with moving parts that is made to do a job. **Machines** often use electricity

a washing machine

This machine does not work.

ma . chine qun / məˈʃin qʌn / noun [count] a gun that sends out a lot of bullets very quickly

ma . chin . er . y / məˈʃinəri / noun [noncount] machines in general, especially large ones; the moving parts of a machine

industrial machinery

ma .cho / 'matsoo / adjective

(informal)

A man who is **macho** behaves in a strong and brave way. instead of showing that he is caring and sensitive.

mad / mæd / adjective (mad .der , mad .dest)

1 (informal) very angry

He was mad at me for losing his watch.

Thesaurus

angry feeling or showing anger: My parents will be really angry if I get home late. • She's angry about the way she was treated. • Please don't be angry with me.

◆ Please don't be **angry at** me. ◆ His behavior **made** me angry . • I was angry with him for breaking my phone.

mad

(informal)

very angry. This word cannot come before a noun with this meaning: He got mad and walked out. ◆ She's mad at me for being late.

furious extremely angry: She was furious with me when she found out. ◆ He was furious at her behavior.

◆ I had a furious argument with my mother last night.

annoyed a little angry: She's annoyed at/with herself for making such a stupid mistake. ◆ I was annoyed to see that they had left the door open. ◆ Why are you getting annoyed?

2 (HEALTH) sick in your mind a mad scientist

→SYNONYM crazy

be mad about someone or something

(informal)

to like someone or something very much *Marsha is mad about computer games.* He's mad about her.

drive someone mad

to make someone very angry *This noise is driving me mad!*

like mad

(informal)

very hard, fast, much, etc.

I had to run like mad to catch the bus.

mad .am / 'mædəm / noun [singular]

1 (formal) a polite way of speaking to a woman "Can I help you, madam?" asked the salesclerk.

→ l ook at ma'am .

2 Madam (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a word that you use at the beginning of a formal letter to a woman *Dear Madam...*

→Look at sir.

made

form of make 1

mad . ly / 'mædli / adverb

1 in a wild way

They were rushing around madly.

2 (informal) very much

Richard and Vanessa are madly in love.

mad .ness / 'mædnəs / noun [noncount]

1 being sick in your mind; mental illness

2 stupid behavior that could be dangerous

It would be madness to take a boat out in this terrible weather.

mag .a .zine / 'mægəzin; mægə'zin / noun [count]

a kind of thin book with a paper cover that you can buy every week or every month. It has a lot of different stories and pictures inside.

mag .ic 2 / 'mædʒık / noun [noncount]

1 a special power that can make strange or impossible things happen

He suddenly appeared as if by magic.

2 tricks that someone can do to entertain people

▶ mag .ic adjective

magic tricks

mag · i · cal / 'mædʒıkl / adjective

1 seeming to have special powers

a herb with magical powers to cure disease

2 (*informal*) wonderful and exciting We spent a magical week in San Francisco.

ma . gi . cian / məˈdʒɪʃn / noun [count]

1 a person who does tricks to entertain people2 a man in stories who has strange, unusual powers

mag . is . trate / 'mædʒəstreɪt / noun [count] a judge in a court of law who decides how to punish people for small crimes

 $\textbf{mag} \cdot \textbf{ne} \cdot \textbf{si} \cdot \textbf{um} \ / \ \texttt{mæg'niziem} \ / \ \textbf{\textit{noun}}$

[noncount](symbol Mg)

(CHEMISTRY) a metal that is silver in color and burns with a bright white light

mag . net / 'mægnət / noun

(PHYSICS) a piece of metal that can make other metal things move toward it

magnet



mag . net . ic / mæg'nɛtık /

adjective

(PHYSICS) having the ability to attract metal objects *Is this metal magnetic?*

mag .net .ism / 'mægnətızəm / noun
[noncount]

($\mbox{\sc PHYSICS}$) the power of some metals that makes other objects move toward or away from them

mag .nif .i .cent / mæg'nıfəsənt / adjective very good or beautiful

The library is a magnificent building.

mag . ni . fy / 'mægnəfai / verb (mag . ni . fies , mag . ni . fy . ing , mag . ni . fied , has mag . ni . fied) to make something look bigger than it really is We magnified the insect under a microscope.

mag · ni · fy · ing glass / 'mægnəfann ˌglæs /

noun [count]

(plural

mag ni fy ing

a round piece of glass, usually with a handle, that makes things look bigger than they are when you look through it





maid / merd / noun [count] a woman whose job is to clean in a hotel or a house

maid . **en name** / 'meidn neim / *noun* [count] a woman's family name before she is married

Word building

Your **first name** or **given name** is the name that your parents give you when you are born. Many people also have a **middle name**.

Your **last name** or **family name** is the name that everyone in your family has. When a woman gets married, she usually takes her husband's last name. Her old last name is then called her **maiden name**, and her new one is her **married name**.

A **nickname** is a name that your friends or family sometimes call you instead of your real name: *His real name is Robert, but his nickname is Shorty.*

maid of hon . or / meid ev 'aner / noun

[count] (plural maids of hon or)

(at a wedding) the most important **bridesmaid** (= someone who helps a woman on her wedding day) *My cousin Sarah was my maid of honor.*

→ Look at bridesmaid.

mail 1 2 / meil / noun [noncount]

1 the way of sending and receiving letters and packages *Your check is in the mail.*

to send a letter by airmail

2 letters and packages that you send or receive *Is there any mail for me?*

3 (COMPUTERS) computer messages sent by e-mail *I need to check my mail.*

mail 2 0 / meil / verb (mails, mail ing, mailed)

1 to send a letter or package to someone *to mail a package*

I'll mail the money to you.

2 to send a message to someone by e-mail *Mail me when you get to your hotel.*

→SYNONYM e-mail

mail . box / 'meilbaks / noun [count]

(plural mail .box .es)

1 a private box outside a house, or a hole in a door for putting letters into

2 a box in the street where you put letters that you want to send

 $\boldsymbol{3}$ ($\boldsymbol{\mathsf{COMPUTERS}}$) a computer program that receives and stores e-mail

mailboxes





mail car .ri .er / 'meil kærier / noun [count] a person whose job is to take (deliver) letters and packages to people's homes

mail . man / 'meilmæn / noun [count]

(plural mail . men / 'meilmən /)

a man whose job is to take ($\mbox{\bf deliver}$) letters and packages to people's homes

mail or . der / 'meil ,order / noun

[noncount]

a way of shopping, in which you choose the things you want to buy and you are sent them by mail a mail order catalog

main 🍮 / mem / adjective

most important

My main reason for learning new skills is to get a better job.

I had fish for the main course (= the most important part of the meal).

main . land / 'meinlænd; 'meinlænd / noun

[singular]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{GEOGRAPHY}}$) the main part of a country, not including the islands around it

We took a ferry from the island to the mainland.

main . ly 🔯 / 'memli / adverb

mostly

The students here are mainly from the East Coast. She eats mainly vegetables.

main . stream / 'meinstrim / noun

the mainstream [singular]

the ideas and opinions that are considered normal because they are shared by most people

His extreme views put him outside the mainstream of American politics.

► main stream adjective mainstream education

main . tain AWL / mem'tem / verb

(main tains, main tain ing, main tained)

1 to make something continue at the same level If he can maintain this speed, he'll win the race.

2 to keep something working well *The roads are well maintained.*

main . te . nance AWL / 'meintn•ons / noun

[noncount]

keeping something in good condition car maintenance

ma .jes .tic / məˈdʒɛstık / adjective

making a strong impression because of its size or beauty a majestic mountain view

maj .es .ty / 'mædʒəsti / noun

 ${f 1}$ [noncount] the quality of being very big or very beautiful

the majesty of the Grand Canyon

2 Majesty [count] (plural Maj es ties) (formal)

a word that you use to talk to or about a king or queen *Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II*

ma . jor 1 AWL / 'meidʒər / adjective

very large, important, or serious

There are airports in all the major cities. major problems

→ANTONYM minor

ma .jor 2 AWL / 'merdʒər / noun [count]

1 the main subject that you study in college *Her major is chemistry.*

 \rightarrow Look at minor 2 (2).

2 an officer in the army

ma .jor 3 AWL / 'meidʒər / verb (ma .jors ,

ma jor ing, ma jored)

major in something to study something as your main subject in college

She's majoring in chemistry.

→Look at minor 3.

ma .jor .i .ty AWL / məˈdʒɔrətii / noun

[singular]

most things or people in a group

The majority of people agreed with the new law.

→ANTONYM minority

ma .jor league / meidʒər lig / noun [count] (SPORTS) the groups of baseball teams that play at the highest level

→ Look at minor league.

make 1 2 / meik / verb

(makes , mak ing , made / meid / has made)

1 to produce or create something

They make cars in that factory.

He made a box out of some pieces of wood.

This shirt is made of cotton.

2 to cause something to be or to happen; to perform an action

The plane made a loud noise when it landed.

Chocolate makes you fat.

That story made me cry.

I made a mistake.

3 to force someone to do something

My father made me stay at home.

4 a word that you use with money and numbers

She makes (= earns) a lot of money.

Five and seven make twelve.

5 to choose someone to do a job

They made him president of the company.

6 to have the right qualities to be something

She'll make a great teacher.

7 to be able to go somewhere

I'm afraid I can't make the meeting on Friday.

make do with something to use something that is not very good, because there is nothing better

We didn't have a table, but we made do with some boxes.

make something into something to change something so that it becomes a different thing

They made the bedroom into an office.

make it

to manage to do something; to succeed

She'll never make it as an actress.

make something or someone out to be able to see, hear, or understand something or someone

It was dark and I couldn't make out the words on the sign.

make up to become friends again after an argument Laura and Tom had an argument last week, but they've made up now.

Has she made up with him yet?

make something up to invent something that is not

No one believes that story - he made it up!

make 2 / merk / noun [count]

(BUSINESS) the name of the company that made something "What make is your car?" "It's a Ford."

make-be . lieve / 'meik bi,liv / noun

[noncount]

imagining something, or the things that are imagined *Don't believe his stories – they're all make-believe.*

make . o . ver / 'meik,ouver / noun

[count]

the process of improving the appearance of a person or a place

She won a complete makeover in a magazine competition.

mak .er / 'meikər / noun [count]

a person, company, or machine that makes something a filmmaker

make .up / 'meikap / noun [noncount]

special powders and creams that you put on your face to make yourself more beautiful. Actors also wear **makeup** when they are acting

She put on her makeup.

ma · lar · i · a / məˈlɛriə / noun [noncount]

(HEALTH) a serious disease that you get in hot countries from the bite of a small insect (called a **mosquito**)

male 🔯 / meil / adjective

(BIOLOGY) A **male** animal or person belongs to the sex that does not have babies

A rooster is a male chicken.

►male noun [count]

The males of this species are bigger than the females.

→ Look at female.

mal .ice / 'mæləs / noun

[noncount]

a feeling of wanting to hurt other people

He sent the e-mail out of malice.

▶ma · li · cious / məˈlɪʃəs / adjective

It's not true. It's just a malicious rumor.

mall / mal / (also shop ping mall / 'ʃapɪŋ mal /)

noun [count]

a large building that has a lot of stores, restaurants, etc. inside it $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(

mal . nu . tri . tion / mælnu'trıʃn / noun

[noncount]

($\mbox{\sc HEALTH}$) bad health that is the result of not having enough food or enough of the right kind of food

Some of the children were suffering from malnutrition.

mam . mal / 'mæml / noun [count]

(BIOLOGY) any animal that drinks milk from its mother's body when it is young

Dogs, horses, whales, and people are all mammals.

man 1 2 / mæn / noun (plural men / mɛn /)

1 [count] an adult male person

I saw a tall man with dark hair.

2 [noncount] all humans; people

the damage man has caused to the environment

3 [count] any person

All men are created equal.

man 2 / mæn / exclamation

(informal)

a word that you say when you are a little angry, or you are surprised, shocked, etc.

Oh man! I can't believe I forgot my keys!

Man, that's a great car!

man .age 🔯 / 'mænıdʒ / verb

(man ag es, man ag ing, man aged)

1 to be able to do something that is difficult The box was heavy but she managed to carry it out to the

2 to be in charge of or control someone or something *She manages a department of 30 people.*

man .age .a .ble / 'mænɪdʒəbl / adjective

not too big or too difficult to deal with

I have a busy schedule, but it's manageable.

man .age .ment / 'mænidgment / noun

1 [noncount] the control of something, for example a business, and the people who work in it

Teachers must show good classroom management.

2 [count, noncount] (BUSINESS) all the people who control a business

The hotel is now under new management.

man .ag .er 🔯 / 'mænɪdʒər / noun [count]

(BUSINESS) a person who is in charge of a business, a store, an organization, or part of an organization *He is the manager of a shoe store.*

a sales manager

man .da .to .ry / 'mændə,təri / adjective (formal)

If something is **mandatory**, you have to do it mandatory drug testing for athletes

→SYNONYM compulsory

mane / mem / noun [count]

the long hair on the neck of some animals, for example horses and lions, Look at the picture at lion.

ma . neu . ver / məˈnuvər / verb

(ma neu vers, ma neu ver ing, ma neu vered) to move to a different position using skill to maneuver into a parking space

►ma neu ver noun [count, noncount]

It's a complicated maneuver that you need to practice.

man .go / 'mæŋgoʊ / noun [count]

(plural man .goes or man .gos)

a fruit that is yellow or red on the outside and yellow on the inside. **Mangoes** grow in hot countries.

ma . **ni** . **ac** / 'meıniæk / *noun* [count] a person who behaves in a wild or dangerous way to drive like a maniac

man . ic / 'mænık / adjective (informal) full of activity and excitement

Things are manic in the office right now.

man . i . cure / 'mænəkyor / noun

[count, noncount]

a treatment to make your hands and your **fingernails** (= the hard parts at the end of your fingers) look nice *to have a manicure*

ma . nip . u . late AWL / məˈnɪpyəleɪt / verb (ma . nip . u . lates , ma . nip . u . lat . ing , ma . nip . u . lat . ed)

to influence someone so that they do or think what you want

Politicians know how to manipulate people's opinions.

►ma ·nip ·u ·la ·tion AWL / məˌnɪpyəˈleɪʃn / noun [count, noncount]

man . kind / mæn'kamd / noun [noncount] all the people in the world

man-made / mend / adjective made by people; not formed in a natural way man-made materials

→SYNONYM artificial

man .ner / 'mænər / noun

1 [singular] the way that you do something or the way that something happens

Don't get angry. Let's try to talk about this in a calm manner.

2 [singular] the way that someone behaves and speaks to other people

He has a very friendly manner.

3 manners [plural] the habits and customs of people in a particular country or culture

It's bad manners to talk with your mouth full.

man .ner .ism / 'mænəˌrızəm / noun

[count

a particular way of speaking or behaving that someone has *You don't look like your sister, but you have the same mannerisms.*

man . sion / 'mænʃn / noun [count] a very big house

man . tel / 'mæntl /

(also man .tel .piece / 'mæntlpis /) noun [count] a narrow shelf above the place where a fire is in a room (called the fireplace)

She has photographs of her children on the mantel.

man . u . al 1 AWL / 'mænyuəl / adjective using your hands

Do you prefer manual work or office work?

►man · u · al · ly AWL / 'mænyuəli / adverb This machine is operated manually.

man . u . al 2 AWL / 'mænyuəl / noun [count] a book that tells you how to do something Where is the instruction manual for the DVD recorder?

man .u .fac .ture / mænyəˈfæktʃər / verb (man .u .fac .tures , man .u .fac .tured)

to make things in a factory using machines *The company manufactures radios.*

►man ·u ·fac ·ture noun [noncount] the manufacture of cars

man . u . fac . tur . er / mænyəˈfæktʃərər / noun [count]

a person or company that makes something If it doesn't work, send it back to the manufacturer.

ma . **nure** / məˈnor / **noun** [noncount] animal waste that is put on soil to make plants grow better

man . u . script / 'mænyəskrıpt / noun [count] (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a copy of a book, piece of music, etc. before it has been published an unpublished manuscript

man . y 🥯 / ˈmɛni / adjective, pronoun

(more / mor / most / moust /)

1 a large number of people or things *Many people in this country are poor.*

There aren't many students in my class.

Many of these books are very old.

There are too many mistakes in your homework.

2 a word that you use to ask or talk about the number of people or things

How many brothers and sisters do you have? Take as many cookies as you want.

 \rightarrow Look at much.

map / mæp / noun [count]

Count

a drawing of a city, a country, or the world that shows things like mountains, rivers, and roads Can you find Iowa on the map? a street map of Houston

ma . ple / 'merpl / noun [count]

a tree that has leaves with five points, which turn bright red or yellow in the fall

pancakes with maple syrup (= the sweet liquid from this

mar · a · thon / 'mærə,θαn / noun [count]

(SPORTS) a very long race when people run about 26 miles

mar . ble / 'marbl / noun

1 [noncount] a hard, attractive stone that is used to make statues (= models of people) and parts of buildings Marble is always cold when you touch it.

2 [count] a small, glass ball that children play with The children are playing marbles.

March 2 / marts / noun [count, noncount] (abbreviation Mar.)

the third month of the year

march 1 / marts / verb

(march es, march ing, marched)

1 to walk like a soldier

The soldiers marched along the road.

2 to walk through the streets in a large group to show that you do not agree with something

They marched through the center of town shouting "Stop the war!"

3 to walk somewhere quickly in a determined way She marched up to the manager and asked for her money back.

march 2 / mart [/ noun [count] (plural march .es)

1 an organized walk by a large group of people who want to show that they do not agree with something

a peace march \rightarrow Look at demonstration (2).

2 a long trip made by soldiers walking together The soldiers were tired after the long march.

mare / 'mer / noun [count]

a female horse

Word building

A male horse is a stallion and a female horse is a mare.

A young horse is a foal .

mar .ga .rine / 'mardʒərən / noun [noncount] soft, yellow food that looks like butter, but is not made of mar riage \(\sqrt{nard} \) / mæridz / noun milk. You put it on bread or use it in cooking.

mar . gin AWL / 'mardʒən / noun [count]

1 the space at the side of a page that has no writing or pictures in it

2 the amount of space, time, etc. by which you win something

He won the election by a wide margin.

ma . rine 1 / məˈrin / adjective

connected with the ocean the study of marine life

ma . rine 2 / ma'rin / noun [count]

a soldier who has been trained to fight on land or on the ocean

mark 1 2 / mark / noun [count]

1 a spot or line that spoils the appearance of something There's a dirty mark on the front of your shirt.

2 a shape or special sign on something

This mark shows that the ring is made of silver. punctuation marks

3 a number or letter that a teacher gives for your work to show how good it is

She got a very low mark on her history test.

He gets good marks in school.

→SYNONYM grade

mark 2 2 / mark / verb

(marks, mark ing, marked)

1 to put a sign on something by writing or drawing on it The price is marked on the bottom of the box.

2 to show where something is

This cross marks the place where he died.

3 to spoil the appearance of something by making a mark

The white walls were dirty and marked.

4 to celebrate or remember an important event

The ceremony marked the tenth anniversary of the end of

5 to look at school work to see how good it is The teacher marked all my answers wrong.

mar . ket 1 9 / 'market / noun

1 [count] a place where people go to buy and sell things, usually outside

There is a fruit and vegetable market here on Fridays.

2 [count, noncount] (BUSINESS) the people who want to buy something

There is a big market for Spanish-language books in the U.S.

on the market

available to buy

This is one of the best cameras on the market.

mar . Ket 2 / 'market / verb

(mar kets, mar ket ing, mar ket ed)

(BUSINESS) to sell something using advertisements Companies spend millions marketing their products.

mar . ket . ing / 'markətin / noun

[noncount]

(BUSINESS) using advertisements to help a company sell its products

She works in the marketing department.

ma . roon / məˈrun / adjective

having a color between brown and purple

▶ma ·roon *noun* [noncount]

1 [count, noncount] the time when two people are together as husband and wife

They had a long and happy marriage.

2 [count] the time when a man and woman become husband and wife

The marriage will take place at the church.

→SYNONYM wedding

mar . ried 🔯 / 'mærid / adjective

having a husband or a wife Gary is married to Helen.

→ANTONYM single, unmarried

get married

to take someone as your husband or wife Fran and Paul got married last year.

mar . ry 🥯 / ˈmæri / verb

(mar ries, mar ry ing, mar ried, has mar ried)

to take someone as your husband or wife

Will you marry me?

They married when they were very young.

marsh / mars/ noun [count, noncount] (plural marsh es)

(GEOGRAPHY) soft, wet ground

► marsh · y / ˈmarʃi / adjective

marshy ground

mar . shal / 'marʃl / noun [count]

 ${f 1}$ an officer whose job is to do the things that are ordered by a court of law

He was brought into the courtroom by two federal marshals.

2 an important officer in some police and fire departments a fire marshal

marsh . mal . low / 'marsmelov / noun

[count, noncount]

a very soft, sweet, white food that comes in round pieces *We toasted marshmallows over the fire.*

mar . tial arts / marsl 'arts / noun [plural]

(SPORTS) fighting sports, in which you use your hands and feet as weapons

judo, karate, and other martial arts

mar . vel . ous / 'marvl*os / adjective very good

I had a marvelous vacation.

→SYNONYM wonderful

mas .car .a / mæˈskærə / noun [noncount]

a substance that you put on the hairs around your eyes (your eyelashes) to make them look darker and thicker

mas .cot / 'mæskat / noun [count]

a person, animal, or thing that people think brings them good luck $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$

mas . cu . line / 'mæskyələn / adjective

1 typical of a man, or right for a man a masculine voice

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ (<code>ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS</code>) (in some languages) belonging to a certain class of nouns, adjectives, or pronouns

The French word for "sun" is masculine.

 \rightarrow Look at feminine (2).

mash / mæf / verb

(mash .es , mash .ing , mashed)

to press and mix food to make it soft mashed potatoes

mask / mæsk / noun [count]

a thing that you wear over your face to hide or protect it a gas mask

The doctors and nurses all wore masks.

a Halloween mask

masks





mass / mæs / noun (plural mass .es)

1 [count] a large amount or quantity of something without a clear shape

a mass of rock

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ [noncount] (<code>PHYSICS</code>) the amount of material that something contains

to calculate the earth's mass

 $3\ Mass$ [count, noncount] (<code>RELIGION</code>) an important religious ceremony, especially in the Roman Catholic Church

She goes to Mass every Sunday.

mas .sa .cre / 'mæsəkər / noun [count]

the cruel killing of a lot of people

►mas .sa .cre verb

(mas sa cres, mas sa cring, mas sa cred)

Hundreds of innocent people were massacred.

mas . sage / məˈsaʒ / noun [count, noncount] the act of rubbing someone's body to get rid of pain or help them relax

Do you want me to give you a massage?

►mas sage verb

(mas .sag .es , mas .sag .ing , mas .saged) She massaged my back.

mas . sive / 'mæsıv / adjective very big

The house is massive – it has 16 bedrooms!

→SYNONYM enormous, huge

mast / mæst / noun [count]

1 a tall piece of wood or metal that holds the sails on a boat2 a tall pole that holds a flag

mas .ter 1 / 'mæstər / noun [count]

1 a man who has people or animals in his control *The dog ran to its master.*

2 a man who is very good at something paintings by the American masters

mas .ter 2 / 'mæstər / verb

(mas ters , mas ter ing , mas tered)

to learn how to do something well

It takes a long time to master a foreign language.

mas .ter .piece / 'mæsterpis / noun [count]

a great painting, book, movie, or play "The Grapes of Wrath" was Steinbeck's masterpiece.

mas .ter's de .gree / 'mæstərz dı,gri /

(also mas .ter's) noun [count]

a second or higher university degree. You usually get a **master's degree** by studying for one or two years after your first degree

Ted has a master's degree in education.

→ Look at M.A., M.S., bachelor's degree.

mat / mæt / noun [count]

1 a small thing that covers a part of the floor Wipe your feet on the doormat before you go in. an exercise mat for gymnasts

 \rightarrow Look at rug.

2 a small thing that you put under something on a table a *place mat* (= that you put plates and dishes on)

match 1 2 / mætʃ / noun (plural match .es)

1 [count] a short thin piece of wood that you use to light a fire or a cigarette

He struck a match and lit his cigarette.

a box of matches

2 [singular] something that looks good with something else, for example because it has the same color, shape, or pattern

Your shoes and dress are a good match.

3 [count] (SPORTS) a game between two people or teams a tennis match a boxing match

match 2 / mæts / verb

(match es, match ing, matched)

1 to have the same color, shape, or pattern as something else, or to look good with something else *That scarf doesn't match your blouse.*

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ to find something that is like another thing or that you can put with it

Match the word with the right picture.

▶match ing / mæt∫in / adjective

She was wearing a blue skirt and matching jacket.

mate 1 / mert / noun [count]

1 a person who lives, works, or studies with you Andrew is one of my classmates.

 ${\bf 2}$ (${\bf BIOLOGY}$) one of two animals that come together to make young animals

In spring the birds look for mates.

mate 2 / meit / verb (mates , mat .ing , mat .ed) (BIOLOGY) When animals **mate** , they come together to make young animals.

ma.te.ri.al / məˈtɪriəl / noun [count, noncount]

1 cloth that you use for making clothes and other things *I don't have enough material to make a dress.*

→SYNONYM fabric

2 what you use for making or doing something *Wood and stone are building materials*. *writing materials* (= pens, paper, etc.)

ma . ter . nal / ma'tarnl / adjective

1 behaving like a mother, or connected with being a mother

She's not very maternal. maternal love

2 A **maternal** relation is from your mother's side of the family

my maternal grandfather (= my mother's father)

 \rightarrow Look at paternal.

ma .ter .ni .ty / məˈtərnəti / adjective

connected with women who are going to have or just had a baby

maternity clothes

I get eight weeks of paid maternity leave (= when I do not have to work).

math [©] / mæθ / noun [noncount]

short for mathematics He's really good at math.

He's really good at math. a math class

math .e .ma .ti .cian / ˌmæθməˈtɪʃn / noun

(MATH) a person who studies or is an expert in mathematics

math .e .mat .ics ²⁰ / ,mæθ'mætiks / (formal)

(also math) noun [noncount]

(MATH) the study of numbers, measurements, and shapes *Mathematics is my favorite subject.*

►math .e .mat .i .cal / ˌmæθ¹mætjkl / adjective a mathematical problem

mat . i . nee (also mat . i . née) / mætn•'ei / noun [count] (plural mat . i . nees or mat . i . nées) an afternoon performance of a play or movie

mat .ter 1 0 / mæter / noun

1 [count] something that you must talk about or do *There is a matter I would like to discuss with you.*

2 the matter [singular] the reason someone or something has a problem or is not good *Julie's crying. What's the matter with her?*

There is something the matter with my eye.

3 [noncount] all physical substances, or a substance of a particular kind

waste matter

as a matter of fact

words that you use when you say something true, important, or interesting

I like Dave a lot. As a matter of fact, he's my best friend. no matter how, what, when, who, etc.

words that you use to say that something is always true

No matter how (= however) hard I try, I can't open the

door.

I'll help you, no matter what (= whatever) happens.

mat .ter 2 / mæter / verb (mat .ters , mat .ter .ing , mat .tered)

to be important

It doesn't matter if you're late - we'll wait for you.

mat .tress / 'mætrəs / noun [count]

(plural mat tress es) the thick, soft part of a bed

ma . ture AWL / ma'tfor; ma'tor / adjective

1 behaving in a sensible way like an adult

2 fully grown or fully developed →ANTONYM immature

▶ma .ture verb

(ma tures, ma turing, ma tured) He has matured a lot since he went to college.

mauve / moov / adjective, noun [noncount] pale purple

max .i .mum AWL / 'mæksəməm / noun

[singular]

the biggest possible size, amount, or number *This plane can carry a maximum of 150 people.*

▶max ·i ·mum adjective

We drove at a maximum speed of 60 miles per hour.

→ANTONYM minimum

May [™] / meɪ / noun [count, noncount] the fifth month of the year

may 🍮 / mei / modal verb

1 a word that shows what will perhaps happen or what is possible

I may go to Colorado next month.

He may not be here.

2 (formal) to be allowed to do something

May I open the window?

You may go now.

Grammar

Can , could , may , might , should , must , will , shall , would , and ought to are modal verbs.

Modal verbs do not have an "s" in the "he/she" form: She can drive. (NOT She cans drive.)

After modal verbs (except **ought to**), you use the infinitive without "to": *I must go now.* (NOT I must to go.)

You make questions and negative sentences without "do" or "did": Will you come with me? (NOT Do you will come?); They might not know. (NOT They don't might know.)

may . be 2 / 'meibi / adverb

a word that shows that something may happen or may be

"Are you going out tonight?" "Maybe."

Maybe you should call him. →SYNONYM perhaps

You can use maybe when you want to sound polite: Maybe you could help me with the cooking (= Please help me with the cooking).

may on naise / meigneiz ; meigneiz / noun [noncount]

a cold, thick sauce made with eggs and oil

may . or / 'meier / noun [count]

(POLITICS) the leader of a group of people who control a city or town (called a council)

maze / meiz / noun [count]

a system of paths that is confusing, so that it is difficult to find your way out

Me 🥯 / mi / pronoun (plural us / ʌs /)

the person who is speaking

He called me yesterday.

Give it to me.

Hello, it's me.

mead .ow / 'medoo / noun [count]

a field of grass

meal / mil / noun [count]

food that you eat at a certain time of the day What's your favorite meal of the day?

We had a nice meal in that restaurant.

Culture

Breakfast, lunch, and dinner are the usual meals of

We do not usually use "a" with the names of meals: Let's have lunch together tomorrow.

meal . time / 'miltam / noun [count]

the time at which a meal is usually eaten Our mealtimes are later on weekends.

mean 1 9 / min / verb

(means, mean ing, meant / ment / has meant)

1 to have as a meaning

What does "medicine" mean?

The red light means that you have to stop here.

2 to plan or want to say something

She said "yes" but she really meant "no."

I don't understand what you mean.

We're going on Tuesday, I mean Thursday.

3 to make something happen

This snow means there will be no outdoor sports today.

4 to plan or want to do something

I didn't mean to hurt you.

I meant to call you, but I forgot.

It was meant as a joke.

→SYNONYM intend

5 to be important to someone My family means a lot to me.

I mean

words you use to explain or correct what you have just said It was so boring – I mean, nothing happened for an hour! She's from Carolina – California, I mean.

mean 2 / min / adjective (mean er , mean est)

1 (used about people or their behavior) unkind

It was mean of you to say that Peter was fat.

2 (MATH) average

Use these statistics to calculate the mean annual temperature in Los Angeles.

mean 3 / min / noun [count]

(MATH) the result you get when you add together all the numbers in a group and then divide the total by the number of amounts you added

→SYNONYM average

mean .ing 2 / 'minin / noun

1 [count] what something means or shows This word has two different meanings.

2 [noncount] purpose or importance

After his daughter's death, he felt that his life had no meaning.

mean ing ful / mininfl / adjective

useful, important, or interesting a meaningful relationship

mean ing less / miniples / adjective

without meaning, reason, or sense

These figures are meaningless if we have nothing to compare them with.

means / minz / noun [count] (plural means)

a way of doing something; a way of going somewhere Do you have a means of transportation (= a car, a bicycle etc.)?

by all means

(formal)

of course; certainly

"May I make a suggestion?" "By all means."

by means of something

(formal)

by using something

We crossed the river by means of a small bridge.

by no means

(formal)

I'm by no means sure that this is the right thing to do.

meant

form of mean 1

mean . time / 'mintaim / noun

in the meantime

in the time between two things happening

Our house isn't ready, so we're living with my parents in the meantime.

mean . while / 'minwail / adverb

at the same time as another thing is happening, or in the time between two things happening

Peter was at home studying. Dan, meanwhile, was out with his friends.

I'm going to buy a bed next week, but meanwhile I'm sleeping on the floor.

mea . sles / 'mizəlz / noun [noncount]

(HEALTH) an illness that makes small red spots appear on your skin

Did you ever have the measles?

meas . ure 1 2 / megar / verb

(meas ures, meas ur ing, meas ured)

1 to find the size, weight, or amount of someone or something

Could you measure these windows for me?

2 to be a certain size or amount

This room measures 15 feet across.

meas . ure 2 2 / megar / noun [count]

1 a way of showing the size or amount of something A yard is a measure of length.

2 an action that someone does in order to achieve something

The government has taken measures to resolve the crisis.

meas .ure .ment 2 / 'megarmant / noun

the size of something that is found by measuring it What are the measurements of the kitchen (= how long and

meat 🥯 / mit / noun [noncount] the parts of an animal or bird that you can eat I don't eat meat. meat-eating animals

meat . ball / 'mitbol / noun [count] a small round ball of meat spaghetti and meatballs

meat . loaf / 'mitloof / noun [count, noncount] meat that has been cut into very small pieces and mixed with eggs, onions, etc. It is then formed into a long shape and baked

a slice of meatloaf

me .chan .ic / məˈkænɪk / noun [count] a person whose job is to repair or work with machines a car mechanic

me . chan . i . cal / məˈkænɪkl / adjective moved, done, or made by a machine a mechanical toy

►me .chan .i .cal .ly / məˈkænɪkli / adverb The pump is operated mechanically.

me . chan . ics / ma'kæniks / noun [noncount] (GENERAL SCIENCE) the study of how machines work

mech . a . nism AWL / 'mekənizəm / noun [count]

a set of moving parts in a machine that does a particular job a car with an automatic locking mechanism medal

med .al / 'medl / noun [count] a piece of metal with words and pictures on it that you get for doing something very good

She won a gold medal in the Olympic Games.



me . di . a AWL / 'midiə / noun [plural] television, radio, and newspapers

These events were widely reported in the media.

med . i . cal 🕯 / 'medikl / adjective

(HEALTH) connected with medicine, hospitals, or doctors a medical student medical treatment

med i ca tion / medikein / noun

[count, noncount]

(HEALTH) medicine that you take to treat an illness flu medications

Have you been remembering to take your medication?

med . i . cine D / 'medisn / noun

1 [noncount] the science of understanding illnesses and making sick people well again He's studying medicine.

2 [count, noncount] a special chemical substance that helps you to get better when you are sick Take this medicine every morning.

me di e val / mid'ivl / adjective

(HISTORY) connected with the years between about 1100 and 1500 in Europe a medieval castle

→ Look at the Middle Ages .

me . di . o . cre / midi'ovker / adjective

The restaurant looks great, but I thought the food was pretty mediocre.

me di um 🥯 AWL / 'midiam / adjective not big and not small

Would you like a small, medium, or large Coke? He is of medium height.

meet 🥯 / mit / verb (meets , meet ing , met / met / has met)

1 to come together by chance or because you have planned it

I met Kate in the library today.

Let's meet outside the restaurant at seven o'clock.

2 to see and speak to someone for the first time Have you met Anne?

3 to go to a place and wait for someone to arrive Can you meet me at the airport?

4 to join together with something The two rivers meet in St. Louis.

meet with someone to have a meeting with someone, usually to talk about something

I'm meeting with my son's teacher today.

meet . ing 👺 / ˈmitɪŋ / noun [count]

1 a time when people come together for a special reason, usually to talk about something

We had a meeting to talk about the plans for a new pool.

2 a time when two or more people come together Do you remember your first meeting with your husband?

meg · a · byte / 'meg-bait / (abbreviation MB)

noun [count]

(COMPUTERS) a unit of computer memory, equal to about one million bytes (= small units of information)

→ Look at gigabyte, kilobyte.

mel . O . dy / 'meladi / noun

[count]

(plural mel.o.dies)

(MUSIC) a group of musical notes that make a nice sound when you play or sing them together This song has a lovely melody.

→SYNONYM tune

mel .on

/ 'mɛlən / noun [count]

a big, round, yellow or green fruit with a lot of seeds inside

melons





melt 🥯 / mɛlt / verb (melts , melt .ing , melt .ed)

to warm something so that it becomes liquid; to get warmer so that it becomes liquid

Melt the butter in a saucepan.

The snow melted in the sunshine.

melt .ing pot / 'meltin pat / noun [count] a place where a lot of different cultures, ideas, etc. come together

New York is a real melting pot.

mem . ber 2 / 'member / noun [count]

a person who is in a group Is she a member of the family?

mem . ber . ship / 'memberfip / noun [noncount]

being in a group or an organization Membership in the club costs \$100 a year.

mem . brane / 'membrein / noun [count]

(BIOLOGY) a thin layer that is found inside a plant, or men . tal . i . ty AWL / men'tæleti / noun inside a person's or an animal's body

mem . O / 'memov / noun [count]

(plural mem .os)

(BUSINESS) a note that you write to a person who works with you

I sent you a memo about the meeting on Friday.

mem . o . ra . ble / 'memrabl / adjective easy to remember because it is special in some way Their wedding was a very memorable day.

me . mo . ri . al / ma'morial / noun [count]

something that people build or do to help us remember someone, or something that happened

The statue is a memorial to all the soldiers who died in the

mem . o . rize / 'memaraiz / verb

(mem o riz es, mem o riz ing, mem o rized) to learn something so that you can remember it exactly We have to memorize a poem for homework.

mem . O . ry 🥯 / 'meməri / noun (plural mem .o .ries)

1 [count] the ability to remember things

Ruth has a very good memory – she never forgets people's names.

2 [count] something that you remember I have very happy memories of that vacation.

3 [count, noncount] (COMPUTERS) the part of a computer that holds information

men

plural of man

mend / mend / verb

(mends, mend ing, mend ed)

to repair a hole in a piece of clothing Can you mend this sock?

men's room / 'menz rum / noun [count]

a room in a public building that has toilets for men to use Excuse me – where is the men's room?

→ Look at ladies' room . restroom .

men . stru . ate / 'menstrueit / verb

(men stru ates, men stru at ing,

men .stru .at .ed)

(formal)

(BIOLOGY) (used about women) to lose blood from the body once a month

 \rightarrow Look at **period** (3).

SUFFIX

-ment

(in nouns) the action or result of a verb

announce ment arrange ment develop ment disappoint ment improve ment

punish ment

AWL / 'mentl / adjective men . tal 🥯

of or in your mind mental illness

mental arithmetic (= done in your head)

▶men .tal .ly AWL / 'mentəli / adverb

He is mentally ill.

[count] (plural men .tal .i .ties)

a type of mind or way of thinking a criminal mentality

men . tion 🥯 / ˈmɛnʃn / verb

(men tions, men tion ing, men tioned)

to speak or write about something without giving much information

Liz mentioned that she was going to buy a new car. He didn't mention Anna in his letter.

not to mention

words you use to add something to what you have just said; and also

He has a big apartment in the city, not to mention a new house on the beach.

▶men .tion noun [count, noncount]

There was no mention of the accident in the newspaper.

men . U / 'menyu / noun [count]

(plural men.us)

1 a list of the food that you can choose in a restaurant What's on the menu tonight?

Can I have the menu, please?

2 (COMPUTERS) a list on the screen of a computer that shows what you can do

Go to the menu and click "New."

me . ow / mi'av / noun [count]

a sound that a cat makes

► me .ow verb (me .ows , me .ow .ing , me .owed) Why is the cat meowing?

 \rightarrow Look at purr.

mer . chan . dise / 'martsandaiz / noun

[noncount] (formal)

things that are for sale

We have a wide selection of merchandise.

mer . chant / 'martfant / noun [count]

(BUSINESS) a person who buys and sells things, especially from and to other countries

She's a wine merchant.

mer .cu .ry / 'mərkyəri / noun [noncount]

(symbol Hg)

a silver, liquid metal

mer .cy / 'mərsi / noun [noncount]

being kind and not hurting someone who has done wrong *The prisoners begged for mercy.*

be at the mercy of someone or something

to have no power against someone or something that is strong

Farmers are at the mercy of the weather.

mere / mir / adjective

only; not more than

She was a mere child when her parents died.

mere . ly / 'mirli / adverb

(formal)

only

I don't want to buy the book – I am merely asking how much it costs.

→SYNONYM just

merge / mərdʒ / verb

(merg .es , merg .ing , merged)

to join together with something else

Three small companies merged into one large one.

mer . it 1 / 'merət / noun [count]

the thing or things that are good about someone or something

What are the merits of this plan?

mer . it 2 / 'merət / verb

(mer \cdot its , mer \cdot it \cdot ing , mer \cdot it \cdot ed)

(formal)

to be good enough for something

This suggestion merits further discussion.

→SYNONYM deserve

mer . maid / 'mərmeid / noun [count]

a woman in stories who has a fish's tail and lives in the ocean

mer . ry / 'meri / adjective

(mer ri er, mer ri est)

happy

Merry Christmas!

mer .ry-go-round / 'meri goo raund / noun

count

a big, round machine with models of animals or cars on it. Children can ride on it as it turns.

→SYNONYM carousel

mess 1 / mes / noun [noncount]

 ${\bf 1}$ a lot of things that are not organized or neat, and that may be dirty

My bedroom is in a real mess.

Don't make a mess in the kitchen.

2 a person or thing that is not neat and clean

My hair is a mess!

3 a difficult situation

She's in a terrible mess – she has no money and nowhere to live.

mess 2 / mes / verb

(mess .es , mess .ing , messed)

mess around to behave in a silly way

Stop messing around and finish your work!

mess something up

1 to make something dirty or not neat

Don't mess my hair up!

2 to do something badly or to spoil something

The bad weather messed up our plans for the weekend.

mes . sage 😂 / 'mɛsɪdʒ / noun [count]

words that one person sends to another

Could you give a message to Carl, please?

Mr. Willis is not here right now. Can I take a message?

mes . sen . ger / 'mesendger / noun [count] a person who brings a message

mess . y 2 / mesi / adjective

(mess i er, mess i est)

1 dirty or not neat

a messy kitchen

2 making you or something dirty or not neat

Painting is a messy job.

met

form of meet

met . al al count]

(CHEMISTRY) a solid substance that is usually hard and shiny, such as iron, silver, or gold

This chair is made of metal.

a metal box

me . tal . lic / məˈtælık / adjective

($\mbox{\it CHEMISTRY}$) looking like metal or making a noise like one piece of metal hitting another

metallic paint

 $met \cdot a \cdot mor \cdot pho \cdot sis \ / \ _{i}met = i morfeses \ / \ _{i}met = i mo$

noun [count]

(plural met .a .mor .pho .ses / metə mərfəsiz /)

(formal)

(**BIOLOGY**) a complete change of form, as part of a body's natural development

the metamorphosis of a tadpole into a frog

met .a .phor / 'metəfər / noun

[count, noncount]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a word or phrase that is used to describe something by comparing it to something else "She has a heart of stone" is a metaphor.

→Look at simile.

►met · a · phor · i · cal / metə fərikl / adjective metaphorical language

me .te .or / 'mitjer / noun [count]

a small piece of rock in space that makes a bright line in the sky when it travels near the earth

me .te .or .ol .o .gy / mitjəˈralədʒi / noun [noncount]

(GENERAL SCIENCE) the study of weather and climate

me . ter / 'mitər / noun [count]

1 (*abbreviation* **m**) a measure of length. There are 100 **centimeters** , or around 39 inches, in a **meter** *The wall is eight meters long.*

2 a machine that measures or counts something *an electricity meter*

meth . od AWL / 'mεθəd / noun [count] a way of doing something

What is the best method of cooking beef?

me . thod .i .cal AWL / məˈθαdıkl / adjective doing things in an organized and careful way Paul is a methodical worker.

 $meth \cdot od \cdot o \cdot log \cdot y \text{ AWL } / \ _{i}m\epsilon\theta \circ 'd\alpha l \circ d \circ i /$

noun [count, noncount]
(plural meth .od .o .log .ies)

a way of doing something that is based on particular ideas and methods

language teaching methodologies

met . ric / 'metrik / adjective

using the system of meters, grams, and liters (the **metric** system) to measure things

met · ro · pol · i · tan / metro paletn / adjective

connected with a large city

the Detroit metropolitan area (= the city and the area around it)

mg

abbreviation of milligram

mice

plural of mouse

mi . cro . chip / 'maɪkrootʃip / noun [count] (COMPUTERS) a very small thing inside a computer or a machine that makes it work

mi . cro . phone / 'markrefoun / (also informal mike / mark /) noun [count]

a piece of electrical equipment that makes sounds louder or records them so you can listen to them later

mi .cro .scope

/ 'maɪkrəskoup / noun [count]

(GENERAL SCIENCE) a piece of equipment with special glass in it that makes very small things look much bigger

We looked at the hair under a microscope.

microscope



mi . cro . scop . ic / markra'skapik / adjective so small that you cannot see it without a microscope microscopic organisms

mi .cro .wave / 'markrawerv /

(also mi .cro .wave ov .en / maikraweiv 'Avan /) noun [count]

a type of oven that cooks or heats food very quickly using electric waves

▶mi ·cro ·wave *verb* (mi ·cro ·waves ,

mi cro wav ing, mi cro waved)

to cook or heat something in a microwave

PREFIX

mid-

(used with nouns) in the middle of

a **mid** afternoon snack

It exploded in **mid** air.

the **Mid** west (= the northern central part of the U.S.) the **mid**-eighteenth century

mid . day / "mid'dei / noun [noncount]

twelve o'clock in the day

We met at midday.

→SYNONYM noon, Look at midnight.

mid . dle 2 / 'mıdl / noun [singular]

1 the part that is the same distance from the sides, edges, or ends of something

A peach has a pit in the middle.

2 the time after the beginning and before the end *The phone rang in the middle of the night.*

be in the middle of doing something

to be busy doing something

I can't talk to you now – I'm in the middle of cooking dinner.

►mid .dle adjective

There are three houses, and ours is the middle one.

mid dle-aged / midl eid3d / adjective

not old and not young; between the ages of around 40 and 60

a middle-aged man

the Mid . dle Ag . es / ðə midl 'eidʒiz / noun

(HISTORY) the years between about 1100 and 1500 in Europe

→ Look at medieval.

the mid . dle class / ðə midl klæs / noun

[singular

the group of people in a society who are neither very rich nor very poor, and which includes business and professional people

tax benefits for the middle class

mid . dle-class / midl 'klæs / adjective

students from middle-class families

→ Look at the upper class, the working class.

the Mid . dle East / ðə midl ist / noun

singular

($\mbox{{\bf GEOGRAPHY}}$) the group of countries in S.W. Asia and N.E. Africa

 \rightarrow Look at the Far East.

mid . **dle name** / 'midl neim / noun [count] a name that comes between your first name and your family name

Word building

Your first name or given name is the name that your parents give you when you are born. Many people also have a middle name.

Your last name or family name is the name that everyone in your family has. When a woman gets married, she usually takes her husband's last name. Her old last name is then called her maiden name, and her new one is her married name .

A nickname is a name that your friends or family sometimes call you instead of your real name: His real name is Robert, but his nickname is Shorty.

mid . dle school / 'midl skul / noun [count] a school for children between the ages of about 11 and 14 Word building

In the U.S., children start elementary school when they are 5. The first year of this is called kindergarten

When children are around 11 years old, they move to middle school (or junior high school), and when they reach the age of around 14, they start high school .

Each year of school is called a grade . When a child is around 6 years old they are in first grade, and the last year of high school is the twelfth grade.

mid . night (noun [noncount] twelve o'clock at night

We left the party at midnight.

 \rightarrow Look at midday.

mid . way / mid wei / adverb

in the middle

Our farm is midway between Lincoln and Omaha.

→SYNONYM halfway

the Mid . west / ðə mid west / noun [singular] (GEOGRAPHY) the northern central part of the U.S. I grew up in the Midwest.

mid . wife / 'midwaif / noun [count]

(plural mid wives / 'midwaivz /)

(HEALTH) a person whose job is to help women give birth to babies

might W / mait / modal verb

1 a word that shows what will perhaps happen or what is possible

Don't run, because you might fall.

"Where's Anne?" "I don't know - she might be in the kitchen.

2 used as the form of "may" when you repeat later what someone has said

He said he might be late (=his words were "I may be late"). **3** (formal) a word that you use to suggest something in a polite way

You might want to call him first.

Grammar

Can , could , may , might , should , must , will , shall, would, and ought to are modal verbs.

Modal verbs do not have an "s" in the "he/she" form: She can drive. (NOT She cans drive.)

After modal verbs (except ought to), you use the infinitive without "to": I must go now. (NOT I must to

You make questions and negative sentences without "do" or "did": Will you come with me? (NOT Do you will come?); They might not know. (NOT They don't might know.)

might . y / 'marti / adjective

(might i er, might i est)

(formal)

very great, strong, or powerful

He hit him with a mighty blow across his shoulder.

mi graine / maigrein / noun

[count, noncount]

(HEALTH) a very bad pain in your head that makes you feel

mi . grant AWL / 'maigrant / noun

a person who goes to another area or another country to find work

migrant farm workers

mi . grate AWL / 'maigreit / verb

(mi_grates, mi_grat_ing, mi_grat_ed)

1 (BIOLOGY) (used about animals and birds) to move from one part of the world to another every year

2 (used about large numbers of people) to go to live and work in another place

>mi ⋅ gra ⋅ tion AWL / marˈgreɪʃn / noun

[count, noncount]

the annual migration of the reindeer

mi .gra .to .ry AWL / 'maigrə,təri / adjective (BIOLOGY) (used about animals and birds) moving from one part of the world to another every year migratory birds

mike / mark / noun [count]

(informal)

= microphone

mild / maild / adjective (mild er, mild est)

1 not strong; not very bad

a mild illness

a mild winter

2 (used about food) not having a strong flavor This cheese has a mild taste.

mile 🥯 / mail / noun

1 [count] a measure of length, equal to 1.6 kilometers. There are 1,760 yards, or 5,280 feet, in a mile We live three miles from the ocean.

2 miles [plural] a long way

We've already walked for miles.

mile age / mailid3 / noun

[count, noncount]

the distance that a vehicle has traveled, measured in miles The car is five years old, but it has very low mileage.

mile . stone / 'mailstoon / noun [count] a very important event in the development of something Finally passing the exam was a real milestone for her.

mil · i · tar · y 1 AWL / 'mılə,teri / adjective connected with soldiers or the army, navy, etc. a military camp military action

mil . i . tar . y 2 AWL / 'mɪləˌtɛri / noun

[singular] the military

a country's soldiers who fight on land, on water, or in the

Our son is in the military. to join the military

→SYNONYM the armed forces

milk 1 2 / milk / noun [noncount]

the white liquid that a mother makes in her body to give to her baby. People drink the milk of cows and some other animals

Do you want milk in your coffee?

milk 2 / milk / verb (milks, milk ing, milked) to take milk from a cow or another animal

milk . shake / 'milkseik / milkshake

noun [count, noncount] a drink made of milk with the flavor of chocolate or fruit added to it a strawberry milkshake



milk . y / 'milki / adjective (milk i er, milk i est) with a lot of milk in it milky coffee

the Milk . y Way / ðə milki wei / noun

the system of stars that contains our sun and its planets. seen as a band of light in the night sky

mill / mil / noun [count]

1 a building where a machine makes flour from grain → Look at windmill.

2 (BUSINESS) a factory where one material is made, for example cloth or paper a paper mill

mil . len . ni . um / məˈlɛniəm / noun [count] (plural mil. len. ni. a / məˈlɛniə / or mil. len. ni. ums)

SPELLING

Remember! You spell millennium with LL and NN. a period of a thousand years

mil · li · gram / 'mɪləgræm / (abbreviation mg)

a measure of weight. There are 1,000 milligrams in a

mil . li . li . ter / 'mıləlitər / noun [count] (abbreviation ml)

a measure of liquid. There are 1,000 milliliters in a liter .

mil . li . me . ter / 'mıləmitər /

(abbreviation mm) noun [count]

a measure of length. There are 1,000 millimeters in a meter

60 mm

mil . lion 🥯 / 'milyən / number

1 1,000,000; one thousand thousand About 4 million people live in this city.

Grammar

Be careful! When you use million with a number, don't add an "s": six million dollars

If there is no number mentioned, then add an "s": millions of dollars

2 millions

(informal)

a lot

I have millions of things to do.

►mil lionth / 'milyənθ / pronoun, adjective,

pronoun, noun [count]

1.000.000th

Our millionth customer will receive a prize.

three millionths of a second

mil . lion . aire / milyə'ner / noun [count]

a person who has more than one million dollars; a very rich person

mime / maim / noun [count, noncount]

a way of telling a story or telling someone something by moving your face, hands, and body without speaking The show is a combination of dance and mime.

▶mime *verb* (mimes , mim ing , mimed) He mimed that he was hungry.

mim . ic / 'mımık /

(mim ics , mim ick ing , mim icked) verb to copy the way someone moves and speaks in order to entertain people

▶mim .ic noun [count] Sally's a great mimic.

min.

abbreviation of minute

mince / mins / verb

(minc es, minc ing, minced)

to cut food into very small pieces

Mince the onions.

mind 1 2 / maind / noun [count]

the part of you that thinks and remembers He has a very quick mind.

be or go out of your mind

(informal)

to be or become crazy

Where were you? I was going out of my mind with worry.

change your mind

to have an idea, then decide to do something different I planned a vacation in California and then changed my mind and went to Texas.

have something on your mind

to be worried about something

I have a lot on my mind right now.

make up your mind

to decide something

Should I buy the blue shirt or the red one? I can't make up my mind.

mind 2 2 / maind / verb

(minds, mind ing, mind ed) to feel unhappy or angry about something

Do you mind if I sit here?

I don't mind the heat at all.

do you mind ...?; would you mind ...?

please could you...?

It's cold – would you mind closing the window?

never mind

don't worry; it doesn't matter

"I forgot your book." "Never mind, I don't need it today."

mine 1 2 / main / pronoun

something that belongs to me

That bike is mine.

Are those books mine or yours?

mine 2 / main / noun [count]

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ a very big hole in the ground, where people work to get things like silver or gold

a coal mine

2 a bomb that is hidden under the ground or under water mine *verb* (mines , min ing , mined) Diamonds are mined in South Africa.

min . er / 'mamer / noun [count] a person who works in a mine

min .er .al / 'mmərəl / noun [count]

Minerals are things like gold, salt, or oil that come from the ground and that people use.

min .er .al wa .ter / 'mmərəl ,wətər / noun [noncount]

water with **minerals** in it, which comes from the ground a bottle of mineral water

min .gle / 'mɪŋgl / verb

(min gles, min gling, min gled) to mix with other things or people

The colors mingled together to make brown.

Police officers mingled with the crowd.

PREFIX

mini-

(in nouns) very small

a mini bus

a **mini** skirt

min .i .a .ture / 'mmətʃor / adjective very small; much smaller than usual a miniature railroad

min . i . mal AWL / 'minemel / adjective very small in amount

The project has minimal support.

min i mize AWL / minemaiz / verb (min i miz es , min i miz ing , min i mized) to make something as small as possible

We want to minimize the risk to the public.

min . i . mum AWL / 'mməməm / noun [singular]

the smallest size, amount, or number that is possible We need a minimum of six people to play this game.

►min · i · mum adjective

What is the minimum age for leaving school in your country? → ANTONYM maximum

min . i . mum wage / minemem weidg / noun [singular]

the lowest amount of money that you can legally be paid for an hour of work

He works in a gas station earning minimum wage.

min .i . skirt / 'mmiskərt / noun [count] a very short skirt

min . is . ter / 'mməstər / noun [count]

1 (RELIGION) a religious leader in some Christian churches **2** (POLITICS) one of the most important people in the government in some countries *the Minister of Education*

min .is .try AWL / 'mməstri / noun [count] (plural min .is .tries)

(POLITICS) (in some countries) a part of the government that controls one special thing the Ministry of Finance

mi . nor 1 AWL / 'mamər / adjective

not very big or important

Don't worry – it's only a minor problem.

a minor road → ANTONYM major

mi .nor 2 AWL / 'mainer / noun [count]

1 a person who is not old enough to do something legally *She was arrested for selling alcohol to minors.*

2 a subject that you study in college, but not as your main subject

Matthew majored in history, with a minor in Italian.

 \rightarrow Look at major 2 (1).

mi .nor 3 AWL / 'mainer / verb (mi nors ,

mi_nor_ing, mi_nored)

minor in something to study something in college, but not as your main subject

Maggie majored in economics and minored in psychology. →Look at major 3.

mi .nor .i .ty AWL / məˈnərəti / noun (plural mi .nor .i .ties)

1 [singular] the smaller part of a group
Only a minority of the students speak English.

→ANTONYM majority

2 [count] a small group of people who are of a different race or religion from most of the people where they live *ethnic minorities*

mi .nor league / mainer 'lig / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{SPORTS}}$) the groups of baseball teams that do not play at the highest level

He played in the minor league for three years.

→ Look at major league.

mint / mmt / noun

1 [noncount] a small plant with a strong fresh taste and smell, which you put in food and drinks *mint tea*

2 [count] a candy made from this plant *Would you like a mint?*

mi . nus 1 / 'mames / preposition

1 (MATH) less; when you take away Six minus two is four (6-2=4).

→ANTONYM plus

2 below zero

The temperature will fall to minus ten degrees.

mi . nus 2 / 'maməs / adjective

1 (MATH) lower than zero

a minus number

2 (used after a letter grade on students' work) a little lower than

I got an A minus (= A-) on the test.

→ANTONYM plus

mi . nus 3 / 'maines / noun [count]

(plural mi .nus .es)

1 (also \min nus sign / 'maines sain /) (MATH) the symbol (–), which is used to show that a number is below zero or that you should take the second number away from the first

2 a disadvantage

Let's consider the pluses and minuses of moving out of the city.

→ANTONYM plus

mi . nute 1 / mmət / noun [count]

1 (*abbreviation* min.) a measure of time. There are 60 seconds in a **minute** and 60 minutes in an hour *It's nine minutes after six*.

The train leaves in ten minutes.

2 a short time

Just a minute – I'll get my coat.

Do you have a minute? I'd like to talk to you.

→SYNONYM moment

in a minute

very soon

I'll be ready in a minute.

the minute

as soon as

Call me the minute you arrive.

mi . nute 2 / mar nut / adjective

very small

I can't read his writing – it's minute.

→SYNONYM tiny

mir .a .cle / 'mɪrəkl / noun [count]

a wonderful and surprising thing that happens and that you cannot explain

It's a miracle that he wasn't killed.

mi .rac .u .lous / məˈrækyələs / adjective

wonderful and surprising

a miraculous escape

►mi ·rac ·u ·lous ·ly / məˈrækyələsli / adverb

Miraculously, no one was hurt.

mir · ror 🔯 / 'mirər / noun [count]

a piece of special glass where you can see yourself *Look in the mirror.*

PREFIX

mis-

(in verbs and nouns) bad or wrong; in a bad way or in the wrong way $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1$

to **mis** behave

to mis understand

a mis understanding

mis . be . have / misbiliheiv / verb

(mis be haves, mis be haveing, mis be haved) to behave badly

Children who misbehaved were punished.

→ANTONYM behave

mis .cel .la .ne .ous / misə'leiniəs /

(abbreviation misc.) adjective

consisting of many different types or things a box of miscellaneous items for sale

mis .chief / 'mist[ef / noun [noncount]

bad behavior that is not very serious Don't get into mischief while I'm out!

mis .chie .vous / 'mistfavas / adjective

A **mischievous** child likes to behave badly, but not in a serious way

He gave a mischievous grin. →SYNONYM naughty

mis .er .a .ble / 'mizərəbl / adjective

1 feeling very sad

I waited in the rain for an hour, feeling cold, wet, and miserable.

2 making you feel sad miserable weather

mis .er .y / 'mızəri / noun

[noncount]

a strong feeling of sadness, pain etc. *the misery of war*

mis . for . tune / mis fort for / noun

[count, noncount]

(formal)

something bad that happens; bad luck *He has known great misfortune.*

mis . lead / mis'lid / verb

(mis leads, mis lead ing, mis led, has mis led)

to make someone believe something that is not true *You misled me when you said you could give me a job.*

▶mis · lead · ing / ˌmɪsˈlidɪŋ / adjective

a misleading advertisement

mis . print / 'misprint / noun

[count]

a mistake in printing or typing

→ Look at typo .

Miss / mis / noun

a word that you use before the name of a girl or woman who is not married

Dear Miss Smith,...

Grammar

 $\mbox{\bf Miss}$, $\mbox{\bf Mrs.}$, $\mbox{\bf Ms.}$ and $\mbox{\bf Mr.}$ are all titles that we use in front of someone's family name.

You do not use these titles in front of a person's first name, unless it is included with the family name: Is there a Miss (Susan) Hudson here? \spadesuit Hello, Miss Hudson, come this way (NOT Miss Susan).

miss 1 0 / mis / verb

(miss es , miss ing , missed)

1 to not hit or catch something

I tried to hit the ball, but I missed.

2 to not see or hear something

You missed a good program on TV last night.

Our house is the one on the corner – you can't miss it.

3 to be too late for a train, bus, airplane, or boat *I just missed my bus.*

→ANTONYM catch

4 to feel sad about someone or something that has gone *I'll miss you when you leave.*

miss out to not have a chance to have or do something *You'll miss out on all the fun if you stay home!*

miss 2 / mis / noun [count] (plural miss es)

(SPORTS) a failure to hit, catch, or reach something you are trying to hit, catch, or reach

After several misses, he finally managed to hit the target.

 \rightarrow Look at catch 2 (1).

mis . sile / 'misl / noun [count]

1 a powerful weapon that can be sent long distances through the air and then explodes *nuclear missiles*

2 a thing that you throw at someone to hurt them

mis . sing 2 / 'misin / adjective

lost, or not in the usual place

The police are looking for the missing child. My bag is missing. Have you seen it?

mis . sion / 'mɪʃn / noun [count]

a trip to do a special job

They were sent on a mission to the moon.

mis . sion . ar . y / 'mɪʃəˌnɛri / noun [count] (plural mis . sion . ar . ies)

(RELIGION) a person who goes to another country to teach people about a religion

mis . spell / mis'spel / verb

(mis spells, mis spell ing, mis spelled)

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) to use one or more wrong letters when you are writing a word

People often misspell the word "embarrassed."

mist / mist / noun [count, noncount]

thin clouds near the ground that are difficult to see through *Early in the morning, the fields were covered in mist.*

► mist · y adjective (mist · i · er , mist · i · est) a misty morning

mis . take 1 2 / mr/sterk / noun

[count]

something that you think or do that is wrong You made a lot of spelling mistakes in this letter.

It was a mistake to go by bus – the trip took two hours!

Which word?

Mistake or fault?

When you **make a mistake** you do something wrong: *Try not to make any mistakes on your exam.*

If you do something bad it is **your fault**: It's my fault we're late. I lost the tickets.

by mistake

when you did not plan to do it Sorry, I took your book by mistake.

mis . take 2 / mr'sterk / verb

(mis .takes , mis .tak .ing , mis .took / mr'stok / has mis .tak .en / mr'sterkən /)

to think that someone or something is a different person or thing

I'm sorry – I mistook you for my cousin.

mis .tak .en / mı'steikən / adjective wrong

I said she was 25 but I was mistaken – she's 27. a case of mistaken identity (= when people think that a person is someone else)

Thesaurus

wrong not right or correct; (used about a person) not right about someone or something: I'm afraid that's the wrong answer. ◆ He was driving on the wrong side of the road. ◆ That picture is the wrong way around.

◆ We were **wrong about** her - she's actually very kind.

→ANTONYM right

false (used about facts) not true or correct: A whale is a fish. **True or false**? \spadesuit She gave false information to the insurance company.

→ANTONYM true

incorrect wrong according to the facts; containing mistakes. This word is a little formal: an incorrect spelling ◆ Incorrect answers should be marked with a cross.

→ANTONYM correct

mistaken (used about a person) wrong in your opinion or judgment: I thought I saw Jackie sitting over there, but I must have been mistaken. ◆ It was a case of mistaken identity (= people thought that a particular person was someone else).

→ANTONYM right, correct

inaccurate (used about something such as a newspaper report, a map, etc.) wrong according to the facts; containing mistakes: an inaccurate statement ◆ All the maps we had were completely inaccurate. ◆ The report was badly researched and inaccurate.

→ANTONYM accurate

mis . treat / mis'trit / verb

(mis_treats, mis_treat_ing, mis_treat_ed) to be cruel to a person or an animal

mis . un . der . stand / misAndər'stænd / verb (mis .un .der .stands, mis .un .der .stand .ing, mis .un .der .stood / misAndər'stod / has mis .un .der .stood)

to not understand something correctly *I'm sorry, I misunderstood what you said.*

mis .un .der .stand .ing

/ misandar'stændin / noun [count]

a situation in which someone does not understand something correctly

I think there's been a misunderstanding . I ordered two tickets, not four.

mit .ten / 'mitn / noun [count]

a thing that you wear to keep your hand warm. It has one part for your thumb and another part for your other fingers.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **glove**.

mix / miks / verb (mix es , mix ing , mixed)

1 to put different things together to make something new *Mix yellow and blue paint together to make green.*

2 to join together to make something new *Oil and water don't mix.*

3 to be with and talk to other people

In my job, I mix with a lot of different people.

mix someone or something up to think that one person or thing is a different person or thing *People often mix Mark up with his brother.*

mix something up to put something in the wrong order or place; *Don't mix up my papers!*

mixed / mikst / adjective

containing different kinds of people or things a mixed salad

mix . **er** / 'miksər / *noun* [count] a machine that mixes things together

a cement mixer

mix . ture / 'mikstfər /noun [count, noncount]

something that you make by mixing different things together

Air is a mixture of gases.

a cake mixture

mix-up / 'miks Ap / noun [count]

a confused situation, usually because someone has made a mistake

There was a mix-up with the airline, and we got booked on the wrong flight.

m abbreviation of **milliliter**

mm abbreviation of millimeter

moan / moon / verb

(moans, moan ing, moaned)

1 to make a long, sad sound when you are hurt or very unhappy

He was moaning with pain.

 ${f 2}$ (informal) to talk a lot about what is wrong about something

He's always moaning about the weather.

→SYNONYM complain

►moan noun [count]

I heard a loud moan.

mob / mab / noun [count]

a big, noisy group of people who are shouting or fighting

mo . bile / 'moobl / adjective

able to move easily from place to place

A mobile library visits my neighborhood every week.

mo bile home

/ moobl hoom / noun [count]

a small building for people to live in. It is made in a factory and can be moved with a truck.

→SYNONYM trailer

mobile home



mock / mak / verb (mocks, mock ling, mocked) (formal)

to laugh at someone or something in an unkind way *The other children mocked her old-fashioned clothes.*

mod . al verb / 'moodl varb / (also mod . al)
noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a verb, for example "might," "can," or "must," which you use with another verb

Grammar

Can, could, may, might, should, must, will, shall, would, and ought to are modal verbs.

Modal verbs do not have an "s" in the "he/she" form: *She can drive*. (NOT She cans drive.)

After modal verbs (except **ought to**), you use the infinitive without "to": *I must go now*. (NOT I must to qo.)

You make questions and negative sentences without "do" or "did": Will you come with me? (NOT Do you will come?); They might not know. (NOT They don't might know.)

mode AWL / mood / noun

1 [count] (formal)

a type of something or way of doing something modes of transportation

2 [count, noncount] one of the ways in which a machine can work

My laptop's in sleep mode (= to save power).

mod .el 1 0 / madl / noun [count]

1 a small copy of something a model of the Empire State Building a model airplane

2 one of the cars, machines, etc. that a certain company makes

Have you seen their latest model?

3 a person or thing that is a good example to copy *He's a model student.*

Look at role model.

4 a person who wears clothes at a special show or for photographs, so that people will see them and buy them 5 (ART) a person who sits or stands so that an artist can draw, paint, or photograph them

mod . el 2 / 'madl / verb

(mod .els, mod .el .ing, mod .eled)

to wear and show clothes as a model

Kate modeled swimsuits at the fashion show.

mo .dem / 'moodem / noun [count]

($\mbox{{\it COMPUTERS}}$) a piece of equipment that uses a telephone line to connect two computers

mod . er . ate / 'maderet / adjective

not too much and not too little

Cook the vegetables over a moderate heat.

mod .ern 2 / 'madərn / adjective

of the present time; of the kind that is usual now $modern\ art$

The airport is very modern.

mod .ern .ize / 'madernaiz / verb

(mod .ern .iz .es, mod .ern .iz .ing, mod .ern .ized) to make something more modern and more suitable for use today

We need to modernize our factories.

► mod .ern .i .za .tion / madərnə zeijn / noun [noncount]

mod . est / 'madest / adjective

1 not talking much about good things that you have done or about things that you can do well

You didn't tell me you could sing so well – you're very modest!

2 not very big

a modest increase in price

►mod ·est ·ly / ˈmadəstli / adverb

He spoke quietly and modestly about his success.

► mod · es · ty / 'madəsti / noun [noncount] She accepted the prize with her usual modesty.

mod i fy ing, mod i fied, has mod i fied)
to change something a little

We need to modify the original plan.

►mod · i · fi · ca · tion AWL / ˌmadəfəˈkeɪʃn / noun [count, noncount]

New modifications make the software run even faster.

moist / moist / adjective

a little wet

Remember to keep the earth moist or the plant will die.

mois . ture / 'moistfor / noun [noncount] small drops of water on something or in the air

mois . tur . ize / 'moistforaiz / verb

(mois tur iz es, mois tur iz ing, mois tur ized) to put special cream on your skin to make it less dry

mo . lar / 'mooler / noun [count]

(BIOLOGY) one of the large teeth in the back of your mouth

mold 1 / moold / noun

1 [count] a container that you pour liquid into. The liquid then becomes hard (sets) and takes the shape of the container

They poured the chocolate into a heart-shaped mold.

2 [noncount] a soft green, gray, or blue substance that grows on food that is too old

► mold · y / 'mooldi / (mold · i · er , mold · i · est) adjective moldy cheese mold 2 / moold / verb

(molds mold ing mold ed)

to make something soft into a certain shape The children molded animals out of clay.

mole / mool / noun

[count]

1 a small gray or brown animal that lives under the ground and makes tunnels

molecule

2 a small dark spot on a person's skin

mol . e . cule

/ 'maləkyul / noun [count]

 $\begin{array}{ccc} (& \text{CHEMISTRY} &) & \text{the} \\ \text{smallest} & \text{part} & \text{into} \\ \end{array}$ which a substance can be divided without changing its chemical nature

 \rightarrow Look at atom.

▶mo .lec .u .lar

/ məˈlɛkyələr / adjective

molecular biology

mol . ten / 'moultn / adjective

(CHEMISTRY) Molten metal or rock is liquid, because it is extremely hot

molten låva

mom 2 / mam / noun [count]

(informal)

mother

This is my mom.

Can I have an apple, Mom?

mo . ment 🥯 / 'moumant / noun

1 [count] a very short time

He thought for a moment before he answered.

Can you wait a moment?

2 [singular] a particular point in time

At that moment, the phone rang.

at the moment

now

She's on vacation at the moment, but she'll be back next week.

in a moment

very soon

He'll be here in a moment.

the moment

as soon as

Tell Jim to call me the moment he arrives.

mo . men . tum / mov'mentam / noun

the force that makes something move faster and faster The ball gained momentum as it rolled downhill.

mom . my / 'mami / noun [count]

(plural mom mies)

(informal)

a word for "mother" that children use

Mon.

abbreviation of Monday

mon . arch / 'manark ; 'manark / noun

[count]

(POLITICS) a king or queen

mon .ar .chy / 'manarki / noun [count]

(plural mon .ar .chies)

(POLITICS) a country that has a king or queen

→ Look at republic.

mon · as · ter · y / 'manə,steri / noun [count]

(plural mon .as .ter .ies)

(RELIGION) a place where religious men (called monks) live together

→ Look at convent.

Mon . day 2 / 'mʌndeɪ; 'mʌndi / noun

[count, noncount] (abbreviation Mon.) the day of the week after Sunday and before Tuesday, the first day of the working week

mon .ey 🥯 / 'mʌni / noun

[noncount]

atom

PRONUNCIATION

The word money sounds like funny .

what you use when you buy or sell something

How much money did you spend?

This jacket cost a lot of money.

The book made a lot of money.

Word building

Money consists of coins(=small, round, metal things) and bills (= pieces of paper) . This is called cash : I don't have much cash - can I pay by check?

The coins that you have in your bag or pocket are called change: Do you have any change for the bus?

The money someone gives you in a store if you pay too much is also called change: Here's your change.

money



bill









penny

nickel

dime

quarter

mon . i . tor 1 AWL / 'manatar / noun [count]

COMPUTERS) a machine that shows pictures or information on a screen like a television a PC with a 17-inch monitor

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **computer**.

mon . i . tor 2 AWL / 'manatar / verb

(mon i tors, mon i tor ing, mon i tored) to check or watch something to see if it changes Scientists are monitoring pollution levels in the lake.

monk / mank / noun [count]

(RELIGION) a religious man who lives with other religious men in a special building (called a monastery)

 \rightarrow Look at nun.

mon . key / 'maŋki / noun [count] (plural mon . keys) an animal that has a long tail and can climb trees

monkey



mon .o .logue (also mon .o .log)

/ 'manələg; 'manəlag / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a long speech by one person, for example in a play

mo .nop .o .ly / məˈnapəli / noun [count] (plural mo .nop .o .lies)

(BUSINESS) the control of an industry or service by only one company

The government passed a law to prohibit monopolies in the telephone industry.

mo . **not** . **o** . **nous** / məˈnɑtn•əs / *adjective* always the same and therefore very boring *It's a very monotonous job.*

mon . **Soon** / man'sun / noun [count] the season when very heavy rain falls in Southern Asia

mon . ster / 'manster / noun [count] an animal in stories that is big, ugly, and scary

month (manθ / noun [count]

1 one of the twelve parts of a year December is the last month of the year. We went to my brother's house last month.

Word building

The **months** of the year are: January, February, March, April, May, June, July, August, September, October, November, December.

We use "in" with months: My birthday is in September, or "this," "next," or "last": We're getting married next May. \spadesuit I graduated last June.

2 about four weeks

She was in the hospital for a month.

month . **ly** / 'manθli / *adjective*, *adverb* happening or coming every month or once a month a monthly magazine I am paid monthly.

mon . **u** . **ment** / 'manyəmənt / noun [count] a thing that is built to help people remember a person or something that happened

This is a monument to Paul Revere.

moo / mu / noun [count] the sound that a cow makes

► moo *verb* (moos , moo ing , mooed) *Cows were mooing in the barn.*

mood / mud / noun [count, noncount] the way that you feel at a particular time Dad is in a bad mood because he lost his glasses.

Our teacher was in a very good mood today. I'm not in the mood for a party.

mood . y / 'mudi / adjective

(mood i er, mood i est)

If you are \boldsymbol{moody} , you often change and become angry or unhappy without warning

Teenagers can be very moody.

moon 🥯 / mun / noun

1 the moon [singular] the big object that shines in the sky at night

When was the first landing on the moon?

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ [count] an object like the moon that moves around another planet

How many moons does that planet have?

moon . light / 'munlait / noun

[noncount]

the light from the moon

moor / mor / verb (moors , moor .ing , moored) to tie a boat or ship to something so that it will stay in one place

moose / mus / noun [count] (plural moose) a type of large deer with large

flat horns (called antlers)

moose



mop / map / noun

[count]

a thing with a long handle that you use for washing floors

▶mop verb (mops, mop ping, mopped)

I mopped the floor.

mo . ped / 'mooped / noun

count

a vehicle like a bicycle with a small engine

mor .al 1 /morəl / adjective

connected with what people think is right or wrong Some people do not eat meat for moral reasons. a moral problem

→ Look at immoral.

►mor ·al ·ly / ˈmɔrəli / adverb It's morally wrong to tell lies.

mor . al 2 / 'morel / noun

1 morals [plural] ideas about what is right and wrong *These people have no morals.*

2 [count] a lesson about what is right and wrong, which you can learn from a story or from something that happens The moral of the story is that we should be kind to animals.

mo . rale / məˈræl / noun

I noncount 1

how happy, sad, etc. a group of people feel at a particular time

After losing another game, the team's morale was low.

more 1 /mor / adjective, pronoun a bigger amount or number of something

You have more money than I have. Can I have some more sugar in my tea?

We need two more chairs.

There aren't any more chocolates.

Tell me more about your job.

→ Look at most . → ANTONYM less , fewer

more 2 o / mor / adverb

1 a word that makes an adjective or adverb stronger *Your book was more expensive than mine.*

Please speak more slowly.

2 a bigger amount or number

I like Anna more than her brother.

→ Look at most . → ANTONYM less

more or less

almost, but not exactly

We are more or less the same age.

→SYNONYM roughly

once more

(formal)

again

Spring will soon be here once more.

→ Look at anymore.

more . o . ver / mor'ouver / adverb

(formal)

(used in writing to add another fact) also

This group did the best work. Moreover, they completed the work quickly.

→SYNONYM furthermore

morn . ing 🥯 / ˈmɔrnɪŋ / noun [count]

the first part of the day, between the time when the sun comes up and the middle of the day

I went swimming this morning.

I'm going to my aunt's house tomorrow morning.

The letter arrived on Tuesday morning.

I felt sick all morning.

I start work at nine o'clock in the morning.

good morning

(formal)

words that you say when you see someone for the first time in the morning

in the morning

tomorrow during the morning

I'll see you in the morning.

mort .gage / 'morgidʒ / noun [count]

money that you borrow to buy a house

mo . **Sa** . **ic** / mov'zenk / noun [count, noncount] (ART) a picture or pattern that is made by placing together small stones, pieces of glass, etc.

Mos . lem / 'mazlam /

= Muslim

mosque / mask / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{RELIGION}}$) a building where Muslims go to say their prayers

mos · qui · to / məˈskitoʊ / noun [count]

(plural mos .qui .toes or mos .qui .tos)

a small insect that bites people and animals and drinks their blood

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **insect**.

moss / mos / noun [noncount]

a soft green plant that grows in wet places on things like trees and stones

most 1 / moust / adjective, pronoun the biggest amount or number of something

Jo did a lot of work, but I did the most . He was away for most of last week.

→ Look at more.

→ANTONYM least

at most; at the most

not more than a certain number, and probably less

We can stay two days at the most.

make the most of something

to use something in the best way We only have one free day, so let's make the most of it.

most 2 / moust / adverb

more than all others

It's the most beautiful garden I've ever seen.

Which part of the show did you enjoy most?

→ANTONYM least

most . ly 🔯 / 'moostli / adverb

almost all

The students in my class are mostly from this area.

mo . tel / moʊˈtɛl / noun [count]

a hotel where you can park your car outside your room

moth / moθ / noun

[count]

an insect with big wings that flies at night

moth



moth . er 🔯 / 'mʌðər / noun [count]

a woman who has a child

My mother is a doctor.

→Look at mom, mommy.

moth .er .hood / 'mʌðərhod / noun

[noncount]

the state of being a mother

moth .er-in-law / 'mʌðər ɪn lə / noun [count]

(plural moth ers-in-law)

the mother of your husband or wife

moth .er tongue / maðər taŋ /noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{ENGLISH}}$ Language arts) the first language you learn to speak as a child

mo . tion / 'moofn / noun [noncount]

movement

The motion of the boat made her feel sick. Please remain seated while the bus is in motion (= moving).

mo . tion . less / 'moufenles / adjective

not moving; still

to stand motionless

mo .ti .vate AWL / 'mootevert / verb (mo .ti .vates , mo .ti .vat .ing , mo .ti .vat .ed)

to make someone want to do something

The best teachers know how to motivate children to learn.

mo . ti . va . tion AWL / moute verin / noun

[count, noncount]

a reason for doing something, or a feeling of wanting to do something

He's intelligent enough, but he seems to lack motivation.

mo . tive AWL / 'mootuv / noun [count]

a reason for doing something

Was there a motive for the murder?

mo .tor / 'mooter / noun [count]

(PHYSICS) the part inside a machine that makes it move or

an electric motor

The washing machine doesn't work. It needs a new motor.

We usually use engine, not motor, when we are talking about cars and motorcycles.

mo .tor .boat / 'mouterbout / noun [count]

a small, fast boat that has a motor mo .tor .cy .cle 2 / 'mouter,saikl / noun

[count]

a vehicle with two wheels and an engine ▶mo.tor.cy.clist

/ 'mootər,saiklist / noun [count]

a person who rides a motorcycle

motorcycle



(mounts, mount ing, mount ed)

1 (also mount up) to increase

Tension in the area is mounting.

My debts were beginning to mount up.

2 to get on a horse or a bicycle

moun . tain (maontn / noun [count]

a very high hill

Granite Peak is the highest mountain in Montana. We climbed the mountain.

moun . tain bike / 'maontn baik / noun

a bicycle with a strong frame and wide tires that you can use to ride over rough ground

moun .tain .eer / ,maontn•'ır / noun

[count]

a person who climbs mountains

►moun · tain · eer · ing / ˌmaʊntn•¹ɪrɪŋ / noun [noncount]

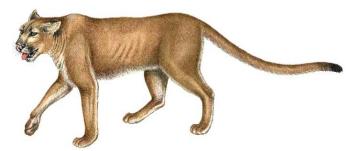
He took up mountaineering as a boy.

moun tain lion / maontn laien / noun

a large wild cat that lives in western North America

→SYNONYM cougar

mountain lion



mo tor home

/ 'mouter houm / noun [count]

a large vehicle that you can live and sleep in when you are traveling or on vacation

motor home



mo .tor .ist / 'mouterist / noun [count] a person who drives a car

mot . to / 'matov / noun [count]

(plural mot .toes or mot .tos)

a short phrase that states the main aims or beliefs of an organization, a group, a person, etc.

Our company's motto is "The customer is always right."

mound / maond / noun [count]

1 a small hill; a large pile of earth

2 a pile of things

a mound of newspapers

Mount / maont / (abbreviation Mt.) noun

You use Mount before the name of a mountain Mount McKinley

Mt. Rushmore

mount / maont / verb

moun . tain . ous / 'maontn • as / adjective

(GEOGRAPHY) having many mountains a mountainous region

mourn / morn / verb

(mourns, mourn ing, mourned)

to feel very sad, usually because someone has died She is still mourning for her husband.

► mourn · ing / 'mɔrnɪŋ / noun [noncount]

They are in mourning for their son.

mouse 2 / maos / noun [count]

(plural mice / mais /)

1 a small animal with a long tail

Our cat caught a mouse.

2 (COMPUTERS) a thing that you move with your hand to tell a computer what to do

→ Look at the picture at computer.

mouse pad / 'maus pæd / noun [count]

(COMPUTERS) a smooth piece of plastic that is the best kind of surface on which to use a computer mouse

mousse / mus / noun [count, noncount]

1 a type of light food made by mixing together cream and eggs, and adding another food or flavor chocolate mousse

2 a light, white substance that you use to make your hair stay in a particular style

mouth 🕯

/ maυθ / noun [count] (plural mouths / maυðz /)

1 the part of your face below your nose, which you use for eating and speaking

Open your mouth, please!

2 (GEOGRAPHY) the place where a river goes into the ocean the mouth of the

Mississippi

mouth



mouth .ful / 'mauθful / noun [count]

the amount of food or drink that you can put in your mouth at one time $% \left(x\right) =\left(x\right) +\left(x\right) =\left(x\right) +\left(

She only had a mouthful of cake.

mouth . wash / 'maυθwaſ/ noun

[count, noncount]

a liquid that you use to make your mouth fresh and healthy

move 1 / muv / verb (moves, moving, moved)

1 to go from one place to another; to change the way you are standing or sitting

Don't get off the bus while it's moving. We moved to the front of the theater.

2 to put something in another place or another way *Can you move your car, please?*

3 to go to live in another place

They sold their house in Detroit and moved to Ann Arbor.

4 to cause someone to have strong feelings, especially of sadness

The news report moved me to tears.

move in to go to live in a house or apartment *I have a new apartment – I'm moving in next week.*

move out to leave a house or apartment where you were living

move over to change your position in order to make space for someone or something

Would you move over so I can sit down?

move 2 0 / muv / noun [count]

1 a change of place or position

The police are watching every move she makes.

2 a change in the place where you live *We need a big van for the move.*

get a move on

(informal)

hamma

Get a move on or you'll be late for work!

move . ment 2 / 'muvment / noun [count]

1 moving or being moved

The old man's movements were slow and painful.

2 a group of people who have the same ideas or beliefs *a political movement*

mov . ie 🥯 / 'muvi / noun

1 [count] a story shown in moving pictures that you see in theaters or on television

Would you like to see a movie?

2 the movies [plural] the place where you go to watch a movie

We went to the movies last night.

Collocations

The movies

watching

go to a movie rent a movie/a DVD

described a movie/a DVD

download a movie/a video
watch a movie/a DVD/a video/a preview

showing

show/screen a movie

be released on/come out on/be out on DVD

making

make/direct/produce/shoot a movie/a sequel/a

play a character/the role of someone in a movie **write** the screenplay/soundtrack

movie star / 'muvi star / noun

[count

an actor or actress who is famous for being in movies

mov . ie the . a . ter / 'muvi , 0 i ətər /

(also the .a .ter) noun [count]

a building where you go to see movies

mov . ing / 'muvin / adjective

making you feel something strongly, especially sadness *It's a very moving story.*

mow / mov / verb

(mows , mow .ing , mowed , has mown / moon /) to cut grass with a machine Sally is mowing the grass.

mow .er / 'mover / noun [count]

a machine that cuts grass

→SYNONYM lawnmower

MP3 play .er / em pi 'θri pleɪər / noun

[count]

a small piece of equipment that stores and plays music from computer files (called MP3 files)

mph / Em pi 'ents / abbreviation

a way of measuring how fast something is moving. **Mph** is short for **miles per hour**

The train was traveling at 125 mph.

Mr. 5 / mister / abbreviation

a title that you use before the name of a man

Mr. Richard Clay

Mr. Holland

Mrs. 🥯 / ˈmɪsəz / abbreviation

a word that you use before the name of a woman who is married

Mrs. Carol Garcia

Mrs. Nolan

M.S. / $_{i}$ em i es / (also M.Sc. / $_{i}$ em $_{i}$ es i si /) noun

[count]

a second university degree that you receive when you complete a program of study at a university in a science subject. **M.S.** is short for **Master of Science** .

→ Look at M.A., B.S., master's degree.

Ms. 🥯 / miz / abbreviation

a word that you can use before the name of any woman, instead of $\boldsymbol{Mrs.}$ or \boldsymbol{Miss}

Ms. Karen Green

Grammar

Miss, **Mrs.**, **Ms.** and **Mr.** are all titles that we use in front of someone's family name.

You do not use these titles in front of a person's first name, unless it is included with the family name: Is there a Miss (Susan) Hudson here? ◆ Hello, Miss Hudson, come this way (NOT Miss Susan).

Mt.

abbreviation of Mount

much 1 / matf / adjective, pronoun (more / mor / most / movst /)

a big amount of something; a lot of something *I don't have much money.*

There was so much food that we couldn't eat it all.

Eat as much as you can.

How much paper do you want?

How much is this shirt?

Look at many.

Grammar

We usually use **much** only in negative sentences, in questions, and after "too," "so," "as," and "how."

In other sentences we use a lot (of): She has a lot of money.

much 2 2 / mats / adverb

a lot

I don't like him very much.

Your apartment is much bigger than mine.

"Do you like it?" "No, not much ."

mud 🍮 / mʌd / noun [noncount]

soft wet earth

Phil came home from the football game covered in mud.

mud .dle / 'madl / verb

(mud . dles , mud . dling , mud . dled)

muddle through

(informal)

to manage to do something, even though you do not have the right equipment, skills, etc.

I don't speak Spanish very well, but somehow I muddled through while I was in Mexico.

▶mud .dle noun [count, noncount]

a confused state

I was in such a muddle that I couldn't find anything.

mud . dy / 'mʌdi / adjective

(mud di er , mud di est)

covered with mud

When it rains, the roads get very muddy.

muf . fin / 'mafen / noun [count]

a small sweet cake, sometimes with fruit in it We had blueberry muffins for breakfast.

mug 1 / mag / noun [count]

a big cup with straight sides and a handle a mug of tea

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at cup.

mug 2 / mag / verb (mugs, mug .ging, mugged) to attack someone in the street and take their money

►mug .ger / 'mʌgər / noun [count]

Watch out for muggers, especially at night.

mug .gy / 'magi / adjective

(mug gi er, mug gi est)

(used about the weather) warm and a little wet, so that you feel uncomfortable

It was a muggy day in August.

mule / myul / noun [count]

an animal that is used for carrying heavy loads and whose parents are a horse and a **donkey** (= an animal like a small horse with long ears)

 $mul \cdot ti \cdot cul \cdot tur \cdot al / {}_{l}malti'kaltserel / adjective$

for or including people from many different countries and cultures

We live in a multicultural society.

mul.ti.me.di.a/malti'midiə/adjective using sound, pictures, and film as well as words on a screen The company produces multimedia software for schools.

mul . ti . ple / 'maltəpl / noun [count]

(MATH) a number that contains another number an exact number of times

12, 18, and 24 are multiples of 6.

mul . ti . ple-choice / maltapl 'tsois / adjective

A **multiple-choice** exam or question gives you three or four different answers and you have to choose the right one.

mul . ti . ply (mul . ti . plies, mul . ti . plie, mul . ti . plied, has mul . ti . plied.)

(MATH) to make a number bigger by a certain number of times

Two multiplied by three is $six (= 2 \times 3 = 6)$.

Multiply three and seven together.

 \rightarrow Look at divide (3).

►mul · ti · pli · ca · tion / ˌmʌltəpləˈkeɪʃn / noun [noncount]

Today we did multiplication and division.

mul.ti.ra.cial/,malti'ressl/adjective including or involving different races of people We live in a multiracial society.

mum . ble / 'mambl / verb

(mum bles, mum bling, mum bled)

to speak quietly in a way that is not clear, so that people cannot hear you well

She mumbled something, but I didn't hear what she said.

mum . my / 'mami / noun [count]

(plural mum mies)

a dead body of a person or animal that has been kept by rubbing it with oils and wrapping it in cloth an Egyptian mummy

mumps / mamps / noun [noncount]

(HEALTH) an illness that children can get, which causes the neck to get bigger (to swell)

munch / mants/ verb

(munch es, munch ing, munched)

to eat something in a noisy way

The kids were munching on chips in front of the TV.

mu . nic . i . pal / myu'nısəpl / adjective

($\operatorname{\textbf{POLITICS}}$) connected with the government of a city or town

a municipal election

mu .ral / 'myorəl / noun [count]

(ART) a large picture painted on a wall

mur . der 1 / mərdər / noun [count]

the crime of killing someone deliberately

He was sent to prison for the murder of a police officer.

mur . der 2 / 'mərdər / verb

(mur ders, mur der ing, mur dered)

to kill someone deliberately

She was murdered with a knife.

►mur .der .er / 'mərdərər / noun [count]

The police have caught the murderer.

mur . mur / 'mərmər / verb

(mur murs, mur mur ing, mur mured)

to speak in a low quiet voice

"I love you," she murmured.

►mur .mur noun [count]

I heard the murmur of voices from the next room.

mus . cle 2 / 'masl / noun [count]

(BIOLOGY) one of the parts inside your body that are connected to the bones and that help you to move *Riding a bicycle is good for developing the leg muscles.*

mus . cu . lar / 'maskyələr / adjective

 ${\bf 1}$ (HEALTH , BIOLOGY) connected with the muscles $\it muscular\ pain$

2 having large, strong muscles a muscular body

mu . Se . um / myuˈziəm / noun [count] a building where people can look at old or interesting things Have you ever been to the Museum of Modern Art?

mush room mushrooms

/ 'mʌʃrum / *noun*

[count]

a type of plant with a flat top and no leaves, which you can eat as a vegetable



mu . sic 📀 / 'myuzık / noun [noncount]

(MUSIC)

 ${f 1}$ the sounds that you make by singing, or by playing instruments

What sort of music do you like?

2 signs on paper to show people what to sing or play *Can you read music?*

Collocations

Music

listening

listen to/like/love/be into music/classical music/jazz/pop/hip-hop, etc.

listen to the radio/your MP3 player/a CD **put on/play** a song/a CD/some music

turn down/up the radio/the volume

playing

play an instrument/the piano/a note/a tune/a duet sing a song/a solo/the blues/in a choir

start/join/quit/leave a band

writing

write/compose music/a song/a melody/a piece of music/an opera

record/release an album/a single/a CD

mu . si . cal 1 2 / 'myuzıkl / adjective

(MUSIC)

1 connected with music

musical instruments (= the piano, the guitar, the trumpet, etc.)

2 good at making music *Sophie's very musical.*

mu . si . cal 2 / 'myuzıkl / noun [count]

(MUSIC) a play or movie in which the actors sing and dance We went to see a Broadway musical.

mu . si . cian 🍮 / myuˈzɪʃn / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{MUSIC}}$) a person who writes music or plays a musical instrument

Mus . lim / 'mxzlem; 'mvzlem / noun [count]

(RELIGION) a person who follows the religion of Islam

► Mus · lim adjective the Muslim way of life

mus . sel / 'masl / noun

[count

a small animal that lives in the ocean. It has a black shell and a soft body that you can eat.

→ Look at the picture at shellfish.

must 5 / məst ; məst / modal verb

1 (*formal*) a word that you use to tell someone what to do or what is necessary

You must look before you cross the road.

Grammar

You use **must not** or the short form **mustn't** / 'masnt / to tell people **not** to do something: You **mustn't** be late.

When you want to say that someone can do something if they want, but that it is not necessary, you use **don't have to**: You **don't have to** do your homework today (= you can do it today if you want, but it is not necessary).

2 a word that shows that you are sure something is true *You must be tired after your long trip.*

I can't find my keys. I must have left them at home.

3 a word that you use to give someone advice *You really must read this book – it's wonderful.*

Grammar

Can , could , may , might , should , must , will , shall , would , and ought to are modal verbs.

Modal verbs do not have an "s" in the "he/she" form: She can drive. (NOT She cans drive.)

After modal verbs (except **ought to**), you use the infinitive without "to": *I must go now.* (NOT I must to qo.)

You make questions and negative sentences without "do" or "did": Will you come with me? (NOT Do you will come?); They might not know. (NOT They don't might know.)

mus . tache / 'mastæf/ noun

[count]

the hair above a man's mouth, below his nose *He has a mustache.*

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **hair**.

mus . tard / 'masterd / noun

[noncount]

a thick, yellow sauce with a very strong taste, which you eat with meat

must . n't / 'masnt/

short for must not

mut . ter / 'mʌtər / verb

(mut ters mut ter ing mut tered)

to speak in a low, quiet voice that is difficult to hear

He muttered something about going home, and left.

He muttered something about going home, and left the room.

mu . tu . al AWL / 'myutsuəl / adjective

1 If a feeling or action is **mutual**, it is felt or done by both people involved

We have a mutual agreement to help each other when

I don't like her, and I'm sure the feeling is mutual (= she doesn't like me either).

2 shared by two or more people

We were introduced by a mutual friend.

my 🥯 / mai / adjective of or belonging to me

Where is my watch?

These are my books, not yours.

I hurt my arm.

my . self / mar'self / pronoun

(plural our selves / avar'selvz /)

1 a word that shows the same person as the one who is speaking

I hurt myself.

I bought myself a new shirt.

2 a word that makes "I" stronger

"Did you buy this cake?" "No, I made it myself."

by myself

1 without other people

I live by myself. →SYNONYM alone

2 without help

I made dinner by myself.

mys . te . ri . ous 🔯 / mr'strries / adjective

Something that is **mysterious** is strange and you do not know about it or understand it

Several people said they had seen mysterious lights in the

►mys .te .ri .ous .ly / mı'stıriəsli / adverb

The plane disappeared mysteriously.

mys . ter . y / 'mistari / noun [count]

(plural mys ter ies)

something strange that you cannot understand or explain The police say that the man's death is still a mystery.

myth / m₁θ / noun [count]

1 (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a very old story Greek myths

2 a story or belief that is not true

It's a myth that money makes you happy.

my . thol . o . gy / mɪˈθalədʒi / noun

[noncount]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) the very old stories of a particular culture or society

Greek and Roman mythology

▶my .tho .log .ical / ˌmɪθəˈlɑdʒɪkl / adjective mythological creatures



N, η / εn / noun [count, noncount] (plural N's, n's / ϵ nz/) the fourteenth letter of the English alphabet "Nice" begins with an "N."

nag / næg / verb (nags, nag ging, nagged)

to keep asking someone to do something

My parents are always nagging me to work harder.

nail 🥯 / neɪl / noun [count]

1 the hard part at the end of a finger or toe

toenails

fingernails

→Look at the picture at



2 a small, thin piece of metal with one sharp end, which you hit into wood (with a tool called a hammer) to attach things together

▶ nail verb (nails, nail ing, nailed)

I nailed the pieces of wood together.

nail clip . pers / 'neil kliperz / noun [plural] a metal tool you use for cutting the nails on your fingers

a pair of nail clippers

nail file / 'neɪl faɪl / noun [count]

a small flat object with a rough surface that you use for shaping your nails

nail pol ish / 'neil palif / noun

[count]

and toes

a liquid that people put on their nails to give them color

na · ive (also na · ive) / nα'iv ; nar'iv / adjective without enough experience of life and too ready to believe or trust other people

I was too naive to understand what was really going on. a naive question

▶na · ive · ly (also na · ïve · ly) / na'ivli ; nar'ivli /

She naively accepted the first price he offered.

na . ked / 'neɪkəd / adjective

→SYNONYM nude

not wearing any clothes.

name 1 2 / neim / noun

1 [count] a word or words that you use to call or talk about a person or thing

My name is Chris Eaves.

What's your name?

Do you know the name of this flower?

Word building

Your first name or given name is the name that your parents give you when you are born. Many people also have a middle name.

Your last name or family name is the name that everyone in your family has. When a woman gets married, she usually takes her husband's last name. Her old last name is then called her maiden name, and her new one is her married name.

A **nickname** is a name that your friends or family sometimes call you instead of your real name: His real name is Robert, but his nickname is Shorty.

2 [singular] what people think or say about someone or something

That area of town has a really bad name.

→SYNONYM reputation

3 [count] a famous person

Some of the biggest names in Hollywood will be at the party.

call someone names

to say bad, unkind words about someone

Joe cried because the other children were calling him

names

name 2 / nem / verb (names, nam, ing, named)

1 to give a name to someone or something

They named their baby Sophie.

They named him Michael after his grandfather (= gave him the same name as his grandfather).

2 to know and say the name of someone or something *The professor could name every one of his 60 students.*

name . ly / 'neimli / adverb

You use **namely** when you are going to name a person or thing that you have just said something about *Only two students were late, namely Steven and Allan.*

nan .ny / 'næni / noun [count] (plural nan .nies)

a woman whose job is to take care of the children in a family

nap / næp / noun [count] a short sleep during the day I took a nap after lunch.

nap .kin / 'næpken / noun [count]

a piece of cloth or paper that you use when you are eating to clean your mouth and hands and to keep your clothes clean

nar .cot .ic / nar'katık / noun [count]

a strong, illegal drug that affects your brain in a harmful way

nar .rate / 'næreit / verb (nar .rates , nar .rat .ing , nar .rat .ed) (formal)

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) to tell a story Hoffman narrated the audio version of the book.

▶ nar · ra · tion / næ¹reɪʃn / noun [count, noncount] the narration of events

►nar ·ra ·tor / 'næreitər / noun [count]

the person who tells a story or explains what is happening in a play, movie, etc.

nar .ra .tive / 'nærətıv / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{ENGLISH}}$ Language arts) the description of events in a story

a historical narrative

nar row er, nar row est)

1 not far from one side to the other *The bridge was very narrow.*

a narrow ribbon → ANTONYM broad, wide

2 by a small amount

We had a narrow escape — the car nearly hit a tree. a narrow defeat

nar . row . ly / 'nærooli / adverb only by a small amount

They narrowly escaped injury.

nar · row-mind · ed / næroo 'mamded / adjective

not wanting to accept ideas or opinions that are different from your own

The people in this town can be somewhat narrow-minded.

→ANTONYM open-minded

na . sal / 'neizl / adjective

(BIOLOGY) connected with the nose the nasal passages

nas .ty / 'næsti / adjective (nas .ti .er , nas .ti .est)

bad: not nice

There's a nasty smell in this room.

Don't be so nasty!

→SYNONYM horrible

na . tion 😂 / 'neɪʃn / noun [count]

(POLITICS) a country and all the people who live in it one of the richest nations in the world

na . tion . al 🔯 / 'næʃənl / adjective

($\mbox{\sc POLITICS}$) connected with all of a country; typical of a country

She wore the Greek national costume. national newspapers

→ Look at international.

►na .tion .al .ly / 'næʃənəli / adverb to advertise something nationally

na . tion . al an . them / næfenl 'ænθem / noun [count]

(MUSIC) the official song of a country

na .tion .al .ism / 'næʃənl•ızəm / noun [noncount]

($\mbox{\it POLITICS}$) a feeling of love for your own country, or a feeling that your country is better than any other country

▶ na . tion . al . is . tic / _næʃənəˈlɪstɪk / adjective nationalistic beliefs (= believing that your country is better than others)

na .tion .al .i .ty / ˌnæʃəˈnæləti/noun [count] (plural na .tion .al .i .ties)

(POLITICS) the state of belonging to a certain country "What nationality are you?" "I'm American."

na .tion .al park / næfenl 'park / noun [count]

a large area of beautiful land that is protected by the government so that people can enjoy it

na . tive 1 / 'nertiv / adjective

connected with the place where you were born *I returned to my native country. My native language is English.*

na .tive 2 / 'nertiv / noun

[count

a person who was born in a place *He's a native of Omaha.*

Na . tive A . mer . i . can / neitiv əˈmɛrikən /

a member of the group of people who were living in America before people from Europe arrived there

na . tive speak . er / nertiv 'spiker / noun

[count] (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a person who speaks a language as their first language

1 made by nature, not by people

This part of the state is an area of great natural beauty. Earthquakes and floods are natural disasters. 2 normal or usual

It's natural for parents to feel sad when their children leave home.

→ANTONYM unnatural

3 that you had from the time you were born, or that was easy for you to learn

She has a natural talent for music.

nat .u .ral .ize / 'nætſrəlaiz / verb (nat .u .ral .iz .es , nat .u .ral .iz .ing , nat .u .ral .ized)

(POLITICS) to make someone a citizen of a country where he or she was not born

a naturalized American citizen

▶ nat · u · ral · i · za · tion / ˌnætʃrələˈzeɪʃn / noun [noncount]

nat .u .ral .ly / 'nætſrəli / adverb

1 in a way that you would expect

Naturally, I get upset when things go wrong.

→SYNONYM of course

2 in a way that is not made or caused by people Is your hair naturally curly?

3 in a normal way

Try to stand naturally while I take a photo.

na . ture 🕯 / 'neitfər / noun

1 [noncount] all the plants, animals, etc. in the world and all the things that happen in it that are not made or caused by people

the beauty of nature

2 [count, noncount] the way a person or thing is Our cat has a very friendly nature.

It's human nature never to be completely satisfied.

Collocations

The Natural World

animals

animals mate/breed/reproduce/feed (on something) birds fly/sing/nest/migrate

insects crawl/fly/bite/sting

hunt/capture/kill prey

lay/fertilize eggs

plants and fungi

trees/plants grow/bloom/blossom/flower

a seed sprouts

leaves/buds/shoots appear/develop/form

a fungus grows/spreads

pollinate/fertilize a flower/plant

produce/spread pollen/seeds

naugh . ty / 'noti / adjective

(naugh ti er, naugh ti est)

A **naughty** child does bad things or does not do what you ask them to do

She's the naughtiest child in the class.

nau . Se . a / 'nozio / noun

[noncount]

(HEALTH) the feeling that you are going to vomit (= bring up food from your stomach)

na . val / 'nervl / adjective

connected with a navy

a naval officer

na . vel / 'nervl / noun [count]

(BIOLOGY) the small hole in the middle of your stomach

→SYNONYM belly button

nav . i . gate / 'nævəgeit / verb

(nav i gates , nav i gat ing , nav i gat ed)

to use a map or some other method to find which way a ship, an airplane, or a car should go

Long ago, explorers used the stars to navigate.

▶ nav · i · ga · tion / ˌnævəˈgeɪʃn / noun [noncount] deciding which way a ship or other vehicle should go by

using a map, etc. navigation skills

▶nav · i · ga · tor / 'nævəgeitər / noun [count]

a person who decides which way a vehicle should go Dad's usually the navigator when we go somewhere in the

na . vy 🥯 / 'neɪvi / noun [count] (plural na . vies)

the ships that a country uses when there is a war, and the people who work on them

Mark is in the navy.

the U.S. Navy \rightarrow Look at army.

na vy blue / nervi blu / (also na vy) adjective, noun [noncount]

dark blue

near 🥯 / nir / adjective, adverb, preposition

(near .er , near .est)

not far away in distance or time

Where's the nearest hospital?

My parents live very near.

I don't want to sit near the window.

We're hoping to move to Arizona in the near future.

near . by D / 'nirbpai / adjective

not far away; close

We took her to a nearby hospital.

▶near .by / ˌnɪrˈbaɪ / adverb

Let's go and see Tim – he lives nearby.

near . ly 🥯 / 'nırli / adverb

almost; not completely or exactly

He's nearly 90 – it's his birthday next week.

She was so sick that she nearly died.

not nearly

not at all

The book wasn't nearly as good as the movie.

near . sight . ed / 'nır,saıtəd / adjective

(HEALTH) If you are **nearsighted**, you can see things clearly when they are close to you but not when they are far

away. →ANTONYM farsighted

neat 🥯 / nit / adjective (neat .er , neat .est)

1 with everything in the right place and done carefully Keep your room neat and clean.

She has very neat handwriting.

2 (informal) good; nice

That's a really neat car!

▶neat .ly / 'nitli / adverb

Write your name neatly.

nec . es . sar . i . ly / nesə'serəli / adverb

not necessarily

not always

Big men aren't necessarily strong.

nec . es . sar . y 2 / 'nesə,seri / adjective

Remember! You spell necessary with one C and SS. If something is **necessary**, you must have it or do it Warm clothes are necessary in winter.

ne .ces .si .ty / nəˈsɛsəti / noun [count]

(plural ne .ces .si .ties)

something that you must have

Food and clothes are necessities of life.

neck 2 / nek / noun [count]

1 the part of your body between your shoulders and your head

Helen wore a thick scarf around her neck.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **body**.

2 the part of a piece of clothing that goes around your neck *The neck's too tight.*

3 the thin part at the top of a bottle

neck and neck

equal or level with someone or something in a race or competition

At the halfway point, the two cars were neck and neck.

neck . lace / 'nekles / noun [count]

a piece of jewelry that you wear around your neck a diamond necklace

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at jewelry.

neck . tie / 'nektar / noun [count]

a long, thin piece of cloth that you wear around your neck with a shirt

→SYNONYM tie

nec .tar .ine / nektəˈrin / noun [count]

a soft, round, red and yellow fruit with smooth skin and a large hard part (called a **pit**) in the center

need 1 9 / nid /verb

(needs, need ing, need ed)

1 If you **need** something, you must have it

All plants and animals need water.

You don't need your coat - it's not cold.

2 If you **need** to do something, you must do it

James is very sick. He needs to go to the hospital.

"Do we need to pay now, or can we pay next week?" "You don't need to pay now."

need 2 / nid / noun

 ${f 1}$ [noncount , singular] a situation in which you must have something or do something

She's in need of a rest.

There is a growing need for new books and equipment. There's no need for you to come.

2 needs [plural] the things that you must have

He doesn't earn enough money to pay for his basic needs. a child's emotional and physical needs

3 [noncount] the state of not having enough food, money, or support

We are raising money to help families in need.

nee . dle 2 / 'nidl / noun [count]

1 a small, thin piece of metal that you use for sewing cloth *Put the thread through the eye* (= hole) *of the needle.*

→ Look at knitting needle . ,

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **thread**.

2 a small, thin piece of metal that forms part of an instrument

The compass needle points north.

a hypodermic needle (= for taking blood or giving drugs)

→ Look at the picture at syringe.

3 a very thin, pointed leaf on a tree that stays green all year *pine needles*

need . less / 'nidles / adjective

not necessary; able to be avoided

needless suffering

The problem is the cost, needless to say (= it is not necessary to say this, because it is obvious).

▶need .less .ly / 'nidləsli / adverb

Many people died needlessly.

ne .ga .tive 1 AWL / 'negotiv / adjective

1 bad or harmful

The whole experience was definitely more positive than negative.

2 only thinking about the bad qualities of someone or something

If you go into the game with a negative attitude, you'll never win.

3 using words like "no," "not," and "never"

"I don't like fish" is a negative sentence.

4 (HEALTH) (used about a medical test) showing that something has not happened or is not there *The result of the pregnancy test was negative.*

5 (MATH) (used about a number) less than zero

→ANTONYM positive

ne .ga .tive 2 AWL / 'negotiv / noun [count]

1 a word, phrase, or sentence that says or means "no" or "not"

"Never" and "no one" are negatives.

2 a piece of film that we use to make a photograph. On a **negative**, dark things are light and light things are dark.

ne .glect / nr/glekt / verb

(ne .glects , ne .glect .ing , ne .glect .ed)

1 to not take care of someone or something

The dog was dirty and thin because its owner had neglected it.

2 to not do something that you should do

He neglected to tell her about the phone call from her boss.

▶ne .glect *noun* [noncount]

The house was in a state of neglect.

► ne · glect · ed / nr'glektad / adjective neglected children

 $ne \cdot go \cdot ti \cdot ate \ / \ ne'gov fiert \ / \ (ne \cdot go \cdot ti \cdot ates \ ,$

ne go ti at ing, ne go ti at ed) verb

to reach an agreement by talking with other people We have negotiated a deal.

The unions were negotiating with the management over pay.

▶ne .go .ti .a .tion / nəˌgoʊʃiˈeɪʃn / noun

[count, noncount]

My salary is still under negotiation.

neigh / nei / verb (neighs, neigh ing , neighed) When a horse **neighs** , it makes a long, high sound.

neigh noun [count]

neigh . bor 5 / 'neiber / noun [count]

1 a person who lives near you

Don't make so much noise, or you'll wake the neighbors. our next-door neighbors

2 a person or thing that is next to or near another *The United States is Canada's neighbor.*

Try not to look at what your neighbor is writing.

neigh . bor . hood / 'neiberhod / noun [count]

a part of a town or city; the people who live there *They live in a friendly neighborhood.*

neigh .bor .ing / 'neibərin / adjective

near or next to

people from neighboring areas

nei . ther 1 2 / 'niðər / adjective, pronoun

not one and not the other of two things or people *Neither book is very interesting.*

Neither of the boys was there.

nei .ther 2 2 / niðar / adverb

also not

Lydia can't swim and neither can I.

"I don't like rice." "Neither do I."

neither ... nor

not ... and not

Neither Paul nor I went to the party.

ne . **on** / 'nian / *noun* [noncount] (*symbol* **Ne**) a type of gas that is used in bright lights and signs

neph .ew / 'nefyu / noun [count]

the son of your brother or sister \rightarrow *Look at* **niece**.

nerd / nord / noun [count]

(informal)

a person who spends a lot of time on a particular interest and who is not popular or fashionable →SYNONYM **geek**

▶nerd .y / 'nərdi / adjective

He looked kind of nerdy.

nerve 🔯 / nərv / noun

1 [count] (BIOLOGY) one of the long thin things inside your body that carry feelings and messages to and from your brain

2 nerves [plural] feelings of being worried or afraid *John breathed deeply to calm his nerves*.

 $\boldsymbol{3} \,\,[\,$ noncount $\,]$ the state of being brave or calm when there is danger

You need a lot of nerve to be a race car driver.

get on someone's nerves

to make someone feel a little angry

Stop making that noise – you're getting on my nerves!

nerve-rack ing / 'nərv rækıŋ / adjective

making you very nervous or worried

It was a nerve-racking drive up the mountain.

nerv . ous 🥯 / 'nərvəs / adjective

1 worried or afraid

I'm nervous about starting my new job.

 ${\bf 2}$ (${\bf BIOLOGY}$) connected with the ${\bf nerves}$ in your body the $nervous\ system$

▶nerv .ous .ly / 'nərvəsli / adverb

He laughed nervously, not knowing what to say.

▶nerv ·ous ·ness / 'nərvəsnəs / noun [noncount]

He tried to hide his nervousness.

ner .vous break .down

/ nərvəs 'breikdaun / (also break down) noun [count]

(HEALTH) a time when someone is so unhappy that they cannot live and work normally

to have a nervous breakdown

SUFFIX

-ness

(in nouns) a state or quality of something

dark ness

happi ness

kind ness

sick ness

nest 1 / nest / noun [count]

1 a place where a bird keeps its eggs and babies

Look at the picture at bird.

2 the home of certain animals or insects *a wasps' nest*

nest 2 / nest / verb (nests , nest ling , nest led)

(BIOLOGY) to make and live in a nest

The ducks are nesting by the river.

net 🥯 / net / noun

1 [count] material that has large spaces between the threads; a piece of this material that we use for a particular

a fishing net

a tennis net

He kicked the ball into the back of the net.

→ Look at the picture at tennis.

2 the Net [singular] (COMPUTERS) = the Internet

net . work AWL / 'network / noun [count]

1 a number of things or people that form a single system or that are connected

the rail network

computer networks

a network of friends

2 a group of connected TV or radio companies that shows the same programs in different parts of a country *a major television network*

neu . tral 1 AWL / 'nutral / adjective

1 not supporting either side in an argument or war *I don't take sides when my brothers argue — I stay neutral* .

2 having or showing no strong qualities, emotions, or color *a neutral tone of voice*

neutral colors

neu . tral 2 AWL / 'nutral / noun [noncount]

the position in which no power is being sent from a vehicle's engine to its wheels

Put the car in neutral.

neu . **tron** / 'nutran / noun [count]

($\mbox{\it CHEMISTRY}$, $\mbox{\it PHYSICS}$) a very small piece of matter with no electric charge, found in all atoms

→ Look at electron, proton.,

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **atom**.

nev . er 🔯 / 'nevər / adverb

not at any time: not ever

She never works on Saturdays.

I've never been to Oregon.

I will never forget you.

nev . er . the . less AWL / neverðelles / adverb

(formal)

despite what has just been said

They played very well. Nevertheless, they didn't win.

→SYNONYM nonetheless

1 not existing before

Have you seen his new movie?

I bought a new pair of shoes yesterday.

2 different from before

Our new apartment is much bigger than our old one. The teacher usually explains the new words to us. **3** doing something for the first time New parents are often tired. He's new to the job and still needs help.

new . **com** . **er** / 'nukamer / *noun* [count] a person who has just come to a place

new . ly / 'nuli / adverb

not long ago

Our school is newly built. →SYNONYM recently

new . **ly** . **wed** / 'nuliwed / *noun* [count] a person who has recently married

The newlyweds went to Italy for their honeymoon.

news 🥯 / nuz / noun

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ [noncount] information about things that have just happened

Have you heard the news? Stewart is getting married. I have some good news for you.

Julie told us an interesting piece of news.

2 the news [singular] a program on television or radio that tells people about important things that have just happened

We heard about the plane crash on the news.

break the news

to be the first person to tell someone about something important

Have you broken the news to your wife?

news .cast / 'nuzkæst / noun [count]

a news program on TV or radio

▶ news . cast . er / 'nuzkæster / noun [count] a person who reads the news on TV or radio

news . pa . per 🥯 / 'nuz perpər / noun

1 (also pa \cdot per / 'perper /) [count] large pieces of paper with news, advertisements, and other things printed on them

a daily newspaper

2 [noncount] paper taken from old **newspapers**We wrapped the plates in newspaper before packing them.

news . **stand** / 'nuz,stænd / noun [count]

a type of small store that is open at the front and sells newspapers, magazines, etc.

new year (also New Year) / 'nu yır / noun

[singular]

the beginning of the year

Happy New Year!

We will get in touch in the new year.

New Year's Eve (= December 31)

New Year's Day (= January 1)

next 1 🔯 / nɛkst / adjective

1 coming after this one

I'm going on vacation next week.

Take the next road on the right.

2 nearest to this one

I live in the next town.

next to someone or something

at the side of someone or something

The bank is next to the post office. →SYNONYM beside

next 2 2 / nekst / adverb

straight after this

I finished this work. What should I do next?

next 3 2 / nekst / noun [singular]

the person or thing that comes after this one Susy came first and Paul was the next to arrive.

next door / nekst 'dor / adverb

in or to the nearest house *Who lives next door?*

▶next-door adjective

They're my next-door neighbors.

nib .ble / 'nıbl / verb

(nib bles , nib bling , nib bled)

to eat something in very small bites

The mouse nibbled the cheese.

nice 2 / nais / adjective (nic er, nic est)

pleasant, good, or kind

Did you have a nice birthday?

I met a nice boy at the party.

It's nice to see you.

STYLE

We often say **great**, **fantastic**, or **wonderful** instead of "very nice": The party was great. ◆ We had a fantastic weekend. ◆ It was a wonderful show.

nice and ..

words that show that you like something

It's nice and warm by the fire.

▶nice . ly / 'naisli / adverb

You can have a cookie if you ask nicely (= in a polite way).

nick .el / 'nıkl / noun

1 [count] a coin that is worth five cents

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at money.

2 [noncount] (symbol Ni) (CHEMISTRY) a hard silverwhite metal that is often mixed with other metals

nick .name / 'nikneim / noun [count]

a name that your friends or family sometimes call you instead of your real name

Word building

Your **first name** or **given name** is the name that your parents give you when you are born. Many people also have a **middle name**.

Your **last name** or **family name** is the name that everyone in your family has. When a woman gets married, she usually takes her husband's last name. Her old last name is then called her **maiden name**, and her new one is her **married name**.

A **nickname** is a name that your friends or family sometimes call you instead of your real name: *His real name is Robert, but his nickname is Shorty.*

▶nick .name verb

(nick names, nick nam ing, nick named) She was nicknamed "The Ice Queen."

nic . o . tine / 'nıkətin / noun [noncount]

(<code>HEALTH</code>) a poisonous chemical in cigarettes that makes it difficult to stop smoking

niece / nis / noun [count]

the daughter of your brother or sister

 \rightarrow Look at nephew.

night o / nat / noun [count, noncount]

1 the part of the day when it is dark and most people sleep *These animals come out at night* .

The baby cried all night.

She stayed at my house last night.

2 the part of the day between the afternoon and when you go to bed

We went to a party on Saturday night .

He doesn't get home until 8 o'clock at night.

→ Look at tonight.

night .club / 'nartklab / noun [count] a place where you can go late in the evening to listen to music, dance, etc. →SYNONYM club

night . gown / 'nartgaon / noun [count] a loose dress that a woman or girl wears in bed

night . **life** / 'nartlarf / noun [noncount]

things to do in the evenings in a particular area, such as dancing or going to clubs

What's the nightlife like around here?

night . ly / 'nartli / adjective, adverb happening or coming every night

a nightly TV show

night . mare / 'naitmer / noun [count]

1 a dream that frightens you I had a nightmare last night.

2 something that is very bad or that frightens you Traveling through the snow was a nightmare.

night .time / 'naɪtˌtaɪm / noun [noncount] the time when it is dark

She is afraid to go out at nighttime.

→ANTONYM daytime

nine 2 / nam / number

 \triangleright ninth / nam θ / pronoun, adjective, adverb, noun [count] 9th

nine . teen 2 / nam'tin / number

▶ nine teenth / nam'tin θ / pronoun, adjective, adverb, noun [count]

nine . ty 🥯 / 'naınti / number

2 the nineties [plural] the numbers, years, or temperatures between 90 and 99

in your nineties

between the ages of 90 and 99 My grandmother is in her nineties.

▶nine ti eth / 'naıntijəθ / pronoun, adjective, adverb, noun [count]

nip / nip / verb (nips , nip .ping , nipped) to give someone a quick, painful bite The dog nipped his leg.

nip .ple / 'nipl / noun [count]

one of the two small dark circles on either side of your chest. A baby can get milk from its mother through the nipples.

ni . **trate** / 'nartrert / noun [count, noncount] (CHEMISTRY) a chemical substance that contains **nitrogen**. **Nitrates** are often used to improve the quality of soil.

ni . tro . gen / 'naitrədʒən / noun [noncount] (symbol N)

(CHEMISTRY) the gas that forms about 80% of the earth's atmosphere

No. (also no.) abbreviation of number no 1 [©] / nov / exclamation

1 used for giving a negative reply or statement "Do you want a drink?" "No, thank you." "Can I borrow the car?" "No, you can't."

→ANTONYM yes

2 something that you say when something bad happens or something surprises or shocks you Oh no! I broke my watch!

no 2 ²⁰ / nov / adjective, adverb

1 not one; not any

I have no money - my purse is empty. No visitors may enter without a ticket.

My house is no bigger than yours.

2 used for saying that something is not allowed The sign said "No Swimming."

no . **ble** / 'noobl / *adjective* (no . bler , no . blest)

1 good, honest, and caring about other people noble thoughts

2 belonging to the highest social class, in some countries a man of noble birth

no . bod . y 1 5 / 'novbadi ; 'novbadi / pronoun

no person; not anyone

Nobody in our class speaks Greek.

There was nobody home.

→SYNONYM no one

no . bod . y 2 / 'novbadi ; 'novbadi / noun [count] (plural no .bod .ies)

a person who is not important or famous

She rose from being a nobody to become a superstar.

nod / nad / verb (nods, nod ding, nod ded)

to move your head down and up again quickly as a way of saying "yes" or "hello" to someone

"Do you understand?" asked the teacher, and everyone nodded.

nod off to go to sleep

Grandma nodded off in her chair.

▶nod noun [count]

Jim gave me a nod when I came in the room.

noise W / noiz / noun [count, noncount] a sound, especially one that is loud or unpleasant I heard a noise upstairs. Don't make so much noise!

nois . y 🥯 / ˈnɔɪzi / adjective

(nois i er, nois i est)

making a lot of noise; full of noise The children are very noisy. The restaurant was too noisy.

→ANTONYM quiet

▶nois · i · ly / ˈnɔɪzəli / adverb He ate his dinner noisily.

no . mad / 'noomæd / noun [count]

a member of a group of people that moves with its animals from place to place

▶no ·mad ·ic / noʊˈmædɪk / adjective nomadic tribes

nom . i . nate / 'namenet / verb

(nom i nates, nom i nat ing, nom i nat ed)

(POLITICS) to suggest that someone or something should be given a job, a prize, etc.

Ĭ would like to nominate Bill Jones as chairman. She was nominated for the Pulitzer Prize.

TPV Ltd.

▶ nom · i · na · tion / ˌnaməˈneɪʃn / noun

[count, noncount]

The closing date for nominations is September 8th.

PREFIX

non-

a **non** smoker (= a person who does not smoke) **non** alcoholic drinks (= drinks containing no alcohol) a **non** stop flight

non . al . co . hol . ic / nanælke holik ;

nanælkə halık / adjective

(used about drinks) not containing alcohol nonalcoholic beer

→ANTONYM alcoholic

non . count noun / nankaont 'naon / (also un .count .a .ble noun) noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) Noncount nouns are ones that have no plural and cannot be used with "a" or "an" The words "advice" and "furniture" are noncount nouns.

→ Look at count noun.

none 2 / nan / pronoun

not any; not one

She's eaten all the chocolates – there are none in the box. I went to four stores, but none of them had the book I

none . the . less AWL / nanobiles / adverb (formal)

anyway; despite what has just been said

It won't be easy, but we're going to try nonetheless.

→SYNONYM nevertheless

non .ex .ist .ent / .nanig'zistant / adjective not existing or not available

In some areas, public transportation is completely nonexistent.

non · fic · tion / ˌnanˈfikʃn / noun [noncount]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) writing that is about real people, events, and facts

You'll find biographies in the nonfiction section of the

→ANTONYM fiction

non . sense 🔯 / 'nansens / noun [noncount]

1 words or ideas that have no meaning or that are not true It's nonsense to say that Jackie is lazy.

2 silly or bad behavior

Their new teacher doesn't allow any nonsense in class.

noo . **dles** / 'nudlz / noun [plural]

long thin pieces of food made from flour, egg, and water that are cooked in water or used in soups Would you prefer rice or noodles?

noon / nun / noun [noncount] twelve o'clock in the middle of the day I met him at noon.

→ Look at midnight.

no one 2 / 'nov wan / pronoun

no person; not anyone

There was no one in the classroom. No one saw me go into the house.

→SYNONYM nobody

nor 🥯 / nor / conjunction

used after "neither" and "not" to mean "also not"

Neither Tom nor I eat meat.

Allan won't go, and nor will Lucy.

"I don't like eggs." "Nor do I."

norm AWL / norm / noun [count]

a way of behaving that is normal or accepted Is it the norm for children to have a TV in their bedroom?

nor . mal AWL / 'norml / adjective

usual and ordinary; not different or special

I will be home at the normal time.

nor .mal .ly Daw AWL / 'normali / adverb

1 usually

I normally go to bed at about eleven o'clock.

2 in the usual or ordinary way He isn't behaving normally.

north \bigcirc / **nor** θ / **noun** [singular] (abbreviation **N.**)

(GEOGRAPHY) the direction to your left when you watch the sun rise; a place in this direction

the north of Alaska

→ Look at the picture at compass.

north adjective, adverb

They live in North Minneapolis.

a north wind (= that comes from the north)

We traveled north from Raleigh to Philadelphia.

north . east (also North . east) / norθ'ist / noun [singular] (abbreviation N.E.)

(GEOGRAPHY) the direction between north and east; a place in this direction

He lives in the Northeast.

→ Look at the picture at compass.

▶north .east adjective, adverb the northeast coast of Florida

▶north .east .ern / norθ'istern / adjective northeastern regions

north . ern 🔯 / 'norðərn / adjective

(GEOGRAPHY) connected with, in, or from the north Hartford is in northern Connecticut.

north . **ern** . **er** (also North . ern . er)

/ 'norðərnər / *noun* [count]

(GEOGRAPHY) a person who is from or who lives in the northern part of a country

→ANTONYM southerner

the North Pole / δə norθ 'poul / noun

[singular]

(GEOGRAPHY) the point on the earth's surface which is farthest north

→ Look at the South Pole ...

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **earth**.

north · West (also North · west) / norθ'west /

noun [singular] (abbreviation N.W.)

(GEOGRAPHY) the direction between north and west; a place in this direction

She's from the Northwest.

→ Look at the picture at compass.

▶north .west adjective, adverb

If you look northwest, you can see the tower.

►north . west . ern / norθ'western / adjective northwestern Pennsylvania

nose 5 / novz / noun [count]

1 the part of your face above your mouth, which you use for breathing and smelling

Blow your nose! (= Clear your nose by blowing through it.)

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **face**.

2 the front part of an airplane

nose . bleed / 'noozblid / noun [count]

(HEALTH) a flow of blood that comes from your nose *I used to get nosebleeds as a child.*

nos .tal .gi .a / naˈstældʒə / noun [noncount] a feeling of pleasure, mixed with sadness, when you remember happy times in the past

▶nos .tal .gic / na¹stældʒɪk / adjective

The reunion made Anne feel nostalgic for her college days.

nos . **tril** / 'nastrəl / *noun* [count] one of the two holes in your nose

nos · **y** / 'noozi / *adjective* (nos · i · er, nos · i · est) too interested in other people's lives and business "Where are you going?" "Don't be so nosy!"

not 🥯 / nat / adverb

used for forming negative sentences or phrases *I'm not hungry.* ◆ *They did not arrive.*

I can come tomorrow, but not on Tuesday.

"Are you angry with me?" "No, I'm not."

Grammar

We often say and write n't: John isn't (= is not) here.

◆ I hope she won't (= will not) be late.

not at all

1 used as a way of saying "no" or "definitely not" "Are you tired?" "Not at all."

The instructions are not at all clear.

2 used as a reply when someone has thanked you for something

"Thanks for your help." "Oh, not at all."

not only...but also

words you use to show that there is something important to add

Not only was he late, but also he was wearing jeans and a T-shirt!

note 1 2 / nout / noun [count]

1 words that you write quickly to help you remember something

I made a note of her address.

The teacher told us to take notes.

2 a short letter

Dave sent me a note to thank me for the present.

 ${\bf 3}$ a short piece of extra information about something in a book

Look at the note on page 39.

 $\boldsymbol{4}\,$ ($\boldsymbol{\text{MUSIC}}\,$) one sound in music; the written symbol for one sound

I can play a few notes.

What's this note?

note 2 / noot / verb (notes, not ing, not ed)

to notice and remember something

Please note that all the stores are closed on Mondays.

note something down to write something so that you can remember it

The police officer noted down my name and address.

note . book / 'noutbuk / noun [count]

1 a small book that you can write in

→ Look at the picture at stationery.

2 (COMPUTERS) a very small computer that you can carry with you and use anywhere

note . pad / 'nootpæd / noun

[count]

pieces of paper that you can write on, joined together in a block

note . **pa** . **per** / 'nout,perper / noun [noncount] paper that you write letters on

noth .ing 🔯 / 'nʌθɪŋ / pronoun

not anything; no thing

There's nothing in this bottle – it's empty.

I finished all my work and I have nothing to do.

Don't leave the baby there with nothing on (= not wearing any clothes); he'll get cold.

for nothing

1 for no money

You can have these books for nothing. I don't want them.

2 without a good result

I went to the station for nothing – she wasn't on the train. have nothing to do with someone or something

to have no connection with someone or something

That question has nothing to do with what we're discussing.

Keep out of this – it has nothing to do with you.

nothing but

only

He eats nothing but salad.

nothing like

not the same as someone or something in any way *He's nothing like his brother.*

no .tice 1 2 / 'noutes / verb

(no .tic .es , no .tic .ing , no .ticed)

to see or pay attention to someone or something *Did you notice what she was wearing?*

I noticed that he was driving a new pickup truck.

no .tice 2 / 'noutes / noun

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ [noncount $\,]$ the act of paying attention to someone or something

The protests are finally making the government take notice.

I didn't take any notice of what she said.

2 [count] a piece of writing that tells people something *The notice on the wall says "NO SMOKING."*

3 [noncount] a warning that something will happen; the amount of time before it happens

We only had two weeks' notice for the exam.

We left for the station on very short notice, and I forgot my coat.

 \overrightarrow{He} gave notice (= he said officially that he will leave his job).

no . tice . a . ble / 'noutasabl / adjective

I have a mark on my shirt. Is it noticeable?

no .tion AWL / 'noʊʃn / noun

[count

something that you have in your mind; an idea *I had a notion that I had seen her before.*

no . to . ri . ous / noo'tories / adjective well known for being bad a notorious criminal

→SYNONYM infamous

► no . to . ri . ous . ly / nov'toriəsli / adverb This road is notoriously dangerous. not with stand ing AWL

/ ˌnatwiθˈstændiŋ / preposition, adverb (formal)

despite something; not being affected by something The plane landed on time, notwithstanding the terrible weather conditions.

noun / naon / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a word that is the name of a person, place, thing, or idea

"Anne," "Philadelphia," "cat," and "happiness" are all

→ Look at count noun, noncount noun.

nour . ish / 'norif / verb

(nour ish es, nour ish ing, nour ished)

to give someone or something the right kind of food so that they can grow and be healthy

▶ nour · ish · ment / 'nərı∫mənt / noun [noncount]

abbreviation of November

nov .el 1 2 / 'navl / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a book that tells a story about people and things that are not real

"To Kill a Mockingbird" is a novel by Harper Lee.

nov . **el** 2 / 'navl / adjective

new, different, and interesting

a novel idea

nov .el . ist / 'navelist / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a person who writes novels

nov . **el** . **ty** / 'navlti / *noun* (*plural* **nov** . **el** . **ties**)

1 [noncount] the quality of being new and different The novelty of her new job soon faded.

2 [count] something new and unusual

It was a novelty for me not to have to get up early.

No .vem .ber 2 / noυ'vembər / noun

[count, noncount] (abbreviation Nov.)

the eleventh month of the year

now 1 2 / nav / adverb

1 at this time

I can't see you now – can you come back later?

She was in Washington, but she's living in Maryland now. Don't wait – do it now!

From now on (= after this time) your teacher will be Mr. Hancock.

2 used when you start to talk about something new, or to make people listen to you

I finished writing that letter. Now, what should we have for dinner?

Be quiet, now!

now and then; now and again

sometimes, but not often

We go to that restaurant now and then.

now 2 / nav / (also now that) conjunction

because something has happened

Now that Mark has arrived we can start dinner.

now · a · days / 'navederz / adverb

Most people work with computers nowadays.

no . where 2 / 'noower / adverb

not anywhere; at, in, or to no place There's nowhere to stay in this town. nowhere near

not at all

Ruth's Spanish is nowhere near as good as yours.

nu .cle .ar AWL / 'nukliar / adjective

(PHYSICS)

1 using the energy that is made when the central part of an atom is broken

nuclear energy

nuclear weapons

2 connected with the center of atoms nuclear physics

nu .cle .us / 'nuklies / noun [count]

(plural nu .cle .i / 'nuklia /)

(PHYSICS) the center of a cell or an atom

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **atom**.

nude / nud / adjective

not wearing any clothes

→SYNONYM naked

▶nu ·di ·ty / 'nudəti / noun [noncount]

The movie has scenes of nudity.

nudge / nad3 / verb

(nudg es , nudg ing , nudged)

to touch or push someone or something with your elbow

(= the middle part of your arm where it bends) Nudge me if I fall asleep in the theater.

▶nudge noun [count]

Liz gave me a nudge.

nug .get / 'naget / noun [count]

a small lump of a valuable metal, especially gold, that is found in the earth

nui . sance / 'nusns / noun [count]

a person or thing that causes you trouble I lost my keys. What a nuisance!

numb / nam / adjective

not able to feel anything

My fingers were numb with cold.

num . ber 1 9 / 'namber / noun

1 [count] (abbreviation No. or no.) a word or symbol that represents a quantity, for example "two" or "130"

Choose a number between ten and one hundred.

What's your phone number?

I live at no. 47.

2 [count, noncount] a group of more than one person or

A large number of our students come from large families. There are a number of ways you can cook an egg.

num . ber 2 / 'namber / verb

(num bers, num ber ing, num bered)

1 to give a number to something

Number the pages from one to ten.

2 a word you use to say how many people or things there

The army numbers over 500,000 men.

nu .mer .al / 'numerel / noun [count]

(MATH) a sign or symbol that represents a quantity Roman numerals (= I, II, III, IV, V, etc.)

nu . **mer** . **a** . **tor** / 'num reiter / *noun* [count]

(MATH) the number above the line in a fraction , for example the 3 in 3/4

→ Look at denominator.

nu . **mer** . **i** . **cal** / nu'merikl / *adjective* connected with or shown by numbers to put items in numerical order

nu . **mer** . **ous** / 'numərəs / *adjective* (*formal*) many

nun / nan / noun [count]

(RELIGION) a woman who has given her life to God instead of getting married. Most **nuns** live together in a special building (called a **convent**).

→ Look at monk.

nurse 1 2 / ners / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{HEALTH}}$) a person whose job is to take care of people who are sick or hurt

My sister works as a nurse in a hospital.

nurse 2 / nars / verb
(nurs les , nurs ling , nursed)

(HEALTH) to take care of someone who is sick or hurt *I nursed my father when he was sick.*

nurs .e .ry / 'nerseri / noun [count]
(plural nurs .e .ries)

1 a bedroom for a baby

2 a place where people grow and sell plants

nurs .er .y rhyme / 'nərsəri raım / noun [count]

a song or poem for young children

nurs .er . y school / 'nərsəri skul / noun [count, noncount]

a school for children between the ages of about two and five

→SYNONYM preschool

nurs .ing / 'nərsıŋ / noun [noncount]

(HEALTH) the job of being a nurse a career in nursing

nurs . **ing home** / 'nərsıŋ hoom / noun [count] (HEALTH) a place where people who are too old or too sick to live on their own can live and be taken care of

nut [©] / nat / noun [count]

1 a dry fruit that has a hard outside part with a seed inside. Many types of **nuts** can be eaten walnuts, hazelnuts, and peanuts

 ${\bf 2}$ a metal ring that you put on the end of a long piece of metal (called a ${\bf bolt}$) to fix things together

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **bolt**.

nuts



pecan



peanut



chestnut





almond



hazelnut

nu .tri .ent / 'nutriant / noun [count]

($\mbox{\footnotesize BIOLOGY}$, $\mbox{\footnotesize HEALTH}$) a substance that someone or something needs to live and grow

Plants draw minerals and other nutrients from the soil.

nu .tri .tion / nu'trıʃn / noun [noncount]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{HEALTH}}$) the food that you eat and the way that it affects your health

We can offer you advice on diet and nutrition.

►nu .tri .tion .al / nu'trıʃənl / adjective the nutritional value of green vegetables

nu . tri . tious / nu'trifəs / adjective

(used about food) good for you tasty and nutritious meals

nuts / nats / adjective (informal)

crazy

The kids are driving me nuts!

ny . lon / 'nailan / noun

1 [noncount] very strong material that is made by machines and is used for making clothes, rope, brushes, and other things

a nylon fishing line

2 nylons [plural] another word for pantyhose



O, O / ου / noun [count, noncount] (plural O's, o's / ουz /)

1 the fifteenth letter of the English alphabet "Orange" begins with an "O."

2 a way of saying the number "0"

My number is seven three one, O two nine three (= 731-0293).

oak / ook / noun

1 [count] a kind of large tree

2 [noncount] the wood of an **oak** tree an oak table

Oar / or / noun [count]

a long stick with a flat end that you use for moving a boat through water (rowing)

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at rowboat.

O · a · SiS / ov'erses / noun [count]

(plural o .a .ses / ov'eisiz /)

(GEOGRAPHY) a place in a desert that has trees and water

oath / ουθ / noun [count]

a formal promise

He swore an oath of loyalty.

under oath

If you are $\boldsymbol{under\ oath}$, you have made a formal promise to tell the truth in a court of law

He was accused of lying under oath.

oat . meal / 'outmil / noun

[noncount]

a soft, thick food that is made from **oats** cooked with water or milk and eaten hot for breakfast a bowl of oatmeal with brown sugar

oats / outs / noun [plural]

a plant with seeds that we use as food for people and animals

We make cereals from oats.

o . be . di . ent / ου'bidiant / adjective

doing what someone tells you to do

He was an obedient child.

→ANTONYM disobedient

▶o .be .di .ence / oʊˈbidiəns / noun

[noncount]

Most teachers expect complete obedience from their students.

→ANTONYM disobedience

►o .be .di .ent .ly / ov'bidiantli / adverb I called the dog and it followed me obediently.

O . bese / ου'bis / adjective

(HEALTH) (used about people) very fat, in a way that is not healthy

Thesaurus

fat is a general word to describe a person who has a large round body, but it is not polite to say to someone that they are fat: Do I look fat in this dress?

◆ I'm getting fat!

overweight is a little more polite, and is also a word used by doctors or health professionals: She's a little overweight. ◆ He's only a few pounds overweight.

heavy is often used when you want to be polite: Donna's gotten a little heavier since the last time I saw

obese means very fat, in a way that is not healthy. This word is often used by doctors and health professionals, but is also used in a general way to mean "very fat": Obese patients are given advice on healthy eating.

►o .be .si .ty / oʊˈbisəti / noun [noncount] Obesity among children is increasing in this country.

O . bey / ου'bei / verb

(o beys, o bey ing, o beyed)

to do what someone tells you to do; to follow an order or rule

He always obeyed his parents.

You must obey the law.

Ob . ject 1 2 / 'abdzekt / noun [count]

PRONUNCIATION

When the word object is a noun, you say the first part of the word louder: OBject . When the word object is a verb, you say the second part of the word louder: obJECT .

1 a thing that you can see and touch

There was a small round object on the table.

2 what you plan to do

His object in life is to become as rich as possible.

→SYNONYM aim

3 (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) the person or thing that is affected by an action. In the sentence "Susan painted the door," the **object** of the sentence is "the door."

 \rightarrow Look at subject (3).

Ob . ject 2 / əb'dʒɛkt / verb

(ob jects, ob ject ing, ob ject ed)

to not like something; to not agree with something I objected to their plan.

ob . jec . tion / əb'dzekin / noun

[count, noncount]

a reason why you do not like something or do not agree with something

I have no objections to the plan.

ob . jec . tive 1 AWL / əb'dʒɛktɪv / noun [count] something that you are trying to achieve

→SYNONYM aim

ob . jec . tive 2 AWL / əb'dʒɛktıv / adjective based on the facts, not on your own feelings and opinions an objective report of what happened

→ANTONYM subjective

▶ob .jec .tive .ly AWL / əbˈdʒεktıvli / adverb

ob . li . gat . ed / 'ablegerted / adjective

If you are obligated to do something, you have to do it because of a rule or law, or because it is the right thing to

She felt obligated to take care of her mother.

ob . li . ga . tion / abla gein / noun

[count, noncount]

something that you must do

We have an obligation to help.

o .blig .a .to .ry / əˈblɪgəˌtəri / adjective

If something is **obligatory**, you must do it because it is the law or a rule. →SYNONYM compulsory

O . blige / əˈblaɪdʒ / verb

(o blig es, o blig ing, o bliged)

to force someone to do something

Parents are obliged by law to send their children to school.

O . bliv . i . ous / ə'blıviəs / adjective

not noticing or realizing something

She was completely oblivious to all the trouble she had

ob · **long** / 'ablon / *noun* [count]

any shape that is longer than it is wide

An egg is an oblong.

▶ob long adjective

an oblong shape

ob . **nox** . **ious** / əb'nakfəs / adjective

extremely unpleasant

He really is an obnoxious person.

O . boe / 'oubou / noun [count]

(MUSIC) a musical instrument made of wood that you play by blowing into it

→ Look at the picture at instrument.

ob . scene / əb'sin / adjective

connected with sex in a way that is rude or that shocks people

He made an obscene gesture.

ob . ser . vant / ab'zarvant / adjective good at noticing things

That's very observant of you!

ob . ser . va . tion / abzər veifn / noun

1 [noncount] when you watch someone or something carefully

The police kept the house under observation.

His powers of observation are excellent.

2 [count] something that you say or write *He made an observation about the weather.*

→SYNONYM comment

ob . serve / əb'zərv / verb

(ob . serves , ob . serv . ing , ob . served) (formal)

to watch or see someone or something

The police observed a man leaving the house.

▶ob .serv .er / əb'zərvər / noun [count]

a person who watches someone or something

According to observers, the fire started around midnight.

Ob · Sess / əb'sεs / verb

(ob \cdot sess \cdot es , ob \cdot sess \cdot ing , ob \cdot sessed)

to completely fill your mind

Don is obsessed with football.

ob .ses .sion / b s [n / noun] [count]

a person or thing that you think about all the time *Cars are his obsession.*

ob .sta .cle / 'abstakl / noun [count]

something that makes it difficult for you to do something or go somewhere

Not speaking a foreign language was a major obstacle to her career.

ob . sti . nate / 'abstənət / adjective

not changing your ideas; not doing what other people want you to do

He's too obstinate to say he's sorry.

→SYNONYM stubborn

ob . **struct** / əb'strʌkt / verb (ob . structs ,

ob struct ing, ob struct ed)

to be in the way, so that someone or something cannot go past

Please move your car – you're obstructing traffic.

►ob struc tion / əb'strʌkʃn / noun [count]

a thing that stops someone or something from going past *The train had to stop because there was an obstruction on the tracks.*

ob tain AWL / əbˈteɪn / verb (ob tains ,

ob tain ing, ob tained)

(formal)

to get something to obtain permission

ob . tuse an .gle / ab'tus ængl / noun [count]

(MATH) an angle of more than 90° but less than 180°

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at angle.

ob . vi . ous D AWL / 'abvies / adjective

easy to see or understand

It's obvious that she's not happy.

→SYNONYM clear

►ob . vi . ous . ly AWL / 'abviəsli / adverb

There has obviously been a mistake.

OC . Ca . Sion 2 / əˈkeɪʒn / noun [count]

1 a time when something happens

I've been to Chicago on three or four occasions .

2 a special time

A wedding is a big family occasion.

oc .ca .sion .al / əˈkeɪʒənl / adjective

happening sometimes, but not very often We get the occasional visitor.

oc .ca .sion .al .ly / əˈkeɪʒənəli / adverb

sometimes, but not often

I go to Miami occasionally.

OC . Cu . pant AWL / 'akyapant / noun [count] (formal)

a person who lives or works in a particular room, house, or building

The fire destroyed the building, but all the occupants escaped safely.

oc .cu .pa .tion AWL / akyə pein / noun

1 [count]

(formal)

a job

What is your mother's occupation?

2 [noncount] when a country or army takes or has control of an area or building

OC · CU · DY AWL / 'akyəpai / verb

(oc cu pies, oc cu py ing, oc cu pied,

has oc .cu .pied)

1 to fill a space or period of time

The bed seemed to occupy most of the room.

→SYNONYM take up

2 (formal) to live or work in a room or building The house next door has not been occupied for months.

→ Look at occupant.

3 to keep someone busy

She occupied herself reading.

4 to take or have control of an area or building *Protestors occupied the TV station.*

►oc . cu . pied AWL / 'akyapaid / adjective

1 being used

Excuse me – is this seat occupied?

2 husy

This work will keep me occupied all week.

OC . Cur DAWL / əˈkər / verb

(oc curs, oc cur ring, oc curred)
(formal)

to happen

The accident occurred this morning.

occur to someone

to come into someone's mind

It occurred to me that you might like to come.

oc .cur .rence AWL / əˈkərəns / noun [count]

(formal)

something that happens

Identity theft is now a very common occurrence.

O . Cean So / 'oυjn / noun (GEOGRAPHY)

 ${f 1}$ [noncount] the salt water that covers most of the surface of the earth

People were swimming in the ocean.

Ocean levels are rising.

2 Ocean [count] one of the five large areas of salt water on Earth

the Pacific Ocean

O'Clock / ə'klak / adverb

used after the numbers one to twelve for saying the time I left home at four o'clock and arrived in Los Angeles at five thirty.

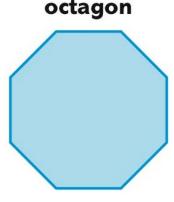
Grammar

Be careful! **O'clock** is only used with full hours. You cannot say "at five thirty o'clock."

oc ta gon

/ 'aktəgan / noun [count] (MATH) a shape with eight straight sides

▶oc .tag .o .nal / ak'tægənl / adjective an octagonal coin



Oc . to . ber 2 / aktoober / noun

[count, noncount] (abbreviation Oct.) the tenth month of the year

OC . to . pus / 'aktapas / noun [count]

(plural oc .to .pus .es) an ocean animal with a soft body and eight long arms (called tentacles)





octopus

squid

odd AWL / ad / adjective (odd er, odd est)

1 strange or unusual

It's odd that he left without telling anyone.

→SYNONYM strange

2 (MATH) not able to be divided by two

1, 3, 5, and 7 are all odd numbers . →ANTONYM even

the odd one out

one that is different from all the others

"Apple," "orange," "cabbage" – which is the odd one out?

odd . ly / 'adli / adverb

in a strange or unusual way

She behaved very oddly. →SYNONYM strangely

odds AWL / adz / noun the odds [plural]

used for saying how likely something is The odds are that he'll win (= he'll probably win).

The odds are against us (= we will probably not succeed).

odds and ends

(informal)

different small things that are not important a box of odds and ends

O . dor / 'ooder / noun [count] (formal)

a smell, especially a bad smell

Of [©] / əv ; Av / preposition

1 belonging to or connected with someone or something the back of the chair

What's the name of this mountain? the time of the American Civil War the arrival of the president

2 used for saying what something is or what something is made of

a piece of wood a cup of coffee

Is this shirt made of cotton?

3 used for showing that someone or something is part of a

one of the girls

some of his friends

4 used after an amount, etc.

a gallon of water the fourth of July

5 used with some adjectives and verbs

I'm proud of you.

This perfume smells of roses.

6 used for giving your opinion about someone's behavior That's very kind of you.

Off 🥯 / of; af / preposition, adverb

1 down or away from something

He fell off the roof.

We got off the bus.

The thief ran off.

2 used for talking about removing something

If you're hot, take your coat off.

Can you clean that paint off the carpet?

→ANTONYM on

3 away from a place; at a distance in space or time

I must be off (= leave) soon.

Summer is still a long way off.

4 joined to something and leading from it

The bathroom is off the bedroom.

5 not connected; not working

Make sure the lights are off before you go.

→ANTONYM on

6 not at work or school

I had the day off yesterday.

7 (used about a plan or arrangement) not going to happen anymore; canceled

The meeting next Monday is off.

→ANTONYM on

of . fend / o'fend / verb

(of .fends, of .fend .ing , of .fend .ed)

to make someone feel angry or unhappy; to hurt someone's

I hope they won't be offended if I don't come.

of .fend .er / ə'fɛndər / noun [count]

(formal)

a person who breaks a law

a juvenile (= young) offender

of . fense 9 / o'fens / noun

1 [count] an illegal action

He has committed an offense.

→SYNONYM crime

2 [noncount] when a person is angry or unhappy because of what someone has said or done

He took offense when I refused his help.

3 / 'afens / [noncount , singular] (SPORTS) the players on a sports team who try to score points

of . fen . sive / əˈfɛnsɪv / adjective

1 rude in a way that makes someone feel upset, angry, or insulted

offensive language

→ANTONYM inoffensive

2 used for or connected with attacking offensive weapons

→ANTONYM defensive

of fer 1 / 'əfər; 'afər / verb (of fers, of fer ing, of fered)

to say or show that you will do or give something if another person wants it

She offered me a piece of cake.

I offered to help her.

of .fer 2 0 / 'əfər ; 'afər / noun

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ when you offer to do or give something if another person wants it

Thanks for the offer, but I don't need any help.

I've received a job offer , but I'm not sure if $\hat{\mathbf{I}}$ should accept it

2 an amount of money that you say you will give for something

They made an offer for the house.

of . fice O / 'afas : 'afas / noun

1 [count] a place where people work, usually at desks *I work in an office.*

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ [<code>count</code>] a place where you can buy something or get information

→ Look at box office, post office, ticket office.

3 [noncount] (**POLITICS**) an official position, often as part of a government or other organization *How long has the president been in office?*

of .fi .cer / 'ɔfəsər ; 'afəsər / noun

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ a person in the army, navy, or air force who gives orders to other people

a naval officer

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ a person who does important work, especially for the government

an intelligence officer

3 = police officer

Sorry, officer, I didn't realize I was driving too fast.

of . fi . cial 1 2 / əˈfɪʃl / adjective

connected with government, or with a particular organization or person in authority an official government report

an official announcement

of .fi .cial 2 5 / əˈfɪʃl / noun

[count] a person who does important work, especially for the government

government officials

of .fi .cial .ly 🔯 / əˈfɪʃəli / adverb

done by the government, or by someone in authority *He has now heard officially that he's got the job.*

of .ten 🔯 / 'əfn ; 'afn / adverb

many times

I don't see him very often.

We often play tennis on Sunday.

Write as often as you can.

How often do you visit her?

every so often

sometimes, but not often

Every so often she calls me.

oh 5 / ov / exclamation

1 used for showing a strong feeling, like surprise or fear *Oh no! I've lost my keys!*

2 used before other words, for example when you are thinking of what to say

"What time is it?" "Oȟ, about two o'clock."

Oh well

used when you are not happy about something, but you cannot change it

"I'm too busy to go out tonight." "Oh well, I'll see you tomorrow then."

oil ol / noun [noncount]

1 (CHEMISTRY) a thick liquid that comes from under the ground or the ocean. We use **oil** for energy and to make machines work smoothly.

2 (**BIOLOGY**) a thick liquid that comes from plants or animals and that we use in cooking

Fry the onions in oil.

olive oil

oil paint .ing / 'oil peintin / noun [count]

(ART) a picture that has been done with paint made from oil

oil rig / 'oil rig / noun [count]

a large structure with special equipment for bringing oil out of the ground

oil well / 'all wel / noun [count]

a hole that is made deep in the ground or under the ocean in order to get oil

Oil · y / 'oili / adjective (oil · i · er , oil · i · est)

like oil, or covered with oil

an oily liquid

oily hands

oint .ment / 'ointment / noun [count, noncount]

($\mbox{\sc HEALTH}$) a smooth substance that you put on sore skin or on an injury to help it get better

OK 1 (also o kay) / ov'ker / exclamation (informal)

yes

"Should we go to the party?" "OK."

→SYNONYM all right

OK 2 (also o kay) / ov'ker / adjective, adverb

(informal)

1 safe and well; calm or happy

"How's your mom?" "OK, thanks."

2 all right; acceptable

Is it okay to sit here?

→SYNONYM all right

1 having lived for a long time

My grandfather is very old.

My sister is older than me.

→ANTONYM young

2 made or bought a long time ago

an old house

→ANTONYM new

3 You use old to show the age of someone or something

Dan is seven years old.

How old are you?

a four-year-old girl

4 done or had before now

My old job was more interesting than this one.

→ANTONYM new

5 known for a long time

Jess is an old friend – we went to school together.

the old noun [plural]

old people

old age / oold 'end3 / noun [noncount]

the part of your life when you are old He's enjoying life in his old age.

→ANTONYM youth

old-fash ioned 5/ oold fæfend / adjective

not modern

old-fashioned clothes

My parents are kind of old-fashioned.

ol .ive / 'alıv / noun [count]

a small green or black fruit that people eat or make into oil *The salad dressing needs a little more olive oil* .

SUFFIX

-ology

(in nouns) the subject of study astrology (= the study of the stars)

techn ology

the O . lym . pic Games/ði əˌlımpık ˈgeɪmz /

(also the O $\,$ lym $\,$ pics / ði ə'lımpıks /) $\it noun$ [plural]

($\mbox{\sc sports}$) an international sports competition that is organized every four years in a different country

►O .lym .pic / əˈlɪmpɪk / adjective

Who holds the Olympic record for the 200 meters?

om .e .let (also om .e .lette)/'amlet/noun

a dish made of eggs mixed together and then fried a cheese omelet

o .mit / ov'mit / verb

(o mits, o mit ting, o mit ted) (formal)

to not include something

Omit question 2 and do question 3.

→SYNONYM leave out

om . ni . vore / 'amnı,vor / noun [count]

(BIOLOGY) an animal that eats both plants and meat

→ Look at carnivore, herbivore.

►om ·niv ·o ·rous / ˌamˈnɪvərəs / adjective

an omnivorous diet

ON 🥯 / an ; on / preposition, adverb

1 used for showing where something is

Your book is on the table.

The number is on the door.

I have a cut on my hand.

There's a good movie on TV tonight.

2 used with ways of traveling and types of travel *He got on the bus.*

I came here on foot (= I walked).

3 used for showing when

My birthday is on May 6.

I'll see you on Monday.

4 working; being used

All the lights were on. →ANTONYM off

5 covering your body

Put your coat on .

6 about something

a book on cars

7 happening or planned

What's on at the movie theater?

Is the meeting still on, or has it been canceled?

→ANTONYM off

8 using something

I bought it on the Internet.

I was on the phone with Jania.

He saw it on TV.

9 used for showing that someone or something continues *The man shouted at us, but we just walked on.*

10 soon after

She called me on her return from New York.

on and on

without stopping

He went (= talked) on and on about his girlfriend.

Once 1 / wans / adverb

1 one time

I've only been to Europe once.

He calls us once a week (= once every week).

2 at some time in the past

This house was once a school.

all at once

all at the same time, or suddenly

People began talking all at once.

All at once she got up and left the room.

at once

1 (formal) immediately; now

Come here at once!

2 at the same time

I can't do two things at once.

for once

this time only

For once, I agree with you.

once again; once more

again; one more time

Can you explain it to me once more?

once and for all

now and for the last time

You have to make a decision once and for all.

once in a while

sometimes, but not often

once or twice

a few times; not often

I've only met them once or twice.

once upon a time

(used at the beginning of a children's story) a long time ago *Once upon a time there was a beautiful princess...*

Once 2 / wans / conjunction

as soon as; when

Once you've finished your homework you can go out.

One 1 / wan / number, adjective

1 the number 1

One and one make two (1 + 1 = 2).

Only one person spoke.

2 a person or thing, especially when they are part of a

One of my friends is sick.

I lost one of my books.

3 only

You are the one person I can trust.

4 used for talking about a particular time, without saying exactly when

I'll come over one evening.

one by one

first one, then the next, etc.; separately

Please come in one by one.

one or two

a few

There are one or two things I need to do this morning.

one 2 0 / wan / pronoun

1 used instead of the name of a person or thing *I bought some bananas. Do you want one?*

"Can I borrow a book?" "Yes. Which one?"

The questions are hard – leave the ones you can't do.

2 (formal) people in general; I Exercise makes one physically fit.

STYLE

It is very formal to use **one** in this way and it sounds old-fashioned. We usually say "you" for "people in general" and "I" when you are talking about yourself.

one an . oth . er / wan ə'naðər / pronoun each other

We looked at one another.

one . self / wan'self / pronoun

(formal)

used with "one" for saying that an action involves the person doing it

One has to ask oneself if such action is necessary.

by oneself

1 alone; without other people

2 without help

one-way / wan wei / adjective

allowing travel in one direction only

a one-way street

a one-way ticket

→ Look at round-trip.

on .go .ing AWL / 'angooin / adjective

continuing to exist now It's an ongoing problem.

on .ion 5 / 'Anyən / noun [count, noncount]

a round vegetable with many layers and a strong smell. Cutting **onions** can make you cry.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **vegetable**.

on . line / an'lam / (also on-line) adjective, adverb

(COMPUTERS) using a computer or the Internet Online shopping is both cheap and convenient. Reservations can be made online.

Collocations

The Internet

connecting

connect to/log on to/access the Internet/the Web
go/be online/on the Internet

usina

browse/surf/search the Internet/the Web check out/visit a website/someone's blog click/click on/follow a link

start/have/write/read a blog

chatting and sharing

chat with someone/your friends online meet someone in/enter a chat room download/upload music/a song/a video/a photo post a comment/a message share information/files

on . ly 1 oonli / adjective, adverb

1 with no others

She's the only girl in her class.

2 and no one or nothing else; no more than *I invited twenty people to the party, but only five came.*

Thivited twenty people to the party, but only five cam We can't have dinner now. It's only four o'clock!

We only waited five minutes.

if only

words you use to say that you wish something would happen or be true

If only he would call.

on . ly 2 / 'oonli / conjunction

(informal)

but

I like this bag, only it's too expensive.

on .ly child / oonli 'tfaild / noun [count]

(plural on .ly chil .dren / ovnli 'tʃıldrən /)

a person who has no brothers or sisters

I'm an only child.

on . to 🥯 / 'antə ; 'antu / preposition

to a place on someone or something

The bottle fell onto the floor.

The cat jumped onto the table.

on . **ward** / 'anward / (also **on** . **wards** / 'anwardz /) *adverb*

1 and after

From September onward it usually gets a lot colder.

2 forward

The soldiers marched onwards until they came to a bridge.

OOPS / ops / exclamation

a word you say when you have, or almost have, a small accident, or when you break something, etc. *Oops! Are you ok?*

OOZE / uz / verb (ooz es, ooz ing, oozed)

1 If a thick liquid **oozes** from something, it comes out slowly

Blood was oozing from the wound.

2 to show a lot of a particular quality

She walked into the party oozing confidence.

O . paque / ου'peik / adjective

If something is ${\bf opaque}$, you cannot see through it a special piece of opaque glass

→ANTONYM transparent

O . pen 1 🍮 / 'oopən / adjective

1 not closed, so that people or things can go in or out *Leave the windows open.*

The book lay open on the table. an open box

2 able to be used or done; available

The bank is open from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.

The competition is open to all children under the age of 14.

3 not hiding your thoughts and feelings

She's a very open person.

4 away from towns and people; with not many buildings or trees

We were in open country.

5 not yet decided

"Where should we go on Friday?" "Let's leave it open."

in the open air

outside

We had our lunch in the open air.

o pen 2 / oopen / verb

(o pens, o pen ing, o pened)

 $\boldsymbol{1}\,$ to move, or to move something, so that something is not closed or covered

The door opened and a man came in.

It was hot, so I opened a window.

Open your eyes!

Open your books to page 10.

2 to make it possible for people to enter a place *Banks don't open on Sundays.*

The president opened the new hospital.

3 to start something; to start

I'd like to open a bank account.

How do you open a file in this program?

The story opens with a murder.

→ANTONYM close, shut

open up to talk about what you feel and think *It took him a long time to really open up to me.*

O . pen 3 / 'oopen / noun

out in the open

outside

Children need to play out in the open.

into the open

not hidden or secret

They intend to bring their complaints out into the open.

open-air / oupen 'er / adjective

not inside a building an open-air concert

O · pen · er / 'oυpənər / noun [count]

a small tool that you use for opening cans or bottles $a\ can\ opener$

O . pen . ing / 'ουροπιη / noun [count]

1 a space in something where people or things can go in and out

The cattle got out through an opening in the fence.

→SYNONYM hole

2 a ceremony to celebrate the start of a public event or the first time a new building, road, etc. is used *the opening of the Olympic Games*

o .pen .ly / 'oupanli / adverb

not secretly; without trying to hide anything *She told me openly that she didn't agree.*

open-minded / oppen mainded / *adjective* ready to consider new ideas and opinions

→ANTONYM narrow-minded

O . pe . ra / 'apra / noun [count, noncount]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{MUSIC}}$) a play where the actors sing most of the words to music

Do you like opera?

We went to see an opera by Verdi.

an opera house (= a building where you can see operas)

op .er .ate December / 'apprent / verb

(op er ates, op er at ing, op er at ed)

1 to work; to make something work

I don't know how this machine operates.

These switches operate the heat.

2 (HEALTH) to cut into someone's body to take out or repair a part inside

Doctors will operate on her leg tomorrow.

Word building

A doctor who **operates** on people in a hospital is called a **surgeon** .

A surgeon's work is called **surgery** .

op .er .a .tion \(\square\) apə rei\(n \) noun [count]

1 (HEALTH) cutting into someone's body to take out or repair a part inside

He had an operation on his eye.

2 an event that needs a lot of people or planning a *military operation*

op .er .a .tor / 'apareitar / noun [count]

1 a person who makes a machine work a machine operator

2 a person who works for a telephone company and helps to connect people making calls

What number do you dial for the operator?

3 a person or company that runs a particular business *a tour operator*

O . pin . ion 🍮 / əˈpɪnyən / noun [count]

what you think about something

In my opinion , she's wrong.

What's your opinion of his work?

He had strong opinions on everything.

→SYNONYM view

o pos sum opossum

/ əˈpɑsəm / noun

[count]

a type of small animal with fur and a long tail that lives in trees



op . po . nent / ə'pounənt / noun [count]

(SPORTS) the person against you in a fight or competition *Flynn beat his opponent easily.*

op . por . tu . ni . ty 😂 / ˌapərˈtunəti / noun

[count, noncount] (plural op por tu ni ties) a chance to do something; a time when you can do something that you want to do

I didn't get the opportunity to visit them.

It was a golden (= perfect) opportunity, and I decided to take it.

op . pose / ə'pouz / verb

(op poses, op posing, op posed)

to try to stop or change something because you do not like it

A lot of people opposed the new law.

op . posed / əˈpoʊzd / adjective

disagreeing strongly with something and trying to stop it *I am opposed to the plan.*

as opposed to

(formal)

words that you use to show that you are talking about one thing, not something different

The flight cost \$400, as opposed to \$200 last year.

Op . po . site 1 [∞] / 'apəzət / adjective, adverb, preposition

SPELLING

Remember! You spell opposite with PP.

1 as different as possible

I can't walk with you, because I'm going in the opposite direction.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ across from where someone or something is; on the other side

The church is on the opposite side of the road from my house.

The bank is opposite the supermarket.

op . po . site 2 5 / 'apezet / noun [count]

a word or thing that is as different as possible from another word or thing

"Hot" is the opposite of "cold."

op . **po** . **si** . **tion** / _apə¹zɪʃn / *noun* [noncount] disagreeing with something and trying to stop it There was a lot of opposition to the plan.

op . press / ə'pres / verb

(op press es, op press ing, op pressed)

(POLITICS) to treat someone in an unfair and cruel way, and not give them the same freedom and rights as other people

► op . pressed / əˈprɛst / adjective an oppressed minority

OPT / apt / verb (opts, opt ing, opt ed) to choose to do something She opted for a career in medicine.

op . ti . cal / 'aptıkl / adjective connected with the sense of sight optical effects

op \cdot **ti** \cdot **cian** $/ \alpha p' t \iota \int n / noun [count]$ a person who makes and sell glasses

→ Look at optometrist.

op . **ti** . **mism** / 'aptəmızəm / *noun* [noncount] the feeling that good things will happen

→ANTONYM pessimism

op . **ti** . **mist** / 'aptemist / *noun* [count] a person who thinks that good things will happen → ANTONYM pessimist

op . ti . mis . tic / ˌaptəˈmɪstɪk / adjective

If you are **optimistic**, you think that good things will happen

I'm optimistic about winning.

→ANTONYM pessimistic

op .tion AWL / 'apsin / noun [count]

a thing that you can choose

You have the option of studying full-time or part-time.

→SYNONYM choice

op . tion . al AWL / 'apsenl / adjective

If something is **optional**, you can choose it or not choose it

All students must learn English, but Spanish is optional.

→ANTONYM compulsory

op . **tom** . **e** . **trist** / ap'tametrist / noun [count] (HEALTH) a person who tests your eyes and tells you which glasses, etc. you need \rightarrow Look at optician.

Or [©]/ ər ; ər / conjunction

1 a word that joins possibilities

Is it blue or green?

Are you coming or not?

You can have soup, salad, or sandwiches.

She hasn't called or written for weeks.

2 if not

Go now, or you'll be late.

→SYNONYM otherwise

o .ral / 'oral / adjective

1 spoken; not written

an oral exam

2 connected with the mouth

oral hygiene

or .ange 1 5 / 'orınd3; 'arınd3 / noun

[count, noncount]

 $\boldsymbol{1}\,$ a round fruit with a color between red and yellow, and a thick skin

orange juice

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **fruit**.

2 a color between red and yellow

or . ange 2 / 'orınd3; 'arınd3 / adjective with a color that is between red and yellow orange paint

or . bit / 'orbet / noun [count, noncount]

($\mbox{\sc PHYSICS}$) the path of a planet or an object that is moving around another thing in space

▶or bit verb (or bits, or bit ing, or bit ed)

to move around something in space *The spacecraft is orbiting the moon.*

or .chard / 'ortsord / noun

[count

a piece of land where fruit trees grow

or .ches .tra / 'orkəstrə / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{MUSIC}}$) a big group of people who play different musical instruments together

Word building

An **orchestra** is made up of four sections.

The **strings** section includes violins and cellos.

The **woodwind** section includes clarinets and flutes.

The **brass** section includes trumpets and trombones.

The **percussion** section includes drums and cymbals.

Or . **deal** / or'dil / *noun* [count , usually singular] a very bad experience

He was lost in the mountains for a week without food or water – it was a terrible ordeal.

or .der 1 2 / 'order / noun

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ [noncount] the way that you place people or things together

The names are in alphabetical order.

List the jobs in order of importance.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ [noncount] when everything is in the right place or everyone is doing the right thing

Our teacher likes order in the classroom.

Are these papers in order?

→ANTONYM disorder

3 [count] words that tell someone to do something *He gave the order for work to begin.*

Soldiers have to obey orders .

4 [count] when you ask a company to send or supply goods to you

I'd like to place an order for some books.

5 [count] when you ask for food or drink in a restaurant, bar, etc.

The waiter took our order.

in order to

so that you can do something

We arrived early in order to buy our tickets.

out of order

(used about a machine, etc.) not working *I couldn't call you – the phone was out of order.*

or .der 2 or .der / verb

(or .ders, or .der .ing, or .dered)

to tell someone that they must do something
 The student was ordered to leave the classroom. to ask a company to send or supply goods to you
 The store didn't have your book, so I ordered it for you. to ask for food or drink in a restaurant, bar, etc.
 I ordered some coffee.

or . di . nal num . ber / 'ordenl namber / noun [count]

(MATH) a number that shows the position of something in a series. "First," "second," "third," and "fourth" are ordinal numbers

→ Look at cardinal (2).

or . di . nar . y Φ / 'ordn,εri / adjective not special or unusual

It's interesting to see how ordinary people live in other countries.

→SYNONYM normal

out of the ordinary

unusual

Did you see anything out of the ordinary?

→SYNONYM strange

Ore / or / noun [count, noncount]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{GEOGRAPHY}}$) rock or earth from which you get metal iron ore

or . qan / 'organ / noun [count]

1 a part of your body that has a special purpose, for example your heart

the body's internal organs

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ ($\mbox{\scriptsize MUSIC}$) a musical instrument, usually in a church, that is played like a piano

or .gan .ic / or'gænık / adjective

1 grown in a natural way, without using chemicals *organic vegetables*

2 (BIOLOGY) containing living things *Improve the soil by adding organic matter*.

►or .gan .i .cal .ly / ɔrˈgænɪkli / adverb organically grown vegetables

or .gan .ism / 'organizam / noun [count]

(BIOLOGY) a living thing, especially a very small one that you can only see with a special instrument (called a microscope)

or .gan .i .za .tion 🍮/ ˌɔrgənəˈzeɪʃn / noun

1 [count] a group of people who work together for a special purpose

He works for an organization that helps old people.

2 [noncount] the activity of planning or arranging something; the way that something is planned or arranged *She's busy with the organization of her daughter's wedding.*

or .gan .ize 🥯 / 'ərgənaiz / verb

(or gan iz es, or gan iz ing, or gan ized)

1 to plan or arrange something

Our teacher organized a visit to the museum.

2 to put or arrange things into a system or order *You need to organize your work more carefully.*

or .gan .ized ³² / 'organaizd / adjective

1 with everything planned or arranged a badly organized trip

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ (used about a person) able to plan your work, life, etc. well

Jenny's such an organized person.

→ANTONYM disorganized

o . ri . ent . ed AWL / 'oriented / adjective for, or interested in, a particular type of person or thing She's very career-oriented. a male-oriented career

or .i .gin / 'ərədʒɪn / noun [count, noncount]

1 the time, way, or place that something first existed *the origins of life on earth*

2 the country, race, culture, etc. that a person comes from *His family is of Italian origin* .

o .rig .i .nal 🔯 / əˈrɪdʒənl / adjective

1 first; earliest

I have the car now, but my sister was the original owner.

2 new and different

His poems are very original.

3 real, not copied *original paintings*

▶o .rig .i .nal noun [count]

This is a copy of the painting — the original is in the Smithsonian.

o .rig .i .nal .ly / əˈrɪdʒənəli / adverb

in the beginning

The school was originally very small.

I'm from Texas originally.

or .na .ment / 'ornamant / noun [count]

a thing that we have because it is beautiful, not because it is useful $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(

glass ornaments

►or ·na ·men ·tal / ¡ornə¹mentl / adjective There is an ornamental pond in the yard.

or . **phan** / 'orfan / *noun* [count] a child whose parents are dead

or .phan .age / 'orfanid3 / noun [count]

a home for children whose parents are dead

os . trich / 'astritʃ / noun [count]

(plural os trich es)

a very big bird from Africa that cannot fly but can run fast because it has long legs $\,$

oth . er 🥯 / ˈʌðər / adjective, pronoun

as well as, or different from the one or ones I have said *Carmen is Mexican, but the other students in my class are Korean.*

I can only find one shoe. Have you seen the other one? I saw her on the other side of the road.

John and Claire arrived at nine o'clock, but the others (= the other people) *were late.*

other than

except for someone or something

I haven't told anyone other than you.

the other day

not many days ago

I saw your brother the other day. \rightarrow SYNONYM recently

oth . er . wise 🥯 / ˈʌðərwaɪz / adverb,

coniunction

1 in all other ways

The house is small, but otherwise it's very nice.

2 in a different way

Most people agreed, but Rachel thought otherwise.

3 if not

Hurry up, otherwise you'll be late.

→SYNONYM or

ot .ter / 'atər / noun [count]

a river animal with brown fur that eats fish

ouch / aut[/ exclamation

You say " **ouch** " when you suddenly feel pain *Ouch! That hurts!*

→SYNONYM ow

ought to D / 'sta : 'st tu / modal verb

1 words that you use to tell or ask someone what is the right thing to do

It's late - you ought to go home.

→SYNONYM should

2 words that you use to say what you think will happen or what you think is true

Tom has worked very hard, so he ought to pass the exam. That movie ought to be good.

→SYNONYM should

Grammar

Can, could, may, might, should, must, will, shall, would, and ought to are modal verbs.

Modal verbs do not have an "s" in the "he/she" form: She can drive. (NOT She cans drive.)

After modal verbs (except ought to), you use the infinitive without "to": I must go now. (NOT I must to

You make questions and negative sentences without "do" or "did": Will you come with me? (NOT Do you will come?); They might not know. (NOT They don't might

OUNCE O/ aons / noun [count] (abbreviation oz.)

1 a measure of weight (= 28.35 grams). There are 16 ounces in a pound

eight ounces of flour

2 another word for fluid ounce a 12-ounce can of cola.

Our 🥯 / ar; 'avər / adjective

belonging to us This is our house.

OUTS 🥯 / arz ; 'avərz / pronoun

something that belongs to us Your car is the same as ours.

our . selves 🍑 / ar'selvz ; avər'selvz / pronoun

1 used when you and another person or other people do an action and are also affected by it

We made ourselves some coffee.

2 a word that makes "we" stronger We built the house ourselves.

by ourselves

1 without help

2 alone; without other people We went on vacation by ourselves.

SUFFIX

-ous

(in adjectives) having a particular quality

danger ous disastr ous

poison ous mysteri ous Out 🥯 / aot / adjective, adverb

1 away from the inside of a place When you go out, please close the door. She opened the box and took out a picture.

→ANTONYM in

2 not at home or not in the place where you work I called Steve but he was out. I went out to the movies last night.

→ ANTONYM in

3 not hidden; that you can see

Look! The sun is out!

All the flowers are out (= open).

4 not burning or shining

The fire went out.

5 in a loud voice

She cried out in pain.

6 (used about a player in a game or sport) not allowed to continue playing

If you get three answers wrong, you're out.

 \rightarrow Look at out of.

out age / 'autid3 / noun

[count]

a time when there is no electricity in a building or an area There was a power outage across the whole city.

out . break / 'aotbreik / noun

[count]

the sudden start of something bad the outbreak of war

out .come AWL / 'autkam / noun

[count]

the result or effect of an action or event What was the outcome of the investigation?

out . door / 'autdor / adjective

happening, existing, or used outside a building an outdoor swimming pool Bring outdoor clothing.

→ANTONYM indoor

out . doors / ,aut'dorz / adverb

not in a building

In summer we sometimes eat outdoors.

→SYNONYM outside

→ANTONYM indoors

out .er / 'auter / adjective

on the outside: far from the center

Remove the outer leaves from the cabbage.

the outer suburbs of the city

→ANTONYM inner

out .er space / autor speis / noun [noncount] = **space** (3)

out . field / 'aotfild / noun [singular]

(SPORTS) the part of a baseball field that is farthest away from where the ball is being hit

 \rightarrow Look at infield.

Out . fit / 'aotfit / noun [count]

a set of clothes that you wear together I bought a new outfit for the party.

out .go .ing / aut'goom / adjective

friendly and interested in other people and new experiences

out .grow / aut'grou / verb

(out \cdot grows , out \cdot grow \cdot ing , out \cdot grew / ${}_{|}a\upsilon t'gru$ /

has out .grown / _aut'groun /)

to become too big or too old for something *She's outgrown her school uniform again.*

→SYNONYM grow out of

out .ing / 'aotin / noun [count]

a short trip for pleasure

Mrs. Sharp's class is going on an outing to the zoo.

→SYNONYM trip

out . law 1 / 'autlo / verb

(out laws, out law ing, out lawed)

to make something illegal

The government has outlawed the use of cell phones while driving.

out . law 2 / 'autlo / noun [count]

(especially in the past) a person who has done something illegal and is hiding from the police

out . let / 'autlet / noun

[count

a place on a wall where you can connect electrical equipment to a power supply

Is there an outlet in here so I can plug in my phone?

out . line / 'autlain / noun [count]

1 a line that shows the shape or edge of something

It was dark, but we could see the dim outline of the castle.

2 a description of the most important facts or ideas about something

a brief outline of the events

Out . look / 'autluk / noun [count]

1 the way you think or feel about life and the world

I try to keep a positive outlook on life.

2 what will probably happen

The outlook for the economy is not good.

out of 2 / 'autəv / preposition

1 words that show where from

She took a cake out of the box.

She got out of bed.

→ANTONYM into

2 not in

Fish can't live out of water.

3 using something; from

He made a table out of some old pieces of wood.

4 from a number or set

Nine out of ten people think that the government is right.

5 without

We're out of coffee.

She's been out of work for six months.

6 because of a particular feeling

I was just asking out of curiosity.

out of date / aut av 'deit / adjective

old; not useful, wanted, or allowed now

This map is out of date.

 \rightarrow Look at up to date.

out .put AWL / 'aotpot / noun

[count, noncount]

the amount of things that someone or something has made or done

What was the factory's output last year?

out .ra .geous / aut'reidges / adjective

that shocks you or makes you feel very angry *His behavior was outrageous.*

out . set / 'autset / noun

at or from the outset

at or from the beginning of something

People were unhappy with the new law from the outset.

out . side 1 2 / 'autsaid; aut'said / noun

[count, usually singular]

the part of something that is away from the middle *the outside of the package*

We've only seen the building from the outside.

→ANTONYM inside

out . side 2 \odots / 'autsaid / adjective

away from the middle of something the outside walls of the house

Could you turn on the outside lights, please?

→ANTONYM inside

out . side 3 0 / 'autsaid; aut'said / preposition,

adverb

in or to a place that is not inside a building

I left my bicycle outside the store. Come outside and see the garden!

→ANTONYM inside

out .skirts / 'autskerts / noun [plural]

the edges of a town or city

They live on the outskirts of town.

out .spo .ken / aut'spouken / adjective

saying exactly what you think or feel

Linda is very outspoken in her criticism.

out . stand . ing / aut'stændin / adjective

very good; much better than others

Her work is outstanding.

→SYNONYM excellent

out . ward 1 / 'autward / adjective

1 connected with the way things seem to be

Despite her cheerful outward appearance, she was in fact very unhappy.

2 traveling away from a place that you will return to later *There were no delays on the outward flight.*

out . ward 2 / 'autward / (also out . wards /

'aotwərdz /) adverb

toward the outside

The windows open outward.

→ANTONYM inward

O . Val / 'oovl / adjective

(MATH) with a shape like an egg an oval mirror

▶o .val noun [count]

Draw an oval.

OV . en 🥯 / 'Avən / noun [count]

a piece of equipment with a door that you use to cook food in

Take the bread out of the oven.

O. Ver 1 / ouver / adverb, preposition

1 above something; higher than something *A plane flew over our heads.*

There is a picture over the fireplace.

2 on someone or something so that it covers them *She put a blanket over the sleeping child.*

3 across; to the other side of something

The dog jumped over the wall.

4 to or in a place

Come over and see us on Saturday.

Come over here!

Go over there and see if you can help.

5 down or to the side

I fell over in the street.

He leaned over to speak to her.

6 so that the other side is on top

You may turn your papers over and begin.

7 more than a number, price, etc.

She lived in Spain for over 20 years.

This game is for children aged ten and over.

8 used for saying that someone repeats something *He said the same thing over and over* (= many times).

You'll have to start all over again (= from the beginning).

9 not used; remaining

There is a lot of cake left over from the party.

all over

everywhere; in every part

Have you seen my glasses? I've looked all over.

She travels all over the world.

O . Ver 2 / 'oover / adjective

finished

The exams are over now.

PREFIX

over-

1 more than is good; too much

over cook

over sleep

over optimistic

over weight

2 on the outside; extra

over coat

over time

O . Ver . all AWL / oover'el / adjective

including everything

The overall cost of the repairs will be about \$350.

→SYNONYM total

▶o .ver .all adverb

How much will it cost overall?

O . Ver . alls / 'ooveralz / noun [plural]

pants with an extra part that covers your chest, held up by a piece of cloth over each shoulder

o . ver . board / 'ouverbord / adverb

over the side of a boat and into the water *She fell overboard.*

O . Ver . Cast / 'ouverkæst / adjective (used about the sky) covered with clouds

o .ver .charge / ovver tfard3 / verb

(o ver charg es, o ver charg ing,

o .ver .charged)

to ask someone to pay too much money for something *The taxi driver overcharged me.*

O . Ver . coat / 'ouverkout / noun

[count]

a long warm coat

Although it was a hot day, he was wearing an overcoat.

→ Look at the picture at clothes .

O . ver . come / .oover'kam / verb

(o ${\scriptstyle \cdot}$ ver ${\scriptstyle \cdot}$ comes , o ${\scriptstyle \cdot}$ ver ${\scriptstyle \cdot}$ com ${\scriptstyle \cdot}$ ing , o ${\scriptstyle \cdot}$ ver ${\scriptstyle \cdot}$ came

/ oover keim / has o ver come)

to find an answer to a difficult thing in your life; to control something

He overcame his fear of flying.

o . ver . crowd . ed / ouver krauded /

adjective

too full of people

The trains are overcrowded on Friday evenings.

O. Ver. do / ouver du / verb (o. ver. does

/ ouver'daz / o ver did / ouver'did / o ver do ing ,

has o .ver .done / .ovvər dAn /)

to use or do too much of something

You should get a little exercise, but don't overdo it.

O . Ver . dose / 'ouverdous / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{HEALTH}}$) an amount of a drug or medicine that is too large and so is not safe

He died of a drug overdose.

o .ver .due / oover'du / adjective

not done by the expected time

We had no money and the rent was overdue.

→SYNONYM late

O . Ver . es . ti . mate AWL / over es . ti . mat . ing ,

o ver es ti mat ed)

to think that someone or something is bigger, better, more important, etc. than they really are

I overestimated how far we could get in a day.

→ANTONYM underestimate

O . Ver . flow / ouver'flou / verb

(o ${}_{^{\circ}}\text{ver} \cdot \text{flows}$, o ${}_{^{\circ}}\text{ver} \cdot \text{flow} \cdot \text{ing}$, o ${}_{^{\circ}}\text{ver} \cdot \text{flowed}$)

to be so full that there is no space

Someone left the faucet on and the bathtub overflowed.

O . Ver . grown / ouver grown / adjective

covered with plants that have grown too big

The house was empty and the yard was overgrown.

O . ver . head / 'ouverhed / adjective

above your head

an overhead light

▶o .ver .head / ,oover hed / adverb

A plane flew overhead.

o .ver .hear / oover'hir / verb

(o . ver . hears , o . ver . hear . ing , o . ver . heard / $_{|ouver'herd}$)

to hear what someone is saying when they are speaking to another person

I overheard Louise saying that she was unhappy.

O . Ver . lap AWL / ouver læp / verb

(o ver laps, o ver lap ping, o ver lapped)

When two things **overlap**, part of one thing covers part of the other thing

The tiles on the roof overlap.

o . **ver** . **look** / .oover'lok / *verb* (o . ver . looks ,

o ver look ing , o ver looked)

1 to not see or notice something

He overlooked one important fact.

2 to have a view over something *My room overlooks the ocean.*

o . ver . night / .oover nait / adjective, adverb for or during the night

an overnight trip

They stayed at our house overnight.

O . Ver . pass / 'ouverpæs / noun [count]

(plural o .ver .pass .es)

a bridge that carries a road over other roads

→ Look at underpass.

o ver seas AWL / oover'siz / adjective,

in, to, or from another country across the ocean She travels overseas a lot.

Much of the company's business comes from overseas

o.ver.sleep/oover'slip/verb

(o ver sleeps, o ver sleep ing, o ver slept / oovər'slept /)

to sleep too long and not wake up at the right time I overslept and was late for work.

o .ver .throw / 'ουνοι'θιου / verb

(o ver throws, o ver throwing, o ver threw

/ $|ouver'\theta ru|$ / $|ouver'\theta roun|$ / $|ouver'\theta roun|$ / $|ouver'\theta roun|$

(POLITICS) to remove a leader or government from power, by using force

The dictator was overthrown in a military coup.

O . ver . time / 'ouvertaim / noun

[noncount]

1 extra time that you spend at work

I have done a lot of overtime this week.

2 (SPORTS) extra time that is added to the end of a sports game if there is no winner at the end of the normal period The game went into overtime.

o .ver .weight / oover weit / adjective

too heavy or fat

The doctor said I was overweight and that I should eat less.

→ANTONYM underweight

Thesaurus

fat is a general word to describe a person who has a large round body, but it is not polite to say to someone that they are fat: Do I look fat in this dress?

♦ I'm getting fat!

overweight is a little more polite, and is also a word used by doctors or health professionals: She's a little overweight. • He's only a few pounds overweight.

heavy is often used when you want to be polite: Donna's gotten a little heavier since the last time I saw her.

obese means very fat, in a way that is not healthy. This word is often used by doctors and health professionals, but is also used in a general way to mean "very fat": Obese patients are given advice on healthy eating.

o ver whelm ing / ουνονίνει min /

adjective

very great or strong

an overwhelming feeling of loneliness

OW / au / exclamation

You say " ow " when you suddenly feel pain Ow! You're standing on my foot.

→SYNONYM ouch

OWE / ov / verb (owes, ow ing, owed)

PRONUNCIATION

The word owe sounds like go .

1 to have to pay money to someone

I lent you \$10 last week and \$10 the week before, so you owe me \$20.

2 to have something because of a particular person or thing He owes his life to the man who pulled him out of the river. She owes her success to hard work.

OWI / avl / noun [count]

a bird that flies at night and eats small animals



OWN 1 Son / adjective, pronoun

PRONUNCIATION

The word own sounds like bone.

a word that shows that something belongs to a particular

Is that your own camera or did you borrow it? I have my own room now that my sister has left home.

I want a home of my own.

Grammar

Be careful! You cannot use own after "a" or "the." You cannot say: I would like an own room. You say: I would like my own room or: I would like a room of my

on your own

1 alone

She lives on her own.

2 without help

I can't move this box on my own – can you help me?

OWN 2 2 / oon / verb (owns, own ing, owned) to have something that is yours

We don't own our apartment - we rent it.

I don't own a car.

own up to say that you have done something wrong No one owned up to breaking the window.

own .er 🥯 / 'ooner / noun

[count]

a person who has something that belongs to them Who is the owner of that red car?

OX / aks / noun [count] (plural ox en / aksn /) a large male cow that is used for pulling or carrying heavy things

OX . ide / 'aksaid / noun

[count, noncount]

(CHEMISTRY) a combination of oxygen and another substance

iron oxide

OX · y · gen / 'aksidzən / noun [noncount]

(symbol O)

(CHEMISTRY) a gas in the air. Animals and plants need **oxygen** to live.

oys .ter / 'bister / noun [count]

a small animal with a shell, which lives in the ocean. You can eat some types of **oyster**, and others produce shiny white things used to make jewelry (called **pearls**).

→ Look at the picture at shellfish.

OZ. abbreviation of **ounce**

O . ZONE / 'ouzoun / noun [noncount]

(CHEMISTRY) a poisonous gas that is a form of oxygen

O . zone-friend . ly / ouzoun 'frendli / adjective

(used about cleaning products, etc.) not containing chemicals that could harm the **ozone layer**Most aerosol sprays are now ozone-friendly.

the o .zone lay .er / ði 'ouzoun ,leiər / noun [singular]

the layer of **ozone** high above the surface of the earth, which helps to protect the earth from the bad effects of the sun



P, p / pi / noun [count, noncount]

1 (plural **P's,** p's / piz /) the sixteenth letter of the English alphabet

"Pencil" begins with a "P."

2 p. abbreviation of page

pace 1 / peis / noun

1 [singular] how fast you do something or how fast something happens

We started at a steady pace.

2 [count] a step

Take two paces forward.

keep pace with someone $\ensuremath{\mathrm{or}}$ something

to go as fast as someone or something

She couldn't keep pace with the other runners.

pace 2 / peis / verb

to walk around in a nervous or angry way She paced up and down the sidewalk.

pac i ifi er

/ 'pæsəfarər / noun

[count]

a small, rubber object that you put in a baby's mouth to stop it from crying





pack 1 2 / pæk / noun [count]

1 a package or group of things that are sold together a pack of cigarettes

2 a number of things that are wrapped or tied together *The donkey had a heavy pack on its back.* an ice pack

3 a group of wild dogs or similar animals a pack of wolves

pack 2 pæk / verb (packs, pack ling, packed)

1 to put things into a bag, box, etc. before you go somewhere

Have you packed your suitcase?

Don't forget to pack your toothbrush.

2 to put things into a box, bag, etc.

Pack all these books into boxes.

→ANTONYM unpack

pack up to stop doing something

At two o'clock we packed up and went home.

▶ pack . ing / 'pækıŋ / noun [noncount]

I haven't done my packing and we're leaving tonight.

pack .age 🥯

/ 'pækıdʒ / noun

[count]

1 something in a box, a bag, or wrapped in paper that is sent by mail

I went to the post office to mail a package.

2 a box, bag, etc. in which things are packed to be sold in a store

a package of hamburger buns

package



→ Look at the picture at **container** .

▶pack .age verb

(pack ag es , pack ag ing , pack aged) packaged food

pack .ag .ing / 'pækɪdʒɪŋ / noun [noncount] material like paper, plastic, etc. that is used to wrap things that you buy or that you send

packed / pækt / adjective

full

The train was packed.

pack .et / 'pækət / noun [count]

a small flat bag that contains a small amount of something a packet of sunflower seeds

pact / pækt / noun [count]

an important agreement to do something *They made a pact not to tell anyone.*

pad / pæd / noun

[count]

1 a thick flat piece of soft material

Football players wear pads on their shoulders to protect them.

I used a cotton pad to clean the cut.

2 pieces of paper that are joined together at one end a writing pad

pad . ded / 'pædad / adjective

covered with or containing a layer of thick soft material a padded envelope

pad .dle / 'pædl / noun

[count]

a piece of wood with a flat end, which you use for moving a small boat through water

→ Look at the picture at canoe.

▶ pad · dle *verb* (pad · dles , pad · dling , pad · dled) to move a small boat through water with a **paddle** We paddled up the river.

pad . lock / 'pædlak /

noun [count]

a lock that you use on things like gates and bicycles



padlock

one or both sides of a piece of paper in a book, magazine, or newspaper

Please turn to page 120. What page is the story on? I'm reading a 600-page novel.

paid

form of pay 1

pain 🚳 / pein / noun

1 [count, noncount] the feeling that you have in your body when you are hurt or sick

I have a pain in my leg. He's in terrible pain .

2 [noncount] unhappiness *I could see the pain in her eyes.*

be a pain or a pain in the neck

(informal)

a person, thing, or situation that bothers you or makes you angry

She can be a real pain when she's in a bad mood.

pain . ful 🥯 / 'pemfl / adjective

1 giving pain

I cut my leg – it's very painful.

→ANTONYM painless

2 making you feel upset or embarrassed *Their divorce was painful for the kids.*

▶pain .ful .ly / 'peinfl•i / adverb

pain .kill .er / 'peinkiler / noun [count]
(HEALTH) a drug that makes pain less strong

She's on painkillers.

pain less / pemles / adjective

not causing pain a painless injection

→ANTONYM painful

pains . tak . ing / 'peinzteikin / adjective very careful and taking a long time a painstaking search of the area

paint 1 2 / peint / noun [noncount]

(ART) a liquid that you put on things with a brush, to change the color or to make a picture red paint

Is the paint dry yet?

paint 2 / peint / verb (paints, paint ing, paint ed)

1 to put paint on something to change the color *We painted the walls gray.*

 $\boldsymbol{2}\,$ (ART) to make a picture of someone or something using paint

I'm painting a picture of some flowers.

My sister paints very well.

paint .brush / 'pemtbraf/ noun [count]

(plural paint .brush .es)

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{ART}}$) a brush that you use for painting

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **brush**.

1 a person whose job is to paint things like walls or houses

2 (ART) a person who paints pictures *Picasso was a famous painter.*

→SYNONYM artist

paint ing 💁/ ˈpeɪntɪŋ / noun

[count]

(ART) a picture that someone makes with paint a painting by Norman Rockwell He did a painting of the bridge.

pair 🥯 / per / noun [count]

1 two things of the same kind that you use together a pair of shoes

a new pair of earrings

2 a thing with two parts that are joined together a pair of glasses

a pair of scissors

I bought two pairs of pants.

3 two people or animals together

a pair of ducks

→ Look at couple.

in pairs

with two things or people together Shoes are only sold in pairs. The students were working in pairs.

pa .ja .mas / pəˈdʒæməz / noun [plural] a loose jacket and pants that you wear in bed

pal / pæl / noun [count] (informal) a friend

pal . ace / 'pæles / noun [count] a very large house where a king or queen lives

pal .ate / 'pælət / noun [count] the top part of the inside of your mouth

pale 🍮 / peil / adjective (pal er, pal est)

1 with not much color in your face Are you sick? You look pale. She has very pale skin.

→SYNONYM white

2 with a light color; not strong or dark *a pale blue dress*

→SYNONYM light

→ANTONYM dark

palm / pam / noun [count]

1 the flat part of the front of your hand

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **hand**.

2 (also palm tree / 'pam tri /) a tree that grows in hot countries, with no branches and a lot of big leaves at the top a coconut palm

pam . phlet / 'pæmflet / noun [count]

a very thin book with a paper cover that gives information about something

pan 🔯 / pæn / noun [count]

a metal container that you use for cooking a frying pan

a saucepan

pan .cake / 'pænkeik / noun [count]

a very thin round thing that you eat. You make **pancakes** with flour, eggs, and milk

I had blueberry pancakes for breakfast.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at waffle.

pan da

/ 'pændə / noun

[count]

a large black and white animal that lives in China



pane / pem / noun [count]

a piece of glass in a window a windowpane

pan .el AWL / 'pænl / noun [count]

1 a group of people who give their opinions about something or discuss something

Do you have any questions for our panel?

a panel of judges

2 a flat piece of wood, metal, or glass that is part of a door, wall, or ceiling

 $\boldsymbol{3}$ a flat part on a machine, where there are things to help you control it

the airplane's control panel

pang / pæŋ / noun [count]

a sudden strong and painful feeling

hunger pangs

a pang of jealousy

pan .ic / 'pænık / noun [count]

a sudden feeling of fear that you cannot control and that makes you do things without thinking carefully

There was panic in the store when the fire started.

▶ pan ic verb (pan ics, pan ick ing, pan icked)

Don't panic!

pan · i · cky / ˈpænɪki / adjective

(informal)

very worried about something; feeling or showing panic

pan . ic-strick . en / 'pænık ,strıkən / adiective

very afraid, in a way that stops you from thinking clearly *Panic-stricken shoppers fled from the scene.*

pant / pænt / verb (pants, pant ing, pant ed) to take in and let out air quickly through your mouth, for example after running or because you are very hot The dog was panting.

pan . ther / 'pænθər /

noun [count]

a wild animal like a big cat with black fur

panther



pant . ies / 'pæntiz / noun [plural]

a piece of underwear for women that covers the lower part of the body but not the legs

a pair of panties

pan .try / 'pæntri / noun [count]

(plural pan tries)

a small room where you can keep food

pants 2 / pænts / noun [plural]

a piece of clothing for your legs and the lower part of your body

Your pants are on the chair.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at clothes.

Grammar

Be careful! **Pants** is a plural noun so you cannot say "a pants."

You can say a pair of pants or some pants: I bought a new pair of pants. • I bought some new pants.

pant . y . hose / 'pæntihouz /

(also ny lons / 'narlanz/) noun [plural]

a piece of very thin clothing that a woman wears over her feet and legs

a pair of pantyhose

pa . per 🔯 / 'peipər / noun

1 [noncount] thin material for writing or drawing on, or for wrapping things in

a sheet of paper

a paper bag

2 [count] a newspaper

Have you seen today's paper?

3 papers [plural] important pieces of paper with writing on them

Her desk was piled high with papers.

4 [count] a piece of writing that you do for class on a particular subject

We have to write a ten-page history paper.

pa . per . back / 'perpərbæk / noun

[count, noncount]

a book with a paper cover

This novel is also available in paperback.

→Look at hardback.

pa . per clip / 'peiper klip / noun [count] a small metal object that you use for holding pieces of paper together

→ Look at the picture at stationery.

pa .per .work / 'perperwerk / noun [noncount] the written work that you have to do as part of your job or to get something done

Teachers have far too much paperwork.

par .a .chute / 'pærəfut / noun [count]

a thing that you have on your back when you jump out of an airplane and that opens, so that you fall to the ground

pa . rade / pəˈreɪd / noun [count]

a line of people who are walking together for a special reason, while other people watch them our town's Fourth of July parade

par .a .dise / 'pærədais / noun

1 [noncount] (RELIGION) the place where some people think good people go after they die

→SYNONYM heaven

2 [count] a place that is very beautiful and seems perfect a tropical island paradise

par · a · dox / 'pærədaks / noun [count] (plural par .a .dox .es)

something that has two or more parts that seem strange or impossible together

"A deafening silence" is a paradox.

par .a .graph AWL / 'pærəgræf / noun [count] (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a group of sentences. A paragraph always begins on a new line.

par . al . lel AWL / 'pærəlɛl / adjective, adverb (MATH) Parallel lines are straight lines that are always the same distance from each other

The train tracks run parallel to the road.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at line.

par . al . lel . o . gram / pærəˈleləgræm / noun [count]

(MATH) a flat shape with four straight sides. The opposite sides are parallel and equal to each other.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at shape.

pa . ral . y . sis / pəˈræləsəs / noun [noncount] (HEALTH) not being able to move or feel your body, or a part of it

The disease can cause paralysis.

par .a . lyze / 'pærəlaız / verb

(par .a .lyz .ing , par .a .lyz .es , par .a .lyzed)

(HEALTH) to make a person unable to move all or part of their body

The injury paralyzed her legs.

▶ par . a . lyzed / 'pærəlaizd / adjective

After the accident, she was paralyzed from the waist

par · a · med · ic / pærəˈmɛdɪk / noun [count] (HEALTH) a person who is not a doctor or a nurse, but who

takes care of people who are hurt or sick until they get to a hospital

pa . ram . e . ter AWL / pa ræmatar / noun [count](formal)

a rule or limit that controls the way in which something can be done

We had to work within the parameters set by the committee.

par . a . noid / 'pærənoid / adjective

If you are paranoid, you believe that other people are trying to harm you or are saying bad things about you.

▶ par · a · noi · a / ˌpærə¹nɔɪə / noun [noncount] a feeling of paranoia

par . a . phrase / 'pærəfreiz / verb

(par a phras es, par a phras ing, par a phrased) (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) to say something again using different words so that it easier to understand Paraphrase the author's main arguments.

par . a . site / 'pærəsait / noun [count]

(BIOLOGY) a plant or animal that lives on another plant or animal and gets food from it

Some parasites cause disease.

par .cel / 'parsl / noun [count]

something in a box, bag, or wrapped in paper that is sent by

→SYNONYM package

par .don 1 / 'pardn / noun [count, noncount]

(POLITICS) an official decision not to punish someone for something bad they have done

I beg your pardon

(formal)

1 words that you say to mean "I am sorry"

I beg your pardon, I didn't mean to step on your foot.

2 words that you use to ask someone to say something again because you did not hear

I beg your pardon, could you say that again?

par . don 2 / 'pardn / verb

(par dons, par don ing, par doned) (formal)

to officially decide not to punish someone for something bad that they have done

Two hundred prisoners were pardoned by the president.

→SYNONYM forgive

pardon me

1 (also pardon) a polite way of asking someone to repeat what they just said

"You're very quiet." "Pardon me?" "I said, you're very

2 a polite way of saying you are sorry Pardon me, I didn't see you standing there.

par .ent 9 / 'perent / noun [count]

a mother or father

Her parents live in Massachusetts.

▶pa .ren .tal / pəˈrɛntl / adjective parental support

pa . ren . the . ses / pəˈrɛnθəsiz / noun [plural] (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a pair of marks, (), that you put around extra information in a piece of writing Irregular plurals are given in parentheses .

par .ent .hood / 'perenthod / noun [noncount] being a parent

par . ish / 'pærɪʃ / noun [count]

(plural par .ish .es)

an area that has its own church and priest

park 1 9 / park / noun [count]

a place with grass and trees, where anyone can go to walk, play games, or relax We had a picnic in the park .

Central Park \rightarrow Look at national park.

park 2 park / verb (parks, park ling, parked)

to stop and leave a vehicle somewhere for a time You can't park on this street.

My car is parked across from the bank.

▶ park ing / 'parkin / noun [noncount]

The sign says "No Parking." I can't find a parking space.

par .ka / 'parkə / noun

[count]

a warm jacket or coat with a part that you pull up to cover your head (called a ${f hood}$)

a ski parka

park .ing lot / 'parkin lat / noun [count] an area or a building where you can leave your car for a

park . ing me . ter / 'parkıŋ ˌmitər / noun [count]

a machine beside the road that you put money into when you park your car next to it

park . ing tick . et / 'parkin, tiket / noun [count]

a piece of paper that orders you to pay money (called a ${\bf fine}$) for parking your car where it is not allowed

park .way / 'parkwei / noun [count]

a wide street with trees and grass along the sides or middle *Rock Creek Parkway*

The short way of writing "Parkway" in street names is **Pkwy.**

par .lia .ment / 'parlement / noun [count] (POLITICS) the people that make the laws in some countries the Canadian parliament

par . lor / 'parler / noun [count]

a store that sells a particular type of goods or services an ice cream parlor a beauty parlor

pa · ro · chi · al school / pəˈrookiəl ˌskul /

a school that is connected with or run by a church

par . O . dy / 'pærədi / noun [count, noncount]
(plural par . o . dies)

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a performance or a piece of writing, music, etc. that copies the style of someone or something in a funny way a parody of disaster movies

pa .role / pəˈroʊl / noun

[noncount]

permission that is given to a prisoner to leave prison early if he or she behaves well

He is being released on parole.

par . rot / 'pæret / noun
[count]

a bird with very bright feathers that can copy what people say

parrot



pars . ley / 'parsli / noun [noncount]

a type of plant (called an **herb**) with small green leaves, which you use in cooking or for decorating food

part 1 0 / part / noun [count]

1 some, but not all of something; one of the pieces of something

We spent part of the day on the beach.

Which part of New Jersey do you come from?

2 a piece of a machine

Is there a store near here that sells bicycle parts?

3 the person you are in a play or movie *He played the part of Romeo.*

4 a line in your hair that you make by brushing it in different directions using a plastic or metal thing (called a **comb**)

He has a side part.

take part in something

to do something together with other people *All the students took part in the concert.*

part 2 / part / verb (parts , part ing , part ied)

1 to go away from each other We parted at the airport.

2 to move apart, or to make things or people move apart *She parted her lips but said nothing.*

3 to make a line in your hair by brushing it in different directions using a plastic or metal thing (called a **comb**) Do you part your hair on the left or right side?

part with something to give something to someone else, especially something that you would prefer to keep Read the contract very carefully before you part with any money.

part 3 / part / adverb

not completely one thing and not completely another *She's part French and part Chinese.*

par . tial / 'parsl / adjective

not complete

The evening was only a partial success.

▶par .tial .ly / 'par∫əli / adverb

The road was partially blocked by a fallen tree.

→SYNONYM partly

par . tic . i . pant AWL / par'tisəpənt / noun

a person who does something together with other people *All participants in the event will receive a certificate.*

par .tic .i .pate AWL / par tisəpent / verb (par .tic .i .pates , par .tic .i .pat .ing , par .tic .i .pat .ed)

(formal)

to do something together with other people *Ten countries participated in the discussions.*

→SYNONYM take part

►par · tic · i · pa · tion AWL / par tisə pet∫n / noun [noncount]

Your participation is greatly appreciated.

par .ti .ci .ple / 'partəsipl / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a form of a verb

The present participle of "eat" is "eating" and the past participle is "eaten."

par .ti .cle / 'partikl / noun [count] a very small piece of something particles of dust

par . tic . u . lar 🔯 / pərˈtɪkyələr / adjective

1 one only, and not any other

You need a particular kind of flour to make bread.

2 more than usual

The road is very icy, so take particular care when you are driving.

→SYNONYM special

 ${\bf 3} \ \ {\rm If} \ {\rm you} \ {\rm are} \ {\bf particular}$, you want something to be exactly right

He's very particular about the food he eats.

in particular

more than others

Is there anything in particular you want to do this weekend?

→SYNONYM especially

par .tic .u .lar .ly 2 / pərˈtɪkyələrli / adverb

more than usual, or more than others

I'm particularly interested in U.S. history.

I don't particularly like fish.

→SYNONYM especially

par ties

plural of party

par .ti .tion / par'tɪʃn / noun [count]

something that separates one part of a room from another a glass partition

part . ly 🥯 / 'partli / adverb

not completely, but in some way

The window was partly open.

The accident was partly my fault.

part . ner S AWL / 'partner / noun [count]

1 your husband, wife, boyfriend, or girlfriend

2 (BUSINESS) one of the people who owns a business *Tom and I are business partners.*

3 a person you are dancing with, or playing a game with

part .ner .ship AWL / 'partnerfip / noun

[count, noncount]

being partners

The two sisters went into partnership and opened a store.

part of speech / part ev 'spitʃ / noun [count] (plural parts of speech)

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) one of the groups that words are divided into, for example "noun," "verb," "adjective," etc.

part-time / part taim / adjective, adverb

for only a part of the day or week

I have a a part-time job as a salesclerk.

My mom works part-time.

 \rightarrow Look at full-time.

par . ty 🥯 / ˈparti̞ / noun [count]

(plural par ties)

1 a time when friends meet, usually in someone's home, to eat, drink, and enjoy themselves

We're having a party this Saturday. Can you come? a birthday party

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ (POLITICS) a group of people who have the same ideas about politics

He's a member of the Democratic Party.

Culture

There are two main **political parties** in the United States.

These are the **Republican Party** and the **Democratic Party** .

3 a group of people who are traveling or working together a party of tourists

pass 1 © / pæs / verb

(pass .es , pass .ing , passed)

1 to go by someone or something *She passed me in the street.*

Do you pass any stores on your way to the station?

2 to go or move in a particular direction

A plane passed overhead.

The train passes through our town on its way to Boston.

3 to give something to someone *Could you pass me the salt, please?*

4 (SPORTS) to kick, hit, or throw the ball to someone on your team

5 If time passes, it goes by

A week passed before his letter arrived.

6 to spend time

How did you pass the time in the hospital?

7 to do well enough on an examination or test

Did you pass your driving test?

→ANTONYM fail

8 to officially approve a law by voting *Congress is expected to pass the law.*

pass away to die

The old man passed away in his sleep.

pass something on to give or tell something to another person

Will you pass on a message to Michael for me?

pass out to suddenly become unconscious

→SYNONYM faint

pass 2 / pæs / noun [count] (plural pass es)

1 (SPORTS) kicking, throwing, or hitting a ball to someone in a game

2 a special piece of paper or card that says you can go somewhere or do something

You need a pass to get into the factory.

3 a road or way through mountains

The pass was blocked by snow.

pas . sage O / 'pæsid3 / noun [count]

1 a narrow way, for example between two buildings

2 (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a short part of a book, a speech, or a piece of music

We studied a passage from the story for homework.

The plane was carrying 200 passengers.

pass . er . by / pæsər'bar / noun [count]

(plural pas sers by / pæsərzbai/)

a person who is walking past you in the street

I asked a passerby where the Science Museum was.

pas . sion / 'pæʃn / noun

not driving or flying it

1 [count, noncount] a very strong feeling, usually of love, but sometimes of anger or hate

2 [singular] a strong feeling of liking something very much or being very interested in it *He has a passion for baseball.*

pas sion ate / 'pæsn•ət / adjective

having or showing very strong feelings a passionate kiss

▶pas . sion . ate . ly / 'pæ∫n•atli / adverb

pas . Sive 1 AWL / 'pæsiv / adjective

1 accepting what happens or what others do without trying to change things

He remained passive though all our group meetings.

 ${f 2}$ (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) (used about a verb or a sentence) when the person or thing doing the action is the not the subject of the verb

In the sentence "He was bitten by the dog," the verb is passive.

→ANTONYM active

pas . sive 2 AWL / 'pæsıv / noun [singular]

(<code>ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS</code>) the form of a verb used when the action is done by another person or thing, not by the subject of the verb $\,$

In the sentence "The car was stolen," the verb is in the passive.

→ Look at active.

pass . port o/pasport / noun [count]

a small book with your name and photograph in it. You must take it with you when you travel to other countries.

pass . word / 'pæswerd / noun [count]

a secret word that allows you to go into a place or start using a computer or a computer system *Never tell anyone your password.*

past 1 0 / pæst / noun

1 the past [singular] the time before now, and the things that happened then

We learn about the past in history classes. In the past, many people had large families.

→ANTONYM future

2 [count] a person's life before now

May I ask you a few questions about your past?

3 the past [singular] (<code>ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS</code>) = the past tense

past 2 [©] / pæst / preposition, adverb

1 from one side to the other of someone or something; on the other side of someone or something

Go past the theater, then turn left.

The bus went past without stopping.

2 a word that shows how many minutes after the hour *It's two minutes past four.*

It's half past seven.

past 3 ²² / pæst / adjective

1 connected with the time that has gone

We will forget your past mistakes.

2 just before now

He's been sick for the past week.

→SYNONYM last

pas . ta / 'pastə / noun [noncount]

an Italian food that is made from flour and water, which comes in many different shapes pasta with tomato sauce

paste 1 / peist / noun [count, noncount]

a soft wet substance, usually made from powder and liquid, and sometimes used for sticking paper to things Mix the flour with milk to make a paste. wallpaper paste

paste 2 / perst / verb

(pastes, past ing, past ed)

1 to stick something to another thing using **paste** *Paste the picture into your books.*

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ ($\boldsymbol{COMPUTERS}$) to copy or move writing or pictures into a computer document from somewhere else

You can cut and paste the tables into your essay.

pas . tel / pæˈstɛl / adjective

(used about colors) pale, not strong

My daughter wants to paint her room a pastel pink.

pas . time / 'pæstaim / noun

[count]

something that you like doing when you are not working *Painting is her favorite pastime.*

→SYNONYM hobby

past par . ti . ci . ple / pæst partesipl / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) the form of a verb that in English is used with "have" to make a tense (called the perfect tense)

"Broken" is the past participle of "break."

the past per . fect / ðə ˌpæst 'pərfikt / noun [singular]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) the form of a verb that describes an action that was finished before another thing happened *The play had already started when we got there.*

pas .try / 'peɪstri / noun (plural pas .tries)

1 [noncount] a mixture of flour, butter, and water that is rolled flat and used for making a special type of food (called a **pie**)

2 [count] a small cake made with pastry

the past tense/ ðə pæst 'tens / (also the past)

noun [singular]

(<code>ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS</code>) the form of a verb that you use to talk about the time before now

The past tense of "sing" is "sang."

 \rightarrow Look at future 1 (2), present 2 (3).

pas . ture / 'pæstfər / noun

[count, noncount]

a field or piece of land with grass where farm animals can eat $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$

pat / pæt / verb (pats , pat . ting , pat . ted)

to touch someone or something lightly with your hand flat *She patted the dog on the head.*

▶pat noun [count]

He gave me a pat on the shoulder.

patch / pætʃ / noun [count] (plural patch .es)

1 a small piece of something that is not the same as the other parts

a black cat with a white patch on its back

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ a piece of cloth that you use to cover a hole in things like clothes

I sewed a patch on my jeans.

pat .ent / 'pætnt / noun [count]

($\mbox{\it BUSINESS}$) the official right to be the only person or company to make or sell a product

The company has the patent for the new software.

pa . ter . nal / pa ternl / adjective

1 behaving like a father, or connected with being a father *paternal love*

2 A **paternal** relation is from your father's side of the family

my paternal grandmother (= my father's mother)

→Look at maternal.

path [©] / pæθ / noun [count]

(plural paths / pæðz /)

1 a way across a piece of land, where people can walk a path through the woods

2 the line along which someone or something moves *The fire destroyed everything in its path.*

pa . thet . ic / pəˈθεtμk / adjective

(informal) very bad or weak

That was a pathetic performance – they deserved to lose!

pa . tience / 'peɪʃns / noun [noncount]

staying calm and not getting angry when you are waiting for something, or when you have problems

Learning to play the piano takes hard work and patience. She was walking so slowly that her sister finally lost patience with her (= became angry with her).

→ANTONYM impatience

pa . tient 1 5 / 'peisnt / adjective

able to stay calm and not get angry when you are waiting for something or when you have problems

Just sit there and be patient. Your mom will be here soon.

→ANTONYM impatient

▶pa .tient .ly / 'per∫əntli / adverb

She waited patiently for the bus.

→ANTONYM impatiently

pa .tient 2 2 / 'peifnt / noun [count]

(HEALTH) a sick person who is getting medical treatment from a doctor or nurse

pat .i .o / 'pætjoo / noun [count]

(plural pat .i .os)

a flat, hard area outside a house where people can sit and

to have breakfast on the patio

pa . tri . ot / 'pertriet / noun [count]

(POLITICS) a person who loves his or her country the patriots who fought for American independence

▶ pa · tri · ot · ism / 'pertriatizam / noun [noncount] love of your country

pa . tri . ot . ic / ˌpeɪtri'atɹk / adjective

having or showing love for your country a patriotic song

pa . trol / pəˈtroʊl / noun

[count]

a group of people or vehicles that go around a place to see that everything is all right

an army patrol

The police drive around the area in a patrol car.

on patro

going around a place to see that everything is all right During the carnival there will be 30 police officers on patrol.

▶ pa · trol verb (pa · trols, pa · trol · ling, pa · trolled) A guard patrols the gate at night.

pa .tron .ize / 'peitrənaiz / verb

(pa .tron .iz .es , pa .tron .iz .ing , pa .tron .ized) to treat someone in a way that shows you think you are better, more intelligent, etc. than them *Don't patronize me*.

▶ pa . tron . iz . ing / 'pertranarzin / adjective I don't like her patronizing attitude.

pat .ter / 'pætər / noun [singular]

quick, light sounds

I heard the patter of children's feet on the stairs.

▶ pat . ter *verb* (pat . ters, pat . ter . ing, pat . tered) Rain pattered against the window.

pat .tern 🔯 / 'pætərn / noun [count]

 ${f 1}$ (ART) an arrangement of shapes and colors on something

The curtains had a pattern of flowers and leaves.

2 the way in which something happens or develops *Her days all seemed to follow the same pattern.*

3 a thing that you copy when you make something *I bought some material and a pattern to make a new skirt.*

patterns







stripes

checks

plaid

pat terned / 'pætərnd / adjective

decorated with shapes and colors a patterned shirt

pause 🥯 / pɔz / verb

(paus es, paus ing, paused)

to stop talking or doing something for a short time *He paused for a moment before answering my question.*

▶ pause noun [count]

a period of time when you stop talking or stop what you are doing

There was a long pause before she spoke.

Pave / perv / verb (paves , pav ing , paved)

to cover an area of ground with a hard surface *There is a paved road near the house.*

pave . ment / 'pervment / noun

[noncount]

the hard surface of a road or street

paw / po / noun [count]

the foot of an animal, for example a dog or a cat

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at cat.

pay 1 per / verb (pays, pay ing, paid / perd / has paid)

to give someone money for something, for example something they are selling you or work that they do

How much did you pay for your car? I paid the company for fixing the roof.

She has a very well-paid job.

pay someone back to hurt someone who has hurt you One day I'll pay her back for lying to me!

pay someone or something back to give back the money that someone has lent to you

Can you lend me \$10? I'll pay you back next week.

pay 2 / pei / noun [noncount] the money that you get for working It's a tough job, but the pay is good.

pay . ment 🚳 / 'perment / noun

1 [noncount] paying or being paid

This check is in payment for the work you have done.

2 [count] an amount of money that you pay *I make monthly payments of \$50.*

pay phone / 'per foon / noun [count]

a telephone that you can use by putting in money or using a special card

PC / pi 'si / abbreviation

1 (COMPUTERS) a computer that you can use at home or in an office. **PC** is short for "personal computer."

2 short for politically correct

pea / pi / noun [count]

a very small, round, green vegetable. **Peas** grow in long, thin cases (called **pods**).

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **vegetable**.

peace O / pis / noun [noncount]

1 a time when there is no war or fighting between people or countries

The two countries eventually made peace (= agreed to stop fighting) .

2 the state of being quiet and calm the peace and quiet of the countryside Go away and leave me in peace!

1 with no fighting a peaceful demonstration2 quiet and calm

It's so peaceful here.

▶ peace . ful . ly / 'pisfli / adverb

She's sleeping peacefully.

peach / pitʃ /
noun [count]
(plural peach .es)
a soft round fruit with a
yellow and red skin and
a large hard part (called
a pit) in the center



pea .cock / 'pikak / noun

[count]

a large bird with beautiful long blue and green feathers in its tail $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$

peak / pik / noun [count]

1 the time when something is highest, biggest, etc.Traffic is at its peak between five and six in the evening.2 (GEOGRAPHY) the pointed top of a mountain snowy mountain peaks

pea .nut / 'pinAt / noun

[count]

a nut that you can eat salted peanuts

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **nut**.

pea . nut but . ter / pinAt 'bAter / noun

[noncount]

a thick, soft substance made from $\ensuremath{\text{\textbf{peanuts}}}$, which you eat on bread

pear / per / noun [count]

PRONUNCIATION

The word **pear** sounds just like **pair** .

a fruit that is green or yellow on the outside and white on the inside

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **fruit**.

pearl / parl / noun [count]

a small, round, white thing that grows inside the shell of a fish (called an **oyster**). **Pearls** are valuable and are used to make jewelry a pearl necklace

peas .ant / 'peznt / noun [count]

a poor person who lives in the country and works on a small piece of land

peb . ble / 'pebl / noun [count]

a small, round stone

pe .can / pəˈkan; pəˈkæn / noun [count]

a type of nut that we eat. It has a smooth, red-brown shell and grows on trees in the southern U.S.

pecan pie \rightarrow Look at the picture at **nut**.

Peck / $p\epsilon k$ / verb (pecks , peck ing , pecked) When a bird **pecks** something, it eats or bites it quickly *The hens were pecking at the corn.*

pe .cu .liar / pɪˈkyulyər / adjective

strange; not usual

What's that peculiar smell? →SYNONYM odd

ped .al / 'pedl / noun [count]

a part of a bicycle or other machine that you move with your feet

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **bicycle**.

pe . des . tri . an / pəˈdɛstriən / noun [count] a person who is walking in the street

pe . di . a . tri . cian / ˌpidiəˈtrɪʃn / noun [count]

(HEALTH) a doctor who treats children

peek / pik / verb (peeks , peek ing , peeked)

to look at something quickly and secretly because you should not be looking at it

No peeking at your presents before your birthday!

▶peek *noun* [singular] *You can take a quick peek.*

peel 1 / pil /
verb (peels ,
peel ing ,
peeled)

1 to take the outside part off a fruit or vegetable Can you peel the potatoes?

2 to come off in thin pieces The paint is peeling off the

walls.

peel



peel 2 / pil / noun [noncount]

the outside part of some fruit and vegetables orange peel potato peel

Peep / pip / verb (peeps , peep ing , peeped) to look at something quickly or secretly I peeped through the window and saw her.

peer 1 / pir / noun [count]

a person who is the same age as you

Teenagers worry about being accepted by their peers (= other teenagers).

Peer 2 / pir / verb (peers, peer ing, peered) to look carefully at something because you cannot see well I peered outside, but I couldn't see anything because it was dark.

peg / **p**εg / noun [count] a small thing on a wall or door where you can hang things Your coat hanging on the peg.



pel . Vis/ 'pelves / noun [count] (plural pel . vis . es) (BIOLOGY) the set of bones at the bottom of your back, which your leg bones are joined to

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **skeleton**.

pen 🥯 / pen / noun [count]

1 a thing that you use for writing with a liquid (called ink) 2 a small piece of ground with a fence around it for keeping farm animals in a pigpen

pe .nal .ize / 'pinl•aiz / verb

(pe nal iz es, pe nal iz ing, pe nal ized)

1 to punish someone for breaking a rule or law He was penalized for touching the ball with his hands. 2 to cause someone to suffer a disadvantage The new tax unfairly penalizes single parents.

pen .al .ty / 'penlti / noun [count] (plural pen al ties)

1 a punishment

The penalty for parking here is \$200 (= you must pay \$200).

2 (SPORTS) a punishment for one team and an advantage for the other team because a player has broken a rule The referee called a penalty for an illegal pass.

Pen · Cil ²⁰/ 'pεnsl / noun [count, noncount]

an object that you use for writing or drawing. Pencils are made of wood and have a point that writes in gray or another color

colored pencils

but they cannot fly.

I wrote the note in pencil.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **stationery**.

pen . e . trate / 'penatreit / verb (pen e trates, pen e trat ing, pen e trat ed) to go through or into something The knife penetrated deep into his chest.

pen . guin / 'pengwan / noun

penguin a black and white bird that lives in very cold places. Penguins can swim,



pen · i · cil · lin / ˌpɛnəˈsɪlən / noun [noncount] (HEALTH) a type of drug that is used to stop infections and to treat illnesses

pen · in · su · la / pəˈnɪnsələ / noun [count] (GEOGRAPHY) an area of land that has water on three sides the Florida peninsula

pe .nis / 'pinas / noun [count]

(plural pe .nis .es)

the part of a man's or a male animal's body that is used for getting rid of waste liquid and for having sex

pen . knife / 'pen,naif / noun [count]

(plural pen .knives / 'pen,narvz /)

a small knife that you can carry in your pocket

pen . ni . less / 'peniles / adjective having no money; poor

pen . ny / 'peni / noun [count] (plural pen . nies) a small brown coin that is worth one cent

→ Look at the picture at money .

pen pal / 'pen pæl / noun [count]

a person that you make friends with by writing letters, but you have probably never met them

pen . sion / 'penfn / noun [count]

money that an old person (a person who is retired) gets from the company where he or she used to work

pen ta gon

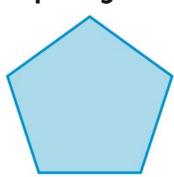
/ 'pentəgan / noun

1 [count] (MATH) a shape that has five straight and equal sides

2 the Pentagon

[singular] (POLITICS) a large government building near Washington D.C. that contains the main offices of the U.S. military forces

pentagon



peo . ple De / 'pipl / noun [plural]

1 more than one person

How many people came to the meeting? People often arrive late at parties.

2 men and women who work in a particular activity sports people

3 the people the ordinary citizens of a country He is a man of the people.

pep . per / 'peper / noun

1 [noncount] powder with a hot taste that you put on food

salt and pepper

2 [count] a red, green, or yellow vegetable that is almost empty inside \rightarrow Look at the picture at vegetables.

pep . per . mint / 'pepermint / noun

1 [noncount] a plant with a strong, fresh taste and smell. It is used to make things like candies and medicines.

2 [count] a candy with the flavor of **peppermint**

pep · per · O · ni / pεpəˈroʊni / noun [noncount] a type of hard, spicy sausage (= meat made into a long, thin shape) pepperoni pizza

Der / par / preposition

for each; in each

These apples cost \$1.29 per pound.

I was driving at 60 miles per hour.

per .ceive AWL / pər'siv / verb (per ceives, per ceived)

(formal)

1 to notice or realize something

Scientists failed to perceive the danger.

2 to understand or think of something or someone in a particular way

My comments were perceived as criticism.

per .cent AWL / par'sent / noun [count]

(plural per .cent) (symbol%)

(MATH) one part in every hundred

90 percent of the people who work here are men (= in 100 people, there are 90 men).

You get 10% off if you pay cash.

per . cent . age AWL / per'sentid3 / noun

(MATH) an amount of something, expressed as part of one hundred

"What percentage of students passed the exam?" "About eighty percent."

per .cep .tive / par'septiv / adjective

quick to notice or understand things

She made some very perceptive comments.

perch 1 / parts / verb (perch es , perch ing , perched)

to sit on something narrow or uncomfortable

The bird perched on a branch.

We perched on high stools.

perch 2 / parts/ noun [count] (plural perch es) a place where a bird sits

per .cus .sion / par ka fn / noun [noncount]

(MUSIC) drums and other instruments that you play by hitting them

the percussion section of an orchestra

Word building

An **orchestra** is made up of four sections.

The **strings** section includes violins and cellos.

The **woodwind** section includes clarinets and flutes.

The **brass** section includes trumpets and trombones.

The **percussion** section includes drums and cymbals.

per . fect 🥯 / 'pərfikt / adjective

1 so good that it cannot be better; with nothing wrong Her French is perfect.

It's perfect weather for a picnic.

2 (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) made from "has," "have," or

"had" and the past participle of a verb

"I've finished" is in the perfect tense.

 \rightarrow Look at the past perfect, the present perfect.

per . fec . tion / par'fakin / noun

[noncount]

the state of being perfect

The meat was cooked to perfection.

per . fect . ly / 'pərfiktli / adverb

1 completely

I'm perfectly all right.

2 in a perfect way

She played the piece of music perfectly.

per . form 2 / par'form / verb

(per forms, per form ing, per formed)

1 to do something such as a piece of work or a task Doctors performed a complicated operation to save her

2 to be in something such as a play or a concert The band has never performed here before. The play will be performed every night next week.

per · form · ance / par'formans / noun

1 [count] a time when a play, etc. is shown, or music is played in front of a lot of people

We went to the evening performance of the play.

2 [noncount] how well you do something

My parents were pleased with my performance on the

per . form . er / par'formar / noun [count] a person who is in something such as a play or a concert

per . fume / par'fyum / noun [count, noncount]

1 a liquid with a nice smell that you put on your body a bottle of perfume

2 a nice smell

per . haps 🥯 / pərˈhæps / adverb (formal)

a word that you use when you are not sure about something *I don't know where she is – perhaps she's still at work.* There were three men, or perhaps four.

→SYNONYM maybe

pe · rim · e · ter / pəˈrɪmətər / noun [count]

1 the outside edge or limit of an area of land the perimeter fence of an army camp

2 (MATH) a measurement of the distance around an area

What is the perimeter of the triangle?

pe . ri . od 🥯 AWL / 'pıriəd / noun [count]

1 an amount of time

This is a difficult period for him.

What period of history are you studying?

2 one of the equal lengths of time that make a school day I have German during second period.

3 (HEALTH) the time when a woman loses blood from her body each month

4 (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a mark (.) that you use in writing to show the end of a sentence, or after the short form of a word

the pe · ri · od · ic ta · ble / ðə ˌpɪriadık

'terbl / noun [singular]

(CHEMISTRY) a list of all the chemical substances (called elements)

perm / perm / noun

[count]

the treatment of hair with special chemicals to make it curly I think I'm going to get a perm.

▶perm *verb* (perms, perm ing, permed) She had her hair permed.

per . ma . nent 🥯 / 'pərmənənt / adjective continuing forever or for a very long time without changing I'm looking for a permanent job.

→ Look at temporary.

▶per ·ma ·nent ·ly / 'pərmənəntli / adverb Has he left permanently?

per . mis . sion per mis / noun

[noncount]

allowing someone to do something She gave me permission to leave early.

You may not leave the school without permission.

per . mit 1 / pərˈmɪt / verb

(per mits, per mit ting, per mit ted) (formal)

to let someone do something

You are not permitted to smoke in the hospital.

→SYNONYM allow

per . mit 2 / 'parmit / noun [count]

a piece of paper that says you can do something or go somewhere

Do you have a work permit?

per . pen . dic . u . lar / ˌpərpənˈdɪkyələr /

(MATH) If two lines are **perpendicular**, one of the lines makes an angle of 90° with the other

Are these lines perpendicular to each other?

per . se . cute / 'pərsəkyut / verb

(per se cutes, per se cut ing, per se cut ed) to treat someone in a cruel and unfair way, especially because of their race or beliefs

▶ per · se · cu · tion / ˌpərsəˈkyuʃn / noun

[count, noncount]

the persecution of minority groups

per . se . vere / perse vir / verb

(per se veres, per se ver ing, per se vered) to continue trying to do something that is difficult If you persevere with your studies, you'll get a good job.

per . sist . ent AWL / par's stant / adjective

1 determined to continue doing something, even though people tell you to stop

She's a very persistent child – she just never gives up.

2 lasting for a long time a persistent cough

per .son 😂 / 'pərsn / noun [count] (plural peo ple / pipl /)

1 a man or woman

I think she's the best person for the job.

We invited a few people to dinner.

2 (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) one of the three types of pronoun in grammar. "I" and "we" are the first person, you" is the second person, and "he," "she," "it," and "they" are the third person.

in person

seeing someone, not just speaking on the telephone or writing a letter

I want to speak to her in person.

per . son . al 🔯 / 'pərsənl / adjective

1 of or for one person

That letter is personal and you have no right to read it. Please keep all your personal belongings with you.

2 done by a particular person rather than someone who is acting for them

The president made a personal visit to the victim's family.

per . son . al com . pu . ter / persent kəm'pyutər / noun [count]

= PC

per . son . al . i . ty Derse'næleti / noun

[count](plural per son al i ties)

1 the qualities that a person has that make them different from other people

Mark has a great personality.

2 a famous person

a television personality

per .son .al .ly / 'parsanali / adverb

1 You say **personally** when you are saying what you think about something

Personally, I like her, but a lot of people don't.

2 done by you yourself, and not by someone else acting for

I will deal with this matter personally.

per . son . al pro . noun / persent

'proonaon / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) any of these pronouns: I, me, she, her, he, him, we, us, you, they, them

per .son .nel / pərsə'nel / noun [plural]

the people who work for a large business or organization military personnel

per . spec . tive AWL / par'spektiv / noun

1 [count, noncount] the ability to think about problems in a sensible way, without making them seem worse than

You must try to keep things in perspective (= do not exaggerate them).

2 [count] your way of thinking about something Try to look at this from my perspective.

3 (ART) [noncount] the way of drawing that makes some objects seem farther away than others

per . suade Der 'sweid / verb

(per suades, per suad ing, per suad ed)

to make someone think or do something by talking to them My friend persuaded me to buy the most expensive pair of jeans.

per . sua . sion / pərˈsweiʒn / noun

[noncount]

the process of making someone think or do something After a lot of persuasion, she agreed to come.

pes . Si . mism / 'pesəmizəm / noun

thinking that bad things will happen

→ANTONYM optimism

▶pes ⋅si ⋅mist / 'pεsəmɪst / noun [count]

Lisa's such a pessimist.

→ANTONYM optimist

▶ pes · si · mis · tic / pesə mıstık / adjective

Don't be so pessimistic – of course it's not going to rain!

→ANTONYM optimistic

pest / **pest** / **noun** [count]

1 an insect or animal that damages plants or food 2 (informal) a person or thing that makes you angry My little sister's a real pest!

pes . ter / 'pester / verb

(pes .ters , pes .ter .ing , pes .tered)

to make someone a little angry by asking them for something many times

Journalists pestered the neighbors for information.

pes . ti . cide / 'pestesaid / noun

[count, noncount]

a chemical substance that is used for killing insects and other animals that eat plants

The crops are sprayed with pesticide.

→ Look at insecticide.

pet 2 / pet / noun [count]

1 an animal that you keep in your home I have two pets – a cat and a goldfish.

2 a child that a teacher or a parent likes best She's the teacher's pet.

pet .al / 'petl / noun [count]

(BIOLOGY) one of the parts of a flower that give it color

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at plant.

pe . tite / pa'tit / adjective

(used about a girl or woman) small and thin

pe . ti . tion / pəˈtɪʃn / noun [count]

a special letter from a group of people that asks for something

Hundreds of people signed the petition for a new fence around the school.

pe . tri . fied / 'petrefaid / adjective

very afraid

I'm petrified of snakes.

→SYNONYM terrified

pe . tro . le . um / pe trovliem / noun

[noncount]

(CHEMISTRY) oil that is found under the ground or ocean and is used for making fuel for cars and other types of chemical substances

pet · **ty** / 'peti / adjective (pet · ti · er, pet · ti · est) small and not important

I'm not interested in the petty details.

phan . tom / 'fæntəm / noun [count]

a spirit of a dead person that people think they see

→SYNONYM ghost

phar . aoh / 'ferou / noun [count]

(HISTORY) a person who ruled ancient Egypt

phar · ma · ceu · ti · cal / farmə'sutıkl / adiective

(HEALTH) connected with making and selling medicines and drugs

pharmaceutical companies

phar · ma · cist / 'farməsist / noun [count]

(HEALTH) a person who prepares and sells medicines

phar . ma . cy / 'farməsi / noun [count] (plural phar ma cies)

(HEALTH) a store, or part of a store, which sells medicines and drugs

phase AWL / feiz / noun [count]

a time when something is changing or growing She's going through a difficult phase right now.

Ph.D. / pi ert ['di / noun [count]

a high level university degree that you get after doing research in a particular subject. Ph.D. is short for "Doctor of Philosophy

She earned a Ph.D. in history.

phe nom e nal AWL / fə'namənl /

adiective very great

The product has been a phenomenal success.

▶phe .nom .e .nal .ly / fə¹namənəli / adverb a phenomenally successful movie

phe nom e non AWL / fa'namanan ;

fa'namanan / noun [count]

(plural phe .nom .e .na / fəˈnɑmənə /)

something that happens or exists in nature or society, especially something that is difficult to understand Earthquakes and tsunamis are natural phenomena.

phi . los . o . pher AWL / fə'lasəfər / noun

a person who studies philosophy

phi . los . o . phy AWL / fa'lasafi / noun (plural phi los o phies)

1 [noncount] the study of ideas about the meaning of life 2 [count] a set of beliefs that a person has about life

Enjoy yourself and don't worry about tomorrow – that's my philosophy!

▶phil · o · soph · i · cal AWL / ˌfiləˈsafikl / adjective a philosophical debate

pho . bi . a / 'foobia / noun [count]

(plural pho bi as)

a very strong fear that you cannot explain

She has a phobia of spiders.

claustrophobia (= the fear of being in a small, closed space)

phone 1 9 / foon / noun

[count]

an instrument that you use for talking to someone who is in another place

The phone's ringing – can you answer it?

→SYNONYM telephone

be on the phone

to be using the phone

Anna was on the phone for an hour.

Collocations

Phones

making or receiving a call

the phone/telephone rings

make/get/receive a call/a phone call

dial someone's number/an area code/the wrong number

call someone/speak to someone on the phone answer/pick up/hang up the phone

cell phones

answer/use your cell phone

send/get/receive a text (message)

turn on/turn off your cell phone

charge/recharge your cell phone/the battery

phone 2 / foon / verb

(phones, phon ing, phoned)

to speak to someone by phone I phoned my sister last night.

→SYNONYM call

phone book / 'foon bok /

(also tel .e .phone book) noun [count]

a book of people's names, addresses, and telephone numbers

```
phone booth / 'foon buθ /
(also tel.e.phone booth) noun [count]
a public telephone in the street

phone call / 'foon kol / (also tel.e.phone call)
noun [count]
when you use the phone to talk to someone
I need to make a phone call.

phone card / 'foon kord / noun [count]
a small plastic card that you buy and use to make calls to people from any telephone

phone num . ber / 'foon namber /
(also tel.e.phone num.ber) noun [count]
the number of a particular phone that you use when you
```

pho net ic / fəˈnetuk / adjective

want to make a call to it What's your phone number?

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{ENGLISH}}$ Language arts) using special signs to show how to say words

the phonetic alphabet used in a dictionary

pho . net . ics / fəˈnɛtuks / noun [noncount]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{ENGLISH}}$ LANGUAGE ARTS) the study of the sounds that people make when they speak

pho . to / 'footoo / noun [count] (plural pho . tos) a photograph
Here's a photo of my sister.

 $\begin{array}{cccc} \textbf{pho} \cdot \textbf{to} \cdot \textbf{cop} \cdot \textbf{i} \cdot \textbf{er} \ / \ \text{footekapier} \ / \ \textit{noun} \\ \text{[count]} \end{array}$

a machine that makes copies of documents by photographing them

pho .to .cop .y / 'footekapi / noun [count]
(plural pho .to .cop .ies)

a copy of something on paper that you make with a **photocopier**

▶pho to cop y verb (pho to cop ies, pho to cop y ing, pho to cop ied, has pho to cop ied)

Could you photocopy this letter for me?

pho . to . graph \(\frac{1}{2} \) / 'footegræf / (also pho . to)

noun [count]

a picture that you take with a camera

I took a photograph of the library.

▶pho to graph (pho to graphs,

Pho .to .graph (pho .to .graphs ,
pho .to .graph .ing , pho .to .graphed)
(formal)

The winner was photographed holding his prize.

pho .tog .ra .pher / fəˈtɑgrəfər / noun

a person who takes photographs, especially as a job

pho . tog . ra . phy / fəˈtagrəfi / noun

taking photographs

▶ pho .to .graph .ic / ˌfootəˈgræfik / adjective connected with photographs or photography photographic equipment

pho · to · syn · the · sis / ˌfoʊtˌoʊˈsɪnθəsɪs / noun [noncount]

(BIOLOGY) the process by which green plants turn a gas in the air (carbon dioxide) and water into food, using light from the sun

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phras .al verb / freizl 'verb / noun [count]
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(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a verb that joins with another word or words to make a verb with a new meaning "Pick someone up" and "take off" are phrasal verbs.

phrase 5 / freiz / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a group of words that you use together as part of a sentence

"First of all" and "a bar of chocolate" are phrases.

phys . i . cal 1 AWL / 'fizikl / adjective connected with things that you feel or do with your body physical exercise

► phys .i .cal .ly AWL / 'fızıkəli / adverb I'm not physically fit.

phys . i . cal 2 AWL / 'fizikl / noun [count]

(HEALTH) an examination of your body by a doctor to see if you are healthy

I'm going in for my annual physical on Thursday.

phys.i.cist / 'fizəsist / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{PHYSICS}}$) a person who studies or knows a lot about $\ensuremath{\mathsf{physics}}$

phys .ics / 'fiziks / noun

[noncount]

the scientific study of things like heat, light, and sound

phy . **Sique** / fə'zik / *noun* [count] the size and shape of a person's body

a strong, muscular physique
Di / paɪ / noun [singular]

(MATH) the symbol π . It is used to show the relationship between the distance around a circle (its **circumference**) and the distance across it (its **diameter**), which is about 3.14159.

pi .an .o / pi'ænov / noun [count] (plural pi .an .os)

(MUSIC) a big musical instrument that you play by pressing black and white bars (called **keys**) Can you play the piano?

can you play one plane.

→ Look at the picture at instrument.

| pi an ist / pi enst; pienst / noun [count]

a person who plays the **piano**

pick 1 / pik / verb (picks, pick ing, picked)

1 to take the person or thing you like best *They picked Simon as their captain.*

→SYNONYM choose

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ to take a flower, fruit, or vegetable from the place where it grows

I picked some flowers for you.

pick on someone (informal)

to treat someone in an unfair or cruel way Sally gets picked on by the other kids.

pick someone or something out to be able to see someone or something among a lot of others

Can you pick out my father in this photo?

pick someone or something up

1 to take and lift someone or something *She picked up the kitten and stroked it.*

The phone stopped ringing just as I picked it up.

2 to go to get someone or something, especially in a car *My dad picks me up from school.*

Could you pick up something for dinner tonight?

pick something up to learn something without really 2 one single thing studying it

I picked up some Spanish from the other kids in my neighborhood.

pick 2 / pik / noun [singular] the one that you choose; your choice

take your pick

to choose what you like

We have orange juice, lemonade, or milk. Take your pick.

pick .et / 'pikət / noun [count]

a person or group of people who stand outside the place where they work when there is a strike (= an organized protest), and try to stop other people from going in

▶ pick et verb (pick ets, pick et ing, pick et ed)

Workers were picketing the factory.

pick . le / 'pikl / noun [count]

a small green vegetable that is kept in a liquid with a strong sharp taste (called vinegar) before it is eaten a jar of pickles

pick . pock . et / 'pikpaket / noun [count] a person who steals things from people's pockets

pick up

/ 'pik_Ap / (also pick up truck) noun [count]

a type of small truck that has an open part with low sides at the back

pickup



pic . nic / 'piknik / noun [count] a meal that you eat outside, away from home We had a picnic by the river.

▶pic .nic verb

(pic nics , pic nick ing , pic nicked) We picnicked on the beach yesterday.

pic .ture 1 2 / 'pıktʃər / noun [count]

1 a drawing, painting, or photograph Julie drew a picture of her dog.

They showed us some pictures (= photographs) of their wedding.

I took a picture (= a photograph) of the house. 2 an idea or memory of something in your mind

His novels give a good picture of what life was like back

pic .ture 2 / 'piktsər / verb

(pic tures, pic tur ing, pic tured)

to imagine something in your mind I can just picture them lying on the beach.

Pie / pai / noun [count]

a type of food made of fruit covered with pastry (= a mixture of flour, butter, and water) an apple pie

piece 👺 / pis / noun

[count]

1 a part of something Would you like another piece of cake? a piece of broken glass

The plate fell on the floor and smashed to pieces.

Do you have a piece of paper?

That's an interesting piece of news.

3 a single work of art, music, etc.

He played a piece by Chopin. in pieces broken

The plate lay in pieces on the floor.

Thesaurus

piece an amount of something that has been cut or separated from the rest of it. This is a very general word and can be used with most noncount nouns: She wrote her address on a piece of paper. • He cut the pizza into small pieces. ♦ a piece of fruit ♦ a piece of

slice a thin, flat piece of food that has been cut off a larger piece: Would you like another slice of cake? ♦ Cut the meat into thin slices. ♦ a slice of lemon/tomato ♦ cheese slices

chunk a thick, solid piece that has been cut or broken off something: There were chunks of ice floating in the lake. ♦ a great big chunk of meat ♦ a chunk of cheese/bread

lump a piece of something hard or solid, especially one without any particular shape: This sauce has lumps in it. ♦ a few lumps of coal ♦ a big lump of dough slab a thick, flat piece of stone, ice, or food: a huge slab of concrete ◆ paving slabs

pie chart / 'partfart / noun [count]

(MATH) a diagram that is a circle divided into pieces, showing the size of particular parts in relation to the whole

→Look at flow chart.

pier / pir / noun [count]

a long structure that is built from the land into the ocean, where people can walk or get on and off boats

pierce / pirs / verb

(pierc es , pierc ing , pierced)

to make a hole in something with a sharp point The nail pierced her skin.

I'm going to have my ears pierced.

pierc .ing / 'pirsin / adjective

A **piercing** sound is very loud and unpleasant a piercing cry

pig 🥯 / pig / noun [count]

1 a fat animal that people keep on farms for its meat Word building

A young pig is called a

piglet . Meat from a pig is

called pork, bacon, or ham.

2 (informal) an unkind person, or a person who eats too much

You ate all the cookies, you pig!

pi .geon / 'pidzən / noun

[count]

a gray bird that you often see in cities





pig .gy bank / 'pigi bænk / noun

[count]

a small box, often shaped like a pig, that children save money in

pig . let / 'piglet / noun

[count]

a young pig

pig . tail / 'pigteil / noun

[count

hair that you tie together at the sides of your head *She wears her hair in pigtails* .

pile 1 0 / pail / noun

[count]

a lot of things on top of one another; a large amount of something

Clothes lay in piles on the floor. a pile of earth

pile 2 / pail / verb (piles, piling, piled) to put a lot of things on top of one another

She piled the boxes on the table.

pil .grim / 'pilgrəm / noun [count]

(RELIGION) a person who travels a long way to a place because it has a special religious meaning

pil .grim .age / 'pilgramid3 / noun [count]
(RELIGION) a long trip that a

pilgrim makes

pill / pil / noun [count]

(HEALTH) a small, round, hard piece of medicine that you swallow *Take one of these pills before every meal.*

→SYNONYM tablet





pil . lar / 'pilər / noun

[count]

a tall strong piece of stone, wood, or metal that holds up a building

pil . low / 'piloo / noun

[count

a soft thing that you put your head on when you are in bed

pil .low .case / 'pıloukeıs / noun [count]

a cover for a pillow

pi . lot 🥯 / ˈpaɪlət / noun

[count]

a person who flies an airplane

pim . ple / 'pmpl / noun [count]

a small spot on your skin

PIN / pin / (also PIN num . ber / 'pin ˌnʌmbər /)

noun [count]

a number that you use with a plastic card to take out money from a cash machine. **PIN** is short for "personal identification number."

pin 1 ⁽²⁾ / pm / noun [count]

1 a small, thin piece of metal with a round part at one end and a sharp point at the other. You use a pin for holding things together or fastening one thing to another.

→ Look at safety pin .

2 a small piece of jewelry that you can wear on a shirt, jacket, etc. *She wore a beautiful gold pin on her jacket.*

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at jewelry.

 ${f 3}$ (SPORTS) a wooden object shaped like a bottle that you try to knock over in the sport

of bowling **Pin** 2 / pm / verb (pins, pin ning, pinned)

1 to fasten things together with a pin or pins *Could you pin this sign to the board?*

2 to hold someone or something so that they cannot move He tried to get away, but they pinned him against the wall.

pinch 1 / pints/ verb

(pinch es, pinch ing, pinched)

to press someone's skin between your thumb and finger *Don't pinch me – it hurts!*

pinch 2 / pintʃ / noun [count] (plural pinch es)

1 the act of pressing someone's skin between your thumb and finger

He gave me a pinch on the arm to wake me up.

2 an amount of something you can hold between your thumb and finger

Add a pinch of salt to the soup.

pine / pam / noun

1 [count] (also pine tree / 'pain tri /) a tall tree with thin sharp leaves (called needles) that do not fall off in winter

2 the wood from this tree, which is often used for making furniture

pine .ap .ple / 'pamæpl / noun

[count, noncount]

a big fruit that is yellow inside and has a rough, brown skin \rightarrow Look at the picture at fruit.

pine cone / 'pain koon / noun [count]

the hard, rough fruit of a pine tree that contains the seeds We collected pine cones to use as Christmas decorations.

Ping-Pong™ / 'pɪŋpaŋ /

(also ta .ble ten .nis / 'terbl ,tenes /) noun

[noncount]

(SPORTS) a game where players hit a small, light ball over a net on a big table

pink pink / adjective (pink er, pink est)

with a light red color

a pink blouse

▶ pink *noun* [count, noncount]

She was dressed in pink .

pink · ie / 'pɪŋki / (also pink · y) noun [count] (plural pink · ies)

(informal)

the smallest finger on your hand

pins and nee . dles / pinz ən 'nidlz / noun

an uncomfortable feeling that you sometimes get in a part of your body when you have not moved it for a long time

pint 🥯 / paint / (abbreviation pt.) noun

a measure of liquid (= 0.47 liters). There are eight **pints** in a gallon

a pint of beer two pints of milk

pi . o . neer / parə'nır / noun

a person who goes somewhere or does something before other people

the pioneers of the American West

pipe 🖾 / parp / noun [count]

1 a long tube that takes something such as water, oil, or gas from one place to another

A water pipe is leaking under the ground.

2 a tube with a small bowl at one end that is used for smoking tobacco (= the dried leaves used for making cigarettes)

My grandfather smoked a pipe.

pipe . line / 'parplam / noun

[count]

a line of pipes that carry oil or gas a long way

in the pipeline

If something is in the pipeline, it is being planned or prepared and will happen soon.

pi .rate 1 / 'pairet / noun

[count]

a person on a ship who robs other ships

pi . rate 2 / 'pairət / verb

(pi rates, pi rat ing, pi rat ed)

to make an illegal copy of a book, a DVD, a CD, etc. in order a restaurant that serves pizza to sell it

Are you sure this isn't pirated software?

▶pi ·ra ·cy / 'pairəsi / noun [noncount]

the crime of making illegal copies of things to sell

pis . tol / 'pistl / noun

[count]

a small gun

pit / pit / noun

[count]

1 a deep hole in the ground

We dug a deep pit in the yard.

2 the hard part in the middle of some types of fruit Peaches and plums have pits.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **peach**.

pitch 1 / pits/ verb

(pitch es , pitch ing , pitched)

1 (SPORTS) (in baseball) to throw the ball to a person on the other team, who tries to hit it

2 to put up a tent (= a small house made of cloth) We pitched our tent under a big tree.

pitch 2 / pits/ noun (plural pitch es)

1 [count] (SPORTS) an act of throwing a baseball to a player who tries to hit it

He hit the first pitch of the game into center field.

2 [noncount] (MUSIC) how high or low a sound is

pitch . er / 'pitfer / noun [count]

1 a container with a handle that you use for holding or pouring liquids

a water pitcher a pitcher of milk

2 (SPORTS) (in baseball) the person who throws

(pitches) the ball to a player on the other team, who tries to

→Look at the picture at

baseball.

pit · y 1 / 'prti / noun

1 [noncount] a feeling of sadness for a person or an animal who is in pain or who has problems I feel no pity for him – it's his own fault.

2 [singular] something that disappoints you or makes you feel a little sad

It's a pity you can't come to the party.

→SYNONYM shame

take pity on someone

to help someone because you feel sad for them I took pity on her and gave her some money.

Pit · **y** 2 / 'prti / verb

(pit ies , pit y ing , pit ied , has pit ied)

to feel sad for someone who is in pain or who has problems I really pity people who don't have anywhere to live.

piz . za / 'pitsə / noun

[count, noncount]

a flat, round piece of bread with tomatoes, cheese, and other things on top, which is cooked in an oven

piz . ze . ri . a / ˌpitsəˈriə / noun

[count]

plac .ard / 'plækerd / noun

[count]

a large sign that hangs in a public place or is carried on a

The demonstrators' placards read "No more war."

place 1 / pleis / noun

[count]

1 a particular area or position

Put the book back in the right place.

2 a particular building, city, town, country, etc.

Boston is a very interesting place.

Do you know a good place to have lunch?

3 a seat or space for one person

An old man was sitting in my place.

4 [singular] a person's home

Do you want to come back to my place after lunch?

5 the position that you have in a race, competition, or test Alice finished in second place.

in place

where it should be; in the right place Use tape to hold the picture in place.

in place of someone or something

instead of someone or something

You can use milk in place of cream.

out of place

1 not suitable for a particular situation

My old furniture looks out of place in my new apartment.

pitcher

2 not in the correct or usual place

Nothing is ever out of place in my father's office.

take place to happen

The wedding of John and Sara will take place on May 22.

place 2 / ples / verb (places, placing, placed)

 $(\ \textit{formal}\)\ to\ put\ something\ somewhere$

The waiter placed the meal in front of me.

pla . gia . rism / 'pleidʒərizəm / noun

I noncount 1

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) the act of copying another person's ideas, words, or work and pretending they are your own

to be accused of plagiarism

▶pla .gia .rize / 'pleɪdʒəraɪz / verb

(pla_gia_riz_es, pla_gia_riz_ing, pla_gia_rized)

Most of his essay was plagiarized from the Internet.

plague / pleig / noun [count]

(HEALTH) a disease that spreads quickly and kills many people

plaid / plæd / noun

[noncount]

a pattern on material with squares and stripes that cross each other

a plaid shirt \rightarrow Look at the picture at pattern.

plain 1 0 / plem / adjective

(plain er, plain est)

1 simple and ordinary

plain food

2 with no pattern; all one color

She wore a plain blue dress.

 ${f 3}$ easy to see, hear, or understand

It's plain that he's unhappy.

→SYNONYM clear

4 not pretty

She was a plain child.

plain 2 / plem / noun

[count]

a large piece of flat land

plain . ly / 'plemli / adverb

in a way that is easy to see, hear, or understand *They were plainly very angry.*

→SYNONYM clearly

plan 1 6 / plæn / noun

[count]

1 something that you have decided to do and how you are going to do it

What are your vacation plans?

They have plans to build a new school.

Thesaurus

purpose the reason for doing something; what something is used for or is supposed to achieve: What is the purpose of your visit?

The building is used for religious purposes.

aim what someone is trying to achieve: Our main aim is to increase sales. ◆ He was willing to do almost anything to achieve his aim of winning first prize.

plan what you have decided or arranged to do: Do you have any plans for the weekend? ◆ There are no plans to build new offices.

intention what you want or intend to do: *Our* intention was to leave early in the morning. ◆ I have no intention of going to the wedding.

goal (often used about your life or career plans) something that you hope to achieve: What are your long-term goals? ◆ I've finally achieved my goal of getting a college degree.

2 a map showing a building, a city, or a town a street plan of San Francisco

3 a drawing that shows how a new building, room, or machine will be made

Have you seen the plans for the new shopping center?

plan 2 0 / plæn / verb

(plans, plan ining, planned)

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ to decide what you are going to do and how you are going to do it

They're planning a long vacation next summer.

I'm planning to go to college.

2 to intend or expect to do something

I'm planning on taking a vacation in July.

plane 🥯 / plem / noun

[count]

a vehicle with wings that can fly through the air

I like traveling by plane.

What time does your plane land? Our plane took off three hours late.

I caught the next plane to Miami.

→SYNONYM airplane

plan . et 🥯 / ˈplænət / noun

1 [count] a large round object in space that moves around the sun or another star

Earth, Mars, and Venus are planets.

2 the planet [singular] the world we live in, especially when we are talking about the environment *the battle to save the planet*

plank / plænk / noun

[count]

a long, flat piece of wood

plank . ton / 'plænkten / noun

[noncount, plural]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{BIOLOGY}}$) the very small plants and animals that live in water

fish that eat plankton

plant 1 2 / plænt / noun

[count]

anything that grows from the ground *Don't forget to water the plants.*

Collocations

The Natural World

animals

animals mate/breed/reproduce/feed (on something) birds fly/sing/nest/migrate

insects crawl/fly/bite/sting

hunt/capture/kill prey

lay/fertilize eggs

plants and fungi

trees/plants grow/bloom/blossom/flower

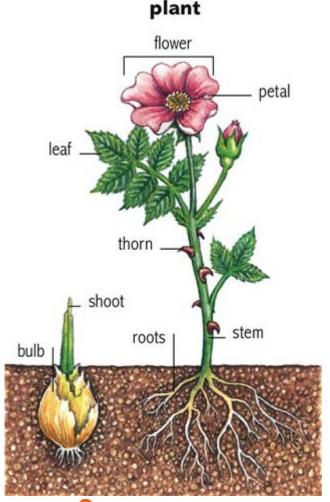
a seed sprouts

leaves/buds/shoots appear/develop/form

a fungus grows/spreads

pollinate/fertilize a flower/plant

produce/spread pollen/seeds



plant 2 🥯 / plænt / *verb* (plants , plant . ing , plant .ed)

to put plants or seeds in the ground We planted some roses in the garden.

plan . ta . tion / plæn'ter[n / noun [count] a piece of land where things like tea, cotton, or rubber grow a sugar plantation

plaque / plæk / noun

1 [count] a flat piece of stone, metal, or wood with writing on it, which is attached to a wall or other surface The plaque on the wall commemorates the founder of the university.

2 [noncount] (HEALTH) a harmful substance that forms on your teeth

plas . ter 1 / 'plæster / noun [noncount] a substance that is used for covering walls inside buildings

plas .ter 2 / 'plæstər / verb (plas .ters ,

plas .ter .ing , plas .tered) 1 to cover a wall with plaster to make it smooth

2 to cover a surface with a large amount of something She plastered herself with skin lotion.

plas . tic D / plæstik / noun [noncount]

an artificial material that is used for making many different things

These chairs are made of plastic. plastic cups

plas . tic sur . ger . y / plæstik 'sərdʒəri / noun [noncount]

(HEALTH) medical operations that doctors can do to improve a person's appearance

plate 🔯 / pleit / noun

a round dish that you put food on

 \rightarrow Look at license plate.

pla . teau / plæˈtoʊ / noun

[count]

(GEOGRAPHY) a large area of high, flat land

plat . form / 'plætform / noun

[count]

1 a surface that is higher than the floor, where people stand so that other people can see and hear them

The principal went up to the platform to make his speech.

2 the part of a train station where people get on and off

The train to Washington leaves from platform 5.

plat . i . num / 'plætn•əm / noun [noncount] (symbol Pt)

(CHEMISTRY) an expensive gray-white metal that is often used for making jewelry

a diamond ring with a platinum band

play 1 ²⁰/ plet / verb (plays, play ling, played)

1 to have fun; to do something to enjoy yourself The children were playing with their toys.

2 to take part in a game

I like playing tennis.

Do you know how to play chess?

3 (MUSIC) to make music with a musical instrument My sister plays the piano very well.

Grammar

We usually say "play the violin, the piano, etc.": I'm learning to play the clarinet.

When we talk about playing games or sports, we do not use "the": Do you play basketball at school? ◆ Let's play cards!

4 to put a CD, DVD, etc. in a machine and listen to it Should I play the CD again?

5 to act the part of someone in a play Who wants to play the police officer?

play 2 2 / plei / noun (plural plays)

1 [count] a story that you watch in the theater or on television, or listen to on the radio

We went to see a play by Arthur Miller.

2 [noncount] games; what children do for fun work and play

play .er 😂 / 'pleier / noun

[count]

1 a person who plays a game football players

2 (MUSIC) a person who plays a musical instrument a trumpet player

play . ful / 'pleifl / adjective

full of fun; not serious a playful puppy a playful remark

play ground / 'pleigraund / noun

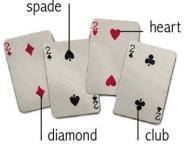
[count]

an area where children can play, for example at school

play ing card / 'pleng kard / (also card) noun [count]

one of a set of 52 cards with numbers and pictures on them, which you use for playing games

playing cards





play .ing field / 'plem fild / noun [count] a large area of grass where people play sports like football

play . off / 'pleiof / noun [count]

(SPORTS) one or more games that are played by the best teams or players, in order to decide who the winner is

play . wright / 'pleirait / noun

[count]

a person who writes plays

the American playwright Arthur Miller

pla . za / 'plazə / noun [count]

an open space in a city or town with offices or stores around it

a shopping plaza

plea / pli / noun

[count]

asking for something with strong feeling *He made a plea for help.*

plead / plid / verb (pleads , plead ing ,
plead ed or pled / pled / has plead ed or has pled)

1 to ask for something in a very strong way He pleaded with his parents to buy him a guitar.

2 to say in a court of law that you did or did not do a crime *She pleaded not guilty to murder.*

pleas .ant 😂 / 'pleznt / adjective

nice, enjoyable, or friendly

The weather here is very pleasant. He's a very pleasant person.

→ANTONYM unpleasant

▶ pleas . ant . ly / ˈplɛzəntli / adverb a pleasantly cool room

please 1 6 / pliz / exclamation

a word that you use when you ask for something politely What time is it, please?

Two cups of coffee, please.

"Would you like some cake?" "Yes, please ."

please 2 / pliz / verb (pleas .es , pleas .ing , pleased)

to make someone happy

I wore my best clothes to please my mother.

pleased 🥯 / plizd / adjective

happy

He wasn't very pleased to see me.

Are you pleased with your new watch?

Word building

You are usually **glad** or **pleased** about a particular event or situation: I'm glad he's feeling better. \spadesuit I'm pleased to say that you passed your exam.

You use **happy** to describe a state of mind: *I always feel happy when the sun is shining*. You also use **happy** before a noun: *a happy child*.

pleas . ure 💁/ ˈplɛʒər / noun

1 [noncount] the feeling of being happy or enjoying something

She gets a lot of pleasure from her music.

Are you in New York for business or for pleasure?

2 [count] something that makes you happy

It was a pleasure to meet you.

it's a pleasure

You say "it's a pleasure" as a polite way of answering someone who thanks you

"Thank you for your help." "It's a pleasure."

with pleasure

You say "with pleasure" to show in a polite way that you are happy to do something

"Can you help me move these boxes?" "Yes, with pleasure."

pleat / plit / noun [count]

a fold that is part of a skirt, a pair of pants, etc.

▶ pleat . ed / 'plited / adjective a short, pleated skirt

pled

form of plead

plen . ty 🥯 / ˈplɛnti / pronoun

as much or as many as you need; a lot

"Do we need more chairs?" "No, there are plenty." We have plenty of time to get there.

pli .ers / 'plarerz / noun [plural]

a tool for holding small objects or for cutting wire *Do you have a pair of pliers?*

plod / plad / verb (plods , plod .ding , plod .ded) to walk slowly in a heavy, tired way We plodded up the hill in the rain.

plot 1 / plat / noun [count]

1 (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) what happens in a story, play, or movie

This book has a very exciting plot.

2 a secret plan to do something bad

a plot to kill the president

3 a small piece of land that you use or you plan to use for a special purpose

She bought a small plot of land to build a house on. a vegetable plot

plot 2 / plat / verb (plots, plot ting, plot ted) to make a secret plan to do something bad They plotted to rob the bank.

plow / plao / noun [count]

a large farm tool that is pulled across a field to dig the soil

→Look at snowplow .

▶ plow *verb* (plows , plow ing , plowed) The farmer plowed his fields.

 $\textbf{pluck} \ / \ pl_{\Lambda}k \ / \ \textit{verb} \ (\ plucks, \ pluck \ \ ing, \ plucked \)$

to remove something by pulling it quickly *He plucked the letter from her hands.*

We needed to pluck the chicken (= remove its feathers).

plug 1 / plng / noun [count]

1 a thing with metal pins that joins a lamp, machine, etc. to a place in the wall (called an **outlet**) where there is electricity

2 a round thing that you put in the hole of a container to keep the water in

She pulled out the plug and let the water drain away.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at sink.

plug 2 / plng / verb (plugs, plug ging, plugged)

to fill a hole, so that nothing can get out

He plugged the hole in the pipe with an old rag.

plug something in to join a lamp, machine, etc. to the electricity, using a **plug** 1 (1)

Can you plug in the television, please?

→ANTONYM unplug

plum / plam / noun

[count]

a soft round fruit with a hard round part (called a $\operatorname{\textbf{pit}}$) in the middle

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **fruit**.

plumb . er / 'plamer / noun

[count

a person whose job is to put in and repair things like water pipes and toilets

plumb . ing / 'plamin / noun

[noncount]

1 the pipes that carry water into and around a building *The builders are putting in the plumbing and central heating.*

2 the work of a plumber

plump / plamp / adjective

(plump er , plump est)

a little fat, in a nice way

a plump baby

plunge / pland3 / verb

(plung es, plung ing, plunged)

1 to jump or fall suddenly into something

She plunged into the pool.

2 to push something suddenly and strongly into something else

I plunged my hand into the water.

plu .ral / 'plorəl / noun

[count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) the form of a word that shows there is more than one

The plural of "child" is "children."

▶plu .ral adjective

Most plural nouns in English end in "s."

→ Look at singular.

plus 1 AWL / plas / preposition

(MATH) added to; and

Two plus three is five (2 + 3 = 5).

All of our class plus half of another class are going.

→ANTONYM minus

plus 2 AWL / plas / noun [count]

(plural plus es)

1 (also plus sign / 'plas sam /) (MATH) the sign (+)

2 an advantage

The job involves a lot of travel, which is a big plus.

→ANTONYM minus

plus 3 AWL / plas / adjective

1 (used after a number) or more

He must earn \$100,000 plus.

2 (used after a letter grade on students' work) a little more

I got a B plus (= B+) on my essay.

→ANTONYM minus

plu . to . ni . um / plu tooniem / noun

[noncount] (symbol Pu)

(CHEMISTRY) a dangerous chemical substance that is used as a fuel in places where they make nuclear energy (called power plants)

p.m. / pi 'εm / abbreviation

You use **p.m.** after a time to show that it is between 12 o'clock in the day and 12 o'clock at night

The plane leaves at 3 p.m. (= 3 o'clock in the afternoon)

 \rightarrow Look at **a.m.**.

pneu .mo .nia / nuˈmoʊnyə / noun [noncount]

(HEALTH) a serious illness of the **lungs** (= the parts of your body that you breathe with)

poach / poots / verb

(poach es , poach ing , poached)

1 to cook food gently in liquid

I had a poached egg for breakfast.

2 to kill and steal animals, birds, or fish from another person's land

P.O. Box / pi ov baks / noun [count]

(plural P.O. Box es)

a box in a post office for keeping any mail sent to a person or an office

The address to write to is P.O. Box 71.

pock . et 2 / 'paket / noun [count]

the part of a piece of clothing that you can put things in *I put the key in my pocket.*

→ Look at the picture at clothes.

pick someone's pocket

to steal money from someone's pocket or bag

pock . et . book / 'paketbok /

a small bag that a woman uses for carrying things like money and keys

→SYNONYM purse

pock .et .knife / 'paketnaif / noun [count]

(plural pock .et .knives / 'pakətnarvz /)

a small knife with one or more sharp parts (called ${\sf blades}$) that fold down into the handle

→SYNONYM jackknife

pod / pad / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{BIOLOGY}}$) a long, thin case that some plants have, which is filled with seeds

Peas grow in pods.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **vegetable**.

pod .cast / 'padkæst / noun [count]

(COMPUTERS) something that has been recorded so that you can take it from the Internet and watch or listen to it on your computer or MP3 player (= a small device that stores and plays music and video)

I download podcasts of radio shows and listen to them in the car.

po . di . um / 'poodiem / noun [count]

a tall, narrow desk that you stand behind when speaking to a large group of people

po .em 2 / 'povem / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) words arranged in lines in an artistic way, often with sounds repeated at the ends of lines *He wrote poems about the beauty of the countryside.*

po . et / 'pooət / noun [count]
(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a person who writes poems
po . et . ic / poo'ɛtik / adjective

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) like a poem poetic language

po .et .ry / povetri / noun [noncount] (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) poems

Whitman wrote beautiful poetry.

point 1 2 / point / noun [count]

1 a fact, an idea, or an opinion

You made some interesting points (= said some interesting things) *in your essay.*

 \rightarrow Look at point of view.

2 the purpose of, or the reason for, doing something The point of going to school is to learn. What's the point of going to her house? She's not at home. There's no point in waiting for Julie – she isn't coming.

3 a particular moment in time

It started to rain, and at that point we decided to go home.

4 a particular place

No parking beyond this point.

 $\bf 5$ ($\rm MATH$) a small round mark (.) that we use when writing part of a number (called a $\bf decimal$)

2.5 (= two point five)

6 the sharp end of something *the point of a needle*

7 a unit that you win in a game or sport *Our team scored six points.*

be on the point of doing something

to be going to do something very soon

I was on the point of leaving when he turned up.

point 2 point / verb (points, point ing, point ed)

1 to show where something is using your finger, a stick, etc. I asked him where the bank was and he pointed across the road.

There was a sign pointing toward the museum.

2 to hold something toward someone or something *She was pointing a gun at his head.*

point something out to tell or show someone something

Eva pointed out that my bag was open.

point . ed point a djective with a sharp end

a long, pointed nose

point . less / 'pointles / adjective

with no use or purpose

It's pointless telling Paul anything – he never listens.

point of view / point ev 'vyu / noun [count] (plural points of view)

an opinion or way of thinking about something
The book was written from the father's point of view.

poi . son 1 🥯 / ˈpɔɪzn / noun

[count, noncount]

something that will kill you or make you very sick if you eat or drink it rat poison

poi . son 2 / 'poizn / verb (poi . sons , poi . son . ing , poi . soned)

to use **poison** to kill or hurt someone or something

poi . son . ous 🌣 / ˈpɔɪzn•əs / adjective

Something that is **poisonous** will kill you or make you very sick if you eat or drink it

Some mushrooms are poisonous.

poke / pook / verb (pokes, pok ing, poked)

1 to push someone or something hard with your finger or another long thin thing

She poked me in the eye with a pencil.

 ${f 2}$ to push something quickly somewhere

Jeff poked his head out of the window.

▶poke noun [count]

I gave her a poke to wake her up.

pok .er / 'pooker / noun

1 [noncount] a game that people play with cards, usually for money

 $\boldsymbol{2} \ [\ \text{count} \]$ a metal stick that you use for moving the wood in a fire

po .lar / 'pooler / adjective

(GEOGRAPHY) connected with the areas around the top and bottom of the earth (called the North Pole and the South Pole)

the polar regions

po . lar bear / 'pooler ber / noun [count] a large white animal that lives near the North Pole

pole / pool / noun [count]

1 a long, thin piece of wood or metal. **Poles** are often used to hold something up

a flagpole

a tent pole

tent poles

 $\boldsymbol{2}\,$ ($\mathsf{GEOGRAPHY}$) one of two places at the top and bottom of the earth

the North Pole. ♦ the South Pole

the pole vault / ðə 'pool volt / noun singular]

(SPORTS) the sport of jumping over a high bar using a long pole to push yourself off the ground

po . lice 💿 / pəˈlis / noun [plural]

the official organization whose job is to make sure that people do not break the laws of a country *Have the police found the murderer?*

a police car

po . **lice force** / pa'lis fors / *noun* [count] all the **police officers** in a country or part of a country

po .lice .man / pa'lisman / noun [count]

(plural po lice men / po'lismon /) a man who is a police officer

po .lice of .fi .cer / pəˈlis ˌəfəsər /

(also of .fi .cer) noun [count]

a man or woman who works in the police

po · lice sta · tion / pəˈlis ˌsteɪʃn / noun [count]

an office where police officers work

They took the men to the police station for questioning.

po .lice .wo .man / po'lis,women / noun

[count] (plural po .lice .wo .men / pəˈlisˌwɪmən /) a woman who is a police officer

pol . i . cy AWL / 'paləsi / noun [count] (plural pol . i . cies)

(POLITICS) the plans of a government or organization What is the government's policy on education?

pol ish 1 / 'palif / noun

[noncount]

a cream or liquid that you put on something to make it shine

furniture polish

pol . ish 2 / 'palif / verb

(pol_ish_es, pol_ish_ing, pol_ished)

to rub something so that it shines

Have you polished your shoes?

po . lite 2 / pəˈlaɪt / adjective

speaking or behaving in a way that shows respect It is polite to say "please" when you ask for something.

→ANTONYM impolite, rude

▶po · lite · ly / pəˈlaɪtli / adverb

He asked politely for a glass of water.

▶ po · lite · ness / pəˈlaɪtnəs / noun [noncount] He stood up out of politeness and offered her his seat.

po . lit . i . cal 🔯 / pəˈlɪtɪkl / adjective

(POLITICS) connected with politics or the government political parties

his political beliefs

▶ po · lit · i · cal · ly / pəˈlıtıkli / adverb a politically powerful country

po .lit .i .cal .ly cor .rect

/ palitikli ka'rekt / adjective (abbreviation PC)

words that are used to describe language or behavior that tries not to upset particular groups of people

po · lit · i · cal sci · ence / pəˌlıtikl ˈsaɪəns / noun [noncount]

(POLITICS) the study of politics and systems of government

pol . i . ti . cian 🔯 / ˌpaləˈtɪʃn / noun [count]

(POLITICS) a person who works in politics *Politicians of all parties supported us.*

pol . i . tics 🥯 / 'palətıks / *noun* [noncount]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{POLITICS}}$) the work and ideas that are connected with government

Are you interested in politics?

My son wants to go into politics (= become a politician)

Culture

There are two main **political parties** in the United States

These are the Republican Party and the Democratic Party .

poll / pool / noun [count]

 $\ensuremath{\mathbf{1}}$ a way of discovering opinions by asking a group of people questions

A recent poll showed that 73% of voters were unhappy with the government.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ ($\boldsymbol{POLITICS}$) an election; the number of votes in an election

The country will go to the polls (= vote) in November.

pol . len / 'palen / noun [noncount]

(BIOLOGY) the yellow powder in flowers that is taken to other flowers by insects or by the wind

pol . li . nate / 'paleneit / verb

(pol li nates , pol li nat ing , pol li nat ed) (BIOLOGY) to put pollen into a flower or plant so that it produces seeds

Flowers are pollinated by bees.

▶pol·li·na·tion / paləˈneɪʃn / noun [noncount]

pol . **lut** . **ant** / pəˈlutnt / *noun* [count] a substance that **pollutes** air, rivers, etc.

pol . lute / pəˈlut / verb

(pol lutes, pol lut ing, pol lut ed)

to make the air, rivers, etc. dirty and dangerous

Many of our rivers are polluted with chemicals from factories.

pol . lu . tion 🔯 / pəˈluʃn / noun [noncount]

1 the action of making the air, rivers, etc. dirty and dangerous

We must stop the pollution of our beaches.

2 dirty and dangerous chemicals, gases, etc. that harm the environment

Our rivers are full of pollution.

Collocations

The environment

environmental damage

cause climate change/global warming

produce pollution/carbon dioxide/CO 2 **destroy/harm** the environment/wildlife

pollute the environment/the air/rivers and lakes/the oceans

protecting the environment

reduce/limit pollution/emissions

protect/save the planet/the rain forests/an
endangered species

energy and resources

save/consume/waste energy

dump/throw away garbage/trash/waste

recycle bottles/packaging/paper/waste

get/generate/produce electricity from wind/solar power

pol · y · es · ter / pali'ester / noun [noncount] an artificial material that is used for making clothes, etc. The sheets are a mixture of cotton and polyester.

pol. y. qon / 'paligan / noun [count]

(MATH) a flat shape with at least three straight sides and angles

pond / pand / noun [count]

a small area of water

We have a fish pond in our backyard.

po . **ny** / 'pooni / *noun* [count] (*plural* **po** . **nies**) a small horse

po .ny .tail / 'pooni,teil / noun

[count

long hair that you tie at the back of your head so that it hangs down

She wore her hair in a ponytail.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **hair**.

pool 1 pul / noun

1 [count] (also swim ming pool) a place that has been built for people to swim in

Karen dived into the pool.

2 [count] a small area of liquid or light on the ground *She was lying in a pool of blood.*

3 [noncount] a game in which two players try to hit balls into pockets on the edge of a table, using a long stick a pool table

pool 2 / pul / *verb* (pools , pool ing , pooled) to collect money or ideas together from different people *First we'll work in pairs, then we'll pool our ideas.*

poor 🍮 / por / adjective (poor er , poor est)

1 with very little money

She was too poor to buy clothes for her children. She gave her life to helping the poor (= poor people). The noun is **poverty**.

→ANTONYM rich

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ a word that you use when you feel sad because someone has problems

Poor Tina! She's not feeling well.

3 bad

My grandfather is in very poor health.

poor . ly / 'porli / adverb

badly

The street is poorly lit.

pop 1 / pap / noun

1 (also pop mu sic) [noncount]

(MUSIC) modern music that is most popular among young people

What's your favorite pop group?

a pop singer

2 [count] a short, sharp sound

The cork came out of the bottle with a loud pop.

POP 2 / pap / verb (pops, pop. ping, popped)

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ to burst, or to make something burst, with a short sharp sound

The balloon will pop if you put a pin in it.

2 to put something somewhere quickly

Katie popped a candy into her mouth.

pop up

(informal)

to appear suddenly

The menu pops up when you double-click on the link. New restaurants were popping up everywhere.

pop . corn / 'papkorn / noun

[noncount]

yellow grains from a tall plant (called **corn**) that are heated until they burst and become light white balls

pope / poup / noun [count]

(RELIGION) the head of the Roman Catholic Church Pope Benedict

Pop . si . cleTM / 'papsıkl / noun

[count]

a piece of sweet ice on a stick

pop . u . lar 🔯 / 'papyələr / adjective

liked by a lot of people

Baseball is a popular sport in the U.S.

→ANTONYM unpopular

pop · u · lar · i · ty / papyəˈlærəti / noun

[noncount]

being liked by many people

pop . u . late / 'papyəleit / verb

(pop u lates, pop u lat ing, pop u lat ed)

(GEOGRAPHY) to fill a particular area with people *Most of New England is heavily populated.*

pop . **u** . **la** . **tion** / papyəˈleɪʃn / noun [count] (GEOGRAPHY) the number of people who live in a place

(GEOGRAPHY) the number of people who live in a place What is the population of your country?

porch / ports / noun [count] (plural porch .es) a covered area with an open front, which is joined to a house on the ground floor

por .cu .pine

/ 'porkyopain / noun [count]

a small brown or black animal that is covered with long sharp parts (called spines) porcupine



pore / por / noun [count]

one of the small holes in your skin that sweat passes through

pork / pork / noun [noncount]

meat from a pig

pork sausages
Word building

A young pig is called a piglet .

Meat from a pig is called pork, bacon, or ham.

port 2 / port / noun [count]

a city or town by the ocean, where ships arrive and leave *Baltimore is an important port.*

port .a .ble / 'portabl / adjective

able to be moved or carried easily a portable television

→ Look at the picture at stereo .

por .ter / 'porter / noun [count]

a person whose job is to carry people's bags in places like railroad stations and hotels

port · fo · li · o / port foolioo / noun [count] (plural port · fo · li · os)

1 a thin flat case for carrying documents, drawings, etc.

2 (ART) a collection of photographs, drawings, etc. that you show to people as an example of your work *Please bring a portfolio of your work to the interview.*

por . tion AWL / 'porsin / noun [count]

1 a part of something larger

He gave a portion of the money to each of his children.

2 an amount of food for one person

a large portion of rice

por . trait / 'portret / noun [count]

(ART) a painting or picture of a person

por . tray / por trei / verb

(por trays, por tray ing, por trayed)

1 to describe someone or something in a particular way *The lawyer portrayed her client as an honest family man.*

2 to act the part of someone in a play or movie *In his latest movie, he portrays a baseball coach.*

▶por .tray .al / por'treal / noun [count]

She won an award for her portrayal of Virginia Woolf.

POSE 1 AWL / pooz / verb (pos.es, pos.ing, posed)

1 to cause or create something that someone must deal

This task poses several problems .

with

2 (ART) to sit or stand in a particular position for a painting or photograph

After the wedding ceremony, we all posed for pictures.

DOSE 2 AWL / pouz / noun

(ART) the position that someone stands or sits in, in order to be painted or photographed Just sit in a natural pose.

posh / paʃ / adjective (posh er, posh est) expensive and of good quality a posh restaurant

po . Si . tion 🥯 / pəˈzɪʃn / noun

1 [count, noncount] the place where someone or something is

Can you show me the position of your town on the map? *Is everyone in position* (= in the right place) ?

2 [count, noncount] the way that someone or something is sitting, standing, facing, etc.

She was still sitting in the same position when I came back.

Keep the box in an upright position.

3 [count, noncount] how things are at a certain time He's in a difficult position – he doesn't have enough money to finish school.

4 [count] a job

There have been over a hundred applications for the position of Sales Manager.

DOS . i . tive 🥯 AWL / 'pazətıv / adjective

1 thinking or talking about the good parts of a situation It's important to stay positive.

The teacher was very positive about my work.

→ANTONYM negative

2 completely sure

Are you positive that you closed the door?

→SYNONYM sure

3 (HEALTH) (used about a medical test) showing that something has happened or is there

The result of the pregnancy test was positive.

→ANTONYM negative

4 (MATH) (used about a number) more than zero

→ANTONYM negative

pos .i .tive .ly AWL / 'pazativli / adverb (informal)

really; extremely

The idea is positively stupid.

pos . sess / palzes / verb

(pos sess es , pos sess ing , pos sessed) (formal)

to have or own something

He lost everything that he possessed in the fire.

pos . ses . sion / pəˈzɛʃn / noun

Remember! You spell possession with SS and SS

1 [noncount]

the fact of having or owning something

The possession of drugs is a crime.

2 possessions [plural] the things that you have or own

→SYNONYM belongings

pos . ses . sive / pəˈzɛsɪv / adjective

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) used to describe words that a plant pot show who or what a person or thing belongs to

"Mine," "yours," and "his" are possessive pronouns.

pos . si . bil . i . ty 🥯 / pasəˈbiləti / noun

[count](plural pos si bil i ties)

something that might happen

There's a possibility that it will rain, so take your

pos . si . ble D / 'pasəbl / adjective

able to happen or to be done

Is it possible to get to your house by train?

I'll call you as soon as possible.

→ANTONYM impossible

pos . Si . bly 2 / 'pasəbli / adverb

"Will you be free tomorrow?" "Possibly."

2 in a way that can be done

I'll come as soon as I possibly can.

post 1 2 / post / noun [count]

1 a piece of wood or metal that stands in the ground to hold something or to show where something is

The sign had fallen off the post.

a fence post

a lamppost

→ Look at signpost.

2 a job, especially an important one in a large organization a government post

post 2 / poost / verb (posts, post ing, post ed) to put a notice where everyone can see it, for example in a public place or on the Internet

The results will be posted on the college website.

post .age / 'povstid3 / noun [noncount] money that you pay to send a letter or package

post . **al** / 'poustl / adjective

connected with sending and receiving letters, packages, etc. postal workers

post .card / 'poustkard / noun [count]

a card with a picture on one side, which you write on and send by mail

She sent me a postcard from California.

post .er / 'pooster / noun [count]

a big piece of paper on a wall, with a picture or words on it

post grad u ate / post grædguet / adjective (formal)

connected with studies that someone does at a university after they have received their first degree postgraduate courses in biology

post of . fice / 'poust of as / noun [count]

a building where you go to send letters and packages and to buy stamps

post . pone / pous poun / verb

(post_pones, post_pon_ing, post_poned)

to say that something will happen later than you planned The game was postponed because of the weather.

pot 2 / pat / noun [count]

1 a deep, round container for cooking

a big pot of soup

2 a container that you use for a special thing

a pot of coffee

→ Look at the picture at cactus.

po . tas . si . um / po tæsiom / noun

[noncount](symbol K)

(<code>CHEMISTRY</code>) a soft, silver-white metal that is used especially in mixtures (called ${\bf compounds}$)

po .ta .to <a>\text{po'teitov} / noun [count, noncount] (plural po .ta .toes)

a white vegetable with a brown or red skin that grows underground

a baked potato mashed potato

→ Look at sweet potato.,

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **vegetable**.

po . ta . to chip / pəˈteɪtoʊ tʃɪp / noun [count] a very thin piece of potato cooked in hot oil and eaten cold Do you want some potato chips with your sandwich?

po . ten . tial 1 AWL / pəˈtɛnʃl / adjective possible; likely to happen or exist potential students

► po . ten . tial . ly AWL / pəˈtɛnʃəli / adverb

This is a potentially dangerous situation (= it could be dangerous).

po .ten .tial 2 AWL / po ten l / noun

qualities or possibilities that exist and can be developed *She has great potential as a musician.*

pot .ter .y / 'pateri / noun [noncount]

1 cups, plates, and other things that are made from **clay** (= heavy earth that becomes hard when it is baked in an oven) *This shop sells beautiful pottery.*

2 (ART) the activity of making cups, plates, and other things from **clay**

Her hobby is pottery.

poul .try / 'pooltri / noun [plural]

birds such as chickens that people keep on farms for their eggs or their meat

pounce / paons / verb

(pounc es , pounc ing , pounced)

to jump on someone or something suddenly

The cat pounced on the bird.

pound 2 / paond / noun [count]

1 (symbol lb.) a measure of weight (= 0.454 kilograms).

There are 16 ounces in a pound

You need half a pound of flour.

He weighs 195 pounds.

2 lbs. sugar

2 (symbol **£**) money that people use in Britain and some other countries

The computer cost three hundred pounds.

pour or / verb (pours, pour ing, poured)

1 to make liquid flow out of or into something

She poured water into the teapot.

She poured me a cup of coffee.

Pour the sauce over the meat.

2 to flow quickly

Oil poured out of the damaged ship.

Tears were pouring down her cheeks.

3 to rain very hard

Look at the weather. It's pouring.

pov . **er** . **ty** / 'pavərti / *noun* [noncount]

the state of being poor

There are many people living in poverty in this city.

pow .der / pauder / noun [count, noncount] a dry substance like flour that is made of a lot of very small pieces

Crush the spices to a powder.

Can you get me some more chili powder, please?

pow .er 🔯 / 'paʊər / noun

1 [noncount] the ability to control people or things; the ability to do things

The president has a lot of power.

I did everything in my power (= everything I could do) *to help her.*

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ [noncount] the energy or strength that someone or something has

The ship was helpless against the power of the storm.

3 [noncount] energy that can be collected and used for making machines work, making electricity, etc. *nuclear power*

4 [count] the right to do something

Police officers have the power to arrest people.

5 [count] a strong person or country

There is a meeting of world powers next week.

6 [count , usually singular] (MATH) the number of times that a number is to be multiplied by itself 4 to the power of 3 is 4 3 (= $4 \times 4 \times 4 = 64$).

pow .er .ful 2 / 'paverfl / adjective

1 having a lot of strength or power

The car has a very powerful engine.

He is one of the most powerful people in the company.

2 having a strong effect a powerful drug

pow .er .less / 'pauarlas / adjective

not able to do anything

I was powerless to help.

pow . er plant / 'pawer plænt / noun [count] a place where electricity is made

PR / pi 'ar / short for public relations

prac . ti . cal 🕯 / 'præktıkl / adjective

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ connected with doing or making things, not just with ideas

Do you have any practical experience in working on a farm?

2 sensible or suitable; likely to be successful *Your plan isn't practical.*

→ANTONYM impractical

3 good at making and repairing things

She's a very practical person and has made a lot of improvements to the house.

prac . ti . cal joke / "præktikl 'd300k / noun

[count]

a trick that you play on someone that makes him or her look silly and makes other people laugh

prac ti cal ly / præktikli / adverb

almost; nearly

Don't go out — lunch is practically ready! It rained practically every day last week.

prac . tice 1 / 'præktəs / noun

1 [noncount] action rather than ideas or thoughts *Your plan sounds fine, but would it work in practice?*

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ [noncount] doing something many times so that you will do it well

You need lots of practice when you're learning to play a musical instrument.

3 [count] the business of a doctor, dentist, or lawyer Sarah wants to start her own practice when she graduates from law school.

out of practice

not good at something, because you have not done it for a long time

prac tice 2 / præktes / verb (prac tic es , prac tic ing , prac ticed)

1 to do something many times so that you will do it well If you want to play the piano well, you must practice every day.

2 to work as a doctor, dentist, or lawyer *After graduating, she practiced medicine in Atlanta.*

prai .rie / 'preri / noun [count]

(GEOGRAPHY) a very large area of flat land that is covered in grass and few trees (especially in the middle of the U.S.)

praise / preiz / verb

(prais es, prais ing, praised)

to say that someone or something is good *She was praised for her hard work.*

▶ praise *noun* [noncount]

The book has received a lot of praise.

pray / prei / verb (prays, praying, prayed) (RELIGION) to speak to God or a god They prayed to God for help.

1 [count] words that you say when you speak to God or a god

They said a prayer for world peace.

2 [noncount] the act of praying

the power of prayer They knelt in prayer.

preach / pritf / verb

(preach les, preach ling, preached)

(RELIGION) to talk about God or a god to a group of people

preach .er / 'pritfor / noun [count]

(RELIGION) a person who gives religious talks in public Our preacher tonight is Reverend Jones.

pre .cau .tion / prr/kojn / noun [count]

something that you do so that bad things will not happen I took the precaution of locking all the windows when I went out.

pre . cede AWL / pri'sid / verb (pre . cedes , pre . ced . ing , pre . ced . ed)

to happen or come before someone or something Look at the diagram on the preceding page.

pre .cinct / 'prisinkt / noun [count]

(GEOGRAPHY) one of the parts that a town or city is divided into

pre .cious / 'preses / adjective

1 very valuable or expensive *Diamonds are precious stones.*

2 that you consider to be very special *My family is very precious to me.*

pre .cip .i .ta .tion / prɪˌsɪpəˈteɪʃn / noun

[noncount] (formal)

(formal)

(GEOGRAPHY) rain or snow that falls to the ground

pre . cise AWL / pri'sais / adjective exactly right

Exactly right
I gave him precise instructions on how to get to my house.

▶pre .cise .ly AWL / prr'sassli / adverb

They arrived at two o'clock precisely.

pre . ci . sion AWL / prr'sıʒn / noun [noncount] the quality of being clear or exact

The plans were drawn with great precision.

pred .a .tor / 'predətər / noun [count]

(BIOLOGY) an animal that kills and eats other animals

pred .e .ces .sor / 'predə,sesər /noun [count] the person who did a job before the person who does it now She was hired by my predecessor.

pre . dic . a . ment / pri'dikəmənt / noun [count]

an unpleasant and difficult situation that is hard to get out of

pre . dict AWL / pri'dikt / verb

(pre dicts, pre dict ing, pre dict ed)

to say what you think will happen

She predicted that it would rain, and she was right.

► pre dict a ble AWL / pri'diktabl / adjective

that was or could be expected to happen *predictable results*

pre . dic . tion AWL / pri'dikſn / noun

[count, noncount]

saying what will happen; what someone thinks will happen *The results confirmed our predictions.*

pref . ace / 'prefes / noun [count]

(<code>ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS</code>) a piece of writing at the beginning of a book that explains what it is about or why it was written

pre . fer 🚳 / priˈfər / verb

(pre fers, pre fer ring, pre ferred)

to like one thing or person better than another

Would you prefer tea or coffee?

I would prefer to stay at home.

He prefers going out to studying.

pref .er .a .ble / 'prefərəbl / adjective

better or more suitable

I think living in the country is preferable to living in the city.

▶pref .er .a .bly / 'prɛfərəbli / adverb

Call me Sunday morning, but preferably not too early!

pref .er .ence / 'preferens / noun

[count, noncount]

a feeling that you like one thing or person better than another

We have lemonade and orange juice – do you have a preference?

pre .fix / 'prifiks / noun [count]

(plural pre fix es)

($\mbox{\it ENGLISH}$ LANGUAGE ARTS) a group of letters that you add to the beginning of a word to make another word

The prefix "im-" means "not," so "impossible" means "not possible." \rightarrow Look at suffix.

preg · nan · cy / 'pregnensi / noun

[count, noncount] (plural preg.nan.cies)

(HEALTH) the state of being pregnant

Many women feel sick during pregnancy.

preg . nant 🔯 / 'pregnant / adjective

($\mbox{\sc HEALTH}$) If a woman is $\mbox{\sc pregnant}$, she has a baby growing in her body

She's five months pregnant.

pre . his . tor . ic / prihi'storik / adjective

($\mbox{\sc HISTORY}$) from the time in history before events were written down

prehistoric animals

prej .u .dice / 'predgadis / noun

[count, noncount]

a strong idea that you do not like someone or something, for a reason that is wrong or unfair

She was a victim of racial prejudice.

▶prej · u · diced / 'prεdʒədɪst / adjective

He is prejudiced against me because I'm a woman.

pre . lim . i . nar . y / prı'lıməˌnɛri / adjective happening before something else that is more important After a few preliminary remarks, the discussions began.

pre . ma . ture / primatfor / adjective

happening before the expected time

Her baby was premature (= born before the expected time).

pre . mier / pri'mir / noun [count]

($\mbox{{\tt POLITICS}}$) the leader of the government in some countries the Russian premier, Vladimir Putin

prep · a · ra · tion 💁 / ˌprɛpəˈreɪʃn / noun

1 [noncount] making something ready

I packed my bags in preparation for the trip.

2 preparations [plural] what you do to get ready for something

They began to make preparations for the wedding last year.

pre . pare 🥯 / prɪˈpɛr / verb

(pre pares, pre par ing, pre pared)

to make someone or something ready; to make yourself ready

Martin is in the kitchen preparing dinner. I prepared well for the exam.

pre pared / pri'perd / adjective

ready; able to deal with something

I wasn't prepared for all these problems.

prepared to do something

happy to do something

I'm not prepared to give you any money.

→SYNONYM willing

prep · O · Si · tion / prepəˈzɪʃn / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a word that you use before a noun or pronoun to show where, when, how, etc.

In the sentence "He traveled from Orlando to Miami," "from" and "to" are prepositions.

pre . school / 'priskul / noun

[count, noncount]

a school for children between the ages of about two and five My daughter has another year of preschool before she starts kindergarten.

→SYNONYM nursery school

pre . scribe / pri'skraib / verb

(pre scribes, pre scrib ing, pre scribed)

(HEALTH) to say that someone must take a medicine *The doctor prescribed some pills.*

pre . scrip . tion / pri/skripjn / noun

[count, noncount]

(HEALTH) a piece of paper that a doctor gives to you with the name of your medicine on it

pres .ence / 'prezns / noun [noncount]

the fact of being in a place

an experiment to test for the presence of oxygen My grandmother did not allow arguing in her presence (= when she was there).

pres .ent 1 2 / 'preznt / adjective

PRONUNCIATION

When the word **present** is a noun or an adjective, you say the first part of the word louder: **PRESent**. When the word **present** is a verb, you say the second

part of the word louder: preSENT.

1 in a place

The whole class was present.

→ANTONYM absent

2 being or happening now *What is your present job?*

→SYNONYM current

pres .ent 2 0 / preznt / noun

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ [count] something that you give to someone or get from someone

What can I get him for a birthday present?

→SYNONYM gift

2 [noncount] the time now

I can't help you at present – I'm too busy.

3 the present (also the present tense) [singular] the form of a verb that you use to talk about what is happening or what exists now

 \rightarrow Look at future 1 (2), the past tense.

pre . sent 3 0 / pri zent / verb

(presents, presentsing, presentsed)

to give something to someone, especially in a formal ceremony

The prizes were presented to the winners.

They presented their teacher with some flowers.

pres . en . ta . tion / prezn'teɪʃn ; prizn'teɪʃn /

1 [count, noncount] the act of giving something to someone, especially in a formal ceremony

The presentation of prizes will take place at 7:30.

2 [count] a meeting where someone shows or explains something to the people listening

Each student has to give a short presentation on a subject of their choice.

pres ent par ti ci ple / preznt

'partəsipl / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{ENGLISH}}$ LANGUAGE ARTS) the form of a verb that ends in "ing"

the pres . ent per . fect/ðə 'præznt ˈpərfikt /

noun [singular]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) the form of a verb for things that began in the past and continue now. We make it with the present tense of "have" and a past participle of the verb "They have disappeared" is in the present perfect.

the pres ent tense / ðə preznt tens /

(also the pres ent) noun [singular]

($\mbox{ENGLISH}$ LANGUAGE ARTS) the form of a verb that you use to talk about what is happening or what exists now

pres .er .va .tion / prezer'vein / noun [noncount]

the act of keeping something safe or in good condition the preservation of rare birds

pre .ser .va .tive / prr'zervet.v / noun
[count, noncount]

a substance that is added to food so that it stays in good condition for longer

Our juice is 100% natural, with no artificial colors or preservatives.

pre . serve / pri'zərv / verb

(pre serves, pre serv ing, pre served) to keep something safe or in good condition

They managed to preserve most of the paintings. pres .i .den .cy / 'prezadansi / noun

(plural pres i den cies) (POLITICS)

- **1 the presidency** [singular] the position of being president
- **2** [count] the period of time that someone is president These events happened during the third year of his presidency.

pres . i . dent O / 'prezedent / noun [count]

 $\boldsymbol{1}\,$ ($\boldsymbol{POLITICS}$) the leader of the country in many countries of the world

the president of the United States

Word building

The U.S. Government

The government in the U.S. is divided into three parts: the $legislative\ branch$, the $executive\ branch$, and the $judicial\ branch$.

The legislative branch is responsible for making laws. This is the U.S. Congress, which is made up of two groups of people: the Senate and the House of Representatives.

The executive branch is led by the **president**, and includes the **vice president** and the rest of the **Cabinet** (= other important politicians) .

The judicial branch includes the **Supreme Court** , which is the most important court in the country.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ ($\mbox{\sc BUSINESS}$) the person with the highest position in an organization or a company

► pres · i · den · tial / ¡prɛzəˈdɛnʃl / adjective the presidential elections

Pres . i . dents' Day / 'prezedents dei / noun

a holiday on the third Monday in February to celebrate the birthdays of George Washington and Abraham Lincoln

press 1 / pres / noun (plural press es)

1 the press [noncount] newspapers and magazines and the people who write them

She told her story to the press.

2 [count] a machine for printing things like books and newspapers

press 2 / pres / verb (press .es , press .ing , pressed)

1 to push something

If you press this button, the door will open. She pressed her face against the window.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at squeeze.

2 to make clothes flat and smooth using a piece of electrical equipment that gets hot (called an iron) *This suit needs pressing.*

press con . fer . ence / 'pres kanfrens /

noun [count]

a meeting when a famous or important person answers questions from news reporters

pres . sure 1 0 / prefer / noun

1 [noncount] the force that presses on something

The pressure of the water caused the dam to crack.

2 [count, noncount] (PHYSICS) the force that a gas or

liquid has when it is contained inside something

He has high blood pressure (= the force with which blood

He has high blood pressure (= the force with which blood travels around your body).

You should check your tire pressure (= the amount of air in your car tires) regularly.

3 [count, noncount] a feeling of being worried because of the things you have to do

She's under a lot of pressure at work. financial pressures

pres . sure 2 / 'prefer / verb

(pres sures, pres sur ing, pres sured)

Her parents pressured her into going to a college near home.

pres . tige / pre'sti3 / noun [noncount]

the respect that someone or something has because they have a high social position or they have been very successful

He dreamed of having a job with a lot of power and prestige.

► pres · ti · gious / prɛˈstidʒəs / adjective a prestigious university

pre . sum . a . bly AWL / pri'zuməbli / adverb a word you use when you think that something is probably true

Presumably, this rain means the parade will be canceled.

pre . sume AWL / pri'zum / verb

(pre sumes, pre sum ing, pre sumed)

to think that something is true, although you are not sure *She's not home yet, so I presume she's still at work.*

pre . tend 🥯 / prɪˈtɛnd / verb

(prestends, prestendsing, prestendsed)

to try to make someone believe something that is not true He didn't want to talk, so he pretended to be asleep. I pretended that I was enjoying myself.

pre . ten . tious / pritenfas / adjective

trying to appear more serious or important than you really are in order to impress other people

pre .text / 'pritekst / noun [count]

a reason that you give for doing something, which is not the real reason

She left work early on the pretext of having a doctor's appointment.

pret . ty 1 🥯 / ˈprɪti̯ / adjective

(pret ti er, pret ti est)

nice to look at

a pretty little girl

These flowers are very pretty.

Thesaurus

attractive can be used about any person who is nice to look at: He's polite and attractive. ◆ a group of attractive young women

beautiful (usually used to describe a woman or girl) very attractive: a beautiful, intelligent woman ◆ She looked beautiful that night.

good-looking (used more about men than women) attractive: *The band's lead singer is very good-looking.*

♦ a good-looking young actor

pretty (usually used about a girl or young woman) attractive: She has a very pretty face. ◆ a pretty little girl in a pink dress

handsome (usually used about a man or boy) attractive: You look so handsome in that suit! ◆ a polite, handsome man

pret ty 2 5 / priti / adverb

(informal)

very, but not completely

You should wear a heavier coat — it's pretty cold today. I'm pretty sure that Alex will agree.

→SYNONYM quite

pretty much; pretty well

almost

I won't be long. I'm pretty much finished.

pret .zel / 'pretsl / noun [count]

a type of bread that is rolled and twisted into a special shape and baked with salt. **Pretzels** are often thin and hard

a bag of pretzels

pre . vent 🔯 / pri'vent / verb

(pre .vents , pre .vent .ing , pre .vent .ed)

to stop someone from doing something; to stop something from happening

Her parents want to prevent her from getting married. It is easier to prevent disease than to cure it.

 $pre \cdot ven \cdot tion \ / \ \mathit{pri'venfn} \ / \ \mathit{noun}$

[noncount]

stopping someone from doing something or stopping something from happening

crime prevention

the prevention of cruelty to animals

pre . view / 'privyu / noun [count]

1 a chance to see a play, movie, etc. before it is shown to the general public

2 a chance to see what something will be like before it happens or is shown

Click on the print preview button.

pre . vi . ous 🥯 AWL / 'priviəs / adjective

coming or happening before or earlier

Who was the previous owner of the car?

▶ pre . vi . ous . ly AWL / 'priviəsli / adverb

I work in a factory now, but previously I was a salesclerk.

prey / prei / noun

[noncount]

an animal or bird that another animal or bird kills for food *Zebra are prey for lions.*

price 🥯 / prais / noun

[count]

how much money you pay to buy something *The price is \$15.*

Prices in this country are high.

Thesaurus

price the money that you have to pay to buy something: What's the price of gas now? ◆ We can't afford the car at that price. ◆ house prices

cost the money that you need to buy, make, or do something: The cost of electricity is going up. ◆ A new computer system was installed at a cost of \$80,000. ◆ the cost of living (= the amount of money you need to pay for food, clothes, and a place to live)

charge the money that you pay for goods or services: Is there a charge for parking here? ◆ Delivery is **free** of **charge** (= costs nothing).

fee the money you pay to go into a place, or for professional advice or services from doctors, lawyers, colleges, etc.: Some lawyers charge extremely high fees for their services. ◆ an annual membership fee ◆ tuition fees

expense the money you spend on something, or something that makes you spend money: The house was decorated at great expense. • Owning a car is a big expense.

price . less / 'praisles / adjective

extremely valuable priceless jewels

pric .ey (also pric .y) / 'praisi / adjective

(pric i er , pric i est)

(informal)

expensive

The restaurant is great, but it's a little pricey.

prick / prik / verb (pricks, prick ing, pricked) to make a very small hole in something, or to hurt someone, with a sharp point

I pricked my finger on a needle.

▶prick noun [count]

She felt the prick of a needle.

prick .ly / 'prikli / adjective

covered with sharp points

a prickly cactus

pride / praid / noun

[noncount]

 ${f 1}$ the feeling that you are proud of something that you or others have or have done

She showed us her painting with great pride.

2 the feeling that you are better than other people The adjective is **proud** .

priest 🥯 / prist / noun [count]

a person who leads people in their religion a Roman Catholic priest

pri .mar .i .ly AWL / prar merəli / adverb

more than anything else; mainly

The course is aimed primarily at people with no previous experience.

pri . mar . y AWL / 'prai, meri / adjective

first; most important

The primary aim of this course is to improve your spoken French.

pri .mar .y col .or / praimeri 'kalər / noun

(ART) any of the colors red, yellow, or blue. You can make any other color by mixing **primary colors** in different ways.

prime AWL / praim / adjective

1 most important

My prime concern is to protect my property.

2 of very good quality

prime cuts of beef

prime min · is · ter / pram 'minəstər / noun print · er / 'printər /

(POLITICS) the leader of the government in some countries, for example in Britain

prime num . ber / praim 'namber / noun

(MATH) a number that can only be divided by itself and 1. The numbers 7, 17, and 41 are **prime numbers**.

prim . i . tive / 'primativ / adjective

very simple; not developed

The cooking facilities were very primitive.

primitive beliefs

prince / prins / noun

[count]

1 a man in a royal family, especially the son of a king or queen

the Prince of Egypt

2 (POLITICS) a man from a royal family who is the leader of a small country

prin . cess / 'prinses / noun

[count](plural prin.cess.es)

a woman in a royal family, especially the daughter of a king or queen or the wife of a prince

prin . ci . pal 1 AWL / 'prinsəpl / adjective most important

My principal reason for going to the store was to buy

prin . ci . pal 2 AWL / 'prinsəpl / noun [count]

a person who is in charge of a school The high school has a new principal.

prin . ci . pal . ly AWL / 'prinsəpli / adverb mainly; mostly

She sometimes travels to Washington, but she works principally in Baltimore.

prin . ci . ple AWL / 'prinsepl / noun [count]

1 a rule about how you should live He has very strong principles.

I refuse to lie about it; it's against my principles.

2 a rule or fact about how something happens or works scientific principles

print 1 2 / print / verb (prints, print ing, print ed)

1 to put words or pictures onto paper using a machine. Books, newspapers, and magazines are **printed**.

2 to write with letters that are not joined together Please print your name and address clearly.

print something out to print information from a computer onto paper

I'll just print out this document.

The noun is **printout**.

print 2 / print / noun

1 [noncount] letters that a machine makes on paper The print is too small to read without my glasses.

2 [count] a mark where something has pressed on something

footprints in the snow

The police are looking for prints (= fingerprints).

3 [count] (ART) a copy on paper of a painting or photograph

noun [count]

1 a machine that prints words from a computer

2 a person or company that prints things like books or newspapers

printer



print .out / 'printaut / noun [count]

(COMPUTERS) information from a computer that is printed onto paper

She gave me a printout of my reservation.

pri . or AWL / 'praier / adjective coming or happening before or earlier No prior experience is necessary to do the job.

→SYNONYM previous

pri .or .i .tize AWL / prar'oretaiz / verb

(pri or i tiz es, pri or i tiz ing, pri or i tized) to organize things so that you can do the most important

You need to prioritize your work so you can meet your deadlines.

pri . or . i . ty 🔯 AWL / prarbreti / noun (plural pri or i ties)

1 [count] something that you think is more important than other things and that you must do first Education is a top priority.

2 [noncount] being more important than someone or something or coming before someone or something else We give priority to families with small children. Emergency cases take priority over other patients in the hospital.

prism / 'prizəm / noun [count]

(PHYSICS) a transparent glass or plastic object. It separates light that passes through it into the seven different colors.

pris on 9 / prizn / noun [count]

a place where criminals must stay as a punishment He was sent to prison for robbing a bank. She was in prison for 15 years.

→SYNONYM jail

pris on er 2 / prizner / noun [count]

a person who is in prison as a punishment; a person who is

The number of prisoners serving life sentences has fallen. He was taken prisoner by rebel soldiers.

pri . va . cy / 'praivesi / noun [noncount]

being alone and not watched or disturbed by other people He locked the door so he could have some privacy.

pri . vate 🥯 / 'praivət / adjective

1 for one person or a small group of people only, and not for anyone else

You shouldn't read his letters – they're private. This is private property.

2 alone; without other people there

I would like a private meeting with the manager.

3 not connected with your job

She never talks about her private life at work.

4 not controlled or paid for by the government a *private hospital*

private schools

in private

alone; without other people there

Can I speak to you in private? → ANTONYM in public

▶pri .vate .ly / 'praivətli / adverb

Let's go into my office – we can talk more privately there.

priv . i . lege / 'privəlidʒ / noun [count]

something special that only one person or a few people may do or have

Prisoners who behave well have special privileges.

▶ priv · i · leged / ˈprɪvəlɪdʒd / adjective

I feel very privileged to be playing for the national team.

prize 🔯 / praız / noun [count]

something that you give to the person who wins a game, race, etc.

I won first prize in the painting competition. Did you win a prize?

prob · a · bil · i · ty / ˌprabəˈbɪləti / noun

[noncount, singular]

how likely something is to happen

There was little probability of success.

prob . a . ble 🔯 / 'prabəbl / adjective

likely to happen or to be true

It is probable that he will be late.

→ANTONYM improbable

prob .a .bly 🥯 / 'prabəbli / adverb

almost certainly

I will probably see you on Thursday.

prob . lem 💁 / 'prablem / noun [count]

1 something that is difficult; something that makes you worry

She has a lot of problems. Her husband is sick and she may lose her job.

There is a problem with my phone – it doesn't work.

 ${f 2}$ a question that you must answer by thinking about it *I can't solve this problem* .

no problem (informal)

words you use to say that something is easy and you don't mind doing it

"Can you fix this?" "Sure, no problem."

prob . lem . at . ic / problemætik / adjective causing a lot of problems, or full of problems

Finding someone to do this work for you could be problematic.

pro .ce .dure AWL / prəˈsidʒər / noun

[count, noncount]

the usual or correct way of doing something What is the procedure for applying for a student visa?

pro . ceed AWL / pro'sid; prov'sid / verb (pro . ceeds , pro . ceed . ing , pro . ceed . ed) (formal)

1 to continue doing something

We're not sure whether we want to proceed with the sale of the house.

2 to do something next, after having done something else first

Once he had calmed down, he proceeded to tell us what had happened.

proc .ess 🔯 AWL / 'prases / noun [count]

(plural proc.ess.es)

1 a number of actions, one after the other, for doing or making something

He explained the process of building a boat.

Learning a language is usually a slow process.

2 a number of changes that happen in a natural way *Trees go through the process of growing and losing leaves every year.*

pro .ces .sion / prəˈsɛʃn / noun

[count

a line of people or cars that are moving slowly along *We watched the funeral procession.*

pro . duce 1 ²⁰/ prəˈdus / verb

(pro .duc .es , pro .duc .ing , pro .duced)

1 to make or grow something *This factory produces cars.*

What does the farm produce?

2 to make something happen

His hard work produced good results.

3 to bring something out to show it

She produced a ticket from her pocket.

4 to organize something like a play or movie *She is producing a play at our local theater.*

pro .duce 2 / 'proodus / noun

[noncount]

food that you grow on a farm or in a garden to sell fresh farm produce

pro .duc .er / prəˈdusər / noun [count]

1 a person who organizes something like a play or movie *a television producer*

2 a company or country that makes or grows something *Brazil is an important producer of coffee.*

prod . uct 🥯 / 'prad/kt / noun

[count]

1 something that people make or grow to sell

The company has just launched a new product.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ (MATH) the amount you get if you multiply one number by another

The product of three and five is fifteen.

pro .duc .tion 😂 / prəˈdʌkʃn / noun

 $\boldsymbol{1} \; [\; \text{noncount} \;]$ the action of making or growing something the production of oil

2 [count] a play, movie, etc.

pro .duc .tive / prəˈdʌktɪv / adjective doing, achieving, or producing a lot The meeting was very productive.

pro .fes .sion / prəˈfɛʃn / noun

[count

a job that needs a lot of studying and special training *She's a doctor by profession* .

Thesaurus

job the work that you do to earn money: My dad told me to go out and get a job. ◆ She's trying to find a full-time job. ◆ I'm only doing my job (= I'm doing what I am paid to do). ◆ He's looking for a job in teaching.

work the job that you do to earn money. Work is a noncount noun, so you cannot say "a work" or "works": It's very difficult to find work in this city. ◆ I've been out of work (= without a job) for almost a year. ◆ She goes jogging every morning before work.

employment the state of having a job that you are paid to do. This is a noncount noun, and is a more formal word than work and job : The company provides employment for 150 staff. ◆ I'm only looking for part-time employment right now.

career the jobs that someone has in a particular area of work over a period of time. Your career often involves several jobs, which usually involve more responsibility as time passes: a teaching career ◆ a career in politics ◆ Why did you decide on a career as a vat?

profession a job that needs special training and higher education: the legal profession \spadesuit She hopes to enter the medical profession. \spadesuit He's a teacher by profession.

pro . fes . sion . al 1 ²⁰ AWL / prəˈfɛʃənl / adjective

1 connected with a profession

I got professional advice from a lawyer.

2 doing something for money as a job a professional tennis player

→ANTONYM amateur

► pro . fes . sion . al . ly AWL / prəˈfɛʃənl•i / adverb He plays the piano professionally.

pro . fes . sion . al 2 AWL / prolfejonl / noun

a person who works in a job that needs a lot of training or education

doctors and other medical professionals

pro .fes .sor / proˈfɛsər / noun

[count]

a teacher at a college or university *Professor Oliver*

He's a psychology professor at Cornell University.

pro . fi . cient / prəˈfɪʃnt / adjective

able to do a particular thing well

We are looking for someone who is proficient in Spanish.

▶pro · fi · cien · cy / prəˈfɪʃnsi / noun

[noncount]

proficiency in English

pro .file / 'proofail / noun

count

1 the shape of a person's face when you see it from the side 2 a short description of someone or something that gives useful information

We're building up a profile of our typical customer.

prof . it 🔯 / 'prafət / noun

[count]

money that you get when you sell something for more than it cost to buy or make

They made a profit of \$10.

prof . it . a . ble / 'profətəbl / adjective If something is **profitable**, it brings you money a profitable business

pro . found / prəˈfaond / adjective

that you feel very strongly

The experience had a profound influence on her.

pro . gram 1 ²⁰ / 'proogræm / noun [count]

1 something on television or radio

Did you watch that program about cats on TV last night?

Collocations

Television

watching

watch television/TV/a show/a program/a documentary/a repeat

see a commercial/the news

change/switch the channel

turn on/turn off the television/the TV

showing

show a program/a documentary/a commercial/an episode

get low/high ratings

appearing

be on/appear on television/TV/a show/a talk show **take part in** a show/a game show

do/make a show/a commercial/a documentary

2 an official plan or system for doing something an intense training program

There are plans to expand the government programs for the elderly.

 $\boldsymbol{3}$ ($\boldsymbol{COMPUTERS}$) a set of instructions that you give to a computer

He sells software programs for businesses.

4 a piece of paper or a little book that tells people at a play or concert what they are going to see or hear

pro .gram 2 / 'proogræm / verb

(pro grams, pro gram ming, pro grammed)

(COMPUTERS) to give a set of instructions to a computer *It's easy to program the computer to recognize those symbols.*

► pro . gram . ming / 'proogræming / noun [noncount] a degree in computer programming

pro .gram .mer / 'proogræmer / noun
[count]

a person whose job is to write programs for a computer

pro . gress 1 6 / pragres / noun [noncount]

1 improvement or development

Jo has made good progress in math this year.

2 movement forward

She watched her father's slow progress down the steps.

in progress

happening now

Quiet please - examination in progress.

pro . gress 2 / pro gres / verb

(pro .gress .es , pro .gress .ing , pro .gressed)

1 to improve or develop

Students can progress at their own speed.

2 to move forward; to continue

She became more tired as the evening progressed.

pro .hib .it AWL / proo'hibət / verb

(pro_hib_its, pro_hib_it_ing, pro_hib_it_ed)
(formal)

to say that people must not do something
The sign says that parking is prohibited here.

→SYNONYM forbid

pro . hi . bi . tion AWL / provebjn / noun

1 [count, noncount] (formal)

a law or rule that says people must not do something a prohibition on carrying guns

2 Prohibition [noncount] (HISTORY) the time between 1920 and 1933, when it was illegal to produce and sell alcoholic drinks in the U.S.

pro .ject 1 AWL / 'pradzekt / noun [count]

1 a big plan to do something a project to build a new airport

The research project will be funded by the government.

2 a piece of work that you do at school. You find out a lot about something and write about it

We did a project on the Civil War.

pro .ject 2 AWL / prəˈdʒɛkt / verb

(pro jects , pro ject ing , pro ject ed)

1 to plan something that will happen in the future

the president's projected tour of Europe

2 to make light, a moving picture, etc. appear on a flat surface or screen

Colored lights were projected onto the dance floor.

>pro.jec.tion AWL / pro¹dʒɛkʃn / noun [count, noncount]

pro .jec .tor / pro'd3ektor / noun [count]

a machine that shows movies or pictures on a wall or screen

pro . **lif** . **ic** / prəˈlɪfɪk / *adjective* producing a lot of music, writing, art, etc. *She is a prolific writer of short stories.*

pro . long / prəˈləŋ / verb

(pro longs, pro long ing, pro longed)

to make something last longer

This treatment could prolong his life by around two years.

prom / pram / noun [count]

a formal dance for high school students that happens near the end of the school year

the senior prom

Are you going to the prom this year?

prom . i . nent / 'pramenent / adjective

1 easy to see, for example because it is bigger than usual *prominent teeth*

2 important and famous a prominent writer

prom ise 1 / prames / verb

(promais as, promais ing, promaised)

1 to say that you will certainly do or not do something *She promised to give me the money today.*

I promise that I'll come.

Promise me you won't be late!

2 to show signs that something will be good or successful *The picnic promises to be a lot of fun.*

prom . ise 2 0 / 'prames / noun [count]

when you say that you will certainly do or not do something *He kept his promise* (= did what he said) .

You broke your promise – how can I trust you?

prom . is . ing / 'praməsıŋ / adjective showing signs of being very good or successful a promising young writer

pro · **mote** AWL / pro moot / verb (pro motes, pro mot ing, pro mot ed)

1 to give someone a more important job She worked hard, and after a year she was promoted to manager.

→ANTONYM demote

2 to help a product sell more or be more popular *The band is on tour to promote their new album.*

▶pro .mo .tion AWL / prəˈmoʊʃn / noun

[count, noncount]

The new job is a promotion for me.

prompt / prampt / adjective quick; She gave me a prompt answer.

prompt . ly / 'pramptli / adverb

quickly; not late

We arrived promptly at two o'clock.

prone / proon / adjective

likely to suffer from something or to do something bad Young people are especially prone to this disease. to be accident-prone (= to have a lot of accidents)

pro . noun / 'prounaun / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a word that you use in place of a noun; "He," "it," "me," and "them" are all pronouns.

pro . nounce / pra'naons / verb

(pro nounc es, pro nounc ing, pro nounced)

to make the sound of a letter or word *How do you pronounce your name?*

You don't pronounce the "b" at the end of "comb."

pro . nun . ci . a . tion 🔯 / prəˌnʌnsiˈeɪʃn /

noun [count, noncount]

how you say a word or words

What's the correct pronunciation of this word?

Your pronunciation is very good.

proof / pruf / noun [noncount]

information which shows that something is true Do you have any proof that you are the owner of this car? The verb is **prove**.

SUFFIX

-proof

(in adjectives) able to protect against the thing mentioned $\ensuremath{\textit{bullet proof}}$

fire proof

water proof

proof . read / 'prufrid / verb

(proof reads, proof read ing, proof read

/ 'prufred / has proof read)

to read and correct a piece of writing *Did you proofread this essay?*

prop · a · gan · da / ˌprɑpəˈgændə / noun

[noncount

(POLITICS) information and ideas that may not be completely true, which are used by governments or organizations to influence people political propaganda

pro . pel . ler / pro pelor / noun [count]

a part that is connected to the engine on a ship or an airplane. It turns around very fast to make the ship or airplane move.

prop . er 🥯 / ˈprɑpər / adjective

right or correct

I don't have the proper tools to fix the car.

prop .er .ly / 'praperli / adverb

well or correctly

Close the door properly.

I can't see properly without my glasses.

prop .er name / proper 'nem /

(also prop er noun / praper naun /) noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a word that is the name of a particular person or place

"Mary," "Dallas," and "Empire State Building" are all proper names.

prop er ty 2 / praparti / noun (plural prop er ties)

1 [noncount] something that you have or own *This book is the property of James Waters.*

 \rightarrow Look at the note at thing.

2 [count] a building and the land around it

 $\boldsymbol{3}$ [<code>count]</code> a special quality or characterisite that a substance has

Some plants have healing properties.

proph .et / 'profet / noun [count]

a person that God chooses to give his message to people

pro . por . tion AWL / prəˈpɔrʃn / noun

1 [count] a part of something

A large proportion of (= many) people agree.

2 [noncount] the amount or size of one thing compared to another thing

What is the proportion of men to women in the factory?

pro . pos . al / prə'poʊzl / noun
[count]

1 a plan or idea about how to do something a proposal to build a new station

2 when you ask someone to marry you

pro . pose / pra pouz / verb

(pro pos es, pro pos ing, pro posed)

 ${f 1}$ (formal) to say what you think should happen or be done

I propose that we meet again on Monday.

→SYNONYM suggest

2 to ask someone to marry you *He finally proposed to me!*

prop · o · si · tion / ˌprapəˈzɪʃn / noun

1 (BUSINESS) a business idea, plan, or offer *That sounds like an interesting proposition.*

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ (also $\boldsymbol{Proposition}$) a suggested change to a law that people can vote on

California voters approved Proposition 8 in 2008.

prose / provz / noun [noncount]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) writing that is not poetry *He wrote poetry and prose.*

pros . e . cute / 'prasekyut / verb

(pros .e .cutes, pros .e .cut .ing, pros .e .cut .ed) to say officially in a court of law that someone has done something illegal

He was prosecuted for theft.

pros .e .cu .tion / "prasəˈkyuʃn / noun

1 [count, noncount] the process of officially trying to show that someone has done something illegal, in a court of law

2 the prosecution [singular] the lawyers who are trying to show that someone is guilty in a court of law *The prosecution claimed that he was lying.*

 \rightarrow Look at defense (3).

pros . pect AWL / 'praspekt / noun

1 [singular] a thought about what may or will happen in the future

The prospect of becoming a father terrified him.

2 prospects [plural] chances of being successful in the

A college degree will improve your job prospects.

pros . per / 'prasper / verb

(pros pers, pros per ing, pros pered)

to be successful, especially with money

▶ pros . per . i . ty / pra'sperati / noun [noncount]

Tourism brought great prosperity to the region.

pros · **per** · **ous** / 'prosperes / *adjective* rich and successful

pros .ti .tute / 'prastatut / noun [count]

a person, especially a woman, who earns money by having sex with people

pro . tect 🔯 / prəˈtɛkt / verb

(pro tects, pro tect ing, pro tect ed)

to keep someone or something safe

Parents try to protect their children from danger.

Wear a hat to protect your head against the sun.

pro . tec . tion 2 / protekin / noun [noncount]

keeping someone or something safe

He was put under police protection.

pro .tein / 'prootin / noun [count, noncount]

(BIOLOGY) a substance in foods such as meat, fish, and eggs. **Proteins** helps you to grow and stay healthy.

pro . test 1 2 / 'prootest / noun

[count]

an action that shows publicly that you do not like or approve of something

She took part in a protest against the war.

pro . test 2 / proltest / verb

(pro tests, pro test ing, pro test ed)

to say or show strongly that you do not like something *They protested against the government's policy.*

Prot .es .tant / 'pratestent / noun [count]

(RELIGION) a person who believes in the Christian God and who is not a Roman Catholic

pro .ton / 'prootan / noun [count]

(CHEMISTRY , PHYSICS) a very small piece of matter with a positive electric charge, found in all atoms

→Look at electron, neutron.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **atom**.

pro .trac .tor / prov'trækter / noun [count]

(MATH) a thing you use to measure and draw angles. It is usually a half circle of clear plastic with degrees (0 $^{\circ}$ to 180 $^{\circ}$) marked on it.

proud praud adjective

(proud er, proud est)

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ pleased about something that you or others have done or about something that you have

They are very proud of their new house.

2 thinking that you are better than other people *She was too proud to say she was sorry.*

The noun is **pride** .

▶ proud . ly / 'praodli / adverb

"I made this myself," he said proudly.

prove 🥯 / pruv / verb (proves , prov ling ,

proved , has proved or has prov en / 'pruven /)

to show that something is true

The blood on his shirt proves that he is the murderer.

→ANTONYM disprove

The noun is **proof**.

prov .erb / 'praverb / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a short sentence that people often say, which gives help or advice

"Waste not, want not" is an English proverb.

pro . vide 2 / prəˈvaɪd / verb

(pro .vides , pro .vid .ing , pro .vid .ed)

to give something to someone who needs it

I'll provide the food for the party.

The company provided me with a car.

provide for someone to give someone everything they need to live

Robin has four children to provide for.

pro . vid . ed / pro 'vaided /

(also pro_vid_ing / prə'vaidin /) conjunction only if

I'll go provided that the children can come with me. Call me when you get home, providing it's not too late.

prov.ince / 'pravens / noun

[count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{POLITICS}}$) a main part of some countries, which has its own government

Canada has ten provinces.

▶pro .vin .cial / prəˈvɪnʃl / adjective

connected with a $\boldsymbol{province}$

the provincial government

pro . vi . sion / prəˈvɪʒn / noun

 ${f 1} \;$ [noncount] when something is given to someone who needs it

The government is responsible for the provision of education.

2 provisions [plural]

(formal)

supplies of food and drinks

We stopped to buy provisions for our long trip.

pro . voke / pro vook / verb

(pro vokes, pro vok ing, pro voked)

1 to cause a particular feeling or reaction

Dairy products may provoke allergic reactions in some people.

2 to say or do something that you know will make a person angry or upset

Be careful what you say and don't provoke him.

prowl / praol / verb

(prowls, prowl ing, prowled)

(used about an animal that is hunting or a person who is waiting for a chance to do something bad) to move around an area quietly so that no one sees or hears you

I could hear someone prowling around outside.

prune / prun / noun

[count]

a dried **plum** (= a soft round fruit that grows on trees)

pry / prai / verb

(pries, pry ing, pried, has pried)

1 to try to find out about someone else's private life *I don't mean to pry, but is everything okay between you and Sam?*

2 to use force to open something, remove a lid, etc. *He pried the door open with a steel bar.*

P.S. / pi 'es / abbreviation

You write **P.S.** at the end of a letter, after your name, when you want to add something

... Love from Paul. P.S. I'll bring the car.

pseu . do . nym / 'sudənım / noun [count]

a name used by someone, especially a writer, that is not their real name

Samuel Clemens wrote under the pseudonym Mark Twain.

psy . **chi** . **a** . **trist** / sarˈkarətrist / *noun* [count] a doctor who helps people who have a mental illness

psy .chi .a .try / sarˈkarətri / noun [noncount]

(HEALTH) the study and treatment of mental illness *During medical school, she decided to specialize in psychiatry.*

psy .chic / 'saikik / adjective

having unusual powers that cannot be explained, for example knowing what someone else is thinking

psy . cho . log . i . cal AWL / "saikəˈlɑdʒikl / adjective

(HEALTH) connected with the mind or the way it works psychological problems

psy .chol .o .gy AWL / sar'kalədʒi / noun [noncount]

the study of the mind and how it works

►psy .chol .o .gist AWL / sarˈkalədʒɪst / noun [count]

a person who studies psychology

psy .cho .path / 'saikəpæθ / noun

[count]

a person who has a serious mental illness that makes them behave in a violent way toward other people

pt.

abbreviation of pint

pu .ber .ty / 'pyubərti / noun [noncount]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{BIOLOGY}}$) the time when a child's body is changing and becoming like that of an adult

pub . lic 1 2 / 'p\lambdablik / adjective

1 connected with everyone; for everyone *Pollution is a danger to public health.* a public park

2 known by many people

We're going to make the news public soon.

▶pub .lic .ly / 'p∧blıkli / adverb

to everyone; not secretly

She spoke publicly about her friendship with the actor.

pub . lic 2 / 'pablik / noun the public [singular] people in general; everyone

The museum is open to the public between 10 a.m. and 4 p.m.

in public

when other people are there

I don't want to talk about it in public.

→ANTONYM in private

pub .li .ca .tion AWL / phblə keifn / noun

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ [noncount] when a book, magazine, etc. is made and sold

He became very rich after the publication of his first book.

2 [count] a book, magazine, etc.

pub .lic .i .ty / pʌbˈlɪsəti / noun

[noncount]

giving information about something so that people know about it

There was a lot of publicity for the new store.

pub . li . cize / 'phblesaiz / verb

(pub li ciz es, pub li ciz ing , pub li cized)

to attract people's attention to something and give them information about it

We need to publicize the event if we want to sell more

pub . lic re . la . tions / phblik rileifnz / noun [noncount] (abbreviation PR)

the business of providing information about someone or something, in order to give people a good impression of them

She works in public relations.

pub · lic school / 'pablik skul / noun

a free local school paid for by the government

pub lic trans por ta tion / pablik

trænspor tei în / noun [noncount]

buses and trains that everyone can use

I usually travel by public transportation.

Dub . lish Dawl / 'pablis/ verb (pub lish es pub lish ing pub lished)

1 to prepare and print a book, magazine, or newspaper for

This dictionary was published by Oxford University Press. 2 to make information available to the public

▶ pub · lish · er AWL / 'p∧blı∫ər / noun [count] The publisher is OUP.

PUCK / pAk / noun [count]

(SPORTS) a round, flat, rubber object that players hit with sticks in the sport of ice hockey

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at ice hockey.

pud . ding / 'podin / noun

[noncount]

a soft, thick, sweet food made with milk, eggs, and sugar chocolate pudding

pud .dle / 'pʌdl / noun [count]

a small pool of rain or other liquid on the ground

puff 1 / p_Af / verb (puffs , puff ling , puffed)

1 to smoke a cigarette, pipe, etc.

He sat puffing his cigar.

2 (used about air, smoke, wind, etc.) to blow or come out in clouds

Smoke was puffing out of the chimney.

Stop puffing cigarette smoke in my face.

3 (*informal*) to breathe quickly or loudly, especially after you have been running

She was puffing as she ran up the hill.

puff 2 / pnf / noun

[count]

a small amount of air, wind, smoke, etc. that is blown from somewhere

a puff of smoke

Pull 1 / pol / verb (pulls , pull ing , pulled)

1 to move someone or something strongly toward you She pulled the drawer open.

2 to go forward, moving something behind you The cart was pulled by two horses.

3 to move something somewhere He pulled up his pants.

pull in to drive a car to the side of the road and stop I pulled in to look at the map.

pull someone's leg

(informal)

to try to make someone believe something that is not true,

I didn't really see an elephant – I was only pulling your

pull over to drive a car to the side of the road

I pulled over to let the ambulance pass.

pull out to drive a car away from the side of the road He suddenly pulled out in front of me and almost caused an accident.

pull through to survive a dangerous illness or difficult time

pull yourself together

to control your feelings after being upset Pull yourself together and stop crying.

pull up to stop a car

The driver pulled up at the traffic lights.

pull 2 / pol / noun [count] an action of pulling something Give the rope a pull.

pul . **ley** / 'poli / noun [count] (plural pul . leys) a piece of equipment consisting of a wheel and a rope, which is used for lifting heavy things

pull . O . ver / 'poloover / noun [count]

a warm piece of clothing with sleeves, which you wear on the top part of your body

Pulse / pals / noun [count, usually singular]

(BIOLOGY) the beating of your heart that you feel in different parts of your body, especially in your wrist The nurse felt (= measured) his pulse.

pump 1 / pamp / noun [count]

a machine that moves a liquid or gas into or out of something

a bicycle pump a gasoline pump

pump 2 / pamp / verb

(pumps, pump ing, pumped)

to force a gas or a liquid to go in a particular direction Your heart pumps blood around your body.

pump something up to fill something with air, using a

I pumped up my bicycle tires.

pump . kin / 'p\mpkin /

noun [count]

a very large, round vegetable with a thick orange skin pumpkin pie with cream





pun / pan / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a funny use of a word that has two meanings, or that sounds the same as another word

punch / p∧nt∫ / verb

(punch les, punch ling, punched)

1 to hit someone or something hard with your closed hand (your fist)

He punched me in the nose.

2 to make a hole in something with a special tool *The ticket collector punched my ticket.*

▶ punch noun [count] (plural punch .es) a punch in the chin

punc . tu . al / 'pʌŋktʃuəl / adjective

arriving or doing something at the right time; not late *Please try to be punctual for your classes.*

► punc · tu · al · ly / ˈpʌŋktʃuəli / adverb They arrived punctually at seven o'clock.

punc . tu . ate / 'pʌŋktʃueɪt / verb

(punc .tu .ates , punc .tu .at .ing , punc .tu .at .ed) (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) to put periods, question marks, etc. in your writing

punc .tu .a .tion / paŋktʃuˈeɪʃn / noun [noncount]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) using punctuation marks when you are writing

punc . tu . a . tion mark / panktju'etjn mark / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) one of the marks that you use in your writing, for example a period or question mark

punc . ture / 'pʌŋktʃər / verb

(punc \cdot tures , punc \cdot tur \cdot ing , punc \cdot tured)

to make a small hole in something *A piece of glass punctured the tire.*

A piece of glass punctured the tire **▶punc** . **ture** noun [count]

pun ish 🅯 / 'pʌnɪʃ / verb

(pun ish es , pun ish ing , pun ished)

to make someone suffer because they have done something wrong

The children were punished for telling lies.

pun ish ment 🚳 / 'pʌnɪʃmənt / noun

[count, noncount]

an act or a way of punishing someone

What is the punishment for murder in your country? The child was sent to bed as a punishment for being rude.

pu .pil / 'pyupl / noun [count]

1 (*formal*) a child who is learning at school *There are 30 pupils in the class.*

 ${f 2}$ (${f BIOLOGY}$) the round, black part in the middle of your eye

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at eye.

pup . pet / 'papet / noun [count]

a small model of a person or animal that you move by pulling strings or by putting your hand inside

pup · **py** / 'pʌpi / noun [count] (plural pup · pies) a young dog

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at dog.

pur .chase 1 AWL / 'partsas / noun [count]
(formal)

the action of buying something; something that you have bought

She made several purchases and then left the store.

pur . chase 2 AWL / 'partsas / verb

(pur chas es , pur chas ing , pur chased)

to buy something

advice for people who are planning to purchase a new home

1 not mixed with anything else

This shirt is pure cotton.

2 clean and healthy

pure mountain air3 complete or total

What she said was pure nonsense.

pure . ly / 'pyorli / adverb

only or completely

He doesn't like his job – he does it purely for the money.

pu . ri . fy / 'pyorəfai / verb

(pu ri fies, pu ri fy ing, pu ri fied)

(CHEMISTRY) to remove dirty or harmful substances from something

purified water

The adjective is **pure** .

pur . ple 🔯 / 'pərpl / adjective

with a color between red and blue

pur .ple noun [count, noncount]

She often wears purple.

pur . pose O / 'parpas / noun [count]

the reason for doing something

The purpose of this meeting is to decide what we should do next.

on purpose

because you want to; not by accident

"You broke my pen!" "I'm sorry, I didn't do it on purpose."

→SYNONYM deliberately

Thesaurus

purpose the reason for doing something; what something is used for or is supposed to achieve: What is the purpose of your visit? ◆ The building is used for religious purposes.

aim what someone is trying to achieve: Our main aim is to increase sales. ◆ He was willing to do almost anything to achieve his aim of winning first prize.

plan what you have decided or arranged to do: Do you have any plans for the weekend? ◆ There are no plans to build new offices.

intention what you want or intend to do: *Our* intention was to leave early in the morning. ◆ I have no intention of going to the wedding.

goal (often used about your life or career plans) something that you hope to achieve: What are your long-term goals? ◆ I've finally achieved my goal of getting a college degree.

pur .pose .ly / 'pərpəsli / adverb

on purpose; deliberately

PUTT / par / verb (purrs , purr .ing , purred)

When a cat **purrs**, it makes a low sound that shows that it is happy.

purse / pars / noun [count]

a bag that a woman uses for carrying things like money and keys

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **bag**.

pur . sue AWL / pərˈsu / verb

(pur sues, pur su ing, pur sued)
(formal)

to follow someone or something because you want to catch them

The police pursued the stolen car for several miles.

→SYNONYM chase

pur . Suit AWL / par'sut / noun

1 [noncount] the act of trying to achieve or get something

the pursuit of wealth

2 [count] an activity that you spend time doing leisure pursuits

PUS / pas / noun

[noncount]

(HEALTH) a thick, yellow liquid that sometimes forms in a part of your body that has been hurt

push 🥯 / poʃ/ verb

(push es , push ing , pushed)

1 to use force to move someone or something forward or away from you

The car broke down so we had to push it to a garage. He pushed me over!

2 to move forward by pushing someone or something He pushed his way through the crowd.

to push past someone

3 to press something with your finger Push the red button to stop the machine.

4 to try to make someone do something Kim will not work hard unless you push her.

push someone around to tell someone what to do in a rude and unpleasant way

You shouldn't let him push you around like that.

push noun [count] (plural push .es)

She gave him a push and he fell.

push .up / 'posap / noun

[count]

a type of exercise in which you lie on your front and push your body up with your arms

I do twenty pushups every morning.

push . y / ˈpʊʃi / adjective

(push .i .er , push .i .est)

trying hard to get what you want in a way that seems rude a pushy salesman

put ²²/ pot / verb

(puts, put ting, put, has put)

1 to move something to a place or position

She put the book on the table.

He put his hand in his pocket.

2 to write something

Put your name at the top of the page.

3 to make someone feel something or be affected by something

This kind of weather always puts me in a bad mood. Don't put the blame on me!

4 to say something

I don't know how to put this, but I'm afraid we have a problem.

put something away to put something back in its usual place

She put the box away in the closet.

put something down to stop holding something and put it on another thing, for example on the floor or a table Let me put my bags down first.

put someone off to make someone not like someone or something

The accident put me off driving.

put something off to not do something until later He put off his vacation because the children were sick.

→SYNONYM delay

put something on

1 to take clothes and wear them

Put on your coat.

Put your shoes on.

→ANTONYM take something off

2 to make a piece of electrical equipment start to work I put on the TV.

Put the lights on.

Should we put some music on?

put something out to stop a fire or to stop a light from shining

She put out the fire with a bucket of water.

Put the lights out before you go.

put someone up to let someone sleep in your home Can you put me up for the night?

put something up

1 to hold or lift something up

Put up your hand if you know the answer.

→SYNONYM raise

2 to build something

to put up a fence

3 to attach something to a wall, etc. so everyone can see it to put up a sign

4 to increase something

Most airlines put up their prices during the summer.

put up with someone or something to have pain or problems without complaining

We can't change the bad weather, so we have to put up

puz . zle 1 / 'pAzl / noun

[count]

1 a game that is difficult and makes you think a lot

→ Look at crossword puzzle.

2 something that is difficult to understand or explain Janet's reason for leaving her job is a puzzle to me.

3 = jigsaw puzzle

puz . zle 2 / 'pazl / verb

(puz zles, puz zling, puz zled)

to make you feel that you cannot understand or explain something

Tim's illness puzzled his doctors.

puzzle over something to think hard about something in order to understand it

He was puzzling over a math problem for half an hour.

▶ puz . zling / 'pʌzlɪŋ / adjective

difficult to understand or explain

puz . zled / 'pazld / adjective

not able to understand or explain something She had a puzzled look on her face.

py . lon / 'parlan / noun

a tall metal tower that supports heavy electrical wires

pyr .a .mid / 'pirəmid / noun

(MATH) a shape with a flat bottom and three or four sides that come to a point at the top

the pyramids of Egypt

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at solid.

py . thon / 'paiθan / noun

[count]

a large snake that kills animals by squeezing them very



Q, **q** / kyu / *noun* [count, noncount] (*plural* **Q's**, **q's** / kyuz /) the seventeenth letter of the English alphabet "Question" begins with a "Q."

qt.

abbreviation of quart

Q-tipTM / 'kyu tip / noun [count] a small, thin stick with cotton at each end I cleaned my ears with a Q-tip.

quack / kwæk / noun [count]

the sound that a **duck** (= a bird that lives on or near water) makes

▶quack *verb* (quacks , quack ing , quacked)

quad .ru .ple / kwa'drupl / verb (quad .ru .ples , quad .ru .pling , quad .ru .pled) (MATH) to multiply or be multiplied by four

House prices have quadrupled in the past 20 years.

quaint / kweint / adjective

(quaint er, quaint est) old-fashioned, usually in an attractive way a quaint little town

qual .i .fi .ca .tion / kwaləfə'keɪʃn / noun

training, skill, or knowledge that you need to do something, such as a job

He has all the right qualifications for the manager's job.

qual i fied / kwaləfaid / adjective

having the training, skill, or knowledge that you need to do something

I don't feel qualified to comment — I know nothing about the subject.

qual · **i** · **fy** / 'kwaləfar / verb (qual i · fies , qual i · fy · ing , qual i · fied , has qual i · fied)

1 to get the right knowledge, skill, and training so that you can do something

These courses will qualify you to teach music.

2 to have or give someone the right to have or do something

You have to be a Texas resident to qualify for the scholarship.

qual .i .ty / 'kwaləti / noun (plural qual .i .ties)

1 [noncount] how good or bad something is
The quality of her work is excellent

The quality of her work is excellent. This furniture isn't very good quality.

2 [count] something that is part of a person's character *Vicky has all the qualities of a good manager.*

quan .ti .ty 2 / 'kwantəti / noun [count] (plural quan .ti .ties)

how much of something there is

I only bought a small quantity of cheese.

→SYNONYM amount

quar . an . tine / 'kworentin / noun [noncount]

(HEALTH) a period of time when a person or an animal is kept away from others so that they or it cannot pass on a disease

The dog was kept in quarantine for six months.

quar . **rel** 1 / 'kwərəl / *noun* [count] an argument or a disagreement with someone *He had a quarrel with his wife about money.*

→SYNONYM argument

quar . rel 2 / 'kworəl / verb

(quar rels, quar rel ing, quar reled) to argue or disagree with someone He quarreled with his wife about money. The children are always quarreling.

→SYNONYM arque

quar .ry / 'kwori / noun [count]

(plural quar ries)

a place where people cut stone, sand, etc. out of the ground

quart / kwort / **noun** [count] (abbreviation **qt**.) a measure of liquid (= 0.94 liters). There are two **pints** in a **quart** and four **quarts** in a **gallon** a quart of milk

quar . ter 🥯 / ˈkwɔrtər / noun [count]

1 (MATH) one of four equal parts of something; ½ a mile and a quarter

Cut the apple into quarters.

2 fifteen minutes before or after every hour

It's quarter after two.

I'll meet you at a quarter past.

It's quarter to nine.

I'll meet you outside the restaurant at a quarter of seven.

3 a coin that is worth 25 cents

The parking meter only takes quarters.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at money.

4 three months

You get a gas bill every quarter.

5 one of the four parts that the academic year is divided into at many schools and colleges

Report cards come out at the end of each quarter.

6 (SPORTS) one of four equal time periods in a game of football or basketball

The Eagles were leading 14-3 at the end of the first quarter.

quar . **ter** . **back** / 'kwərtərbæk / *noun* [count] (SPORTS) the player on a football team who tells the other players what to do and throws the ball to them

quar . tet / kwor'tet / noun [count]

(MUSIC) a group of four people who play music or sing together

a string quartet

→Look at trio .

queen 5 / kwin / noun [count]

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ ($\boldsymbol{POLITICS}$) a woman from a royal family who rules a country

Queen Elizabeth II (= the second)

2 the wife of a king

quench / kwents / verb

(quench les , quench ling , quenched)

quench your thirst

to drink as much as you need so that you stop feeling thirsty

que . **ry** 1 / 'kwri / *noun* [count] (*plural* **que** . **ries**)

a question

Contact our office with any queries.

que . ry 2 / 'kwiri / verb

(que ries , que ry ing , que ried)

to ask a question about something that you think is wrong *I queried the invoice but the company said it was correct.*

ques . tion 1 2 / 'kwestfan / noun [count]

1 something that you ask

They asked me a lot of questions.

She didn't answer my question .

What is the answer to question 3?

2 something that you need to deal with; something that is being discussed

The question is , how can we raise the money?

It's a question of time – we need to finish the work today.

in question (formal)

that we are talking about

On the day in question I was in Chicago.

out of the question

not possible

No, I won't give you any more money. It's out of the question!

ques .tion 2 0 / kwestsən / verb

(quesations, quesationaing, quesationed)

 ${f 1}$ to ask someone questions about something

The police questioned him about the stolen car.

2 to feel doubt about something

She said she just wanted to help, but I questioned her motives.

ques . tion mark / 'kwestʃən mark / noun

the sign (?) that you write at the end of a question

ques . tion . naire / kwestfə ner / noun [count]

a list of questions for people to answer so that information can be collected from the answers

Please fill out (= write the answers on) the questionnaire.

quick \(\text{quick er, quick est} \)

taking little time

It's quicker to travel by plane than by train.

Can I make a quick phone call?

→SYNONYM fast

→ANTONYM slow

quick . ly 🔯 / ˈkwɪkli / adverb

fast; in a short time

Come as quickly as you can!

→ANTONYM **slowly**

qui .et 1 2 / kwarət / adjective

(qui et er , qui et est)

1 making very little noise Be quiet – the baby's asleep.

a quiet voice

→ANTONYM loud . noisv

2 without many people or without many things happening *It's very quiet downtown on Sundays.*

▶qui .et .ly / 'kwarətli / adverb

Please close the door quietly.

qui . et 2 / 'kwarət / noun [noncount]

when there is no noise

I need quiet when I'm working.

I go to the library for a little peace and quiet .

quilt / kwilt / noun [count]

a bed cover with thick, warm material inside a baby quilt

quit / kwit / verb

(quits, quit ting, quit, has quit)

(informal)

to leave a job or place; to stop doing something She quit her job to go to graduate school. You're almost finished – you can't quit now!

quite 2 / kwait / adverb

very, but not extremely

It's quite warm today, but it's not too hot.

We waited quite a long time.

→SYNONYM fairly

not quite

not completely

Dinner is not quite ready.

"Are you finished?" "Not quite."

quite a few

a lot, but not an extremely large amount or number *There were quite a few people at the party.*

quiv .er / 'kwivər / verb

(quiv ers, quiv er ing, quiv ered)

to shake slightly

Her lip quivered and she started to cry.

→SYNONYM tremble

quiz 1 / kwz / noun [count] (plural quiz zes)

1 a short, informal test

We have a math quiz this Friday.

2 a set of questions that you try to answer in a game or competition

a quiz show on TV

quiz 2 / kwiz / verb

(quiz zes, quiz zing, quizzed)

to ask someone questions in order to get information

After I got home late, my mom quizzed me about where I had been.

Can you quiz me on my math homework?

quo .ta / 'kwoote / noun

[count]

the limited number or amount of people or things that is officially allowed

We've already reached our quota – we can't take anyone else.

quo .ta .tion AWL / kwoo'tesfn / noun [count]

1 (also *informal* **quote**) (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) words you say or write that another person said or wrote before

a quotation from a poem by Emily Dickinson

2 (also **quote**) (BUSINESS) a statement that says how much a piece of work will probably cost

We got quotations from three different builders.

→SYNONYM estimate

quo . ta . tion marks / kwoʊˈteɪʃn marks /

(also quotes) noun [plural]

the signs (" ") that you use in writing before and after the exact words that someone has said

quote 1 AWL / kwoot / verb

(quotes, quot ing, quot ed)

to repeat exactly something that another person said or who is the fastest

She quoted from the Bible.

I think she offered to help, but don't quote me on that.

quote 2 / kwoot / noun

1 [count] another word for quotation

I need to get some quotes for the roof repairs.

2 quotes [plural] another word for quotation

quo .tient / 'kwovint / noun [count]

(MATH) the amount you get if you divide one number by another

The quotient of 48 divided by 12 is 4.

 \rightarrow Look at IQ, product (2).

the Qu . r'an (also the Qu .ran) / ðə kəˈræn;

ðə kə ran / noun [singular]

(RELIGION) = the Koran



R, r / ar / noun [count] (plural R's, r's / arz /) the eighteenth letter of the English alphabet "Rose" begins with an "R."

R & B / ar ən bi / abbreviation (MUSIC) short for rhythm and blues

rab .bi / 'ræbaɪ / noun [count] (plural rab .bis) a leader or teacher of the Jewish religion

rab . bit / 'ræbət / noun [count]

a small animal with long ears. Rabbits live in holes under the ground.

ra . bies / 'reibiz / noun

[noncount]

a serious disease that people can get if a dog or another animal with the disease bites them The dog had rabies.

rac . coon

/ ræˈkun / noun [count]

a small animal with black fur around its eyes, and rings of black and white fur on its tail

accoon



race 1 2 / reis / noun [count]

1 (SPORTS) a competition to see who can run, drive, ride, etc. fastest

Who won the race?

a horse race

2 a group of people of the same kind, for example with the same color skin, language, or customs

People of many different races live in this neighborhood.

race 2 2 / reis / verb (rac es , rac ing , raced)

1 (SPORTS) to run, drive, ride, etc. in a competition to see

He'll be racing against some of the finest runners in the country.

I'll race you to the other end of the pool.

2 to move, or to move someone or something, very fast He raced up the stairs.

The ambulance raced the injured woman to hospital.

race . track / 'reistræk / noun [count]

a place where you go to see horse races

ra .cial / 'reifl / adjective

connected with people's race; happening between people of different races

racial differences

rac . ing / 'reisin / noun [noncount]

the sport of taking part in races motor racing

ra . cism / 'reisizəm / noun [noncount]

the belief that some groups (races) of people are better than others

▶rac .ist / 'reisist / noun [count]

He's a total racist.

▶rac .ist / 'reisist / adjective

a racist comment

rack / ræk / noun [count]

a kind of shelf made of bars, which you put things on a towel rack

rack . et / 'rækat / noun

1 [singular] (informal)

a loud noise

Stop making that terrible racket!

2 (also rac quet) [count] (SPORTS) a thing that you use for hitting the ball in sports such as tennis

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at tennis.

ra .dar / 'reidar / noun [noncount]

a way of finding where a ship, airplane, or other vehicle is and how fast it is traveling by using radio waves

ra . di . a . tion / ,re:di'e:jîn / noun [noncount]

(PHYSICS) dangerous energy that some substances send out High levels of radiation have been recorded near the nuclear power plant.

ra .di .a .tor / 'reidi,eitər / noun [count]

1 a metal thing with hot water inside that makes a room warm

2 a part of a car that has water in it to keep the engine cold

rad .i .cal AWL / 'rædıkl / adjective

(used about changes) very great; complete radical reforms in the welfare system

ra .di .o 🞾 / ˈreɪdioʊ / noun (plural ra .di .os)

1 [count] a piece of equipment that brings voices or music from far away so that you can hear them We heard the news on the radio.

Can you turn on the radio?

2 [noncount] (PHYSICS) sending or receiving sounds that travel a long way through the air by special waves The captain of the ship sent a message by radio.

ra . di . o . ac . tive / reidiou aktiv / adjective

(PHYSICS) sending out dangerous energy the disposal of radioactive waste

rad .ish / 'rædıʃ / noun [count]

(plural rad ish es)

a small, red vegetable that is white inside and has a strong taste. You eat radishes in salads.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **vegetable**.

ra .di .um / 'reidiəm / noun [noncount] (symbol Ra)

(CHEMISTRY) a chemical substance that is used in the treatment of some serious diseases

ra . di . us / 'reidies / noun [count]

(plural ra di i / reidiai /)

(MATH) the length of a straight line from the center of a circle to the outside

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at circle.

raf .fle / 'ræfl / noun [count]

a way of making money for a charity by selling tickets with numbers on them. Later some numbers are chosen and the tickets with these numbers on them win prizes.

raft / ræft / noun [count]

a flat boat with no sides and no engine

rag / ræg / noun

1 [count] a small piece of old cloth that you use for cleaning

2 rags [plural] clothes that are very old and torn She was dressed in rags .

rage / reid3 / noun [count, noncount] very strong anger

He was trembling with rage.

raid / reid / noun [count]

a sudden attack on a place an air raid

▶ raid verb (raids, raid ing, raid ed) Police raided the house looking for drugs.

rail / reil / noun

1 [count] (also rail_ing / 'reilin /) a long piece of wood or metal that is fastened to the wall or to something else Hold onto the rail as you go up the stairs.

2 rails [plural] the long pieces of metal that trains go on

3 [noncount] trains as a way of traveling We decided to travel by rail.

rail . road / 'reilroud / noun

the system of trains, metal lines that they go on, and companies that own them railroad tracks

rain 1 2 / rem / noun [noncount]

the water that falls from the sky

rain 2 / rem / verb (rains, rain, ing, rained) When it rains, water falls from the sky

It's raining.

It rained all day.

rain . bow / 'remboo / noun [count]

a half circle of colors in the sky when rain and sun come together

rain .coat / 'reinkout / noun [count]

a light coat that you wear when it rains

rain .drop / 'remdrap / noun [count] one drop of rain

the total amount of rain that falls in a place The average annual rainfall here is less than two inches.

rain . fall / 'reinfol / noun [noncount]

rain for .est / 'rem for set / (also rain for .est)

noun [count]

a forest in a hot part of the world where there is a lot of rain the Amazon rain forest

rain y / 'remi /adjective (rain i er , rain i est) with a lot of rain a rainy day

raise 1 2 / reiz / verb (rais es, rais ing, raised)

1 to move something or someone up Raise your hand if you want to ask a question.

2 to make something bigger, higher, stronger, etc. They raised the price of gas.

She raised her voice (= spoke more loudly).

→ANTONYM lower

3 to get money from other people for a particular purpose We raised \$5,000 for the hospital.

4 to start to talk about something He raised an interesting question.

5 to take care of a child or an animal until they are an adult It's hard to raise a family on such a low salary.

He was born and raised in Memphis, Tennessee.

raise 2 / reiz / noun [count]

an increase in the money you are paid for the work you do I'm going to ask my boss for a raise.

rai . sin / 'reizn / noun [count] a dried **grape** (= a small green or purple fruit)

rake / reik / noun [count]

a tool with a long handle that you use for collecting leaves or for making the soil flat

▶rake verb (rakes, rak ing, raked) I spent Sunday afternoon raking the leaves.

rake



ral . ly / 'ræli / noun [count] (plural ral . lies) a meeting of people to show that they feel strongly about something

a peace rally

RAM / ræm / noun [noncount]

(COMPUTERS) the type of memory that allows a computer to work

2 gigabytes of RAM

ram / ræm / noun [count] a male sheep

Ram · a · dan / 'ramədan / noun

[count, noncount]

(RELIGION) a month when Muslims do not eat or drink anything from early morning until the sun goes down in the evening

ramp / ræmp / noun [count]

1 a path that you use instead of steps to go up or down *I pushed the wheelchair up the ramp.*

2 a road that you use to join or leave a highway an entrance ramp an exit ramp

ran form of run 1

ranch / ræntʃ / noun [count] (plural ranch .es) a very large farm where cows, horses, or sheep are kept

ranch .er / 'ræntʃər / noun [count]

a person who owns or manages a **ranch** a cattle rancher

ran . dom AWL / 'rændəm / adjective done or chosen without any special plan or pattern We interviewed a random selection of students.

without thinking or deciding before *She chose a few books at random*.

►ran .dom .ly AWL / 'rændəmli / adverb

The winning numbers are randomly selected by computer.

rang form of ring 2

range 1 AWL / remd3 / noun [count]

1 different things of the same kind

This website sells a range of sports equipment.

2 the amount between the highest and the lowest

The age range of the children is between eight and twelve. That car is outside my price range.

3 a line of mountains or hills

4 how far you can see, hear, shoot, travel, etc.

The gun has a range of five miles.

range 2 AWL / remd3 / verb (rang les ,
rang ling , ranged)

to be at different points between two things

The ages of the students in the class range from 18 to 50.

rank / rænk / noun [count]

how important someone is in a group of people, for example in an army

General is one of the highest ranks in the army.

ran . som / 'rænsəm / noun [count]

the money that you must pay so that a criminal will free a person that they have taken

The kidnappers have demanded a ransom of a million dollars.

rap / ræp / noun [count, noncount]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{MUSIC}}$) a type of modern music, in which singers speak the words of a song

a rap song

 \rightarrow Look at hip-hop.

▶rap *verb* (raps, rap ping, rapped)

to speak the words of a rap song

 \rightarrow Look at rapper.

rape / resp / verb (rapes, rap ling, raped)

to force someone to have sex when they do not want to

▶rape *noun* [count, noncount]

He was sent to prison for rape.

rap .id / 'ræpəd / adjective

happening or moving very quickly

She made rapid progress and was soon the best in the class.

→ANTONYM slow

▶rap .id .ly / 'ræpədli / adverb

The snow rapidly disappeared.

rap . per / 'ræpər / noun [count]

(MUSIC) a person who speaks the words of a rap

rare 🥯 / rer / adjective (rar er , rar est)

1 If something is **rare**, you do not find or see it often *Pandas are rare animals*.

It's rare to see snow in Florida.

→ANTONYM common

2 Meat that is **rare** is not cooked for very long, so that the inside is still red.

→ Look at well-done.

rare . ly 💁 / ˈrɛrli / adverb

not very often

We rarely agree with each other.

rash 1 / ræʃ / noun [count] (plural rash es)

a lot of small red spots on your skin *He had an itchy rash on his back.*

rash 2 / ræʃ / adjective (rash er , rash est)

If you are ${\bf rash}$, you do things too quickly and without thinking about the possible result

You were very rash to leave your job before you found a new one.

rasp .ber .ry / 'ræz,beri / noun [count]

(plural rasp ber ries)

a small soft red fruit that grows on bushes raspberry jam

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **berry**.

rat / ræt / noun [count] an animal like a big mouse

an ammai like a big mouse

rate / reit / noun [count]

1 the speed of something or how often something happens

The crime rate was lower in 2009 than in 2010.

The nurse will check your heart rate.

2 the amount that something costs or that someone is paid *The basic rate of pay is \$20 an hour.*

at any rate (informal)

anyway; whatever happens

I hope to be back before ten o'clock – I won't be late at any rate.

rath . er 🔯 / ˈræðər / adverb

more than a little but not very

We were rather tired after our long trip.

→SYNONYM pretty

rather than

in the place of; instead of

Could I have tea rather than coffee?

would rather

would prefer to do something

I'd rather go by train than by bus.

rat .ing / 'reitin / noun [count]

a measurement of how good, popular, difficult, etc. something is

a hotel with a five star rating

The new TV show got terrible ratings and was canceled.

ra . tio AWL / 'ressioo / noun [count]

(MATH) the relation between two numbers, which shows how much bigger one amount is than the other

The ratio of boys to girls in the class is three to one (= there are three boys to every one girl).

ra . tion 1 / 'ræfn / noun [count]

a small amount of something that you are allowed to have abbreviation of road when there is not enough for everyone to have what they

food rations

ra . tion 2 / 'ræʃn / verb

(ra tions, ra tion ing, ra tioned)

to control the amount of something that someone is allowed to have, for example because there is not enough for everyone to have as much as they want Eggs were rationed during the war.

ra . tion . al / 'ræfənl / adjective

based on facts; sensible

There must be a rational explanation for why he's behaving like this.

→ANTONYM irrational

ra . tion . ale / ræfə'næl / noun [count]

the reasons which explain a particular decision, belief, plan,

What is the rationale behind the new policy?

rat .tle 1 / 'rætl / verb (rat tles, rat tling, rat tled)

to make a sound like hard things hitting each other, or to shake something so that it makes this sound The windows were rattling all night in the wind. She rattled the ice cubes in her glass.

rat .tle 2 / 'rætl / noun [count]

1 the noise of hard things hitting each other the rattle of empty bottles

2 a toy that a baby can shake to make a noise

rat tle snake

/ 'rætlsneik / noun [count]

a poisonous snake that makes a noise like a rattle with its tail when it is angry or afraid





ra . vine / rəˈvin / noun [count] (GEOGRAPHY) a small, deep, narrow valley

raw / ro / adjective

1 not cooked raw meat

2 in its natural state; not yet made into anything

ray / rei / noun [count] (plural rays) (PHYSICS) a line of light or heat the sun's rays

ra .zor / 'reizər / noun [count] a sharp thing that people use to cut hair off their bodies (to shave)





razor

shaver

ra . zor blade / 'reizər bleid / noun [count] the thin metal part of a razor that cuts

Rd.

PREFIX

re-

(in verbs, and related nouns, adjectives, and adverbs) again

re build something (= build it again)

re do something

re pay someone

a **re** payment

reach 1 2 / rit / verb

(reach es , reach ing , reached)

1 to arrive somewhere

It was dark when we reached the campsite.

Have you reached the end of the book yet? 2 to put out your hand to do or get something

I reached for my phone.

3 to be able to touch something Can you get that book from the top shelf? I can't reach it.

4 to be able to contact someone by telephone

You can reach me on my cell phone after 5 p.m.

reach 2 / ritʃ / noun

beyond reach; out of reach

too far away to touch

Keep this medication out of the reach of children.

within reach

near enough to touch or go to

Make sure you have your phone within reach.

re .act AWL / ri'ækt / verb

(re acts, re act ing, re act ed)

to say or do something because something has happened How did Paul react to the news?

re .ac .tion AWL / ri'ækſn / noun [count]

what you say or do because of something that has happened What was her reaction when you told her about the accident?

What was his reaction to the news?

read D / rid / verb

(reads, read ing, read / red / has read)

1 to look at words and understand them

Have you read this book? It's really interesting.

2 to say words that you can see

I read a story to the class.

read something out to read something to other people The teacher read out the list of names.

► read ing / 'ridin / noun [noncount]

My interests are reading and baseball.

read .er / 'ridər / noun [count]

1 a person who reads something

2 a book for reading at school

read . i . ly / 'redl•i / adverb

quickly and easily

Most vegetables are readily available at this time of year.

read . y 🥯 / ˈrɛdi / adjective

1 prepared and able to do something I'll be ready to leave in five minutes. It's time to get ready for school.

2 finished, so that you can use it Dinner will be ready soon.

3 happy to do something He's always ready to help.

→SYNONYM willing

read . y-made / redi 'meid / adjective already prepared and ready to use

ready-made meals

real 🔯 / ril / adjective

1 existing, not just imagined

The movie is about events that happened in real life.

2 actually true, not only what people think is true

The name he gave to the police wasn't his real name.

3 natural; not false or a copy

This ring is real gold.

4 big or complete

I have a real problem.

real es . tate / 'ril I, stert / noun [noncount]

(BUSINESS) land and buildings

Real estate prices fell again this month.

a valuable piece of real estate

real es . tate a . gent / 'ril I,steit |eidgənt /

(also Re ·al ·tor™ / 'riltər /) noun [count]

a person whose job is to sell buildings and land for other people

re . al . is . tic / riəˈlɪstɪk / adjective

1 sensible and accepting what is possible in a particular situation

We have to be realistic about our chances of winning.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ showing things as they really are

a realistic painting

re .al .i .ty 🔯 / riˈælətiˈ/ noun [noncount]

the way that something really is, not how you would like it to be

I enjoyed my vacation, but now it's back to reality. She looked very confident, but in reality she was extremely

nervous.

re .al .ize / 'riolaiz / verb

(re al iz es, re al iz ing, re al ized)

to understand or know something

When I got home, I realized that I had lost my key.

I didn't realize you were John's brother.

►re .al .i .za .tion / ˌriələˈzeɪʃn / noun [noncount] the sudden realization of what he had done

re .al .ly 🥯 / ˈrili / adverb

1 in fact; actually

Do you really mean it?

2 very or very much

I'm really hungry.

"Do you like this music?" "Not really."

3 a word that shows you are interested or surprised "I'm going to Hawaii next year." "Really?"

Re . al . torTM / 'rilter / noun [count]

another word for real estate agent

rear 1 / rir / noun [singular]

the back part of something

The kitchen is at the rear of the house.

→ANTONYM front

rear 2 / rir / adjective

at the back of something

the rear window of a car

rear 3 / rrr / verb (rears , rear ling , reared)

to care for and educate young children

She reared three children without any help.

→SYNONYM bring someone up, raise

re .ar .range / rip'remd3 / verb

(re ar rang es , re ar rang ing , re ar ranged)

to change the position or order of things

We rearranged the furniture in our living room to make more space.

I'll try to rearrange the meeting for next week.

 $\textbf{rear.view mir.ror} \ / \ _{\text{\tiny |rirvyu 'mirer}} \ / \ \textit{noun}$

[count

the mirror inside a car that the driver uses to see the vehicle or road behind

She looked in her rearview mirror and saw the police car behind her.

rea .son D / 'rizn / noun [count]

a cause or an explanation for why you do something or why something happens

The reason I'm calling is to ask you a favor.

Is there any reason why you were late?

She gave no reasons for her decision.

rea .son .a .ble 👺 / ˈrizn•əbl / adjective

1 fair and ready to listen to what other people say

I tried to be reasonable, even though I was very angry.

2 fair or right in a particular situation

I think \$100 is a reasonable price.

→ANTONYM unreasonable

rea .son .a .bly / 'rizn•əbli / adverb

1 to a certain degree, but not very

The food was reasonably good.

→SYNONYM fairly

2 in a reasonable way

Don't get angry – let's talk about this reasonably.

re . as . sure / ria for / verb

(re as sures, re as sur ing, re as sured)

to say or do something to make someone feel safer or happier

The doctor reassured her that she would be fine.

►re .as .sur .ance / ria forans / noun

[count, noncount]

He needs some reassurance that he made the right decision.

re . bate / 'ribert / noun [count]

($\mbox{\it BUSINESS}$) money that you get back because you have paid too much or because there is a special offer

We got a \$500 rebate on our new car.

re . bel 1 / 'rebl / noun [count]

a person who fights against the people in control, for example the government

re bel 2 / ribil / verb

(re bels, re belling, re belled)

to fight against the people in control, for example the government or your parents

She rebelled against her parents by refusing to go to

re bel lion / ribelyan / noun

[count, noncount]

($\mbox{\sc POLITICS}$) a time when some of the people in a country fight against their government

Hundreds of people died in the rebellion.

re bel lious / ribelyes / adjective

not doing what society or people in authority want you to do

rebellious teenagers

re .boot / ri'but / verb

(re boots, re boot ing, re boot ed)

(COMPUTERS) to switch a computer off and then on again immediately

If the software doesn't work, you'll need to reboot your computer.

re .call / ri'kol / verb

(re calls, re call ing, re called)

(formal)

to remember something

I don't recall the name of the hotel.

re .ceipt / rr'sit / noun [count]

a piece of paper that shows you have paid for something "I would like to return this purse." "Do you have your receipt?"

re .ceive 5 / ri'siv / verb

(re \cdot ceives , re \cdot ceiv \cdot ing , re \cdot ceived)

(formal)

SPELLING

When the sound is / i / (which is the vowel sound in the word "be"), there is a spelling rule: I before E, except after C, so you spell receive with EI (not IE). to get or accept something that someone has given or sent to you

Did you receive my letter?

→SYNONYM get

re .ceiv .er / rr'sivər / noun [count]

the part of a telephone that you use for listening and speaking

re .cent 🔯 / 'risənt / adjective

that happened or began only a short time ago *Is this a recent photo of your son?*

re .cent .ly 🔯 / ˈrisəntli / adverb

not long ago

She worked here until pretty recently.

re .cep .tion / rr'sepsn / noun

1 [count] a big, important party

The wedding reception will be held at a hotel downtown.

2 [noncount] how good telephone, television, and radio signals are

We get much better reception with cable TV.

 $\boldsymbol{3}$ [noncount] the place where you go first when you arrive at a hotel or an office building

Please leave your key at the reception desk.

re . **cep** . **tion** . **ist** / rɪˈsɛpʃn•ıst / *noun* [count] a person in a hotel, an office, etc. whose job is to answer the telephone and to help people when they arrive

re .cess / 'rises / noun [noncount]

the time at school when you can go out and play We played soccer at recess .

re .ces .sion / rr/sesn / noun [count, noncount]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{BUSINESS}}$) a time when the business and industry of a country are not successful

The country is now in a recession.

 \rightarrow Look at depression (2).

re .charge / ri'tfardz / verb

(re charg es, re charg ing, re charged)

to fill something with electrical power He plugged in his phone to recharge it.

I need to recharge my camera batteries.

rec . i . pe / 'resapi / noun [count]

a piece of writing that tells you how to cook something

Collocations

Cooking

preparing

chop/slice the onions

peel the potatoes/an orange

grate the cheese/a carrot

mix (together) all the ingredients

cooking

heat the oven/the broiler/some oil in a frying pan

melt the butter/chocolate/cheese

cook food/fish/meat/rice

bake bread/a cake/cookies/muffins

boil potatoes/an egg/water

fry/stir-fry the chicken/vegetables

grill/broil/barbecue fish/meat/steak

roast chicken/turkey/potatoes

steam rice/vegetables

microwave food/popcorn/your dinner

re .cite / ri'sait / verb

(re cites, re cit ing, re cit ed)

to say something, for example a poem or a list, from memory because you have learned it

Can you recite the names of all of the U.S. presidents?

reck . less / 'reklas / adjective

A person who is **reckless** does dangerous things without thinking about what could happen reckless driving

reck on / 'rekan / verb

(reck .ons , reck .on .ing , reck .oned)

 ${f 1}$ (informal) to believe something because you have thought about it

It's late. I reckon she isn't coming.

2 to use numbers to find an answer

We reckoned the trip would take about half an hour.

 $\textbf{rec.og.ni.tion} \ / \ _{\textbf{l}} \textbf{rekeg'ni} \textbf{fn} \ / \ \textit{noun}$

[noncount]

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ knowing what something is or who someone is when you see it or them

I said hello to her, but there was no sign of recognition on her face.

2 public respect for something good that someone has done

He received recognition for his work in the community.

rec . og . nize 🔯 / ˈrɛkəgnaɪz / verb

(rec.og.niz.es, rec.og.niz.ing, rec.og.nized)

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ to know again someone or something that you have seen or heard before

I didn't recognize you without your glasses.

2 to know that something is true

They recognize that there is a problem.

rec .om .mend / / rekalmend / verb (rec .om .mend .ing , rec .om .mend .ed)

SPELLING

Remember! You spell $\boldsymbol{recommend}$ with one \boldsymbol{C} and \boldsymbol{MM} .

1 to tell someone that a person or thing is good or useful Can you recommend a hotel near the airport?

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ to tell someone in a helpful way what you think they should do

I recommend that you see a doctor.

→SYNONYM advise

rec . om . men . da . tion / ,rekemen'derfn / re . cre . ate AWL / ,rikri'ert / verb

noun [count, noncount]

saying that something is good or useful

We followed their recommendation, and stayed at the new

re .con .sid .er / rikən'sıdər / verb

(re con sid ers, re con sid er ing, re.con.sid.ered)

to think again about something because you may want to change your mind

I think you should reconsider your decision.

re . cord 1 2 / 'rekard / noun [count]

PRONUNCIATION

When the word record is a noun, you say the first part of the word louder: RECord .

When the word record is a verb, you say the second part of the word louder: reCORD .

1 notes about things that have happened Keep a record of all the money you spend.

2 (SPORTS) the best, fastest, highest, lowest, etc. that has been done in a sport

She holds the world record for long jump.

He did it in record time (= very fast).

She's hoping to break the record for the mile (= to do it faster than anyone has done before).

3 (MUSIC) a thin, round piece of black plastic that makes music when you play it on a special machine (called a record player)

He still has his old record collection.

re . cord 2 2 / ri'kərd / verb

(re cords, re cord ing, re cord ed)

1 to write notes about or make pictures of things that happen, so you can remember them later

In his diary he recorded everything that he did.

2 to save music or a movie using an electronic device, so that you can listen to or watch it later

I recorded the show so I can watch it this weekend.

re .cord .er / ri'kərdər / noun [count]

1 a machine for recording sound and/or pictures an old tape recorder

2 (MUSIC) a musical instrument that children often play. You blow through it and cover the holes in it with your fingers.

→ Look at the picture at instrument.

re . cord . ing / rr/kordin / noun [count]

music or speech that has been saved using an electronic

a new recording of Mozart's "Don Giovanni"

rec . ord play . er / 'rɛkərd ˌpleɪər / noun

(MUSIC) a machine that you use for playing records

re .cov .er AWL / ri'kavər / verb

(re covers, recovering, recovered)

1 to become well or happy again after you have been sick or

She is recovering from the flu.

2 to get back something that was lost

Police never recovered the stolen car.

re .cov .er .y AWL / rr/kavari / noun [noncount]

when you feel well again after you have been sick He made a full recovery after his operation.

(re cre ates, re cre at ing, re cre at ed)

to make something that existed in the past exist again The movie recreates the glamour of 1940s Hollywood.

rec . re . a . tion / rekri'eifn / noun

[noncount]

relaxing and enjoying yourself, when you are not working recreation activities such as swimming and yoga

re .cruit 1 / rr'krut / verb

(re cruits, re cruit ing, re cruit ed)

to find new people to join a company or an organization The army is recruiting new officers.

re .cruit 2 / rɪˈkrut / noun

[count]

a person who has just joined the army, the navy, or the police

the training of new recruits

rec . tan . gle / 'rektængl / noun [count]

(MATH) a shape with two long sides, two short sides, and four angles of 90 degrees

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at shape.

▶rec .tan .gu .lar / rɛk¹tæŋgyələr / adjective This page is rectangular.

re .cy .cle / ri'saıkl / verb

(re cy cles, re cy cling, re cy cled)

to do something to materials like paper and glass so that they can be used again

Glass containers can be recycled.

▶re .cy .cled / ri'saɪkld / adjective

Something that is **recycled** has been used before recycled paper

re .cy .cling / ri'saıklın / noun

[noncount]

1 the process of making objects and materials able to be used again

the recycling of glass

2 things that can be recycled

You need to separate your recycling into glass, plastic, and

red / red / adjective (red | der |, red | dest)

1 having the color of blood

She's wearing a bright red dress.

red wine

2 Red hair has a color between red, orange, and brown.

▶red *noun* [count, noncount]

Lucy was dressed in red.

re do / ri'du / verb (re does / ri'daz /

re .do .ing , re .did / ri'dıd / re .done / ri'dʌn /)

to do something again or in a different way My teacher asked me to redo the whole essay.

re .duce 2 / ri'dus / verb

(re duc es, re duc ing, re duced)

to make something smaller or less

This shirt was reduced from \$50 to \$30.

Reduce speed now (= words on a road sign).

→ANTONYM increase

re .duc .tion / ri'daksn / noun [count]

making something smaller or less

price reductions

a reduction in the number of students

red . wood / 'redwod / noun

[count]

a very tall tree that grows near the west coast of the U.S.

redwood



reed / rid / noun

[count]

a tall plant, like grass, that grows in or near water

reef / rif / noun [count]

(GEOGRAPHY) a long line of rocks, plants, etc. near the surface of the ocean a $coral\ reef$

reel / ril / noun

[count

a thing with round sides that holds string for sewing or fishing, film for cameras or movies, etc. a fishing rod and reel

re . fer 2 / ri'fər / verb

(re fers, re fer ring, re ferred) refer to someone or something

1 to talk about someone or something

When I said that some people aren't working hard enough, I wasn't referring to you.

2 to describe or be connected with someone or something *The word "child" here refers to anyone under the age of 16.*

3 to look in a book or ask someone for information *If you don't understand a word, you may refer to your dictionary.*

→SYNONYM consult

ref . e . ree / refə'ri / noun

[count]

(SPORTS) a person who controls a game of football or some other sports, and makes sure the players follow the rules a basketball referee

→ Look at umpire.

ref .er .ence / 'refrans / noun

1 [count] what someone says or writes about something *The book is full of references to her childhood in India.*

2 [noncount] looking at something for information *Keep these instructions for future reference* .

3 [count] If someone gives you a **reference**, they write or talk about you to someone who may give you a new job *Did your boss give you a good reference?*

ref .er .ence book / 'refrens bok / noun

[count]

a book where you look for information *A dictionary is a reference book.*

ref .er .en .dum / refə'rendəm / noun

[count] (plural ref .er .en .dums or ref .er .en .da / ,refəˈrɛndə /)

(${\tt POLITICS}$) an occasion when all the people of a country or state can vote on a political question to hold a referendum

re .fill / ˌriˈfɪl / verb

(re fills, re fill ing, re filled)

to fill something again

Can I refill your glass?

▶re .fill / 'rifil / noun [count]

The diner has free refills on coffee.

re .fin .er .y / rifaməri / noun [count]

(plural re .fin .er .ies)

(BUSINESS) a factory where a particular substance is treated to make it more pure a sugar refinery

oil refineries

re . flect / rɪˈflɛkt / verb

(re flects, re flect ing, re flect ed)

 ${f 1}$ to show a picture of someone or something in a mirror, water, or glass

She could see herself reflected in the mirror.

2 (PHYSICS) to send back light, heat, or sound

The windows reflected the bright morning sunshine.

3 to show something

His music reflects his interest in African culture.

re .flec .tion / rɪˈflɛkʃn / noun

 $\boldsymbol{1} \; [\; \mbox{count} \;]$ a picture that you see in a mirror or on a shiny surface

He admired his reflection in the mirror.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ [noncount] ($\boldsymbol{PHYSICS}$) sending back light, heat, or sound

 $oldsymbol{3}$ [count] a thing that shows what someone or something is like

Your clothes are a reflection of your personality.

re . form 1 / ri'form / verb

(re forms, re form ing, re formed)

to change something to make it better

The government wants to reform the education system.

re . form 2 / ri'form / noun

[count, noncount]

a change to something to make it better *economic reform*

re .fresh / rr'fref / verb

(re fresh es, re fresh ing, re freshed)

to make someone feel less tired, less hot, or full of energy again

A good night's sleep will refresh you after your long trip.

▶re · freshed / ri'frεſt / adjective

He looked refreshed after a good night's sleep.

re . fresh . ing / rɪˈfrɛʃiŋ / adjective

1 making you feel less tired or less hot a *cold, refreshing drink*

2 new or different in a good way

It's refreshing to meet someone who is so enthusiastic.

re .fresh .ments / rı'fresments / noun

[plural]

food and drinks that are available at a theater or other public event

Light refreshments will be served during the break.

re friq er ate / rifridgareit / verb (re frig er ates, re frig er at ing, re frig er at ed)

to put food or a drink in a refrigerator in order to keep it cold and fresh

Refrigerate after opening (= on a food label).

re frig er a tor / rifridgareitar /

(also informal fridge / fridg /) noun [count]

a metal container, usually electric, which keeps food cold but not frozen

Can you put the milk in the refrigerator?

→ Look at freezer.

ref .uge / 'refyud3 / noun [count]

a place where you are safe from someone or something We took refuge from the hot sun under a tree.

ref · u · gee / refyu'dzi / noun [count]

(POLITICS) a person who must leave their country because of danger, for example a war

re . fund 1 / 'rifand / noun [count]

money that is paid back to you, because you have paid too much or because you are not happy with something you

If you are not completely satisfied with the watch, you can return it for a full refund.

re . fund 2 / ri'fAnd / verb

(re funds, re fund ing, re fund ed)

to give someone their money back, because they have paid too much or because they are not happy with something they bought

We will refund your money in full.

re · fus · al / ri'fyuzl / noun [count, noncount] saying "no" when someone asks you to do or have something

a refusal to pay

re . fuse 1 ²⁰ / ri'fyuz / verb

(re fus es, re fus ing, re fused)

PRONUNCIATION

When refuse is a verb, you say the second part of the word louder: reFUSE. When refuse is a noun, you say the first part of the word louder: REfuse .

to say "no" when someone asks you to do or have something

I asked Matthew to help, but he refused.

The company refused to give me my money back.

ref . use 2 / 'refyus / noun [noncount]

things that you throw away because you do not want them anymore

→SYNONYM garbage, trash

re .gard 1 / ri'gard / verb

(re gards, re gard ing, re gard ed)

to think about someone or something in a certain way I regard her as my best friend.

re . gard 2 / rr gard / noun

(formal)

1 [noncount] attention to or care for someone or something

She shows no regard for other people's feelings.

2 [noncount] what you feel when you admire or respect someone or something

I have great regard for his work (=I think it is very good).

3 regards [plural] a word you use to send good wishes to someone at the end of a letter or an e-mail, or when you ask someone to give your good wishes to another person who is not there

Kind regards,...

Please give my regards to your parents.

in regard to someone or something; with regard to someone or something

about someone or something

I am writing to you in regard to your advertisement for a computer programmer.

re .gard .ing / rr'gardin / preposition (formal) about someone or something

Please contact us if you require further information regarding this matter. →SYNONYM concerning

re . gard . less / ri'gardles / adverb

not paying attention or being affected by someone or something

Everyone will receive the same bonus, regardless of how long they have been working here.

reg .gae / 'reger / noun [noncount]

(MUSIC) a type of Caribbean popular music

re .gime AWL / rei'gim / noun [count]

(POLITICS) a method or system of government, especially one that has not been elected in a fair way a military regime

reg . i . ment / 'redgement / noun [count] a group of soldiers in an army

re . gion 🥯 AWL / 'ridzən / noun [count]

(GEOGRAPHY) a part of a country or of the world tropical regions of the world

re .gion .al AWL / 'ridgənl / adjective

(GEOGRAPHY) belonging to a certain part of a country or of the world

a regional dialect

reg . is . ter 1 AWL / 'redgester / verb

(reg is ters, reg is ter ing, reg is tered)

1 to put a name on an official list I'm going to register for four classes this semester.

2 to show a number or amount The thermometer registered 90°F.

reg . is . ter 2 AWL / 'redgester / noun [count]

1 an official list of names

the National Register of Historic Places

2 = cash register

req is trar / red39, strar / noun [count]

a person whose job is to keep information about students at a college or university

Contact the registrar for a copy of your certificate.

reg . is . tra . tion AWL / red39'streifn / noun

1 [noncount] putting a name on an official list

Registration for the fall semester will begin in August.

2 [count] an official piece of paper with information about a vehicle and the name of its owner

Can I see your driver's license and registration?

re .gret 1 / ri'gret / verb

(re grets, re gret ting, re gret ted)

to feel sorry about something that you did or did not do He regrets selling his car.

I don't regret what I said to her.

re . gret 2 / rr'gret / noun [count, noncount] a sad feeling about something that you did or did not do Do you have any regrets about quitting your job?

reg .u .lar \(\text{'regyələr} \) / 'regyələr / adjective

1 happening again and again with the same amount of space or time in between

a regular heartbeat

A light flashed at regular intervals.

→ANTONYM irregular

2 going somewhere or doing something often

I've never seen him before – he's not one of my regular customers.

3 usual

Who is your regular doctor?

4 standard, average, or normal

Would you like regular coffee or decaf?

He's just a regular guy.

 ${\bf 5}\,$ (<code>ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS</code>) A word that is ${\bf regular}$ has the usual verb forms or plural

"Work" is a regular verb. →ANTONYM irregular

reg . u . lar . ly 🔯 / ˈrɛgyələrli / adverb

If something happens **regularly**, it happens again and again with the same amount of time in between *We meet regularly every Friday.*

reg . u . la . tion AWL / regyəˈleɪʃn / noun [count]

an official rule that controls what people do *You can't smoke here – it's against fire regulations* .

re .hears .al / rɪˈhərsl / noun [count]

a time when you practice something, such as a play or a piece of music, before you do it in front of other people *There's a play rehearsal tonight.*

re . hearse / rɪˈhərs / verb

(re hears es, re hears ing, re hearsed)

to practice something, such as a play or a piece of music, before you do it in front of other people *We are rehearsing for the concert.*

reign 1 / rem / noun [count]

(POLITICS) a time when a king or queen rules a country *The reign of Queen Elizabeth II began in 1952.*

reign 2 / rein / verb (reigns, reign ing, reigned) (POLITICS) to be king or queen of a country Queen Victoria reigned for over sixty years.

rein .deer / 'reindir / noun [count] (plural rein .deer)

a big animal that lives in very cold countries. **Reindeer** are brown and have long $\underline{\text{horns}}$ on their heads.

re .in .force AWL / rim'fors / verb

(re in forc es, re in forc ing, re in forced) to make something stronger

They used steel bars to reinforce the concrete.

reins / reinz / noun [plural]

long, thin pieces of leather that a horse wears on its head so that the person riding it can control it

re .ject AWL / rr/d3ekt / verb (re .jects, re .ject .ing, re .ject .ed)

to say that you do not want someone or something He rejected my offer of help.

She got rejected from Princeton University.

→ANTONYM accept

re .jec .tion AWL / rɪˈdʒɛkʃn / noun

[count, noncount]

She doesn't handle rejection very well. David got rejection letters from eight law firms.

re . late / rɪˈleɪt / verb

(re lates, re lat ing, re lat ed)

to show or to make a connection between two or more things

I found it difficult to relate the two ideas in my mind.

→SYNONYM connect

relate to someone or something to be connected to someone or something

That's good advice, but it doesn't really relate to my situation.

re . lat . ed / rr'lerted / adjective

in the same family; connected

"Are those two boys related?" "Yes, they're brothers."

re · la · tion 🥯 / rɪˈleɪʃn / noun

1 relations [plural] the way that people, groups, or countries behave with each other or how they feel about each other

diplomatic relations with other countries

2 [noncount] a connection between two things

The movie has no relation to the book.

3 [count] a person in your family

→SYNONYM relative

1 the way people or groups behave with each other or how they feel about each other

I have a good relationship with my parents.

The book describes the relationship between the two communities.

2 a romantic connection between two people *to have a relationship with someone*

Are you in a relationship right now?

3 the way that two or more things are connected

Is there a relationship between stress and high blood pressure?

rel .a .tive 1 / 'relativ / noun [count]

a person in your family

→SYNONYM relation

rel . a . tive 2 / 'relativ / adjective

1 when compared with someone or something else the position of the earth relative to the sun They live in relative luxury.

2 (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) referring to an earlier noun, sentence, or part of a sentence

In the phrase "the woman who lives next door," "who" is a relative pronoun and "who lives next door" is a relative clause.

rel .a . tive .ly / 'relativli / adverb

to a certain degree, especially when compared with others *This room is relatively small.*

re lax AWL / rilæks / verb (re lax es , re lax ing , re laxed)

1 to rest and be calm; to become less worried or angry After a hard day at work, I just wanted to relax in front of the TV.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ to become less tight or to make something become less tight

Let your body relax.

▶re .lax .ing AWL / rı'læksıŋ / adjective

We had a quiet, relaxing weekend.

re · lax · a · tion AWL / ˌrilækˈseɪʃn / noun [noncount]

time spent resting and being calm

You need more rest and relaxation.

re . laxed AWL / rrlækst / adjective calm and not worried

She felt relaxed after her vacation.

re · lay / 'rilei / (also re · lay race / 'rilei reis /) noun [count]

(SPORTS) a race in which each member of the team runs, swims, etc. one part of the race

re . lease 1 AWL / ri'lis / verb (re leas es , re leas ing , re leased)

1 to let a person or an animal go free He was released from prison last month.

2 to allow something to be known by the public

They have not released the victim's name.

3 to make a movie, a song, a book, etc. available so people can see, hear, or buy it

The movie is due to be released next month.

re . lease 2 AWL / rı'lis / noun

[count, noncount]

1 when a person or an animal is allowed to go free the release of the prisoners

2 a new movie, song, book, etc. that is available for people to see, hear, or buy

this month's new movie releases

rel . e . vant S AWL / 'relevent / adjective

connected with what you are talking or writing about; important

We need someone who can do the job well - your age is not relevant.

→ANTONYM irrelevant

►rel .e .vance AWL / 'relevens / noun [noncount] I'm sorry, I don't see the relevance of your question.

re . li . a . ble AWL / rr'larabl / adjective

that you can trust

My car is very reliable.

He's a reliable person.

→ANTONYM unreliable

The verb is rely.

re . li . ant AWL / rı'laıənt / adjective

not being able to live or work without someone or something

She is totally reliant on her parents for money.

The verb is rely.

re lied AWL

form of rely

re . lief 🥯 / rı'lif / noun

[noncount]

1 the good feeling you have when you are no longer worried or in pain

It was a great relief to know she was safe.

2 (POLITICS) food or money that is given to people who

Many countries sent relief to the victims of the disaster.

re lies AWL

form of rely

re . lieve / rı'liv / verb

(re lieves, re liev ing, re lieved)

to make a bad feeling or a pain stop or get better These pills should relieve the pain.

re . lieved / ri'livd / adjective

feeling happy because a problem or danger has gone away I was relieved to hear that you weren't hurt in the accident.

re . liq . ion 🥯 / rɪˈlɪdʒən / noun

(RELIGION)

1 [noncount] believing in a god or gods and the activities connected with this

2 [count] one of the ways of believing in a god or gods Christianity, Islam, and other world religions

re . liq . ious 2 / rr/lid39s / adjective (RELIGION)

1 connected with religion

a religious leader

2 having a strong belief in a religion My parents are very religious.

re · luc · tance AWL / rɪˈlʌktəns / noun

[noncount]

not wanting to do something

He agreed, but with great reluctance.

re . luc . tant AWL / ri'laktent / adjective

If you are **reluctant** to do something, you do not want to

He was reluctant to give me the money.

►re · luc · tant · ly AWL / rɪˈlʌktəntli / adverb She reluctantly agreed to help.

re . ly S AWL / ri'lai / verb

(re lies, re ly ing, re lied, has re lied) rely on someone or something

1 to need someone or something

I rely on my parents for money. →SYNONYM depend on The adjective is reliant.

2 to feel sure that someone or something will do what they say they will do

You can rely on him to help you.

The adjective is **reliable**.

re . main 🥯 / rɪˈmeɪn / verb

(re mains, re main ing, re mained) (formal)

1 to stay in the same way; to not change

I asked her a question, but she remained silent.

2 to stay after other people or things have gone After the fire, very little remained of the house.

re · main · der / rɪˈmeɪndər / noun [singular] (formal)

the people, things, etc. that are left after the others have gone or been used

The remainder of the week should be warm and sunny.

→SYNONYM rest

re . main . ing / rr'meinin / adjective

continuing to exist or stay after other people or things have gone or been used

They spent the remaining two days of their vacation at the beach.

re . mains / rr'meinz / noun [plural]

what is left when most of something has gone the remains of an old church

re . mark 100 / rr mark / noun [count]

something that you say

He made a remark about the food.

→SYNONYM comment

re . mark 2 / rɪˈmark / verb

(re marks, re mark ing, re marked)

to say something

"It's cold today," he remarked.

→SYNONYM comment

re . mark . a . ble / rr/markabl / adjective

unusual and surprising in a good way a remarkable discovery

►re ·mark ·a ·bly / ri'markəbli / adverb She speaks French remarkably well.

re .mar .ry / ri'mæri / verb

(re .mar .ries , re .mar .ry .ing , re .mar .ried) to marry again

After her husband died, she didn't think she'd ever remarry.

re . me . di . al / rɪˈmidiəl / adjective

for people who need extra help to learn something remedial English classes

 $rem \cdot e \cdot dy \ / \ 'rem \cdot di \ / \ \textit{noun} \ [\ count \]$

(plural rem .e .dies)

 $\boldsymbol{1} \hspace{0.1cm} \text{(HEALTH)}$ something that makes you better when you are sick or in pain

a remedy for asthma

2 a way of solving a problem

There is no easy remedy for unemployment.

re . mem . ber 🥯 / rr/membər / verb

(re | mem | bers, re | mem | ber | ing, re | mem | bered)

to keep something in your mind or bring something back into your mind

Can you remember his name?

I remember mailing the letter.

Did you remember to buy milk?

→ANTONYM forget

re . mind D / rr maind / verb

(re minds, re mind ing, re mind ed)

1 to help someone remember something that they must do *Please remind me to buy some bread on the way home.*

2 to make someone remember someone or something *She reminds me of her mother.*

re .mind .er / rɪˈmaɪndər / noun

[count]

something that makes you remember something *Eddie kept the ring as a reminder of happier days.*

re .morse / rı'mɔrs / noun

[noncount]

the feeling you have when you are sorry for doing something wrong

She was filled with remorse for what she had done.

→Look at guilt.

re . mote / rɪˈmoʊt / adjective

(re mot er, re mot est)

1 far away from where other people live

a remote island in the Pacific Ocean

2 far away in time

the remote past

 $\textbf{re.mote con.trol} \ / \ \textbf{rr}_{l} \textbf{moot ken'troul} \ / \ \textbf{\textit{noun}}$

(also informal re.mote) [count]

a piece of equipment that you use for controlling a television, a toy, or other machine from a distance

Pass me the remote control – I want to see what else is on TV

re . mote . ly / rr'moutli / adverb

at all; in any way

I'm not remotely interested in your opinions.

re .mov .al AWL / rr'muvl / noun [noncount]

when you take something off or away

the removal of a car that was blocking the exit

re . move Samuel / rr/muv / verb

(re moves, re moving, re moved)

to take someone or something off or away from someone or something

The statue was removed from the museum.

Please remove your shoes before entering the temple.

→SYNONYM take away, take off

re . new / rɪ'nu / verb

(re news, re new ing, re newed)

1 to start something again

We renewed our friendship after many years.

2 to make something acceptable or able to be used for a further period of time

You can renew your library books over the Internet.

If you want to stay in the country you must renew your visa.

re .new .a .ble / rɪˈnuəbl / adjective

1 (used about sources of energy) that will always exist renewable energy sources, such as solar power and wind

2 that can be continued or replaced with a new one for another period of time

Your work permit is not renewable.

ren . o . vate / 'renevert / verb

(ren .o .vates , ren .o .vat .ing , ren .o .vat .ed) to repair an old building so that it is in good condition again

►ren · o · va · tion / ˌrɛnəˈveɪʃn / noun

[count, noncount]

The museum is closed during renovation.

rent 1 2 / rent / noun [count]

the money that you pay to live in a place or to use something that belongs to another person

How much is your rent?

Megan couldn't afford to pay her rent this month.

for rent

available to rent

Do you have any apartments for rent?

rent 2 2 / rent / verb (rents, rent ling, rent led)

1 to pay to live in a place, or to use something for a short

We're renting an apartment near campus.

We rented a car in Denver.

2 (also **rent something out**) to let someone live in a place or use something for a short time in return for money *He rents out his house to students during the summer.* Do you rent bikes by the hour?

rent . al / 'rentl / noun

1 [noncount] the act of renting something or an arrangement to rent something

You can arrange your car rental over the Internet.

2 [count, noncount] the amount of money that you pay when you rent something

Bike rental is \$40 per day.

 $\boldsymbol{3} \ [\ \text{count} \]$ a house, car, or piece of equipment that you can rent

"Is this your own car?" "No, it's a rental."

Rep.

abbreviation of Representative

re . paid form of repay

re .pair 1 2 / ri'per / verb

(re pairs, re pair ing, re paired)

to make something that is broken or damaged good again *How much will it cost to repair the car?*

→SYNONYM fix

re .pair 2 / rr'per / noun [count, noncount]

something you do to fix something that is broken or damaged

The hotel is closed for repairs.

The bridge is under repair.

re pay / ri'per / verb (re pays, re pay ing,

re paid / ri'peid / has re paid)

1 to pay back money to someone

to repay a loan

2 to do something for someone to show your thanks *How can I repay you for all your help?*

re . pay . ment / ri'perment / noun

[count, noncount]

paying someone back, or the money that you pay them *monthly repayments*

re . peat 🔯 / rɪˈpit / verb

(re peats, re peat ing, re peat ed)

1 to say or do something again

He didn't hear my question, so I repeated it.

2 to say what another person has said

Repeat this sentence after me.

▶re .peat noun [count]

I think I've seen this episode before – it must be a repeat.

re . peat . ed / rɪˈpitəd / adjective

happening or done many times

There have been repeated accidents on this stretch of road.

▶re .peat .ed .ly / ri'pitadli / adverb

I've asked him repeatedly not to leave his bike here.

rep .e .ti .tion / repoltrin / noun

[count, noncount]

saying or doing something again

to learn by repetition

re . pet . i . tive / rɪˈpɛtətɪv / adjective

not interesting because the same thing is repeated many times

The job paid well, but I found it a little repetitive.

re . place 🔯 / rɪˈpleɪs / verb

(re places, re placing, replaced)

1 to take the place of someone or something

Teachers will never be replaced by computers in the classroom.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ to put a new or different person or thing in the place of another

I need to replace my watch battery.

3 to put something back in the place where it was before *Please replace the books on the shelf when you are finished with them.*

re . place . ment / rr/pleisment / noun

[count

a new or different person or thing that takes the place of another

Sue is leaving the company next month so we need to find a replacement.

re .play / 'ripleɪ / noun [count] (plural re .plays)

(SPORTS) something on television, etc. that you watch or listen to again, especially a small part of a sports game *I missed the touchdown but saw the replay.*

rep . li . ca / 'replika / noun [count]

an exact copy of something

a replica of the Empire State Building

re . ply 1 2 / ri plai / verb

(re plies, re ply ing, re plied, has re plied)

to say or write something as an answer to someone or something

I wrote to Jane, but she hasn't replied.

re . ply 2 noun [count, noncount]

(plural re plies)

an answer

Have you had a reply to your letter?

What did you say in reply to his question?

re . port 1 0 / ri port / verb

(re ports, re port ing, re port ed)

to give people information about something that has happened

We reported the accident to the police.

re . port 2 / rr port / noun [count]

something that someone says or writes about something that has happened

Did you read the newspaper reports about the earthquake?

re . port card / rr'port kard / noun [count]

a written statement about a student's work with a grade for each subject

He had four A's and two B's on his report card.

re . port . ed speech / ri,portid 'spitʃ / noun [noncount]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) saying what someone has said, rather than repeating their exact words. In **reported speech**, "I'll come later" becomes "He said he'd (= he would) come later."

re .port .er 😂 / rɪˈpərtər / noun [count]

a person who writes for a newspaper or speaks on the radio or television about things that have happened

→ Look at journalist.

rep . re . sent 🥯 / ˌrɛprɪˈzɛnt / verb

(rep re sents, rep re sent ing, rep re sent ed)

1 to speak or do something in place of another person or other people

It is an honor for athletes to represent their country.

2 to be an example or a sign of something

The vellow lines on the man represent road

The yellow lines on the map represent roads.

rep · re · sen · ta · tion / rεprizen'teιĵn / noun

1 [noncount] (formal)

having someone act or speak for you

Do you have any legal representation (= someone to speak for you in a court of law)?

2 [count, noncount] the way that someone or something is shown or described

The article complains about the representation of women in advertising.

rep . re . sen . ta . tive / reprizentativ / noun [count]

1 a person who speaks or does something for a group of people

There were representatives from every department at the meeting.

2 Representative (*abbreviation* **Rep.**) (**POLITICS**) a member of the House of Representatives in the U.S. Congress Word building

The U.S. Government

The government in the U.S. is divided into three parts: the legislative branch , the executive branch , and the judicial branch .

The legislative branch is responsible for making laws. This is the U.S. Congress, which is made up of two groups of people: the Senate and the House of Representatives.

The executive branch is led by the president, and includes the vice president and the rest of the Cabinet (= other important politicians).

The judicial branch includes the **Supreme Court** which is the most important court in the country.

rep . ri . mand / 'repremend / verb

(rep.ri mands, rep.ri mand ing, rep.ri mand ed) to tell someone officially that they have done something wrong

She was reprimanded for being late.

►rep ·ri ·mand noun [count] a severe reprimand

re . pro . duce / ripro'dus / verb

(re . pro . duc . es , re . pro . duc . ing , re . pro . duced)

1 to make a copy of something

2 (BIOLOGY) When people, animals, or plants **reproduce**, they have young ones.

re.pro.duc.tion/_ripro'daksin/noun

(BIOLOGY) producing babies, or young animals or plants We are studying plant reproduction at school.

rep.tile / 'rεptail / noun [count]

any animal with cold blood that lays eggs. Snakes are reptiles.

re .pub .lic / rɪˈpʌblɪk / noun [count]

(POLITICS) a country where people choose the government and the leader (the **president**)

the Republic of Ireland \rightarrow Look at monarchy.

Re . pub . li . can / rɪˈpʌblɪkən / noun [count] (POLITICS) a person in the Republican Party in the U.S.
PRe . pub . li . can adjective Republican voters

→ Look at Democrat.

the Re . pub . li . can Par . ty / ðə rı'pʌblikən ˌparti / noun [singular]

(POLITICS) one of the two main political parties in the U.S. \rightarrow Look at the Democratic Party.

re . pul . sive / rɪˈpʌlsɪv / adjective disgusting or very unpleasant What a repulsive smell!

rep . **u** . **tion** / repyo'tet(n) / noun [count] what people think or say about someone or something This restaurant has a good reputation.

re . quest 1 / rı'kwɛst / noun [count] asking for something in a polite or formal way They made a request for money.

re .quest 2 / r'kwest / verb (re .quests, re .quest .ing, re .quest .ed) (formal)

to ask for something

I requested a private room at the hospital.

1 to need something

Please contact us if you require further information.

2 to officially demand or order something

Passengers are required by law to wear seat belts.

re . quire . ment AWL / rɪˈkwaɪərmənt / noun [count]

something that you need or that you must do or have course requirements for graduation

re sched ules, re sched ul ing, re sched uled) to change the time of something so that it happens later I'm going to have to reschedule our meeting for next week.

res cues, res cu ing, res cued)

to save someone or something from danger *She rescued the boy when he fell in the river.*

res .cue 2 / 'rɛskyu / noun [count, noncount] saving someone or something from danger When she was attacked, no one came to her rescue. The attempted rescue of the climbers failed when it started to snow.

re . search 1 AWL / 'risərtʃ / noun

[noncount]

studying something carefully to find out more about it $scientific\ research$

re search es, re search ing, re searched)

to study something carefully to find out more about it *Scientists are researching the causes of the disease.*

►re .search .er AWL / ri'sərtʃtər / noun [count] a medical researcher

re.sem.blance/rrzemblens/noun[count, noncount]

looking like someone or something else *There's no resemblance between my two brothers.*

re . sem . ble / rɪˈzɛmbl / verb

(re sem bles, re sem bling, re sem bled) to look like someone or something else Lisa resembles her mother.

re sent ed)

to feel angry about something because you think it is not fair

I resented her criticism of my work.

►re · sent · ful / rr'zentfl / adjective He felt resentful at being criticized unfairly. re . sent . ment / rr'zentment / noun

[noncount, singular]

a feeling of anger about something that you think is not fair

res .er .va .tion 🍮 / ˌrɛzərˈveɪʃn / noun

1 a room, seat, table, or another thing that you have asked someone to keep for you

I called the restaurant and made a reservation for a table for two.

2 a feeling of doubt about something

I still have some reservations about taking the job.

3 an area of land in the U.S. that is kept separate for Native Americans to live in

re . serve 1 / ri'zərv / verb

(re serves, re serving, reserved)

1 to ask for a seat, table, room, etc. to be kept for you at a future time

I'd like to reserve a room for tomorrow night.

→SYNONYM book

2 to keep something for a special reason or to use later *Those seats are reserved.*

re . serve 2 / rī'zərv / noun

[count]

1 something that you keep to use later *reserves of food*

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ an area of land where the animals and plants are protected by law

a nature reserve

in reserve

that you keep and do not use unless you need to Don't spend all the money – keep some in reserve.

re . served / rr'zərvd / adjective

If you are $\boldsymbol{reserved}$, you keep your feelings hidden from other people.

res .er .voir / 'rezervwar / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{GEOGRAPHY}}$) a big lake where a city or town keeps water to use later

res .i .dence AWL / 'rezadans / noun

1 [count] (formal)

a large house, usually where an important or famous person lives

a diplomat's residence

2 [noncount] having your home in a particular place The family applied for permanent residence in the United States.

res .i .dent AWL / 'rezədənt / noun

[count]

a person who lives in a place

res .i .den .tial AWL / rezeldenfl / adjective A residential area is one where there are houses rather than offices or factories.

re .sign / ri'zain / verb

(re signs, re sign ing, re signed)

to leave your job

The director resigned last week.

resign yourself to something

to accept something that you do not like but that you cannot change

There were a lot of people in line, so John resigned himself to a long wait.

res . ig . na . tion / rezig'neisn / noun

[count, noncount]

saying that you want to leave your job

a letter of resignation

to hand in your resignation (= to give your company a letter saying that you want to leave your job)

re . signed / ri'zaind / adjective

accepting something that is bad, but cannot be changed Ben was resigned to the fact that he would never be a professional athlete.

re .sist / rɪˈzɪst / verb

(resists, resistsing, resistsed)

1 to try to stop something from happening or to fight against someone or something

The board of directors is resisting pressure to fire the company president.

2 to stop yourself from doing or having something that you want to do or have

I can't resist chocolate.

re .sis .tance / rr'zıstəns / noun [noncount]

when people try to stop something from happening; fighting against someone or something

There was a lot of resistance to the plan to build a new airport.

res . o . lu . tion AWL / rezəˈluʃn / noun

1 [count] something that you decide to do or not to do *Julie made a resolution to study harder.*

2 [count] (POLITICS) a formal decision that is made after a vote by a group of people

a United Nations resolution to send more troops to the region

3 [noncount] a solution to a problem or an argument

re . solve AWL / rr'zalv / verb

(re solves, re solv ing, re solved)
(formal)

1 to find a solution to a problem

All of the technical problems have been resolved.

2 to decide to do or not do something He resolved never to do it again.

re .sort / ri'zort / noun [count]

a place where a lot of people go on vacation a popular beach resort

a last resort

the only person or thing left that can help
As a last resort, I asked my parents for money.

re . source AWL / 'risors / noun [count]

something that a person, an organization, or a country has and can use

Oil is one of our most important natural resources.

re . spect 1 2 / rr/spekt / noun [noncount]

1 feeling that you have a good opinion of someone *I have a lot of respect for your father.*

2 being polite to someone or something *You should treat old people with more respect.*

re . spect 2 5 / ri'spekt / verb

(re spects, re spect ing, re spect ed)

1 to have a good opinion of someone or something *I respect him for his honesty.*

→SYNONYM admire

2 to pay attention to or be careful about something *We should respect other people's cultures and values.*

re spect a ble / rr'spektabl / adjective

If a person or thing is ${\bf respectable}$, people think they are good or correct

She comes from a respectable family.

re . spect . ful / rr/spektfl / adjective

If you are $\boldsymbol{respectful}$, you are polite to other people and in different situations

The crowd listened in respectful silence.

res .pi .ra .to .ry / ˈrɛsprəˌtɔri / adjective

(BIOLOGY, HEALTH) connected with breathing He suffers from respiratory problems.

►res ·pi ·ra ·tion / ¡rɛspə¹reɪʃn / noun [noncount] (formal)

breathing

re . spond AWL / ri'spand / verb

(re sponds, re spond ing, re spond ed)
(formal)

to do or say something to answer someone or something *I said "hello,"* but he didn't respond.

→SYNONYM reply

re . sponse AWL / ri'spans / noun [count]

an answer to someone or something

I wrote to them but I haven't had a response.

→SYNONYM reply

re . spon . si . bil . i . ty ⁶/ rı,spansə'bıləti / noun [count, noncount]

(plural re spon si bil i ties)

a duty to deal with or take care of someone or something Who has responsibility for the new students?

The dog is my brother's responsibility.

You need to take responsibity for your own actions.

re . spon . si . ble 2 / ri'spansəbl / adjective

1 having the duty to take care of someone or something *The driver is responsible for the lives of the people on the bus.*

2 being the person who made something bad happen *Who was responsible for the accident?*

3 A **responsible** person is someone that you can trust *We need a responsible person to take care of our son.*

→ANTONYM irresponsible

rest 1 0 / rest / noun

1 the rest [singular] the part that is left or the ones that are left

If you don't want the rest, I'll eat it.

I liked the beginning, but the rest of the movie wasn't very good.

Jason watched TV and the rest of us went for a walk.

2 [count, noncount] a time when you relax, sleep, or do nothing

After walking for an hour, we stopped for a rest. Try to get some rest now.

rest 2 0 / rest / verb (rests, rest ling, rest led)

1 to relax, sleep, or do nothing after an activity or an illness We worked all morning and then rested for an hour before starting work again.

2 to be on something; to put something on or against another thing

His arms were resting on the table.

res .tau .rant / restarant / noun [count] a place where you buy a meal and eat it

rest . ful / 'restfl / adjective

making you feel relaxed and calm a restful weekend

rest . less / 'restles / adjective

not able to stay still or relax because you are bored or nervous

The kids always get restless on long drives.

re . store AWL / ri'stor / verb

(re stores , re stor ing , re stored)

to make something as good as it was before

The old hotel has been restored.

►res ·to ·ra ·tion AWL / ˌrɛstəˈreɪʃn / noun

[count, noncount]

an historic house in need of restoration

re . strain AWL / ri'strein / verb

(re strains, re strain ing, re strained)

to stop someone or something from doing something; to control someone or something

I couldn't restrain my anger.

re . strict AWL / rr'strikt / verb

(re stricts, re strict ing, re strict ed)

to allow only a certain amount, size, sort, etc.

Our house is very small, so we had to restrict the number of people we invited to the party.

→SYNONYM limit

re . stric . tion AWL / rɪˈstrɪkʃn / noun

[count

a rule to control someone or something

There are a lot of parking restrictions downtown.

rest . room / 'restrum / noun [count]

a room with a toilet in a public place, for example a restaurant or theater

re . sult 1 2 / rr'zalt / noun [count]

1 something that happens because of something else *The accident was a result of bad driving.*

I woke up late and was late for school as a result.

2 the score at the end of a game, competition, or exam *election results*

When will you know your exam results?

re . sult 2 0 / rr'zalt / verb

(ressults, ressultsing, ressultsed)

result in something

to make something happen

The accident resulted in the death of two drivers.

→SYNONYM cause

re . sume / rr'zum / verb

(re sumes, re sum ing, re sumed)

to start something again after stopping for a period of time to resume negotiations

ré .su .mé (also re .su .me) / ˈrɛzəmeɪ / noun

a written list of your education and work experience that you send when you are trying to get a new job

To apply for the job, send your résumé and cover letter to Judy Williams.

re .tail 1 / 'riteil / noun [noncount]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{BUSINESS}}$) the business of selling goods to people in stores, etc.

 $the\ recommended\ retail\ price$

re . tail 2 / 'riteil / verb

(re tails, re tail ing, re tailed)

(BUSINESS) to be sold at a particular price *This camera retails for \$199.99.*

re .tail .er / 'riterlar / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{BUSINESS}}$) a person or company that sells things to people a furniture retailer

Online retailers (= who sell on the Internet) *often have the best prices.*

re .tain / ri'tem / verb

(re tains, re tain ing, re tained)

(formal)

to keep or continue to have something

The Democrats retained control of the Senate after the election.

re .tal .i .ate / rɪˈtælieɪt / verb

(re tal i ates, re tal i at ing, re tal i at ed)

to do something bad to someone because they did something bad done to you to retaliate against an attack

ret .i .na / 'retn•a / noun [count]

($\mbox{\sc BIOLOGY}$) the part of your eye that sends an image of what you see to your brain

re . tire / rı'taıər / verb

(re tires, re tir ing, re tired)

to stop working because you are a certain age *My grandfather retired when he was 65.*

▶re .tired / ri'taiərd / adjective

a retired teacher

re . tire . ment / rı'taıərmənt / noun [noncount] the time in a person's life after they have reached a certain age and have stopped working

We all wish you a long and happy retirement.

re . treat / rı'trit / verb

(restreats, restreatsing, restreatsed)

to move back or away from someone or something, for example because you have lost a fight

The enemy is retreating.

▶re .treat noun [count, noncount]

The army is now in retreat.

re . turn 1 2 / rı'tərn / verb

(re \cdot turns , re \cdot turn \cdot ing , re \cdot turned)

1 to come or go back to a place

They returned from California last week.

2 to give, put, send, or take something back *Will you return this book to the library?*

re . turn 2 2 / ri'tərn / noun

1 [singular] coming or going back to a place the talk show host's return to daytime TV

2 [noncount] giving, putting, sending, or taking something back

the return of the stolen money

in return

as a way of thanking someone for something they have done for you or paying them for something they have given you

Can I buy you lunch in return for all your help?

re .un .ion / ri'yunyən / noun [count]

a meeting of people who have not seen each other for a long time

We had a family reunion on my aunt's birthday. a high school reunion

re . u . nite / ˌriyu'naɪt / verb

(re \cdot u \cdot nites , re \cdot u \cdot nit \cdot ing , re \cdot u \cdot nit \cdot ed)

to come together or to bring people together again

The missing child was found and reunited with his parents.

Rev.

abbreviation of Reverend

re . veal AWL / rr'vil / verb

(re veals, re veal ing, re vealed)

to tell something that was a secret or show something that was hidden

She refused to reveal any names to the police.

re . venge / rr'vend3 / noun

[noncount]

something bad that you do to someone who has done something bad to you

He wants to take his revenge on the judge who sent him to prison.

rev .e .nue AWL / 'revenu / noun [noncount]

(BUSINESS) money that a government receives from taxes, or a company receives from its business

Revenue from income tax rose last year.

Rev .er .end / 'reverend / adjective

(abbreviation Rev.)

(RELIGION) the title of a Christian priest

re . ver . sal AWL / rr'versl / noun

[count, noncount]

the action of changing something to the opposite of what it was before

This is a complete reversal of your recent decision.

re . verse 1 AWL / ri'vərs / verb

(re .vers .es , re .vers .ing , re .versed)

to change a decision or process to the opposite *The court reversed the decision.*

re . verse 2 AWL / rr'vers / noun [noncount]

1 the complete opposite of what someone just said, or of what you expect

It should have been a relaxing vacation, but it was just the reverse.

2 the control in a car or other vehicle that allows it to move backward

Put the car in reverse, and back into the parking space.

re . view 1 / rr'vyu / noun

1 [count, noncount] looking at something or thinking about something again to see if it needs changing

There will be a review of your contract after six months.

 ${f 2}$ [count] a piece of writing in a newspaper or magazine that says what someone thinks about a book, movie, play, etc.

The movie got very good reviews.

re . view 2 / rɪˈvyu / verb

(re views, re view ing, re viewed)

1 to look at something or think about something again to see if it needs changing

Your salary will be reviewed after one year.

2 to study something to make sure you remember it or understand it

Let's review what we've studied so far.

She reviewed her notes before the meeting.

3 to write about a new book, movie, etc., giving your opinion of it

The play was reviewed in yesterday's newspaper.

re . view . er / rɪˈvyuər / noun

[count]

a person who writes about new books, movies, games, etc.

re . vise AWL / ri'vaiz / verb

(re vis es, re vis ing, re vised)

to change something to make it better or more correct *The book has been revised for this new edition.*

▶re .vi .sion AWL / rɪˈvɪʒn / noun

[count, noncount]

The whole system is in need of revision.

Several revisions have been made.

re . vive / ri'vaiv / verb

(re vives, re viving, re vived)

to become or make someone or something well or strong again

They tried to revive him, but he was already dead.

re . volt / ri'voolt / verb

(re.volts, re.volt.ing, re.volt.ed)

to fight against the people in control

The army is revolting against the government.

▶re .volt noun [count, noncount]

The army quickly stopped the revolt.

rev . O . lu . tion AWL / revəˈluʃn / noun [count]

1 (POLITICS) a fight by people against their government in order to put a new government in its place

The American Revolution was in the late 18th century.

2 a big change in the way of doing things *the Industrial Revolution*

rev.o.lu.tion.ar.y AWL

/ revəˈluʃn•ˌeri / adjective

1 (POLITICS) connected with a political revolution (1)

2 producing great changes; very new and different a revolutionary new idea to reduce <u>carbon</u> emissions

rev . O . lu . tion . ize AWL / revo'lufn•aiz / verb (rev . o . lu . tion . iz . es, rev . o . lu . tion . iz . ing, rev . o . lu . tion . ized)

to change something completely, usually making it better a discovery that could revolutionize the treatment of cancer

re . volve / rr'valv / verb

(re volves, re volv ing, re volved)

to move around in a circle

The earth revolves around the sun.

re .volv er / rı'valvər / noun [count]

a type of small gun

re . ward 1 / ri'word / noun

1 [count, noncount] something that someone gives you because you have done something good or worked hard *My mom bought me a new cell phone as a reward for working hard in school.*

2 [count] money that someone gives you for helping the police, finding something that was lost, etc.

She is offering a \$100 reward to anyone who finds her dog.

re . ward 2 / ri'word / verb

(re wards, re ward ing, re ward ed)

to give something to someone because they have done something well or worked hard

His company rewarded him with a bonus at the end of the year.

re . ward . ing / ri'wordin / adjective

making you feel satisfied or happy because you think it is important or useful

Teaching doesn't pay well, but it's very rewarding.

re . wind / ri'waind / verb (re winds,

re wind ing, re wound / ri waond / has re wound) to make a video or music tape go backward

Rewind the video – I want to see that touchdown again!

re write / ri'rait / verb (re writes,

re .writ .ing , re .wrote / ˌri'root / has re .writ .ten / ˌri'rɪtn /)

($\mbox{ENGLISH}$ LANGUAGE ARTS) to write something again in a different or better way

to rewrite an essay

rhe tor i cal question / ritorikl

'kwestfan / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a question that does not expect an answer

rhi .no / 'raınoʊ / noun [count] (plural rhi .nos) (informal)

short for rhinoceros

rhi noc er os

/ rai[']nusərəs / *noun*

[count]

(plural rhi noc er os or rhi noc er os es) a big, wild animal from Africa or Asia, with thick skin and a horn on its

nose

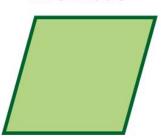
rhinoceros



rhom bus

/ rambes / noun [count]
(plural rhom .bus .es)
(MATH) a flat shape with

(MATH) a flat shape with four sides that are the same length and four angles that are not 90° rhombus



rhyme 1 / raim / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS)

1 a word that has the same sound as another word, for example "bell" and "well"

2 a short piece of writing where the lines end with the same sounds

a children's rhyme

rhyme 2 / raim / verb

(rhymes , rhym ing , rhymed)

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS)

1 to have the same sound as another word "Chair" rhymes with "bear."

2 to have lines that end with the same sounds *This poem doesn't rhyme.*

rhythm / 'rıðəm / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{MUSIC}}$) a regular pattern of sounds that come again and again

This music has a good rhythm.

rhythm and blues / riðam an 'bluz / noun

[noncount] (abbreviation R & B)

(MUSIC) a type of popular music that has a strong beat. It is a mixture of two different styles of music (called **blues** and **jazz**).

rib / rib / noun [count]

1 one of the bones around your chest

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **skeleton**.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ a piece of meat with one or more bones from the \boldsymbol{ribs} of a cow or a pig

barbecued ribs

rib . bon / 'ribən / noun [count]

1 a long, thin piece of material for tying things or making something look pretty

She wore a pink ribbon in her hair.

2 a piece of **ribbon** that is given as a prize in a competition *Carol's apple pie won a blue ribbon* (= first prize) *at the county fair.*

rib cage / 'rıb keıdʒ / noun [count]

($\mbox{\sc BIOLOGY}$) the structure of curved bones (called $\mbox{\sc ribs}$) around your chest

rice / rais / noun [noncount]

short, thin, white or brown grain from a plant that grows on wet land in hot countries. We cook and eat **rice**Would you like rice or potatoes with your chicken?

rich 2 / ritʃ / adjective (rich er, rich est)

1 having a lot of money

a rich family

It's a favorite resort for the rich (= people who are rich) and famous.

→ANTONYM poor

2 containing a lot of something *Oranges are rich in vitamin C.*

3 Food that is **rich** has a lot of fat or sugar in it and makes you feel full quickly

a rich chocolate cake

rid 🥯 / rıd / adjective

get rid of someone or something

to make yourself free of someone or something that you do not want

This dog is following me – I can't get rid of it. I got rid of my old coat and bought a new one.

rid den

form of ride 1

rid .dle / 'rɪdl / noun [count]

a difficult question that has a funny answer

Here's a riddle: What has four legs but can't walk? The answer is a chair!

ride 1 2 / raid / verb (rides, rid ing, rode

/ roud / has rid .den / 'ridn /)

1 to sit on a horse or bicycle and control it as it moves *I'm learning how to ride* (= a horse).

Don't ride your bike on the grass!

2 to travel in a car, bus, or train

He's too young to ride in the front seat.

ride 2 ²⁰ / raid / noun [count]

1 a trip on a horse or bicycle, or in a car, bus, or train *We went for a bike ride.*

Can I have a ride home after class tonight?

2 a large machine that people ride on for fun

I can't wait to go on the rides at the school fair.

rid . **er** / 'raɪdər / **noun** [count] a person who rides a horse or bicycle

ridge / rid3 / noun [count]

(GEOGRAPHY) a long, thin part of something that is higher than the rest, for example along the top of hills or mountains

We walked along the ridge looking down at the valley below.

ri . dic . u . lous / rɪˈdɪkyələs / adjective

so silly that it makes people laugh

I look ridiculous in this hat.

►ri · dic · u · lous · ly / rı'dıkyələsli / adverb It's ridiculously expensive.

rid ing / 'raidin / noun [noncount]

the sport of riding a horse

→SYNONYM horseback riding

ri . fle / 'raɪfl / noun [count]

a long gun that you hold against your shoulder to shoot with

right 1 🔯 / rait / adjective

1 correct or true

That's not the right answer.

"Are you Mr. Johnson?" "Yes, that's right ."

→ANTONYM wrong

2 best

Is she the right person for the job?

→ANTONYM wrong

3 good; fair or what the law allows

It's not right to leave young children alone in the house.

→ ANTONYM wrong

4 on or of the side of the body that faces east when a person faces north

Most people write with their right hand.

→ ANTONYM left

right 2 0 / rait / adverb

1 exactly

He was sitting right next to me.

2 correctly

Have I spelled your name right?

→ANTONYM wrong

3 all the way; completely *Go right to the end of the road.*

4 to the right side

Turn right at the end of street.

→ANTONYM left

5 immediately

Wait here — I'll be right back . Call the doctor right away .

right now

1 at this moment; exactly now We can't discuss this right now.

2 around the present time

Many people are unemployed right now.

right 3 0 / rait / noun

1 [singular] the right side or direction *We live in the first house on the right*.

→ANTONYM left

2 [count] what you are allowed to do, especially by law *In the U.S., everyone has the right to a fair trial.*

3 [noncount] what is good or fair Young children have to learn the difference between right and wrong.

→ANTONYM wrong

4 the right [singular] (**POLITICS**) political groups who do not support many or sudden changes in society *The right is opposed to the tax increase.*

→ANTONYM the left

right an .gle / 'rait ængl / noun [count]

(\mbox{MATH}) an angle of 90 degrees. A square has four $\mbox{\bf right}$ $\mbox{\bf angles}$.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **angle**.

right-hand / rait hand / adjective

of or on the right $% \left\{ \left(1\right) \right\} =\left\{ \left(1$

The supermarket is on the right-hand side of the road.

right-hand . ed / rait 'hænded / adjective

If you are **right-handed**, you use your right hand more easily than your left hand, for example for writing.

right . ly / 'raitli / adverb correctly

If I remember rightly, the party is on June 15th.

right-wing / rait win / adjective

(POLITICS) having political ideas that support low taxes and few changes in society right-wing politics

→ANTONYM left-wing

rig .id AWL / 'rıd3ıd / adjective

1 not able or not wanting to be changed *The school has very rigid rules.*

2 hard and not easy to bend or move *She was rigid with fear.*

rig .or .ous / 'rigərəs / adjective

careful, with a lot of attention to detail

Rigorous tests have been done to make sure the drinking

► rig · or · ous · ly / ˈrɪgərəsli / adverb
The software has been rigorously checked.

rim / rim / noun [count] the edge of something round the rim of a cup rim



rind / ramd / noun [count] the thick, hard skin of some fruits or cheeses lemon rind

ring 1 ²⁰ / rm / *noun* [count]

1 a circle of metal that you wear on your finger a wedding ring

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at jewelry.

2 a circle

The coffee cup left a ring on the table.

3 a space with seats around it, used for a competition or a performance

a boxing ring

4 the sound that a bell makes

There was a ring at the door.

ring 2 \(\text{ring} / \text{ring} / \text{ring} / \text{rang} / \text{ræn / has rung / rang
1 to make a sound like a bell

My phone is ringing.

2 to press or move a bell so that it makes a sound *We rang the doorbell again but no one answered.*

ring a bell

(informal)

to sound familiar

"Do you know Chris Oliver?" "The name rings a bell."

ring .tone / 'rɪŋtoʊn / noun [count]

the sound a cell phone makes when someone is calling you *You can download ringtones from the Internet.*

rink / rink / noun [count]

1 short for ice rink

2 short for skating rink

rinse / rms / verb (rins es, rins ing, rinsed) to wash something with water to take away dirt or soap Wash your hair and rinse it well.

ri . ot / 'raɪət / noun [count]

when a group of people fight and make a lot of noise and trouble

Riots have broken out downtown.

▶ri ot verb (ri ots, ri ot ing, ri ot ed)
The prisoners are rioting.

rip / rip / verb (rips , rip ping , ripped) to pull or tear something quickly and suddenly

I ripped my shirt on a nail. Joe ripped the letter open.

rip someone off

(informal)

to cheat someone by making them pay too much for something

Tourists complained that they were being ripped off by local taxi drivers.

The noun is **rip-off**.

rip something up to tear something into small pieces *She ripped up the photo.*

ripe / ranp / adjective (rip er, rip est)

Fruit that is **ripe** is ready to eat

These bananas aren't ripe – they're still green.

rip-off / 'rrp of / noun [count]

(informal)

something that costs a lot more than it should \$70 for a T-shirt! What a rip-off!

rip .ple / 'ripl / noun [count]

a small wave or movement on the surface of water

►rip .ple *verb* (rip .ples , rip .pling , rip .pled) to move in small waves

rise 1 6 / raiz / noun [count]

when the amount, number, or level of something goes up There has been a sharp rise in the price of oil. a rise in unemployment

→SYNONYM increase

→ANTONYM fall

rise 2 D / raiz / verb

(ris es, ris ing, rose / rouz / has ris en / rızn /)

1 to go up; to become higher or more Smoke was rising from the chimney.

Prices have risen by 20%.

2 to get up from a sitting or lying position She rose to her feet.

3 If the sun or moon rises, it moves up in the sky The sun rises in the east, and sets (= goes down) in the

risk 1 2 / risk / noun [count]

the possibility that something bad may happen; a dangerous situation

Smoking can increase the risk of heart disease.

at risk in danger

Children are most at risk from this disease.

take a risk or risks

to do something when you know that something bad may happen because of it

Don't take risks when you're driving.

risk 2 2 / risk / verb (risks, risk ing, risked)

1 to put something or yourself in danger

He risked his life to save the child from the burning house. 2 to do something when you know that something bad may happen because of it

If you don't work harder, you risk failing the exam.

risk · y / 'rıski / adjective (risk i er , risk i est)

rit . u . al / 'rɪtʃuəl / noun [count, noncount]

(RELIGION) an action, a ceremony, or a process which is usually done the same way religious rituals

ri . val / 'raɪvl / noun [count]

a person who wants to do better than you, or who is trying to take what you want

Today the New York Yankees are playing their main rivals, the Boston Red Sox.

ri . val . ry / 'raɪvl•ri / noun [count, noncount] (plural ri .val .ries)

a situation in which people are trying to do better than each other, or trying to be the first to do or get something There was a lot of rivalry between the sisters.

riv . er 🥯 / 'rivər / noun [count]

(GEOGRAPHY) a long, wide line of water that flows into the ocean or a lake

the Shenandoah River

roach / rout[/ noun [count] (plural roach .es) (informal) = cockroach

road / rood / noun [count]

the way from one place to another, where cars can go Will this road to take me to the highway? Route 27 is the main road into the city.

on the road

traveling for a long distance

We were on the road for 14 hours.

Thesaurus

road a hard surface made for vehicles to travel on. The short way of writing "Road" in addresses is Rd.: My address is 32 Danfield Rd., St Louis. country/mountain roads ◆ Where does this road go? ◆ I live on a very busy road. ◆ Take the first road on the left.

street a road in a city or town that has buildings on one or both sides. The short way of writing "Street" in addresses is St.: 1281 Tobin St. ♦ a street map of San Francisco ♦ You can't drive down there. It's a one-way street. • They live across the street from us.

highway a big road that connects cities and towns: Highway 101 between Ventura and Los Angeles ◆ Take the highway to Flagstaff. ◆ There was a traffic jam on the highway.

lane one part of a larger road, marked with painted lines to keep lines of traffic separate: a four-lane highway ◆ You're in the wrong lane for turning right. avenue a wide street in a city or town. This word is often used in the names of city streets, and can be written as **Ave.**: 109 Fifth Ave. ◆ We stayed at a hotel

on Lexington Avenue. road trip / 'rood trip / noun [count]

(informal)

a long trip made in a car

roam / room / verb (roams, roam ing, roamed) to walk or travel with no special plan Dogs were roaming the streets looking for food.

roar 1 / ror / verb (roars, roar ing, roared)

to make a loud, deep sound

The lion roared.

Everyone roared with laughter.

roar 2 / ror / noun [count]

a loud, deep sound

the lion gave a huge roar

the roar of an airplane's engines

roast / roost / verb

(roasts roast ing roast ed)

to cook or be cooked in an oven or over a fire Roast the chicken in a hot oven.

Thesaurus

cook to make food ready to eat by heating it: My mother taught me how to cook. ◆ Who is going to cook dinner tonight? ◆ What's the best way to cook salmon? ◆ He cooked us a wonderful meal.

boil to cook vegetables, rice, eggs, etc. in boiling water (= water heated to $212^{\circ}F$): Boil the rice for 15 minutes. ◆ Put the potatoes on to boil. ◆ Do you like boiled cabbage?

fry to cook food in a shallow pan of hot oil: Fry the onion and garlic for five minutes. ◆ There was a smell of bacon frying in the kitchen. ◆ fried chicken/fish/rice

bake to cook food in an oven without any extra fat or liquid: to bake bread/cookies ♦ We baked him a cake for his birthday. ♦ baked potatoes

roast to cook large pieces of meat in an oven or over a fire; to cook vegetables in oil or fat in an oven: The turkey is roasting in the oven. ◆ You should boil the potatoes for a little while before you roast them.

grill to cook meat or fish on metal bars over a fire: to grill steak/chicken/burgers/fish on the barbecue grilled salmon

broil to cook food under or over direct heat: to broil salmon/a steak ♦ We ate broiled chicken with vegetables.

▶roast adjective

roast beef

rob / rab / verb (robs, rob bing, robbed) to take something that is not yours from a person or place

They robbed a bank.

Which word?

A person who steals is called a **thief** . A thief **steals** things: *They stole my camera*.

A thief **robs** people and places: *I've been robbed*. • They **robbed** a bank.

rob . ber / 'raber / noun

[count]

a person who steals things from a person or a place a bank robber

Word building

A **thief** is a general word for a person who steals things, usually secretly and without violence. The name of the crime is **theft**.

A **robber** steals from a bank, store, etc. and often uses violence or threats.

A **burglar** takes things from your house when you are out or asleep: We had burglars while we were on vacation and all my jewelry was stolen.

rob . ber . y / 'raberi / noun [count, noncount] (plural rob . ber . ies)

taking something that is not yours from a person or a place What time did the robbery take place?

robe / roob / noun [count]

1 a long, loose thing that you wear on your body, for example at a special ceremony *a judge's robe*

2 a piece of clothing like a loose coat with a belt, which you wear before or after a bath, before you get dressed in the morning, etc.

I was still in my robe when the doorbell rang.

→SYNONYM bathrobe

rob . in / 'raben /
noun [count]
a small brown bird
with a red front



ro . bot / 'roubat / noun [count] a machine that can work like a person This car was built by robots.

rock 1 2 / rak / noun

1 [noncount] the very hard material that is in the ground and in mountains

2 [count] a big piece of rock *The ship hit the rocks.*

3 (also **rock mu sic**) [noncount] (MUSIC) a type of popular music with a strong beat a radio station that plays classic rock

rock 2 / rak / *verb* (rocks, rock ing, rocked) to move slowly backward and forward or from side to side; to make someone or something do this

The boat was rocking gently on the lake. I rocked the baby until she went to sleep.

rock and roll / rak and 'roul /

(also rock 'n' roll / rakn'roul /) noun [noncount]

($\mbox{\scriptsize MUSIC}$) a type of music with a strong beat that was most popular in the $1950\mbox{s}$

rock .et / 'raket / noun [count]

1 a vehicle that is used for traveling into space to launch a rocket a space rocket

2 a weapon that travels through the air and carries a bomb →SYNONYM missile

3 an object that shoots high into the air and then explodes with bright lights in different colors (a type of **firework**)

rock mu .sic / 'rak myuzik /

= rock 1 (3)

rock . y / 'raki / adjective

(rock i er , rock i est)

with a lot of rocks

a rocky path

rod / rad / noun [count]

a long, thin, straight piece of wood or metal a fishing rod

rode

form of ride 1

ro .dent / 'roodnt / noun

[count

a type of small animal that has strong, sharp front teeth, for example a mouse or a rat

ro.de.o/'roudiou; rou'deiou/noun[count]
(plural ro.de.os)

a competition in which people ride wild horses, catch cows with a rope, etc.

role AWL / rool / noun [count]

1 what a person does, for example in an organization or a relationship

Your role is to welcome guests as they arrive.

2 a person's part in a play or movie *He played the role of the king.*

role mod . **el** / 'rool madl / noun [count] a person that you admire and try to copy

roll 1 / rool / noun

1 something made into a long, round shape by turning it around itself many times a roll of toilet paper

2 a small, round piece of bread made for one person a basket of warm rolls



rolls

roll 2 / roul / verb (rolls, roll ing, rolled)

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ to move along by turning over and over; to make something move in this way

The pencil rolled off the table onto the floor.

We rolled the rock down the path.

2 to turn your body over when you are lying down She rolled over onto her back.

3 to move on wheels

The car rolled down the hill.

4 to make something into a long, round shape or the shape of a ball

Can you help me roll up this rug?

5 to make something flat by moving something heavy on top of it

Roll the dough into a large circle.

 $Roll \cdot er \cdot blade^{TM} / \text{'roularbleid} / \text{noun}$

a boot with a line of small wheels on the bottom

- →SYNONYM in-line skate,
- → Look at roller skate.

▶Roll .er .blad .ing / 'roularbleidin / noun [noncount]

to go Rollerblading

roll .er coast .er / 'rouler kouster / noun

a small train on a metal track that goes up and down and around bends, which people ride on for fun

roll . er skate / 'rouler skeit / (also skate) noun [count]

a boot with small wheels on the bottom

→ Look at the picture at skate.

►roll ·er-skat ·ing / 'rouler skeitin / (also skat ·ing) noun [noncount]

When we were kids, we used to go roller-skating every weekend.

Ro . man / 'rooman / adjective

(HISTORY) connected with ancient Rome

the remains of a Roman villa ▶Ro .man noun [count]

Ro . man Cath . o . lic / roomen 'kæθlik /

noun [count], adjective (RELIGION) = Catholic

ro . mance / rou mæns ; roumæns / noun

1 [noncount] a time when two people are in love

The article suggests ways to put the romance back into rose 1

2 [count] (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a story about love She writes romances.

Ro . man nu . mer . al / roomen 'numerel / noun [count]

one of the letters that were used in Roman times as numbers

The number 16 is XVI in Roman numerals.

ro man tic / roo'mæntik / adjective

about love; full of feelings of love

a romantic dinner

roof / ruf / noun [count] (plural roofs) the top of a building or car, which covers it

rook . ie / 'roki / noun [count]

a person who has just started doing a job or playing a professional sport

a rookie police officer

room 🥯 / rum / noun

1 [count] one of the spaces in a building that has walls around it

How many rooms do you have in your house? a classroom

2 [noncount] space; enough space There's no room for you in the car.

room . mate / 'rum,meit / noun

a person that you share a room, an apartment, or a house with

Joey was my college roommate.

roost . er / 'ruster / noun [count]

an adult male chicken Word building

A female chicken is called a hen, and a male chicken is called a rooster.

A young chicken is a chick.



root 2 / rut / noun [count] the part of a plant that is under the ground \rightarrow Look at the picture at plant.

root beer / 'rut bir / noun [count]

a type of sweet, brown drink that has bubbles in it, but no alcohol

rope 🥯 / roop / noun [count] very thick, strong string





form of rise 2

rose 2 / rouz / noun [count]

a flower with a sweet smell. It grows on a bush that has sharp points (called thorns) on it.

→ Look at the picture at flower.

ros y / 'roozi / adjective (ros i er, ros i est) pink and looking healthy rosy cheeks

rot / rat / verb (rots, rot ting, rot ted) to become bad and soft, as things do when they die the smell of rotting fruit

→SYNONYM decay

ro .tate / 'rootest / verb

(ro tates, ro tat ing, ro tat ed)

to move in circles

The earth rotates around the sun.

▶ro .ta .tion / roʊ¹teɪʃn / noun [count, noncount] the rotation of the earth

rot .ten / 'ratn / adjective

1 old and not fresh; bad

These eggs are rotten - they smell awful!

2 (informal) very bad; not nice That was a rotten thing to say!

rough (rough er, rough est)

PRONUNCIATION

The word rough sounds like stuff, because sometimes the letters $\operatorname{\textbf{-gh}}$ sound like $\operatorname{\textbf{f}}$, in words like $\operatorname{\textbf{enough}}$ and tough.

1 not smooth or flat

It was difficult to walk on the rough ground.

2 not gentle or calm

a rough neighborhood (= where there is a lot of crime)

The ferry was canceled because the ocean was too rough.

3 not exactly correct; made or done quickly

Can you give me a rough idea how much it will cost? a rough drawing

rough . ly / 'rAfli / adverb

1 about; not exactly

The drive should take roughly two hours.

→SYNONYM approximately

→ANTONYM exactly

2 not gently

He pushed me away roughly.

round 1 / raund / adjective having the shape of a circle or a ball a round table

round 2 / raund / noun [count]

1 a number or set of events another round of peace talks

2 a lot of visits, one after another, for example as part of your job

The mail carrier starts his round at seven o'clock.

3 one part of a game or competition the third round of the boxing match

round-trip / 'raund trip / adjective

for a trip to a place and back again

How much is a round-trip ticket to Portland?

→ Look at one-way.

route AWL / rut; raot / noun

[count]

a way from one place to another

What is the quickest route from Philadelphia to Boston?

rou . tine 1 / ru'tin / noun

[count

your usual way of doing things

Make exercise a part of your daily routine.

rou . tine 2 / ru'tin / adjective

normal and regular a routine medical exam

row 1 9 / **ro**v / **noun** [count]

PRONUNCIATION

The word row sounds like no.

a line of people or things

We sat in the front row of the theater (= the front line of seats).

a row of books

in a row

one after another

It rained for four days in a row.

row 2 / row / verb (rows , row ing , rowed)

to move a boat through water using long pieces of wood with flat ends (called oars)

We rowed across the lake.

►row ing / 'roowing / noun [noncount]

a rowing machine

row . boat / 'rooboot / noun

[count]

a small boat that you move through water using long, thin pieces of wood with flat ends (called oars)

rowboat



row . dy / 'raodi / adjective

(row di er , row di est)

(used about people) noisy and likely to cause trouble *The crowd was getting rowdy.*

roy .al 🔯 / 'rorol / adjective

(POLITICS) connected with a king or queen the royal family

roy . al . ty / 'rɔɪəlti / noun [noncount] kings, queens, and their families

DCVD

RSVP / ar εs vi pi / abbreviation
You write **RSVP** on an invitation to mean "please reply."

rub 🥯 / rʌb / verb (rubs , rub , bing , rubbed)

to move something backward and forward on another thing I rubbed my hands together to keep them warm.

The cat rubbed its head against my leg.

rub . ber 🔯 / 'rʌbər / noun [noncount]

a strong material that we use to make things like car tires a pair of rubber gloves

rub . **ber band** / _r^ber 'bænd / *noun* [count] a thin circle of rubber that you use for holding things together

ru . **by** / 'rubi / **noun** [count] (**plural ru** . **bies**) a dark red stone that is used in jewelry a ruby ring

rud .der / 'rʌdər / noun [count]

a flat piece of wood or metal at the back of a boat or an airplane. It moves to make the boat or airplane go left or right.

rude 2 / rud / adjective (rud er, rud est) not polite

It's rude to walk away when someone is talking to you.

→SYNONYM impolite

▶rude .ly / 'rudli / adverb

"Shut up!" she said rudely.

►rude ·ness / 'rudnəs / noun [noncount] I would like to apologize for my rudeness.

rug / rag /
noun [count]
a piece of thick
material that you
put on the floor

 \rightarrow Look at carpet.



ruq . by / 'rʌqbi / noun [noncount]

(SPORTS) a game like football for two teams of 13 or 15 players. In **rugby** , you can kick and carry the ball.

rug .ged / 'raged / adjective

Rugged land is not smooth, and has a lot of rocks and not many plants on it.

ru .in 1 [©]/ 'rum / verb

(rulins, rulinling, rulined)

to damage something badly so that it is no longer good; to destroy something completely

I spilled coffee on my jacket and ruined it.

The rain ruined our picnic.

ru .in 2 / 'rum / noun [count]

a building that has been badly damaged

The old castle is now a ruin.

in ruins

badly damaged or destroyed

The city was in ruins after the war.

rule 1 0 / rul / noun

 ${f 1}$ [count] something that tells you what you must or must not do

It's against the rules to smoke.

to break a rule (= do something that you should not do)

2 [noncount] government

The country is under military rule.

rule 2 2 / rul / verb (rules, rul_ing, ruled)

(POLITICS) to control a country

The queen ruled for many years.

rul .er / 'rulər / noun [count]

1 a long piece of plastic, metal, or wood that you use for drawing straight lines or for measuring things

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **stationery**.

2 (POLITICS) a person who rules a country

rum / **r**_A**m** / **noun** [count, noncount]

a strong alcoholic drink that is made from the sugar plant

rum . ble / 'rambl / verb

(rum bles, rum bling, rum bled)

to make a long, deep sound

I'm so hungry that my stomach is rumbling.

▶rum ble noun [singular]

a rumble of thunder

ru .mor / 'rumər / noun [count, noncount]

something that a lot of people are talking about that is perhaps not true

There's a rumor that our teacher is leaving.

run 1 / rʌn / verb (runs, run ning, ran / ræn / has run)

1 to move very quickly on your legs

I was late, so I ran to the bus stop.

2 to control something and make it work

Who runs the business?

3 to work or make something work

The car had stopped but the engine was still running. You can run this software on your home computer.

4 to go; to make a trip

The buses don't run on Sundays.

5 to move something somewhere

He ran his fingers through his hair.

6 to pass or go somewhere

The road runs across the fields.

7 to flow

The Mississippi River runs into the Gulf of Mexico.

8 to be one of the people who is trying to win an election *He ran for senator in Ohio.*

run after someone or something to try to catch a person or an animal

The dog ran after a rabbit.

→SYNONYM chase

run away to go quickly away from a place She ran away from home when she was 14.

→SYNONYM escape

run into someone to meet someone by chance

Guess who I ran into today?

run into someone or something to crash into someone or something

The bus went out of control and ran into a line of people. run out of something to have no more of something We've run out of coffee. Will you go and buy some?

run over someone or something to hit a person or an animal with your car or other vehicle

The dog was run over by a bus.

run 2 0 / ran / noun [count]

1 an act of moving very quickly on your legs

I go for a run every morning.

2 (SPORTS) a point in the game of baseball *Our team won by two runs.*

run-down / rnn daon / adjective

1 (used about a building or place) in bad condition a run-down apartment building

2 (HEALTH) (used about a person) very tired and not healthy, especially because you have been working too hard

rung 1 form of ring 2

rung 2 / ran / noun [count]

one of the steps of a **ladder** (= a piece of equipment that is used for climbing up something)

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at ladder.

run .ner / 'rʌnər / noun [count]

(SPORTS) a person who runs

run .ner-up / raner ap / noun [count]

(plural run .ners-up)

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{SPORTS}}$) a person or team that comes second in a race or competition

run . ning / 'rʌnɪŋ / noun [noncount]

(SPORTS) the sport of running

Let's go running tomorrow morning.

run . ny / 'rʌni / adjective

(run .ni .er , run .ni .est)

1 If you have a **runny** nose, a lot of liquid comes out of it, for example because you have a cold.

2 If a substance is **runny**, it has more liquid than is usual *The cake batter is too runny.*

run . way / 'rʌnweɪ / noun [count]

(plural run ways)

a long piece of ground where airplanes take off and land

ru . ral / 'roral / adjective

connected with the country, not the city

rural areas → Look at urban.

rush 1 2 / ras/ verb

(rush les , rush ling , rushed)

1 to move or do something very quickly or too quickly *The children rushed out of school.*

We rushed to finish the work on time.

2 to take someone or something quickly to a place *She was rushed to the hospital.*

rush into something to do something without thinking about it enough first

We shouldn't have rushed into buying this house.

rush 2 / raf / noun [singular]

1 a sudden quick movement

At the end of the football game there was a rush for the exits.

2 a situation when you need to move or do something very quickly

Î can't stop now – I'm in a rush .

Don't eat so fast. There's no rush.

→SYNONYM hurry

rush hour / 'rʌʃˌaʊər / noun

[count]

the time when the roads are busy because a lot of people are going to or coming from work

rust / rast / noun [noncount]

(CHEMISTRY) a red-brown substance that you sometimes see on metal that has been wet

►rust verb (rusts, rust ing, rust ed) My bike rusted because I left it out in the rain.

rus .tle / 'rasl / verb

(rus tles, rus tling, rus tled)

to make a sound like dry leaves moving together; to make something make this sound

Stop rustling your newspaper - I can't hear the radio!

▶rus ·tle noun [singular]

the rustle of leaves

rust · **y** / ˈrʌsti / *adjective* (rust · i · er, rust · i · est) (used about things made of metal) covered with a redbrown substance (called rust) because it got wet *a rusty nail*

rut / rat / noun

[count]

a deep track that a wheel makes in the ground

be in a rut

to have a boring life that is difficult to change *I quit my job because I felt I was stuck in a rut* .

ruth . less / 'ruθləs / adjective

hard and cruel; determined to get what you want without caring for others

a ruthless dictator

▶ruth . less . ly / 'ruθləsli / adverb

rye / rai / noun

[noncount]

a plant that is grown for its grain, which is used to make flour and a type of alcoholic drink (called whiskey) $rye\ bread$

Ss

 $S, S / \epsilon s / noun [count, noncount]$

(plural S's, s's / 'esəz /)

the nineteenth letter of the English alphabet "Sun" begins with an "S."

the Sab . bath / ða 'sæbaθ / noun [singular]

(RELIGION) the day of the week for rest and prayer in some religions. This is usually Sunday for Christians and Saturday for Jews.

sack / sæk / noun

[count]

a big, strong bag for carrying heavy things a sack of potatoes

sa .cred / 'seikrad / adjective

(**RELIGION**) with a special religious meaning *A church is a sacred building.*

sac . ri . fice 1 / 'sækrəfais / noun

[count, noncount]

1 when you stop doing or having something important so that you can get or do something else

They made a lot of sacrifices to pay for their son to go to college.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ (<code>RELIGION</code>) an animal or other thing that is given to a god

sac . ri . fice 2 / 'sækrəfais / verb

(sac ri fic es, sac ri fic ing, sac ri ficed)

1 to stop doing or having something important so that you can help someone or to get something else

During the war, many people sacrificed their lives for their country.

2 (RELIGION) to kill an animal as a gift to a god *They sacrificed a lamb.*

Sad 🥯 / sæd / adjective (sad | der , sad | dest)

unhappy, or making you feel unhappy

We are very sad to hear that you are leaving. a sad story

► sad · ness / 'sædnəs / noun [noncount , singular] Thoughts of him filled her with sadness.

sad .dle / 'sædl / noun [count]

a seat on a horse or bicycle

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **bicycle**.

sad . ly / 'sædli / adverb

1 in a sad way

She looked sadly at the empty house.

2 a word you use to show that you are not happy about a situation or fact

Sadly, there was nothing we could do to help.

→SYNONYM unfortunately

Sa · fa · ri / səˈfɑri / noun [count, noncount] (plural sa · fa · ris)

a trip to look at or hunt wild animals, usually in Africa

Safe 1 / seif / adjective (saf er, saf est)

1 not in danger; not hurt

Don't go out alone at night – you won't be safe.

2 not dangerous

Is it safe to swim in this river?

Always keep medication in a safe place.

safe and sound

not hurt or broken

The children were found safe and sound.

▶safe .lv / 'seifli / adverb

Call your parents to tell them you arrived safely.

Safe 2 / serf / noun [count]

a strong, metal box with a lock where you keep money or things like jewelry

safe . ty D / 'seifti / noun [noncount]

being safe

He is worried about the safety of his children.

safe . ty belt / 'serfti belt / noun [count]

a long, thin piece of material that you put around your body in a car or an airplane to keep you safe in an accident

→SYNONYM seat belt

safe . ty pin / 'seifti pin / safety pin noun [count]

a pin that you use for joining pieces of cloth together. It has a cover over the point so that it is not dangerous.



Sag / sæg / verb (sags, sag ging, sagged) to bend or hang down

The bed is very old and it sags in the middle.

said

form of say 1

Sail 1 2 / seil / verb (sails, sail ing, sailed)

1 to travel on water

The ship sailed along the coast.

2 to control a boat with sails

We sailed the yacht down the river.

sail ing / seilin / noun [noncount]

the sport of controlling a boat with sails We often go sailing on weekends.

Sail 2 / seil / noun [count]

a big piece of cloth on a boat, which catches the wind and moves the boat along

sail . boat / 'seilbout / noun [count]

a boat that uses one or more sails to catch the wind

Sail . **Or** / 'seiler / *noun* [count]

a person who sails ships or boats as their job or as a sport

Saint / seint / noun [count] (abbreviation St.)

(RELIGION) (in the Christian religion) a dead person who lived their life in a very good way

Saint Nicholas

St. Louis, Missouri

Sake / seik / noun

for goodness' sake; for Heaven's sake

something that you say to show you are angry or surprised

for the sake of someone or something; for someone's or something's sake

to help someone or something; because of someone or something

The couple stayed together for the sake of their children.

sal . ad 🥯 / 'sæləd / noun

[count, noncount]

a dish of cold vegetables that have not been cooked Do you want soup or salad with your chicken?

sal ad dress ing / 'sæled dresin /

(also dress ing) noun

[count, noncount]

a sauce used to add flavor to salads

What type of dressing would you like on your salad?

sa · la · mi / səˈlami / noun [count, noncount] (plural sa la mis)

a type of large sausage (= a mixture of meat and spices in a long shape) with a strong flavor, usually eaten in thin slices

a salami sandwich

sal · **a** · **ry** / 'sæləri / *noun* [count, noncount] (plural sal a ries)

money that you receive regularly for the work that you do How much is your annual salary?

sale 🔯 / seil / noun

1 [count, noncount] selling something The sale of alcohol to children is illegal.

2 sales [plural] the number of items sold

The company reported excellent sales figures.

3 [count] a time when a store sells things for less money than usual

I'm not going to buy a coat now - I'll wait until there's a sale.

for sale

If something is for sale, its owner wants to sell it Is this house for sale?

1 offered at a lower price than usual

I bought these shoes on sale for \$75.

2 available for someone to buy in stores

Tickets for the concert go on sale tomorrow morning.

sales . clerk / 'seilzklərk / (also sales clerk) noun [count]

a person whose job is to sell things to people in a store She worked as a saleslerk on the weekends.

sales . man / 'seilzmən / noun [count]

(plural sales .men / 'seilzman /)

a man whose job is to sell things

sales . per . son / 'seilzpərsn / noun [count]

(plural sales peo ple / seilzpipl /)

a man or a woman whose job is to sell things

sales rep . re . sen . ta . tive / 'seilz

reprizentativ / (also informal sales rep / 'seilz rep /) noun [count]

someone who works for a company and travels around a particular area selling the company's products a sales rep for a computer software company

sales . wom . an / 'seilzwomen / noun [count]

(plural sales .wom .en) / 'seilzwimən /

a woman whose job is to sell things

sa · li · va / səˈlaɪvə / noun

[noncount]

(BIOLOGY) the liquid in your mouth that helps you to swallow food

salm . **on** / 'sæmən / *noun* [count, noncount]

(plural salm on)

a big fish with pink meat that lives in the ocean and in rivers

sa . Ion / səˈlan / noun

a place where you can have your hair cut or have other beauty treatments

a hair salon

I got my nails done at the beauty salon.

sal . sa / 'salsa / noun

[noncount]

1 a type of Mexican sauce made from tomatoes, onions, and other vegetables

chips and salsa

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ ($\mbox{\scriptsize MUSIC}$) a type of Latin American dance music with a strong beat

salt 🥯 / səlt / noun

[noncount]

a white substance that comes from ocean water and from the earth. We put it on food to give it flavor Add a little salt and pepper.

► salt · y / 'səlti / adjective (salt · i · er , salt · i · est)

tasting of salt or containing salt

I don't like this sauce – it's too salty.

sa . lute / səˈlut / verb

(sa · lutes , sa · lut · ing , sa · lut · ed)

to make the special sign that soldiers use to show respect, by lifting their hand to their head

The soldiers saluted as the general walked past.

►sa ·lute noun [count] The soldier gave a salute.

same 1 / seim / adjective

the same

not different; not another

Emma and I like the same kind of music. I've lived in the same town all my life. He went to the same school as me.

same 2 2 / seim / pronoun

all or just the same

despite this

I understand why you're angry. All the same, I think you should say sorry.

same to you (informal)

words that you use for saying to someone what they have said to you

"Have a good weekend." "Same to you."

the same

not a different person or thing

Do these two words mean the same?

I'd like one the same as yours.

same adverb the same

in the same way

We treat boys exactly the same as girls.

sam .ple / 'sæmpl / noun

[count]

a small amount of something that shows what the rest is like

a free sample of perfume

a blood sample

sand 🔯 / sænd / noun

[noncount]

(GEOGRAPHY) powder made of very small pieces of rock, which you find on beaches and in deserts *Concrete is a mixture of sand and cement.*

san .dal / 'sændl / noun

[count

a light open shoe that you wear in warm weather

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **shoe**.

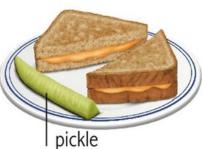
sand wich

/ ˈsænwɪtʃ/ noun

[count]

(plural sand

wich es) two pieces of bread with other food between them a cheese sandwich sandwich



sand . y / 'sændi / adjective

(sand i er, sand i est)

with sand

a sandy beach

Sane / sem / *adjective* (san er , san est) with a normal, healthy mind; not crazy

→ANTONYM insane

sang form of sing

san .i .ty / 'sænəti / noun [noncount]

the state of having a normal, healthy mind

→ANTONYM insanity

sank form of sink 1

San . ta Claus / 'sæntə klɔz / noun [count] an old man with a red coat and a long white beard. Children believe that he brings presents at Christmas.

Sap / sæp / noun [noncount] (BIOLOGY) the liquid in a plant or tree

sap . **phire** / 'sæfarər / *noun* [count, noncount] a bright blue valuable stone that is often used in jewelry *sapphire earrings*

Sar . casm / 'sarkæzəm / noun [noncount]

saying the opposite of what you mean because you want to be rude to someone or to show them you are angry

► sar · cas · tic / sarˈkæstɪk / adjective There's no need to be sarcastic.

sar . dine / sar'din / noun [count]

a very small ocean fish that you can eat. You often buy **sardines** in cans.

Sa · ri / 'sari / noun [count] (plural sa · ris)

a long piece of material that women, especially Indian women, wear around their bodies as a dress

SATTM / ₁ES e1 'ti / abbreviation

a test taken by high school students who want to go to college

to take the SAT ♦ SAT scores

Sat. abbreviation of Saturday

sat form of sit

sat .el .lite / 'sætl•art / noun [count]

1 a piece of electronic equipment that people send into space. **Satellites** travel around the earth and send back pictures or television and radio signals

satellite television

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ a natural object that moves around a bigger object in space

Our moon is one of the largest satellites in the solar system.

sat el lite dish / 'sætl•ait dif / noun [count] a piece of equipment that people put on the outside of their wild or violent houses so that they can receive television signals from a He was the victim of a savage attack by a large dog. satellite

sat in / sætn / noun [noncount] very shiny smooth cloth

sat . ire / 'sætarər / noun

1 [noncount] using humor to attack someone or something that you think is bad or silly political satire

2 [count] (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a piece of writing or a play, movie, etc. that uses satire The play is a satire on political life.

sat is fac tion 2 / sætəsˈfækʃn / noun [noncount]

being pleased with what you or other people have done She finished painting the picture and looked at it with

sat is fac to ry / sætes fækteri / adjective good enough, but not very good Her work is not satisfactory.

→ANTONYM unsatisfactory

sat is fied \(\sigma \) / sætesfaid / adjective pleased because you have had or done what you wanted The teacher was not satisfied with my work.

→ANTONYM dissatisfied

Sat is fy / 'sætəsfar / verb (sat is fies, sat is fy ing, sat is fied, has sat is fied) to give someone what they want or need; to be good enough to make someone pleased Nothing he does satisfies his father.

▶sat .is .fy .ing / 'sætəsfam / adjective a satisfying result

sat . u . rat . ed fat / sætsereited 'fæt / noun [count, noncount]

(HEALTH) a type of fat that is found in some foods, for example meat, butter, and fried food. Eating too many saturated fats is bad for your body.

Sat .ur .day 🔯 / 'sætərdei ; 'sætərdi / noun [count, noncount] (abbreviation Sat.) the day of the week after Friday and before Sunday

Sauce 2 / sos / noun [count, noncount] a thick liquid that you eat on or with other food pasta with tomato sauce

Sauce . pan / 'sospæn / (also pan) noun [count] a round metal container for cooking

Sau .cer / 'soser / noun [count] a small round plate that you put under a cup cups and saucers

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at cup.

sau . na / 'sono / noun [count]

a room that is hot and filled with steam, where people sit to relax and feel healthy

a hotel with a swimming pool and sauna

Sau . **Sage** / 'sosid3 / noun [count, noncount] a mixture of meat, spices, etc. that is pressed into a long, thin skin garlic sausage sausages and eggs

Sav .age / 'sævid3 / adjective

Save / serv / verb (saves, sav ing, saved)

1 to take someone or something away from danger He saved me from the fire.

The doctor saved her life.

2 (also save up) to keep or not spend money so that you can buy something later

I've saved enough money to buy a car.

I'm saving up for a new bike.

3 to keep something to use in the future Save some of the meat for tomorrow.

4 to use less of something

She saves money by making her own clothes.

5 (COMPUTERS) to store information in a computer by giving it a special instruction

Don't forget to save the file before you close it.

6 (SPORTS) to stop someone from scoring a goal in sports such as hockey or soccer

Sav . ings / 'servingz / noun [plural] money that you are keeping to use later I keep my savings in the bank.

Word building

There are two main types of bank account . If you have a **checking account**, you can take your money out at any time by using a check or an ATM card (= a card that you put into a machine, which gives you

A savings account lets you keep your money in the bank to use later. You receive extra money, called **interest**, for keeping your money there.

saw

form of see

Saw 2 / so / noun [count]

a metal tool for cutting wood

▶saw verb

(saws, saw ing,

sawed, has sawed or has sawn / son /) She sawed a branch off the tree.

saw .dust / 'sodast / noun [noncount] powder that falls when you cut wood with a saw

sax . o . phone / 'sæksəfoun /

(also informal sax / sæks /) noun [count]

(MUSIC) a musical instrument made of metal that you play

by blowing into it \rightarrow Look at the picture at **instrument**.

Say 1 9 / sei / verb

(says / sez / say ing, said / sed / has said)

1 to make words with your mouth

You say "please" when you ask for something.

"This is my room," he said.

She said that she was cold.

Which word?

Say or tell?

We use say with the actual words that are spoken, or before that in reported speech: "I'm ready," Tom said.

◆ Tom said that he was ready.

Notice that you say something to someone: Tom said to Kate that he was ready, but you tell someone something (without to): Tom told Kate that he was ready.

2 to give information in writing, numbers, or pictures *The notice on the door said "Private."*

The clock says three-thirty.

that is to say

what I mean is...
I'll see you in a week, that's to say next Monday.

say 2 / sei / noun

have a say

to have the right to help decide something *I'd like to have a say in who we invite to the party.*

say ing / sem / noun

[count]

a sentence that people often say, which gives advice about something

"Love is blind" is an old saying.

scab / skæb / noun [count]

($\mbox{\sc HEALTH}$) a hard covering that grows over your skin where it is cut or broken

scaf .fold .ing / 'skæfəldın / noun

[noncount]

metal bars and pieces of wood joined together, where people can stand when they are working on high parts of a building

scald / skold / verb

(scalds, scald ing, scald ed)

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{HEALTH}}$) to burn someone or something with very hot liquid

Scale 2 / skeil / noun

1 [count] a set of levels or numbers used for measuring something

Their work is assessed on a scale from 1 to 10.

2 [count, noncount] the size or level of something *It was not until morning that the full scale of the damage could be seen.*

 ${f 3}$ [count] a machine for showing how heavy people or things are

a bathroom scale

4 [count] how distances are shown on a map *This map has a scale of one inch to ten miles.*

 ${\bf 5} \,$ (${\bf MUSIC} \,)$ [${\bf count} \,$] a series of musical notes that go up or down in a fixed order

the scale of C major

6 [count] one of the flat hard things that cover the body of animals like fish and snakes

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **fish**.

scal . lop / 'skæləp; 'skaləp / noun

[count

a small animal that lives in the ocean and that you can eat. It has two round shells that fit together.

scalp / skælp / noun

[count]

the skin on the top of your head, under your hair

Scan 1 / skæn / verb

(scans, scan ining, scanned)

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ to look at or read every part of something quickly until you find what you are looking for

Vic scanned the list until he found his own name.

2 (used about a machine) to examine what is inside a person's body or inside an object

All luggage is scanned before it is loaded onto the plane.

 ${\bf 3}$ (<code>COMPUTERS</code>) to pass light over a picture or document using an electronic machine (called a <code>scanner</code>) in order to copy it and put it in the memory of a computer

SCan 2 / skæn / *noun* [count] (HEALTH) a medical test in which a machine produces a picture of the inside of a person's body on a computer screen

to have a full body scan

a brain scan

scan .dal / 'skændl / noun

1 [count] something that shocks people and makes them talk about it because they think it is bad a political scandal

2 [noncount] unkind talk about someone that gives you a bad idea of them

scan .ner / 'skæner / noun [count]

 ${f 1}$ (COMPUTERS) a piece of equipment that copies words or pictures from paper into a computer

2 (HEALTH) a machine that gives a picture of the inside of something. Doctors use one kind of **scanner** to look inside people's bodies.

scape .goat / 'skerpgout / noun [count]

a person who is blamed for something bad that is usually not their fault

She felt that she was a scapegoat for her manager's mistakes.

scar / skar / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{HEALTH}}$) a mark that is left on your skin by an old cut or wound

The operation didn't leave a very big scar.

►scar *verb* (scars, scar ring, scarred)

His face was badly scarred by the accident.

SCARCE / skers / adjective (scarc | er , scarc | est) difficult to find; not enough

Food for wild birds and animals is scarce in the winter.

scarce . ly / 'skersli / adverb

almost not; just

He was so afraid that he could scarcely speak.

SCare 1 / sker / verb (scares, scar ing, scared) to make someone feel afraid

That noise scared me!

→SYNONYM frighten

SCare 2 / sker / noun [count]

1 a feeling of being afraid

You gave me a scare!

2 a situation where many people are afraid or worried about something *a health scare*

SCARE . Crow / 'skerkrov / noun [count]

a thing that looks like a person, which farmers put in their fields to frighten birds

scared \overline{\pi} / skerd / adjective

afraid

Claire is scared of the dark.

Thesaurus

afraid feeling fear; worried that something bad might happen. This word cannot come before a noun, so you can say "the man is afraid" but NOT "an afraid man": Are you afraid of spiders? ◆ Alex is afraid of going out after dark. ◆ We were afraid to go into the cave. ◆ He's afraid that he'll fall.

scared a more informal word than afraid, which is used more in spoken than written English: I'm really scared of heights. ◆ Everyone was too scared to move.

◆ The thieves **got** scared and ran away. ◆ Are you scared about the exam tomorrow?

frightened a more formal word than *afraid*, which is used more in written than spoken English: *a frightened* child \spadesuit She is not **frightened** of anything. \spadesuit He was **frightened that** the glass would break.

terrified very afraid: to be **terrified** of spiders ◆ He was **terrified** that he would fall. ◆ You look terrified!

scarf / skarf / noun
[count]

(plural scarves

/skarvz/)

a piece of material that you wear around your neck to keep warm



scar . let / 'skarlet / adjective

having a bright red color

▶scar · let noun [noncount]

SCar . y 🔯 / 'skeri / adjective

(scar i er, scar i est)

making you feel afraid a scary ghost story

scat .ter / 'skætar / verb

(scat ters, scat ter ing, scat tered)

1 to move quickly in different directions *The crowd scattered when it started to rain.*

2 to throw things so that they fall in a lot of different places *Scatter the grass seed over the lawn.*

SCE . nar . i . o AWL / səˈnɛrioʊ / noun [count] (plural sce . nar . i . os)

one way that things may happen in the future

A likely scenario is that we will have to close down the factory.

Scene / sin / noun

[count]

1 the place where something happened *The police arrived at the scene of the crime.*

2 part of a play or movie

Today we're going to look at Act 1, Scene 2 of the play.

3 what you see in a place

He painted scenes of life on a farm.

Scen .er .y / 'sinəri / noun

[noncount]

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ the things like mountains, rivers, and trees that you see around you in the country

What beautiful scenery!

2 things on the stage of a theater that make it look like a real place

SCE · nic / 'sinik / adjective

having beautiful views of things such as mountains, rivers, and trees

We took a scenic drive along the coast.

scent / sent / noun [count, noncount]

1 a pleasant smell

These flowers have no scent.

2 the smell that an animal leaves behind and that other animals can follow

▶scent .ed / 'sɛntəd / adjective

having a nice smell scented candles

Sched . ule 🔯 AWL / 'skedzəl / noun [count]

1 a plan or list of times when things will happen or be done *I have a busy schedule next week.*

We're behind schedule (= late) with the project.
Filming began on schedule (= at the planned time).

2 a list that shows when planes, buses, etc. arrive at and leave a particular place

Do you have a train schedule?

scheme 1 AWL / skim / noun [count]

a plan to do something, especially something bad or illegal *Police discovered a scheme to steal paintings worth nearly a million dollars.*

scheme 2 AWL / skim / verb (schemes,

schem ing , schemed)

to make secret or dishonest plans to do something *She felt that they were all scheming against her.*

schiz · o · phre · ni · a / ˌskɪtsəˈfriniə / noun

[noncount]

(HEALTH) a serious mental illness in which a person confuses the real world and the world of the imagination

▶schiz · o · phre · nic / 'skitsəˈfrɛnik / adjective

schol .ar / 'skaler / noun [count]

1 a person who has learned a lot about a particular subject a famous history scholar

2 a person who has been given a **scholarship** to help pay for their studies

schol . ar . ship / 'skalərʃip / noun [count]

an amount of money that is given to a student to help them pay for their education

Adrian got a scholarship to Rutgers University.

1 [count, noncount] a place where children go to learn *The kids are at school*.

Which school do you go to?

2 [noncount] being at school

I hate school!

He left school when he was 16.

School starts at nine o'clock.

Grammar

You usually talk about **school** without "the" or "a": I enjoyed being at school. ◆ Do you walk to school?

You use "a" or "the" when more information about the school is given: Harry goes to the school that his father went to. ◆ She teaches at a school for deaf children.

3 [count] a place where you go to learn a special thing a language school

4 [count, noncount] a college or university, or the time that you spend there

Mike had to quit school and get a job.

Collocations

School

learning

go to/attend school/(a) class

take a course/classes (in law, biology, etc.)

school

be in (the) first/second, etc. grade

study history/chemistry/German, etc.

drop out of/quit school

graduate (from)/finish high school

problems at school

skip class/school

cheat on an exam/a test

get detention (for doing something wrong)
be suspended from/expelled from school

 \rightarrow Look at the note at exam.

school . child / 'skultfaild / noun [count]

(plural school .chil .dren / 'skultʃildrən /)

a boy or girl who goes to school

SCi . ence 🔯 / 'saɪəns / noun [count, noncount]

the study of natural things

I'm interested in science.

Biology, chemistry, and physics are all sciences.

sci ence fic tion / saiens fikin /

(also informal sci-fi / 'saɪ fai /) noun [noncount]

($\mbox{ENGLISH}$ LANGUAGE ARTS) stories about things like travel in space, life on other planets, or life in the future

Sci en tif ic 2 / saientifik / adjective

(GENERAL SCIENCE) of or about science

We need more grants for scientific research.

sci .en .tist () / 'sarəntıst / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{GENERAL}}$ SCIENCE) a person who studies science or works with science

scis sors 🚳

/ 'sızərz / noun

[plural]

a tool for cutting that has two sharp parts that are joined together

These scissors aren't very sharp.

I need some scissors. Do you have any?

a pair of scissors

scissors



a pair of scissors

scold / skould / verb

(scolds, scold ing, scold ed)

to tell a child in an angry way that they have done something wrong

His mother scolded him for not putting away his toys.

SCOOP 1 / skup / noun [count]

1 a thing like a spoon that is used for picking up ice cream, flour, etc.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **kitchen**.

2 the amount that a **scoop** holds

Two scoops of ice cream, please.

SCOOP 2 / skup / verb

(scoops, scoop ing, scooped)

to use a spoon or your hands to take something up or out *I scooped some ice cream out of the bowl.*

SCOOT . **er** / 'skuter / noun [count]

1 a light motorcycle with a small engine

2 a child's vehicle with two wheels that you stand on and move by pushing one foot against the ground

SCOPE AWL / skoop / noun

1 [noncount] the chance or opportunity to do something *The job offers plenty of scope for creativity.*

2 [singular] the different subjects that are being

How wide is the scope of the government's investigation?

SCORE 1 0 / skor / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{SPORTS}}$) the number of points, goals, etc. that you get in a game or competition

The winner got a score of 320.

What's the score now?

SCOPE 2 🔯 / skor / verb

(scores, scor ing, scored)

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ (\boldsymbol{SPORTS}) to get points, goals, etc. in a game or competition

The Bulls scored 30 points in the fourth quarter.

2 to give a number that shows how well someone does on a test, a competition, etc.

The written driving test is scored by computer.

score . board / 'skorbord / noun [count]

(SPORTS) a large board that shows the score during a game or competition

SCOTN / skorn / noun [noncount]

a strong feeling that someone or something is stupid or not good enough

He was full of scorn for my idea.

►scorn ·ful / 'skərnfl / adjective

She gave him a scornful look.

scor .pi .on

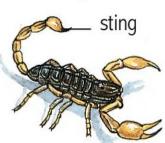
/ 'skərpiən / noun

[count]

a small animal that looks like an insect and can hurt

(sting) you with its tail

scorpion



Scotch tape™ / 'skat∫terp / noun

[noncount]

a type of clear tape that is sticky on one side, which you buy in a roll

SCOWI / skaul / verb

(scowls, scowl ing, scowled)

to look at someone in an angry way

His teacher scowled at him for being late.

►scowl noun [count]

He looked up at me with a scowl.

scram . ble / 'skræmbl / verb

(scram bles, scram bling, scram bled)

to move quickly up or over something, using your hands to help you

They scrambled over the wall.

scram . bled eggs / skræmbəld 'egz / noun

[plural]

eggs that you mix together with milk and cook in a pan with butter

SCrap / skræp / noun

1 [count] a small piece of something a scrap of paper

2 [noncount] something you do not want any more but that is made of material that can be used again *scrap metal*

SCrap . book / 'skræpbok / noun [count]

a large book with empty pages that you can stick pictures or newspaper articles in **SCrape** / skreip / verb

(scrapes, scrap ing, scraped)

1 to move a rough or sharp thing across something *I scraped the mud off my shoes with a knife.*

2 to hurt or damage something by moving it against a rough or sharp thing

I fell and scraped my knee on the wall.

(scratch .es, scratch .ing, scratched)

1 to move your nails across your skin *She scratched her head.*

2 to cut or make a mark on something with a sharp thing *The cat scratched me!*

scratch 2 / skrætʃ / noun [count] (plural scratch .es)

a cut or mark that a sharp thing makes

Her hands were covered in scratches from the cat.

from scratch from the beginning

I threw away the letter I was writing and started again from scratch.

SCream 1 / skrim / verb

(screams, scream ing, screamed)

to make a loud, high noise with your voice that shows you are afraid or hurt

She saw the snake and screamed.

He screamed for help.

SCream 2 / skrim / noun [count]

a loud, high noise you make with your voice a scream of pain

screech / skrit / verb

(screech es, screech ing, screeched)

to make an unpleasant, loud, high sound

The car's brakes screeched as it stopped suddenly.

1 (**COMPUTERS**) the flat, square part of a television or computer where you see pictures or words

→ Look at the picture at computer.

2 the flat thing on the wall of a theater, where you see movies

3 a kind of thin wall that you can move around. **Screens** are used to keep away cold, light, etc. or to stop people from seeing something

The nurse put a screen around the bed.

screen sav .er / 'skrin seiver / noun [count]

(${\it COMPUTERS}$) a picture that appears on your computer screen when you are not using it

SCreW 1 / skru / noun [count]

a small metal thing with a sharp end, which you use for fastening things together. You push it into something by turning it with a special tool (called a **screwdriver**).





screws

screwdriver

SCrew 2 / skru / verb

(screws , $screw \cdot ing$, screwed)

1 to attach something to another thing using a **screw** *The cabinet is screwed to the wall.*

2 to turn something to attach it to another thing *Screw the lid on the jar.*

screw . **dri** . **ver** / 'skrudrarver / *noun* [count] a tool for turning **screws** .

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at screw.

scrib . ble / 'skribl / verb

(scrib bles, scrib bling, scrib bled)

to write something or make marks on paper quickly and without care

The children scribbled in my book.

SCript / skript / noun [count]

the written words that actors speak in a play or movie

Scrip . ture (also Scrip . ture) / 'skriptʃər / noun

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{RELIGION}}$) the book or books that a particular religion is based on

SCroll / skrool / verb

(scrolls, scroll ing, scrolled)

(COMPUTERS) to move what you can see on a computer screen up or down so that you can look at different parts of it

Scroll down to the bottom of the document.

SCrub / skrAb / verb

(scrubs , scrub bing , scrubbed)

to rub something hard to clean it, usually with a brush and soap and water

 $He \ scrubbed \ the \ floor.$

SCruff . y / 'skrAfi / adjective

(scruff .i .er , scruff .i .est)

messy and perhaps dirty

She was wearing scruffy jeans.

scu . ba div . ing / 'skubə darvın / noun

[noncount]

swimming underwater using special equipment for breathing

You should never go scuba diving alone.

SCUID . tor / 'skalpter / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{ART}}$) a person who makes shapes from materials like stone or wood

sculp . ture / 'skalptfər / noun

[count, noncount]

(ART) the art of making shapes from stone, wood, or other material; a work of art that has been made in this way *He's studying sculpture at college.*

a marble sculpture of the goddess Venus

Sea / si / noun

(GEOGRAPHY)

1 Sea [count] a big area of salt water the Black Sea

→Look at ocean .

2 [noncount] the ocean

The pieces of wood floated out to sea.

at sea

traveling on the ocean

We spent three weeks at sea.

sea · food / 'sifud / noun

[noncount]

fish and small animals from the ocean that we eat, especially **shellfish** (= animals with shells that live in water)

sea .gull / 'sigal / noun

[count]

a big, gray or white bird that lives near the ocean and makes a loud sound

seal 1 / sil / noun [count]

1 an animal with short fur that lives in and near the ocean, and that eats fish

2 a piece of paper or plastic on a package or bottle, which you have to break before you can open it

Seal 2 / sil / *verb* (seals , seal ing , sealed) to close something by sticking two parts together *She sealed the envelope.*

seam / sim / noun

[count]

a line where two pieces of cloth are joined together

search 1 5 / sərtʃ / verb

(search les, search ling, searched) to look carefully because you are trying to find someone or something

I searched everywhere for my pen.

I searched the document to find the names.

Search 2 / sərtʃ / noun [count, noncount] (plural search es)

when you try to find someone or something *I found my key after a long search.*

We drove around the town in search of a cheap restaurant.

The search for the murder weapon goes on.

search en . gine / ˈsərtʃˌɛndʒən / noun

(COMPUTERS) a computer program that searches the Internet for information

sea . shell / 'sifel/

noun [count] the empty shell of

the empty shell of a small animal that lives in the ocean

seashell



sea . shore / 'sifor / noun the seashore

[singular]

(GEOGRAPHY) the land next to the ocean We were looking for seashells on the seashore .

Sea . Sick / 'sisik / adjective

(HEALTH) If you are **seasick** , you feel sick because the boat you are on is moving a lot.

sea . son 🚳 / 'sizn / noun

[count]

1 one of the four parts of the year (called spring, summer, fall, and winter)

2 a special time of the year for something

The football season starts in September.

sea son ing / sizn•in / noun

[count, noncount]

a substance used to add flavor to food, for example salt, **pepper** (= powder with a hot taste) or spices

Add some seasoning to the chicken, then put it in the oven.

Seat 🥯 / sit / noun [count]

something that you sit on

the back seat of a car

 $We \ had \ seats \ at \ the \ front \ of \ the \ the ater.$

Please take a seat (= sit down).

seat belt / 'sit belt / noun [count]

a long, thin piece of material that you put around your body in a car, bus, or airplane to keep you safe

sea . weed / 'siwid / noun [noncount]

a plant that grows in the ocean. There are many different types of ${\bf seaweed}$.

Sec. abbreviation of second

se .clud .ed / səˈkludəd / adjective

far away from other people, roads, etc. a secluded beach

SEC . Ond 1 🥯 / ˈsɛkənd / adjective, adverb,

noun [singular]

next after first; 2nd

February is the second month of the year.

She finished second in the race.

Today is the second of April (= April 2nd).

I was the first to arrive, and Jim was the second.

Sec . ond 2 2 / 'sekend / noun [count]

1 (*abbreviation* **sec.**) a measure of time. There are 60 **seconds** in a minute.

2 a very short time

Wait a second!

I'll be ready in a second.

sec . ond . ar . y school / 'sekən,deri ,skul /

noun [count]

a school for children between the ages of about 12 and 18

Sec . ond-class / sekand klæs / adjective

less important than other people or things Older people should not be treated as second-class citizens.

Sec ond hand / sekendhænd /

(also sec ond-hand) adjective, adverb

not new; used by another person before *secondhand books*

I bought this car secondhand.

sec .ond .ly / 'sekəndli / adverb

a word that you use when you are giving the second thing in a list

Firstly, it's too expensive, and secondly, we don't really need it.

Se . **cre** . **cy** / 'sikrəsi / *noun* [noncount]

not telling other people

They worked in secrecy.

Se . cret 1 2 / 'sikrat / noun [count]

something that you do not or must not tell other people I can't tell you where I'm going — it's a secret.

Can you keep a secret (= not tell other people)?

in secret

without other people knowing

They met in secret.

Se . Cret 2 / 'sikrat / adjective

If something is \boldsymbol{secret} , other people do not or must not know about it

They kept their wedding secret (= they did not tell anyone about it) .

a secret meeting

Sec . **re** . **tar** . **i** . **al** / ,sekra terial / *adjective* connected with the work of a secretary *a secretarial job*

Sec . re . tar . y o / 'sekrə,teri / noun [count] (plural sec . re . tar . ies)

1 a person who types letters, answers the telephone, and does other things in an office

2 a person who is in charge of a large department in the U.S. government

the Secretary of Defense the Agriculture Secretary

se .cre .tive / 'sikratıv / adjective

If you are $\boldsymbol{secretive}$, you do not like to tell other people about yourself or your plans

Mark is very secretive about his job.

se .cret .ly 🥯 / ˈsikrətli / adverb

without other people knowing

We are secretly planning a big party for her.

Sect / sekt / noun [count]

(POLITICS , RELIGION) a group of people who have particular beliefs about religion or politics. A **sect** has often separated from a larger group a religious sect

Sec . tion 😂 AWL / 'sɛkʃn / noun

[count]

one of the parts of something *This section of the road is closed.*

Sec . tor AWL / 'sekter / noun [count]

1 (BUSINESS) a part of the business activity of a country *The manufacturing sector is growing.*

 ${f 2}$ (MATH) a part of a circle that is between two straight lines drawn from the center to the edge

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at circle.

Se . cure AWL / səˈkyor / adjective

1 If you are **secure**, you feel safe and you are not worried *Do you feel secure about the future?*

→ANTONYM insecure

2 safe

Don't climb that ladder - it's not very secure (= it may fall).

Her job is secure (= she will not lose it) .

3 well locked or protected so that no one can go in or out *This gate isn't very secure.*

►se .cure .ly AWL / səˈkyʊrli / adverb

Are all the windows securely closed?

Se . cu . ri . ty AWL / səˈkyorəti / noun

[noncount]

1 the feeling of being safe *Children need love and security.*

→ANTONYM insecurity

2 things that you do to keep a place safe *We need better security at airports.*

se .date / səˈdeɪt / verb

(se . dates, se . dat . ing, se . dat . ed)

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{HEALTH}}$) to give someone medicine or a drug to make them feel calm or want to sleep

The vet sedated the horse before examining it.

sed .a .tive / 'sedativ / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{HEALTH}}$) a drug or medicine that makes you feel calm or want to sleep

See 🔯 / si / verb

(sees, see ing, saw/so/has seen/sin/)

1 to know or notice something using your eyes *It was so dark that I couldn't see anything. Can you see that plane?*

2 to watch a movie, play, or television program *I'm going to see a movie tonight.*

Thesaurus

look to turn your eyes toward someone or something, or in a particular direction: She looked at me and smiled. ◆ Look out the window! There's a rainbow!

watch to look at someone or something for some time, paying attention to what happens: "Would you like to play?" "No thanks – I'll just watch." ◆ I only let my kids watch TV on weekends. ◆ He stood and watched as the taxi drove away.

see to watch a movie, a television program, a game, a performance, etc. With this meaning, see is not used with the -ing form, so you can say "I saw a movie" but NOT "I was seeing a movie": to see a movie/a TV program ◆ Did you see the game on TV yesterday?

3 to find out about something

Go and see what time the train leaves.

4 to visit or meet someone

We're going to see my grandma on the weekend. I'll see you outside the train station at ten o'clock.

5 to understand something

"You have to turn the key this way." " I see ."

6 to make certain about something *Please see that you lock the door.*

I'll see : we'll see

words that mean "I will think about what you have said and tell you what I have decided later"

"Will you lend me the money?" "I'll see."

let's see : let me see

words that you use when you are thinking or trying to remember something

Let's see, where did I put the keys?

see someone off to go to an airport or a station to say goodbye to someone who is leaving

see to something to do what you need to do for someone or something

Sit down - I'll see to the dinner.

see you ; see you later (informal)
goodbye

"Bye Dave!" "See you!"

seed 5 / sid / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{BIOLOGY}}$) the small, hard part of a plant from which a new plant grows

seek AWL / sik / verb

(seeks, seek ing, sought / sot / has sought)
(formal)

to try to find or get something *You should seek help.*

seem 🔯 / sim / verb

(seems , seem ling , seemed)

to give the impression of being or doing something *She seems tired.*

My mother seems to like you.

Helen seems like (= seems to be) a nice girl.

seen form of see

Seep / sip / verb (seeps , seep ling , seeped)

(used about a liquid) to flow very slowly through small holes in something

Water started seeping in through the cracks.

See . **SaW** / 'siso / (also see-saw) *noun* [count] a piece of equipment for children to play on. It is made of a piece of wood or metal, which moves up and down when a child sits on each end.

seg . ment / 'segment / noun [count]

1 a part of something

I divided the sheet of paper into three segments.

2 one of the sections of an orange, a lemon, etc.

 ${f 3}$ (MATH) a part of a circle that is separated from the rest with one line

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at circle.

seg . re . gate / 'segrageit / verb

(seg_re_gates, seg_re_gat_ing, seg_re_gat_ed) to separate one group of people from the rest, for example because of their race, religion, or sex

 \rightarrow Look at integrate (2).

► seg · re · ga · tion / segre getsn / noun [noncount] racial segregation (= separating people of different races)

Seize / siz / verb (seiz es, seiz ing, seized)

1 to take something quickly and firmly *The thief seized her bag and ran away.*

→SYNONYM grab

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ to take control of something, or to take something away from someone

The police seized 50 pounds of illegal drugs.

sei . zure / 'sigar / noun

1 [noncount] the act of taking something away or taking control of something

2 [count] a sudden attack of an illness, when a person becomes unconscious and their body may make violent movements

sel .dom / 'sɛldəm / adverb

not often

It seldom snows here in March.

→SYNONYM rarely

Se . lect AWL / səˈlɛkt / verb

(se lects, se lect ing, se lect ed)
(formal)

to take the person or thing that you like best *We select only the finest fruits.*

→SYNONYM choose

Se · lec · tion AWL / səˈlɛkʃn / noun

1 [noncount] taking the person or thing you like best *The manager is responsible for team selection.*

2 [count] a group of people or things that someone has chosen, or a group of things that you can choose from *The store has a good selection of toys.*

Self / self / noun [count] (plural selves / selvz /) a person's own nature or qualities

It's good to see you back to your old self again (= well or happy again).

PREFIX

self-

(in nouns and adjectives) by yourself or itself; for yourself or itself

self- control

self- service

self- employed

He is **self**- taught (= he taught himself).

self-con . fi . dent / self 'kanfədənt / adjective

sure about yourself and what you can do

►self-con · fi · dence / ˌsɛlf ˈkanfədəns / noun [noncount]

Failing that exam made her lose a lot of self-confidence.

self-con . scious / self kanses / adjective

worried about what other people think of you

She walked into her new school feeling very self-conscious.

self-con . **trol** / ,self kən'trool / *noun* [noncount]

the ability to control yourself and your emotions

self-de . **fense** / ˌsɛlf dɪˈfɛns / *noun* [noncount] the use of force to protect yourself *I only hit him in self-defense* .

self-em . **ployed** / 'self em'ploid / *adjective* working for yourself, not for someone else *He's a self-employed electrician.*

self-es . **teem** / ˌsɛlf ɪ'stim / *noun* [noncount] a good opinion of your own character and abilities to suffer low self-esteem

self .ish / 'selfif / adjective

thinking too much about what you want and not about what other people want

I'm sick of your selfish behavior!

►self ·ish ·ly / ˈsɛlfɪʃli / adverb

He behaved very selfishly.

► self · ish · ness / 'selfıʃnəs / noun [noncount] Her selfishness made me very angry.

self-pit · **y** / self 'piti / *noun* [noncount]

when you think too much about your own problems and feel sorry for yourself

self-serv . **ice** / self 'sərvəs / adjective

In a **self-service** store or restaurant you take what you want and then pay for it

The café is self-service.

to give something to someone who pays you money for it *I sold my guitar for \$400.*

He sold me a ticket.

Drugstores usually sell cigarettes. \rightarrow Look at buy.

sell out; **be sold out** to be sold completely so that there are no more left

I went to the store to buy a newspaper, but they had all sold out.

The concert was sold out weeks ago.

sell out of something to sell all that you have of something

I'm afraid we're sold out of milk.

Sell . er / 'seler / noun [count] (BUSINESS)

1 a person or company that sells something a flower seller

2 something that is sold in the amount or way mentioned *This magazine is a big seller in the 25-40 age group.*

→ Look at best seller.

se . mes . ter / səˈmɛstər / noun [count]

one of the two periods that the school or college year is divided into

I'm taking an art history course next semester.

PREFIX

semi-

(in adjectives and nouns) half or part

to be **semi** retired (= to only work some of the time)

a **semi** permanent arrangement

a **semi** circle

sem . **i** . **cir** . **cle** / 'sɛmiˌsərkl / *noun* [count] half a circle

The children sat in a semicircle.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at circle.

Sem · i · CO · lon / 'sɛmiˌkoʊlən / noun [count] (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a mark (;) that you use in writing to separate parts of a sentence

sem . **i** . **fi** . **nal** / 'semifaml; semi'faml / noun [count]

(SPORTS) one of the two games that are played in a competition to find out who will play in the last part of the competition (the **final**)

sem · i · nar / 'semənar / noun [count]

a class at a college, etc. in which a small group of students discuss or study a subject with a teacher

Sen . ate / 'senet / noun [count] the Senate

($\mbox{\it POLITICS}$) one of the two parts of the government that makes the laws in the U.S. and some other countries

→ Look at the House of Representatives .

Word building

The U.S. Government

The government in the U.S. is divided into three parts: the $legislative\ branch$, the $executive\ branch$, and the $judicial\ branch$.

The legislative branch is responsible for making laws. This is the U.S. Congress, which is made up of two groups of people: the Senate and the House of Representatives.

The executive branch is led by the president, and includes the vice president and the rest of the Cabinet (= other important politicians).

The judicial branch includes the $\textbf{Supreme Court}\ ,$ which is the most important court in the country.

Sen . a . tor / 'senətər / noun [count]

(POLITICS) a member of the **Senate**

send 🔯 / send / verb

(sends, send ing, sent / sent / has sent)

1 to make something go somewhere, especially a letter or a message; *I sent a message to John.*

Did you send your parents a postcard?

2 to make someone go somewhere

My company is sending me to New York.

He was sent to prison for ten years.

send for someone or something to ask for someone or something to come to you

Send for an ambulance!

send something off to mail something *I'll send off that letter off today.*

Sen . ior 1 / 'sinyər / adjective

1 having a higher position in an organization a senior officer in the army

2 connected with the last year of high school or college

3 Senior (*abbreviation* **Sr.**) a word that is used after the name of a father who has the same name as his son *His father is John Brown, Sr.*

→ Look at junior.

sen . ior 2 / 'sinyər / noun [count]

1 a student in the final year of high school or college *He's a senior at Yale.*

Look at freshman, junior 2, sophomore.

2 another word for senior citizen

Tickets are \$10, but only \$7 for seniors and students.

sen ior cit i zen / sinyər sıtəzn /

(also sen.ior) noun [count]

a person who has reached the age when you can stop work

sen .ior .i .ty / sin'yərəti / noun [noncount]

the position that you have in a company or organization because of how long you have worked there

Promotion is not always based only on seniority.

Sen · Sa · tion / sen'seisn / noun [count]

1 a physical feeling

I felt a burning sensation on my skin.

2 great excitement or interest

The movie caused a sensation .

Sen · Sa · tion · al / sen'seifn•l / adjective

1 very exciting or interesting

sensational news

2 very good or beautiful

You look sensational tonight!

Sense 1 2 / sens / noun

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ [noncount , singular] the ability to feel or understand something

The boy had no sense of right and wrong.

I like him – he has a great sense of humor .

2 [noncount , singular] the ability to think carefully about something and to do the right thing

Did anyone have the sense to call the police?

 $\boldsymbol{3}$ [count] ($\boldsymbol{\text{BIOLOGY}}$) the power to see, hear, smell, taste, or touch

Dogs have a very good sense of smell.

4 [count] a meaning

This word has four senses.

make sense

to be possible to understand

What does this sentence mean? It doesn't make sense to

sense 2 / sens / verb

(sens es, sens ing, sensed)

to understand or feel something

I sensed that he was worried.

sen . si . ble 🔯 / 'sensəbl / adjective

able to think carefully about something and to do the right thing

It wasn't very sensible of you to run away.

a sensible answer

→ANTONYM silly

▶sen .si .bly / 'sɛnsəbli / adverb

I hope you'll behave sensibly.

sen . si . tive / 'sensətıv / adjective

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ understanding other people's feelings and being careful about them

He's a very sensitive man. \rightarrow ANTONYM insensitive

2 easily becoming worried or unhappy about something, or about things in general

Don't say anything about her hair – she's very sensitive about it.

3 easily hurt or damaged

She has very sensitive skin.

sent form of send

sen . tence 1 2 / 'sentns / noun [count]

1 (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a group of words that tells you something or asks a question. When a sentence is written, it always begins with a capital letter and usually ends with a period

You don't need to write a long letter. A couple of sentences will be enough.

2 the punishment that a judge gives to someone in a court of law

Twenty years in prison was a very harsh sentence.

sen . **tence** 2 / 'sentns / verb

(sen tenc es, sen tenc ing, sen tenced)

to tell someone in a court of law what their punishment will

The judge sentenced the man to two years in prison.

sen . ti . men . tal / sente mentl / adjective producing or showing feelings, such as romantic love or happy memories, that are too strong or not appropriate a sentimental love story

I'm so sentimental – I always cry at weddings!

Sep . a . rate 1 / 'seprot / adjective

1 away from something; not together or not joined The cup broke into three separate pieces.

In my school, the older children are separate from the younger ones.

2 different; not the same

We stayed in separate rooms in the same hotel.

►sep ·a ·rate ·ly / 'sɛprətli / adverb Should we pay separately or together?

Sep · a · rate 2 2 / 'separent / verb

(sep a rates, sep a rat ing, sep a rat ed)

1 to stop being together

My parents separated when I was a baby.

→SYNONYM split up

2 to divide people or things; to keep people or things away from each other

The teacher separated the class into two groups.

→SYNONYM split

3 to be between two things

The river separates the two sides of the city.

► sep · a · ra · tion / ˌsɛpə¹reɪ[n / noun

[count, noncount]

The separation from my family and friends made me very unhappy.

Sep . tem . ber 🔯 / sep'tember / noun [count, noncount] (abbreviation Sept.)

the ninth month of the year

Se . que / 'sikwəl / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a movie, book, etc. that continues the story of the one before Have you seen the Batman sequel?

Se . quence AWL / 'sikwens / noun [count] a number of things that happen or come one after another an extraordinary sequence of events Complete the following sequence: 2, 4, 8...

ser . geant / 'sardgent / noun [count] an officer in the army or the police

se · ri · al / 'sıriəl / noun [count]

a story that is told in parts on television or in a magazine

Se . ries 🔯 AWL / 'sıriz / noun [count]

(plural se ries)

1 a number of things of the same kind that come one after another

I heard a series of shots, and then silence.

2 a number of television or radio programs, often on the same subject, that come one after another

The first episode of the new series is on Saturday.

a TV series on dinosaurs3 (SPORTS) a number of games that are played one after another by the same two teams

The Yankees won the World Series.

Se · ri · ous 🥯 / ˈsɪriəs / adjective

1 very bad

That was a serious mistake.

They had a serious accident.

2 important

a serious decision

3 not funny

a serious play

4 If you are **serious**, you are not joking or playing Are you serious about going to live in Vermont? You look very serious. Is something wrong?

▶se .ri .ous .ness / 'sıriəsnəs / noun [noncount] The boy didn't understand the seriousness of his crime.

Se . ri . ous . ly / 'sıriəsli / adverb

in a serious way

She's seriously injured.

You're not seriously expecting me to believe that? Smoking can seriously damage your health.

take someone or something seriously

to show that you know someone or something is important Don't take what he says too seriously – he's always joking.

ser · **mon** / 'sərmən / *noun* [count]

(RELIGION) a talk that a priest gives in church

ser . vant / 'sərvənt / noun

[count]

a person who works in a rich person's house, doing work like cooking and cleaning

Serve / sərv / verb (serves, serv ing, served)

1 to give food or drink to someone

Breakfast is served from 7:30 a.m. to 9:00 a.m.

2 to do work for other people

During the war he served in the army.

it serves vou right

words that you use to tell someone that it is right that a bad thing has happened to them

"I feel really sick." "It serves you right for eating so much!"

Serv . ice 🥯 / 'sərvəs / noun

1 [count] a business that does useful work for all the people in a country or an area

The company is starting a new delivery service. financial services

2 [noncount] the work that someone does for customers in a store, restaurant, or hotel

The food was good but the service was very slow.

3 [count, noncount] help or work that you do for someone

She left the company after ten years of service.

4 [count] the time when someone looks at a car or machine to see that it is working well

She takes her car to the garage for a service every six

5 the services [plural] the army, navy, and air force

6 [count] (RELIGION) a meeting in a church with prayers and singing

We went to the evening service.

serv . ice sta . tion / 'sərvəs ,sterin / noun

a place where you can buy fuel and other things for your car →SYNONYM gas station

Ses \cdot **Sion** / 'sɛʃn / noun [count]

a period of time spent doing a particular activity The first computer training session is at nine o'clock.

Set 1^{\odot} / set / verb (sets, set ting, set , has set)

1 to put something somewhere Dad set the plate in front of me.

2 (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) to put the action of a play, book, or movie in a particular time and place The movie is set in Chicago in the 1920s.

3 to make something happen

They set the school on fire (= made it start to burn) .

4 to make something ready to use, or to make something start working

I set my alarm clock for seven o'clock.

I set the machine to record my favorite TV program.

5 to decide what something will be; to fix something Let's set a date for the meeting.

6 to become hard or solid Wait for the cement to set.

7 When the sun **sets**, it goes down from the sky.

→ANTONYM rise

set off; set out to start a trip

We set off for the beach at two o'clock.

set the table

to put knives, forks, plates, and other things on the table before you eat

set something up to start something The company was set up in 2001.

Set 2 2 / set / noun [count]

1 a group of things of the same kind, or a group of things that you use together

a set of six glasses ♦ a tool set

2 a piece of equipment for receiving electronic signals a TV set

3 a place where actors perform a play or part of a movie or TV program

Everyone needs to be on the set in five minutes, please.

4 (SPORTS) a group of games that form part of a match in tennis or volleyball

He won in straight sets (= without losing a set).

set . back / 'setbæk / noun [count]

a problem that stops you from making progress

The team suffered a major setback when their best player was injured.

set . **ting** / 'setin / noun [count]

1 the place where something is or where something happens

The house is in a beautiful setting on top of a hill. 2 one of the positions of the controls of a machine What setting should the oven be on?

set .tle 👺 / 'sɛtʃ / verb (set tles , set tling , set tled)

1 to decide something after talking with someone; to end a discussion or an argument

That's settled then, we'll go on Monday. Have you settled your argument with Ray? 2 to go to live in a new place and stay there

The family left Minnesota and finally settled in Iowa.

3 to come down and rest somewhere

The bird settled on a branch.

4 to pay something

Have you settled your bill?

settle down

1 to sit down or lie down so that you are comfortable I settled down in front of the television.

2 to become calm and quiet

The children settled down and went to sleep.

3 to begin to have a calm life in one place

When are you going to get married and settle down?

settle in to start to feel happy in a new place

We only moved to this apartment last week, and we haven't settled in yet.

set .tle .ment / 'setlment / noun [count]

1 an agreement about something after talking or arguing After days of talks, the two sides reached a settlement.

2 (GEOGRAPHY) a group of homes in a place where no people have lived before

a settlement in the forest

set . **tler** / 'sɛtlər / noun [count]

(HISTORY) a person who goes to live in a place where not many people live

early settlers in Virginia

Sev . en 🥯 / 'sevən / number

sev en teen 2 / seven tin / number

► sev . en . teenth / seven $tin\theta$ / pronoun, adjective, adverb, noun [count]

SeV . **enth** / 'sevan θ / pronoun, adjective, adverb, noun [count]

2 one of seven equal parts of something; 1/7

sev . en . ty 🥯 / 'seventi / number

2 the seventies [plural] the numbers, years, or temperature between 70 and 79

in your seventies

between the ages of 70 and 79

► sev · en · ti · eth / 'sɛvəntjəθ / pronoun, adjective, adverb, noun [count]

Sev . er . al 🔯 / 'sevrəl / adjective, pronoun

more than two but not many I've read this book several times.

Several letters arrived this morning.

If you need a pen, there are several on the table.

Se . Vere / sə'vır / adjective

(se ver er, se ver est)

1 not kind or gentle a severe punishment

2 very bad

She suffers from severe headaches.

We're expecting a severe (= very cold) winter.

►se .vere .ly / səˈvırli / adverb

They punished him severely.

She was severely injured in the accident.

Sew 🔯 / sou / verb (sews , sew ling , sewed , Shab by / ˈʃæbi / adjective has sewed or has sewn / soon /)

PRONUNCIATION

The word sew sounds just like so .

to use a needle and cotton to join pieces of material together or to join something to material He sewed a button on his shirt.

Can you sew?

SeW . **age** / 'suid₃ / *noun* [noncount]

the waste material from people's bodies that is carried away from their homes in underground pipes

Sew .er / 'suar / noun [count]

an underground pipe that carries human waste to a place where it can be treated

sew . ing / 'soon /

noun [noncount] the activity of sewing; something that you sew a sewing machine

sewing



sewing machine

sewn

form of sew

AWL / seks / noun (plural sex .es)

1 [count, noncount] (BIOLOGY) the state of being a male or a female

What sex is your dog?

the male sex

2 [noncount] when two people put their bodies together. sometimes to make a baby to have sex

Sex · ism AWL / 'seksizəm / noun [noncount] the unfair treatment of people, especially women, because of their sex; the attitude that causes this

sexism in the workplace ▶sex .ist / 'sɛksɪst / adjective a sexist attitude toward women

Sex . u . al Day AWL / 'sekfuəl / adjective

connected with sex a campaign for sexual equality sexual organs

►sex · u · al · ly AWL / ˈsɛkʃuəli / adverb to be sexually active

Sex · y / 'sɛksi / adjective (sex · i · er , sex · i · est) attractive or exciting in a sexual way a sexy guy sexy clothes

sh! (also **shh!**) $/ \int /$ exclamation be quiet! Sh! You'll wake the baby up!

(shab bi er, shab bi est)

old and in bad condition because it has been used a lot This coat's getting a little shabby.

shade

▶shab .bi .ly / ˈʃæbəli / adverb She was shabbily dressed.

shack / [æk / noun [count]

a small building that has not been built well

shade 1 5 / feid / noun

1 [noncount] a place where it is dark and cool because the sun does not shine there

We sat in the shade of a big tree.

2 [count] a thing that keeps strong light from your eyes

I bought a new shade for the lamp.

3 [count] how light or dark a color is

I'm looking for a shirt in a darker shade of green.

shade 2 / feid / verb

(shades, shad ing, shad ed) to stop light from shining on something He shaded his eyes with his hand.

shad .ow D / fædoo / noun

[count]

a dark shape that you see near someone or something that is in front of the light

shadow

shade

The dog was chasing its own shadow.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at shade.

shad . y / 'feidi / adjective

(shad i er, shad i est)

not in the sun

We sat in a shady part of the garden.

shake (shakes, shak ing, shook / fok / has shak en / ferkən /)

1 to move quickly from side to side or up and down; to make something do this

The house shakes when trains go past.

He was shaking with fear.

Shake the bottle before opening it.

An explosion shook the windows.

2 to disturb or upset someone or something The scandal shook the whole country.

3 to cause something to be less certain

Nothing could shake her belief that she was right.

shake hands

to hold someone's hand and move it up and down when you meet them

shake your head

to move your head from side to side to say "no"

shak . **y** / 'feiki / adjective

(shak i er, shak i est)

1 shaking because you are sick or afraid

You have shaky hands.

2 not firm; not strong

That ladder looks a little shaky.

shall / sol; sel / modal verb

1 a word that you use in questions when you are asking, offering, or suggesting something

Shall we go now?

2 (*formal*) a word that you use to say that something must happen, or will definitely happen *You shall not steal.*

Grammar

Can , could , may , might , should , must , will , shall , would , and ought to are modal verbs.

Modal verbs do not have an "s" in the "he/she" form: *She can drive*. (NOT She cans drive.)

After modal verbs (except **ought to**), you use the infinitive without "to": *I must go now.* (NOT I must to go.)

You make questions and negative sentences without "do" or "did": Will you come with me? (NOT Do you will come?); They might not know. (NOT They don't might know.)

shal . low / 'selov / adjective

(shal low er, shal low est)

1 not deep; with not much water

This part of the river is shallow – we can walk across.

2 not interested in serious thought *a shallow person*

→ANTONYM deep

shame 🕯 / ʃeɪm / noun

1 [noncount] the unhappy feeling that you have when you have done something wrong or stupid

She was filled with shame after she lied to her parents. The adjective is **ashamed** .

2 [singular] a fact or situation that disappoints you or makes you feel sad

It's a shame you can't come to the party. "Sally's not well." "What a shame!"

→SYNONYM pity

shame .ful / fermfl / adjective

that someone should feel bad about a shameful waste of money

shame . less / 'seimles / adjective

doing bad things without caring what other people think *It was a shameless attempt to copy someone else's work.*

sham . **poo** / ʃæm'pu / *noun* [count, noncount] (*plural* **sham** . **poos**)

a special liquid for washing your hair a bottle of shampoo

▶sham .poo verb

(sham poos, sham poo ing, sham pooed) How often do you shampoo your hair?

shape 1 0 / Seip / noun

1 [count, noncount] what you see if you draw a line around something; the form of something

What shape is the table – round or square?

I bought a bowl in the shape of a fish.

Circles, squares, and triangles are all different shapes.

2 [noncount] the physical condition of someone or something

He was in bad shape after the accident.

I like to keep in shape (= stay in good physical condition) *by exercising every day.*

out of shape

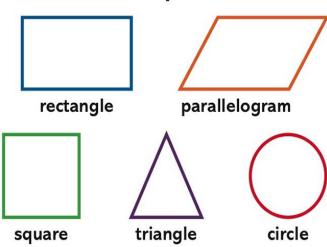
(used about a person) not in good physical condition *I didn't realize how out of shape I was!*

take shape

to start to develop well

Plans for the new building are beginning to take shape.

shapes



shape 2 0 / ferp / verb

(shapes, shap ing, shaped) to give a particular shape to something She shaped the clay into a pot.

shaped 5 / Seipt / adjective

having a certain shape

He gave me a birthday card shaped like a cat. a heart-shaped box of chocolates

Share $1^{\odot} / \operatorname{fer} / \operatorname{verb}$ (shares, sharking, shared)

1 to divide something between two or more people *Share this candy with your friends.*

We shared a large pizza between three of us.

2 to have or use something with another person *I share a bedroom with my sister.*

share 2 2 / Ser / noun

1 [singular] **a part of something bigger that each person** has

Here is your share of the money. I did my share of the work.

2 [count] (BUSINESS) one of equal parts which the value of a company is divided into, and which are sold to people who want to own part of the company

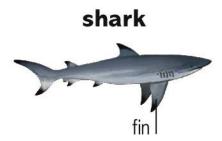
She owns shares in the company.

Share . hold . er / ˈʃɛrhoʊldər / noun

[count

(BUSINESS) a person who owns shares in a company

shark / fark / noun [count] a big fish that lives in the ocean.
Sharks have sharp teeth and are often dangerous.



sharp 1 5 / Sarp / adjective

(sharp er , sharp est)

1 with an edge or point that cuts or makes holes easily a sharp knife a sharp needle

→ANTONYM blunt

2 clear and easy to see

We could see the sharp outline of the mountains against the sky.

3 strong and sudden

a sharp bend in the road

I felt a sharp pain in my leg.

4 able to see, hear, or learn well

She has a very sharp mind.

sharp eyes

5 sudden and angry

sharp words

6 ($symbol \sharp$) (MUSIC) half a note higher than a particular musical note

C sharp

 \rightarrow Look at flat 1 (3).

▶sharp .ly / '∫arpli / adverb

The road bends sharply to the left. "Go away!" he said sharply.

sharp 2 / farp / adverb

1 exactly

Be here at six o'clock sharp.

2 with a big change of direction

Turn sharp right at the next corner.

sharp .en / 'sarpen / verb

(sharp ens, sharp en ing, sharp ened)

to make something sharp or sharper *They sharpened all the knives.*

sharp .en .er / 'Jarpənər / noun

[count]

a thing that you use for making something sharp a pencil sharpener

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **stationery**.

shat ter / 'sæter / verb

(shat ters, shat ter ing, shat tered)

1 to break into very small pieces; to break something into very small pieces

The glass hit the floor and shattered.

The explosion shattered the windows.

2 to destroy something completely

Her hopes were shattered by the terrible news.

shave / few / verb (shaves, shaveing, shaved) to cut hair off your face or body by cutting it very close with

a special knife (called a razor)

He shaves every morning.

▶shave noun [count]

I didn't have a shave this morning.

shav .er / 'server / noun

[count]

an electric tool that you use for shaving

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at razor.

shawl / fol / noun

[count]

a big piece of cloth that a woman wears around her shoulders, or that you put around a baby

She Daran (plural they / der /)

a woman or girl who the sentence is about

"Where's your sister?" "She's (= she is) at work."

Shear / fir / verb (shears , shear ling , sheared ,

has shorn / forn / or has sheared)

to cut the wool off a sheep

shears / sirz /

noun [plural]

a tool like a very large pair of scissors that you use for cutting plants, flowers, etc.

a pair of shears



a pair of shears

shed 1 / sed / noun [count]

a small building where you keep things or animals *We keep our tools in the shed.*

shed 2 / std / verb

(sheds, shed ding, shed, has shed)

to lose something because it falls off *The snake shed its skin.*

she'd / fid /

short for she had, she would

sheep 🚳 / ʃip /

noun [count]
(plural sheep)

an animal that people keep on farms for its meat and its wool

→ Look at lamb.

sheep



sheer / fir / adjective

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ used to show the large size, amount, or level of something

sheer nonsense

The first thing you notice is the sheer size of the building.

2 going down quickly from a high place to a low place.

2 going down quickly from a high place to a low place *It was a sheer drop to the ocean.*

sheet 🥯 / ʃit / noun

[count]

1 a big piece of thin material for a bed *I put some clean sheets on the bed.*

2 a thin, flat piece of something like paper, glass, or metal a sheet of writing paper

shelf / Self / noun [count]

(plural shelves / ∫ɛlvz /)

a long, flat piece of wood on a wall or in a cabinet where things can stand

Put the plates on the shelf.

bookshelves

Shell 🔯/ ʃɛl / noun [count]

 $\boldsymbol{1}\,$ ($\boldsymbol{BIOLOGY}$) the hard outside part of birds' eggs, nuts, and some animals

Turtles have a hard shell.

→ Look at seashell ...

→ Look at the picture at crustacean.

2 a metal container that explodes when it comes out of a large gun

she'll / short for she will

shell .fish / 'slfis / noun [count]

(plural shell fish)

a kind of animal that lives in water and that has a shell

shellfish





musse

oyster

shel .ter 1 / 'selter / noun

1 [noncount] protection from bad weather or danger We took shelter from the rain under a tree.

People ran for shelter when the bombs started to fall.

2 [count] a place that protects people or animals from bad weather, danger, etc.

a bus shelter (= for people who are waiting at a bus stop)

shel ter 2 / 'selter / verb (shel ters,

shel ter ing, shel tered)

1 to make someone or something safe from bad weather or danger

The trees shelter the house from the wind.

2 to go to a place where you will be safe from bad weather or danger

Let's shelter from the rain under that tree.

shelves

plural of shelf

shep . herd / 'separd / noun [count]

a person who takes care of sheep

sher . **iff** / 'seraf / noun [count]

an officer of the law, who is in charge of the police force of a U.S. county

she's / siz /

short for she is, she has

shield 1 / fild / noun [count]

a big piece of metal, wood, or leather that soldiers carried in front of their bodies when they were fighting in wars long ago. Some police officers carry shields now.

shield 2 / fild / verb

(shields, shield ing, shield ed)

to keep someone or something safe from danger or from

She shielded her eyes from the sun with her hand.

shift 1 AWL / fift / verb

(shifts, shift ing, shift ed)

1 to move something from one place to another Can you help me to shift the bed? I want to sweep the floor.

2 to change the way you think about something

Attitudes toward marriage have shifted over the years.

3 to change the position of **gears** in a car (= the parts that control how fast the wheels turn)

He shifted into first gear and drove off.

Shift 2 AWL / fift / noun [count]

1 a change in what people think about something

There has been a shift in public opinion away from the The news of his death came as a shock to all of us. war.

2 a group of workers who begin work when another group finishes

the night shift

shin / fin / noun [count]

the bone in the front part of your leg from your knee to your

Shine 2 / Sain / verb (shines, shin ing, shone

/ soun / or shined , has shone or has shined) 1 to give out light

The sun is shining.

2 to be bright

I polished the silver until it shone.

3 to direct a light at someone or something Don't shine your flashlight in my eyes!

shin y 🔯 / ˈʃaɪni / adjective

(shin i er, shin i est)

causing a bright effect when in the sun or in light The new shampoo leaves your hair soft and shiny. He has a shiny new car.

Ship 1 ²⁰ / ʃɪp / *noun* [count]

a big boat for carrying passengers and goods on the ocean We went to India by ship.

Ship $2 / \int p / verb$ (ships, ship ping, shipped)

to send or carry goods from one place to another The fruit is shipped from Hawaii by airplane.

ship . ment / 'fipment / noun

1 [count] a quantity of goods that is sent from one place to another

a shipment of grain

2 [noncount] the transportation of goods from one place

Is the cargo ready for shipment?

ship .ping / 'ʃɪpɪŋ / noun [noncount]

1 the activity of carrying goods from one place to another Your books are all packed and ready for shipping.

2 ships in general or considered as a group

The port is now open to shipping. a shipping company

ship . wreck / 'fiprek / noun [count]

an accident on the ocean when a ship is destroyed in bad weather or on rocks

be shipwrecked

to be on a ship when it is in a shipwreck

They were shipwrecked off the coast of Maine.

shirt O / Jart / noun [count] **PRONUNCIATION**

The word **shirt** sounds like **hurt** .

a thin piece of clothing that you wear on the top part of your body

Look at the picture at clothes.

shiv .er / 'fivər / verb

(shiv ers, shiv er ing, shiv ered)

to shake because you are cold, afraid, or sick

We were shivering with cold.

▶shiv .er noun [count]

shoal / fool / noun [count]

(BIOLOGY) a large group of fish that feed and swim together

shock 1 2 / Sak / noun

1 [count] a very bad surprise

2 [noncount] (HEALTH) a medical condition that makes you very weak, caused by damage to the body

After the accident, two people were taken to the hospital suffering from shock.

 ${f 3}$ [count] a sudden pain when electricity goes through your body

Don't touch that wire – you'll get an electric shock .

shock 2 2 / Sak / verb

(shocks, shock ing, shocked)

to give someone a very bad surprise; to upset someone *I was shocked by his behavior.*

▶ shock ing / '∫akıŋ / adjective

a shocking crime

shocked / fakt / adjective

feeling surprised in a bad way, and upset or angry Don't look so shocked – I did warn you!

Shoe 🥯 / ʃu / noun [count]

a covering made of leather or plastic that you wear on your foot

a pair of shoes

What size shoes do you take?

a shoe store



shoe · lace / 'ſuleis / (also lace / leis /) noun

[count]

a long, thin piece of material like string that you tie to close a shoe $% \left\{ 1,2,\ldots ,n\right\}$

Tie your shoelaces.

shone

form of shine

shook

form of shake

shoot 1 0 / jut / verb

(shoots, shoot ing, shot / fat / has shot)

1 to fire a gun or another weapon; to hurt or kill a person or an animal with a gun

She shot a bird.

The police officer was shot in the arm.

2 to move quickly or suddenly

The car shot past us at 75 miles per hour.

3 to make a movie

They're shooting a movie about the war.

4 (SPORTS) (in some sports) to throw, hit, or kick a ball toward or into the area where you score points

He shot the ball right past me.

shoot up to increase very quickly *Prices have shot up in the past year.*

shoot 2 / [ut / noun [count]

(BIOLOGY) a new part of a plant *The first shoots appear in spring.*

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at plant.

shoot ing / Jutin / noun [count]

a situation in which someone is shot with a gun *Two people were injured in the shooting.*

shop 1 2 / Sap / verb

(shops, shop ping, shopped)

to go to buy things from stores *I'm shopping for some new clothes.*

→ Look at shopper, shopping.

shop around to look at the price and quality of an item in different stores before you decide where to buy it *We shopped around for the best deal on a new car.*

shop 2 / Jap / noun [count]

 ${f 1}$ a small store which usually sells only one type of product a gift shop

2 a place where things are made or repaired *Our car will be in the shop until Friday.*

shop . lift . ing / 'Japlıftın / noun [noncount]

the crime of stealing things from stores *He was accused of shoplifting.*

► shop · lift · er / '∫aplifter / noun [count] Shoplifters will be prosecuted.

shop .per / 'ʃapər / noun [count]

The streets were full of shoppers.

shop ping 2 / fapin / noun [noncount]

1 buying things from stores

She does her shopping after work.

I usually go shopping on the weekend.

2 the things that you have bought in a store *Will you carry my shopping for me?*

Collocations

Shopping

shopping

qo/qo out shopping/grocery shopping

go to the grocery store/the drug store/the mall

at the store

try on clothes/shoes

stand in/wait in the checkout line

buying

accept/take credit cards

pay in cash/by check/by (credit) card

ask for/get a receipt/a refund/a discount

return/exchange an item/a product

shop .ping cen .ter / 'ʃapıŋ ˌsɛntər / noun

[count]

a place where there are many stores, either outside or in a covered building

shop . ping mall / 'ʃapıŋ məl / noun [count] = mall

shore / for / noun [count]

(GEOGRAPHY) the land next to the ocean or a lake *The swimmer kept close to the shore.*

shorn

form of shear

1 a small distance from one end to the other *Her hair is very short.*

We live a short distance from the beach.

→ANTONYM long

2 less tall than most people *I'm too short to reach the top shelf. a short, fat man*

→ANTONYM tall

3 lasting for only a little time *The play was very short.* a short vacation

→ANTONYM long

be short for something

to be a short way of saying or writing something "Tom" is short for "Thomas."

be short of something

to not have enough of something *I'm short of money this month.*

for short

as a short way of saying or writing something My name's Jennifer, but everyone calls me "Jen" for short.

short .age / 'fortid3 / noun [count]

a situation where there is not enough of something a water shortage

There is a shortage of good teachers.

short cir . cuit / [fort serket / noun [count]

(PHYSICS) a bad electrical connection that causes a machine to stop working

short .cut / 'fortkat / noun [count]

a shorter way to get somewhere or to do something *We took a shortcut to school across the field.*

Short . **en** / 'Jortn / *verb* (short . ens , short . en . ing , short . ened)

to become shorter or to make something shorter *The pants were too long, so I shortened them.*

short . ly / 'fortli / adverb

soor

The doctor will see you shortly, Mr. Smith. We left shortly after six o'clock.

Shorts / forts / noun [plural]

1 short pants that end above your knees a pair of shorts

→ Look at the picture at clothes .

2 a piece of loose clothing that men wear under their pants

short sto .ry / fort stori / *noun* [count] (*plural* short sto .ries)

($\mbox{ENGLISH}$ LANGUAGE ARTS) a piece of writing that is shorter than a novel

short-term / fort 'term / adjective

of or for a short period of time

What are your short-term plans?

→ANTONYM long-term

shot 1 form of shoot 1

shot 2 ⁶ / fat / *noun* [count]

1 the action of firing a gun, or the noise that this makes *He fired a shot.*

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ (\boldsymbol{SPORTS}) the action of throwing, hitting, or kicking a ball in certain sports

He took a shot at the basket.

3 a photograph

This is a good shot of you.

 $\boldsymbol{4}\,$ ($\mbox{\scriptsize HEALTH}$) the act of putting a drug into your body using a needle

a flu shot

shot .gun / 'ʃatgʌn / noun [count]

a long gun that is used for shooting small animals and birds

should 🔯 / səd; sod / modal verb

PRONUNCIATION

The word should sounds like good, because we don't say the letter I in this word.

1 a word that you use to give or ask someone for advice *You should try that new restaurant.*

Should I invite him to the party?

 ${f 2}$ a word that you use to tell or ask someone what is the right thing to do

If you feel sick, you should stay in bed.

You shouldn't eat so much chocolate.

I'm tired. I shouldn't have gone to bed so late.

→SYNONYM ought to

3 a word that you use to say what you think will happen or what you think is true

They should be here soon.

Grammar

Can , could , may , might , should , must , will , shall , would , and ought to are modal verbs.

Modal verbs do not have an "s" in the "he/she" form: She can drive. (NOT She cans drive.)

After modal verbs (except **ought to**), you use the infinitive without "to": *I must go now.* (NOT I must to go.)

You make questions and negative sentences without "do" or "did": Will you come with me? (NOT Do you will come?); They might not know. (NOT They don't might know.)

shoul . der 📀 / 'ʃoʊldər / noun [count]

PRONUNCIATION

The word shoulder sounds like older .

1 the part of your body between your neck and your arm

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **body**.

2 a narrow part along the side of a road where cars can stop

The car was making a strange noise, so we drove onto the shoulder.

shoul . **der bag** / 'Joulder bæg / *noun* [count] a type of bag that you carry over one shoulder with a long, narrow piece of cloth or leather

shoul . **der blade** / 'foolder bleid / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{BIOLOGY}}$) one of the two large, flat bones on each side of your back

Shoul der-length / foolder lenθ / adjective Show 2 0 / foo / noun [count] (used about hair) long enough to reach your shoulders

should .n't / 'fodnt /

short for should not

should've / 'fodev /

short for should have

shout 2 / faut / verb

(shouts, shout ing, shout ed)

to speak very loudly

Don't shout at me!

"Go back!" she shouted.

He shouted out instructions to everyone on the team.

▶shout noun [count]

We heard a shout for help.

Shove $/ \int \Delta v / verb$ (shoves, show ing, shoved)

to push someone or something in a rough way

They shoved him through the door.

▶ shove noun [usually singular]

She gave the door a shove with her shoulder.

shov el 1 / 'ʃʌvl /

noun [count]

a tool that you use for picking up and moving earth, sand, or snow





shov el 2 verb

(shov els, shov el ing, shov eled) to move something with a **shovel** We shoveled the snow off the path.

Show 1 \bigcirc / \bigcirc / \bigcirc / verb (shows , show \bigcirc ing , showed, has shown / foun / or has showed)

1 to let someone see something

She showed me her family photos.

You have to show your ticket on the train.

They're showing that movie at a theater near my house.

2 to make something clear; to explain something to someone

Can you show me how to use the computer?

Research shows that most people get too little exercise.

3 to appear or be seen

The anger showed in his face.

4 to lead someone to a place

Let me show you to your room.

show someone around to go with someone and show them everything in a building

David showed me around the school.

show off to talk loudly or do something silly to make people notice you

Joyce was showing off by driving too fast.

show something off to let people see something that is new or beautiful

James wanted to show off his new jacket.

show up

(informal)

to arrive

What time did they show up?

1 something that you watch at the theater or on television a comedy show

Did you enjoy the show?

2 a group of things in one place that people go to see a flower show

The paintings are on show at the Museum of Art until

show busi ness / foo biznes / noun

[noncount]

the business of entertaining people in the theater, in movies, on television, etc.

He wants a career in show business.

show .er / favor / verb

(show ers, show er ing, show ered)

1 to wash yourself under a shower

After my run, I showered and went back to work.

2 to cover someone or something with a lot of small falling

Ash from the volcano showered down on the town.

show .er 1 2 / 'faver / noun [count]

1 a place where you can wash by standing under water that falls from above you

There's a shower in the bathroom.

2 the act of washing yourself in a shower

I took a shower after the tennis match.

3 rain that falls for a short time

The day will be cloudy, with occasional heavy showers.

4 a party where people give presents to a woman who is going to get married or have a baby

I'm going to my friend's baby shower next week.

shown form of show 1

shrank form of shrink

shred / fred / noun [count]

a small, thin piece of material that has been cut or torn off shreds of paper

shrewd / frud / adjective

(shrewd er, shrewd est)

able to make good decisions because you understand people or situations well

She's a very shrewd businesswoman.

shriek / frik / verb

(shrieks, shriek ing, shrieked)

to make a loud, high sound

She shrieked with fear (= because she was afraid).

▶shriek *noun* [count]

He gave a shriek of pain.

Shrill / fril / adjective (shrill er, shrill est)

A shrill sound is high and loud a shrill whistle

shrimp / frimp / noun

a small animal with a soft shell and a lot of legs that lives in the ocean. It turns pink when you cook it.

shrine / fram / noun [count]

(RELIGION) a special place that is important to people for religious reasons

Shrink / frink / verb (shrinks , shrink ling , shrank / frænk / or shrunk / frank / has shrunk) to become smaller or to make something smaller My jeans shrank when I washed them.

shriv .el / 'frivl / verb

(shriv els, shriv el ing, shriv eled)

to become smaller, especially because of dry conditions *The plants shriveled up and died in the hot weather.*

shrub / ʃrʌb / noun [count]

a plant like a small low tree

shrug / frag / verb

(shrugs, shrug ging, shrugged)

to move your shoulders to show that you do not know or do not care about something

I asked her where Sam was, but she just shrugged.

▶shrug noun [count]

He answered my question with a shrug.

shrunk

form of shrink

shud .der / 'ʃʌdər / verb

(shud ders, shud der ing, shud dered)

to shake because you are cold or afraid, or because of a strong feeling

He shuddered when he saw the snake.

▶shud .der noun [count]

shuf .fle / 'ʃʌfl / verb

(shuf fles, shuf fling, shuf fled)

1 to walk slowly, without taking your feet off the ground *The old man shuffled along the road.*

2 to mix playing cards before a game

She shuffled the cards carefully before dealing them.

shut 1 2 / Jat / verb

(shuts, shut ting, shut, has shut)

to move, or to move something, so that it is not open *Could you shut the door, please?*

The door shut behind me.

→SYNONYM close

shut down to close and stop working; to make something close and stop working

The factory shut down last year.

→SYNONYM close down

shut something off to stop a supply of electricity, water, or gas

They shut off the gas to our building while they repaired the leak.

shut up

(informal)

words you use to tell someone to be quiet in a rude way *Shut up and listen!*

shut 2 / sat / adjective

not open

Is the door shut?

→SYNONYM closed

Shut .ter / 'ʃʌtər / noun [count]

a wooden or metal thing that covers the outside of a window

Close the shutters at night.

shut .tle / 'ʃʌt̞] / noun [count]

1 an airplane, a bus, or a train that travels regularly between two places

2 = space shuttle

Shy 🔯 / ʃaɪ / adjective (shy er, shy est)

not able to talk easily to people you do not know *He was too shy to speak to her.*

a shy smile

▶ shy . ness / 'ʃaɪnəs / noun [noncount]

As a child, she suffered from terrible shyness.

sib . ling / 'siblin / noun [count]

(formal)

a brother or a sister

Do you have any siblings?

(HEALTH) not well

She's taking care of her sick mother.

Joe's been out sick (= away because of illness) all week.

Collocations

Illness

getting sick

catch a cold/the flu/a virus/a bug

get sick/a cold/a headache

have a cold/an infection/a fever/a toothache

feel sick/hot/dizzy

treatment

examine a patient

be on medication/antibiotics

get/have a shot/an injection/an X-ray

need/receive/get treatment

Look at the note at injury.

be sick

When you \mathbf{are} sick, food comes up from your stomach and out of your mouth

He was sick twice during the night.

→SYNONYM vomit

be sick of something

to have had or done too much of something, so that you do not want it any longer

I'm sick of watching TV – let's go out.

feel sick

to feel that food is going to come up from your stomach

sick . ness / 'siknəs / noun

[noncount]

(HEALTH) being or feeling sick

He could not work for a long time because of sickness.

side 2 / said / noun [count]

1 one of the flat outside parts of something

A box has six sides.

2 the part of something that is not the front, back, top, or bottom

There is a door at the side of the house.

There's a scratch on the side of my car.

 ${f 3}$ the part of something that is near the edge and away from the middle

I stood at the side of the road.

4 the right or left part of something

He lay on his side .

You will see the restaurant on the left side of the street.

 ${\bf 5}$ one of two groups of people who fight, argue, or play a game against each other

I thought you were on my side (= agreed with me).

Which side won the debate?

side by side

next to each other

They walked side by side.

take sides

to show that you agree with one person, and not the other, in a fight or an argument

side . burns / 'saidbərns / noun [plural]

hair that grows down the sides of a man's face, in front of his ears

side ef . fect / 'said I, fekt / noun [count]

(HEALTH) an extra and usually bad effect that a drug has on you, as well as its useful effects

Side effects of the drug may include headaches.

side . walk / 'sardwok / noun [count]

the part at the side of a road where people can walk *The kids rode their bikes on the sidewalk.*

side . ways / 'saidweiz / adjective, adverb

1 to or from the side

She looked sideways at the girl next to her.

2 with one of the sides first

We carried the table sideways through the door.

Siege / sid3 / noun [count]

a situation when an army stays outside a town, or police stay outside a building for a long time so that no one can get in or out

si es ta / si esta / noun [count]

a short sleep or rest that people take in the afternoon, especially in hot countries

to have a siesta

Sieve / siv / noun [count]

a type of kitchen tool that you use to remove lumps from food such as flour or soup

Look at the picture at kitchen.

Sigh / sai / verb (sighs, sigh ing, sighed)

to let out a deep breath, for example because you are sad, tired, or pleased

sigh noun [count]

"I wish I had more money," he said with a sigh.

sight 💁 / sart / noun

1 [noncount] the ability to see

She has poor sight (= she cannot see well).

→SYNONYM eyesight

2 [noncount] seeing someone or something

We had our first sight of the city from the plane.

3 [count] something that you see

The mountains were a beautiful sight.

4 sights [plural] the interesting places, especially in a city or town, that are often visited by tourists

When you come to St. Louis, I'll show you the sights.

5 [noncount] a position where you can see someone or something

We watched until they were out of sight (= until we could not see them).

Eventually the town came into sight (= we could see it) . at first sight

when you see someone or something for the first time

He fell in love with her at first sight.

catch sight of someone or something

to see someone or something suddenly *I caught sight of Faye in the crowd.*

lose sight of someone or something

to no longer be able to see someone or something *After sailing for an hour we lost sight of land.*

sight . See . ing / 'saitsing / noun [noncount] the activity of viciting interesting buildings and places as

the activity of visiting interesting buildings and places as a tourist

to go sightseeing

Did you have a chance to do any sightseeing?

▶ sight . se . er / 'saitsiar / noun [count]

The city was full of sightseers.

→SYNONYM tourist

sign 1 [©] / sam /

noun [count]

1 a thing with writing or a picture on it that tells you something

The sign said "No Smoking."

a road sign

2 something that tells you that something exists, is happening, or may happen in the future

Dark clouds are a sign of rain.

3 a mark, shape, or movement that has a special meaning *In mathematics, a cross is a plus sign.*

sian

I put up my hand as a sign for him to stop.

Sign 2 ²⁰/ sam / verb (signs , sign ling , signed)

to write your name in your own way on something *Sign here, please.*

I signed the check.

The noun is **signature**.

sig . nal 🔯 / 'signəl / noun [count]

 ${f 1}$ a light, sound, or movement that tells you something without words

A red light is a signal for cars to stop.

2 an electrical wave that carries a sound, a picture, or a message

I can't get a signal on my cell phone.

► sig nal verb (sig nals, sig nal ing, sig naled)
The police officer signaled to the children to cross the road.

sig .na .ture / 'signətʃər / noun [count]

your name as you usually write it, for example at the end of a letter The verb is **sign** .

sig . nif . i . cance AWL / sig nifəkəns / noun

[noncount]

the importance or meaning of something What is the significance of this discovery?

sig . nif . i . cant AWL / sig'nifəkənt / adjective

1 important or large enough to be noticed

a significant increase in the number of accidents

2 having a particular meaning

It is significant that he changed his will just before he died.

sign lan . guage / ˈsaɪn ˌlæŋgwɪdʒ / noun

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a language that uses movements of the hands. It is used especially by people who cannot have

sign . post / 'sampoust / noun [count]

a sign beside a road that shows the way to a place and how far it is

Sikh / sik / noun [count]

(RELIGION) a person who follows one of the religions of India (called Sikhism)

Sikh adjective

si . lence 2 / 'saıləns / noun

1 [noncount] a situation in which there is no sound *I can only work in complete silence*.

2 [count, noncount] a time when no one speaks or makes a noise

There was a long silence before she answered the question. We ate our dinner in silence . si . lent / 'sailant / adjective

1 with no sound; completely quiet

Everyone was asleep, and the house was silent.

2 If you are silent, you are not speaking

I asked him a question and he was silent for a moment before he answered.

▶si ·lent ·ly / 'sailentli / adverb

The cat moved silently toward the bird.

sil . hou . ette / silu'et / noun [count]

the dark shape of something that you can see against a light

the silhouette of buildings against the sky

Sil · i · COn / 'sılıkan ; 'sılıkən / noun [noncount] (symbol Si)

(CHEMISTRY) a chemical substance that is used for making computer parts and glass

SIIK / silk / noun [noncount]

a soft, smooth cloth made from a substance that an insect (called a silkworm) makes

This scarf is made of silk.

a silk shirt

SIIK · **Y** / 'sɪlki / adjective (silk · i · er , silk · i · est) soft, smooth, and shiny like silk silky hair

SIII / sil / noun [count]

a narrow shelf at the bottom of a window

SIII / sil / noun [count]

a narrow shelf at the bottom of a window

sil . Ver 1 2 / 'silvər / noun [noncount]

1 (symbol Ag) (CHEMISTRY) a shiny gray metal that is valuable

a silver necklace

2 things that are made of silver, for example knives, forks, and dishes

The thieves stole some valuable silver.

Sil . Ver 2 / 'silvər / adjective with the color of silver; Our new car is silver.

sil . ver . ware / 'sılvərwer / noun [noncount] forks, knives, and spoons that are made of silver or some other metal

sim .i .lar 👺 AWL / 'sımələr / adjective

the same in some ways but not completely the same Rats are similar to mice, but they are bigger. Jane and her sister look very similar.

sim · i · lar · i · ty AWL / ˌsɪməˈlærəti / noun

[count](plural sim i lar i ties)

a way that people or things are the same There are a lot of similarities between the two countries.

→ANTONYM difference

sim . il . e / 'sıməli / noun [count, noncount]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a word or phrase that compares one thing with something else, using the words "like" or "as"

"As white as snow" and "a face like a mask" are similes. → Look at metaphor.

sim . mer / 'sımər / verb

(sim mers sim mer ing sim mered)

to cook gently in water that is almost boiling

Simmer the vegetables for ten minutes.

sim . ple 🥯 / 'sımpl / adjective

(sim pler, sim plest)

1 easy to do or understand

This dictionary is written in simple English.

"How do you open this?" "I'll show you – it's simple."

→ANTONYM difficult

2 without a lot of different parts or extra things She wore a simple black dress.

a simple meal

→SYNONYM plain

sim . plic . i . ty / sım'plısəti / noun [noncount] the quality of being simple

I like the simplicity of these paintings.

sim . pli . fy / 'simplefai / verb (sim . pli . fies , sim pli fy ing, sim pli fied, has sim pli fied) to make something easier to do or understand

The story has been simplified so that the children can understand it.

sim . ply / 'simpli / adverb

1 a word that you use when you want to show how easy or basic something is

Simply add water and stir. →SYNONYM just

2 in a simple way

Please explain it more simply.

3 really

The weather was simply terrible – it rained every day!

sim . u . late AWL / 'sımyəleit / verb

(sim u lates , sim u lat ing , sim u lat ed) to create the effect or appearance of something else

The astronauts trained in a machine that simulates conditions in space.

►sim · u · la · tion AWL / ˌsɪmyəˈleɪʃn / noun [count, noncount]

a computer simulation of a nuclear attack

si . mul . ta . ne . ous / .saml·temiss / adjective

happening at exactly the same time

The city was hit by three simultaneous explosions.

▶si ·mul ·ta ·ne ·ous ·ly / ˌsaɪml•ˈteɪniəsli / adverb "I'm sorry!" they said simultaneously.

Sin / sin / noun [count, noncount]

(RELIGION) something that your religion says you should not do, because it is very bad Stealing is a sin.

▶ sin *verb* (sins , sin . ning , sinned) He knew that he had sinned.

Since 🥯 / sins / adverb, preposition, conjunction

1 from a time in the past until a later time in the past or until now

He's been sick since Sunday.

I haven't seen him since 2007.

She's lived here since she was a child.

George went to Alaska in 1994 and has lived there ever since (= in all the time from then until now).

Andy left three years ago and we haven't seen him since.

Which word?

For or since?

We use for to say how long something has continued, for example in hours , days , or years : She's been sick for three days. ◆ I've lived in this house for ten months.

◆ We have been married **for** ten years.

We use since with points of time in the past, for example a time on the clock, a date, or an event: I've been here since six o'clock. ◆ She has been alone since her husband died. ♦ We've been married since 1996.

Since it's your birthday, I'll buy you a coffee.

→SYNONYM as

3 at a time after another time in the past They got married five years ago and have since had three children.

Sin . cere / sın'sır / adjective

being honest and meaning what you say

Were you being sincere when you said that you loved me?

→ANTONYM insincere

sin .cere .ly / sm'srrli / adverb

1 in a sincere way

I am sincerely grateful to you.

2 Sincerely a word that you write at the end of a formal letter, before your name

sing 🐸 / sɪŋ / verb

(sings, sing ing, sang/sæn/has sung/sʌŋ/)

(MUSIC) to make music with your voice She sang a song. ♦ The birds were singing.

sing .er / siner / noun [count]

(MUSIC) a person who sings, or whose job is singing, especially in public an opera singer

sin . qle 1 2 / singl / adjective

1 only one; He gave her a single red rose.

2 a word that makes "every" stronger

You answered every single question correctly.

3 not married; Are you married or single?

4 for one person; *I would like a single room, please.*

a single bed \rightarrow Look at double 1 (3).

Sin . gle 2 / 'singl / noun [count]

1 (MUSIC) one song, which you can buy on a CD, or from the Internet, etc.

Have you heard the band's new single?

 \rightarrow Look at album (1).

2 a piece of paper money that is worth one dollar

sin gle par ent / singl perent / noun

a person who takes care of their child or children alone, without help from the other parent

sin .gu .lar / 'sɪŋgyələr / noun [noncount]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) the form of a word that you use for one person or thing

The singular of "men" is "man."

▶sin gu lar adjective

"Table" is a singular noun. \rightarrow Look at plural.

sin is ter / smoster / adjective

making you feel that something bad will happen a sinister atmosphere

Sink 1 2 / sink / verb (sinks, sink ing, sank / sænk / has sunk / sʌnk /)

1 to go down under water

If you throw a stone into water, it sinks.

The fishing boat sank to the bottom of the ocean.

 \rightarrow Look at **float** (1).

2 to make a ship go down under water The ship was sunk by a torpedo.

3 to go down

The sun sank slowly behind the hills.

Sink 2 / siŋk /

noun [count] a large container in a kitchen where you wash

dishes, or in a bathroom where you wash your hands and face

sink



Sip / sip / verb (sips , sip . ping , sipped) to drink something slowly, taking only a little each time She sipped her coffee.

▶sip noun [count]

Can I have a sip of your lemonade?

Sir D / sər / noun [singular]

1 a polite way of speaking to a man, instead of using his

"Can I help you, sir?" asked the salesclerk.

→ Look at ma'am.

2 Sir a word that you use at the beginning of a formal letter to a man

Dear Sir... \rightarrow Look at madam (2).

Si . ren / 'sarran / noun [count]

a machine that makes a long, loud sound to warn people about something. Police cars and fire engines have **sirens**.

sis .ter 👺 / 'sistər / noun [count]

1 a girl or woman who has the same parents as you I have two sisters and one brother.

Jane and Anne are sisters.

2 Sister (RELIGION) a female member of a religious group →SYNONYM nun

sis .ter-in-law / 'sister in lo / noun [count] (plural sis ters-in-law)

1 the sister of your wife or husband

2 the wife of your brother

Sit | sit / verb (sits, sit ting, sat / sæt / has sat)

1 to rest your weight on your bottom, for example in a chair

We sat in the garden all afternoon.

Come and sit next to me. ♦ She was sitting on the sofa.

2 to be in a particular place or position

The letter sat on the table for two days.

sit down to move your body downward so you are sitting She came into the room and sat down.

sit up to sit when you have been lying

He sat up in bed and looked at the clock.

Sit .**COM** / 'sitkam / noun [count, noncount]

a funny program on television that shows the same people in a different situation each week. Sitcom is short for "situation comedy."

Site AWL / sait / noun [count]

1 a place where a building is, was, or will be a building site

This house was built on the site of an old theater.

2 a place where something happened *the site of a famous battle*

 $\boldsymbol{3}$ ($\boldsymbol{COMPUTERS}$) a place on the Internet that you can look at to find out information about something

→SYNONYM website

sit . u . at . ed / 'sitfuerted / adjective

The hotel is situated close to the beach.

sit . u . a . tion 5 / sutju'eijn / noun

the things that are happening in a particular place or at a particular time

We are in a difficult situation at the moment.

Sit-up / 'sit Ap / noun [count]

an exercise for the stomach muscles in which you lie on your back, then lift the top half of your body from the floor *To keep fit, she does twenty sit-ups every morning.*

SiX 🍑 / siks / number (plural six .es) 6

six . teen 🔯 / sık'stin / number 16

►six teenth / sik'stin θ / pronoun, adjective, adverb, noun [count]

1 16th

2 one of sixteen equal parts of something; 1/16

Sixth / $siks\theta$ / pronoun, adjective, adverb, noun [count]

1 6th

2 one of six equal parts of something; 1/4

Six . ty 🥯 / 'sıksti / number

1 60

2 the sixties [plural] the numbers, years, or temperatures between 60 and 69

in your sixties

between the ages of 60 and 69 *My mom's in her sixties.*

Six . ti . eth / 'sıkstiəθ / pronoun, adjective, adverb, noun [count]

Size 🔯 / saiz / noun

1 [noncount] how big or small something is *My bedroom is the same size as yours.*

2 [count] an exact measurement

Do you have these shoes in a bigger size?

siz .zle / 'sızl / verb

(siz .zles , siz .zling , siz .zled)

to make the sound of food frying in hot fat *The bacon was sizzling in the pan.*

skate 1 / skert / verb

(skates, skat ing, skat ed)

(SPORTS) to move over ice or the ground wearing skates Can you skate?

They skated across the frozen lake.

→ Look at ice skate, roller skate.

► skat · ing / 'skertin / noun [noncount] We go skating every weekend.

skate 2 / skert / noun

[count]

1 a boot with a long sharp piece of metal under it, which you wear for moving on ice

2 a boot with wheels on the bottom, which you wear for moving quickly on smooth ground

skates







ice skates in-line skates roller skates

skate board

/ 'skeitbord / noun

[count]

a long piece of wood or plastic on wheels. You stand on it as it moves over the ground.



skateboard

► skate · board · ing / 'skeitbordin / noun [noncount]

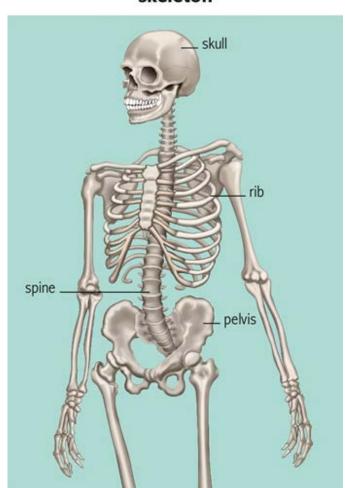
Dave goes skateboarding every weekend.

skat . **ing rink** / 'skertin rrnk / (also rink) *noun* [count]

1 a special place where you can skate on ice

2 a special place where you can roller skate (= move around in boots with small wheels on the bottom)

skel . e . ton / 'skeletn / noun [count] skeleton



the bones of a whole animal or person

skep · ti · cal / 'skεptıkl / adjective

having doubts that something is true or that something will happen

I am skeptical about his chances of winning.

sketch / skεtʃ / noun [count] (plural sketch es)

(ART) a picture that you draw quickly

The artist is making sketches for his next painting.

► sketch *verb* (sketch es, sketch ing, sketched) He quickly sketched the view from the window.

Ski / ski / noun [count]

(plural skis)

(SPORTS) one of a pair of long flat pieces of wood, metal, or plastic that you attach to boots so that you can move over snow a pair of skis

►ski *verb* (skis, ski ing, skied, has skied)

Can you ski?

We went skiing in Colorado.

▶ski .er / 'skiər / noun [count]

Marie's a good skier.

Skid / skid / verb (skids , skid ding , skid ded)

If a vehicle such as a car or truck ${\bf skids}$, it moves suddenly and in a dangerous way to the side, for example because the road is wet

The truck skidded on the icy road.

skies

plural of **sky**

Skill 🔯 / skıl / noun

1 [noncount] the ability to do something well *Flying a plane takes great skill.*

2 [count] a thing that you can do well What skills do you need for this job?

Skilled / skild / adjective

good at something because you have learned about or done it for a long time skilled workers

skil . let / 'skilət / noun [count]

another word for frying pan

Skill . ful / 'skilfl / adjective

very good at doing something a very skillful tennis player

►skill · ful · ly / 'skılfəli / adverb

He chopped the vegetables quickly and skillfully.

Skim / skim / verb

(skims, skim ming, skimmed)

1 to remove something from the surface of a liquid *to skim the fat off the gravy*

2 to read something quickly in order to get the main idea *Skim the text and answer the questions below.*

skim milk / ,skim 'milk / noun

[noncount]

milk that contains less fat than normal because the cream has been removed from it

skin 🥯 / skın / noun

[count]

1 the substance that covers the outside of a person or an animal's body

She has dark skin. animal skins

Collocations

Physical Appearance

face

qoqqles

blue/green/brown eyes pale/flushed/rosy cheeks white/perfect/crooked teeth a long/short/neat beard

hair and skin

pale/fair/dark skin smooth/wrinkled skin straight/curly/wavy hair a bald/shaved head

2 the outside part of some fruits and vegetables a banana skin

skin . ny / 'skmi / adjective

(skin ni er, skin ni est)

too thin

He's so skinny – he doesn't eat enough.

Thesaurus

thin is a general word to describe a person who is not fat. It can be used with a positive, negative, or neutral meaning: He's tall and thin. ◆ She has long, thin legs.

igspace You need to eat more. You're too thin! igspace She was looking pale and thin.

→ANTONYM fat

slim is a positive word, meaning thin in an attractive way. It is often used to describe women: How do you manage to stay so slim? ◆ He put his arm around her slim waist.

skinny is a more informal word meaning very thin. It can be used with a negative meaning to describe someone who is too thin: a skinny movie star ◆ He was such a skinny kid. ◆ skinny legs/arms

lean is a positive word, and means thin and healthy. It is often used to describe men: *He had a lean, muscular body.* ◆ *He's tall, lean, and handsome.*

underweight describes a person who weighs less than the normal or expected amount. It is used by doctors or health professionals: She's dangerously underweight.

→ANTONYM overweight

Skip / skip / verb (skips, skip.ping, skipped)

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ to move along quickly with little jumps from one foot to the other

The children were skipping along the road.

2 to not do or have something that you should do or have *I skipped my class today and went swimming.*

▶skip noun [count]

She gave a skip and a jump and was off down the street.

Skirt 🥯 / skərt / noun

[count]

PRONUNCIATION

The word **skirt** sounds like **hurt** .

a piece of clothing for a woman or girl that hangs from the middle of the body (the ${\bf waist}$) and covers part of the legs

→ Look at the picture at clothes.

ski slope / 'ski sloop / noun

[count

a part of a mountain where you can ski

SKull / skal / noun [count]

the bones in the head of a person or an animal

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **skeleton**.

Sky / skai / noun [count, noncount] (plural skies)

the space above the earth where you can see the sun, moon, and stars

a beautiful blue sky

There are no clouds in the sky.

sky div ing

/ 'skar,darvrŋ / noun [noncount]

(SPORTS) a sport in which you jump from an airplane and fall through the sky before you open your parachute (= a large piece of cloth that lets you fall to the ground slowly)



skydiving

sky .line / 'skailain / noun [count]

the shape that is made by tall buildings, trees, hills, etc. against the sky

the Manhattan skyline

sky scrap er

/ 'skaiskreipər / noun [count] a very tall building
He works on the 49th floor of a skyscraper.

skyscraper



slab / slæb / noun [count] a thick, flat piece of something stone slabs ♦ a big slab of cheese

Thesaurus

piece an amount of something that has been cut or separated from the rest of it. This is a very general word and can be used with most noncount nouns: She wrote her address on a piece of paper. • He cut the pizza into small pieces. • a piece of fruit • a piece of advice

slice a thin, flat piece of food that has been cut off a larger piece: Would you like another slice of cake? ◆ Cut the meat into thin slices. ◆ a slice of lemon/tomato ◆ cheese slices

chunk a thick, solid piece that has been cut or broken off something: There were chunks of ice floating in the lake. ◆ a great big chunk of meat ◆ a chunk of cheese/bread

lump a piece of something hard or solid, especially one without any particular shape: This sauce has lumps in it. \spadesuit a few lumps of coal \spadesuit a big lump of dough

slab a thick, flat piece of stone, ice, or food: a huge slab of concrete ◆ paving slabs

Slack / slæk / adjective

1 loose

Suddenly the rope went slack. \rightarrow ANTONYM tight

2 not busy

Business has been very slack.

slacks / slæks / noun [plural]

pants, especially not very formal or informal ones *He wore a pair of slacks and a sweater.*

slam / slæm / verb

(slams, slam ming, slammed)

to close something or put something down with a loud noise

She slammed the door angrily.

He slammed the book on the table and went out.

slang / slæŋ / noun [noncount]

very informal words that people use when they are talking. You do not use **slang** when you need to be polite, and you do not usually use it in writing.

Slant / slænt / verb (slants, slant ing, slant ed) Something that **slants** has one side higher than the other or does not stand straight up

My handwriting slants to the left.

▶slant noun [singular]

Cut the flower stems on the slant.

Slap / slæp / verb (slaps , slap ping , slapped) to hit someone with the flat, inside part of your hand He slapped me on the face.

►slap noun [count]

She gave me a slap across the face.

slash / slæf / noun [count] (plural slash .es)

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a mark (/) that you use in writing. It shows different possibilities, for example "lunch and/or dinner," and also to write fractions, for example $\frac{3}{4}$.

slaugh . ter / 'sloter / verb

(slaugh ters, slaugh ter ing, slaugh tered)

1 to kill an animal for food

2 to kill a lot of people in a cruel way

►slaugh ter noun [noncount]

We must act to stop this slaughter.

Slave 1 / slerv / noun [count]

a person who belongs to another person and must work for that person for no money

Slave 2 / slew / verb (slaves , slav ling , slaved) to work very hard

I've been slaving away all day.

slav .er .y / 'slervari / noun [noncount]

(HISTORY) the system of having slaves When did slavery end in America?

sled / sled / noun [count]

a small vehicle with pieces of metal or wood instead of wheels, which you sit in to move over snow

→Look at sleigh.

sleep 1 / slip / verb

(sleeps, sleep ing, slept / slept / has slept)

to rest with your eyes closed, as you do at night I sleep for eight hours every night.

Did you sleep well?

Which word?

Asleep or sleeping?

You use **sleeping**, not **asleep**, before a noun: *She* put the sleeping child in his crib.

We use **fall asleep** or **go to sleep** to talk about starting to sleep: Laura fell asleep as soon as she got into bed. ◆ Tom read for half an hour before he went to sleep.

sleep over to sleep at someone else's house

SIEED 2 5 / slip / noun

1 [noncount] the natural condition of rest when your eyes are closed and your mind and body are not active or conscious

I didn't get any sleep last night.

2 [singular] a period of sleep

I sometimes have a short sleep in the afternoon.

to start to sleep

I got into bed and soon went to sleep.

→SYNONYM fall asleep

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sleep ing bag

/ 'slipin bæg / noun [count]

a big, warm bag that you sleep in when you go camping

sleeping bag



sleep . less / 'sliples / adjective without sleep

I had a sleepless night.

Sleep . y / 'slipi / adjective (sleep .i .er , sleep .i .est)

1 tired and ready to sleep

I feel sleepy after that big meal.

2 quiet, with not many things happening a sleepy little town

sleet / slit / noun [noncount] snow and rain together

Sleeve 2 / sliv / noun [count]

the part of a coat, dress, shirt, etc. that covers your arm a shirt with short sleeves

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at clothes.

sleigh / slei / noun [count]

a large vehicle with pieces of metal or wood instead wheels that you sit in to move over snow. A sleigh is usually

pulled by animals.

sleiah



 \rightarrow Look at sled.

slen .der / 'slendər / adjective thin, in an attractive way

She has long, slender legs.

slept

form of sleep

Slice 2 / slars / noun

[count]

a thin piece that you cut off bread, meat, or other food Would you like a slice of cake? She cut the bread into slices.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **bread**.

Thesaurus

piece an amount of something that has been cut or separated from the rest of it. This is a very general word and can be used with most noncount nouns: She wrote her address on a piece of paper. • He cut the pizza into small pieces. ♦ a piece of fruit ♦ a piece of

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slab a thick, flat piece of stone, ice, or food: a huge slab of concrete ◆ paving slabs

slice verb (slic es, slic ing, sliced) Slice the onions.

Thesaurus

cut to divide something into two or more pieces with a knife, etc.: Cut the sandwich in half (= into two equal pieces) . ◆ She cut the bread into thick slices. ◆ He cut up the meat on his plate.

chop to cut something into pieces with something sharp, such as a knife: Chop the carrots up into small pieces. ◆ Add the finely chopped onions. ◆ Roughly chop the herbs.

slice to cut something into thin pieces (called slices): Slice the cucumber thinly. ♦ a loaf of sliced bread ♦ Should I slice the cake now?

carve to cut a large piece of cooked meat into smaller pieces for eating: Dinner is ready. Who's going to carve the turkey?

Slide 1 2 / slaid / verb

(slides, slid ing, slid / slid / has slid)

to move smoothly or to make something move smoothly across something

She fell and slid along the ice.

slide 2 / slaid / noun [count]

1 a long, metal thing that children play on. They climb up steps, sit down, and then slide down the other side.

2 a small photograph that you show on a screen, using a special machine (called projector)

a slide show

slide

Slight / slart / adjective (slight er, slight est) small; not important or serious I have a slight problem. a slight headache

slight . ly 🔯 / 'slaitli / adverb

a little

I'm feeling slightly better today.

slim / slim / adjective (slim mer, slim mest)

thin, but not too thin

a tall slim man

Thesaurus

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lacktriangle You need to eat more. You're too thin! lacktriangle She was looking pale and thin.

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such a skinny kid. ♦ skinny legs/arms

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underweight describes a person who weighs less than the normal or expected amount. It is used by doctors or health professionals: She's dangerously underweight.

→ANTONYM overweight

slime / slaim / noun [noncount]

a thick liquid that looks or smells bad *The pond was covered in green slime.*

▶slim .y / 'slami / adjective

(slim i er, slim i est)

a slimy surface

Sling 1 / slin / noun [count]

($\mbox{\sc HEALTH}$) a piece of cloth that you wear to hold up an arm that is hurt

Her arm is in a sling.

Sling 2 / slin / verb

(slings, sling ing, slung/ $sln\eta$ / has slung)

(informal)

to throw something without care

He slung his bag over his shoulder.

Slip 1 2 / slip / verb (slips, slip ping, slipped)

1 to move smoothly over something by accident and fall or almost fall

He slipped on the ice and broke his leg.

2 to move out of the correct position or out of your hand by accident

Sorry, the glass just slipped out of my hand.

3 to go quickly and quietly so that no one sees you *Ann slipped out of the room.*

We slipped away when no one was looking.

4 to put something in a place quickly and quietly *He slipped the money into his pocket.*

slip up (informal)

to make a mistake

Slip 2 / slip / noun [count]

1 a small mistake

It was just a slip.

2 a small piece of paper

Write your address on this slip of paper.

slip . per / 'sliper / noun [count]

a light, soft shoe that you wear in the house a pair of slippers

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **shoe**.

slip .per .y / 'slipəri / adjective

so smooth or wet that you cannot move on it or hold it easily

a slippery floor

The road was wet and slippery.

Slit / slit / noun [count]

a long, thin hole or cut

▶slit verb (slits, slit ting, slit, has slit)

I slit the envelope open with a knife.

slith .er / 'slıðər / verb

(slith ers, slith er ing, slith ered)

to move by sliding from side to side along the ground like a snake

I saw a snake slithering down a rock.

slob / slab / noun [count]

(informal)

a lazy, messy person

My brother's such a slob – he never cleans his room.

slo .gan / 'slovgen / noun [count]

a short sentence or group of words that is easy to remember. **Slogans** are used to make people believe something or buy something

antigovernment slogans

an advertising slogan

Slope 1 / sloop / noun [count]

a piece of ground that has one end higher than the other, like the side of a hill

We walked down the mountain slope.

→ Look at ski slope.

Slope 2 / sloop / verb (slopes, slop ling, sloped)

to have one end higher than the other

The field slopes down to the river.

a sloping roof

Slop . py / 'slapi / adjective

(slop.pi.er,slop.pi.est)

showing a lack of care or effort; careless or messy a sloppy piece of work

slot / slat / noun

[count]

a long, thin hole that you push something through *Put your money in the slot and take your ticket.*

slot ma . chine / 'slat mə, sin / noun [count]

a machine in which you put money and play a game to win

Slow 1 2 / slov / adjective (slow er, slow est)

1 not moving or doing something quickly

a slow train

She hasn't finished her work yet – she's very slow.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ If a clock or watch is \boldsymbol{slow} , it shows a time that is earlier than the real time

My watch is five minutes slow.

→ANTONYM fast

Slow 2 / sloo / adverb

slowly

Please drive slower.

slow-moving traffic

Slow 3 / slov / *verb* (slows , slow .ing , slowed) slow down ; slow someone or something down to start to go more slowly; to make someone or something start to go more slowly

The train slowed down as it came into the station. Don't talk to me when I'm working – it slows me down.

slow . **ly** / 'slooli / *adverb* at a slow speed; not quickly

The old lady walked slowly up the hill.

Slug / slag / noun [count]

a small, soft animal that moves slowly and eats plants

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at snail.

Slum / slam / noun [count]

(GEOGRAPHY) a poor part of a city where people live in old, dirty buildings

slump / slamp / verb

(slumps, slump ing, slumped)

1 (BUSINESS) (used about prices, sales, and the economy) to fall suddenly and by a large amount

Shares slumped to their lowest ever level.

2 to fall or sit down suddenly because you are sick, weak, or tired

Suddenly the old man slumped to the floor.

slung

form of sling 2

Slush / slaf / noun [noncount]

snow on the ground that has partly melted and is usually dirty

Sly / slat / adjective

A person who is **sly** tricks people or does things secretly.

→SYNONYM cunning

smack / smæk / verb

(smacks, smack ing, smacked)

to hit someone with the inside part of your hand

I would never smack my children.

smack noun [count]

She gave her son a smack.

Small Smol / adjective (small er, small est)

1 not big; little

This dress is too small for me.

My house is smaller than yours.

2 young

They have two small children.

Smart / smart / adjective (smart .er, smart .est)

 ${f 1}$ able to learn and think quickly; intelligent

He's a very smart boy.

Thesaurus

intelligent good at learning, understanding, and thinking quickly and clearly: He's a very intelligent man. ◆ She asked a lot of intelligent questions.

smart quick at learning and understanding things; able to make good decisions: She's smarter than her brother. ◆ Accepting that job was a smart career move

. \spadesuit OK, I admit it wasn't the smartest thing I ever did (= it was a stupid thing to do) .

brilliant extremely intelligent: a brilliant young scientist/musician ◆ He has one of the most brilliant minds in the country.

bright (used especially about young people) intelligent; quick to learn: *She's probably the brightest student in the class.* ◆ *a bright boy/girl/kid*

2 (*informal*) saying things or making jokes in a way that shows you do not have respect for someone *Don't get smart with me!*

smash / smæf / verb

(smash es, smash ing, smashed)

1 to break into many pieces, or to break something in this way

The plate fell on the floor and smashed.

The boys smashed the window with their ball.

Thesaurus

break to go, or to make something go into smaller pieces: She dropped the cup and it broke into pieces.

 \blacklozenge I'm sorry, I broke one of your dinner plates. \blacklozenge He **broke** the chocolate **in two** and gave me half. \blacklozenge She fell and broke her arm.

crack (used about something hard) to break so that a line appears, but without dividing into smaller pieces; to break something in this way: The ice cracked as I stepped on it. ◆ This mirror is cracked. ◆ He cracked a tooth playing football.

smash to break into many pieces in a violent and noisy way; to break something in this way: The glass bowl smashed into a thousand pieces . ◆ Several windows had been smashed. ◆ He smashed the box open and took the jewelry from inside.

snap to break suddenly into two pieces with a sharp noise; to break something in this way: *Suddenly, the cable snapped.* ◆ *The weight of the snow snapped the branch in two* .

burst to break open suddenly; to make something break in this way: That balloon will burst if you blow it up any more. ◆ Don't burst that balloon! ◆ The dam burst under the weight of the water.

2 to move with great force in a particular direction *He smashed his hand through the window.*

smear / smir / verb

(smears, smear ing, smeared)

to spread a soft substance on something, making it dirty *The child had smeared chocolate all over his clothes.*

▶smear noun [count]

She had smears of paint on her dress.

Smell / smel / verb (smells, smell ing, smelled)

1 to have a particular smell

Dinner smells good!

The perfume smells of roses.

2 to notice something with your nose

Can you smell smoke?

3 to have a bad smell

Your feet smell!

▶smell *noun* [count, noncount]

There's a smell of gas in this room.

smell . **y** / 'smɛli / adjective

(smell .i .er , smell .i .est)

having a bad smell

smelly socks

Smile 1^{\odot} / smarl/verb (smiles, smiling, smiled)

to move your mouth to show that you are happy or that you think something is funny

He smiled at me.

smile 2 2 / smail / noun [count]

an expression on your face in which the corners of your mouth turn up, showing that you think something is good, funny, etc.

She had a big smile on her face.

"It's good to see you," he said with a smile.

smog / **smag** / **noun** [noncount]

dirty, poisonous air that can cover a whole city

smoke 1 2 / smook / noun [noncount]

the gray, white, or black gas that you see in the air when something is burning

The room was full of smoke.

cigarette smoke

Smoke 2 / smook / verb (smokes, smok ing , smoked)

 ${f 1}$ to breathe in smoke through a cigarette, etc. and let it out again; to use cigarettes, etc. in this way, as a habit

He was smoking a cigar.

Do you smoke?

2 to send out smoke

The oil in the pan started to smoke.

► smok .er / 'smoʊkər / noun [count]

a person who smokes

Her parents used to be heavy smokers (= they used to smoke a lot).

smoked / smookt / adjective

Smoked food is put over a wood fire to give it a special taste

smoked salmon

smok . **ing** / 'smooking / *noun* [noncount] the activity or habit of smoking cigarettes, etc.

She's trying to quit smoking.

smok · **y** / 'smooki / (smok · i · er , smok · i · est)

adjective full of smoke a smoky room

smol .der / 'smoolder / verb

(smoul | ders , smoul | der | ing , smoul | dered)

to burn slowly without a flame

A cigarette was smoldering in the ashtray.

1 having a completely flat surface *Babies have such smooth skin.*

The surface should be completely smooth.

→ANTONYM rough

2 with no big pieces in it

Beat the sauce until it is smooth. →ANTONYM lumpy

3 A **smooth** movement or trip is even and comfortable *The weather was good, so we had a very smooth flight.*

→ANTONYM bumpy

4 without any problems

The move to the new house was fairly smooth.

►smooth .ly / 'smuðli / adverb

The plane landed smoothly.

smoth .er / 'smʌðər / verb

(smoth ers, smoth er ing, smoth ered)

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ to kill someone by covering their face so that they cannot breathe

2 to cover a thing with too much of something *He smothered his skin with cream.*

smudge / smʌdʒ / verb

(smudg es, smudg ing, smudged)

If something **smudges** or you **smudge** it, it becomes dirty or messy because you have touched it

Leave the painting to dry or you'll smudge it.

My lipstick has smudged.

▶smudge *noun* [count]

There's a smudge on your cheek.

SMUG / smag / *adjective* (smug · ger, smug · gest) too pleased with yourself, in a way that bothers other people

He gave her a smug look.

smug .gle / 'smagl / verb

(smug gles, smug gling, smug gled)

to take things secretly into or out of a country when this is against the law

They were trying to smuggle drugs into the country.

►smug .gler / 'smʌglər / noun [count]

drug smugglers

snack / snæk / noun [count]

a small, quick meal

We had a snack on the train.

snack bar / 'snæk bar / noun [count]

a place where you can buy and eat snacks

snag / snæg / noun [count]

a small problem

It's a beautiful bike – the only snag is it's very expensive.

snail / sneil / noun [count]

a small, soft animal with a hard shell on its back. **Snails** move very slowly.





snail

Do these snakes bite?

slug

snake 2 / sneik / noun [count] an animal with a long, thin body and no legs

Snap 1 / snæp / verb

(snaps, snap ping, snapped)

1 to break something suddenly with a sharp noise; to be broken in this way

He snapped the pencil in two.

Suddenly, the rope snapped.

Thesaurus

break to go, or to make something go into smaller pieces: She dropped the cup and it broke into pieces.

lacktriangle I'm sorry, I broke one of your dinner plates. lacktriangle He **broke** the chocolate **in two** and gave me half. lacktriangle She fell and broke her arm.

crack (used about something hard) to break so that a line appears, but without dividing into smaller pieces; to break something in this way: The ice cracked as I stepped on it. ◆ This mirror is cracked. ◆ He cracked a tooth playing football.

smash to break into many pieces in a violent and noisy way; to break something in this way: The glass bowl smashed into a thousand pieces. ◆ Several windows had been smashed. ◆ He smashed the box open and took the jewelry from inside.

snap to break suddenly into two pieces with a sharp noise; to break something in this way: Suddenly, the cable snapped. ◆ The weight of the snow snapped the branch in two.

burst to break open suddenly; to make something break in this way: That balloon will burst if you blow it up any more. ◆ Don't burst that balloon! ◆ The dam burst under the weight of the water.

2 to say something in a quick, angry way

"Go away – I'm busy!" she snapped.

3 to try to bite someone or something

The dog snapped at my leg.

snap your fingers

to make a sharp noise by moving your middle finger quickly against your thumb

Snap 2 / snæp / noun

[count]

1 a sudden sound of something breaking

2 a small, round, metal object with two parts that you press together to fasten a piece of clothing

snap . shot / 'snæpfat / noun

[count]

a photograph that you take quickly

snarl / snarl / verb

(snarls, snarl ing, snarled)

When an animal snarls, it shows its teeth and makes a I had a snooze after lunch. low, angry sound

The dogs snarled at the stranger.

snatch / snæt∫ / verb

(snatch les , snatch ling , snatched)

to take something with a quick, rough movement

A thief snatched her bag and ran away.

→SYNONYM grab

SNeak / snik / verb (sneaks , sneak , ing , sneaked or snuck/ $sn_{\Lambda}k$ / has sneaked or has snuck) to go somewhere very quietly so that no one sees or hears you

She sneaked out of the house without telling her parents.

sneak .er / 'snikər / noun

a soft shoe that you wear for playing sports or with informal clothes

a pair of sneakers

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **shoe**.

Sneer / snir / verb

(sneers, sneer ing, sneered)

to speak or smile in an unkind way to show that you do not like someone or something, or that you think they are not good enough

I told her about my idea, but she just sneered at it.

▶sneer noun [count]

His lips curled in a sneer.

SNeeze / sniz / verb

(sneez es, sneez ing, sneezed)

(HEALTH) to make air come out of your nose and mouth with a sudden loud noise, for example because you have a

Pepper makes you sneeze.

▶sneeze noun [count]

That was a loud sneeze!

sniff / snif / verb

(sniffs, sniff ing, sniffed)

1 to make a noise by suddenly taking in air through your nose. People sometimes sniff when they have a cold or when they are crying

I wish you'd stop sniffing!

2 to smell something

The dog was sniffing the meat.

▶sniff noun [count]

I heard a loud sniff.

Snip / snip / verb (snips, snip ping, snipped)

to cut something using scissors, with a short quick action I sewed on the button and snipped off the end of the thread.

snip .er / 'snarper / noun [count]

a person who shoots at someone from a hidden place Three soldiers were killed by snipers.

SNOb / snab / noun [count]

a person who likes people with a high social position and thinks they are better than other people

Jack's such a snob - he's always talking about his rich relatives.

SNOOZE / snuz / verb

(snooz es, snooz ing, snoozed)

(informal)

to sleep for a short time

▶ snooze noun [count]

SNOTE / snor / verb (snores, snor ing, snored)

to make a noise in your nose and throat when you are asleep

He was snoring loudly.

▶ snore noun [count]

a loud snore

snor . kel / 'snorkl / noun

a short tube that a person swimming just below the surface of the water can use to breathe through

► snor · kel · ing / 'snorkəlıŋ / noun [noncount] (SPORTS)

to go snorkeling

snorkeling



(2)mask

(3)swimsuit

(4)flipper



Snort / snort / verb

(snorts, snort ing, snort ed)

to make a noise by blowing air through the nose The horse snorted.

Snout / snaut / noun [count]

(BIOLOGY) the long nose of certain animals a pig's snout

Snow 9 / snov / noun

[noncount]

soft, white pieces of frozen water that fall from the sky when it is very cold

▶ snow verb (snows, snow ing, snowed)

It often snows in January and February.

It's snowing!

be snowed in

to not be able to leave home or travel because there is too much snow

We've been snowed in since Monday.

snow . ball / 'snoubal / noun

a ball of snow that children throw at each other

The kids were having a snowball fight (= throwing snowballs at each other).

snow board ing / snoobordin / noun

[noncount]

(SPORTS) the sport of moving down mountains that are covered in snow using a large board (called a snowboard) that you fasten to both your feet

snowboarding



snowboard

snow . fall / 'snoofol / noun

[count, noncount]

the snow that falls on one occasion, or the amount of snow that falls in a place

heavy snowfalls

What is the average snowfall for this region?

snow . flake / 'snoofleik / noun

[count]

one piece of falling snow

Snow .man / 'snoomæn / noun [count]

(plural snow .men) / 'snoυmen /

the figure of a person that children make out of snow

Snow · **plow** / 'snooplao / *noun* [count] a large vehicle that clears snow away from roads

snow . **storm** / 'snowstorm / *noun* [count] a winter storm with a lot of snow and strong winds

→SYNONYM blizzard

Snow . y / 'snooi / adjective (snow .i .er ,

snow .i .est)

with a lot of snow snowy weather

snuck

form of sneak

SO 1 🔯 / sov / adverb

1 a word that makes an adjective or adverb stronger, especially when this produces a particular result *This bag is so heavy that I can't carry it.*

I'm so tired I can't keep my eyes open.

Why are you so late?

Grammar

So or such?

You use **so** before an adjective that is used without a noun: It was so cold that we stayed home. ◆ This book is so exciting.

You use **such** before a noun that has an adjective in front of it: It was such a cold night that we stayed home.

◆ This is such an exciting book!

2 You use "so" instead of saying words again

"Is John coming?" "I think so (= I think that he is coming)

"I got it wrong, didn't I?" " I'm afraid so (= you did get it wrong)."

3 also

Julie is a teacher and so is her husband.

"I like this music." " So do I ."

→ Look at neither.

and so on

and other things like that

The store sells pens, paper, and so on.

or so

words that you use to show that a number is not exactly right

Forty or so people came to the party.

so long

(informal)

goodbye

So long! See you soon.

SO 2 D / sou / conjunction

1 because of this or that

The store is closed, so I can't buy any bread.

2 (also so that) in order that

Speak louder so that everyone can hear you.

I'll give you a map so you can find my house.

3 a word you use when you want to start talking about something

So, Susan, how's school this year?

so what?; so?

(informal)

why is that important or interesting?

"It's late." "So what? There's no school tomorrow."

SOak / souk / verb (soaks, soak ing, soaked)

1 to make someone or something very wet Soak the plants thoroughly once a week.

2 to be in a liquid; to let something stay in a liquid

Leave the dishes to soak in hot water.

soak something up to take in a liquid

Soak up the water with a cloth.

SOaked / sookt / adjective

very we

You're soaked! Come in and get dry.

soak ing / sookin / adjective

very wet

This towel is soaking.

soap 🚳 / soop / noun

[noncount]

a substance that you use with water for washing and cleaning a bar of soap

►soap · y / 'soopi / adjective (soap · i · er ,

soap i est) soapy water



soap

a bar of soap

SOAP OP . **er** . **a** / 'soop apra / **noun** [count] a story about the lives of a group of people, which is on TV every day or several times each week

Do you watch the soaps?

SOAT / sor / verb (soars , soar ling , soared)

1 to fly high in the sky

2 to go up very fast

Prices are soaring.

SOb / sab / verb (sobs, sob-bing, sobbed)

to cry loudly, making short sounds

sob noun [count]

I could hear her sobs through the wall.

SO . **ber** / 'souber / *adjective* not having drunk too much alcohol

→ANTONYM drunk

so-called AWL / ,soo 'kold / adjective

a word that you use to show that you do not think another word is correct

Her so-called friends did not help her (= they are not really her friends) .

soc .cer

/ 'sakər / *noun* [noncount]

(SPORTS) a game for two teams of eleven players who try to kick a round ball into the other team's goal

a soccer game

soccer



SO . Cia . ble / 'soufabl / adjective friendly and enjoying being with other people

SO . Cial D / 'soul / adjective

connected with people together in society; connected with being with other people

the social problems of big cities

Anne has a busy social life (= she goes out with friends a lot).

►so cial ly / 'soufali / adverb

We work together, but I don't know him socially.

so . cial . ism / 'soufl-izem / noun [noncount]

(POLITICS) the political idea that is based on the belief that all people are equal and that money and property should be equally divided

→ Look at capitalism, communism.

►so ·cial ·ist / ˈsoʊʃl•ɪst / noun [count], adjective socialist beliefs

so .cial .ize / 'soufl-aiz / verb

(so cial iz es, so cial iz ing, so cial ized) to meet and spend time with people in a friendly way *I enjoy socializing with friends*.

SO . cial net . work . ing / soufal 'netwarkin/ noun [noncount]

the activity of meeting and communicating with people using a website or other service on the Internet

so . cial sci . ence / soufel 'sarens / noun

[noncount] (also so cial stud ies / 'soufəl stadiz /) [plural]

the study of people in society

So . cial Se . cu . ri . ty / soust se'kyoreti / noun [noncount]

(POLITICS) money that a government pays to people who are elderly or cannot work

In a few years I will be on Social Security.

so .cial work .er / 'soufl werker / noun

a person whose job is to help people who have problems, for example because they are poor or sick

SO . Ci . e . ty 🥯 / səˈsaɪəti / noun

(plural so .ci .e .ties)

1 [noncount] a large group of people who live in the same country or area and have the same ideas about how to live

They carried out research into the roles of men and women in today's society.

2 [count] a group of people who are interested in the same thing a music society

SO . Ci . Ol . O . gy / sousi'alədzi / noun

[noncount]

the study of human societies and the way people behave

SOCK O / sak / noun [count]

a thing that you wear on your foot, inside your shoe a pair of socks

SOCK . **et** / 'saket / noun [count]

a place in a wall where you can connect electrical equipment to a power supply $% \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) =\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$

→SYNONYM outlet

SO . da / 'soodə / noun

[noncount]

1 a sweet flavored drink with bubbles in it, which does not contain alcohol

2 (also **so** · **da** wa · **ter**) water with bubbles in it that is used for mixing with other drinks whiskey and soda

→SYNONYM club soda

so . di . um / 'soudiem / noun [noncount]

(symbol Na)

(<code>CHEMISTRY</code>) a soft silver-white metal that is found in salt and other chemical mixtures (compounds)

so . fa / 'soufa / noun

[count

a long, soft seat for more than one person *Emily and Bob were sitting on the sofa.*

→SYNONYM couch.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at chair.

SOft 5 / soft / adjective (soft er, soft est)

1 not hard or firm; that moves when you press it *Warm butter is soft.*

a soft bed

2 smooth and nice to touch; not rough *soft skin*

My cat's fur is very soft.

3 not bright or strong

the soft light of a candle

4 quiet or gentle; not loud *soft music*

He has a very soft voice.

5 kind and gentle; not strict

She's too soft with her class and they don't do any work.

soft . **ball** / 'sofbol / *noun* [noncount]

(SPORTS) a team game that is similar to baseball, but played with a larger ball on a smaller field

soft drink / 'soft drink / noun

Lcount

a sweet flavored drink with bubbles, which does not have alcohol in it

→SYNONYM soda

soft .en / 'sofn / verb

(soft ens, soft en ing, soft ened)

to become softer or more gentle, or to make something softer or more gentle

This cream softens the skin.

soft . ly / 'sofli / adverb

gently or quietly

She spoke very softly.

soft . ware / 'softwer / noun

[noncount]

(COMPUTERS) programs for a computer

There's a lot of new educational software available now.

SOg . gy / 'sagi / adjective

(sog gi er, sog gi est)

very wet

SOIl 🕯 / soil / noun

[noncount]

what plants and trees grow in; earth

SO . lar / 'soular / adjective

of or using the sun

solar energy

the so . lar sys . tem / ðə 'soulər ,sıstəm /

noun [singular]

the sun and the planets that move around it

sold

form of sell

sol . dier 🥯 / ˈsoʊldʒər / noun

[count]

a person in an army

SOIE 1 AWL / soul / adjective

only

His sole interest is football.

SOIE 2 AWL / soul / noun

1 [count] the bottom part of your foot or of a shoe *These boots have leather soles.*

 ${f 2}$ [count, noncount] (${\it plural}$ sole) a flat fish that is used for food

sole . ly AWL / 'soolli / adverb

only, and not involving anyone or anything else *I agreed to come solely because of Frank.*

sol .emn / 'salam / adjective

serious

slow, solemn music

►sol .emn .ly / 'saləmli / adverb

"I have some bad news for you," he said solemnly.

sol . id 1 ²⁰ / 'salad / adjective

1 hard, not like a liquid or a gas

Water becomes solid when it freezes.

2 with no empty space inside; made of the same material inside and outside

a solid rubber ball

This ring is solid gold.

SOl . id 2 2 / saled / noun

[count]

1 something that is hard; not a liquid or gas

Milk is a liquid and cheese is a solid.

2 (MATH) an object that has length, height, and width, not a flat shape

A cube is a solid.

solids





cube



pyramid



sol · i · tar · y / ˈsaləˌtɛri / adjective

without others; alone

She went for a long, solitary walk.

sol . i . tude / 'salatud / noun

[noncount]

the state of being alone, especially because you want to be *He lived in solitude*.

SO . **IO** 1 / 'soulou / adjective, adverb

alone; without other people

She flew solo across the Atlantic.

SO . **lO** 2 / 'sooloo / *noun* [count] (*plural* **so** . **los**) (MUSIC) a piece of music for one person to sing or play a guitar solo

→Look at duet.

sol . u . ble / 'salyabl / adjective

($\mbox{\it CHEMISTRY}$) If something is $\mbox{\it soluble}$, when you put it in a liquid it becomes part of the liquid

These tablets are soluble in water.

SO . lu . tion 🔯 / səˈluʃn / noun [count]

1 the answer to a question or problem *I can't find a solution to this problem.*

2 the correct answer to a game, a competition, etc.

The solution to the crossword will be published next week.

3 a liquid that has a solid substance mixed completely (**dissolved**) into it

He made a solution of sugar and water.

SOIVE Solv / verb (solves, solv ing, solved)

to find the answer to a question or a problem The police are still trying to solve the crime.

Have you solved the puzzle yet?

Some 🥯 / səm; sʌm / adjective, pronoun

PRONUNCIATION

The word **some** sounds just like **sum** .

1 a number or an amount of something I bought some tomatoes and some butter. This cake is delicious. Do you want some?

Which word?

Some or any?

We use **some** in statements, and in questions where we expect the answer to be "Yes": He gave me some good advice. ◆ Would you like some coffee?

We use **any** in questions, and after "not" and "if": Did you buy any apples? \spadesuit I didn't buy any meat. \spadesuit If you have any questions, please ask me at the end of the class.

2 part of a number or an amount of something *Some of the children can swim, but the others can't.*

3 I do not know which

There's some man at the door who wants to see you.

some more

a little more or a few more Have some more coffee. Some more people arrived.

some time

a long time

We waited for some time but she did not come.

some . **bod** . **y** another word for **someone** / 'sʌmbʌdi ; 'sʌmbadi /

some .day / 'samder / adverb

at some time in the future

I hope you'll come back and visit someday.

some . how 🥯 / 'samhao / adverb

in some way that you do not know We must find her somehow.

some . one (also some . bod . y)

a person; a person that you do not know

There's someone at the door.

Someone has broken the window.

Ask someone else (= another person) to help you. Somebody help me!

some .place / 'sampleis / adverb

another word for somewhere

som .er .sault / 'samerselt / noun [count]

a movement when you turn your body with your feet going over your head

 ${\it The children were doing some rsaults on the carpet.}$

some . thing 🥯 / ˈsʌmθɪŋ / pronoun

a thing; a thing you cannot name

There's something under the table. What is it?

I want to tell you something.

Would you like something else (= another thing) to eat?

or something

(informal)

words that you use to show you are not sure about what you have just said

I think he's a teacher or something.

something like

the same as someone or something in some ways, but not in every way

A rat is something like a mouse, but bigger.

some . time / 'samtaim / adverb

at a time that you do not know exactly *I'll call you sometime tomorrow.*

Will you come and see me sometime?

some . times 🍮 / 'samtaimz / adverb

not very often

He sometimes writes to me.

Sometimes I drive to work and sometimes I go by bus.

some . what AWL / 'samwat / adverb

Somewhat to my surprise, he apologized.

We were somewhat confused by her instructions.

some . where 🚭 / 'samwer / adverb

(also some place)

1 at, in, or to a place that you do not know exactly *They live somewhere near Detroit.*

"Did she go to California last year?" "No, I think she went somewhere else (= to another place)."

2 a word that you use when you do not know the exact time, number, etc.

Your weight should be somewhere around 150 pounds.

SON ³ / san / noun [count]

PRONUNCIATION

The word son sounds just like sun .

a boy or man who is someone's child

They have a son and two daughters.

Song / son / noun

1 [count] a piece of music with words that you sing a pop song

2 [noncount] singing; music that a person or bird makes *The story is told through song and dance.*

son-in-law / 'sʌn ɪn lɔ / noun [count]

(plural sons-in-law)

the husband of your daughter

→ Look at daughter-in-law.

son . net / 'sanet / noun [count]

($ENGLISH\ LANGUAGE\ ARTS$) a poem that has 14 lines and a fixed pattern of which lines end with the same sound as others

Shakespeare's sonnets

Soon 🥯 / sun / adverb

not long after now, or not long after a particular time *John will be home soon.*

She arrived soon after two o'clock.

Goodbye! See you soon!

as soon as

at the same time that; when Call me as soon as you get home.

sooner or later

at some time in the future

Don't worry – I'm sure he'll write to you sooner or later.

SOOT / sot / noun

[noncount]

black powder that comes from smoke

soothe / suð / verb

(soothes, sooth ing, soothed)

1 to make someone feel calmer and less unhappy

The baby was crying, so I tried to soothe her by singing to her.

2 to make something less painful *This cream will soothe your skin.*

▶sooth ing / 'suðin / adjective

soothing music

a soothing massage

so . phis . ti . cat . ed / səˈfistəkeitəd /

1 having a lot of experience of the world and social situations; knowing about things like fashion and culture *She's a very sophisticated young woman.*

2 (used about machines, systems, etc.) advanced and

highly sophisticated computer systems

soph . **o** . **more** / 'safmor / noun [count]

a student who is in the tenth grade in high school or the second year of college

Jamie is a sophomore at the University of Maryland.

 \rightarrow Look at freshman, junior 2, senior 2 (1).

SO . pran . O / səˈprænoʊ / noun [count]

(plural so pran os)

(MUSIC) the highest singing voice; a woman or child with this voice

If a part of your body is **sore**, it gives you pain My feet were sore after the long walk.

I have a sore throat.

SOT · **rOW** / 'sarov; 'sorov / *noun* [noncount]

(formal) sadness

SOr . ry Decripion / sari ; 'sori / adjective (sor river, sor rivest)

1 a word that you use when you feel bad about something you have done

I'm sorry I didn't call you.

Sorry I'm late!

I'm sorry for losing your pen.

2 feeling sad

I'm sorry you can't come to the party.

3 a word that you use to say "no" politely

I'm sorry – I can't help you.

4 a word that you use when you did not hear what someone said and you want them to say it again

"My name is Linda Willis." "Sorry? Linda who?"

feel sorry for someone

to feel sad because someone has problems

I felt sorry for her and gave her some money.

SORT 1 / sort / noun [count]

a group of things or people that are the same in some way; a

What sort of music do you like best – pop or classical? We found all sorts of shells on the beach.

sort of (informal)

words that you use when you are not sure about something It's sort of long and thin, a little like a sausage.

SORT 2 / sort / verb (sorts, sort ing, sort ed) to put things into groups

The machine sorts the eggs into large ones and small ones. sort something out to find an answer to a problem They didn't know what to do, so I offered to help sort things out.

sort through something to look through a lot of things in order to organize them or to find something that you are looking for

I need to sort through this desk drawer.

SOS / ¡ɛs oʊ 'ɛs / noun [singular]

a call for help from a ship or an airplane that is in danger

SO-SO / 'soo |soo / adjective, adverb

(informal)

OK, but not very good

"How are you feeling?" "So-so."

sought AWL

form of seek

SOUI / soul / noun

1 [count] the part of a person that some people believe does not die when the body dies

Christians believe that your soul goes to heaven when you

2 (also soul mu sic) [noncount] a kind of music that was made popular by African-American musicians a soul singer

not a soul

not one person

I looked everywhere, but there wasn't a soul in the building.

Sound 1 2 / saund / noun [count]

something that you hear

I heard the sound of a baby crying.

Light travels faster than sound.

sound 2 / saund / verb (sounds, sound ing, sound ed)

1 to seem a particular way when you hear it He sounded angry when I spoke to him on the phone.

That sounds like a good idea.

She told me about the book – it sounds interesting. 2 to make a sound, or to cause something to make a sound

He sounded the car horn.

Sound 3 / saund / adjective

1 right and good

She gave me some sound advice.

2 healthy or strong sound teeth

Sound 4 / saund / adverb

sound asleep

sleeping very well

The children are sound asleep.

sound . ly / 'saondli / adverb

completely and deeply

I slept very soundly last night.

sound . **proof** / 'saondpruf / adjective

made so that no sound can get in or out a soundproof room

sound . track / 'saondtræk / noun [count]

(MUSIC) the music that has been recorded for a movie The movie soundtrack is available to buy now.

SOUD W / sup / noun [noncount]

liquid food that you make by cooking things like vegetables or meat in water

tomato soup

SOUr / 'saver / adjective

1 with a sharp taste like a lemon If it's too sour, put some sugar in it.

→SYNONYM tart

2 Sour milk tastes bad because it is not fresh This milk has gone sour.

SOURCE AWL / sors / noun

[count]

a place where something comes from Our information comes from many sources.

South 2 / **sa**υθ / **noun** [singular]

(abbreviation S.)

(GEOGRAPHY) the direction that is on your right when you watch the sun come up in the morning

→ Look at the picture at compass.

► south adjective, adverb Brazil is in South America. the south coast of the island Birds fly south in the winter.

south . **east** (also **South** . **east**) / $_{1}sav\theta$ 'ist / noun [singular] (abbreviation **S.E.**)

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{GEOGRAPHY}}$) the direction between south and east; a place in this direction

He lives in the Southeast.

→ Look at the picture at compass.

► south · east adjective, adverb the coast of southeast Florida

► south · east · ern / $_{_{l}}$ sau θ istern / adjective the southeastern states of the U.S.

South .ern 😂 / 'sʌðərn / adjective

(GEOGRAPHY) connected with, in, or from the south *Los Angeles is in southern California.*

south ern er (also South ern er)

/ 'sʌðərnər / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{GEOGRAPHY}}$) a person who is from or who lives in the southern part of a country

→ANTONYM northerner

the South Pole / δο sauθ poul / noun [singular]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{GEOGRAPHY}}$) the point on the earth's surface which is farthest south

→ Look at the North Pole . .

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **earth**.

south . **West** (also **South** . west) / _isaυθ'west / **noun** [singular] (abbreviation **S.W.**)

(GEOGRAPHY) the direction between south and west; a place in this direction

He's from the Southwest.

→ Look at the picture at compass.

► south · west adjective, adverb Our garden faces southwest.

► south . west . ern / .savθ'western / adjective

SOU . **VE** . **nir** / ,suvə'nır / *noun* [count]

something that you keep to remember a place or a special event $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$

I brought back this cowboy hat as a souvenir of Texas.

SOW / sov / verb (sows , sow ing , sowed ,

has sown / soon / or has sowed) to put seeds in the ground

The farmer sowed the field with corn.

soy . bean / 'sorbin / noun [count]

a type of **bean** that can be cooked and eaten, or used to make different kinds of food, for example oil and a type of milk

Spa / spa / noun [count]

a place where people go to relax, take exercise, and have health and beauty treatments

Space 2 / speis / noun

 ${f 1}$ [noncount] a place that is big enough for someone or something to go into or onto

Is there space for me in your car? →SYNONYM **room**

2 [count] an empty place between things a parking space

There is a space here for you to write your name.

3 (also out \cdot er space) [noncount] the area outside the earth's atmosphere where all the other planets and stars are space travel

space . **craft** / 'speiskræft / *noun* [count]

(plural space craft)

a vehicle that travels in space

space . **ship** / 'speissip / *noun* [count] a vehicle that travels in space

 $space \ shut \ . \ tle \ / \ 'spers \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ tle \)$

noun [count]

a vehicle that can travel into space and land like an airplane when it returns to Earth

spa . cious / 'speifes / adjective

with a lot of space inside a spacious kitchen

spade / speid / noun

1 [count] a tool that you use for digging

2 spades [plural] the playing cards that have the shape ♠ on them

the queen of spades

→ Look at the picture a playing card.





spa . ghet . ti / spa geti / noun [noncount]

a kind of food made from flour and water (called **pasta**) that looks like long pieces of string *I'll cook some spaghetti*.

spam / spæm / noun [noncount] (informal)

($\mbox{{\it COMPUTERS}}$) advertisements that companies send by email to people who have not asked for them

→Look at junk mail.

Span 1 / spæn / noun [count]

1 the length of something from one end to another *The bird's wingspan is 30 inches.*

2 the length of time that something continues *We are looking at a time span of several months.*

span 2 / spæn / verb

(spans, span ining, spanned)

1 to continue for a particular length of time *His career spanned more than 50 years.*

2 to form a bridge over something

The river is spanned by a beautiful iron bridge.

Spare 1 / sper / adjective

1 not needed now, but kept because it may be needed in the future

Do you have a spare tire in your car?

You can stay with us tonight. We have a spare room.

2 Spare time is time when you are not working *What do you do in your spare time?*

Spare 2 / sper / verb (spares, spar ling, spared)

to be able to give something to someone *I can't spare the time to help you today.*

to spare

more than is needed

There's no time to spare. We have to leave right away.

spark / spark / noun [count]

a very small piece of something that is burning

spar .kle / 'sparkl / verb

(spar kles, spar kling, spar kled)

to shine with a lot of very small points of light

The lake sparkled in the sunlight.

Her eyes sparkled with excitement.

▶spar ⋅kle *noun* [noncount]

the sparkle of diamonds

spar . kling / 'sparklın / adjective

1 shining with a lot of very small points of light *sparkling blue eyes*

2 **Sparkling** wine or water has a lot of small bubbles in it.

 $\textbf{Spar} \cdot \textbf{row} \ / \ \text{'sparou} \ / \ \textit{noun} \ [\ \text{count} \]$

a small, brown bird

Sparse / spars / adjective

small in quantity or amount

a sparse crowd

sparse . ly / 'sparsli / adverb

a sparsely populated area

spat form of spit

Speak 2 / spik / verb (speaks, speak ing,

spoke / spowk / has spowken / 'spowken /)

1 to say things; to talk to someone

Please speak more slowly.

Can I speak to John Smith, please? (= words that you say on the telephone)

The mayor spoke for over an hour.

Thesaurus

talk to say words to another person or other people. You talk to someone in order to give information, show feelings, or share ideas: They talked on the phone for over an hour. ◆ Can I talk to you for a minute? ◆ When they get together, all they talk about is basketball. ◆ We need to talk (= about something serious or important).

speak to talk to someone about something; to have a conversation with someone. You speak to someone in order to try to achieve something or to tell them to do something. Speak is a little more formal than talk: Can I speak with you for a minute? ◆ I've spoken to his parents about his behavior. ◆ The boss would like to speak to you.

discuss to talk and share ideas with other people about a subject or problem, especially in order to decide something. The word discuss is more formal than speak: I need to discuss the matter with my manager before I make a decision. ◆ I am not prepared to discuss this on the phone.

communicate to share and exchange information or ideas with someone. **Communicate** is a little formal, and is often used when the method of communication is important: *She's very good at communicating her ideas to the team.* • We only communicate by e-mail these days.

2 to know and use a language

I can speak French and Italian.

speak up to talk louder

Can you speak up? I can't hear you!

The noun is **speech**.

speak . er 🔯 / 'spikər / noun [count]

1 a person who is talking to a group of people

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ the part of something such as a radio or CD player where the sound comes out

→ Look at the picture at stereo .

spear / spir / noun [count]

a long stick with a sharp point at one end, used for hunting or fighting

Spe . cial 1 2 / 'spefl / adjective

1 not usual or ordinary; important for a reason

It's my birthday today, so we're having a special dinner.

2 for a particular person or thing

He goes to a special school for deaf children.

Spe .cial 2 / 'spεʃl / noun [count]

something that is not usually available but that is offered for a short time

Tonight's special is roast beef (= in a restaurant, for example).

spe .cial .ist / 'spefl*ist / noun

[count]

a person who knows a lot about something

She's a specialist in American art.

spe .cial .ize / 'spefl•aiz / verb

(spe_cial_iz_es, spe_cial_iz_ing, spe_cial_ized) specialize in something to study or know a lot about

one subject, type of product, etc. *He specialized in criminal law.*

spe .cial .ly / 'spefl•i / adverb

for a particular purpose or reason

These dogs have been specially trained to find illegal drugs.

a specially designed chair

spe cial ty / spefleti / noun [count]

(plural spe cial ties)

 ${\bf 1}$ something that is made by a person or place that is very good and that they or it is known for

The chef's specialty is baked salmon in a cream sauce. local specialties

2 an area of study or a subject that you know a lot about

SPE · CIES / 'spifiz / noun [count]

(plural spe cies)

(BIOLOGY) a group of animals or plants that are the same and can **breed** (= make new animals or plants) together a rare species of frog

The panda is an endangered species (= in danger of disappearing).

spe . cif . ic AWL / spəˈsɪfɪk / adjective

1 exact and clear

He gave us specific instructions on how to get there.

2 particular

Is there anything specific that you want to talk about?

► spe · cif · i · cal · ly AWL / spəˈsıfıkli / adverb I specifically asked you to buy butter, not margarine.

spec . i . fy AWL / 'spessfai / verb

(spec_i fies, spec_i fy ing, spec_i fied)

to say something clearly or in detail

He said he'd be arriving in the morning, but didn't specify the time.

spec . i . men / 'spesəmən / noun [count]

(GENERAL SCIENCE)

1 one example of a group of things

specimens of different types of rock

2 a small amount or part of something that shows what the

The doctor took a specimen of blood for testing.

→SYNONYM sample

Speck / spek / noun [count]

a very small spot, mark, or piece of something specks of dust

spec .ta .cle / 'spektakl / noun [count]

something that is exciting and unusual to look at the thrilling spectacle of the New Year's Day parade

Spec . tac . u . lar / spek'tækyələr / adjective wonderful to see

There was a spectacular view from the top of the mountain.

► spec · tac · u · lar · ly / spɛkˈtækyələrli / adverb This is a spectacularly beautiful area.

spec . ta . tor / 'spekterter / noun [count]

a person who is watching an event, especially a sports event *There were 2,000 spectators at the football game.*

spec . **trum** / 'spektram / noun [count , usually

singular] (plural spec $_{\cdot}$ tra / 'spektra / or spec $_{\cdot}$ trums)

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{PHYSICS}}$) the set of seven colors into which white light can be separated

You can see the colors of the spectrum in a rainbow.

spec · u · late / 'spekyəlent / verb

(spec $\cdot u$ \cdot lates , spec $\cdot u$ \cdot lat \cdot ed) to make a guess about something without knowing all of the facts

I would rather not speculate about what may happen next year.

►spec · u · la · tion / ˌspεkyəˈleɪʃn / noun

[count, noncount]

There was speculation that she was going to resign.

sped

form of speed 2

speech (spit) / noun (plural speech es)

1 [count] a talk that you give to a group of people *The president made a speech*.

2 [noncount] the power to speak, or the way that you speak

He has problems with his speech.

speed 1 / spid / noun [count, noncount] how fast something goes

The car was traveling at a speed of 50 miles an hour. a high-speed train (= that goes very fast)

Speed 2 / spid / verb (speeds, speed ing, sped / sped / or speed ed, has speed or has speed ed)

1 to go or move very quickly

He sped past me on his bike.

2 to drive too fast

The police stopped me because I was speeding.

speed up; speed something up to go faster; to make something go faster

What can we do to speed up the process?

speed . **boat** / 'spidboot / *noun* [count] a small fast boat with an engine

speed lim .it / 'spid limat / noun [count]

the fastest that you are allowed to travel on a road *The speed limit on the highway is 60 miles an hour.*

speed · om · e · ter / spi'damətər / noun

[count

a piece of equipment in a vehicle that tells you how fast you are traveling

→Look at the picture at steering wheel.

Spell 1 2 / spel / verb (spells, spell_ing, spelled)

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS)

1 to use the right letters to make a word

"How do you spell your name?" "A-Z-I-Z."

You've spelled this word wrong.

2 (used about a set of letters) to form a particular word *B-A-L-L spells "ball."*

Spell 2 / spel / noun [count]

1 a short period of time

a spell of cold weather

2 magic words that make someone change or make them do what you want

The witch cast a spell on the prince.

Spell ing / spelin / noun (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS)

1 [count, noncount] the right way of writing a word Look in your dictionary to find the right spelling.

2 [noncount] the ability to spell correctly

You need to work on your spelling.

spend 5/ spend / verb

(spends, spend ing, spent / spent / has spent)

1 to pay money for something

Louise spends a lot of money on clothes.

2 to pass time

I spent the summer in New Hampshire.

He spent a lot of time sleeping.

sperm / sperm / noun [count] (plural sperm)

($\mbox{\footnotesize BIOLOGY}$) a cell that is produced by a male and that can join with a female egg to produce young

sphere AWL / sfir / noun [count]

(MATH) any round object that is like a ball *The earth is a sphere.*

Look at the picture at solid.

►spher · i · cal AWL / 'sfirikl ; 'sferikl / adjective a spherical object

Spice 2 / spars / noun [count]

a powder of the seeds from a plant, which you can put in food to give it a stronger taste

They use a lot of spices, such as chili and ginger.

► spic · y / 'spasi / adjective (spic · i · er, spic · i · est) spicy food

spi .der 🥯

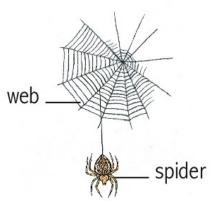
/ 'spardər / noun

[count]

a small animal with eight legs, which catches and eats insects

Spiders spin webs to catch flies.

spider



spied

form of spy 2

spies

1 plural of spy 1

2 form of spy 2

spike / spark / noun [count] a piece of metal with a sharp point The fence has spikes along the top.

spik · **y** / 'spaiki / adjective (spik · i · er , spik · i · est)

1 having sharp points *spiky leaves*

2 Spiky hair sticks straight up in the air.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **hair**.

Spill / spil / verb (spills, spill ing, spilled)
If you **spill** a liquid, it flows out of something by accident I spilled my coffee!

spin / spin / verb

(spins, spin ining, spun/spAn/has spun)

1 to turn around quickly; to turn something around quickly *She spun around as he entered the room.*Spin the wheel.

2 to make thread from wool or cotton *She spun and dyed the wool herself.*

 ${f 3}$ If a spider ${f spins}$ a ${f web}$ (= a thin net that it makes to catch flies), it produces thread from its own body to make it.

spin .ach / 'spinits / noun

[noncount]

a vegetable with big, green leaves

spine / spain / noun [count] (BIOLOGY)

1 the line of bones in your back

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **skeleton**.

2 one of the sharp points on some plants and animals *Porcupines use their spines to protect themselves.*

spi .ral / 'sparrəl / noun

[count]

a long shape that goes around and around as it goes up *A spring is a spiral.*

►spi ral adjective a spiral staircase

spire / 'sparer / noun [count] a tall, pointed structure on top of a church

spir . it 🔯 / 'spirit / noun

1 [count] the part of a person that is not the body. Some people think that your **spirit** does not die when your body dies.

2 spirits [plural] the way that a person feels *She's in high spirits* (= happy) *today.*

3 spirits [plural] strong alcoholic drinks such as whiskey

 $spir.i.tu.al \ / \ {\it 'spiritfuel} \ / \ {\it adjective}$

1 connected with deep thoughts and feelings rather than the physical body

Our society often neglects people's spiritual needs.

2 (RELIGION) connected with religion a spiritual leader

Spit / spit / verb (spits, spit sting, spit or spat / spæt / has spit or has spat)

to send liquid or food out from your mouth

The baby spit her food out .

He spat on the ground.

spite / spart / noun [noncount]

when someone deliberately says or does unkind things $\it She\ broke\ my\ watch\ out\ of\ spite$.

in spite of something

although something is true; not noticing or caring about something

I slept well in spite of the noise.

In spite of the bad weather, we went out.

→SYNONYM despite

spite . **ful** / 'spartfl / *adjective* saying or doing unkind things

splash 1 / splæf / verb

(splash es, splash ing, splashed)

to throw drops of liquid over someone or something; to make this happen

The car splashed us as it drove past.

The children were splashing around in the pool.

splash 2 / splæʃ / noun [count]

(plural splash es)

 ${f 1}$ the sound that a person or thing makes when they fall into water

Tom jumped into the river with a big splash.

2 a small amount of liquid

There were splashes of paint on the floor.

splen . did / 'splended / adjective

very beautiful or very good

a splendid palace

a splendid example of early American art

splin .ter / 'splinter / noun [count]

a very small, thin, sharp piece of wood, metal, or glass that has broken off a bigger piece

I have a splinter in my finger.

split 1 / split / verb

(splits, split_ting, split, has split)

1 to divide or separate; to make this happen

I split the wood with an ax.

We split the money between us.

The teacher told us to split into groups.

2 to tear or break apart; to make this happen

His jeans split when he sat down.

How did you split your lip?

split up to stop being together

He has split up with his girlfriend.

Split 2 / split / noun [count]

 ${f 1}$ a long cut or hole in something

There's a big split in the tent.

2 a disagreement that divides a group of people

Spoil poil / verb (spoils, spoil ing, spoiled)

1 to make something less good than before

The mud spoiled my shoes.

Did the bad weather spoil your vacation?

2 to give a child too much so that they think they can always have what they want *She spoils her grandchildren.*

▶ spoiled / spoild / adjective

(used about a child) rude and badly behaved because people give them everything they ask for a spoiled child

spoke 1

form of speak

spoke 2 / spook / noun [count]

one of the thin bars that join the middle part of a wheel to the outside part

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **bicycle**.

spo . ken form of speak

spokes . man / 'spouksman /

(also spokes . wom .an / 'spoukswuman /) noun [count](plural spokes men / spowksman / ,

spokes . wom .en / 'spoukswimen /)

a person who tells someone what a group of people has decided

Spokes . per . son / 'spooksparsn / noun [count](spokes per sons or spokes peo ple / 'spoukspipl /)

a person who tells someone what a group of people has decided

sponge / spand3 / noun [count]

a soft thing with a lot of small holes in it that you use for washing yourself or cleaning things





Spong · **y** / 'sp\nd3i / adjective (spong i er spong i est) soft, like a sponge The ground was spongy.

Spon . **Sor** 1 / 'spanser / noun [count]

1 a person or a company that gives money so that an event will take place

The race organizers are trying to attract sponsors.

2 a person who agrees to pay money to a charity if someone else completes a particular activity

I need sponsors for a 25-mile bike ride to raise money for cancer research.

Spon . **Sor** 2 / 'spanser / verb

(spon sors, spon sor ing, spon sored)

1 to give money so that an event will take place The local team was sponsored by a large company.

2 to agree to pay money to a charity if someone else completes a particular activity

a sponsored walk to raise money for children in need

spon . ta . ne . ous / span temies / adjective

done or happening suddenly; not planned The audience burst into spontaneous applause.

▶spon · ta · ne · ous · ly / span temissli / adverb to laugh spontaneously

SPOOK · **y** / 'spuki / adjective

(spook i er, spook i est) (informal)

making you feel nervous or afraid

It's spooky being alone in the house at night.

→SYNONYM creepy

Spoon 🥯 / spun / noun [count]

a thing with a round end that you use for eating, serving, or mixing food

a wooden spoon You need a knife, fork, and spoon.

spoons



tablespoon



teaspoon

spoon . **ful** / 'spunfol / noun [count]

the amount that you can put in one spoon a spoonful of sugar

Sport / sport / noun [count, noncount]

a physical game or activity that you do to keep your body strong or because you enjoy it Jane plays a lot of sports .

Soccer is my favorite sport.

sports car

'sports kar noun [count] a fast car, usually with a roof that you can open

sports car



sports · man /'sportsmon / (also sports wom an

/ 'sportswoman /) noun [count] (plural sports men

/ 'sportsman / , sports wom en / 'sportswiman /) a person who plays sports

Sport . **y** / 'sporti / adjective

(sport i er, sport i est)

liking or good at sports

Spot 1 9 / spat / noun [count]

1 a small, round mark

a white dog with black spots

2 a place

This is a good spot for a picnic.

SPOT 2 / spat / verb (spots, spot sting, spot sted)

to see someone or something suddenly She spotted her friend in the crowd.

spot . less / 'spatles / adjective

completely clean

She keeps the house spotless.

spot . **light** / 'spatlart / noun [count]

a strong light that shines a bright light on a small area. **Spotlights** are often used in theaters.

Spot . **ty** / 'spaţi / adjective

(spot ti er, spot ti est)

good in some parts, but not in others I have a spotty knowledge of French.

Spouse / spaus / noun [count]

(formal)

your husband or wife

spout / spaot / noun [count]

the narrow part of a container that you pour liquid out of

sprain / sprem / verb

(sprains, sprain ing, sprained)

to hurt part of your body by turning it suddenly Scott fell and sprained his ankle.

sprang

form of spring 2

Sprawl / sprol / verb

(sprawls, sprawl ing, sprawled)

to sit or lie with your arms and legs spread out The kids were sprawled on the floor, watching TV.

Spray 1 / sprei / noun

1 [noncount] liquid in very small drops that flies through the air spray from the ocean

2 [count, noncount] liquid in a container that comes out in very small drops when you press a button a can of hair spray

spray 2 / sprei / verb

(sprays, spray ing, sprayed)

to make very small drops of liquid fall on something Someone sprayed paint on my car.

spread spred / verb

(spreads, spread ing, spread, has spread)

1 to open something so that you can see all of it The bird spread its wings and flew away. Spread out the map on the table.

2 to put a soft substance all over something *I spread butter on the bread.*

 ${f 3}$ to reach more people or places; to make something do this

Fire quickly spread to other parts of the building. Rats spread disease.

▶spread noun [noncount]

Doctors are trying to stop the spread of the disease.

spread .sheet / 'spredfit / noun [count]

(COMPUTERS) a computer program for working with rows of numbers, used especially for doing accounts

spree / spri / noun [count] (informal)

a time when you go out and do a lot of something that you enjoy, often doing too much of it

We went on a big shopping spree yesterday.

spring 1 🚳

/ sprin / noun

1 [count,noncount] the part of the year after winter, when plants start to grow flowers that bloom in spring



spring



2 [count] a

long,thin piece of metal that is twisted around and around. A **spring** will go back to the same size and shape after you push or pull it.

 ${\bf 3} \ [\ {\tt COUNT} \]$ (${\tt GEOGRAPHY}$) a place where water comes out of the ground; a mountain spring

Spring 2 / spring / verb (springs, spring ing, sprang / spræn / or sprung / sprang / has sprung) to jump or move suddenly

He sprang to his feet.

Everyone has sprung into action .

spring up to appear or develop quickly or suddenly *New buildings are springing up all over the city.*

sprin . kle / 'sprinkl / verb

(sprin kles, sprin kling, sprin kled)

to shake small pieces of something or drops of a liquid on another thing

Sprinkle some sugar on the fruit.

sprin . kler / 'sprinkler / noun [count]

a thing that sends out water in small drops. **Sprinklers** are used on grass and for stopping fires in buildings.

sprint / sprint / verb

(sprints, sprint ing, sprint ed) to run a short distance very fast

sprout 1 / spraot / verb

(sprouts, sprout ing, sprout ed)

(BIOLOGY) to start to grow

New leaves are sprouting on the trees.

sprout 2 / spraot / *noun* [count] a new part that has grown on a plant

sprung form of spring 2

spun form of spin

Spy 1 / spar / noun [count] (plural spies)

a person who tries to learn secrets about another country, person, or company

SPY 2 / spai / verb

(spies, spy ing, spied, has spied)

to watch a country, person, or company and try to learn their secrets

He spied for his government for more than ten years.

spy on someone or **something** to watch someone or something secretly

Have you been spying on me?

squab .ble / 'skwabl / verb

(squab bles, squab bling, squab bled)

to argue about something that is not important

The children were squabbling over the last piece of cake. Stop squabbling with your brother!

▶squab .ble noun [count]

It was a silly squabble about what game to play.

squad / skwad / noun

[count]

a small group of people who work together

a women's soccer squad

a squad of police officers

Square 1 2 / skwer / noun [count]

 $\boldsymbol{1}\,$ a shape with four straight sides that are the same length

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at shape.

2 an open space in a town or city, with buildings around it *Times Square is in New York City.*

the town square

3 (MATH) the number that you get when you multiply another number by itself

Four is the square of two $(= 2 \times 2 = 4)$.

Square 2 5 / skwer / adjective (MATH)

1 with four straight sides that are the same length a square table

 ${f 2}$ (*abbreviation* ${f sq.}$) used for talking about the area of something

If a room is 5 yards long and 4 yards wide, its area is 20 square yards.

3 (used about something that is square in shape) having sides of a particular length

The picture is twenty inches square (= each side is 20 inches long).

squared / skwerd / adjective

(MATH) (used about a number) multiplied by itself *Four squared is sixteen.*

Square root / skwer rut / noun [count]

(\mbox{MATH}) a number that produces another particular number when it is multiplied by itself

The square root of sixteen is four.

Squash 1 / skwas/ verb

(squash es, squash ing, squashed)

1 to press something hard and make it flat *She sat on my hat and squashed it.*

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at squeeze.

2 to push a lot of people or things into a small space *We squashed five people into the back of the car.*

squash 2 / skwaf / noun

1 [noncount] (SPORTS) a game where two players hit a small ball against the wall in a special room *the squash courts*

2 [count, noncount] (*plural* **squash**) a type of vegetable with a hard skin that grows on the ground *pumpkins, zucchini, and other kinds of squash*

squat / skwat / verb

(squats, squat ting, squat ted)

to bend your knees and sit just above the ground *I squatted down to light the fire.*

squeak / skwik / verb

(squeaks, squeak ing, squeaked)

to make a short, high sound like a mouse

The door was squeaking, so I put some oil on it.

▶squeak *noun* [count]

the squeak of a mouse

▶squeak .y / 'skwiki / adjective

(squeak i er, squeak i est) She has a squeaky voice.

squeal / skwil / verb

(squeals, squeal ing, squealed)

to make a loud, high sound

The children squealed with excitement.

▶ squeal noun [count] squeals of delight

Squeeze / skwiz / verb

(squeez es , squeez ing , squeezed)

1 to press something hard

Squeeze the lemons and add the juice to the mixture. She squeezed his hand.

2 to go into a small space; to push too much into a small space

Fifty people squeezed into the small room.

Can you squeeze another person into your car?

▶ squeeze *noun* [count]

She gave my arm a squeeze.

squeeze





squeeze

squash





press

crush

Squid / **skwid** / **noun** [count]

(plural squid or squids)

an animal that lives in the ocean. It has a soft body and ten long parts (called **tentacles**).

→Look at the picture at octopus.

squint / skwint / verb

(squints, squint ing, squint ed)

to look at something with your eyes almost closed to squint in bright sunlight

squir . rel / 'skwərəl / noun [count]

a small gray, brown, or black animal with a big, thick tail. **Squirrels** live in trees and eat nuts.





squirt / skwart / verb

(squirts, squirt ing, squirt ed)

(used about a liquid) to suddenly come out and go onto something or toward something; to make this happen I bit into the orange and juice squirted out. He squirted me with water.

Sr

abbreviation of Senior John Brown. Sr.

St.

1 abbreviation of saint

2 *abbreviation of* **street**

stab / stæb / verb (stabs, stab bing, stabbed) to push a knife or another sharp thing into someone or something

He was stabbed in the back.

sta . bil . i . ty AWL / stəˈbɪlətii / noun

[noncount]

being steady and not changing

After so many changes, we need a period of stability.

sta . bi . lize AWL / 'sterbl•arz / verb

(sta bi liz es, sta bi liz ing, sta bi lized)

to become or to make something firm, steady, or not likely to change

The patient's condition has stabilized.

sta . ble 1 AWL / 'sterbl / adjective

not likely to move, fall, or change

Don't stand on that chair - it's not very stable.

→ANTONYM unstable

sta . ble 2 AWL / 'sterbl / noun

[count

a building where you keep horses

stack 1 / stæk / *noun* [count] a lot of things on top of one another a stack of books

→SYNONYM pile

stack 2 / stæk / verb

(stacks, stack ing, stacked)

to put things on top of one another *I stacked up the chairs after the concert.*

sta . di . um / 'sterdiam / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{SPORTS}}$) a place with seats around it where you can watch sports

a football stadium

Thesaurus

field an area of land used for playing team sports such as baseball, football, and soccer: *a baseball/football field* ◆ *The team ran out on the field*. ◆ *The school has its own playing field*.

court an area where certain ball games are played: *a* basketball/tennis/squash court ◆ He won after only 52 minutes on the court.

stadium a large place with seats around the sides where you can watch sports: *a football/sports stadium* **ballpark** an area where baseball is played: *The batter hit one right out of the ballpark*.

track an area with a special surface for people or cars to have races on: *a running/racing track* ◆ *track and field events* (= which involve running, jumping, and throwing)

staff / stæf / noun [plural]

the people who work in a place *The hotel staff were very friendly.*

stage 🔯 / steidʒ / noun [count]

1 a particular time in a longer set of things that happen *The first stage of the project lasts for two weeks.*

At this stage, I don't know what I'll do when I leave school.

2 the part of a theater where the actors, dancers, etc. perform

The audience threw flowers onto the stage.

There were more than 50 people on stage in one scene.

stag .ger / 'stæger / verb

(stag gers, stag ger ing, stag gered)

to walk as if you are going to fall

He staggered across the room with the heavy box.

stag . **nant** / 'stægnent / adjective

If water is **stagnant**, it is not moving, so it is dirty and smells bad.

Stain / stem / verb (stains, stain ing, stained) to leave a dirty mark on something, which is difficult to remove

The spilled wine stained the carpet red.

▶stain noun [count]

She had blood stains on her shirt.

stain . less steel / stemles stil / noun

[noncount]

a metal that does not **rust** (= change color or get damaged by water)

stainless steel pots and pans

stair 🔯 / ster / noun

1 stairs [plural] steps that lead up and down inside a building

I ran up the stairs to the bedroom.

→ Look at downstairs, upstairs.

2 one of the steps in a set of stairs

How many stairs are there up to the top floor?

stair . **case** / 'sterkers / (also stair . way)

/ 'sterwer / noun [count]

a large set of stairs

stale / steil / adjective (stal er , stal est)

not fresh; stale bread

stale air

stalk / stok / noun [count]

one of the long, thin parts of a plant that the flowers, leaves, or fruit grow on

stall / stal / noun [count]

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ a big table with things on it that someone wants to sell, for example in a street or market

a fruit stall

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ a small area with walls around it and a shower or toilet in it

a shower stall

3 a small area with walls around it for one animal, especially a horse

stal . lion / 'stælyən / noun [count]

an adult male horse

Word building

A male horse is a **stallion** and a female horse is a **mare**.

A young horse is a foal .

stam · i · na / 'stæmənə / noun [noncount]

the ability to do something difficult for a long time *You need a lot of stamina to run a marathon.*

stam .mer / 'stæmer / verb

(stam mers, stam mer ing, stam mered)

to say the same sound many times when you are trying to say a word

"B-b-b-but wait for me," she stammered.

→SYNONYM stutter

▶stam .mer noun [singular]

to have a stammer

stamp 1 5 / stæmp / noun [count]

1 a small piece of paper that you put on a letter to show that you have paid to send it

Could I have three postcard stamps, please?

He has been collecting stamps since he was eight.

2 a small piece of wood or metal that you press on paper to make marks or words a date stamp

stamp 2 / stæmp / verb

(stamps, stamp ing, stamped)

1 to put your foot down very hard

She stamped on the spider and killed it.

2 to walk by putting your feet down hard and loudly

Mike stamped angrily out of the room.

3 to press a small piece of wood or metal on pa

3 to press a small piece of wood or metal on paper to make marks or words

They stamped my passport at the airport.

stam . pede / stæm'pid / noun

count

a situation when a lot of animals or people start running in the same direction because they are frightened or excited There was a stampede when the doors finally opened.

▶stam .pede verb

(stam pedes, stam ped ing, stam ped ed) a herd of stampeding buffalo

stand 1 2 / stænd / verb

(stands, stand ing, stood / stod / has stood)

1 to be on your feet

She was standing by the door.

Stand still while I take your photograph.

2 (also stand up) to get up on your feet *The teacher asked us all to stand up.*

3 to be in a place

The castle stands on a hill.

4 to put something somewhere

I stood the ladder against the wall.

5 to be able to survive difficult conditions

Camels can stand extremely hot and cold temperatures.

can't stand someone or something

to hate someone or something

I can't stand this music.

Thesaurus

hate to have a strong feeling of not liking someone or something. This word is often used in informal English to talk about people or things that you really do not like: I've always hated broccoli. • He hates getting up early in the morning. • I hate the way she always criticizes me.

can't stand an expression used to mean that you really do not like someone or something. It is often used in informal spoken English: I can't stand this music. Can we listen to something else? ◆ He can't stand waiting in line for things. ◆ I can't stand her brother, can you?

dislike a slightly formal way of saying that you do not like someone or something, but not in a strong way. It is more usual to say "don't like": I have always disliked flying. \(\Phi\) Why do you dislike him so much?

despise to dislike someone or something very much and have no respect for them or it: She despised any kind of gossip. ◆ He despised himself for being such a coward.

loathe to hate someone or something very much: They loathe each other. ◆ He loathed hypocrisy.

stand back to move back

The police told the crowd to stand back.

stand by

1 to watch but not do anything

How can you stand by while those boys kick the cat?

2 to be ready to do something

Stand by until I call you!

stand by someone to help someone when they need it *Julie's parents stood by her when she was in trouble.*

stand for something to be a short way of saying or writing something

U.S. stands for "United States."

stand out to be easy to see

Joe stands out in a crowd because of his red hair.

stand someone up

(informal)

to not keep an appointment with someone

Jan's date stood her up, so she went to the movie alone.

stand up for someone or something to say that someone or something is right; to support someone or something

Everyone else said I was wrong, but my sister stood up for me.

stand up to someone to argue or fight with a more powerful person who is attacking you

stand 2 0 / stænd / noun

- $\boldsymbol{1} \; [\; \text{count} \;]$ a table or small store where you can buy things or get information
- a newsstand (= where you can buy newspapers and magazines)
- **2** [count] a piece of furniture that you can put things on an umbrella stand
- $\bf 3$ stands [plural] (SPORTS) a large structure where people can watch sports from seats arranged in rows that are low near the front and high near the back

stan . dard 1 2 / 'stændərd / noun

1 [count] how good someone or something is *Her work is of a very high standard*.

2 standards [plural] a level of behavior that people think is acceptable

Many people are worried about falling standards in modern society.

stan . dard 2 0 / stændərd / adjective

normal; not special

Clothes are sold in standard sizes.

stan dard ize / stænderdaiz / verb

stan dard ized)

to make things of a certain type the same as each other

stand . ard of liv . ing / stændard av 'lıvıŋ /

noun [count] (plural stand ards of liv ing)
how rich or poor you are

They have a low standard of living (= they are poor).

stand . by / 'stændbar / noun [count]

(plural stand bys)

a person or thing that is ready to be used if needed on standby

ready and waiting to do something immediately if needed We were put on standby for the flight to Miami.

stand . **still** / 'stænstil / *noun* [singular] a situation when there is no activity or progress *Traffic came to a complete standstill* .

stank

form of stink

sta .ple / 'sterpl / noun

[count]

a small piece of metal that you use for fastening pieces of paper together. You press the **staples** through the paper, using a **stapler**,

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **stationery**.

► sta · ple *verb* (sta · ples , sta · pling , sta · pled) Staple the pieces of paper together.

sta . pler / 'sterplar / noun [count]

a tool that you use for fastening pieces of paper together with metal staples,

→Look at the picture at **stationery**.

star 1 2 / star / noun [count]

 ${\bf 1}$ one of the small, bright lights that you see in the sky at night

2 a shape with points

a horse with a white star on its forehead

3 a famous person who performs something or plays sports, for example an actor *a basketball star*

star 2 / star / verb (stars , star ring , starred)

1 to be the main actor in a play or movie *He has starred in many movies.*

2 to have someone as a star

The movie stars George Clooney.

starch / startʃ / noun [count, noncount]

($\mbox{\footnotesize BIOLOGY}$, $\mbox{\footnotesize CHEMISTRY}$) a white substance that is found in foods such as potatoes, rice, and bread

to look at someone or something for a long time *Everyone stared at her hat.*

He was staring out of the window.

star .fish

/ 'starfif / noun [count] (plural

star fish)

a flat animal that lives in the ocean and is shaped like a star





the Stars and Stripes/ðə starz ən 'straips/

noun [singular]

the national flag of the U.S.

Start 1 ²⁰/ start /verb (starts, start ing, start ed)

1 to begin to do something

I start work at nine o'clock.

It started raining.

She started to cry.

2 to begin to happen; to make something begin to happen *The concert starts at 8:00.*

The police do not know who started the fire.

3 to begin to work or move; to make something begin to work or move

The engine won't start.

I can't start the car.

start off to begin

The teacher started off by asking us our names.

start over to begin again

I've made a lot of mistakes, so I'd better start over.

start 2 2 / start / noun [count]

1 the beginning or first part of something *She arrived after the start of the meeting.*

2 the act of starting something

There's lots of work to do, so let's make a start.

for a start (informal)

words that you use when you give your first reason for something

"Why can't we go on vacation?" "Well, for a start, we don't have enough money."

star .tle / 'startl / verb

(star tles, star tling, star tled)

to make someone suddenly surprised or afraid *You startled me when you knocked on the window.*

▶star .tled / 'startld / adjective

He was so startled he dropped the glass.

starve / starv / verb

(starves, starv ing, starved)

(HEALTH) to die because you do not have enough to eat *Millions of people are starving in some parts of the world.*

be starving (informal)

to be very hungry

When will dinner be ready? I'm starving!

► star · va · tion / star ˈveɪʃn / noun [noncount]

The child died of starvation.

state 1 2 / stert / noun

1 how someone or something is *The house was in a terrible state*. *What state of mind is he in?*

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ ($\boldsymbol{POLITICS}$) a part of a country, especially one of the 50 parts of the United States

Texas is a state in the U.S.

3 (POLITICS) a country and its government *Many social programs are run by the state.*

4 the States [plural] (informal) the United States

state 2 0 / stert / verb

(states, stat ing, stat ed)
to say or write something, especially official

to say or write something, especially officially I stated in my letter that I was looking for a job.

state . ment 🥯 / 'stertmant / noun [count]

something that you say or write, especially officially The driver made a statement to the police about the accident.

states .man / 'stertsman / noun [count]

(plural states . men / 'steitsman /)

($\mbox{\sc POLITICS}$) a politician with a lot of experience who the public respects

stat . **ic** / 'stætik / *noun* [noncount] (PHYSICS)

1 sudden noises on a radio or television, caused by electricity in the atmosphere

Change the station – there's too much static on this one.

2 (also **stat ic e lec tric i ty** / stætik ılɛk'trısəti /) electricity that collects on the surface of something *My hair gets full of static when I brush it.*

sta . tion 2 / 'sterfn / noun [count]

1 a place where trains stop so that people can get on and off; *the train station*

2 a place where buses start and end their trips *the bus station*

3 a building for some special work

the police station ♦ the fire station ♦ a gas station

4 a television or radio company

sta . **tion** . **ar** . **y** / 'steɪʃn•ˌɛri / *adjective* not moving; *a stationary vehicle*

sta . **tion** . **er** . **y** / 'stersne' | ri / noun [noncount] paper, pens, and other things that you use for writing



sta . tion wag . on / 'steɪʃn ˌwægən / noun

[count

a long car with a door at the back and space behind the back seat for carrying things

station wagon



stat . is . ti . cian AWL / stætr'stıʃn / noun

a person who studies or works with statistics

sta . **tis** . **tics** AWL / stəˈtɪstɪks / noun [plural] (MATH)

1 numbers that give information about something *Statistics show that women live longer than men.*

2 the science of studying and collecting these numbers *I'm taking a statistics course in college.*

►sta .tis .ti .cal AWL / stəˈtɪstɪkl / adjective statistical analysis

stat . **ue** / 'stætʃu / noun [count]

a model of a person or an animal, made from stone or metal the Statue of Liberty in New York

sta . tus AWL / 'stætəs ; 'stertəs / noun

1 [noncount] the legal position of a person, group, or country

Please write your name, age, and marital status (= whether you are married or single).

2 [singular] your social or professional position compared to other people

Teachers have a very high status in many countries.

stay 1 [©] / ster / verb (stays , stay ling , stayed)

1 to be in the same place and not go away

Stay here until I come back.

I stayed in bed until ten o'clock.

2 to continue in the same way and not change *I tried to stay awake.*

3 to live somewhere for a short time

I stayed with my friend in Atlanta.

Which hotel are you staying at?

stay behind to be somewhere after other people have gone

The teacher asked me to stay behind after class.

stay in to be at home and not go out

I'm staying in this evening because I'm tired.

stay up to not go to bed

We stayed up until after midnight.

stay 2 / ster / noun [count] (plural stays)
a short time when you live somewhere

Did you enjoy your stay in Las Vegas?

1 not moving or shaking

Hold the ladder steady while I stand on it.

2 developing or changing at a regular speed

a steady increase

3 not changing or stopping

She now has a steady job.

His breathing was steady.

▶stead .i .ly / 'stɛdəli / adverb

Prices are falling steadily.

stead . y 2 / 'stedi / verb

(stead ies, stead y ing, stead ied, has stead ied)

to stop yourself, someone, or something from moving, shaking, or falling

She thought she was going to fall, so she put out a hand to steady herself.

steak / sterk / noun [count]

a wide, flat piece of meat, especially meat from a cow (called \boldsymbol{beef})

I'd like steak and potatoes, please.

steal 5 / stil / verb (steals, steal ing,

stole / stoul / has sto .len / 'stoulen /)

to secretly take something that is not yours *Her money has been stolen.*

Which word?

A person who steals is called a **thief** . A thief **steals** things: *They stole my camera*.

A thief **robs** people and places: *I've been robbed* . ◆ *They robbed a bank*.

steam 1 🔯 / stim / noun

[noncount]

the gas that water becomes when it gets very hot *There was steam coming from my coffee.*

steam 2 / stim / verb

(steams, steam ing, steamed)

1 to send out steam

a steaming bowl of soup

2 to cook something in steam *steamed vegetables*

steel / stil / noun

[noncount]

very strong metal that is used for making things like knives, tools, and machines

Steep / stip / adjective (steep .er , steep .est)

A **steep** hill, mountain, or road goes up quickly from a low place to a high place

I can't ride my bike up the hill – it's too steep.

►steep .ly / 'stipli / adverb

The path climbed steeply up the side of the mountain.

stee .ple / 'stipl / noun

[count

a tall, pointed structure on the top of a church

Steer $/ \sin / \textit{verb}$ (steers , steer $\cdot \text{ing}$, steered) to make a car, boat, bicycle, etc. go left or right by turning a wheel or handle

steer . **ing wheel** / 'stirin wil / *noun* [count] the wheel that you turn to make a car go left or right

steering wheel

Idashboard



stem / stem / noun [count]

($\mbox{\footnotesize BIOLOGY}$) the long, thin part of a plant that the flowers and leaves grow on

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at plant.

sten .cil / 'stensl / noun [count]

(ART) a thin piece of metal, plastic, or heavy paper with a design cut out of it. You put it against a surface and paint over it so that the design is left on the surface; a design that is produced in this way

Step 1 2 / step / noun [count]

1 a movement when you move your foot up and put it down in another place to walk, run, or dance *She took a step forward and then stopped.*

2 a place to put your foot when you go up or down *These steps go down to the garden.*

3 one thing in a list of things that you must do *What's the first step in planning a vacation?*

step by step

doing one thing after another; slowly

This book shows you how to play the guitar, step by step.

Step 2 / step / verb (steps, step.ping, stepped)

to move your foot up and put it down in another place when you walk, run, or dance

You stepped on my foot!

step out to leave a place for a short time *Mr. Anderson just stepped out. Can I help you?*

step . father / 'stepfaðər / noun [count]

a man who has married your mother but who is not your father

Word building

The child of your stepmother or stepfather is called your **stepbrother** or **stepsister** .

The child from an earlier marriage of your husband or wife is called your **stepson** or **stepdaughter** .

step .lad .der / 'steplæder / noun [count]

a type of **ladder** (= a thing that helps you to climb up something) with two parts, one with steps. The parts are joined together at the top so that it can stand on its own and be folded up when you are not using it.

step . **mother** / 'stepmaðər / noun [count] a woman who has married your father but who is not your mother

Word building

The child of your stepmother or stepfather is called your **stepbrother** or **stepsister** .

The child from an earlier marriage of your husband or wife is called your **stepson** or **stepdaughter** .

ster . e . o / 'steriou /

noun [count]

(plural ster .e .os)

a machine for playing CDs, tapes, or records, with two parts (called **speakers**) where the sound comes from

a car stereo

► ster · e · o adjective a stereo broadcast

stereo



portable stereo

ster .e .o .type / 'steriotarp / noun [count]

an idea that a lot of people have about a particular type of person or thing, which is often not really true a cultural stereotype

ster . ile / 'sterəl / adjective

(BIOLOGY, HEALTH)

1 not able to produce young animals or babies

2 completely clean and free from things that can cause disease (bacteria)

All medical instruments must be sterile.

stern 1 / stern / *adjective* (stern .er , stern .est) serious and strict with people; not smiling or friendly *a stern expression*

►stern .ly / 'stərnli / adverb "Go to your room," he said sternly.

stern 2 / stern / noun [count] the back end of a ship or boat

 \rightarrow Look at **bow** 2 (2).

steth . o . scope

/ 'stεθəskoop / *noun* [count]

(HEALTH) the thing that a doctor uses to listen to your heart and breathing

stethoscope



stew / stu / noun

[count, noncount]

food that you make by cooking meat or vegetables in liquid for a long time

beef stew

▶ stew *verb* (stews , stew ing , stewed) stewed fruit

stew . ard / 'stuard / noun

count

a man whose job is to serve and help people on a ship or an airplane

→ Look at flight attendant.

stew .ard .ess / 'stuardas / noun [count]

(plural stew .ard .ess .es)

a woman whose job is to serve and help people on a ship or an airplane

→ Look at flight attendant.

Stick 1 0 / stik / verb

(sticks, stick ing, stuck/stak/has stuck)

1 to push a pointed thing into something

Stick a fork into the meat to see if it's cooked.

2 to join something to something else with a sticky substance; to become joined in this way *I stuck a stamp on the envelope.*

3 to be fixed in one place; to not be able to move *This door always sticks.*

4 (*informal*) to put something somewhere *Stick that box on the floor.*

stick out to come out of the side or top of something so that you can see it easily

The boy's head was sticking out of the window.

stick something out to push something out

Don't stick your tongue out!

stick to something to continue with something and not change it

We're sticking to Peter's plan.

stick together (used about a group of people) to stay friendly and support each other

stick up for someone or **something** to say that someone or something is right

Everyone else said I was wrong, but Kim stuck up for me.

Stick 2 2 / stik / noun [count]

1 a long, thin piece of wood

We found some sticks and made a fire.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ a long, thin object that is used in some sports to hit or control the ball

a hockey stick

3 a long, thin piece of something a stick of celery

stick .er / 'strker / noun [count]

a small piece of paper with a picture or words on it, which you can stick onto things

able to stick to things; covered with a substance that can stick to things

Glue is sticky. ♦ sticky fingers

Stiff / stif / adjective (stiff er, stiff est) not easy to bend or move

 ${\bf 1}$ a word that you use to show that something has not changed

Do you still live in Denver?

Is it still raining?

2 although that is true

She felt sick, but she still went to the party.

3 a word that you use to make another word stronger *It was cold yesterday, but today it's colder still.*

Still 2 0 / stil / adjective

without moving

Please stand still while I take a photo.

The water was perfectly still.

►still .ness / 'stilnes / noun [noncount]

the stillness of the night

stim . u . late / 'stimyəleit / verb

(stim u lates, stim u lat ing, stim u lat ed)

1 to make something active or more active *to stimulate the economy*

2 to make someone feel interested in or excited about something

History classes don't really stimulate her.

► stim · u · lat · ing / 'stimyəleitin / adjective a stimulating discussion

Sting 1 / stm / verb

(stings, sting ing, stung/stan/has stung)

1 (HEALTH) If an insect or a plant **stings** you, it hurts you by pushing a small sharp part into your skin *I've been stung by a bee!*

2 to feel a sudden sharp pain

The smoke made my eyes sting.

Thesaurus

hurt is a general word meaning to feel pain, or to make someone or something else feel pain: My feet hurt. ◆ It hurts when I bend my knee. ◆ Ouch! That really hurts! ◆ Stop that - you're hurting me. ◆ Did you hurt yourself when you fell?

ache to feel a pain that is not strong, but that continues for a long time. This verb does not take an object, so you cannot put a noun directly after it: His legs ached after playing soccer for two hours. ◆ Her eyes ached from lack of sleep. ◆ I'm aching all over.

burn to feel very hot and painful; to hurt someone with fire or heat: Your forehead's burning. You must have a fever. ◆ The water was so hot that I burned my hands. ◆ She was badly burned in the fire.

sting to feel a sudden sharp pain; to make someone feel a pain like this: My eyes were stinging from the soap. ◆ Ow! That antiseptic cream stings!

sting 2 / stm / noun [count]

1 (also $sting \cdot er \ / \ 'stinger \ / \) the sharp part of some insects, which can hurt you$

A wasp's sting is in its tail.

→ Look at the picture at scorpion .

2 (HEALTH) a place on your skin where an insect or a plant has **stung** you a bee sting

stin .gy / 'stındʒi / adjective

(stin .gi .er , stin .gi .est)

A **stingy** person does not like to give or spend money.

→ANTONYM generous

Stink 1 / stink / verb (stinks, stink ing, stank / stænk / has stunk / stʌŋk /) (informal)

1 to have a very bad smell

That fish stinks!

2 to seem to be very bad or unpleasant *This job really stinks!*

stink 2 / stink / noun [count]

(informal)

a very bad smell

What a terrible stink!

Stir / stor / verb (stirs , stir ring , stirred)

1 to move a spoon or another thing around and around to mix something

He put sugar in his coffee and stirred it.

2 to move a little; to make something move a little *The wind stirred the leaves.*

Stir-fry 1 / 'stər fraı / verb (stir-fries ,

stir-fry ing, stir-fried, has stir-fried)

to cook thin pieces of vegetables, fish, or meat quickly by moving them around in very hot oil

Stir-fry the chicken for two minutes, then add the sauce. stir-fried vegetables

stir-fry 2 / 'stər fraɪ / *noun* [count, noncount] (plural stir-fries)

a hot dish of pieces of vegetables, fish, or meat that have been stir-fried

I'd like the shrimp stir-fry with rice, please.

Stitch 1 / stitf / noun [count] (plural stitch les)

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ a small line or circle of thread that joins or decorates cloth

2 a circle of wool that you put around a needle when you 2 [count] a small piece of stone are **knitting** (= making clothes from wool)

3 (HEALTH) a short piece of special thread that doctors use to sew the edges of a cut together The cut needed eight stitches.

Stitch 2 / stitf / verb

(stitch es, stitch ing, stitched)

to sew something

I stitched a button on my skirt.

STOCK 1 / stak / noun [count, noncount] (BUSINESS)

1 things that a store keeps ready to sell

We have a large stock of tables and chairs.

I'll see if we have your size in stock .

That book's out of stock at the moment.

2 a share in a company or business that someone has bought, or the value of those shares to buy stocks in a company

→ Look at stock exchange.

Stock 2 / stak / verb

(stocks, stock ing, stocked)

to keep something ready to sell

Sorry, we don't stock umbrellas.

stock up to collect a large amount of something that you can use in the future

We'd better stock up on food before the snowstorm.

stock . bro . ker / 'stakbrovker / noun [count]

(BUSINESS) a person whose job is to buy and sell shares in companies for other people

stock ex . change / 'stak iks,tfeind3 /

(also stock mar .ket / 'stak market /) noun [count]

(BUSINESS) a place where people buy and sell shares in companies; the business of doing this

the New York Stock Exchange

to lose money in the stock market

stock . ing / 'stakin / noun [count]

a long, thin piece of clothing that a woman wears over her leg and foot

a pair of stockings

stock . pile / 'stakpail / noun [count]

a large amount of something that you keep to use in the future if needed

▶stock pile verb

(stock piles, stock pil ing, stock piled)

to stockpile canned food and water

stole, sto len

forms of steal

stom . ach D / stamak / noun [count]

1 (BIOLOGY) the part inside your body where food goes after you eat it

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **body**.

2 the front part of your body below your chest and above your legs

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **body**.

stom . ach . ache / 'stamakeik / noun [count]

(HEALTH) a pain in your stomach

I have a stomachache.

stone 🐸 / stoon / noun

1 [noncount] the very hard material that is in the ground. Stone is sometimes used for building a stone wall

The children were throwing stones into the river.

3 [count] a small piece of beautiful rock that is very

A diamond is a precious stone.

Ston . **y** / 'stooni / adjective

(ston .i .er , ston .i .est)

containing a lot of stones; covered with a lot of stones stony ground

stood form of stand 1

Stool / stul / noun [count]

a small seat with no back \rightarrow Look at the picture at chair.

Stoop / stup / verb

(stoops, stoop ing, stooped)

If you **stoop**, you bend your body forward and down She stooped to pick up the baby.

Stop 1 2 / stap / verb

(stops, stop ping, stopped)

1 to finish moving or working; to become still

The train stopped at every station.

The clock has stopped.

I stopped to mail a letter.

2 to not do something anymore; to finish

Stop making that noise!

3 to make someone or something finish moving or doing something

Ring the bell to stop the bus.

stop by to make a short visit somewhere

I'll stop by this evening on my way home from work.

stop someone from doing something

to not let someone do something

My dad stopped me from going out.

Stop 2 2 / stap / noun [count]

1 the moment when someone or something finishes

The train came to a stop.

2 a place where buses or trains stop so that people can get

I'm getting off at the next stop.

put a stop to something

to make something finish

A teacher put a stop to the fight.

stop . **light** / 'staplart / noun [count]

a light that changes from red to yellow to green, to tell cars and other vehicles when to stop and start

→SYNONYM traffic light

stor .age / 'storid3 / noun [noncount]

the process of keeping of things somewhere until they are needed

We're using this room for storage at the moment.

store 1 2 / stor / noun [count]

1 a building or part of a building where things are bought and sold

He went to the store to buy bread and milk. a furniture store

→Look at grocery store , department store , convenience store.

2 things that you are keeping to use later a secret store of food

going to happen in the future

There's a surprise in store for you when you get home!

Store 2 2 / stor / verb (stores, stor ling, stored)

to keep something to use later

The information is stored on a computer.

The noun is **storage**.

store . keep . er / 'storkiper / noun [count] a person who owns a small store

storm 1 2 / storm / noun [count] very bad weather with strong winds and rain a thunderstorm

Word building

When there is a storm, you hear thunder and see lightning in the sky.

Cyclones , hurricanes , tornadoes , and typhoons are large, violent storms.

Storm 2 / storm / verb

(storms, storm ing, stormed)

to move in a way that shows you are angry He stormed out of the room.

storm . **y** / 'stormi / adjective (storm i er, storm i est) with strong wind and rain

a stormy night

sto . **ry** / stori / noun [count] (plural sto ries)

1 words that tell you about people and things that are not

He has written many stories for children.

a ghost story

2 words that tell you about things that really happened My grandmother told me stories about when she was a child.

3 one level in a building The building has four stories.

→SYNONYM floor

Stove D / stoov / noun

[count]

1 a piece of kitchen equipment for cooking with electricity or gas. It has places for heating pots on the top and an oven for cooking food inside it

You can cook the beans on top of the stove.

2 a closed metal box in which you burn wood or other fuel to heat a room

a wood-burning stove

straight 1 \overline{\o

(straight er, straight est)

1 with no curves; going in one direction only Use a ruler to draw a straight line. His hair is curly, and mine is straight.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at line.

2 with one side as high as the other

This picture isn't straight.

3 honest and direct

a straight answer to a straight question

4 (informal) attracted to people of the opposite sex

→SYNONYM heterosexual

→ANTONYM gay

get something straight

to make sure that you understand something completely Let's get this straight. Are you sure you left your bike by the theater?

get straight A's

to get the grade "A" (= the best grade) in all of your classes

straight 2 2 / street / adverb

1 in a straight line

Look straight in front of you.

Go straight until you come to the bank, then turn left.

2 without stopping or doing anything else; directly Come straight home.

She walked straight past me.

straight .en / 'streitn / verb

(straight ens, straight en ing, straight ened)

to become or to make something straight

straighten something out to make a situation less difficult or confused

We can't make a decision until we straighten things out.

straight . for . ward AWL / .streit forward /

easy to understand or do

a straightforward question

strain 1 / strein / noun [count]

1 physical force

The rope broke under the strain.

2 a feeling of being very worried, or the problems that cause you to feel this way

His illness put a great strain on their marriage.

3 an injury to part of your body, caused by making it work too hard

back strain

strain 2 / strein / verb

(strains, strain ing, strained)

1 to try very hard

Her voice was so quiet that I had to strain to hear her.

2 to hurt a part of your body by making it work too hard Don't read in the dark. You'll strain your eyes.

3 to pour a liquid through something with small holes in it, to remove any solid pieces

strand / strænd / noun [count]

one piece of thread or hair

strand . ed / 'strændad / adjective

left in a place that you cannot get away from

The car broke down and I was stranded on a lonely road.

strange / stremd3 / adjective

(strang er, strang est)

1 unusual or surprising

Did you hear that strange noise?

2 that you do not know

We were lost in a strange city.

strange . ly / 'stremd3li / adverb

in a surprising or unusual way

He was acting very strangely.

She was strangely quiet.

strang .er / 'stremdzər / noun [count]

1 a person who you do not know

2 a person who is in a place that they do not know

I'm a stranger to this city. \rightarrow Look at foreigner.

stran . gle / 'strængl / verb

(stran gles, stran gling, stran gled)

to kill someone by pressing their neck so that they cannot breathe

strap 1 / stræp / noun [count]

a long, flat piece of material that you use for carrying something or for keeping something in place

a leather watch strap \rightarrow Look at the picture at **bag**.

strap 2 / stræp / verb

(straps, strap ping, strapped)

to hold something in place with a **strap**

I strapped the bag on to the back of my bike.

stra .te .gic AWL / strəˈtidʒık / adjective

helping you to achieve a plan

They made a strategic decision to sell part of the company.

strat . e . gy AWL / 'strætædzi / noun [count]

(plural strat e gies) a plan; planning What's your strategy for passing the exam?

Straw / stro / noun

1 [noncount] dried plants that animals sleep on or that people use for making things like hats and floor coverings a straw hat

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ [<code>count]</code> a thin paper or plastic tube that you can drink through

the last straw; the final straw

the last of several bad things; the thing that finally makes a situation impossible for you

straw . ber . ry / 'stro,beri / noun [count]

(plural straw ber ries)

a soft, red fruit with seeds near the surface

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **berry**.

stray / strei / adjective

A **stray** animal is lost or does not have a home a stray dog

► stray *noun* [count] (plural strays) an animal that has no home

streak / strik / noun [count]

a long, thin line that is a different color from the surface it is on

She has streaks of gray in her hair. ♦ a streak of lightning

stream 1 / strim / noun [count]

1 (GEOGRAPHY) a small river

a mountain stream

2 moving liquid, or moving things or people

a stream of blood ♦ I've had a steady stream of visitors.

stream 2 / strim / verb

(streams, stream ing, streamed)

1 to move like water

Tears were streaming down his face.

2 (COMPUTERS) to play video or sound on a computer while you are receiving it from the Internet

I suggest you stream the song instead of downloading it.

stream . line / 'strimlain / verb

(stream lines, stream lin ing, stream lined)

1 to give something like a car or boat a long, smooth shape so that it can go fast through air or water

2 to make an organization or a way of doing things work better by making it simpler

I live on Main Street. ♦ 264 Chestnut St.

Thesaurus

road a hard surface made for vehicles to travel on. The short way of writing "Road" in addresses is \mathbf{Rd} .: My address is 32 Danfield Rd., St Louis. \blacklozenge country/mountain roads \blacklozenge Where does this road go? \blacklozenge I live on a very busy road. \blacklozenge Take the first road on the left.

street a road in a city or town that has buildings on one or both sides. The short way of writing "Street" in addresses is St.: 1281 Tobin St. ◆ a street map of San Francisco ◆ You can't drive down there. It's a one-way street. ◆ They live across the street from us.

highway a big road that connects cities and towns: Highway 101 between Ventura and Los Angeles ◆ Take the highway to Flagstaff. ◆ There was a traffic jam on the highway.

lane one part of a larger road, marked with painted lines to keep lines of traffic separate: a four-lane highway ◆ You're in the wrong lane for turning right.

avenue a wide street in a city or town. This word is

avenue a wide street in a city or town. This word is often used in the names of city streets, and can be written as **Ave.**: 109 Fifth Ave. ◆ We stayed at a hotel on Lexington Avenue.

street .car / 'stritkar / noun [count]

an electric bus that runs along metal tracks (called ${\tt rails}$) in the road

→SYNONYM trolley

street . **light** / 'stritlait / *noun* [count] a light on a tall post in the street

1 how strong or powerful you are

I don't have the strength to lift this box – it's too heavy.

2 how strong a feeling or an opinion is

I was surprised at the strength of her feelings.

3 a good quality or ability that someone or something has *His greatest strength is his honesty.*

→ANTONYM weakness

streng .then / 'streŋkθən /verb

(streng thens, streng then ing, streng thened) to become or to make someone or something stronger *The wind had strengthened overnight.*

Stress 1 AWL / stres / noun (plural stress es)

 ${f 1}$ [count, noncount] a feeling of being very worried because of problems in your life

Mom's been suffering from stress since Dad got sick.

2 [noncount] special attention that you give to something because you think it is important *There should be more stress on learning foreign languages in school.*

3 [count, noncount] (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) saying one word or part of a word more strongly than another In the word "dictionary," the stress is on the first part of the word.

Stress 2 AWL / stres / verb

(stress .es , stress .ing , stressed)

1 to say something strongly to show that it is important *I must stress how important this meeting is.*

→SYNONYM emphasize

2 to say one word or part of a word more strongly than another

You should stress the first part of the word "happy."

stress out; stress someone out

(informal)

to feel worried and unable to relax; to cause someone to feel this way

Sam's really stressing out over his biology exam.

stress . **ful** AWL / 'stresfl / *adjective* causing you to worry a lot a stressful job

stretch 1 0 / strets / verb

(stretch es , stretch ing , stretched)

1 to pull something to make it longer or wider; to become longer or wider

The T-shirt stretched when I washed it.

2 to push your arms and legs out as far as you can *Joe got out of bed and stretched.*

The cat stretched out in front of the fire and went to sleep.

3 to cover a large area of land or a long period of time
The beach stretches for miles.

stretch 2 / stretʃ / noun [count]

(plural stretch .es)

1 a piece of land or water

This is a beautiful stretch of countryside.

2 the act of pushing out your arms, legs, etc. as far as you can

Give your legs a good stretch before you start running.

stretch .er / 'stretser / noun [count]

a kind of bed for carrying someone who is sick or hurt *They carried him to the ambulance on a stretcher.*

Strict (strict er, strict est)

If you are **strict** , you make people do what you want and do not allow them to behave badly

Her parents are very strict - she always has to be home before ten o'clock.

strict rules

strict . ly / 'strikli / adverb

1 definitely; in a strict way

Smoking is strictly forbidden.

2 exactly

That is not strictly true.

stride / straid / verb

(strides, strid ing, strode/stroud/)

to walk with long steps

The police officer strode across the road.

▶ stride noun [count]

He walked with long strides.

Strike 1 / straik / verb

(strikes, strik ing, struck / strak / has struck)

1 (formal) to hit someone or something

A stone struck me on the back of the head.

2 to attack someone or something suddenly

The earthquake struck just after midnight.

The building was struck by lightning.

3 to come suddenly into your mind

It suddenly struck me that she looked like my sister.

4 (BUSINESS) to stop working because you want more money or are angry about something

The nurses are striking for better pay.

 ${\bf 5}$ If a clock ${\bf strikes}$, it rings a bell a certain number of times so that people know what time it is

The clock struck nine.

strike a match

to make fire with a match

strike 2 / straik / noun [count]

1 a time when people are not working because they want more money or are angry about something

The hospital workers are on strike.

2 a sudden military attack

strik ing / straikin / adjective

If something is ${\bf striking}$, you notice it because it is very unusual, interesting, or attractive

That's a very striking hat.

string 🥯 / striŋ / noun

1 [count] very thin rope that you use for tying things

I tied up the package with string.

The key was hanging on a string.

2 [count] (MUSIC) a piece of thin wire on a musical instrument guitar strings

3 the strings [plural] (MUSIC)

the group of musical instruments that have strings

Word building

An orchestra is made up of four sections.

The **strings** section includes violins and cellos.

The **woodwind** section includes clarinets and flutes.

The **brass** section includes trumpets and trombones. The **percussion** section includes drums and cymbals.

4 [count] a line of things on a piece of thread a string of blue beads

strip 1 / strip / verb

(strips, strip ping, stripped)

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ to take off your clothes; to take off another person's clothes

She stripped and ran into the ocean.

They were stripped and searched by the police officers.

2 to take off something that is covering something *I stripped off the wallpaper.*

Strip 2 / strip / noun [count]

a long, thin piece of something a strip of paper

stripe / straip / noun [count]

a long, thin line of color

Zebras have black and white stripes.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at pattern.

striped / straipt / adjective

He wore a blue and white striped shirt.

strive / straw / verb (strives , striv ing , strove

/ stroov / or strived , striv en / 'strivn / or strived)
(formal)

to try very hard to do or get something *Athletes often strive for perfection.*

strode form of **stride**

stroke 1 / strowk / noun [count]

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ (ART) one of the movements you make when you are writing or painting

a brush stroke

2 (SPORTS) a movement that you make with your arms, for example when you are swimming or playing sports such as **tennis**

3 (HEALTH) a sudden illness affecting the brain that can cause a person to be unable to move part of their body *He had a stroke* .

4 a gentle movement of your hand over a surface *He gave the cat a stroke* .

5 [singular] a sudden successful action or event It was a stroke of luck finding your ring again so quickly.

stroke 2 / strook / verb

(strokes, strok ing, stroked)

to move your hand gently over someone or something to show love

to stroke a cat



Stroll / stroul / verb (strolls, stroll ing, strolled) Stuck 1 form of stick 1

to walk somewhere in a slow, relaxed way We strolled along the beach.

▶stroll noun [count]

We went for a stroll by the river.

stroll .er / 'strouler / noun

a chair on wheels in which a young child is pushed along





strong 2 / stron / adjective (strong er, strong est)

1 A **strong** person has a powerful body, and can carry heavy things

I need someone strong to help me move this piano.

2 A strong object does not break easily

Don't stand on that chair - it's not very strong.

3 A **strong** opinion or belief is not easy to change There was strong opposition to the plan.

4 powerful

strong winds

The current was very strong.

5 having a big effect on the mind or the body *I like strong coffee* (= with not much milk in it) . a strong smell of oranges

▶strong .ly / 'stronli / adverb

I strongly believe that he is wrong.

strove

form of strive

struck

form of strike 1

struc .ture AWL / 'straktfer / noun

1 [noncount] the way that something is made We are studying the structure of a bird's wing.

2 [count] a building or another thing that people have made with many parts

The new post office is a tall glass and brick structure.

strug .gle 🔯 / 'stragl / verb

(strug gles, strug gling, strug gled)

1 to try very hard to do something that is not easy We struggled to lift the heavy box.

2 to move your arms and legs a lot when you are fighting or trying to get free

She struggled with her attacker.

►strug ·gle noun [count]
In 1862 the American slaves won their struggle for freedom.

stub . born / 'stabern / adjective

A **stubborn** person does not change their ideas easily or do what other people want them to do She's too stubborn to say sorry.

→SYNONYM obstinate

▶stub .born .ly / 'st∧bərnli / adverb He stubbornly refused to apologize.

Stuck 2 / stak / adjective

1 not able to move

This drawer is stuck - I can't open it.

I was stuck in Italy with no money.

2 not able to do something because it is difficult If you get stuck, ask your teacher for help.

stu . dent Der / 'studnt / noun [count]

a person who is studying at a school, college, or university Tom is a history student.

Stu . di . O / 'studioo / noun [count]

(plural stu .di .os)

1 a room where an artist works

2 a room where people make movies, radio and television programs, or records

a television studio

3 (also stu di o a part ment / studiov e partment /) an apartment with only one main room

Our first home was a tiny studio in New York.

stud . y 1 9 / 'stadi / verb

(stud ies , stud y ing , stud ied , has stud ied)

1 to spend time learning about something He studied French in college.

2 to look at something carefully

We should study the map before we leave.

Stud . y 2 2 / stadi / noun (plural stud ies)

1 [noncount] the activity of learning about something Biology is the study of living things.

2 studies [plural] the subjects that you study He's taking a class in business studies .

3 [count] a room in a house where you go to study, read, or write

4 [count] a piece of research that is done to learn more about a question or subject

They are doing a study of the causes of heart disease.

Stuff 1 2 / staf / noun [noncount] (informal)

1 any material, substance, or group of things What's this blue stuff on the carpet? Put your stuff in this bag.

 \rightarrow Look at the note at thing.

2 a word you use to talk about things that people do, say, think, etc.

I have a whole bunch of stuff to do this weekend.

Thesaurus

stuff

(informal)

a substance or a group of things or activities: What's that green stuff at the bottom of the bottle? ♦ You can just put your stuff on the chair over there. ♦ I can't go out. I have lots of stuff to do at home.

things objects, clothes, or tools that you own or that you use for something: Bring your swimming things. • Where can I put my things? ◆ Put your things (= coat, etc.) on and let's go.

belongings the things you own that can be moved: She packed her belongings in a bag, and left. ◆ Please make sure you have all your belongings with you when leaving the plane.

property

a thing or things that belong to someone: This building is government property. • The bag contained stolen property.

Stuff 2 / staf / verb (stuffs , stuff ling , stuffed)

1 to fill something with something

The pillow was stuffed with feathers.

2 (*informal*) to push something quickly into another thing

He took the money quickly and stuffed it into his pocket.

Stuff ing / 'stafin / (also dress ing / 'dresin /) noun [noncount]

a mixture of small pieces of food such as bread and onions, which you put inside a chicken, vegetable, etc. before

turkey with stuffing

stuff . **y** / 'stAfi / adjective

(stuff i er, stuff i est)

If a room is **stuffy**, it has no fresh air in it Open the window – it's very stuffy in here.

stum . ble / 'stambl / verb

(stum bles, stum bling, stum bled)

to hit your foot against something when you are walking or running, and almost fall

The old lady stumbled as she was going upstairs.

Stump / stamp / noun [count]

the small part that is left when something is cut off or broken

a tree stump

Stun / stʌn / verb (stuns , stun . ning , stunned)

1 to hit a person or an animal on the head so hard that they cannot see, think, or make a sound for a short time

2 to make someone very surprised

His sudden death stunned his family and friends.

stung form of sting 1

stunk form of stink 1

stun . ning / 'stanın / adjective

very beautiful; wonderful

a stunning dress ♦ She looked stunning.

Stunt / stant / noun [count]

something dangerous or difficult that a person does, especially as part of a movie

James Bond movies are full of exciting stunts.

stu . pid **>** / 'stupəd / *adjective*

not intelligent; silly

Don't be so stupid!

What a stupid question!

▶stu .pid .i .ty / stu¹pıdəti / noun [noncount]

There are no limits to his stupidity!

▶stu .pid .ly / 'stupadli / adverb

I stupidly forgot to close the door.

stur . **dy** / 'stərdi / *adjective*

(stur di er, stur di est)

strong and healthy; not easy to break

sturdy legs

sturdy shoes

stut .ter / 'stater / verb

(stut ters , stut ter ing , stut tered)

to say the same sound many times when you are trying to say a word

"I d-d-don't understand," he stuttered.

→SYNONYM stammer

▶stut .ter noun [singular]

to have a stutter

Style AWL / stail / noun

1 [count, noncount] a way of doing, making, or saying something

I don't like his style of writing.

2 [count, noncount] the shape or kind of something This store has all the latest styles.

I love your new hairstyle.

3 [noncount] an ability to do things in a way that other people admire

She does everything with style and elegance.

Styl . ish AWL / 'stailiss / adjective

fashionable and attractive

Kate's very stylish.

styl . **ist** / 'starlist / noun [count]

a person whose job is to cut and shape people's hair

sty . lus / 'stailes / noun [count]

(plural sty lus es or sty li / 'stailai /)

(COMPUTERS) a special pen you use to write or draw on some computer screens

sty . ro . foamTM / 'stairəfoum / noun

[noncount]

a very light, soft plastic that is usually white. It is used for packing things so they do not get broken.

SUD . ject 🥯 / 'sʌbdʒɪkt / noun [count]

1 the person or thing that you are talking or writing about What is the subject of the talk?

2 something you study at school, college, or university I'm studying three subjects: Math, Physics, and Chemistry.

3 (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) the word in a sentence that does the action of the verb

In the sentence "Sue ate the cake," "Sue" is the subject.

 \rightarrow Look at object 1 (3).

Sub . jec . tive / səb'dʒɛktɪv / adjective

based on your own feelings and opinions, not on the facts a highly subjective point of view → ANTONYM objective

► sub . jec . tive . ly / səb'dʒɛktıvli / adverb

sub let / sab'let / verb

(sub lets, sub let ting, sub let, has sub let) to rent to someone a room, an apartment, etc. that you are renting from someone else

sub ma rine

/ 'sʌbməˌrin / noun

[count]

a ship that can travel underwater



submarine

sub . mit AWL / səb'mıt / verb

(sub mits, sub mit ting, sub mit ted)

to give a plan, a document, etc. to an official organization so that it can be looked at or considered

I submitted my college applications last month.

sub . **scrip** . **tion** / səb'skrıp(n / noun [count] money that you pay, for example to get the same magazine each month or to join a club

I have a subscription to "Vogue" magazine.

sub se quent awl

adjective (formal)

coming after something

the damage caused by the heavy rains and subsequent

►sub .se .quent .ly AWL / 'sʌbsəkwəntli / adverb The rumors were subsequently found to be untrue.

sub stance / 'sabstens / noun [count]

any solid, liquid, or gas

Stone is a hard substance.

chemical substances

sub . stan . tial / səbˈstænʃl / adjective

large in amount or importance

The storms caused substantial damage.

►sub . stan . tial . ly / səbˈstænʃl•i / adverb House prices have fallen substantially.

sub . sti . tute AWL / 'sabstatut / noun [count] a person or thing that you put in the place of another a substitute teacher

▶sub .sti .tute verb

(sub stistutes , sub stistut ing , sub stistut ed) You can substitute margarine for butter.

sub . ti . tles / 'sabtartlz / noun [plural]

words at the bottom of a movie or TV program that tell you what people are saying

It was a French movie with English subtitles.

Sub . tle / 'sʌtl / adjective

not large, bright, or easy to notice subtle colors

There has been a subtle change in her behavior.

sub to tal / sabtout / noun [count]

(MATH) the amount you have after adding some numbers. which is then added to other amounts to give a final total

SUb . **tract** / səb'trækt / verb (sub . tracts ,

sub tract ing, sub tract ed)

(MATH) to take a number away from another number If you subtract 6 from 9, you get 3.

→SYNONYM take away

→ANTONYM add

sub .trac .tion / səb'trækʃn / noun [noncount] The children are learning how to do subtraction.

 \rightarrow Look at addition (1).

sub . **urb** / 'sabərb / noun [count]

(GEOGRAPHY) an area where people live that is outside the central part of a city

We live in the suburbs.

►sub .ur .ban / səˈbərbən / adjective

suburban areas

Sub . Way / 'sabwer / noun [count]

(plural sub ways)

an underground train system in a city the New York City subway

a subway station

(suc .ceeds , suc .ceed .ing , suc .ceed .ed)

to do or get what you wanted to do or get She finally succeeded in getting a job.

I tried to get a ticket for the concert but I didn't succeed.

→ANTONYM fail

'sabsəkwənt / SUC . CESS 🔯 / sək'sɛs / noun

(plural suc .cess .es)

1 [noncount] doing or getting what you wanted; doing well

I wish you success with your studies.

2 [count] someone or something that does well or that people like a lot

The party was a great success.

→ANTONYM failure

SUC . Cess . ful Φ / səkˈsε[fl / adjective

Remember! You spell successful with CC and SS.

If you are **successful**, you have or have done what you wanted, or you have become popular, rich, etc.

a successful actor

The play was very successful.

→ANTONYM unsuccessful

► suc . cess . ful . ly / səkˈsɛ(fəli / adverb

The lawyer successfully argued that his client was innocent.

Such / sats / adjective

1 a word that makes another word stronger

He wears such strange clothes.

It was such a nice day that we decided to go to the beach.

Grammar

So or such?

You use so before an adjective that is used without a noun: It was so cold that we stayed home. ♦ This book is so exciting.

You use such before a noun that has an adjective in front of it: It was such a cold night that we stayed home.

◆ This is such an exciting book!

2 like this or that

There's no such thing as ghosts.

"Can I speak to Mrs. Graham?" "I'm sorry. There's no such person here."

such as

words that you use to give an example

Sweet foods such as chocolate can make you fat.

→SYNONYM like

SUCK / sak / verb (sucks , suck ling , sucked)

1 to pull something into your mouth, using your lips The baby sucked milk from its bottle.

2 to hold something in your mouth and touch it a lot with your tongue

She was sucking a lollipop.

sud . den 🔯 / 'sʌdn / adjective

happening quickly when you do not expect it

His death was very sudden.

a sudden change in the weather

all of a sudden

suddenly

We were watching TV when all of a sudden the lights went

sud . den . ly 🥯 / 'sadnli / adverb

quickly, and when you are not expecting it He left very suddenly.

Suddenly there was a loud noise.

SUC / su / verb (sues, suling, sued)

to go to a court of law and ask for money from a person who has done something bad to you

She sued the company for loss of earnings.

suede / sweid / noun [noncount] a type of soft leather with a rough surface suede boots

suf . fer 5/ 'safer / verb

(suf fers, suf fer ing, suf fered)

to feel pain, sadness, or another unpleasant feeling *She suffers from bad headaches.*

It's not right for children to suffer.

► suf · fer · ing / 'sʌfərɪŋ / noun [noncount] They have experienced so much suffering.

suf . **fi** . **cient** AWL / səˈfɪʃnt / adjective (formal)

as much or as many as you need or want There was sufficient food to last two weeks.

→SYNONYM enough

→ANTONYM insufficient

►suf .fi .cient .ly AWL / səˈfɪʃəntli / adverb

Suf . fix / 'sAfiks / noun [count]

(plural suf .fix .es)

($\mbox{\sc English Language}$ arts) letters that you add to the end of a word to make another word

If you add the suffix "-ly" to the adjective "quick," you make the adverb "quickly."

 \rightarrow Look at prefix.

suf . fo . cate / 'safakeit / verb

(suf .fo .cates , suf .fo .cat .ing , suf .fo .cat .ed) to die or to make someone die because there is no air to breathe

►suf · fo · ca · tion / ¡sʌfəˈkeɪʃn / noun [noncount]

sug ar ಶ/ ˈʃʊgər/ noun

[noncount]

a sweet substance that comes from certain plants Do you take sugar in your coffee? Would you like cream and sugar in your coffee?

►sug ar y / ˈʃogəri / adjective

I try to avoid sugary foods.

SUG · Gest > / səgˈdʒɛst ; səˈdʒɛst / verb (sug · gest , sug · gest · ing , sug · gest · ed)

to say what you think someone should do or what should happen

I suggest that you stay here tonight.

Simon suggested going for a walk.

What do you suggest?

a plan or an idea that someone thinks of for someone else to discuss and consider

I don't know what to buy Ally for her birthday. Do you have any suggestions?

May I make a suggestion?

SU . **i** . **Cide** / 'suesaid / *noun* [count, noncount] the act of killing yourself

He committed suicide at the age of 23.

Suit 1 2 / sut / noun [count]

PRONUNCIATION

The word suit sounds like boot.

1 a jacket and pants, or a jacket and skirt, that you wear together and that are made from the same material

→ Look at the picture at clothes .

2 one of the 4 sets that **playing cards** (= cards with numbers and pictures on them that you use for playing games) are divided into

The four suits are hearts, clubs, diamonds, and spades.

3 another word for lawsuit

a divorce suit

Suit 2 / sut / verb (suits , suit .ing , suit .ed)

1 If something **suits** you, it looks good on you *Does this hat suit me?*

2 to be right for you; to be what you want or need *Would it suit you if I came at five o'clock?*

suit .a .ble 5 / 'sutabl / adjective

right for someone or something

This movie isn't suitable for children.

→ANTONYM unsuitable

►suit .a .bly / 'sutəbli / adverb

Tony wasn't suitably dressed for a party.

suit .case / 'sutkers / noun [count]

a large bag with flat sides that you carry your clothes in when you travel $% \left\{ 1\right\} =\left\{ 1\right\}$

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **bag**.

suite / swit / noun [count] a set of connected rooms in a hotel

a set of connected rooms in a hotel We stayed in the honeymoon suite.

Sul . fur / 'salfar / noun [noncount] (symbol S)

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{CHEMISTRY}}$) a natural yellow substance that smells like bad eggs

SUIK / salk / verb (sulks, sulk ing, sulked)

to not speak because you are angry about something She's been sulking all day because her mom wouldn't let her go to the party.

► sulk · y / 'sʌlki / adjective (sulk · i · er, sulk · i · est) I don't like sulky teenagers.

Sul . len / 'sʌlən / adjective

looking upset and not wanting to speak to people a sullen expression

Sum 1 AWL / sam / noun [count]

1 an amount of money

\$100,000 is a large sum of money.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ (MATH) the answer that you have when you add numbers together

The sum of two and five is seven.

Sum 2 AWL / sam / verb

(sums, sum ming, summed)

sum up; **sum something up** to describe in a few words the main ideas of what someone has said or written *To sum up*, *there are three ways of dealing with the problem...*

Can I just sum up what we've agreed so far?

sum · ma · rize AWL / 'sampraiz / verb

(sum ma riz es, sum ma riz ing, sum ma rized)

to describe the main ideas or points of something

You need to summarize your arguments in the final paragraph of the essay.

Sum .ma .ry AWL / 'saməri / noun [count] (plural sum .ma .ries)

a short description of something that gives only the most important information

Here is a summary of the news...

sum . mer 🍮/ 'sʌmər / noun

[count, noncount]

the part of the year between spring and fall *I'm going to Spain in the summer* . a summer vacation

sum .mit / 'sʌmət / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{GEOGRAPHY}}$) the top of a mountain

Sum . mon / 'sʌmən / verb

(sum mon, sum mon ing, sum moned)
(formal)

to order a person to come to a place

The boys were summoned to the head teacher's office.

Sun 🥯 / san / noun

1 the sun [singular] the big round object in the sky that gives us light in the day, and heat *The sun is shining.*

2 [noncount , singular] **light and heat from the sun** *We sat in the sun all morning.*

Sun.

abbreviation of Sunday

sun . bathe / 'sanbeið / verb

(sun_bathes, sun_bath_ing, sun_bathed) to lie in the sun so that your skin becomes darker We sunbathed on the beach.

►sun ·bath ·ing / ˈsʌnbeɪðɪŋ / noun [noncount] Sunbathing is bad for your skin.

sun . **block** / 'sanblak / *noun* [noncount] a cream that you put on your skin to protect it completely from the sun

sun . burn / 'sʌnbərn / noun [noncount]

($\mbox{\sc HEALTH}$) red, painful skin that you get when you have been in the sun for too long

→ Look at suntan.

▶sun . burned / 'sʌnbərnd /

(also **sunburnt** / 'sʌnbərnt /) *adjective* sunburned shoulders

sun .dae / 'sʌndeɪ / noun [count]

a very cold, sweet food ($ice\ cream$) with pieces of fruit, nuts, sweet sauce, etc. on the top

Sun day / 'sander; 'sandi / noun count, noncount (abbreviation Sun.)

the day of the week after Saturday and before Monday, thought of as either the first or the last day of the week

sun . **flow** . **er** / 'sʌnflaʊər / **noun** [count] a very tall plant with large yellow flowers, which farmers grow for their seeds and oil, which are used in cooking

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **flower**.

sung

form of sing

sun . **glass** . **es** / 'sʌnglæsəs / *noun* [plural] dark glasses that you wear in strong light a pair of sunglasses

sunk

form of sink 1

sun . **light** / 'sʌnlaɪt / *noun* [noncount] the light from the sun

The room was full of sunlight.

Sun . ny / 'sʌni / adjective

(sun ni er, sun ni est)

bright and warm with light from the sun a sunny day

Tomorrow will be warm and sunny.

sun . **rise** / 'sʌnraɪz / *noun* [count, noncount] the time in the morning when the sun comes up *They were up before sunrise.*

→SYNONYM dawn

Sun . Screen / 'sanskrin / noun [noncount]

a cream that you put on your skin to protect it from the sun

sun . set / 'sʌnsɛt / noun

[count, noncount] the time in the evening when the sun goes down *The park closes at sunset.*

sunset



sun shine / sanfam / noun

[noncount]

the light and heat from the sun We sat outside in the sunshine.

sun . tan / 'sʌntæn / (also tan) noun

[count

When you have a \mathbf{suntan} , your skin is brown because you have been in the hot sun

I'm trying to get a suntan .

→Look at sunburn.

sun . tanned / 'sAntænd / (also tanned / tænd /)
adjective
suntanned arms

SU . per / 'super / adjective

(informal)

very good

That was a super meal.

→SYNONYM wonderful

Su . perb / su'perb / adjective

very good or beautiful

a superb vacation

The view from the window is superb.

su per fi cial / super fill / adjective

not knowing or thinking about something in a deep or complete way

She only had a superficial knowledge of the subject.

su . per . in . ten . dent / superin'tendent / noun [count]

 $\ensuremath{\mathbf{1}}$ a person who is in charge of all the schools in a particular area

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ a person who is in charge of a building, and makes small repairs to it

su . pe . ri . or / səˈpɪriər / adjective

better or more important than another person or thing *I think ground coffee is superior to instant coffee.*

→ANTONYM inferior

su .per .la .tive / səˈpərlətɪv / noun [count]

($\mbox{ENGLISH}$ LANGUAGE ARTS) the form of an adjective or adverb that shows the most of something

"Most intelligent," "best," and "fastest" are all superlatives.

→Look at comparative.

▶su .per .la .tive adjective

"Youngest" is the superlative form of "young."

SU . **per** . **mar** . **ket** / 'supər_,markət / *noun* [count] a big store where you can buy food and other

things for your home $\rightarrow Look$ at grocery store.

Word building

In a supermarket, you put the things you want to buy in a **shopping cart** or a **basket** .

You pay for your shopping at the checkout.

su . **per** . **nat** . **u** . **ral** / super nætserel / adjective that cannot be explained by the laws of science It's a story about a boy with supernatural powers.

SU · **per** · **SON** · **ic** / ˌsupərˈsanık / *adjective* (PHYSICS) faster than the speed of sound *a supersonic jet*

SU · **per** · **Star** / 'superstar / *noun* [count] a person, such as a singer or movie star, who is very famous and successful

su . **per** . **sti** . **tion** / _super'stifn / *noun* [count , noncount]

a belief in good and bad luck and other things that cannot be explained

People say that walking under a ladder brings bad luck, but it's just a superstition.

► su · per · sti · tious / ˌsupərˈstɪʃəs / adjective A lot of people are superstitious about the number 13.

su . per . vise / 'supervaiz / verb

(su .per .vis .es , su .per .vis .ing , su .per .vised) to watch someone or something in order to see that people are working or behaving correctly

It was his job to supervise the builders.

► **su** · **per** · **vi** · **sion** / _|**sup**ər 'vıʒn / *noun* [noncount] *Children must not use the pool without supervision.*

►su ·per ·vi ·sor / 'supervaizer / noun [count] a factory supervisor

sup . **per** / 'saper / noun [count]

the last meal of the day

We had supper and then went to bed.

Culture

Breakfast, **lunch**, and **dinner** are the usual meals of the day.

We do not usually use "a" with the names of meals: Let's have lunch together tomorrow.

Sup . ply 1 / səˈplaɪ / verb (sup . plies ,

sup ply ing, sup plied, has sup plied) to give or sell something that someone needs

The school supplies us with books.

The lake supplies water to thousands of homes.

► sup . pli . er / səˈplaɪər / noun [count]

We are the region's biggest supplier of computer equipment.

Sup . ply 2 2 / sə'plaı / noun [count] (plural sup . plies)

a store or an amount of something that you need Food supplies were dropped by helicopter. The water supply was cut off.

Sup . port 1 ²⁰ / səˈpərt / verb

(sup ports , sup port ing , sup port ed)

1 to hold someone or something up, so that they do not fall *The bridge isn't strong enough to support heavy vehicles.*

2 to say that someone or something is right or the best Everyone else said I was wrong, but Paul supported me. a political candidate who supports tougher drug laws

3 to help someone to live by giving things like money, a home, or food

She has three children to support.

Sup . port 2 0 / səˈpərt / noun

1 [noncount] help

Thank you for all your support.

2 [count] something that holds up another thing a roof support

sup . **port** . **er** / sə'pərtər / **noun** [count] a person who supports a politician, a plan, etc.

The political candidate thanked all of his supporters.

SUP . **POP** . **tive** / səˈpərtu̯v / *adjective* giving help or support to someone in a difficult situation *My friends were very supportive when I lost my job.*

SUD . POSE 5 / səˈpoʊz / verb

(sup pos es, sup pos ing, sup posed)

 ${f 1}$ to think that something is probably true or will probably happen

"Where's Jenny?" "I don't know – I suppose she's still at work."

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ a word that you use when you agree with something but are not happy about it

"Can I borrow your pen?" "Yes, I suppose so – but don't lose it."

be supposed to

1 If you **are supposed to** do something, you should do it *They were supposed to meet us here.*

You're not supposed to smoke in this room.

2 If something **is supposed to** be true, people say it is true

This is supposed to be a good restaurant.

sup . pos . ing / səˈpoʊzıŋ / conjunction

if something happens or is true

Supposing we miss the bus, how will we get to the airport?

su . **preme** / səˈprim / adjective

highest or most important the supreme champion

Su . preme Court / sə,prim 'kərt / noun

[singular]

the most important court of law in a country or state **Word building**

The U.S. Government

The government in the U.S. is divided into three parts: the legislative branch , the executive branch , and the judicial branch .

The legislative branch is responsible for making laws. This is the U.S. $\pmb{\text{Congress}}$, which is made up of two groups of people: the $\pmb{\text{Senate}}$ and the $\pmb{\text{House}}$ of $\pmb{\text{Representatives}}$.

The executive branch is led by the president, and includes the vice president and the rest of the Cabinet (= other important politicians).

The judicial branch includes the **Supreme Court** , which is the most important court in the country.

su . **preme** . **ly** / səˈprimli / *adverb* (*formal*) extremely; *He is supremely confident that he can win.*

Sure Description / Surge / Sur

1 knowing that something is true or right I'm sure I've seen that man before.

If you're not sure how to do it, ask your teacher.

→SYNONYM certain

2 If you are sure to do something, you will certainly do it If you work hard, you're sure to pass the exam.

3 (informal) a word you use to make what you say stronger

It sure is hot today.

for sure

without any doubt

I think he's coming to the party, but I don't know for sure.

to check something so that you are certain about it I think the party starts at eight, but I'll call to make sure. Make sure you don't leave your bag on the bus.

sure (informal)

"Can I borrow this book?" "Sure."

sure enough

as I thought

I said they would be late, and sure enough they were.

Sure . ly / 'forli / adverb

a word that you use when you think that something must be true, or when you are surprised

This will surely cause problems.

Surely you're not going to walk all the way home?

SUrf 1 / serf / verb (surfs, surf ing, surfed)

(SPORTS) to stand or lie on a long piece of wood or plastic

(called a surfboard) and ride on a wave surf the Net : surf the Internet

to use the Internet

He spends hours every day surfing the Net.

▶surf .er / 'sərfər / noun [count]

The beach is popular with surfers.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at surfing.

SUrf 2 / sərf / *noun* [noncount]

(GEOGRAPHY) the white part on the top of waves in the

1 the outside part of something

the earth's surface

2 the top of water

She dove below the surface.

surf .board / 'sərfbərd / noun [count]

(SPORTS) a long piece of wood or plastic that you sit or lie on to ride on a wave

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at surfing.

surf ing

/ 'sərfin / noun

[noncount]

(SPORTS) the sport of riding on waves while standing on a

surfboard

His hobbies include surfing photography.

We went surfing in Hawaii.

surfing



[count]

a sudden strong movement in a particular direction by a lot of people or things

There has been a recent surge (= an increase) in demand for electricity.

► surge verb (surg es, surg ing, surged) The crowd surged forward.

sur . **geon** / 'sərdʒən / *noun* [count]

(HEALTH) a doctor who cuts your body to take out or repair a part inside

a brain surgeon

sur · **ger** · **y** / 'sərdʒəri / *noun* [count, noncount] (plural sur .ger .ies)

(HEALTH) cutting a person's body to take out or repair a part inside

He needed surgery after the accident.

sur . **plus** / 'sarplas / *noun* [count, noncount]

(plural surplus es)

an amount that is more than you need Many rich countries have a food surplus.

Sur . prise 1 9 / səˈpraɪz / noun

1 [noncount] the feeling that you have when something happens suddenly that you did not expect

He looked up in surprise when I walked in.

To my surprise, everyone agreed with me.

2 [count] something that happens when you do not

Don't tell him about the party – it's a surprise.

take someone by surprise

to happen when someone does not expect it The news took me completely by surprise.

Sur . prise 2 2 / səˈpraɪz / verb (sur pris es, sur pris ing, sur prised)

to do something that someone does not expect I arrived early to surprise her.

sur . **prised >** / səˈpraɪzd / *adjective*

If you are **surprised**, you feel or show surprise I was surprised to see Jack yesterday - I thought he was in Florida.

Sur . pris . ing / səˈpraɪzɪŋ / adjective

making you feel surprised The news was surprising.

►sur .pris .ing .ly / sərˈpraɪzɪŋli / adverb The exam was surprisingly easy.

Sur . ren . der / səˈrɛndər / verb

(sur ren ders, sur ren der ing , sur ren dered) to stop fighting because you cannot win

After six hours on the roof, the man surrendered to the

►sur ·ren ·der noun [noncount] We will not even consider surrender.

sur · round 🥯 / səˈraʊnd / verb

(sur rounds, sur round ing, sur round ed)

to be or go all around something The lake is surrounded by trees.

The police have surrounded his house.

sur · **round** · **ings** / **s**əˈraʊ**nd**ıŋz / **noun** [plural]

everything around you, or the place where you live I don't like seeing animals in a zoo – I prefer to see them in their natural surroundings.

Sur . Vey AWL / 'sərveɪ / noun [count] (plural sur .veys)

asking questions to find out what people think or do *We did a survey of people's favorite TV shows.*

SUR . **VIV** . **al AWL** / sər'varvl / **noun** [noncount] the state of continuing to live or exist, especially when this is difficult; *Food and water are necessary for survival.*

SUr · Vive AWL / sər'vaıv / verb (sur · vives , sur · viv · ing , sur · vived)

to continue to live in or after a difficult or dangerous time Camels can survive for many days without water. Only one person survived the plane crash.

► sur . vi . vor AWL / sər'vaɪvər / noun [count]

The government sent help to the survivors of the earthquake.

SUS . pect 1 / səˈspɛkt / verb

(sus pects , sus pect ing , sus pect ed)

1 to think that something is true, but not be sure *She suspected that he was lying.*

2 to think that someone has done something wrong but not be sure

They suspect Helen of stealing the money.

The noun is **suspicion**, and the adjective is **suspicious**.

SUS . Pect 2 / 'saspekt / noun [count] a person who is thought to be guilty of a crime The police have ar<u>rested</u> two suspects.

Sus pend AWL / səˈspɛnd / verb

(sus pends , sus pend ing , sus pend ed)

1 to hang something from something else

Colored flags were suspended from the ceiling.

2 to stop something from happening for a time

The bus service was suspended because of bad weather conditions.

3 to send someone away from their school, job, etc. for a period of time, usually as a punishment *Gary was suspended from school for fighting.*

SUS . pense / səˈspɛns / noun [noncount]

the feeling that you have when you are waiting for news or for something exciting or important to happen *Don't keep me in suspense – did you pass?*

Sus .pen .sion AWL / səˈspɛnʃn / noun

1 [count, noncount] not being allowed to go to school or work for a period of time, usually as a punishment Smoking on school property will result in immediate suspension.

2 [noncount, singular] delaying something for a period of time; *The judge announced a suspension of the trial.*

sus . pi . cion / səˈspɪʃn / noun

1 [count, noncount] a feeling that someone has done something wrong

He was arrested on suspicion of murder.

2 [count] an idea that is not totally certain *We have a suspicion that she is unhappy.* The verb is **suspect** .

SUS . pi . cious / səˈspɪʃəs / adjective

1 If you are **suspicious**, you do not believe someone or something, or you feel that something is wrong *The police are suspicious of her story.*

2 A person or thing that is **suspicious** makes you feel that something is wrong

Anyone who sees anything suspicious should contact the police.

► sus . pi . cious . ly / səˈspɪʃəsli / adverb

"What are you doing here?" the woman asked suspiciously.

sus . tain . a . ble AWL / səˈsteməbl / adjective

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ using natural products and energy in a way that does not harm the environment

sustainable farming methods

2 that can continue for a long time *sustainable economic growth*

SUV / ¡ES yu 'vi / noun [count] a type of large, strong car that can go well over rough ground but that many people drive in cities



SWal . low 1 0 / 'swalov / verb

(swal lows, swal low ing, swal lowed)

to make food or drink move down your throat from your mouth

I can't swallow these pills without water.

SWal . **low** 2 / 'swaloo / *noun* [count] a small bird with a long tail

swam

form of swim

SWamp / swamp / noun [count, noncount] (GEOGRAPHY) an area of soft, wet ground

SWan / swan / noun

[count]

a big, white bird with a very long neck. **Swans** live on rivers and lakes.



swan

SWap / swap / verb

(swaps, swap ping, swapped)

to change one thing for another thing; to give one thing and get another thing for it

Do you want to swap chairs with me (= you have my chair and I'll have yours)?

I swapped my CD for Tom's (= I took his and he took mine).

►swap *noun* [singular]

SWarm 1 / sworm / noun [count] a big group of insects that fly a swarm of bees

SWarm 2 / sworm / verb

(swarms, swarm ing, swarmed)

to fly or move quickly in a big group The fans swarmed into the stadium.

SWay / swei / verb (sways, sway ing, swayed) to move slowly from side to side
The trees were swaying in the wind.

SWear > / swer / verb (swears , swear ling , SWeet po .ta .to / 'swit pa,tertoo / noun swore / swor / has sworn / sworn /)

1 to say bad words

Don't swear at your mother!

2 to make a serious promise

He swears that he is telling the truth.

SWear word / 'swer word / noun [count]

SWeat W / swet / verb

(sweats, sweat ing, sweat ed)

to produce liquid through your skin because you are hot, sick, or afraid

The room was so hot that everyone was sweating.

▶sweat noun [count, noncount]

He wiped the sweat from his forehead.

sweat .er / 'sweter / noun [count]

a warm piece of clothing with long sleeves, often made of wool, which you wear on the top part of your body

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at clothes.

sweat . pants / 'swetpænts / noun [plural]

loose, warm pants made of thick cotton, which you wear on the bottom part of your body for playing sports or relaxing

sweat . **shirt** / 'swetfort / noun [count]

a warm piece of clothing with long sleeves made of thick cotton, which you wear on the top part of your body

sweat . **suit** / 'swetsut / noun [count]

a sweatshirt and sweatpants worn together, for playing sports or relaxing in

SWeat . y / 'swetj / adjective

(sweat i er, sweat i est)

covered with sweat

sweaty socks ♦ I'm all hot and sweaty – I need a shower.

SWEED / swip / verb

(sweeps, sweep ing, swept / swept / has swept)

1 to clean something by moving dirt, dust, or garbage away with a brush

I swept the floor.

2 to push something along or away quickly and strongly The bridge was swept away by the floods.

sweep up; sweep something up to remove dirt, dust, or garbage using a brush I swept up the broken glass.

SWeet swit / adjective

(sweet .er, sweet .est)

1 containing or tasting of sugar

Honey is sweet.

2 having or showing a kind character

It was sweet of you to help me.

3 with a good smell

the sweet smell of roses

SWeet . **en** / 'switn / verb

(sweet ens, sweet en ing, sweet ened)

to make something sweet

The tea is sweetened with sugar.

sweet . heart / 'swithart / noun [singular]

a word that you use when speaking to a person that you love; Do you want a drink, sweetheart?

sweet . ly / 'switli / adverb

in a pretty, kind, or nice way

She smiled sweetly.

[count, noncount] (plural sweet po ta toes)

a vegetable that looks like a red potato, but that is orange inside and tastes sweet

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **vegetable**.

SWell / swel / verb

(swells, swell ing, swelled, has swol len

/ 'swoolen / or has swelled)

swell up to become bigger or thicker than normal After he hurt his ankle, it began to swell up.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at swollen 2.

Swell ing / swelin / noun

[count]

(HEALTH) a place on the body that is bigger or fatter than it usually is

The fall caused a swelling on my knee.

swept

form of sweep

SWerve / swarv / verb

(swerves, swerv ing, swerved)

to change direction suddenly so that you do not hit someone or something

The driver swerved when he saw the child in the road.

SWift / swift / adjective (swift er , swift est) quick or fast

We made a swift decision.

►swift .ly / 'swiftli / adverb

She ran swiftly up the stairs.

SWim 🥯 / swim / verb (swims , swim ming ,

swam / swæm / has swum / swam /) to move your body through water

Can you swim?

I swam across the lake.

▶swim *noun* [singular]

Let's go for a swim.

►swim · mer / 'swimar / noun

[count]

He's a good swimmer.

Swim . ming / 'swimin / noun

[noncount]

the sport or activity of swimming

Swimming is my favorite sport.

I go swimming every day.

swim . ming pool / 'swimin pul / (also pool)

noun [count]

a place that is built for people to swim in an indoor swimming pool

swim . suit / 'swimsut / noun

a piece of clothing that you wear to go swimming

→SYNONYM bathing suit,

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **snorkel**.

swim trunks / 'swim tranks /

(also swim ming trunks / 'swimin tranks /) noun [plural]

short pants that a man or boy wears for swimming a pair of swim trunks

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **dive**.

Swing 1 / swin / verb

(swings, swing ing, swung/swan/has swung)

1 to move backward and forward or from side to side through the air; to make someone or something do this Monkeys were swinging from the trees.

He swung his arms as he walked.

2 to move in a curve The door swung open.

Swing 2 / swin / noun [count] a seat that hangs down and that children can sit on to move backward and forward through the

swings

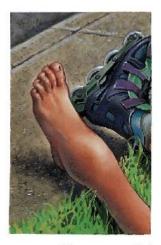


form of swell swollen

swol .len 2

swol .len 1

/ ˈswoʊlən / adjective (HEALTH) (used about a part of the body) thicker or fatter than it usually is a swollen ankle The verb is swell.



a swollen ankle

SWIPE / swarp / verb

(swipes, swip ing, swiped) (informal)

- 1 (informal) to steal something
- 2 to hit or try to hit something by swinging your arm He swiped at the ball and missed.
- 3 to pass a plastic card that has information on it through a machine that can read it

Swipe your credit card here to pay.

switch 1 9 / switf / noun [count]

(plural switch es) a small thing that you press to turn electricity on or off Where is the light switch?

switch



(swoops, swoop ing, swooped) to fly down quickly

SWOOD / swup / verb

The plane swooped down low over the buildings.

SWORD / sord / noun [count]

PRONUNCIATION

The word sword sounds like cord, because we don't say the **w** in this word.

a weapon that looks like a very long, sharp knife

swore, sworn

forms of swear

swum

form of swim

swung

form of swing 1

syl . la . ble / 'silabl / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a part of a word that has one vowel sound when you say it. "Swim" has one syllable and "system" has two syllables.

syl . **la** . **bus** / 'sıləbəs / *noun* [count]

(plural syl la bus es or syl la bi / 'sɪləbaɪ /) a list of all the things that you must study in a class

sym . bol AWL / 'simbl / noun [count]

a mark, sign, or picture that has a special meaning O is the symbol for oxygen.

A dove is the symbol of peace.

sym . bol . ize AWL / 'sımbəlaiz / verb

(sym_bol_iz_es, sym_bol_iz_ing, sym_bol_ized)

to be a symbol of something

The use of light and dark symbolizes good and evil.

→SYNONYM represent

sym . met . rical / sɪˈmɛtrɪkl /

(also sym . met . ric / sr'metrik /) adjective having two halves that are exactly the same symmetrical patterns

sym . me . try / 'simatri / noun [noncount] the state of having two halves that are exactly the same We admired the perfect symmetry of the garden's design.

SWitch 2 swits/ verb

(switch es, switch ing, switched)

to change to something different

I switched to another seat because I couldn't see the screen. switch something off to make a light or a machine stop working by pressing a switch

I switched the TV off.

Don't forget to switch off the lights!

→SYNONYM turn something off

switch something on to make a light or a machine work by pressing a switch Switch the radio on.

→SYNONYM turn something on

switch . **board** / 'swit[bord / noun [count]

the place in a large company where someone answers telephone calls and sends them to the right people

sym . pa . thet . ic / <code>,simpə'θetik / adjective</code> showing that you understand other people's feelings when they have problems

Everyone was very sympathetic when I was sick.

→ANTONYM unsympathetic

►sym · pa · thet · i · cal · ly / ˌsɪmpəˈθεtɪkli / adverb He smiled sympathetically.

sym .pa .thize / 'simpəθaiz / verb

(sym.pa.thiz.es, sym.pa.thiz.ing, sym.pa.thized) to show that you understand someone's feelings when they have problems

I sympathize with you – I have a lot of work to do, too.

sym · **pa** · **thy** / 'simpəθi / *noun* [noncount] understanding of another person's feelings and problems Everyone feels a lot of sympathy for the victims.

sym .pho .ny / 'simfeni / noun [count]
(plural sym .pho .nies)

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{MUSIC}}$) a long piece of music for a lot of musicians playing together

Beethoven's fifth symphony

symp .tom / 'simptem / noun [count]

(HEALTH) something that shows that you have an illness *A sore throat is often a symptom of a cold.*

syn · a · gogue / 'sməgag / noun [count]

($\mbox{\it RELIGION}$) a building where Jewish people go to say prayers and learn about their religion

syn . o . nym / 'smənim / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{ENGLISH}}$ LANGUAGE ARTS) a word that means the same as another word

"Big" and "large" are synonyms.

→ Look at antonym.

syn . tax / 'sintæks / noun [noncount]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{ENGLISH}}$ LANGUAGE ARTS) the system of rules for the structure of a sentence

syn . **the** . **siz** . **er** / ' $sin\theta$ -saizer / noun [count] (MUSIC) an electronic musical instrument that can produce a lot of different sounds

 $syn \cdot thet \cdot ic \ / \ sin' \theta \epsilon tilk \ / \ \emph{adjective}$

made by people, not natural

Nylon is a synthetic material, but wool is natural.

→SYNONYM artificial

sy · ringe / səˈrɪndʒ /

noun [count]

(HEALTH) a plastic or glass tube with a needle that is used for taking blood out of the body or putting drugs into the body syringe



syr · **up** / 'sirəp / noun [noncount]

a thick, sweet liquid made by boiling sugar with water or fruit juice

pancakes with maple syrup

sys . tem 🥯 / 'sistəm / noun [count]

1 a group of things or parts that work together *the subway system*

We have a new computer system at work.

2 a group of ideas or ways of doing something

What system of government do you have in your country?

sys . **tem** . **at** . **ic** / "sistə mætik / *adjective* done in a careful and organized way

The police began a systematic search for the missing boy.

►sys .tem .at .i .cal .ly / ˌsɪstəˈmætɪkli / adverb



PauLT

 T , t / ti / noun [count , $\mathsf{noncount}$]

(plural **T's, t's** / tiz /)

the twentieth letter of the English alphabet "Table" begins with a "T."

ta . ble 🔯 / 'teibl / noun [count]

1 a piece of furniture with a flat top on legs *a coffee table*

2 a list of facts or numbers

There is a table of irregular verbs at the back of this dictionary.

ta . ble . cloth / 'terblkloth / noun [count] a cloth that you put over a table when you have a meal

ta .ble .spoon / 'teiblspun / noun [count]

1 a large spoon that you use for serving or measuring food → Look at the picture at spoon.

2 (also **ta** ble spoon ful / 'terbl_ispunful /) the amount that a **tablespoon** holds *Add two tablespoons of sugar.*

→ Look at teaspoon.

tab . let / 'tæblet / noun [count]

(HEALTH) a small, hard piece of medicine that you swallow *Take two of these tablets before every meal.*

→SYNONYM pill

ta .ble ten .nis / 'teibl tenes / noun

[noncount] another word for Ping-Pong™

tab . loid / 'tæbloid / noun [count]

a newspaper with small pages, a lot of pictures, and short, simple articles

tack / tæk / noun [count]

another word for thumbtack

tack . le 1 / 'tækl / verb

(tack les, tack ling, tack led)

1 to try to deal with a difficult problem or situation *How should we tackle this problem?*

2 (SPORTS) to stop another player by pulling him down in a game of football

tack . le 2 / 'tækl / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{SPORTS}}$) the act of stopping another player by pulling him down in a game of football

tack · **y** / 'tæki / *adjective* (tack · i · er, tack · i · est) (informal)

cheap and of bad quality

a store selling tacky souvenirs

tact / tækt / noun [noncount]

knowing how and when to say things so that you do not hurt people

She handled the situation with great tact.

tact . ful / 'tæktfl / adjective

careful not to say or do things that may make people unhappy or angry

That wasn't a very tactful thing to say!

→ANTONYM tactless

▶tact .ful .ly / 'tæktfəli / adverb

He tactfully suggested I should lose some weight.

tac .tic / 'tæktık / noun [count]

a method that you use to achieve something *I don't think this tactic will work.*

1 don't tillik tills tactic will work.

tact . less / 'tæktləs / adjective

saying or doing things that may make people unhappy or angry

It was tactless of you to ask how old she was.

→ANTONYM tactful

►tact .less .ly / 'tæktləsli / adverb

tad . pole / 'tædpool / noun [count]

a small animal with a large black head and a long tail that lives in water. It is the young form of a **frog** .

tag / tæg / noun

1 [count] a small piece of paper or material attached to something, which tells you about it

I looked at the price tag to see how much the dress cost.

2 [noncount] a children's game in which one child chases the others and tries to touch one of them

tail 🔯 / teil / noun

 ${f 1}$ [count] the long, thin part at the end of an animal's body

The dog wagged its tail.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **lion**.

2 [count] the part at the back of something the tail of an airplane

3 tails [plural] the side of a coin that does not have the head of a person on it

→ANTONYM heads

tai .lor / 'teilər / noun [count]

a person whose job is to make clothes for men

tail .pipe / 'teilpaip / noun [count]

a pipe through which waste gases come out, for example on a car

take 💁/ teik / verb

(takes, tak ing, took / tok / has tak en / 'terken /)

1 to move something or go with someone to another place *Mark took me to the train station.*

Take your coat with you - it's cold.

Which word?

Bring or take?

You **bring** something with you to the place where you are going: *Bring your vacation pictures to show me.* ◆ *He always brings me flowers.* ◆ *Can I bring a friend to the party?*

You **take** something to a different place: *Don't forget* to take your passport. ◆ Take an umbrella when you go out today.

2 to put your hand around something and hold it *Take this money – it's yours.*

She took my hand and led me outside.

3 to remove something from a place or a person, often without asking them

Someone has taken my bike.

4 to agree to have something; to accept something If you take my advice, you'll forget all about him.

Do you take credit cards?

5 to need an amount of time

The trip took four hours.

It takes a long time to learn a language.

6 to travel in a bus, train, etc.

I took a taxi to the hospital.

7 to swallow or put a medicine or drug into your body *Don't forget to take your medicine.*

8 a word that you use with many nouns to talk about doing something

Let's take a walk.

I need to take a shower.

Take a look at this picture.

take after someone to be or look like an older member of your family

She takes after her mother.

take something away to remove someone or something

I took the scissors away from the child.

take something back to return something to the place you got it from

I took those pants back to the store – they were too small.

take something down to write something that someone says

He took down my address.

take off When an airplane takes off, it leaves the ground and starts to fly.

→ANTONYM land

take something off

1 to remove clothes from your body

Take off your coat.

→ANTONYM put something on

2 to have time as a vacation, not working

I am taking a week off in June.

take over; take something over to get control of something or responsibility for something

Robert took over the business when his father died.

take up something to use or fill time or space

The bed takes up half the room.

The new baby takes up all her time.

take . off / 'teikof; 'teikaf / noun

[count, noncount]

the time when an airplane leaves the ground and starts to $fly \rightarrow ANTONYM$ landing

take . Out / 'terkaut / (also take-out) noun

[noncount]

food that you buy already cooked from a restaurant to eat somewhere else

It's too late to start cooking now. Let's get some takeout.

▶take .out adjective

a takeout dinner

a takeout restaurant

tale / teil / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a story, usually about things that are not true

fairy tales

tal . ent / 'tælent / noun [count, noncount] a natural ability to do something very well She has a talent for drawing.

tal .ent .ed / 'tæləntəd / adjective having a natural ability to do something well a talented musician

talk 1 2 / tak / verb (talks, talk ling, talked)

to speak to someone; to say words She is talking to her friend on the telephone.

We talked about our vacation.

talk something over to discuss something with someone, especially to try to decide or agree on something I'm not sure what to do - I need to talk it over with my parents.

Thesaurus

talk to say words to another person or other people. You talk to someone in order to give information, show feelings, or share ideas: They talked on the phone for over an hour. ◆ Can I talk to you for a minute? ◆ When they get together, all they talk about is basketball. ◆ We need to talk (= about something serious or important).

speak to talk to someone about something; to have a conversation with someone. You speak to someone in order to try to achieve something or to tell them to do something. Speak is a little more formal than talk: Can I speak with you for a minute? ◆ I've spoken to his parents about his behavior. ◆ The boss would like to speak to you.

discuss to talk and share ideas with other people about a subject or problem, especially in order to decide something. The word discuss is more formal than speak: I need to discuss the matter with my manager before I make a decision. ◆ I am not prepared to discuss this on the phone.

communicate to share and exchange information or ideas with someone. **Communicate** is a little formal, and is often used when the method of communication is important: *She's very good at communicating her ideas to the team.* • We only communicate by e-mail these days.

talk 2 00 / tok / noun

[count]

1 when two or more people talk about something Dave and I had a long talk about the problem.

The two countries are holding talks to try and end the war.

Thesaurus

discussion [count, noncount] talking in detail about something important: a discussion with your classmates about the test ◆ We had a long discussion about what we should do. ◆ The plans are still under discussion (= being talked about).

conversation [count, noncount] an informal talk between two people or a small group: *a phone conversation* ◆ *I* had a long conversation with her yesterday. ◆ The main topic of conversation was the recent election.

talk [count] a conversation between two or more people, often about a problem or something that is important to you: My parents want to have a talk with me about going to college. \spadesuit The two countries are holding talks to try to end the violence.

debate [count] a formal discussion at a public meeting about something important, where people give their different opinions. At the end of the discussion there may be a vote: a debate on health care reform ◆ After a long debate, Congress approved the plan.

chat [count] a friendly, informal conversation with someone, especially about personal things: *I* had a nice chat with Sandy this afternoon. ◆ I just dropped by for a chat – are you free?

2 when a person speaks to a group of people *Professor Wilson gave an interesting talk on Chinese art.*

talk . a . tive / 'tokətiv / adjective

A person who is **talkative** likes to talk a lot.

talk show / 'tak foo / noun [count]

a television program on which famous people are asked questions and talk about their lives

tall 🥯 / təl / adjective (tall er , tall est)

1 higher than other people or things *a tall tree*

Richard is taller than his brother.

→ANTONYM short

 ${\bf 2}$ You use ${\bf tall}$ to say or ask how far it is from the bottom to the top of someone or something

How tall are you?

She's only 5 feet tall.

STYLE

We use **tall**, not **high**, to talk about people: *How tall are you?* ♦ *He's six feet tall.*

tam .bou .rine

/ tæmbəˈrin / noun

[count]

(MUSIC) a round musical instrument with metal disks around the edge. To play it, you hit it or shake it with your hand.





tame 1 / term / *adjective* (tam .er , tam .est) A **tame** animal is not wild and is not afraid of people The birds are so tame they will eat from your hand.

tame 2 / term / verb (tames, tamling, tamed) to make a wild animal easy to control; to make something tame

tam . pon / 'tæmpan / noun [count]

a small roll of cotton material that a woman puts inside her body to take in and hold the blood that she loses once a month

tan 1 / tæn / (also sun tan) noun

 ${f 1}$ [count] a darker color that your skin has when you have spent time in the sun

to get a tan

2 [noncount] a color between yellow and brown

▶tan adjective

You're very tan – have you been on vacation? a tan coat

tan 2 / tæn / *verb* (tans , tan . ning , tanned)

If your skin \boldsymbol{tans} , it becomes darker because you have spent time in the sun

My skin tans really easily.

tan .ger .ine / tændʒə'rin / noun [count] a fruit like a small sweet orange, with a skin that is easy to take off

tan .gle / 'tængl / noun [count]

many things that have become twisted together so that you cannot easily separate the different parts *My hair is full of tangles.*

►tan .gle *verb* (tan .gles , tan .gling , tan .gled) Does your hair tangle easily?

► tan . gled / 'tængld / adjective The string is all tangled. tank / tænk / noun [count]

1 a large container for holding liquid or gas a fuel tank (= in a car)

2 a strong, heavy vehicle with big guns. **Tanks** are used by armies in wars.

tank .er / 'tænkər / noun [count]

a ship or truck that carries oil or gas in large amounts an oil tanker

tan .trum / 'tæntrəm / noun [count]

If a child has a **tantrum**, they cry and shout because they are angry.

tap 1 / tæp / verb (taps, tap. ping, tapped) to hit or touch someone or something quickly and lightly She tapped me on the shoulder.

I tapped on the window.

tap 2 / tæp / noun [count]

1 a light hit with your hand or fingers

They heard a tap at the door.

2 a thing that you turn to make something like water or gas come out of a pipe

Turn off the tap.

→SYNONYM faucet

tap dance / 'tæp dæns / noun [noncount]

a type of dance in which you wear special shoes with pieces of metal on them that make sounds as you dance

tap-dance *verb* (tap-danc es, tap-danc ing, tap-danced)____

tape 1 AWL / terp / noun

1 [noncount] a long, thin piece of material or paper, used for sticking things together

His glasses were held together by tape.

2 [count, noncount] a long, thin piece of plastic material that is used for recording sound, music, or moving pictures, so you can listen to or watch it later *I have the concert on tape*.

Rewind the tape when you're finished.

tape 2 AWL / terp / verb (tapes, tap ing, taped)

1 to fasten something to something else using **tape** 1 (1) *Tape the label to the package before you mail it.*

 ${f 2}$ to put sound, music, or moving pictures on tape 1 (2) so that you can listen to or watch it later

→SYNONYM record

tape meas ure tape measure

/ 'teɪp ˌmɛʒər / *noun* [count]

a long, thin piece of plastic, cloth, or metal for measuring things



tape re .cord .er / 'teip r_{i_i} korder / noun

[count]

a machine that you use for recording and playing sound or music on tape $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$

tap .es .try / 'tæpəstri / noun

[count, noncount] (plural tap es tries)

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{ART}}$) a piece of cloth with pictures on it made from thread in different colors

tar / tar / noun [noncount]

a black substance that is thick and sticky when it is hot, and hard when it is cold. **Tar** is used for making roads.

ta .ran .tu .la / təˈræntʃələ / noun [count]

a large spider covered with hair. **Tarantulas** live in hot countries and sometimes have a poisonous bite.

tar .get AWL / 'target / noun [count]

1 a person, place, or thing that you try to hit when you are shooting or attacking

The bomb hit its target.

2 a result that you are trying to achieve

Our target is to finish the job by Friday.

3 a round object with circles on it, which you try to hit in shooting practice

tart 1 / tart / adjective

with a sharp taste like a lemon

This apple is really tart!

→SYNONYM sour

tart 2 / tart / noun [count]

an open pie (= a type of baked food) filled with sweet food such as fruit

Would you like a piece of apple tart?

task DAWL / tæsk / noun [count]

a piece of work that you must do; a job *I had the task of cleaning the floors.*

taste 1 🕯 / teist / noun

1 [singular] the feeling that a certain food or drink gives in your mouth

Sugar has a sweet taste, and lemons have a sour taste. I don't like the taste of this cheese.

2 [noncount] the power to know about food and drink with your mouth

When you have a cold, you often lose your sense of taste.

3 [count , usually singular] a small amount of food or drink

Have a taste of this fish to see if you like it.

4 [noncount] being able to choose nice things *She has good taste in clothes.*

taste 2 / test / verb (tastes, tast ing, tast ed)

1 to have a particular flavor

This tastes like oranges.

Honey tastes sweet.

2 to feel or know a particular food or drink in your mouth *Can you taste onions in this soup?*

3 to eat or drink a small amount of something, to test its flavor

Taste some of this cheese to see if you like it.

taste . ful / 'teistfl / adjective

attractive and of good quality, and showing that you can choose nice things *tasteful furniture*

→ANTONYM tasteless

► taste · ful · ly / ˈteɪstfəli / adverb

The room was tastefully decorated.

taste · less / 'teistles / adjective

1 likely to make someone feel angry or upset *That was a really tasteless joke.*

2 having little or no flavor

a bowl of tasteless soup

→ANTONYM tasty

3 of bad quality and not attractive, showing that you team O AWL / tim / noun [count] cannot choose nice things tasteless jewelry

→ANTONYM tasteful

tast · y / 'teisti / adjective (tast i er, tast i est) good to eat

The soup was very tasty.

tat .too / tæ'tu / noun [count] (plural tat .toos) a picture on someone's skin, made with a needle and liquid She has a tattoo of a tiger on her shoulder.

▶tat too verb (tat toos, tat too ing, tat tooed) He had a snake tattooed on his arm.

taught

form of teach

taut / tot / adjective

stretched very tight; not loose

The rope should be taut before you attach it.

tax 1 2 / tæks / noun [count] (plural tax es) money that you have to pay to the government. You pay tax

from the money you earn or when you buy things There is a tax on cigarettes in this country.

The president announced plans to cut taxes.

tax 2 / tæks / verb (tax es , tax ing , taxed) to make someone pay tax

tax .a .tion / tækˈseɪʃn / noun [noncount]

the government system that takes money from people to pay for public services, or the money that people have to pay as taxes

The government has promised to reduce taxation.

tax i / 'tæksi / (also tax i cab / 'tæksi kæb / cab) noun [count]

a car that you can travel in if you pay the driver I took a taxi to the airport.

I came by taxi.

tea 🥯 / ti / noun

1 [count, noncount] a brown drink that you make with hot water and the dry leaves of a special plant; a cup of this drink

Would you like a cup of tea?

Two teas, please.

2 [noncount] the dry leaves of a special plant that you use to make tea to drink

tea bag / 'ti bæg / noun [count]

a small paper bag with tea leaves inside. You use it to make

teach D / titf / verb

(teach es, teach ing, taught / tot / has taught)

1 to give lessons to students, for example in a school or college

He teaches English to international students.

2 to show someone how to do something

My mother taught me how to drive.

▶ teach .ing / 'titʃiŋ / noun

[noncount]

modern teaching methods

teach .er 2 / tit[er / noun [count]

a person whose job is to teach He's my English teacher.

tea . ket . tle / 'ti,ketl / noun [count]

another word for kettle

1 (SPORTS) a group of people who play a sport or a game together against another group

Which team do you play for?

a football team

2 a group of people who work together a team of doctors

team . mate / 'timmeit / noun

a member of your team or group

tea . pot / 'tipat / noun [count] a container for making and pouring tea

tear 1 🥯 / tir / noun [count]

PRONUNCIATION

With this meaning, tear sounds like near or cheer. a drop of water that comes from your eye when you cry I was in tears (= crying) at the end of the movie. She read the letter and burst into tears (= suddenly started to cry).

tear 2 2 / ter / verb

(tears, tear ing, tore / tor / has torn / torn /)

PRONUNCIATION

The verb and noun tear 2 and tear 3 sound like hair or care .

1 to damage something by pulling it apart or making a hole in it

She tore her dress on a nail.

I tore the piece of paper in half.

I can't use this bag – it's torn.

2 to come apart; to break

Paper tears easily.

3 to take something from someone or something in a quick and violent way

He tore the bag out of her hands.

4 to move somewhere very fast

He tore down the street.

tear something down to destroy a building

They tore down the old houses and built a shopping mall. tear something up to destroy something by pulling it into small pieces

I tore the letter up and threw it away.

tear 3 / ter / noun

[count]

a hole in something like paper or material that is caused by tearing

You have a tear in your jeans.

tease / tiz / verb (teas es , teas ing , teased) to laugh at someone in a friendly way or in order to upset

Don't pay any attention to him – he's only teasing you.

tea . spoon / 'tispun / noun

[count]

1 a small spoon that you use for putting sugar into tea or

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at spoon.

2 (also tea spoon ful / tispunful /) the amount that a teaspoon holds

→ Look at tablespoon.

tech . ni . cal 🔯 AWL / 'teknıkl / adjective connected with the machines and materials used in science and in making things

The train was delayed due to a technical problem.

tech .ni .cian / tek'nıʃn / noun [count] a person who works with machines or instruments a laboratory technician

tech nique AWL / tek'nik / noun

[count]

a special way of doing something new techniques for learning languages

tech .nol .o .gy DAWL / tek'nalədzi / noun

[count, noncount] (plural tech nol o gies)

knowing about science and about how things work, and using this to build and make things science and technology

recent developments in computer technology

ted .dy bear

/ 'tædi bær / noun [count] a toy for children that looks like a bear





te . di . ous / 'tidies / adjective very long and not interesting a tedious speech

→SYNONYM boring

teen / tin / noun

[count]

a person who is between 13 and 19 years old

▶teen adjective

He's been on the cover of several teen magazines.

teen .ag .er / 'tineidger / noun

[count]

a person who is between 13 and 19 years old

► teen . age / 'tineɪdʒ / (also teen . aged / 'tineɪdʒd /) adjective

comic books for teenage boys

teens / tinz / noun [plural]

the time when you are between the ages of 13 and 19 She is in her teens .

tee . pee / 'tipi / noun [count]

= tepee

teeth

plural of tooth

tel .e .phone 1 2 / teləfoon / noun

a piece of equipment that you use for talking to someone who is in another place

What's your telephone number? Can I make a telephone call?

The telephone's ringing - can you answer it?

→SYNONYM phone

on the telephone

using a telephone to speak to someone *He's on the telephone with his wife.*

tel .e .phone 2 / 'teləfoon / verb

(telle phones, telle phone ing, telle phoned)
(formal)

to use a telephone to speak to someone *I must telephone my parents.*

→SYNONYM phone, call

tel .e .phone di .rec .to .ry

/ ˈtɛləfoʊn dəˌrɛktəri / noun

[count]

(plural tel e phone di rec to ries)

(formal)

a book of people's names, addresses, and telephone numbers

→SYNONYM phone book

tel .e .scope

/ 'tɛləskoup / noun

[count]

a long, round piece of equipment with special glass inside it. You look through it to make things that are far away appear bigger.

telescope



tel . e . vise / 'televarz / verb

(telle visles, telle visling, telle vised)

to show something on television

All of the president's speeches are televised.

1 (also tel e vi sion set / televizn set /)

[count]

a piece of electrical equipment with a screen that shows moving pictures with sound

Can you turn the television on , please?

2 [noncount] things that you watch on a television *I watched television last night.*

What's on TV?

a television program

3 [noncount] a way of sending pictures and sounds so that people can watch them on television

a television documentary

cable TV

Collocations

Television

watching

watch television/TV/a show/a program/a documentary/a repeat

see a commercial/the news

change/switch the channel

turn on/turn off the television/the TV

showing

show a program/a documentary/a commercial/an episode

get low/high ratings

appearing

be on/appear on television/TV/a show/a talk show take part in a show/a game show

do/make a show/a commercial/a documentary

tell 🥯 / tɛl / verb

(tells, tell ing, told / toold / has told)

1 to give information to someone by speaking or writing I told her my new address.

This book tells you how to make bread.

He told me that he was tired.

2 to say what someone must do

Our teacher told us to read this book.

3 to know, guess, or understand something

I can tell that she's been crying because her eyes are red. I can't tell the difference between James and his brother. They look exactly the same!

tell someone off to speak to someone in an angry way because they have done something wrong

I told the children off for making so much noise.

Which word?

Say or tell?

We use say with the actual words that are spoken, or before that in reported speech: "I'm ready," Tom said. Tom said that he was ready.

Notice that you say something to someone: Tom said to Kate that he was ready, but you tell someone something (without to): Tom told Kate that he was ready.

tel . ler / 'teler / noun [count]

a person who works in a bank and whose job is to receive and pay out money

tem . per / 'temper / noun

[count, noncount]

If you have a temper, you get angry very easily

She must learn to control her temper.

lose your temper

to suddenly become angry

She lost her temper with a customer and shouted at him.

tem . per . a . ment / 'temprement / noun [count, noncount]

a person's character, especially how it affects the way they behave and feel

We're lucky that the baby has such a calm temperament.

tem . per . a . ture \(\sqrt{temprats} / \text{temprats} / \text{noun} \) [count]

how hot or cold a thing or a place is

On a hot day, the temperature can reach 100° F. a low temperature

have a temperature

to feel hotter than normal because you are sick

take someone's temperature

to see how hot someone is, using a special instrument (called a thermometer)

tem . ple / 'templ / noun

[count]

a building where people go to say prayers to a god or gods

tem . po / 'tempou / noun [count]

(plural tem .pos)

(MUSIC) the speed of a piece of music music with a slow tempo

for a short time only

The road is temporarily closed for repairs.

→ Look at permanently.

adverb

tem .po .rar .y 🥯 AWL / 'tempə,reri / adiective

tem . po . rar . i . ly AWL / 'tempe'rereli /

Something that is **temporary** lasts for a short time I had a temporary job over the summer.

→ Look at permanent.

tempt / tempt / verb

(tempts, tempt ing, tempt ed)

to make someone want to do or have something, especially something that is wrong

He saw the money on the table, and he was tempted to take it.

▶tempt ing / 'temptin / adjective

That cake looks very tempting!

temp ta tion / temp terin / noun

1 [noncount] a feeling that you want to do something that you know is wrong

I couldn't resist the temptation to open the letter.

2 [count] a thing that makes you want to do something

Don't leave the money on your desk - it's a temptation to thieves.

ten 🥯 / ten / number

ten .ant / 'tenant / noun

[count]

a person who pays money (called rent) to live in or use a

tend / tend / verb (tends, tend ing, tend ed) to usually do or be something

Men tend to be taller than women.

ten . den . cy / 'tendənsi / noun [count]

(plural ten den cies)

something that a person or thing usually does He has a tendency to be late.

ten . der / 'tender / adjective

1 kind, gentle, and loving a tender look

2 Tender meat is soft and easy to cut or bite.

→ANTONYM tough

3 If a part of your body is **tender**, it hurts when you touch

→SYNONYM sore

►ten .der .ly / 'tendərli / adverb

in a kind and gentle way

He touched her arm tenderly.

▶ten .der .ness / 'tendernes / noun

I noncount 1

a feeling of tenderness

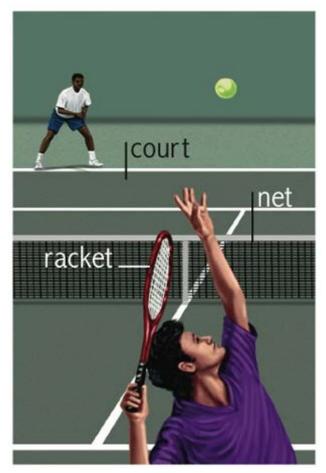
ten . nis / 'tenes / noun

(SPORTS) a game for two or four players, who hit a ball to each other over a net using a piece of equipment (called a racket)

Let's play tennis.

a tennis court (= a place where you play tennis)

tennis



ten .or / 'tener / noun

[count

(MUSIC) a singing voice for a man; a man with this voice *Pavarotti was a famous tenor*.

tense 1 AWL / tens / adjective

1 (used about a person) worried or nervous, and not able to relax

I always feel very tense before exams.

→ANTONYM relaxed

2 (used about a part of the body) tight; not relaxed *tense muscles*

 ${f 3}$ (used about a situation, a time, etc.) in which people feel worried and not relaxed

The atmosphere in the meeting was very tense.

tense 2 AWL / tens / noun [count, noncount]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) the form of a verb that shows if something happens in the past, present, or future

ten . sion AWL / 'tenʃn / noun [noncount]

being worried or nervous, and not able to relax *Tension can give you headaches.*

tent / tent / noun [count]

a kind of small house made of cloth. You sleep in a **tent** when you go camping *We put up our tent.*

ten .ta .cle / 'tentikl / noun [count]

one of the long, thin parts like legs on the body of some ocean animals

An octopus has eight tentacles.

→ Look at the picture at octopus.

tenth $/ \tan \theta / pronoun$, adjective, adverb, noun

1 10th

 ${f 2}$ one of ten equal parts of something; 1/10

te . pee (also tee . pee , ti . pi) / 'tipi / noun [count]

a type of **tent** with a round bottom and a pointed top, used by Native Americans in the past

term / term / noun

 ${f 1}$ [count] a word or group of words connected with a special subject

a computing term

2 [count] one of the periods of time which the academic year is divided into at some colleges and universities *The summer term is from April to July.*

3 terms [plural] the things that people must agree to when they make an arrangement or an agreement *Under the terms of the contract, you must complete all the work by the end of the year.*

ter . mi . nal AWL / 'tərmənl / noun

[count

a building where people begin and end their trips by bus, train, airplane, or ship

The flight to Phoenix departs from Terminal 3.

ter . mi . nate AWL / 'termenert / verb (ter . mi . nates , ter . mi . nat . ing , ter . mi . nat . ed) (formal)

to end, or to make something end

We had no other option but to terminate the contract.

ter .mi .nol .o .gy / terməˈnalədʒi / noun [count, noncount] (plural ter .mi .nol .o .gies) the special words that are used in a particular job, subject, or activity

That journal uses a lot of medical terminology.

term pa . per / 'tərm ˌpeɪpər / noun

[count

a long piece of writing that a student does for a particular class

ter . race / 'teres / noun

[count

a flat place outside a house or restaurant We had our lunch on the terrace.

ter . rain / təˈreɪn / noun [noncount]

(GEOGRAPHY) a type of land

That trail has a lot of rough terrain.

ter . ri . ble 🔯 / ˈtɛrəbl / adjective

very bad

She had a terrible accident.

The food in that restaurant is terrible!

ter . ri . bly / ˈtɛrəbli / adverb

1 very

I'm terribly sorry!

2 very badly

He played terribly.

ter . ri . fic / təˈrɪfɪk / adjective

(informal)

very good; excellent

What a terrific idea!

ter . ri . fied / 'terəfaid / adjective

very afraid

He is terrified of dogs.

Thesaurus

afraid feeling fear; worried that something bad might happen. This word cannot come before a noun, so you can say "the man is afraid" but NOT "an afraid man": Are you afraid of spiders? ◆ Alex is afraid of going out after dark. ◆ We were afraid to go into the cave. ◆ He's afraid that he'll fall.

scared a more informal word than afraid, which is used more in spoken than written English: I'm really scared of heights. ◆ Everyone was too scared to move.

◆ The thieves **got scared** and ran away. ◆ Are you **scared about** the exam tomorrow?

frightened a more formal word than *afraid*, which is used more in written than spoken English: *a frightened child* \spadesuit *She is not frightened of anything.* \spadesuit *He was frightened that* the glass would break.

terrified very afraid: to be **terrified** of spiders ◆ He was **terrified** that he would fall. ◆ You look terrified!

ter .ri .fy / 'terəfai / verb (ter .ri .fies , ter .ri .fying , ter .ri .fied , has ter .ri .fied) to make someone feel very afraid Spiders terrify Joan.

► ter · ri · fy · ing / 'tɛrəfaɪɪŋ / adjective It was a terrifying experience.

ter . ri . to . ry / 'terəˌtəri / noun [count, noncount] (plural ter . ri . to . ries) (POLITICS) the land that belongs to one country This island was once French territory.

ter . ror / 'terər / noun [noncount] very great fear

He screamed in terror as the rats came toward him.

ter .ror .ism / 'tererran / noun

[noncount]

when a group of people hurt or kill other people, for example by putting a bomb in a public place, in order to try to make a government do what they want the fight against terrorism

ter . ror . ist / 'tererist / noun

[count]

a person who hurts or kills people, for example by putting a bomb in a public place, in order to try to make the government do what they want

a terrorist attack

test 1 2 / test / noun [count]

1 an exam that you do in order to show what you know or what you can do

We have a spelling test every Friday.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ ($\mbox{\scriptsize HEALTH}$) a short medical examination of a part of your body

to have an eye test

The doctors took a blood test.

test 2 / test / verb (tests, test ling, test led)

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ to ask someone questions to find out what they know or what they can do

The teacher tested us on our spelling.

2 to use or look at something carefully to find out how good it is or if it works well

I don't think drugs should be tested on animals. The doctor tested my eyes.

test tube / 'test tub / noun [count]

($\mbox{\sc General Science}$) a long, thin glass tube that you use in chemical experiments

text 1 🥯 AWL / tɛkst / noun

1 [noncount] (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) the words in a book, newspaper, or magazine

This book has a lot of pictures but not much text.

2 [count] another word for text message

3 [count] (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a book or a short piece of writing that you study

Read the text and answer the questions.

text 2 AWL / tekst / verb

(texts, text ing, text ed)

to send someone a written message on a cell phone *He texted me to say he'd arrived in Dallas.*

text . book / 'teksbok / noun [count]

a book that teaches you about something a biology textbook

text mes . sage / 'tekst ,mesid3 / (also text) noun [count]

a message that you send in writing from one cell phone to another

tex .ture / 'tekstfər / noun [count, noncount]

the way that something feels when you touch it *Silk has a smooth texture.*

than / ðən ; ðæn / conjunction, preposition You use "than" when you compare people or things I'm older than him.

You speak Spanish much better than she does. We live less than a mile from the beach.

thank 🚳 / θæŋk / verb

(thanks, thank ing, thanked)

to tell someone that you are pleased because they gave you something or helped you

I thanked her for my birthday present.

→ Look at thanks, thank you.

thank . ful / 'θæηkfl / adjective

happy that something good has happened or that something bad has not happened

I was thankful for a rest after the long walk.

►thank .ful .ly / 'θæηkfəli / adverb

There was an accident, but thankfully no one was hurt.

thanks (exclamation, noun [plural] a word that shows you are pleased because someone gave you something or helped you

Please give my thanks to your sister for her help.

"Here's a cup of coffee for you." "Thanks a lot."

thanks to someone or something

because of someone or something

We're late, thanks to you!

→ Look at thank, thank you.

Thanks . giv . ing / ˌ0ænks'gɪvɪn / (also Thanks .giv .ing Day) noun [count, noncount]

a public holiday in November in the U.S., and in October in Canada $\,$

Are you going home to your parents for Thanksgiving this year?

Culture

Thanksgiving is an important holiday in the U.S. and

People celebrate Thanksgiving by getting together with their families and by thinking about the good things in their lives, especially their families, homes, and food.

Families eat **Thanksgiving dinner** together. This is a special meal of **turkey** with **cranberry sauce**, **sweet potatoes**, **corn**, and other vegetables. This is often followed by **pumpkin pie**.

thank you [©] / 'θæŋk yu / exclamation, noun

words that show you are pleased because someone gave you something or helped you

Thank you for your letter.

"How are you?" "I'm fine, thank you."

→SYNONYM thanks

no, thank you; no, thanks

You use these words to say that you do not want something "Would you like some more coffee?" "No, thank you."

1 (plural those / ðooz /) a word that you use to talk about a person or thing that is there or then

"Who is that boy in the yard?" "That's my brother."

She got married two years ago. At that time, she was a teacher.

 $\boldsymbol{2}\,$ the person or thing already mentioned

A lion is an animal that lives in Africa.

The people that I met were very nice.

I'm reading the book that you gave me.

3 a word that you use to join two parts of a sentence *Jo said that she was unhappy.*

I'm sure that he will come.

I was so hungry that I ate all the food.

4 as much as that

The next town is ten miles from here. I can't walk that far.

thaw $/\theta_0/verb$ (thaws, thaw ing, thawed)

to warm something that is frozen so that it becomes soft or liquid; to get warmer and so become soft or liquid

The ice is thawing. →ANTONYM freeze

the 🥯 / ðə ; ði / article

1 a word that you use before the name of someone or something when it is clear what person or thing you mean *I bought a shirt and some pants. The shirt is blue.*

The sun is shining.

2 a word that you use before numbers and dates *Friday the thirteenth*

I grew up in the nineties.

3 a word that you use to talk about a group of people or things of the same kind

the French (= all French people)

Do you play the piano?

4 a word that you use before the names of rivers, oceans, etc. and some countries

the Mississippi

the Atlantic

the United States of America

the..., the...

words that you use to talk about two things happening together because of each other

The more you eat, the fatter you get.

the .a .ter 🥯 / 'θiətər/ noun

1 [count] a building where you go to see plays *I'm going to the theater this evening.*

2 [count] a building where you go to see movies

→SYNONYM movie theater

 ${f 3}$ [noncount , singular] the work of acting in or creating plays

He's worked in theater for many years.

theft / $\theta \epsilon ft$ / noun [count, noncount]

the crime of stealing something from a person or a place *She was sent to prison for theft.*

I told the police about the theft of my car.

→ Look at thief.

their 🥯 / ðer / adjective

PRONUNCIATION

The word their sounds just like there and they're.

of or belonging to them

What is their address?

theirs 🥯 / ðɛrz / pronoun

something that belongs to them

Our house is smaller than theirs.

them 🥯 /ðəm;ðɛm/pronoun[plural]

 ${\bf 1}$ a word that shows more than one person, animal, or thing

I e-mailed them and then I called them.

I'm looking for my keys. Have you seen them?

2 him or her

If anyone calls, tell them I'm busy.

theme AWL / 0 im / noun [count]

something that you talk or write about

The theme of his speech was "the future of our planet."

theme park / '0im park / noun [count]

a place with a lot of things to do, see, ride on, etc., which are all based on a single idea

The Disney theme parks are famous worldwide.

them . selves 2 / ðəm'sɛlvz / pronoun [plural]

1 a word that shows the same people, animals, or things that you have just talked about

They bought themselves a new car.

2 a word that makes "they" stronger

Did they build the house themselves?

by themselves

1 alone; without other people

The children went out by themselves.

2 without help

They cooked dinner by themselves.

then 🥯 / ðɛn / adverb

1 at that time

I became a teacher in 1999. I lived in Chicago then, but now I live in Atlanta.

I'm going tomorrow. Can you wait until then?

2 next; after that

We had dinner, and then watched a movie.

3 if that is true

If you miss that train then you'll have to get a bus.

the $.\,ol..o..gy$ / $\theta i' al \! = \! d_3 i \, / \, \textit{noun}$ [noncount]

(RELIGION) the study of religion

the . O . ry AWL / 'θιri; 'θiəri / noun [count] (plural the . o . ries)

an idea that tries to explain something

There are a lot of different theories about how life began.

ther .a . pist / 'θετοριst / noun [count]

a person who treats a particular type of illness or problem, or who uses a particular type of treatment *a speech therapist*

ther ·a ·py / 'θετορί / noun [noncount]

a way of helping people who are sick in their body or mind, usually without drugs speech therapy

there 🔯 / ðer / adverb, pronoun

1 a word that you use with verbs like "be," "seem," and "appear" to show that something is true or that something is happening

There's (= there is) a man at the door.

Is there a movie on TV tonight?

There aren't any stores in this town.

2 in, at, or to that place

Don't put the box there – put it here.

Have you been to Portland? I'm going there next week.

→ Look at here.

3 a word that makes people look or listen *Oh look, there's Kate.*

there you are

words that you say when you give something to someone "There you are," she said, giving me a cookie.

there fore 2 / ðerfor / adverb

for that reason

Simon was busy, and therefore could not come to the meeting.

ther . mal / 'Harml / adjective

(PHYSICS) connected with heat thermal energy

ther . mom . e . ter / θərˈmɑmətər / noun

[count]

an instrument that shows how hot or cold something is

thermometers



Ther ⋅ mos[™] / 'θərməs / noun

[count]

(plural Ther .mos .es)

a container like a bottle that keeps a liquid hot or cold

ther $\cdot mo \cdot stat \ / \ \theta \text{-} rm \text{-} stæt \ / \ \textit{noun}$

a thing that controls the heat in a house or a machine by switching it on or off

the .sau .rus / Or'sores / noun

[count

(plural the sau ri / $\theta r sorar$ / or the sau rus es)

a book that has lists of words and phrases with similar meanings

these 🥯 / ðiz / adjective, pronoun [plural]

a word that you use to talk about people or things that are here or now. **These** is the plural form of "this"

These books are mine.

Do you want these?

the . sis AWL / 'tises / noun [count]

(plural the ses / θ isiz /)

a long piece of writing on a particular subject, which you do as part of a college or university degree

She wrote her thesis on early American literature.

they 🥯 / ðei / pronoun [plural]

1 the people, animals, or things that the sentence is about *Jo and David came at two o'clock and they left at six o'clock.*

"Where are my keys?" "They're (= they are) on the table." **2** people

They say it will be cold this winter.

3 a word that you use instead of "he" or "she"

Someone called for you – they said they would call again later.

they'd / deid /

short for they had, they would

they'll / ðeɪl /

short for they will

they're / ðer /

short for they are

they've / derv /

short for they have

thick (thick er, thick est)

1 far from one side to the other

The walls are very thick.

It's cold outside, so wear a thick coat.

→ANTONYM thin

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ You use \boldsymbol{thick} to say or ask how far something is from one side to the other

The ice is six inches thick.

3 with a lot of people or things close together *thick, dark hair*

4 If a liquid is **thick**, it does not flow easily *This paint is too thick*.

→ANTONYM thin

5 difficult to see through

thick smoke

b thick .ness / 'θιknəs / noun [count, noncount] The wood is 3 inches in thickness.

Alabaha asa wasa w

thick .en / '01kan / verb

(thick \cdot ens , thick \cdot en \cdot ing , thick \cdot ened)

to become thick, or to make something thick Keep stirring the mixture until it thickens.

thick . ly / 'θıkli / adverb

in a way that makes a wide piece or a thick layer of something

Spread the butter thickly.

thickly sliced bread

→ANTONYM thinly

thief / 0 if / noun [count] (plural thieves / 0 ivz /) a person who steals something

A thief stole my wallet.

Word building

A **thief** is a general word for a person who steals things, usually secretly and without violence. The name of the crime is **theft**.

A **robber** steals from a bank, store, etc. and often uses violence or threats.

A **burglar** takes things from your house when you are out or asleep: We had burglars while we were on vacation and all my jewelry was stolen.

thigh / θai / noun [count]

the part of your leg above your knee

thin ② / θm / adjective (thin ner, thin nest)

1 not far from one side to the other *The walls in this house are very thin.*

I cut the bread into thin slices. →ANTONYM thick

2 not fat

He's tall and thin.

3 not close together

My father's hair is getting thin. →ANTONYM thick

4 If a liquid is thin, it flows easily like water

The soup was very thin. →ANTONYM thick

Thesaurus

thin is a general word to describe a person who is not fat. It can be used with a positive, negative, or neutral meaning: He's tall and thin. ◆ She has long, thin legs.

lacktriangle You need to eat more. You're too thin! lacktriangle She was looking pale and thin.

→ANTONYM fat

slim is a positive word, meaning thin in an attractive way. It is often used to describe women: How do you manage to stay so slim? ◆ He put his arm around her slim waist.

skinny is a more informal word meaning very thin. It can be used with a negative meaning to describe someone who is too thin: a skinny movie star ◆ He was such a skinny kid. ◆ skinny legs/arms

lean is a positive word, and means thin and healthy. It is often used to describe men: *He had a lean, muscular body.* ◆ *He's tall, lean, and handsome.*

underweight describes a person who weighs less than the normal or expected amount. It is used by doctors or health professionals: She's dangerously underweight.

→ANTONYM overweight

thing 🥯 / θιŋ / noun

1 [count] an object

What's that red thing?

2 [count] what happens or what you do

A strange thing happened to me yesterday.

That was a difficult thing to do.

3 [count] an idea or a subject

We talked about a lot of things.

4 things [plural] objects, clothes, or tools that belong to you or that you use for something

Have you packed your things for the trip?

Thesaurus

stuff

(informal)

a substance or a group of things or activities: What's that green stuff at the bottom of the bottle? \spadesuit You can just put your stuff on the chair over there. \spadesuit I can't go out. I have lots of stuff to do at home.

things objects, clothes, or tools that you own or that you use for something: Bring your swimming things. ◆ Where can I put my things? ◆ Put your things (= coat, etc.) on and let's go.

belongings the things you own that can be moved: She packed her belongings in a bag, and left. • Please make sure you have all your belongings with you when leaving the plane.

property (formal)

a thing or things that belong to someone: This building is government property. lacktriangle The bag contained stolen property.

5 things [plural] the situation or conditions of your life *How are things with you?*

think 💁 / θιηk / verb

(thinks, think ing, thought / θ ot / has thought)

1 to have an opinion about something; to believe something

I think it's going to rain.

"Do you think Sara will come tomorrow?" "Yes, I think so ." (= I think that she will come)

I think they live in Boston, but I'm not sure.

What do you think of this music?

2 to use your mind

Think before you answer the question.

I often think about that day.

3 to intend or plan to do something

He's thinking about leaving his job.

We're thinking of moving to Canada.

think of something to have something in your mind *I can't think of her name.*

think something over to consider something carefully I'll think over your offer and let you know tomorrow.

think something up to create something in your mind *I need to think up a title for my book.*

thin . ly / 'Omli / adverb

in a way that makes a thin piece of something *Slice the potatoes thinly.*

→ANTONYM thickly

1 3rd

2 one of three equal parts of something; 1/3

the Third World / ðə dərd wərld / noun

[singular]

a way of describing the poorer countries of the world

thirst / θərst / noun [noncount]

the feeling you have when you want to drink something

thirst . y 🥯 / 'θərsti / adjective

(thirst i er, thirst i est)
If you are thirsty, you want to drink something I'm thirsty. Can I have a drink of water, please?

→ Look at hungry.

thir . teen 🥯 / .θərˈtin / number 13

▶thir teenth / θər'tinθ / pronoun, adjective, adverb, noun [count] 13th

thir . ty 🥯 / ˈθərti় / number

1 30

2 the thirties [plural] the numbers, years, or temperatures between 30 and 39

in your thirties

between the ages of 30 and 39

►thir . ti . eth / 'θərtijəθ / pronoun, adjective, adverb, noun [count] 30th

this 1 / ðis / adjective, pronoun (plural these / ðiz /)

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ a word that you use to talk about a person or thing that is close to you in time or space

Come and look at this photo.

This is my sister.

These boots are really comfortable.

How much does this cost?

2 a word that you use with periods of time that are 2 thinking about other people connected to the present time

I am on vacation this week.

What are you doing this evening (= today in the evening)?

this 2 / ðis / adverb

The road is not usually this busy (= not as busy as it is now).

this .tle / 'θısl / noun [count]

a plant with sharp, pointed leaves and purple flowers

thong / θοη / noun [count]

1 a simple, open shoe with a narrow part that goes between your big toe and the toe next to it

2 a type of underwear that has a very narrow piece of cloth, like a string, at the back

thorn / θorn / noun [count]

a sharp point that grows on a plant Rose bushes have thorns.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at plant.

thor ough / 'baroo / adjective

careful and complete

The police made a thorough search of the house.

thor ough by / 'barali; 'barouli / adverb

1 carefully and completely

He cleaned the room thoroughly.

2 completely; very or very much I thoroughly enjoyed the movie.

those 🥯 / ðooz / adjective, pronoun [plural]

a word that you use to talk about people or things that are there or then. **Those** is the plural form of "that"

I don't know those boys. She went to college in the 1980s. In those days, students didn't have their own computers.

Can I have one of those?

though 🥯 / ðov / conjunction, adverb

PRONUNCIATION

The word though sounds like go .

1 despite something

I was very cold, though I was wearing my coat. Though she was in a hurry, she stopped to talk. I went to the party, even though I was tired.

→SYNONYM although

2 but

I thought it was right, though I wasn't sure.

3 however

I like him very much. I don't like his wife, though.

as though

in a way that makes you think something

The house looks as though no one lives there.

I'm so hungry – I feel as though I haven't eaten for days!

thought 1 form of think

thought 2 2 / Oot / noun

1 [count] an idea

Have you had any thoughts about what you want to do thrift store / 'Orift stor / noun when you leave school?

2 [noncount] thinking

After a lot of thought, I decided not to take the job.

thought ful / 'θotfl / adjective

1 thinking carefully

She listened with a thoughtful look on her face.

It was very thoughtful of you to cook us dinner.

→SYNONYM kind, considerate

thought . less / 'Ootles / adjective

not thinking about other people

It was very thoughtless of them to leave the room in such a

→SYNONYM inconsiderate

thou sand 2 / 'θaoznd / number

a thousand people

two thousand and fifteen

There were thousands of birds on the lake.

►thou sandth / $\theta a v z n \theta$ / pronoun, adjective, adverb, noun [count]

thread

lthread

needle

1.000th

thread 1 9

/ θred / noun [count,

noncount]

PRONUNCIATION The word

thread sounds like red .

a long, thin piece of cotton, wool, etc.

I need a needle and thread.

thread 2 / Ored / verb

(threads, thread ing, thread ed) to put thread through the hole in a needle

to thread a needle

threat 🥯 / θrεt / noun [count]

1 a promise that you will hurt someone if they do not do what you want

He was accused of making threats against the police.

2 a person or thing that may damage or hurt someone or something

Pollution is a threat to the lives of animals and people.

threat .en 🕯 / 'θrεtn / verb

(threat lens , threat len ling , threat lened)

1 to say that you will hurt someone if they do not do what you want

They threatened to kill everyone on the plane.

She threatened him with a knife.

2 to seem ready to do something bad

The dark clouds threatened rain.

►threat en ing / 'θrεtnin / adjective threatening behavior

three 🥯 / Ori / number

threw

form of throw

a store that sells clothes and other goods given by people, in order to make money for charity

thrill 1 / θrɪl / noun [count]

a sudden strong feeling of excitement

It gave me a big thrill to meet my favorite actor in person.

thrill 2 / θ rıl / *verb* (thrills , thrill ing , thrilled)

to make someone feel very excited or pleased

This band has thrilled audiences all over the world.

►thrill ing / 'θrilin / adjective

a thrilling adventure

thrilled / Orild / adjective

very happy and excited

We are all thrilled that you won the prize.

thrill .er / 'θriler / noun [count]

an exciting book, movie, or play about a crime

throat 🥯 / θroot / noun [count]

1 the front part of your neck

2 the part inside your neck that takes food and air down from your mouth into your body

I have a sore throat.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **body**.

throb / θrab / verb

(throbs, throb bing, throbbed)

to make strong, regular movements or noises; to beat strongly

His finger was throbbing with pain.

throne / θrown / noun [count]

a special chair where a king or queen sits

through 🥯 / θru / preposition, adverb

PRONUNCIATION

The word through sounds like you.

1 from one side or end of something to the other side or end

We drove through the tunnel.

What can you see through the window?

She opened the gate, and we walked through.

2 from the beginning to the end of something

We traveled through the night.

3 until, and including

We'll be in New York Tuesday through Friday.

4 because of someone or something

She got the job through her father.

5 connected by telephone

Can you put me through to Jill Knight, please?

I tried to call you but I couldn't get through.

be through with someone or something

to be finished with someone or something Are you through with that magazine?

through out / oru'aut / preposition, adverb

1 in every part of something

We painted the house throughout.

She is famous throughout the world.

2 from the beginning to the end of something

They talked throughout the movie.

throw \bigcirc / θ **ro** σ / verb (throws , throw \cdot ing , threw / θ ru / has thrown / θ roon /)

PRONUNCIATION

The word **throw** sounds like **go**.

1 to send something through the air by pushing it out of your hand

Throw the ball to Alex.

The boys were throwing stones at people.

2 to do something quickly and without care

She threw on her coat (= put it on quickly) and ran out of the house.

3 to move your body or part of it quickly

He threw his arms up.

throw something away or out to get rid of garbage or something that you do not want

Don't throw that box away.

throw someone out to force someone to leave a place They'll throw you out if you don't pay the rent!

throw up to bring food up from the stomach and out of

I feel like I'm going to throw up.

→SYNONYM vomit

throw noun [count]

What a good throw!

thrust / θrast / verb

(thrusts, thrust ing, thrust, has thrust)

to push someone or something suddenly and strongly

She thrust the money into my hand.

▶thrust noun [count]

He killed her with a thrust of the knife.

thud / θλd / noun

the sound that a heavy thing makes when it hits something The book hit the floor with a thud.

thug / θλg / noun

[count]

a violent person

thumb 🥯 / θλm / *noun* [count]

PRONUNCIATION

The word thumb sounds like come, because we don't say the letter **b** in this word.

thumbtacks

the short thick finger at the side of your hand

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **hand**.

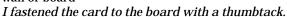
thumb .tack

 $/ \theta_{\Lambda}$ mtæk / (also tack)

noun

[count] a short pin with a flat round top, which you use

for fastening paper to a wall or board



thump / θ_Amp / verb

(thumps, thump ing, thumped)

1 to hit someone or something hard with your hand or a heavy thing

He thumped on the door.

2 to make a loud sound by hitting or beating hard Her heart was thumping with fear.

thun .der 1 / 'θλndər / noun

[noncount]

a loud noise in the sky when there is a storm

There was thunder and lightning.

Word building

When there is a storm, you hear thunder and see lightning in the sky.

Cyclones , hurricanes , tornadoes , and typhoons are large, violent storms.

thun .der 2 / 'θʌndər / verb

(thun ders, thun der ing, thun dered)

1 When it thunders, there is a loud noise in the sky during a storm

It thundered all night.

2 to make a very loud, deep noise

The trucks thundered along the road.

thun . der . storm / 'θληder, storm / noun

a storm with a lot of rain, thunder, and flashes of light (called lightning) in the sky

Word building

When there is a storm, you hear thunder and see **lightning** in the sky.

Cyclones , hurricanes , tornadoes , and typhoons are large, violent storms.

Thurs day \(\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \text{'\theta} \) / \(\text{'\theta} \rightarrow \text{'\theta} \) / \(\text{fours out} \) / \(\text{fours out} \) / \(\text{fours out} \) / \(\text{fours} \) / \(\text{fours out} \) / \(\text{fours} \) / \(\text{fours out} \) noncount] (abbreviation Thurs.)

the day of the week after Wednesday and before Friday

thus / ðas / adverb (formal)

1 because of this

He was very busy and was thus unable to come to the meeting.

2 in this way

Hold the wheel in both hands, thus.

tick 1 / tik / verb (ticks, tick ling, ticked) (used about a clock) to make short, repeated sounds I could hear a clock ticking.

tick 2 / tik / noun [count]

1 one of the short, repeated sounds that a clock makes

2 a very small animal with eight legs, like an insect, which bites animals or people and sucks their blood

tick .et 🥯 / 'tɪkət / noun [count]

1 a piece of paper or card that you buy to travel, to go into a theater, to watch a sports event, etc.

Do you want a one-way or a round-trip ticket? a theater ticket

2 an official piece of paper that you get when you park in the wrong place, drive too fast, etc. The **ticket** tells you how much money you have to pay as a punishment He got a ticket for speeding on the highway.

tick . et of . fice / 'tiket ,ofes / noun [count] a place where you buy tickets

tick . le / 'tikl / verb

(tick les, tick ling, tick led)

1 to touch someone lightly with your fingers to make them laugh

She tickled the baby's feet.

2 to have the feeling that something is touching you lightly My nose tickles.

tick . lish / 'tiklif / adjective

If a person is ticklish, they laugh easily when someone tickles them.

tic-tac-toe / tik tæk 'tov / noun [noncount] a game for two players in which each person tries to win by writing three O's or three X's in a line

tide / taid / noun [count]

(GEOGRAPHY) the movement of the ocean toward the land and away from the land

The tide is coming in .

The tide is going out.

Word building

High tide is when the ocean is nearest the land Low tide is when the ocean is farthest from the land.

ti .dy / 'taɪdi / adjective (ti .di .er , ti .di .est) with everything in the right place Her room is very tidy.

→SYNONYM neat →ANTONYM messy

tie 1 ²² / taɪ / *verb* (ties , ty .ing , tied , has tied)

1 to attach or fasten something using rope, string, etc.

I tied my hair back with a ribbon.

I tied a scarf around my neck.

The prisoner was tied to a chair.

2 (SPORTS) to end a game or competition with the same number of points for both teams or players

Jenny tied with Sara for third place.

tie someone up to put a piece of rope around someone so that they cannot move

The robbers tied up the owner of the store.

tie something up to put a piece of string or rope around something to hold it in place

I tied up the package with string. The dog was tied up in the yard.

→ANTONYM untie

tie 2 🥯 / taɪ / noun

1 [count] a long, thin piece of cloth that you wear around your neck with a shirt

→SYNONYM necktie, Look at the picture at clothes.

2 [count] (SPORTS) when two teams or players have the same number of points at the end of a game or competition The game ended in a tie.

3 ties [plural] a connection between people or organizations

Police believe he had ties to the Mafia.

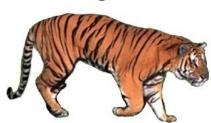
ti ger

/ 'taiger / noun

[count]

a wild animal like a big cat, with yellow fur and black lines (stripes). Tigers live in Asia.

tiger



1 fastened firmly, so that you cannot move it easily a tight knot

I can't open this jar - the lid is too tight.

→ANTONYM loose

2 Tight clothes fit very close in a way that is often uncomfortable

These shoes are too tight.

tight pants

▶ tight (also tight | ly / 'tartli /) adverb

Hold tight!

I tied the string tightly around the box.

tight en / taitn / verb

(tight ens, tight en ing, tight ened) to become tighter, or to make something tighter

Can you tighten this screw?

→ANTONYM loosen

tight . rope / 'taitroup / noun [count]

a rope or wire high above the ground. People (called acrobats) walk along tightropes as a form of entertainment.

tights / taits / noun [plural]

a thin piece of clothing that a woman or girl wears over her feet and legs

a pair of tights

tile / tail / noun [count]

a flat, square object. We use **tiles** for covering roofs, walls, and floors.

▶tile verb (tiles, til ing, tiled)

Dad is tiling the bathroom.

till / til / conjunction, preposition (informal)

= until

They didn't arrive till six o'clock.

tilt / tilt / verb (tilts, tilt ing, tilt ed)

to have one side higher than the other; to move something so that it has one side higher than the other *She tilted the tray, and all the glasses fell off.*

tim . ber / 'timber / noun [noncount] wood that we use for building and making things

time 1 2 / tam / noun

1 [noncount , singular] a period of seconds, minutes, hours, days, weeks, months, or years

Time passes quickly when you're busy.

They have lived here for some time (= for a long time). I don't have time to help you now — I'm late for school. It takes a long time to learn a language.

2 [count, noncount] a certain point in the day or night, which you say in hours and minutes

"What time is it?" "It's twenty after six."

What's the time?

Can you tell me the times of buses to Boston, please? It's time to go home.

By the time (= when) we arrived they had eaten all the food.

3 [count] a certain moment or occasion

I've seen this movie four times.

Come and visit us next time you're in Seattle.

4 [count] an experience; something that you do *We had a great time on vacation.*

5 [count] a period in the past; a part of history *In Shakespeare's time, not many people could read.*

all the time

very often, or always

"Do you ever go to the movies?" "Oh, all the time."

at a time

together; on one occasion

The elevator can carry six people at a time.

at one time

in the past, but not now

We were in the same class at one time.

at the time

then

My family moved to Brooklyn in 1996 – I was four at the time.

at times

sometimes

A teacher's job can be very difficult at times.

for the time being

now, but not for long

You can stay here for the time being, until you find an apartment.

free time; spare time

time when you do not have to work or study

What do you do in your free time?

from time to time

sometimes; not often

I see my cousin from time to time.

have a good time

enjoy yourself

Have a good time at the party!

in time

not late

If you hurry, you'll arrive in time for the movie.

in a week's, two months', a year's time

after a week, two months, a year

I'll see you in two weeks' time.

it's about time

(informal)

words that you use to say that something should be done now

It's about time you started studying if you want to pass the exam.

on time

not late or early

My train was on time.

spend time

to use time to do something

I spend a lot of time playing tennis.

take your time

to do something slowly

tell time

to read the time from a clock or watch

Can your children tell time?

time after time ; time and time again

many times
time 2 / tam / verb (times, timling, timed)

1 to plan something so that it will happen when you want *The bomb was timed to explode at six o'clock.*

2 to measure how much time it takes to do something *We timed the walk – it took two hours.*

time lim . it / 'taım _limət / noun [count] an amount of time in which something must be done The time limit for the test is one hour.

time-out / taim aut / (also time out) noun [count]

(SPORTS) a short period of rest during a sports game

tim .er / 'taimer / noun [count]

a machine, or part of a machine, that measures time

times 1 / taimz / preposition (symbol x)

(MATH) multiplied by

Three times four is twelve $(3 \times 4 = 12)$.

times 2 / tamz / noun [plural]

a word that you use to show how much bigger, smaller, more expensive, etc. one thing is than another *Los Angeles is six times bigger than Memphis.*

time zone / 'taim zoon / noun [count]

one of the 24 areas that the world is divided into, each with its own time

New York is in the Eastern time zone.

tim . id / 'timed / adjective

shy and easily afraid

→SYNONYM shy

▶tim .id .ly / 'tımədli / adverb

She opened the door timidly and came in.

tin / tin / noun [noncount] (symbol Sn)

(CHEMISTRY) a soft, white metal a tin roof

tin . gle / 'tingl / verb

(tin gle, tin gling, tin gled)

If a part of your body **tingles**, it feels like a lot of small sharp points are pushing into your skin

His cheeks tingled as he came in from the cold.

ti ny / 'tami / adjective (ti ni er , ti ni est) verv small

Ants are tiny insects.

tip 1 / tip / noun [count]

1 the pointed or thin end of something

the tips of your fingers

2 a small, extra amount of money that you give to someone who has done a job for you

I left a tip on the table.

3 a small piece of advice

She gave me some useful tips on how to pass the exam.

tip 2 / tip / verb (tips , tip .ping , tipped)

1 to move so that one side goes up or down; to move something so that one side goes up or down Don't tip your chair back.

2 to turn something so that the things inside fall out She opened a can of beans and tipped them into a bowl.

3 to give someone an extra amount of money to thank them for something they have done for you as part of their job

Do you tip taxi drivers in your country?

tip over; tip something over to turn over; to make something turn over

The boat tipped over and we all fell in the water. Don't tip your drink over!

ti .pi / 'tipi / noun [count] (plural ti .pis) = tepee

tip .toe / 'tiptou / verb

(tip toes, tip toe ing, tip toed)

to walk quietly on your toes

He tiptoed into the bedroom.

on tiptoe

standing or walking on your toes with the rest of your feet off the ground

I can reach it if I stand on tiptoe.

tire D / 'tarər / noun [count]

a circle of rubber around the outside of a wheel, for example on a car or bicycle

I think we have a flat tire (= a tire with not enough air inside).

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at car.

tired \(\text{'taiard} \) / 'taiard / adjective

needing to rest or sleep

I've been working all day, and I'm tired.

He's feeling tired.

be tired of something

to have had or done too much of something, so that you do not want it any longer

I'm tired of watching TV – let's go out.

tir ing / 'taierin / adjective

making you feel tired a tiring trip

tis . sue / 'tɪʃu / noun

1 [count] a thin piece of soft paper that you use to clean your nose

a box of tissues

→SYNONYM Kleenex™

2 [noncount] (BIOLOGY) all the cells that form the bodies of humans, animals, and plants

tis . sue pa . per / 'tɪʃu ˌpeɪpər / noun

[noncount]

thin paper that you use for wrapping things

ti ta ni um / tartemiam / noun

[noncount](symbol Ti)

(CHEMISTRY) a hard, silver-gray metal that is often used with other metals to make strong, light materials

ti .tle 🕯 / 'taɪtl / noun

[count]

1 the name of something, for example a book, movie, or picture

What is the title of this poem?

2 a word like "Mr.," "Mrs.," or "Doctor" that you put in front of a person's name

TM

abbreviation of trademark

to 🥯 / tə ; tu / preposition

1 a word that shows direction

She went to Italy.

James has gone to school.

This bus goes to the city center.

2 a word that shows the end or limit of something

The museum is open from 9:30 to 5:30.

Jeans cost from \$20 to \$45.

3 a word that shows the person or thing that receives something

I gave the book to Paula.

He sent a letter to his parents.

Be kind to animals.

4 on or against something

He put his hands to his ears.

They were sitting back to back.

5 a word that shows how something changes

The sky changed from blue to gray.

6 a word that you use for comparing things

I prefer football to tennis.

7 a word that shows why

I came to help.

8 a word that shows how many minutes it is before the hour

It's two minutes to six.

9 (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a word that you use before verbs to make the **infinitive** (= the simple form of a verb) I want to go home.

Don't forget to write.

She asked me to go but I didn't want to (= to go).

toad / tood / noun

[count]

a small animal with rough skin that lives in or near

 \rightarrow Look at frog.





toast / toost / noun

1 [noncount] a thin piece of bread that you have cooked so that it is brown

I had a slice of toast and butter for breakfast.

2 [count] the act of holding up a glass of wine and wishing someone happiness or success before you drink They drank a toast to the new president.

▶toast *verb* (toasts, toast ing, toast ed) toasted sandwiches

We all toasted the bride and groom (= at a wedding).

toast .er

/ 'touster / noun machine

[count] making toast (1)

toaster



to .bac .co / təˈbækoʊ / noun [noncount] special dried leaves that people smoke in cigarettes and pipes

to .bog .gan / təˈbagən / noun [count]

a type of flat board that people use for traveling down hills on snow for fun

to .day 🥯 / təˈdeɪ / adverb, noun [noncount]

1 this day; on this day What should we do today?

Today is Friday.

2 the present time; at the present time Most families in the U.S. today have a car.

→SYNONYM nowadays

tod .dler / 'tadler / noun [count] a young child who has just started to walk

toe 2 / too / noun [count]

1 one of the five parts at the end of your foot

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at leg.

2 the part of a shoe or sock that covers the end of your foot

toe . nail / 'tooneil / noun [count]

the hard part at the end of your toe

to . geth . er 🥯 / təˈqɛðər / adverb

1 with each other or close to each other John and Lisa usually walk home together.

Stand with your feet together.

They live together.

2 so that two or more things are joined to or mixed with each other

Tie the ends of the rope together. Add these numbers together.

Mix the eggs and sugar together.

toi . let 🥯 / 'torlat / noun [count]

a large bowl with a seat, which you use when you need to get rid of waste from your body

toi . let pa . per / 'toilet ,peiper / noun [noncount]

paper that you use to clean your body after using the toilet

toi . let . ries / 'to:lətriz / noun [plural]

things such as soap or a brush that you use when you wash yourself, do your hair, etc.

to .ken / 'tooken / noun [count]

1 a small thing that you use to show something else This gift is a token of our friendship.

2 a piece of paper, plastic, or metal that you use instead of money to pay for something a book token

told form of tell

tol .er .ant / 'talarant / adjective

letting people do things even though you do not like or understand them

We must be tolerant of other people's beliefs.

▶tol .er .ance / 'talərəns / noun [noncount] tolerance of other religions

tol .er .ate / 'talareit / verb

(tol er ates, tol er at ing, tol er at ed)

to let people do something even though you do not like or understand it

He won't tolerate rudeness.

toll / tool / noun [count]

1 money that you pay to use a road or bridge The highway toll is \$4.

2 [usually singular] the number of people who were killed or injured by something

The death toll has now reached 5,000.

to .ma .to 🥯 / təˈmeɪtoʊ / noun [count]

(plural to .ma .toes)

a soft, red fruit that you eat cold in salads or cook as a

 $tomato soup \rightarrow Look$ at the picture at vegetable.

tomb / tum / noun [count]

a place where a dead person's body is buried, often one with a stone above it

tomb . stone / 'tumstoon / noun [count]

a large, flat stone on the place where a person is buried (their grave) showing their name and the dates when they

to . mor . row 🥯 / təˈmɑroʊ / adverb, noun [noncount]

the day after today; on the day after today

Let's go swimming tomorrow.

I'll see you tomorrow morning.

We are going home the day after tomorrow.

ton / tan / noun

1 [count] a unit for measuring weight, equal to 2,000 pounds

2 tons [plural] (informal)

a lot

He has tons of money.

tone / toon / noun

1 [count, noncount] the way that someone's voice sounds

I knew he was angry by the tone of his voice.

2 [singular] the general quality or style of something The tone of the meeting was optimistic.

3 [count] a sound that you hear on the telephone Please speak after the tone.

tongs / tanz / noun [plural]

a tool with two parts that you use for holding things or picking things up

tonas



tongue 🥯 / tʌŋ / noun [count]

PRONUNCIATION

The word tongue sounds like young.

the soft part inside your mouth that moves when you talk or eat \rightarrow Look at the picture at mouth.

tongue-twist .er / 'tʌŋ ˌtwɪstər / noun

[count] words that are difficult to say together quickly "She sells seashells by the seashore" is a tongue-twister.

to . night \(\sigma \) tə naıt / adverb, noun [noncount] the evening or night of today; on the evening or night of today

I'm going to a party tonight.

Tonight is the last night of our vacation.

too 🔯 / tu / adverb

1 also

Green is my favorite color, but I like blue too.

2 more than you want or need

These shoes are too big.

She put too much milk in my coffee.

took form of take

tool / tul / noun [count]

a thing that you hold in your hand and use to do a special job

Hammers and saws are tools.

tooth $^{\circ}$ / tu θ / noun [count] (plural teeth / ti θ /)

 $\boldsymbol{1}\,$ one of the hard, white things in your mouth that you use for eating

I brush my teeth after every meal.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **mouth**.

2 one of the long, narrow, pointed parts of an object such as a **comb** (= a thing that you use for making your hair neat)

tooth .ache / 'tuθeik / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{HEALTH}}$) a pain in your tooth

Ì have a toothache.

tooth . brush / 'tuθbraf/ noun [count]

(plural tooth brush es)

a small brush for cleaning your teeth

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **brush**.

tooth paste

/ 'tuθpeist / noun

[noncount]

a substance that you put on your toothbrush and use for cleaning your teeth

toothpaste



tooth . pick / 'tuθpik / noun [count]

a short, pointed piece of wood that you use to get pieces of food out from between your teeth

top 1 🕯 / tap / noun

1 [count] the highest part of something *There's a church at the top of the hill.*

→ANTONYM bottom

2 [singular] the highest or most important position to be at the top of your profession

3 [count] a cover that you put on something to close it *Where's the top of this jar?*

4 [count] a piece of clothing that you wear on the top part of your body

I like your top – is it new?

on top

on its highest part

The cake had cream on top.

on top of something

on or over something

A tree fell on top of my car.

top 2 0 / tap / adjective

highest or best

Put this book on the top shelf.

She's one of the country's top athletes.

top . ic 🔯 AWL / 'tapık / noun [count]

something that you talk, learn, or write about *The topic of the discussion was climate change.*

→SYNONYM subject

top . **i** . **cal** AWL / 'tapıkl / *adjective* connected with something that is happening now

a topical joke

torch / tortʃ / noun [count] (plural torch .es)

a long piece of wood with burning material at the end that you carry to give light *the Olympic torch*

tore, torn forms of tear 2

tor .na .do / tor neidou / noun [count]

(plural tor .na .does)

a violent storm with a very strong wind that blows in a circle

Thesaurus

wind air that moves quickly outside: The wind was blowing hard. ◆ The trees were swaying in the wind. ◆ Several trees were blown over in the strong winds. ◆ A gust of wind blew my hat off.

hurricane a violent storm with very strong winds, which starts over the ocean: Many of the buildings here were destroyed in the hurricane. ◆ Hurricane Rita is now approaching the coast of Florida.

tornado a violent storm with very strong winds that move in a circle. There is often also a tall cloud which is narrow at the bottom and wide at the top: A tornado tore through the town yesterday. ◆ The hotel was completely destroyed by a tornado. ◆ a tornado warning breeze a light wind: A light breeze was blowing. ◆ The

flowers were gently moving in the breeze. • a cool/warm breeze

gale a very strong wind: The roof of the school was torn off by the gale. \blacklozenge The gale blew down several trees.

 $tor.pe.do \ / \ tor'pidoo \ / \ \textit{noun} \ [\ \mathsf{count} \]$

(plural tor .pe .does)

a type of bomb in the shape of a long tube, which is fired from a ship that travels under the water (called a $\operatorname{submarine}$)

tor . rent / 'torant / noun [count]

a large amount of water moving very quickly *The rain was coming down in torrents* .

►tor .ren .tial / təˈrɛnʃl / adjective

torrential rain

tor . so / 'torsov / noun [count] (plural tor . sos) the main part of your body, not your head, arms, and legs

tor .til .la / tor tiyə / noun [count]

a type of very thin, round Mexican bread. It is usually eaten hot and filled with meat, cheese, etc.

tor . toise / 'tortes / noun [count]

an animal with a hard shell on its back, which lives on land and moves very slowly

→ Look at turtle.

tor .ture / 'tortfor / noun [noncount]

the act of making someone feel great pain, often to make them give information

His confession was obtained under torture.

▶tor .ture verb

(tor tures, tor tur ing, tor tured)

Many of the prisoners had been tortured.

toss / tos / verb (toss les , toss ling , tossed)

1 to throw something quickly and without care I tossed the paper into the trash.

2 to move quickly up and down or from side to side; to make something do this

The boat was being tossed by the huge waves.

to tal 1 2 / 'toot] / adjective

complete; if you count everything or everyone There was total silence in the classroom.

What was the total number of people at the meeting?

to tal 2 2 / 'tootl / noun [count]

(MATH) the number you have when you add everything

Enter the total at the bottom of the page.

to .tal . ly D / 'tootl•i / adverb completely

I totally agree.

touch 1 2 / tats / verb

(touch les , touch ling , touched)

PRONUNCIATION

The word touch sounds like much .

1 to put a part of your body, usually your hand or finger, onto someone or something

Don't touch the paint – it's still wet.

He touched me on the arm.

2 to be so close to another thing or person that there is no space in between

The two wires were touching.

Her coat was so long that it touched the ground.

3 to make someone feel sad, sorry for someone, grateful,

She told us a sad story that touched our hearts.

touch 2 / tat[/ noun (plural touch es)

1 [count , usually singular] the action of putting a hand or finger on someone or something I felt the touch of his hand on my arm.

2 [noncount] the feeling in your hands and skin that tells you about something

We had to feel our way by touch.

be or keep in touch with someone

to meet, call, or write to someone often Are you still in touch with Kevin? Let's keep in touch.

get in touch with someone

to write to, or call someone

I'm trying to get in touch with my cousin.

lose touch with someone

to stop meeting, calling, or writing to someone I've lost touch with all my old friends from school.

touch . down / 'tatfdaon / noun

1 [count] (SPORTS) (in football) an act of scoring points by carrying the ball over the other team's line, or receiving the ball when you are in this position

2 [count, noncount] the moment when a plane lands

→SYNONYM landing

tough / taf / adjective (tough er, tough est)

1 difficult

This is a tough job.

→SYNONYM hard

2 strict or firm

He's very tough on his children.

→SYNONYM hard →ANTONYM soft

3 very strong

You need to be tough to go climbing in winter.

4 difficult to break or tear

a tough pair of boots

5 Tough meat is difficult to cut and eat.

→ANTONYM tender

tough .en / 'tʌfn / verb

(tough ens, tough en ing, tough ened)

to become or to make something stronger toughened glass

tou .pee / tu'per / noun [count]

a piece of artificial hair that a man wears to cover a part of his head where he has no hair

tour 🥯 / tor / noun [count]

1 a short visit to see a building or city

They gave us a tour of the house. 2 a trip to see a lot of different places

We went on a tour of Europe.

▶tour verb (tours tour ing toured)

We toured Europe for three weeks.

tour .ism / 'torizəm / noun [noncount]

the business of arranging vacations for people The country earns a lot of money from tourism.

tour . ist 🔯 / 'torist / noun [count]

a person who visits a place on vacation

tour . na . ment / 'tornement / noun [count]

(SPORTS) a sports competition with a lot of players or

a tennis tournament

tow / too / verb (tows , tow ling , towed)

to pull a vehicle using a rope or chain My car was towed to a garage.

toward tord; to word / (also to wards / tordz;

tə wərdz /) preposition

1 in the direction of someone or something

We walked toward the river.

I couldn't see her face - she had her back toward me.

2 to someone or something

The people here are always very friendly toward tourists.

3 to help pay for something

Tom gave me \$10 toward Sam's birthday present.

4 near a time or a date

Let's meet toward the end of the week.

It gets cooler toward evening.

tow el (tauel / noun [count]

a piece of cloth that you use for drying yourself I washed my hands and dried them on a towel.

tow .er / 'taver / noun [count]

a tall, narrow building or a tall part of a building *Chicago's Sears Tower* a church tower

town 2 / taun / noun [count]

($\mbox{{\sc GEOGRAPHY}}$) a place where there are a lot of houses, stores, and other buildings

I grew up in a small town in New Jersey. I'm going into town to do some shopping.

town hall / taun hol / noun [count]

a large building that contains the local government offices of a town \rightarrow Look at city hall.

tox .ic / 'taksik / adjective

(HEALTH , CHEMISTRY) containing poison *Toxic waste had been dumped on the site.*

→SYNONYM poisonous

tox .in / 'taksın / noun [count]

a poisonous substance

Pesticides can release toxins into the environment.

toy 🔯 / təɪ / noun [count]

a thing for a child to play with a toy soldier

The children are in the yard playing with their toys.

toys





model train

doll

trace 1 AWL / treis / noun

1 [count, noncount] a mark or sign that shows that a person or thing has been in a place

The police could not find any trace of the missing child. to disappear without trace

2 [count] a very small amount of something *Traces of blood were found at the crime scene.*

trace 2 AWL / tress / verb (trac les , trac ling , traced)

1 to look for and find someone or something

The police traced the gang to a house in Rochester.

2 to put thin paper over a picture and draw over the lines to make a copy

track 1 2 / træk / noun

- **1 tracks** [plural] a line of marks that an animal, a person, or a vehicle makes on the ground *We saw tracks in the snow.*
- **2** [count, noncount] the metal lines that a train runs on *The train had left the tracks.*
- **3** (SPORTS) [count] a special road for races a racing track

Thesaurus

field an area of land used for playing team sports such as baseball, football, and soccer: a baseball/football field \spadesuit The team ran out on the field. \spadesuit The school has its own playing field.

court an area where certain ball games are played: *a* basketball/tennis/squash court ◆ He won after only 52 minutes on the court.

stadium a large place with seats around the sides where you can watch sports: *a football/sports stadium* **ballpark** an area where baseball is played: *The batter hit one right out of the ballpark*.

track an area with a special surface for people or cars to have races on: a running/racing track ◆ track and field events (= which involve running, jumping, and throwing)

 $\boldsymbol{4} \ [\ \text{count} \]$ ($\boldsymbol{\text{MUSIC}}$) one song or piece of music on a CD, tape, or record

Which is your favorite track?

5 (SPORTS) = track and field

keep track of someone or something

to have information about what is happening or where someone or something is

lose track of someone or something

to not have information about what is happening or where someone or something is

I lost all track of time (= forgot what time it was) .

on the right or wrong track

having the right or wrong idea about something That's not the answer, but you're on the right track.

track 2 / træk / *verb* (tracks, track ing, tracked) track someone or something down to find someone or something after looking in several different places

The police have so far failed to track down the attacker.

track and field / $_{\mbox{\tiny l}}$ træk ən $^{\mbox{\tiny l}}$ fild / (also track)

noun [noncount]

(SPORTS) sports such as running, jumping, and throwing

track record / 'træk ˌrɛkərd / *noun* [singular] all the successes and failures a person or organization has had in the past

We are looking for someone with an excellent track record.

trac .tor / 'trækter /

noun [count]

a big, strong vehicle that people use on farms to pull heavy things

tractor



trade 1 / treid / noun

- ${f 1}$ [noncount] (BUSINESS) the buying and selling of things trade between the U.S. and Japan
- **2** [count] an act of exchanging something for something else; *I made a trade of my apple for his cookie.*
- 3 [count, noncount] a job for which you need special skills, especially with your hands

Dave is a plumber by trade.

to learn a trade

4 [count] a particular type of business *the building trade*

trade 2 / treid / verb (trades, trad ing, trad ed)

1 (BUSINESS) to buy and sell things

Japan trades with many different countries.

2 to exchange something for something else *I'll trade my sandwich for yours.*

trade . mark / 'treidmark / noun [count]

(abbreviation TM)

a special mark or name that a company puts on the things it makes and that other companies must not use

trad .er / 'treider / noun [count]

(BUSINESS) a person who buys and sells things

tra . di . tion DAWL / trəˈdɪʃn / noun

[count, noncount]

something that people in a particular place have done or believed for a long time

In the U.S. it's a tradition to eat turkey on Thanksgiving. cultural traditions

tra .di .tion .al AWL / traˈdɪʃənəl / adjective connected with the things that a particular group of people have done or believed for a long time

It is traditional to eat turkey on Thanksgiving. traditional holiday decorations

► tra · di · tion · al · ly AWL / trə ˈdɪʃənəli / adverb Driving trains was traditionally a man's job.

traf .fic 1 0 / 'træfik / noun [noncount]

all the cars and other vehicles that are on a road *There was a lot of traffic on the way to work this morning.*

traf .fic 2 / 'træfik / verb

(traf fics, traf fick ing, traf ficked)

to buy and sell something illegally

He was arrested for trafficking drugs.

► traf · fick · er / 'træfikər / noun [count] a drugs trafficker

traf . **fic jam** / 'træfik dʒæm / *noun* [count] a long line of cars and other vehicles that cannot move or can only move slowly

traf .fic light / 'træfik lant /

(also traf <code>.fic sig .nal</code> / <code>'træfik ˌsignəl</code> /) <code>noun</code> [<code>count]</code> a light that changes from red to yellow to green, to tell cars and other vehicles when to stop and start

→SYNONYM stoplight

trag .e .dy / 'trædʒədi / noun [count]
(plural trag .e .dies)

1 a very sad thing that happens

Her early death was a tragedy.

2 (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a serious and sad play *Shakespeare's "King Lear" is a tragedy.*

 \rightarrow Look at comedy.

trag .ic / 'trædʒık / adjective

very sad

a tragic accident

► trag i cal ly / 'trædʒıkli / adverb He died tragically at the age of 25.

trail 1 / treil / noun [count]

1 a line of marks that show which way a person or thing you to sleep has gone trans

There was a trail of blood across the floor.

2 a path in the country

We followed the trail through the forest.

trail 2 / treil / verb (trails, trail ing, trailed)

to pull something along behind you; to be pulled along behind someone or something

Her skirt was too long, and it trailed along the ground.

trail .er / 'treiler / noun [count]

1 a container with wheels that a vehicle pulls along *The car was towing a boat on a trailer.*

2 a vehicle without an engine, which can be pulled by a car or truck or used as a home when it is parked

3 a small building for people to live in. It is made in a factory and can be moved with a truck.

→SYNONYM mobile home

trail . er park / 'treiler park / noun [count]

an area of land where there are many small buildings (called trailers) that people live in

train 1 🥯 / trem / noun [count]

a number of vehicles that are pulled by an engine along a special track (a railroad line)

I'm going to Boston by train .

We caught the 7:15 train to Philadelphia.

You need to change trains at Chicago.

train 2 / trem / verb (trains, train ing, trained)

1 to teach a person or an animal to do something *He was trained as a pilot.*

2 to make yourself ready for something by studying or doing something a lot

Ann is training to be a doctor.

She's training for the Olympics.

▶train .er / 'tremer / noun [count]

a person who teaches people or animals to do something

train . ee / trei'ni / noun [count]

(BUSINESS) a person who is learning how to do a job *The company hired him as a management trainee.*

train . ing 🥯 / 'tremm / noun [noncount]

the process of getting ready for a sport or job *She is in training for the Olympic Games.*

trai .tor / 'treiter / noun [count]

a person who harms their own country or group in order to help another country or group $% \left(x\right) =\left(x\right) +\left(

tramp / træmp / noun [count]

a person with no home or job, who goes from place to place

tram . ple / 'træmpl / verb

(tram ples, tram pling, tram pled)

to walk on something and damage it with your feet Don't trample on the flowers!

tram . **po** . **line** / 'træmpe'lin / *noun* [count] a piece of equipment for jumping up and down on

trance / træns / noun [count]

a mental state in which you do not notice what is happening around you

He was staring straight ahead, lost in a trance.

I want to transfer \$500 to my savings account.

 $tran \cdot qui \cdot li \cdot zer \ / \ {\it trænkwelaizer} \ / \ {\it noun}$

[count]

(HEALTH) a drug that is used to make you feel calm or help you to sleep

trans fer 1 AWL / 'trænsfər; træns'fər / verb (trans fers, trans fer ring, trans ferred) to move someone or something to a different place

trans . fer 2 AWL / 'trænsfər / noun

1 [count, noncount] moving or being moved to a / trænsporteifn / noun [noncount] different place or situation a transfer of funds

2 [count] a ticket that allows you to change from one bus or train to another without paying more money

trans . form AWL / træns'form / verb

(trans forms, trans form ing, trans formed) to change a person or thing completely

The Internet has transformed people's lives.

▶trans · for · ma · tion AWL / ˌtrænsfərˈmeɪʃn / noun [count, noncount]

The city's transformation has been amazing.

tran . sis . tor / træn'zistər / noun [count]

a small electronic part inside something such as a radio, a television, or a computer

tran . si . tion AWL / træn'zıſn / noun

[count, noncount]

a change from one state or form to another the transition from childhood to adolescence

tran . si . tive / 'trænsətıv / adjective

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) A transitive verb has an object In the sentence "Keith opened the door," "opened" is a transitive verb.

→ANTONYM intransitive

trans · late 2 / 'trænzleit; træns'leit / verb (trans lates, trans lat ing, trans lat ed)

to change what someone has said or written in one language to another language

Can you translate this letter into English for me?

▶ trans · la · tion / trænsˈleɪʃn ; trænzˈleɪʃn / noun [count, noncount]

a translation from English into French

I've only read his books in translation.

▶ trans · la · tor / 'trænsleitər ; 'trænzleitər / noun

She works as a translator.

trans . mit AWL / træns'mit ; trænz'mit / verb

(trans mits trans mit ting trans mit ted) to send out television or radio signals

The concert was transmitted live all over the world.

▶ trans · mit · ter / træns ˈmɪtər ; trænz ˈmɪtər / noun

a piece of equipment that sends out television or radio

trans . par . ent 🥯 / træns pærent / adjective If something is transparent, you can see through it Glass is transparent.

→ANTONYM opaque

trans . plant / 'trænsplænt / noun [count]

(HEALTH) a medical operation where a body part is taken from one person and put into another person to have a kidney transplant

► trans . plant / træns plænt / verb

(trans plants, trans plant ing, trans plant ed) to transplant a liver into another body

trans . port AWL / træn'sport / verb

(trans ports, trans port ing, trans port ed) to carry people or things from one place to another The goods were transported by air.

trans por tation AWL

1 carrying people or things from one place to another the transportation of passengers to and from the airport

2 vehicles that you travel in I usually take public transportation to work.

There is free transportation to the stadium from downtown.

trap 1 / træp / noun [count]

1 a thing that you use for catching animals

The rabbit's leg was caught in a trap.

2 a plan to trick someone

I knew the question was a trap, so I didn't answer it.

trap 2 / træp / *verb* (traps , trap . ping , trapped)

1 to keep someone in a place that they cannot escape from They were trapped in the burning building.

2 to catch or trick someone or something

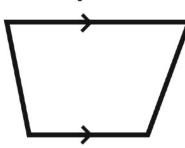
Police are hoping this new evidence could help trap the killer.

trap e zoid

/ 'træpəzəid / noun [count]

(MATH) a flat shape with four straight sides. One pair of opposite sides are parallel (= always the same distance from each other), and the other pair are not.

trapezoid



trash D / træʃ / noun [noncount]

1 things that you do not want anymore old boxes, bottles, and other trash

Don't forget to take out the trash (= carry it outside to be collected).

2 something that you think is bad, stupid, or wrong How can you watch that trash on TV?

→SYNONYM garbage

trash can / 'træʃ kæn / noun

a large container for garbage that you keep outside your

→SYNONYM garbage can

trash y / 'træsi / adjective

(trash i er, trash i est)

of bad quality trashy novels

trau . ma / 'trome ; 'traume / noun

[count, noncount]

a state of great shock or sadness, or an event that causes

the trauma of losing your parents

▶ trau · mat · ic / trəˈmætɪk ; trəˈmætɪk / adjective a traumatic experience

trav . el 1 🥯 / 'trævl / verb

(trav els , trav el ing , trav eled)

to go from one place to another I would like to travel around the world.

I travel to school by bus.

She traveled 500 miles in one day.

trav .el 2 0 / trævl / noun

 ${f 1}$ [noncount] the action of going from one place to another

My hobbies are music and travel.

2 travels [plural] a person's trips to different places, especially places that are far away

You must have seen a lot of interesting places on your travels.

Thesaurus

trip an act of traveling from one place to another, and usually back again. A **trip** can be short or long, and can be for business or pleasure: a **business trip** \spadesuit a round-the-world trip \spadesuit a trip to the grocery store \spadesuit They **took** a **trip** down the river. \spadesuit We just got back from our trip to Japan. We had a great time.

travel the general activity of moving from place to place. With this meaning, travel is a noncount noun. A person's travels are the time he or she spends traveling, especially in foreign countries and for pleasure: air/rail/space travel ◆ Foreign travel is very popular these days. ◆ The book is about her travels around Europe.

journey a long and often difficult trip from one place to another: It was a dangerous journey across the mountains. \spadesuit They continued their journey on foot.

expedition a long, organized trip to find out about a place or to do something special: He led the first expedition to the North Pole. • She made two expeditions to Brazil to study the wild plants.

voyage a long trip by water or in space: The Titantic sank on its first voyage. ◆ The spacecraft began its voyage to Jupiter.

trav .el a .gen .cy / 'trævl ˌeɪdʒənsi / noun [count] (plural trav .el a .gen .cies)

a company that plans vacations and trips for people

trav el a gent / trævl eldgent / noun [count]

a person who works in a travel agency

trav .el .er / 'trævl•ər / noun

[count]

a person who is traveling

 $\textbf{trav} \cdot \textbf{el} \cdot \textbf{er's check} \; / \; {}^{\text{t}} \text{trævl} \cdot \textbf{erz} \; {}_{\text{i}} \textbf{t} \text{f} \epsilon \textbf{k} \; / \; \textit{noun}$

a special check that you can use when you go to other countries

tray / trei / noun

[count]

a flat object that you use for carrying food or drinks

trea . son / 'trizn / noun

[noncount]

the crime of harming your country by helping its enemies

treas . ure 1 / 'treger / noun

[noncount]

a collection of gold, silver, jewelry, or other things that are worth a lot of money

They were searching for buried treasure.

treas . ure 2 / 'treger / verb

(treas ures, treas ur ing, treas ured)

to think that someone or something is very special and important

I will treasure those memories forever.

treas .ur .er / 'tregerer / noun

[count]

a person who is in charge of the money of a club or an organization

treat 1 trit / verb (treats, treat ing, treat ed)

1 to behave in a certain way toward someone or something *How does your boss treat you?*

Treat these glasses with care.

2 to think about something in a certain way

They treated my idea as a joke.

3 to try to make a sick person well again

Several people are being treated for burns.

4 to give yourself or another person something special or enjoyable

I treated the children to ice cream.

treat 2 / trit / noun

[count]

something special or enjoyable that makes someone happy *My parents took me to the theater as a treat for my birthday.*

treat . ment 5 / 'tritment / noun

1 [count, noncount] (HEALTH) the things that a doctor does to try to make a sick person well again a new treatment for cancer

Collocations

Illness

getting sick

catch a cold/the flu/a virus/a bug get sick/a cold/a headache

have a cold/an infection/a fever/a toothache

feel sick/hot/dizzy

treatment

examine a patient

be on medication/antibiotics

get/have a shot/an injection/an X-ray

need/receive/get treatment

 \rightarrow Look at the note at **injury**.

Collocations

Injuries

being injured

hurt/injure yourself/your ankle/your arm

break a bone/your leg/three ribs

bruise/cut/graze your arm/your knee/your shoulder sprain/twist your ankle/your wrist

treatment

examine/clean/disinfect a wound

put on a Band-Aid™/a bandage

be on/take painkillers/antibiotics

 \rightarrow Look at the note at illness.

2 [noncount] the way that you behave toward someone or something

Their treatment of the animals was very cruel.

trea .ty / 'triţi / noun [count]

(plural trea ties)

a written agreement between countries *The two countries signed a peace treaty.*

tree 🥯 / tri / noun

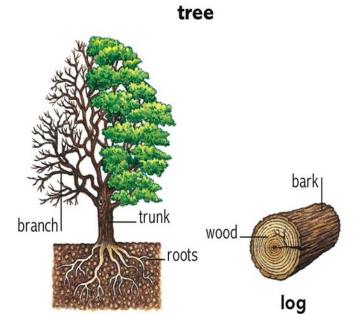
[count]

(BIOLOGY) a big plant that can live for a long time. Trees have a central part (called a **trunk**) and many smaller parts (called **branches**)

an oak tree

TPV Ltd.

Apples grow on trees.



trem . ble / 'trembl / verb

(trem bles, trem bling, trem bled)

to shake, for example because you are cold, afraid, or sick *She was trembling with fear.*

tre . men . dous / tri mendes / adjective

1 very big or very great

The new trains travel at a tremendous speed.

2 very good

The game was tremendous.

► tre · men · dous · ly / tri mendəsli / adverb
The movie was tremendously exciting.

trench / trents / noun [count] (plural trench .es) a long, narrow hole that is dug in the ground, for example to put pipes or wires in

trend AWL / trend / noun [count] a change to something different

new trends in science

trend . y / 'trendi / adjective

(trend .i .er , trend .i .est)

(informal)

fashionable

a trendy new bar

tres . pass / 'trespæs / verb

(tres pass es, tres pass ing, tres passed) to go on someone's land without asking them if you can

►tres .pass .er / 'trɛspæsər / noun [count]

A sign on the gate said "No Trespassers."

tri . al 🥯 / 'tra:əl / noun

[count, noncount]

1 the process in a court of law when people (called the judge and the jury) can decide if a person has done something wrong and what the punishment will be *He was on trial for murder.*

2 the process of testing something to see if it is good or bad *They are conducting trials of a new drug.*

tri .an .gle / 'traiæŋgl / noun [count]

(MATH) a shape with three straight sides

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **shape**.

▶ tri . an . gu . lar / trai¹æŋgyələr / adjective triangular shapes

tribe / traib / noun

[count]

a small group of people who have the same language and customs and who have a leader (called a **chief**)

the Zulu tribes of Africa

▶trib .al / 'traibl / adjective

tribal dances

trib .ute / 'tribyut / noun [count, noncount]

something that you do, say, or give to show that you respect or admire someone

The concert was a tribute to the musician on his 80th birthday.

trick 1 🥯 / trik / noun [count]

1 something that you do to make someone believe something that is not true

They used a trick to get past the guards.

2 something that you have learned to do, especially as a form of entertainment

Do you know any card tricks?

play a trick on someone

to do something that makes someone look silly, in order to make other people laugh

The children played a trick on their teacher by hiding her books.

trick 2 / trik / verb (tricks, trick ing, tricked)

to do something that is not honest to get what you want from someone

He tricked the old lady into giving him all her money.

trick .le / 'trikl / verb

(trick les, trick ling, trick led)

to move slowly like a thin line of water

Tears trickled down her cheeks.

▶ trick · le noun [count , usually singular] a trickle of blood

trick . y / 'triki / adjective

(trick i er trick i est)

difficult; hard to do

a tricky question

tri .cy .cle / 'trassikl / noun [count]

a type of bicycle with three wheels

tried, tries

forms of try

trig ger 1 AWL / 'triger / noun [count]

the part of a gun that you move with your finger to fire it

trig . ger 2 AWL / 'trigar / verb

(trig gers, trig ger ing, trig gered)

to make something happen suddenly

Her cigarette smoke triggered the fire alarm.

trig .o .nom .e .try / ˌtrɪgəˈnamətri / noun

[noncount]

(MATH) the type of mathematics that deals with the relationship between the sides and angles of **triangles** (= shapes with three sides)

tril . lion / 'trilyən / number

1,000,000,000,000; one million million

The country is trillions of dollars in debt.

tril . O . gy / 'trilədʒi / noun [count]

(plural tril o gies)

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a group of three books, plays, or movies that form a set

trim / trim / verb (trims, trim ming, trimmed)

to cut a small amount off something to make it neat He trimmed my hair.

▶trim noun [count]

My hair needs a trim.

tri . O / 'triov / noun [count] (plural tri . os) a group of three people who play music or sing together → Look at quartet.

trip 1 ²² / trip / noun

[count]

a visit to a place; an act of traveling We went on a trip to the mountains. How was your trip?

 \rightarrow Look at round-trip.

Thesaurus

trip an act of traveling from one place to another, and usually back again. A trip can be short or long, and can be for business or pleasure: a business trip ◆ a round-the-world trip ♦ a trip to the grocery store ♦ They took a trip down the river. • We just got back from our trip to Japan. We had a great time.

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voyage a long trip by water or in space: The Titantic sank on its first voyage. • The spacecraft began its voyage to Jupiter.

trip 2 / trip / verb (trips, trip ping, tripped) to hit your foot against something so that you fall or almost

She tripped over the step.

trip someone up to make someone fall or almost fall He put out his foot and tripped me up.

tri . ple / 'tripl / adjective

with three parts, happening three times, or containing three times as much as usual

a triple murder (= in which three people were killed)

▶tri ple verb (tri ples, tri pling, tri pled) to become or to make something three times bigger Sales have tripled this year.

tri .umph / 'traɪʌmf / noun [count, noncount] great success

The race ended in triumph for his team.

tri .um .phant / trai'Amfont / adjective very happy because you have won or succeeded at something

► tri . um . phant . ly / trar / \(\text{nmfantli} / \(adverb \) The winning team ran triumphantly around the stadium.

triv . i . al / 'trivial / adjective

not important

She gets angry about trivial things.

trol . ley / 'trali / noun [count]

(plural trol levs)

an electric bus that runs along metal tracks (called rails) in the road →SYNONYM streetcar

trom . bone / tram'boon / noun [count]

(MUSIC) a large musical instrument. You play it by blowing and moving a long tube up and down.

→ Look at the picture at instrument.

troop / trup / noun

1 troops [plural] soldiers

We sent packages to U.S. troops.

2 [count] a large group of people or animals a troop of elephants

tro .phy / 'troofi / noun

[count]

(plural tro phies)

a thing, for example a silver cup, that you get when you win a competition a tennis trophy

trophy



trop i cal / trapikl / adjective

connected with, or coming from the parts of the world where it is very hot and wet tropical fruit

a tropical island

the trop ics / ðə 'trapıks / noun [plural]

(GEOGRAPHY) the part of the world where it is very hot and wet

trot / trat / *verb* (trots , trot .ting , trot .ted)

to run with short quick steps

The horse trotted along the road.

▶trot noun [singular]

We rode at a steady trot.

trou . ble 1 D / 'trabl / noun

1 [count, noncount] a difficulty or problem We had a lot of trouble finding the book you wanted.

2 [noncount] extra work or effort

"Thanks for your help!" "Oh, it was no trouble ."

He took the trouble to thank everyone individually for their help.

3 [count, noncount] a situation in which people are fighting or arguing

There was trouble after the football game last Saturday.

4 [noncount] (HEALTH) pain or illness

He has heart trouble.

be in trouble

to have problems, for example because you have done something wrong

I'll be in trouble if I'm home late again.

get into trouble

to get into a situation which is dangerous or in which you may be punished

He got into trouble with the police.

go to a lot of trouble

to do extra work

They went to a lot of trouble to help me.

trou . ble 2 / 'trAbl / verb

(trou bles, trou bling, trou bled)

1 to worry someone

I was troubled by the news.

2 (formal) a word that you use when you need to disturb someone by asking them something

I'm sorry to trouble you, but you're sitting in my seat.

→SYNONYM bother

trou . ble . mak . er / 'tr\bl,meikar / noun

a person who deliberately causes trouble

trou .ble .shoot .er / 'trabl, futer / noun

(BUSINESS) a person who helps to solve problems in a company or an organization

trou .ble .shoot .ing / 'trabl, futin / noun [noncount]

trough / trof / noun [count]

a long, open container that holds food or water for animals

trou . sers / 'travzərz / noun [plural] (formal)

a piece of clothing for your legs and the lower part of your body →SYNONYM pants

trout / travt / noun [count, noncount] (plural trout)

a fish that lives in rivers and that you can eat

tru . ant / 'truent / noun [count]

a child who stays away from school when they should be there

truce / trus / noun [count] an agreement to stop fighting for a short time

truck

/ trak / noun

[count] a big vehicle for carrying heavy things a truck driver

truck



true 🔯 / tru / adjective

1 right or correct

Is it true that you are leaving? Seattle is in Oregon: true or false?

→ANTONYM untrue, false

A true friend will always help you. It's a true story (= it really happened).

The noun is **truth**.

come true

to happen in the way that you hoped or imagined Her dream came true.

tru . ly / 'truli / adverb

really

I'm truly sorry.

Yours truly

(formal)

words that you can use at the end of a formal letter before you write your name

trum . pet / 'trampet / noun [count]

(MUSIC) a musical instrument that is made of metal and that you blow

→ Look at the picture at instrument.

trunk / trank / noun

1 the thick part of a tree, which grows up from the ground

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at tree.

2 the part at the back of a car where you can put bags and boxes

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at car.

3 the long nose of an **elephant** (= a very large gray animal)

→ Look at the picture at elephant.

4 a big, strong box for carrying things when you travel

→ Look at swim trunks.

trust 1 2 / trast / noun [noncount]

the belief that someone is honest and good, and will not hurt you in any way

He put his trust in God.

trust 2 2 / trast / verb

(trusts, trust ing, trust ed)

to believe that someone is honest and good, and will not hurt you in any way

I just don't trust him.

You can trust Pat to do the job well.

trust . wor . thy / 'trastwarði / adjective A **trustworthy** person is someone that you can trust.

truth 🥯 / truθ / noun [noncount , singular]

being true; what is true

There is no truth in these rumors.

We need to find out the truth about what happened. Are you telling me the truth?

truth . ful / 'truθfl / adjective

1 true

a truthful answer

2 A person who is **truthful** tells the truth.

▶truth .ful .ly / 'truθfəli / adverb

You must answer me truthfully.

try / trai / verb (tries, try ing, tried, has tried)

1 to make an effort to do something

I tried to remember her name, but I couldn't.

I'm not sure if I can help you, but I'll try.

2 to do, use, or test something in order to see how good or successful it is

Have you ever tried Japanese food?

If that doesn't work, try turning it off and then on again.

3 to ask someone questions in a court of law to decide if they have done something wrong

He was tried for murder.

try and do something

(informal)

to try to do something

I'll try and come early tomorrow.

try something on to put on a piece of clothing to see if you like it and if it is big enough

I tried the jeans on but they were too small.

try something out to test something to find out if it is 2 (also tug boat / tagbout /) a small, strong boat that good enough

I think I'll try out a new recipe tonight.

▶ try noun [count] (plural tries)

I don't know if I can lift the box, but I'll give it a try.

T-shirt / 'tifərt / noun [count]

a kind of shirt with short sleeves and no collar (= the folded part that fits around the neck)

→ Look at the picture at clothes .

tsu .na .mi / tsu'nami / noun [count] (plural tsu .na .mis)

(GEOGRAPHY) a very large wave in the ocean, usually caused by the sudden strong shaking of the ground (called an earthquake)

tub / tab / noun [count]

1 (informal) another word for

bathtub 2 a round container a tub of margarine





tu .ba / 'tubə / noun [count]

(MUSIC) a large musical instrument that makes a low sound when you blow through it Frank plays the tuba in the band.

→ Look at the picture at instrument.

tube 2 / tub / noun [count]

1 a long, thin pipe for liquid or gas

2 a long, thin, soft container with a hole and a covering (called a cap) at one end a tube of toothpaste

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at container.

tuck / tak / verb (tucks, tuck ling, tucked)

1 to put or push the edges of something inside or under something else

He tucked his shirt into his pants.

2 to put something in a small place, especially to hide it or keep it safe

She tucked the letter behind the books.

tuck someone in to make someone feel comfortable in bed by pulling the covers around them I'll come up later and tuck you in.

Tues day 2 / 'tuzder; 'tuzdi / noun [count, noncount] (abbreviation Tues.)

the day of the week after Monday and before Wednesday

tuft / taft / noun [count]

a small amount of something, such as hair or grass, growing together

tug 1 / tag / verb (tugs, tug ging, tugged)

to pull something hard and quickly I tugged at the rope, and it broke.

tug 2 / tag / noun [count]

1 a sudden hard pull

The little girl gave my hand a tug.

pulls big ships

tu . i . tion / tuˈɪʃn / noun [noncount]

money that you pay in order to take classes at a college, university, or private school

He works part-time to help pay his college tuition.

tu . lip / 'tulap / noun [count]

a flower that comes in spring and is shaped like a cup

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **flower**.

tum .ble / 'tambl / verb

(tum bles, tum bling, tum bled)

to fall suddenly

He tumbled down the steps.

tum .bler / 'tambler / noun [count]

a tall glass with straight sides, a flat bottom, and no handle

tum .my / 'tami / noun [count]

(plural tum mies) (informal)

the part of your body between your chest and your legs

→SYNONYM stomach

tu .mor / 'tumər / noun [count]

(HEALTH) a group of cells in the body that is not growing normally because of a disease

a brain tumor

tu .na / 'tunə / noun [count, noncount]

(plural tu .na)

a large fish that lives in the ocean and that you can eat

tune 1 🥯 / tun / noun [count]

(MUSIC) a group of musical notes that make a nice sound when you play or sing them together

I know the tune, but I don't know the words.

tune 2 / tun / verb (tunes, tun ing, tuned)

(MUSIC) to make small changes to a musical instrument so that it makes the right sounds

She tuned her guitar. tune in to listen to a radio program or watch a television program

Tune in at the same time next week for the next episode.

tun . nel 🥯 / 'tʌnl / noun [count]

a long hole under the ground or ocean for a road or railroad The train went through a tunnel.

▶tun .nel verb

(tun nels, tun nel ing, tun neled)

to dig a tunnel under or through the ground

tur . ban / 'tərbən / noun [count]

a covering that some men wear on their heads for religious reasons. You make a turban by folding a long piece of material around and around.

tur . key / 'tərki /

noun [count]

(plural tur keys)

a big bird that people keep on farms, or the meat of this bird. People turkey at Thanksgiving.

turkey



turn 1 2 / tərn / verb (turns, turn ling, turned)

1 to move around, or to move something around

The wheels are turning. ♦ Turn the key.

She turned around and walked toward the door.

2 to move in a different direction

Turn left at the traffic lights.

3 to become different

The weather has turned cold.

4 to make someone or something change

The sun turned her hair blond.

5 to find a certain page in a book

Please turn to page 97.

turn someone away to not allow someone to go into a

The theater had to turn away some people because there were no tickets left.

turn something down

1 to say "no" to what someone wants to do or to give you They offered me the job, but I turned it down.

2 to make something produce less sound or heat by moving a switch

I'm too hot – can you turn the heat down?

turn something in to give your work to a teacher

I have to turn in my essay by Wednesday.

turn into something to become different; to change someone or something into something different

Water turns into ice when it gets very cold.

turn something off to move the handle or switch that controls something, so that it stops

Turn the faucet off.

She turned off the television.

turn something on to move the handle or switch that controls something, so that it starts

Could you turn the light on?

turn out to be something in the end

It turned out to be a fantastic day.

turn something out to switch off a light

Can you turn the lights out before you leave?

turn over; turn something over to move so that the other side is on top; to move something in this way

She turned over and went back to sleep.

If you turn over the page you'll find the answers on the other side.

turn to someone or something to go to someone or something to get help or advice

1 (used about a person) to arrive

Has David turned up yet?

2 to be found

I lost my glasses last week and they haven't turned up yet. turn something up to make something produce more sound or heat by moving a switch

Turn up the TV – I can't hear it.

turn 2 2 / tərn / noun [count]

1 the action of turning something around

Give the screw a few turns.

2 a change of direction

Take a left turn at the end of this road.

3 the time when you can or should do something

It's your turn to do the laundry!

in turn

one after the other

I spoke to each of the students in turn.

take turns

to do something one after the other

You can't both use the computer at the same time. Why between the ages of 20 and 29 don't you take turns?

turn ing point / 'tərnın point / noun [count] a time when an important change happens

Getting that job was a turning point in her career as a journalist.

tur . nip / 'tərnəp / noun [count]

a round, white vegetable that grows under the ground

turn . pike / 'tərnpaik / noun [count]

a wide, fast road that drivers have to pay money to use

turn sig . nal / 'tərn signəl / noun [count]

the flashing light on a car that shows that it is going to turn right or left

tur . quoise / 'tərkwəz / adjective

having a bright color between blue and green

▶tur . quoise noun [noncount]

tur .tle / 'tartl / noun [count]

an animal that lives mainly in the water, moves slowly, and has a hard shell on its back

tusk / task / noun [count]

a long, pointed tooth that grows beside the mouth of an elephant (= a very big gray animal that lives in Africa and

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **elephant**.

tu . **tor** 1 / 'tutər / *noun* [count]

a teacher who teaches one person or a small group in a particular subject

tu .tor 2 / 'tutər / verb

(tu tors, tu tor ing, tu tored)

to give one student or a small group of students extra help in a particular subject

He tutors students in mathematics.

tux .e .do / tʌkˈsidoʊ / *noun* [count]

(plural tux .e .dos)

a black or white jacket and pants that a man can wear to a formal dinner, a wedding, or other occasion

tweezers

TV 🥯 / ˌtiˈvi / *noun* [count, noncount]

television

All rooms have a large TV. What's on TV tonight?

cable TV

tweez ers

/ 'twizərz / noun

[plural]

a small tool made of two pieces of metal joined at one end. You tweezers holding or pulling out very small things

She pulled the splinter

out of her finger with a pair of tweezers.

twelfth / twelfth / pronoun, adjective, adverb, noun [count]12th

twelve 🕯 / twelv / number 12

twen . ty 🥯 / 'twenti / number

1 20

2 the twenties [plural] the numbers, years, or temperatures between 20 and 29

in your twenties

►twen . ti . eth / 'twentiaθ / adjective, adverb, ty .ing pronoun, noun [count] 20th

twice 🖾 / twais / adverb

two times

I've been to Philadelphia twice. He ate twice as much as I did.

twig / twig / noun [count] a small, thin branch of a tree

twi . light / 'twailait / noun [noncount]

the time after the sun has gone down and before it gets completely dark

→Look at dusk.

twin / twin / noun [count]

1 one of two people who have the same mother and were born at the same time

David and John are twins.

I have a twin sister.

2 one of two things that are the same a room with twin beds

twin .kle / 'twinkl / verb (twin .kles,

twin kling twin kled)

to shine with a small, bright light that comes and goes Stars twinkled in the night sky.

twirl / twarl / verb (twirls, twirl ing, twirled) to turn around and around quickly; to make someone or something do this

She twirled around in front of the mirror.

twist 1 9 / twist / verb (twists, twist ing, twist ed)

1 to change the shape of something by turning it in different directions; to turn in many directions She twisted the metal into strange shapes.

The path twists and turns through the forest.

2 to turn something with your hand

Twist the lid off the jar.

3 to turn something around another object many times They twisted the sheets into a rope, and escaped through the window.

4 to hurt part of your body by suddenly turning it in a way that is not natural

She fell and twisted her ankle.

twist 2 noun [count]

1 the action of turning something with your hand, or of turning part of your body

She gave the handle a hard twist.

2 a change in a story or situation that you do not expect It's a story with a twist at the end, which surprised us all.

3 a place where a road or river bends

The car followed the twists and turns of the mountain road.

twitch / twitʃ / verb

(twitch les, twitch ling, twitched)

to make a sudden quick movement with a part of your body Rabbits twitch their noses.

▶twitch noun [count] (plural twitch .es) He has a nervous twitch.

two 🕯 / tu / number

2

in two

into two pieces

The cup fell on the floor and broke in two.

form of tie 1

type 1 🥯 / taip / noun

1 [count] a group of things that are the same in some way An almond is a type of nut.

What type of music do you like?

→SYNONYM kind . sort

2 [noncount] the letters that a machine makes on paper The type was so small I couldn't read it.

type 2 / taip / verb (types, typling, typed) to write something using a machine that has keys, such as a computer or a typewriter

Yesterday I typed another chapter of my book. Can you type?

type . writ . er / 'taipraiter / noun [count] a machine with keys that you use for writing an old electric typewriter

ty . phoon / tar'fun / noun [count]

(GEOGRAPHY) a violent storm with strong winds in a hot country

Word building

When there is a storm, you hear thunder and see lightning in the sky.

Cyclones , hurricanes , tornadoes , and typhoons are large, violent storms.

typ .i .cal 🥯 / 'tɪpɪkl / adjective

Something that is typical is a good example of its kind It is a typical small town.

►typ .i .cal .ly / 'tıpıkli / adverb

The workers here typically earn about \$15 per hour.

ty . po / 'taipou / (plural ty . pos)

a small mistake in something that has been typed Check for any typos in your résumé before you send it.

→ Look at misprint.

ty .rant / 'tairent / noun [count]

(POLITICS) a person with a lot of power, who uses it in a cruel way

▶ty .ran .ni .cal / tr'rænıkl / adjective He was a tyrannical ruler.



U, U / yu / noun [count, noncount]

(plural U's, u's / yuz /)

the twenty-first letter of the English alphabet "Ugly" begins with a "U."

UFO / yu ef 'oo / abbreviation (plural UFOs)

a strange object that some people think they have seen in the sky and that may come from another planet. UFO is short for "unidentified flying object."

Ug . ly [™]/ 'Agli / adjective (ug . li . er , ug . li . est) not pleasant to look at

an ugly face

The house was really ugly.

→ANTONYM beautiful

ul .cer / 'alsər / noun [count]

(HEALTH) a painful area on your skin or inside your body a mouth ulcer

ul . ti . mate AWL / 'Altamat / adjective

happening at the end of a long process Our ultimate goal is independence.

ul . ti . ma . tum / "Altəˈmeɪtəm / noun [count]

a warning to someone that, if they do not do what you ask, you will punish them

The landlord gave them an ultimatum: pay the rent or get out of the apartment.

ul . tra . vi . o . let / ,\lambdaltra varalat / adjective (abbreviation UV)

(PHYSICS) Ultraviolet light cannot be seen, and makes your skin darker

You must protect your skin from harmful ultraviolet rays.

um . brel . la / Am'brela / noun [count]

a thing that you hold over your head to keep you dry when it rains

It started to rain, so I put my umbrella up.

um . pire / 'Ampaier / noun [count]

(SPORTS) a person who watches a game such as baseball or tennis, to make sure the players follow the rules

→ Look at referee.

▶um .pire *verb* (um .pires, um .pir .ing, um .pired) The game was umpired by Jones.

PREFIX

un-

not; the opposite of

un happy

un true (= not true)

un lock

un dress (= to take clothes off)

the UN / ðə yu 'ɛn / short for the United Nations

un . a . ble D / An'eibl / adjective

not able to do something

John is unable to come to the meeting because he is sick.

→ANTONYM able

The noun is **inability**.

un . ac . cept . a . ble / Anak'septabl / adjective

If something is **unacceptable**, you cannot accept or allow

This behavior is completely unacceptable.

→ANTONYM acceptable

u . nan . i . mous / yu'nænəməs / adjective

with the agreement of every person The decision was unanimous.

un . armed / ,\lambdan'armd / adjective

not carrying a gun or any weapon

an unarmed police officer → ANTONYM armed

un . at . trac . tive / Ana træktiv / adjective

not nice to look at →ANTONYM attractive

un · a · void · a · ble / Ana void / adjective If something is unavoidable, you cannot stop it or get away from it

This tragic accident was unavoidable.

→ANTONYM avoidable

un .a .ware AWL / And wer / adjective

not knowing about or not noticing someone or something I was unaware of the danger.

→ANTONYM aware

un bear a ble / Anberebl / adjective

If something is **unbearable**, you cannot accept it because it is so bad

Everyone left the room because the noise was unbearable.

►un .bear .a .bly / ,\n'berəbli / adverb It was unbearably hot.

un . be . liev . a . ble / ,Anbr'livəbl / adjective very surprising or difficult to believe

→SYNONYM incredible

un . bi . ased AWL / ,\Lambda n'baiest / adjective

fair and not affected by your own or someone else's opinions, needs, etc.

We need an unbiased selection process.

→ANTONYM biased

un . born / An'born / adjective

not vet born

her unborn child

un .cer .tain / An'sərtn / adjective

not sure; not decided

I'm uncertain about what to do.

an uncertain future

→SYNONYM unsure

→ANTONYM certain

►un ·cer ·tain ·ty / ʌnˈsərtnti / noun

[count, noncount](plural un cer tain ties)

This decision should put an end to all the uncertainty.

un .cle 🥯 / ˈʌŋkl / noun [count]

the brother of your mother or father, or the husband of your aunt

Uncle John

un .clear / An'klır / adjective

1 not easy to see, hear, know, or understand

It is unclear what the results will show.

2 not completely understanding something; not sure about something

I'm unclear about what you want me to do.

→ANTONYM clear

un . com . fort . a . ble 🔯 / ʌnˈkʌmfərtəbl / adjective

1 not pleasant to wear, sit on, lie on, etc.

The chair was hard and uncomfortable.

→ANTONYM comfortable

2 feeling worried or embarrased, or making someone feel this way

I felt really uncomfortable when they started arguing in front of me.

There was an uncomfortable silence.

►un .com .fort .a .bly / \(\lambda n'k\)\(\lambda mf\)\(\text{prt}\)\(\lambda dverb\)

The room was uncomfortably hot.

un . com . mon / An'kaman / adjective not usual

This tree is uncommon in America.

→SYNONYM rare →ANTONYM common

un . con . scious \overline{10}/ \text{An'kanfəs} / adjective

 ${\bf 1}$ If you are ${\bf unconscious}$, you are in a kind of sleep and you do not know what is happening

She hit her head, and was unconscious for three days.

2 If you are **unconscious** of something, you do not know about it

Mike seemed unconscious that I was watching him.

→ANTONYM conscious

►un .con .scious .ly / \(\lambda n \) kan \(\frac{1}{2} \) ssli / adverb

►un ·con ·scious ·ness / ʌnˈkanʃəsnəs / noun
[noncount]

She slipped into unconsciousness.

un .con .sti .tu .tion .al AWL

/ Ankanstə tujnl / adjective

(**POLITICS**) not allowed by the basic laws or rules (the **constitution**) of a country or organization

un . con . trol . la . ble / ¡Ankənˈtroʊləbl / adjective

If a feeling is **uncontrollable** , you cannot control or stop it

I suddenly got an uncontrollable urge to sneeze.

►un ·con ·trol ·la ·bly / ¡Ankənˈtroʊləbli / adverb He started laughing uncontrollably.

un .con .ven .tion .al AWL

/ ˌʌnkənˈvɛnʃənl / adjective

not following what is considered normal or acceptable by most people

She dresses in a very unconventional way.

→ANTONYM conventional

un . con . vinced AWL / Anken'vinst / adjective

not believing or not certain that something is true *She seemed unconvinced by their promises.*

→ANTONYM convinced

un . cool / ˌʌnˈkul / adjective (informal) not considered acceptable or fashionable *I'm not wearing those shoes – they're so uncool.*

→ANTONYM cool

un . count . a . ble noun / Ankaontabl

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) another word for noncount noun

un .cov .er / An'kAvər / verb

(un cov ers, un cov er ing, un cov ered)

1 to take something from on top of another thing *Uncover the pan and cook the soup for 30 minutes.*

→ANTONYM cover

2 to find out something that was secret *Police uncovered a plot to steal the <u>painting</u>.*

un . de . ni . a . ble AWL / Andrina abl / adjective

clear, true, or certain

It is undeniable that girls mature faster than boys.

un .der 🥯 / ˈʌndər / preposition, adverb

1 in or to a place that is lower than or below something *The cat is under the table.*

We sailed under the bridge.

The boat filled with water, then went under.

2 less than something

If you are under 16, you are not allowed to drive a car.

3 covered by something

I'm wearing a T-shirt under my sweater.

→SYNONYM underneath

4 controlled by someone or something

The team is playing well under the new captain.

5 in a particular state or condition

The building is still under construction (= being built).

PREFIX

under-

1 (in nouns and adjectives) below

under water

under wear (= clothes that you wear under your other clothes)

2 (in nouns) lower in age, level, or position an **under** graduate

3 (in adjectives and verbs) not enough

under cooked

under paid

un . der . age / Ander ends / adjective too young to be allowed by law to do something underage drinking

un . der . cov . er / ,\(^\text{Ander'kAver} / adjective\) working or happening secretly an undercover detective

un .der .dog / 'Anderdog / noun [count]

a person, team, etc. that is weaker than the others, and is not expected to be successful

The underdogs scored at the last minute and won the game.

un .der .es .ti .mate AWL

/ ¡Andərˈɛstəmeit / verb (un.der es.ti.mates, un.der es.ti.mat.ing, un.der es.ti.mat.ed) to think that someone or something is smaller, weaker, less important, etc. than they really are

Don't underestimate her – she's actually very smart. We underestimated how much food we would need.

→ANTONYM overestimate

un .der .go AWL / ¡Andərˈgoʊ / verb

(un der goes, un der go ing, un der went / Ander went / has un der gone / Ander gon; Ander gan /)

to have a difficult or unpleasant experience *She is in the hospital undergoing an operation.*

un . der . grad . u . ate / ¡Andərˈgrædʒuət / noun [count]

a student in college who is studying for their first degree (called a bachelor's degree)

 \rightarrow Look at graduate 1.

un der ground 5 / Andergraund /

adjective

under the ground

an underground parking garage

►un . der . ground / ¡\\`\ndar'\graund / adverb Moles spend most of their time underground.

un .der .growth / 'Andergroυθ / noun [noncount]

bushes and other plants that grow under trees *There was a path through the undergrowth.*

un . der . line / 'Anderlain / verb

(un der lines, un der lin ing, un der lined) to draw a line under a word or words. This sentence is underlined.

un der ly ing AWL '\ndər\laiyin / adjective

important but hidden

the underlying cause of the disaster

un der neath / Ander niθ / preposition, adverb

under or below something

The dog sat underneath the table.

She wore a black jacket with a red sweater underneath.

un .der .pants / 'Anderpænts / noun [plural] a piece of clothing that men or women wear under pants, a skirt, etc.

un .der .pass / 'Anderpæs / noun [count] (plural un .der .pass .es)

a road or path that goes under another road

→Look at overpass.

un .der .shirt / '\u00e4nder,\u00edert / noun [count]

a piece of clothing that you wear under your other clothes on the top part of your body

un .der .stand > / ,\text{\tint}\text{\tint{\text{\tint{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\tint{\text{\text{\tint{\text{\tin}\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\texicr{\text{\texi}\tint{\tex{\texi}\text{\texititt{\text{\texi}\text{\texit{\text{\text{\tex{ (un der stands, un der stand ing,

un .der .stood / ,\(\lambda\)ndər\(\rangle\)stod / has un .der .stood)

1 to know what something means or why something happens

I didn't understand what the teacher said.

He doesn't understand Spanish.

I don't understand why you're so angry.

2 (formal) to know something because someone has told you about it

I understand that you would like to see the manager.

→SYNONYM believe

make yourself understood

to make people understand you

My Italian isn't very good, but I can usually make myself understood.

un . der . stand . ing 1 / Ander stændin /

noun [noncount, singular]

knowing about something

He has a good understanding of computers.

un . der . stand . ing 2 / Ander'stændin /

ready to listen to other people's problems and try to understand them

My parents are very understanding.

→SYNONYM sympathetic

un . der . state . ment / 'Andersteitment /

noun [count]

something you say that makes something seem less important, large, etc. than it really is

It would be an understatement to say the Sahara Desert is

un der stood

form of understand

un .der .tak .er / 'Anderteiker / noun [count] a person whose job is to organize funerals (= the time when dead people are buried or burned)

un der wa ter 🔯 / ˌʌndərˈwətər /

adjective, adverb

below the surface of water

Can you swim underwater?

an underwater camera

un .der .wear 🥯 / 'Anderwer / noun

[noncount] clothes that you wear next to your body, under your other

un .der .weight / ,\text{\ti}\text{\texi{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\tex{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\texi}\tint{\texitilex{\texit{\texi}\text{\texi}\tiex{\text{\texi}\tiex{\texit{\

weighing less than is normal or correct

→ANTONYM overweight

Thesaurus

thin is a general word to describe a person who is not fat. It can be used with a positive, negative, or neutral meaning: He's tall and thin. ◆ She has long, thin legs.

◆ You need to eat more. You're too thin! ◆ She was

looking pale and thin. →ANTONYM fat

slim is a positive word, meaning thin in an attractive way. It is often used to describe women: How do you manage to stay so slim? ◆ He put his arm around her slim waist.

skinny is a more informal word meaning very thin. It can be used with a negative meaning to describe someone who is too thin: a skinny movie star ♦ He was such a skinny kid. ◆ skinny legs/arms

lean is a positive word, and means thin and healthy. It is often used to describe men: He had a lean, muscular body. • He's tall, lean, and handsome.

underweight describes a person who weighs less than the normal or expected amount. It is used by doctors or health professionals: She's dangerously underweight. →ANTONYM overweight

un .der .went AWL

form of undergo

un.**do** / \(\lambda n'\du / \(\nu rb \) (\(\text{un} \does / \(\lambda n'\d\lambda z / \) un do ing , un did / An'dıd / has un done

 $/ \Lambda n' d \Lambda n /)$

to open something that was tied or fastened I can't undo this knot. to undo a jacket

un . done / An'dAn / adjective

not tied or fastened

Your shoelaces are undone.

un . doubt . edly / An'dautədli / adverb

certainly; without doubt

She is undoubtedly very intelligent.

un . dress / ,\lambda n'dres / verb

(un dress es, un dress ing, un dressed) to take clothes off yourself or another person

He undressed and got into bed.

She undressed her baby. →ANTONYM dress

▶un . dressed / ,∧n'drεst / adjective

I got undressed and took a shower.

un .eas .y / An'izi / adjective

worried that something is wrong

I started to feel uneasy when the children were late coming home.

▶un .eas .i .ly / ∧n'izəli / adverb She looked uneasily around the room. un .ed .u .cat .ed / An'Edgəkertəd / adjective having had little or no formal education an uneducated, but very intelligent woman
→ANTONYM educated

un .em .ployed / Anim ploid / adjective

If you are $\mathbf{unemployed}$, you can work but you do not have a job

She has been unemployed for over a year.

a new training program for the unemployed (= people who do not have a job)

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ when there are not enough jobs for the people who want to work

If the factory closes, unemployment in the town will increase. →ANTONYM employment

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ money that the government pays to people after they lose their jobs

people living on unemployment

un . e . qual / An'ikwal / adjective

different in size, amount, value, or level as something or someone else

an unequal distribution of power → ANTONYM equal

un . e . ven / An'iven / adjective

not smooth or flat

We had to drive slowly because the road was so uneven.

→ANTONYM even

un ex pect ed / Anik'spekted /

surprising because you did not expect it an unexpected visit

►un .ex .pect .ed .ly / ¡Anık'spɛktədli / adverb She arrived unexpectedly.

un . fair 🔯 / ˌʌnˈfɛr / adjective

Something that is \boldsymbol{unfair} does not treat people in the same way or in the right way

It was unfair to give chocolates to some of the children and not to the others. →ANTONYM fair

▶un .fair .ly / ,\\n'ferli / adverb

He left his job because the boss was treating him unfairly.

un faith ful / An'feiθfl / adjective

having a sexual relationship with someone who is not your husband, wife, or partner →ANTONYM faithful

un . fa . mil . iar / "Anfəˈmɪlyər / adjective

that you do not know; strange

I woke up in an unfamiliar room.

I'm unfamiliar with this author's work.

→ANTONYM familiar

not popular at a particular time

unfashionable clothes → ANTONYM fashionable

un fas ten / An'fæsn / verb

(un fas tens, un fas ten ing, un fas tened) to open something that was tied or attached to unfasten your seatbelt

→ANTONYM fasten

un . fin . ished / "An'finist / adjective

not complete; not finished

We have some unfinished business to discuss.

un . fit / ,\n\fit / adjective

1 not good enough or not right for something *This house is unfit for people to live in.*

2 not healthy or strong

She doesn't get enough exercise - that's why she's so unfit.

→ANTONYM fit

un . fold / An'foold / verb

(un folds, un fold ing, un folded)

to open something to make it flat; to open out and become flat

Marie unfolded the newspaper, and started to read.

The sofa unfolds to make a bed.

→ANTONYM fold

un . for . tu . nate / An'fortsenet / adjective not lucky

It's unfortunate that you were sick on your birthday.

→ANTONYM fortunate

un for tu nate by 2 / An'fortfonatli / adverb

a word that you use to show that you are not happy about a situation or fact

I'd like to give you some money, but unfortunately I don't have any. →ANTONYM fortunately

un . friend . ly / ,\text{\text{\text{\lambda}} / \text{\tin}\text{\te}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\texi}\text{\texit{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\texi}\text{\texi

→ANTONYM friendly

un . grate . ful / An'greitfl / adjective

If you are **ungrateful**, you do not show thanks when someone helps you or gives you something

Don't be so ungrateful! I tried hard to find the right present for your birthday. →ANTONYM grateful

un . hap . py (/ An'hæpi / adjective (un . hap . pi . er , un . hap . pi . est) not happy

He was very unhappy after his wife left him.

→SYNONYM sad →ANTONYM happy

▶un . hap . pi . ly / ʌnˈhæpəli / adverb

"I failed the exam," she said unhappily.

►un ·hap ·pi ·ness / ʌnˈhæpinəs / noun [noncount] John had a lot of unhappiness in his life.

un . health . y / Δn'hɛlθi / adjective

(un \cdot health \cdot i \cdot er , un \cdot health \cdot i \cdot est) (HEALTH)

1 not well; often sick an unhealthy child

2 that can make you sick

unhealthy food → ANTONYM healthy

un . help . ful / An'helpfl / adjective

not wanting to help someone; not useful

I spoke to a ticket agent about changing our flight, but she was completely unhelpful. →ANTONYM helpful

u . ni . corn / 'yunəkərn / noun [count]

an animal that only exists in stories. It looks like a white horse with one horn on its head.

u . ni . form 1 AWL / 'yunəfərm / noun [count]

the special clothes that some people in the same job, team, etc. wear

Police officers wear blue uniforms.

u . **ni** . **form** 2 AWL / 'yunəfərm / adjective not changing; always the same shape, size, level, etc. We need to establish a uniform standard for testing new

un im por tant / Anim portnt / adjective not important

→ANTONYM important

un in hab it ed / Anin'hæbeted / where no one lives an uninhabited island

un .ion 5 / 'yunyən / noun

1 [noncount, singular] coming together the union of the groups into one organization

2 [count] (POLITICS) a group of people or countries that have joined together the European Union

3 [count] an organization for people who do the same type of work. Unions try to get better pay and working conditions for their members the National Writers' Union

→SYNONYM labor union

u . nique AWL / yu'nik / adjective not like anyone or anything else

Everyone in the world is unique.

U · **ni** · **Sex** / 'yunəsɛks / adjective designed for and used by both men and women a unisex bathroom

U . **nit №** / 'yunıt / *noun* [count]

1 one complete thing or group that may be part of something larger

The book has twelve units.

2 a measurement

A foot is a unit of length, and a pound is a unit of weight.

u . nite / yu'nait / verb

(u nites, u nit ing, u nit ed)

to join together to do something together; to put two things together

We must unite to defeat our enemies.

u · **nit** · **ed** / yu'narted / adjective

1 (used about countries) joined together the United States of America

2 (used about people or groups) working together to achieve the same things

We need to become a more united team.

the U nit ed Na tions / ða yu,nartad

'neisnz / noun [singular] (abbreviation the UN)

(POLITICS) the organization that tries to stop world problems and to give help to countries that need it

the U . nit . ed States / ðə yu,naitəd 'steits / (also the U . nit . ed States of A . mer . i . ca / ðə an unknown actor →ANTONYM famous , well-known yu,naitəd steits əv ə merikə /) noun [singular] (abbreviation the U.S. or the U.S.A.)

a large country in North America made up of 50 states and the District of Columbia

u . ni . ver . sal / yunə vərsl / adjective

connected with, done by, or for everyone The environment is a universal issue.

▶u .ni .ver .sal .ly / ˌyunə¹vərsəli / adverb to be universally accepted (= accepted everywhere and by everyone)

the u . ni . verse 🔯 / ðə 'yunəvərs / noun

[singular]

the earth and all the stars, planets, and everything else in

u . ni . ver . si . ty 🥯 / ˌyunəˈvərsəti / noun [count](plural u . ni . ver . si . ties)

a place where people go to study more difficult subjects after they have left high school or college the University of Michigan

My sister was accepted to one of the best universities in the country.

Collocations

Higher education

applying

apply for college

apply to a college/a university/Harvard get into/go to college/Princeton

major in/minor in biology/philosophy

work toward a B.A./a law degree/a master's degree

finishing

finish/graduate from college

earn/receive/get a degree/a bachelor's degree/a master's degree

Which word?

University or college?

Universities and colleges both offer courses for students who are studying for their first degree (a bachelor's degree).

Universities also offer courses for people who are studying for more advanced degrees, for example a master's degree or a Ph.D.

College is often the word we use in general conversation when we are talking about a place of higher education, even when the place we are talking about is a university: a college student ◆ "Where did you go to college?" "Ohio State University."

un . just / ˌʌnˈdʒʌst / adjective (formal) not fair or right

This tax is unjust, because poor people pay as much as rich *people.* →SYNONYM unfair

un ius ti fied AWL / An'd3Astəfaid / adjective not fair or necessary Her criticism was totally unjustified.

un . kind 🥯 / ˌʌnˈkaɪnd / adjective unpleasant and not friendly

It was unkind of you to laugh at her. →ANTONYM kind

un . known 🥯 / ˌʌnˈnoon / adjective

1 that you do not know

She left the job for unknown reasons.

2 not famous

un · lead · ed / An'ledad / adjective

Unleaded fuel does not contain any **lead** (= a soft, heavy, gray metal).

un . less 🔯 / ənˈlɛs / conjunction

if not; except if

You will be late unless you leave now. Unless you work, harder you'll fail the exam.

un . like / An'laik / preposition

1 different from

She is unlike anyone I've ever met.

2 not typical of someone or something

It's unlike him to be late. I wonder where he is.

→ANTONYM like

un · like · ly 🍮 / An'laikli / adjective (un · like · li · er , un · like · li · est)

If something is **unlikely**, it will probably not happen *It is unlikely that it will rain.*

He is unlikely to pass the exam. →ANTONYM likely

un . load / An'lood / verb

(un loads, un load ing, un load ed)

to take things that have been carried somewhere off or out of a car, truck, ship, or airplane

I unloaded the suitcases from the car.

They unloaded the ship at the dock. →ANTONYM load

un . lock / "An'lak / verb

(un locks, un lock ing, un locked)

to open something with a key

I unlocked the door, and went in. →ANTONYM lock

un · luck · y 2 / An'laki / adjective (un · luck · i · er , un · luck · i · est)

having or bringing bad luck

They were unlucky that it rained on their wedding day. Some people think the number 13 is unlucky.

→ANTONYM lucky

un . mar . ried / "An'mærid / adjective not married; without a husband or wife

→SYNONYM single

un . mis . tak . a . ble / Anmisterkabl / adjective

If something is **unmistakable**, it is easy to recognize and will not be confused with anything else *Her southern accent was unmistakable*.

un .nat .u .ral / nn'mætʃərəl / adjective

different from what is normal or expected

There was an unnatural silence. →ANTONYM natural

un .nec .es .sar .y / An'nesə,seri / adjective

Remember! You spell unnecessary with NN , one \boldsymbol{C} , and \boldsymbol{SS} .

not needed, or more than is needed
All this fuss is totally unnecessary.

→ANTONYM necessary

►un ·nec ·es ·sar ·i ·ly / ʌnˌnɛsəˈsɛrəli / adverb His explanation was unnecessarily complicated.

un . of . fi . cial / ¡Anaˈfɪʃl / adjective not accepted or approved by a person in authority Unofficial reports say that four people died in the explosion.

→ANTONYM official

▶un . of . fi . cial . ly / ˌʌnəˈfɪʃəli / adverb

un . pack / "An'pæk / verb

(un packs, un pack ing, un packed)

to take all the things out of a bag, box, etc.

Have you unpacked your suitcase?

We arrived at the hotel, unpacked, and then went to the beach. →ANTONYM pack

un . paid / "An'peid / adjective

not yet paid unpaid bills

un . pleas . ant 🚳 / An'pleznt / adjective

not pleasant; not nice

There was an unpleasant smell of bad fish.

→ANTONYM pleasant

►un .pleas .ant .ly / \(\lambda n \) plezntli / adverb

It was unpleasantly hot in that room.

→ANTONYM pleasantly

un . plug / ,\lambda n'pl\lambda g / verb

(un plugs, un plug ging, un plugged)

to take out a piece of electrical equipment (called a **plug**) from the electricity supply

Can you unplug the TV, please?

→ANTONYM plug something in

un . pop . u . lar / ,\(\text{\tinte\text{\tinte\text{\tinter{\text{\te}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\te}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi\text{\text{\text{\texi}\tiex{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\tiex{\tiex{\tiex{\tiex{\ti

He's unpopular at work because he's lazy.

→ANTONYM popular

un . pre . dict . a . ble AWL / Ampri'diktabl / adjective

If something is **unpredictable** , you cannot say how it will change in the future

The weather is very unpredictable at this time of year.

→ANTONYM predictable

un . pro . fes . sion . al / ˌʌnprəˈfɛʃənl / adiective

not behaving in way that is appropriate for a person in a particular job

Criticizing her client like that was really unprofessional.

→ANTONYM professional

un . qual . i . fied / An'kwaləfaid / adjective not having the knowledge or training to do something She is totally unqualified for this job.

→ANTONYM qualified

un · rea · son · a · ble / An'rizn•əbl / adjective

expecting too much

an unreasonable request → ANTONYM reasonable

un · re · li · a · ble AWL / Annilambl / adjective

If something or someone is **unreliable**, you cannot trust it

Don't lend her any money - she's very unreliable.

an unreliable car →ANTONYM reliable

un . rest / , \(\text{\sigma} n'\text / noun \) [noncount]

a situation in which people are angry or unhappy, and are likely to protest or fight

There has been a lot of political unrest since the last election.

un . ru . ly / An'ruli / adjective difficult to control

an unruly crowd

un . safe / An'seif / adjective

dangerous; not safe

Don't climb on that wall – it's unsafe.

→ANTONYM safe

un .sat .is .fac .to .ry / Ansætes fækteri /

adjective

not good enough; not acceptable

Your work is unsatisfactory. Please do it again.

→ANTONYM satisfactory

un . screw / "An'skru / verb

(un -screws , un -screw -ing , un -screwed)

to open or remove something by turning it Could you unscrew the top of this jar for me?

un . skilled / "An'skild / adjective

not having or needing special skills or training unskilled workers unskilled jobs

→ANTONYM **skilled**

un . sta . ble AWL / ,An'steibl / adjective

Something that is **unstable** may fall, move, or change *This bridge is unstable.*an unstable government

→ANTONYM stable

un . stead . y / An'stedi / adjective

not completely in control of your movements, so that you may fall

She's still a little unsteady on her feet after the operation.

→ANTONYM steady

un . suc . cess . ful / Ansak'sesfl / adjective

not having or resulting in success

an unsuccessful attempt to climb the mountain

→ANTONYM successful

He tried unsuccessfully to lift the box.

un . Suit . a . ble / An'sutabl / adjective

not suitable; not right for someone or something *This movie is unsuitable for children.*

→ANTONYM suitable

un . sure / An'for / adjective

not sure about something

We were unsure what to do.

→ANTONYM sure

adjective

If you are **unsympathetic**, you are not kind to someone who is hurt or sad, and you show that you do not understand their feelings and problems.

→ANTONYM sympathetic

un .tan .gle / "Anˈtæŋgl / verb

(un tan gles, un tan gling, un tan gled)

to separate threads, hair, etc. that are twisted together in a messy way

The wires got mixed up, and it took me a long time to untangle them.

un . tie / An'tai / verb

(un ities, un ity ing, un itied, has un itied)

to remove a knot; to take off the string or rope that is holding something

Can you untie this knot?

I untied the boat and started rowing away from the dock.

→ANTONYM tie something up

un . til 🥯 / ən'tıl / (also informal till / tıl /)

conjunction, preposition

SPELLING

Remember! You spell until with one L , but you spell till with LL .

up to a certain time or event

The store is open until 7:00.

Stay in bed until you feel better.

I can't come until tomorrow.

un . true / "An'tru / adjective

not true or correct

What you said was completely untrue.

→ANTONYM true

un . u . su . al 🥯 / An'yuzuəl / adjective

If something is **unusual**, it does not often happen or you do not often see it

It's unusual for Joe to be late.

What an unusual name!

►un ·u ·su ·al ·ly / ∧n'yuʒuəli / adverb

It was an unusually hot summer.

un . want . ed / "An'wantəd / adjective

not wanted

an unwanted gift

un . wel . come / An'welkem / adjective

If someone or something is $\mathbf{unwelcome}$, you are not happy to have or see them

an unwelcome visitor →ANTONYM welcome

un . will . ing / An'wılıŋ / adjective

If you are **unwilling** to do something, you are not ready or happy to do it

He was unwilling to lend me any money.

→ANTONYM willing

un . wind / ,\lambda n'waind / verb (un . winds ,

un \cdot wind \cdot ing , un \cdot wound / $_{\rm i}\Delta n^{\prime}wa\sigma nd$ / has un \cdot wound)

1 to open out something that has been wrapped into a ball or around something else

to unwind a ball of string

2 to start to relax, after working hard or worrying about something

Watching TV helps me unwind after a busy day.

un . wise / An'warz / adjective

showing that you do not make good decisions

It would be unwise to tell anyone about our plan yet.

→SYNONYM foolish →ANTONYM wise

►un ·wise ·ly / ¡^n'waizli / adverb Unwisely, I agreed to help her.

un .wrap / An'ræp / verb

(un wraps, un wrap ping, un wrapped)

to take off the paper or cloth that is around something *I unwrapped the present.*

→ANTONYM wrap

un . zip / ˌʌnˈzɪp / verb

(un zips, un zip ping, un zip ped)

to open a piece of clothing, a bag, etc. by pulling the long thing that fastens it (the **zipper**)

up 🔯 / Ap / preposition, adverb

1 in or to a higher place

We climbed up the mountain.

Put your hand up if you know the answer.

→ANTONYM down

2 from sitting or lying to standing

Stand up , please.

What time do you get up (= out of bed)?

"Is Joe up (= out of bed)?" "No, he's still asleep."

3 to the place where someone or something is *She came up to me and asked me the time.*

4 a word we use to show an increase in something *Prices are going up* .

Please turn the radio up - I can't hear it.

→ANTONYM down

5 into pieces

Cut the meat up.

6 so that it is finished

Eat up - it's time to go to school now.

7 in a certain direction

She lives up the street from us. →ANTONYM down

be up to someone

to be the person who should do or decide something "What do you want to do tonight?" "I don't care. It's up to you."

up to

1 as far as; until

Up to now, she has worked very hard.

2 as much or as many as

Up to 300 people came to the meeting.

3 doing something, especially something bad *What is that man up to?*

up . bring . ing / ˈʌpbrɪŋɪŋ / noun [singular]

the way that you are treated and taught to behave by your parents

He had a very religious upbringing.

The verb is **bring someone up**.

up .date / ,Ap'deit / verb

(up dates, up dat ing, up dat ed)

to make something more modern or add new things to it *The information on our website is updated every week.*

▶up .date / 'Apdeit / noun [count]

an update on a news story (= the latest information)

up .grade / Apigreid / verb

(up .grades, up .grad .ing, up .grad .ed)

to change something so that it is better

I just upgraded my home computer.

►up ·grade / 'Apgreid / noun [count] to install an upgrade

up .hill / Aphil / adverb

going up, toward the top of a hill

I have to ride my bike uphill to get to school.

→ANTONYM downhill

up . hol . ster . y / əˈpoʊlstəri / noun

[noncount]

the thick, soft material that is used to cover chairs, car seats, etc.

up . load / 'aplood / verb

(up loads, up load ing, up load ed)

(COMPUTERS) to copy a computer file from a small computer system to a larger one

→ Look at download.

up . **on** / ə'pan / preposition (formal)

on

The decision was based upon the doctor's evidence.

up . per 🥯 / 'Apər / adjective

in a higher place than something else

the upper lip → ANTONYM lower

up · **per** · **case** / ¡Apər'keis / (also up · per case)

noun [noncount]

(<code>ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS</code>) the large form of letters, for example A, B, C (not a, b, c)

NATO is written in uppercase. →ANTONYM **lowercase**

the up .per class / ði ,^pər 'klæs / noun

[singular]

the group of people in a society with the highest social position, who have more money and power than other people

▶up .per-class / ,^pər 'klæs / adjective

an upper-class accent

→ Look at the middle class, the working class.

up . right / 'Aprait / adjective, adverb

standing straight up, not lying down Put the ladder upright against the wall.

up .ris .ing / 'Apraizin / noun [count]

($\mbox{\it POLITICS}$) a situation in which a group of people start to fight against the government in their country

up . set 1 2 / Ap'set / verb

(up sets, up set ting, up set, has up set)

1 to make someone feel unhappy or worried

You upset Tom when you said he was fat.

2 to make something change in a way that you do not like *The bad weather upset our plans for the weekend.*

►up ·set ·ting / ¡Ap'sɛtɪŋ / adjective

making you feel unhappy or worried

The experience was very upsetting for all of us.

up . set 2 2 / Ap'set / adjective

1 unhappy or worried

The kids were really upset when the dog died.

2 (HEALTH) a little sick

an upset stomach

up . side down / Apsaid daon / adverb

with the top part at the bottom

The picture is upside down.

up stairs 🕯 / Apisterz / adverb

to or on a higher floor of a building *I went upstairs to bed.*

▶up .stairs / 'Apsterz / adjective

An upstairs window was open. →ANTONYM downstairs

up to date / Ap to dest / adjective

modern; using new information *Is this information up to date?*

up-to-date equipment→ *Look at* **out of date** .

up .town / Aptaon / adjective, adverb

in or to the parts of a city or town that are away from the center, where people live

She lives uptown, so she has to take the subway to work.

→ Look at downtown.

up . ward 🔯 / 'npward /

(also up wards / 'npwordz /) adverb

up; toward a higher place

We climbed upward, toward the top of the mountain.

→ANTONYM downward

u .ra .ni .um / yoˈreɪniəm / noun [noncount] (symbol U)

(CHEMISTRY) a metal that can be used to produce nuclear

Uranium is highly radioactive.

ur . ban / 'arban / adjective

(GEOGRAPHY) connected with a city urban areas

 \rightarrow Look at rural.

urge 1 / ərd₃ / verb (urg es , urg ing , urged)

to try to make someone do something I urged him to stay for dinner.

urge 2 / ərdʒ / noun [count]

a strong feeling that you want to do something I had a sudden urge to laugh.

ur .gen .cy / 'ardʒənsi / noun [noncount]

the need to do something quickly because it is very important

ur . gent 🥯 / 'ərdʒənt / adjective

so important that you must do it or answer it quickly Is your message urgent?

▶ur .gent .ly / 'ərdʒəntli / adverb

I must see you urgently.

u . ri . nate / 'yorəneit / verb

(u ri nates, u ri nat ing, u ri nat ed) (formal)

(BIOLOGY) to pass urine from the body

u . rine / 'yorın / noun [noncount]

(BIOLOGY) the waste liquid that passes from your body when you use the toilet

URL / yu ar 'el / abbreviation

(COMPUTERS) the address of a website

What's the URL for that website?

U.S.A. / yu εs 'e1/

short for United States of America

U.S. / yu 'εs /

short for United States

the smallest state in the U.S.

the U.S. dollar

us . a . ble / 'yuzəbl / adjective

in good enough condition to be used

My old bike is a little rusty, but it's still usable.

us .age / 'yusid3 / noun

1 [noncount] the way that something is used; the amount that something is used

Internet usage

2 [count, noncount] (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) the way I used to be afraid of dogs, but now I like them. that words are normally used in a language

USB / 'yu es 'bi / abbreviation

(COMPUTERS) the system for connecting pieces other of equipment computer

You'll need a USB

cable to connect your cell phone to the computer.

US 🥯 / əs; ʌs / pronoun [plural]

me and another person or other people; me and you She invited us to dinner.

Come with us.

USB flash drive / yu es bi 'flæf draw /

(also flash drive) noun [count]

(COMPUTERS) a small thing that stores information from a computer so that you can move it from one computer to another

USB flash drive

USC 1 / yuz / verb (us .es , us .ing , used)

PRONUNCIATION

When the word use is a verb, it sounds like shoes or choose.

When use is a noun, it sounds like juice or loose.

1 to do a job with something

Could I use your phone?

Do you know how to use this machine?

Wood is used to make paper.

2 to take something

Don't use all the milk.

use something up to use something until you have no

I used up all the coffee, so I had to buy some more.

USE 2 W/ yus / noun

1 [noncount] using something or being used This pool is for the use of hotel guests only.

2 [count] what you can do with something This machine has many uses.

3 [noncount] the opportunity to use something, for example something that belongs to someone else I have the use of Jim's car while he's away.

it's no use doing something

it will not help to do something

It's no use telling her anything – she never listens.

make use of something

to find a way of using something

If you don't want that box, I can make use of it.

USEC 1 2 / yuzd / adjective

that had another owner before; not new I bought a used car.

→SYNONYM secondhand →ANTONYM new

USed 2 / yust / adjective

be used to something

to know something well because you have seen, heard, tasted, done, etc. it a lot

I'm used to walking because I don't have a car.

get used to something

to begin to know something well after a time I'm getting used to my new job.

used to Some / 'yusta ; 'yustu / modal verb

words that tell us about something that happened often or that was true in the past

She used to smoke when she was younger.

Grammar

To form questions, we use did with use to: Did she use to smoke when she was younger?

We form negatives with didn't use to : / / I didn't use to like fish, but I do now.

use . ful 🥯 / 'yusfl / adjective good and helpful for doing something

This bag will be useful for carrying my books.

►use .ful .ly / 'yusfəli / adverb

use . less / 'yusləs / adjective

1 not good for anything

A car is useless without gas.

2 that does not do what you hoped

It's useless to complain – they won't give you your money V, V / vi / noun [count, noncount]

US . er 🥯 / 'yuzər / noun

[count]

a person who uses something computer users

us .er-friend .ly / yuzər 'frendli / adjective easy to understand and use

Computers are much more user-friendly than they used to

U .SU .al 🔯 / 'yuʒuəl / adjective

that happens most often

He arrived home later than usual.

→SYNONYM normal

as usual

in the way that happens most often Julie was late, as usual.

U .SU .al .ly 🥯 / 'yuzuəli / adverb

in the way that is usual; most often I'm usually home by six o'clock.

u .ten .sil / yu'tensl / noun

a tool that is used in the home cooking utensils

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **kitchen**.

u .ter .us / 'yutərəs / noun

[count]

(plural u .ter .us .es)

(BIOLOGY) the part of a woman or female animal where a baby develops before it is born

→SYNONYM womb

u . **to** . **pi** . **a** (also **u** . **to** . **pi** . **a**) / yu'toopie /

noun [count, noncount]

a place where everything is perfect, but that does not exist

ut .ter 1 / 'Atar / adjective

complete

He felt an utter fool.

▶ut .ter .ly / 'ʌtərli / adverb

That's utterly impossible!

ut .ter 2 / 'Atar / verb

(ut .ters , ut .ter .ing , ut .tered)

(formal)

to say something or make a sound with your mouth She did not utter a word.

U-turn / 'yu tərn /

a type of movement where a car, etc. turns around so that it goes back in the direction it came from

UV / 'yu 'vi /

(PHYSICS) short for ultraviolet

1 (plural V's, v's / viz /) the twenty-second letter of the English alphabet

"Voice" begins with a "V."

2 V abbreviation of volt

3 v. (also vs.) abbreviation of versus the Supreme Court case Roe v. Wade

va .can .cy / 'veikənsi / noun

[count]

(plural va .can .cies)

1 a room in a hotel that no one is using

The sign outside the hotel says "no vacancies" (= the hotel

2 a job that no one is doing

We have a vacancy for a secretary in our office.

va . cant / 'veikənt / adjective

1 empty or not being used

a vacant room

2 If a job in a company is vacant, no one is doing it and it is available for someone to do.

va .ca .tion 🥯 / verˈkeɪʃn / noun

[count, noncount]

a time when you do not go to work or school, and often go and stay away from home

They're on vacation in Hawaii.

You've been working too hard. You need a vacation! We're going to the beach for our summer vacation.

vac .ci .nate / 'væksn•eit /verb

(vac ci nates, vac ci nat ing , vac ci nat ed)

(HEALTH) to put a substance into a person's or an animal's blood using a needle, to stop them from getting a disease Have you been vaccinated against measles?

vac .ci .na .tion / ˌvæksn•ˈeɪʃn / noun

[count, noncount]

(HEALTH) when a substance is put into a person's or an animal's blood with a needle, to stop them from getting a

a vaccination against measles

Vac . cine / væk'sin / noun [count]

(HEALTH) a substance that is put into a person's or an animal's blood using a needle, to stop them from getting a disease

Vac . u . um 1 / 'vækyum / noun [count]

1 (PHYSICS) a space with no air, gas, or anything else in it

2 another word for vacuum cleaner

vac . u . um 2 / 'vækyum / verb

(vac u ums, vac u um ing, vac u umed)

to clean a floor using a vacuum cleaner

vac .u .um

clean .er

/ 'vækyum ˌklinər / (also vac .u .um) noun [count]

a machine that cleans floors by sucking up dirt





Va .gi .na / vəˈdʒaɪnə / noun [count]

(BIOLOGY) the part of a woman's or a female animal's body that leads to the place where a baby grows (called the uterus)

Vague / veig / adjective (vagu er , vagu est) not clear or not exact

I couldn't find the house because he gave me very vague directions.

►vague .ly / 'veigli / adverb

I vaguely remember what happened.

Vain / vein / adjective (vain er, vain est)

1 too proud of what you can do or how you look The noun is vanity.

2 not producing the result you want They made a vain attempt to save his life.

→SYNONYM useless

in vain

without success

I tried in vain to sleep.

val . e . dic . to . ri . an / væledik torien / noun [count]

the student who received the highest grades in their class in high school or college

Val . en . tine's Day / 'vælentainz ,dei / noun [singular]

the day (February 14) when people send a card (called a valentine) to the person that they love

val . id AWL / 'vælad / adjective

able to be used; acceptable

Your bus ticket is valid for one week.

→ANTONYM invalid

val . ley 2 / 'væli / noun [count]

(plural val leys)

(GEOGRAPHY) the low land between mountains; the land that a river flows through

Val . U . a . ble D / 'vælyəbl / adjective

1 worth a lot of money Is this ring valuable?

2 very useful

The book contains some valuable information.

val . u . a . bles / 'vælyəblz / noun [plural]

the small things that you own that are worth a lot of money, for example jewelry or a cell phone

You should put your valuables in the hotel safe.

vacuum cleaner val .ue 1 5 / vælyu / noun

1 [count] how much money you can sell something for The thieves stole goods with a total value of \$100,000.

2 [count, noncount] how much something is worth compared with its price

The hotel is a good value, with rooms at \$80 a night.

3 [noncount] how useful or important something is Their help was of great value.

4 values [plural] your beliefs about what is the right and wrong way to behave

Do young people today have a different set of values?

val .ue 2 / 'vælyu / verb

(val .ues , val .u .ing , val .ued)

1 to think that something is very important I value my freedom.

2 to say how much money something is worth The house was valued at \$800,000.

Valve / vælv / noun [count]

(PHYSICS) a part in a pipe or tube which lets air, liquid, or gas flow in one direction only

vam . pire / 'væmparər / noun [count] a person in stories who drinks people's blood

van / væn / noun

[count]

a kind of big car or small truck for carrying people or things



van .dal / 'vændl / noun [count]

a person who deliberately damages public property Vandals broke the benches in the park.

van .dal .ize / 'vændl•aiz / verb

(van dal iz es van dal iz ing van dal ized) to destroy or damage public property deliberately

►van .dal .ism / 'vændl•ızəm / noun [noncount] Vandalism is a problem in this part of the city.

Va . nil . la / vəˈnɪlə / noun [noncount]

a substance from a plant that gives a taste to some sweet foods

vanilla ice cream

van .ish / 'vænıʃ/ verb

(van ish es ,van ish ing , van ished)

to go away; to stop being seen

The thief ran into the crowd and vanished.

→SYNONYM disappear

van .i .ty / 'vænəti / noun [noncount]

being too proud of what you can do or how you look The adjective is vain.

Va . por / 'verper / noun [count, noncount]

(GENERAL SCIENCE) very small drops of liquid that look like a gas

water vapor

var . i . a . ble AWL / 'veriabl / adjective

not staying the same; often changing variable temperatures

var . i . a . tion AWL / verilein / noun

[count, noncount]

a change or difference in the amount or level of something There was a lot of variation in the test scores.

var . ied 1 AWL / 'verid / adjective

including a lot of different things

I try to make my classes as varied as possible.

var . ied 2 AWL form of vary

var . ies AWL form of vary

va .ri .e .ty 🥯 / vəˈraɪəti / noun

(plural va ri e ties)

1 [singular] a lot of different things

There's a wide variety of dishes on the menu.

2 [noncount] the fact that you are not always doing the same things

There's a lot of variety in my new job.

3 [count] a type of something

This variety of apple is very sweet.

var .i .ous 🕯 / ˈvɛriəs / adjective

several different

We sell this shirt in various colors and sizes.

var .nish / 'varnıʃ/ noun

a clear paint with no color, which you put on something to make it shine

▶var .nish verb

(var nish es, var nish ing, var nished)

The doors are then stained and varnished.

var · Si · ty / 'varsəti / noun [count, noncount] (plural var . si . ties)

the main sports team that of a high school or college

AWL / 'veri /verb

(var ies, var y ing, var ied, has var ied)

1 to be different from each other, or to change according to the situation

Class sizes vary from 8 to 15.

The price varies according to the quality.

2 to make something different by changing it often in some

We try to vary the class to suit students' needs.

Vase / veis / noun [count]

a pot that you put cut flowers in

Vast / væst / adjective very big

Australia is a vast country.

→SYNONYM enormous, huge

VCR / vi si 'ar / noun [count]

a machine connected to a television, which you use for recording or showing programs. VCR is short for "video cassette recorder."

Veal / vil / noun [noncount]

meat from a young cow (a calf)

Word building

The male cow is called a bull, and a young cow is a

Meat from a cow is called beef and meat from a calf is called veal .

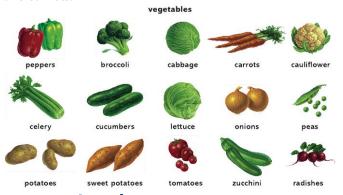
veg .an / 'vigen / noun [count]

a person who does not eat meat or any other foods that come from animals, such as eggs or milk

veg .e .ta .ble 2 / 'ved3təbl / noun [count]

a plant or part of a plant that we eat

The students grow vegetables such as cabbages, beans, and carrots.



veg .e .tar .i .an / ˌvɛdʒəˈtɛriən / noun

[count]

a person who does not eat meat or fish

▶veg .e .tar .i .an adjective

a vegetarian restaurant

veg .e .ta .tion / ved39'tesfn / noun

[noncount](formal)

all the plants that are found in a particular place the thick vegetation of the rain forest

ve . hi . cle DAWL / 'viıkl / noun [count] (formal)

a car, bus, truck, bicycle, etc.; a thing that takes people or things from place to place

Are you the owner of this vehicle?

Veil / veil / noun [count]

a piece of material that a woman puts over her head and

Vein / **vein** / **noun** [count]

one of the small tubes in your body that carry blood to the

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **body**.

Vel.cro™ / 'vɛlkroʊ / noun [noncount]

two bands of special material that stick together to fasten clothes, shoes, etc.

Ve · **loc** · **i** · **ty** / vəˈlasəti / *noun* [noncount]

(PHYSICS) the speed at which something moves in a particular direction wind velocity

vel . **vet** / 'vɛlvət / noun [noncount]

cloth that is soft and thick on one side red velvet curtains

vend · ing ma · chine / ˈvɛndiŋ ˌməʃin / noun [count]

a machine that you put money in to buy food or drinks Can I have a dollar to buy a snack from the vending machine?

ve . ne . tian blind / və,nifn 'blamd / noun

a covering for a window that is made of flat pieces of plastic or metal, which can be turned to let more or less light into the room

Vent / vent / noun [count]

a hole in the wall of a room or machine that lets air come in, and lets smoke, steam, or smells go out an air vent

ven . ti . late / 'ventəleit / verb

(ven ti lates, ven ti lat ing, ven ti lat ed) to allow air to move through a room or building

►ven · ti · la · tion / ˌvɛntəˈleɪʃn / noun [noncount] The only ventilation was one tiny window.

Ven . ue / 'venyu / noun [count]

the place where an event happens, for example a concert or a sports game

Please note the change of venue for this event.

verb / verb / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a word that tells you what someone does or what happens. "Go," "sing," "do," and "be" are all verbs.

ver . bal / 'vərbl / adjective (formal)

1 connected with words, or using words

He has good verbal skills. 2 spoken, not written

We made a verbal agreement.

►ver .bal .ly / 'vərbəli / adverb

ver .dict / 'vərdıkt / noun [count]

a decision in a court of law about whether someone is guilty

The jury returned a verdict of "not guilty."

verge / vard3 / noun

on the verge of something; on the verge of doing something

very near to doing something, or to something happening Scientists are on the verge of finding a cure.

ver . i . fy / 'verəfai / verb

(ver i fies, ver i fy ing, ver i fied) (formal)

to check or say that something is true

We are unable to verify this statement.

►ver · i · fi · ca · tion / ˌvɛrəfəˈkeɪʃn / noun [noncount] Vet / vɛt / noun [count] (informal)

Verse / vars / noun

1 [noncount] (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) words arranged in lines with a definite beat, often with sounds repeated at the ends of lines

The play is written in verse.

→SYNONYM poetry

2 [count] (MUSIC , ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a group of lines in a song or poem This song has five verses.

Ver . sion AWL / 'vergn / noun [count]

1 a form of something that is different in some way the latest version of the software

2 what one person says or writes about something that a veterinary surgeon happened

His version of the accident is different from mine.

Ver . **SUS** / 'varsas / preposition

(abbreviation vs. or v.)

(SPORTS) on the other side in a sport

There's a good baseball game on TV tonight – the Dodgers versus the Giants.

→SYNONYM against

ver . te . bra / 'vərtəbrə / noun [count]

(plural ver te brae / 'vərtəbrei /)

(BIOLOGY) any of the small bones that are connected together to form the line of bones down the middle of your back

ver . te . brate / 'vertebret / noun [count]

(BIOLOGY) any animal, bird, or fish that has a line of bones down the middle of its back (called a backbone)

→ANTONYM invertebrate

ver . ti . cal / 'vərtıkl / adjective

going straight up or down at an angle of 90° from the

a vertical line

 \rightarrow Look at horizontal., \rightarrow Look at the picture at line.

▶ver .ti .cal .ly / 'vərtıkli / adverb

Ver . y 1 🔤 / 'vɛri / adverb

You use "very" before another word to make it stronger Very few people know that.

She speaks very quietly.

I like chocolate very much.

I'm not very hungry.

ver . **y** 2 / 'veri / adjective

exact; same

You are the very person I wanted to see! We climbed to the very top of the mountain.

Vest / vest / noun [count]

1 a piece of clothing like a jacket with no sleeves

2 a special piece of clothing that covers the top part of the body a bulletproof vest

vest



1 short for veteran

a Vietnam vet

2 short for veterinarian

vet .er .an / 'vetərən / noun [count]

(also informal vet)

a person who has been in the army, navy, or air force during a war

a veteran of the Gulf War

vet .er .i .nar .i .an / ˌvɛtərəˈnɛriən /

(also informal vet) noun [count]

a doctor for animals

►vet .er .i .nar .y / 'vɛtərəˌnɛri / adjective

VE to / 'vitoo / verb (ve toes, ve to ing, ve toed)

(POLITICS) to refuse to give official permission for an action or plan, when other people have agreed to it

The governor vetoed the proposal to reduce taxes.

vi . a AWL / 'viə ; 'vaıə / preposition

1 going through a place

We flew from New York to Los Angeles via Chicago. 2 using something

These pictures come to you via satellite.

vi . brate / 'vaibreit / verb

(vi brates vi brat ing vi brat ed)

to move very quickly from side to side or up and down The house vibrates every time a train goes past.

▶vi .bra .tion / vai'breifn / noun [count, noncount] You can feel the vibrations from the engine when you're in the car.

VICE / vais / noun

1 [noncount] criminal activities involving sex or drugs detectives from the vice squad

2 [count] a moral weakness or bad habit His only vice was the occasional glass of wine.

vice pres . i . dent / vais 'prezedent / noun [count]

1 (POLITICS) the person below the president of a country in importance, who can control the country if the president cannot

Word building

The U.S. Government

The government in the U.S. is divided into three parts: the legislative branch, the executive branch, and the judicial branch.

The legislative branch is responsible for making laws. This is the U.S. Congress, which is made up of two groups of people: the Senate and the House of Representatives .

The executive branch is led by the president, and includes the vice president and the rest of the Cabinet (= other important politicians) .

The judicial branch includes the Supreme Court, which is the most important court in the country.

2 a person who controls a particular part of a large business organization

the vice president of sales

vice ver . sa / vais verse / adverb

in the opposite way to what has just been said

You can translate any document from Spanish into English and vice versa (= from English into Spanish).

vi .cin .i .ty / vəˈsɪnəti / noun

in the vicinity

(formal)

in an area; near a place

There are three parks in the vicinity of the school.

Vi . Cious / 'vɪʃəs / adjective

violent and cruel

a vicious attack

vic .tim / 'viktəm / noun [count]

a person or thing that is hurt, damaged, or killed by someone or something

the innocent victims of crime

vic . to . ri . ous / vik tories / adjective

successful in a fight, game, or war the victorious team

vic . to . ry / 'viktəri / noun [count, noncount]

(plural vic to ries)

success in a fight, game, or war

the Yankees' 6-2 victory over the Red Sox

→ANTONYM defeat

Vid . e . o [∞]/ 'vidioo / noun (plural vid . e . os)

1 [count, noncount] a kind of tape that is used for recording moving pictures and sound; a box containing this

You can get this movie on video or on DVD. They made a video of the wedding.

→SYNONYM videotape

2 [count] a copy of a movie, program, etc. that is recorded on videotape

We stayed at home and watched a video.

3 [noncount] the system of recording and showing moving pictures and sound using a camera video equipment

vid . e . o game / 'vidiou geim / noun [count] a game that you play using a TV or computer screen

vid . e . o . tape / 'vidiooteip / noun

[count, noncount]

a kind of tape that is used for recording moving pictures and sound; a box containing this tape

I replaced all of my old videotapes with DVDs.

▶vid e o tape verb

(vid.e.o.tapes, vid.e.o.tap.ing, vid.e.o.taped) The interview was videotaped.

view 1 ³² / vyu / noun

1 [count] what you believe or think about something He has strong views on marriage.

In my view , she has done nothing wrong.

→SYNONYM opinion

2 [count] what you can see from a place

There were beautiful views of the mountains all around.

3 [noncount] the ability to see something from a particular place

A large truck was blocking her view.

in view of something

(formal)

because of something

In view of the bad weather we decided to cancel the game.

on view

in a place for people to see

Her paintings are on view at the museum.

View 2 / vyu / verb (views, view ing, viewed) (formal)

1 to think about something in a particular way She viewed vacations as a waste of time.

2 to watch or look at something

Viewed from this side, the building looks much taller than it really is.

view .**er** / 'vyuər / noun [count] a person who watches a television program

vig . i . lant / 'vidgələnt / adjective (formal)

careful and looking out for danger

vig . or . ous / 'vigaras / adjective

strong and active vigorous exercise

▶vig .or .ous .ly / 'vigərəsli / adverb She shook my hand vigorously.

VILC / vail / adjective (vil.er, vil.est) very unpleasant

What a vile smell! →SYNONYM horrible

VII . la / 'vilə / noun [count]

a pleasant house in the country, especially somewhere warm

vil . lage / 'vilid3 / noun [count]

(GEOGRAPHY) a very small town

She lives in a village in the mountains.

vil . lain / 'vɪlən / noun [count]

a bad person, usually in a book, play, or movie

vine / vain / noun [count]

the plant that produces **grapes** (= small fruits that we eat or use to make wine)

vin .e .gar / 'vɪnɪgər / noun [noncount]

a liquid with a strong, sharp taste that is used in cooking *I mixed some oil and vinegar to put on the salad.*

vine . yard / 'vinyərd / noun [count]

a piece of land where **grapes** (= small round green or purple fruits) are grown to make wine

vi . o . la / vi'oula / noun [count]

(MUSIC) a musical instrument like a large violin

vi . o . lence 🔯 / 'varələns / noun [noncount]

1 violent behavior

There's too much violence on TV.

2 force or power

the violence of the storm

vi . o . lent 🔯 / 'varələnt / adjective

strong and dangerous; causing physical harm *Her husband was a violent man.*

The protest march started peacefully but later turned violent.

▶vi .o .lent .ly / 'varələntli / adverb

Did she behave violently toward you?

vi.o.let / 'varələt / noun

1 [count] a small, purple flower

2 [count, noncount] a color that is between dark blue and purple

▶vi .o .let adjective

violet eyes

Vi .O . lin / varəˈlɪn / noun [count]

(MUSIC) a musical instrument that you hold under your chin and play by moving a stick (called a $\mbox{\bf bow}$) across the strings

→ Look at the picture at instrument.

VIP / vi ar 'pi / noun [count]

a person who is famous or important. **VIP** is short for "very important person."

vir .gin / 'vərdʒən / noun [count]

a person who has never had sex

vir .tu .al AWL / 'vərtʃuəl / adjective

1 being almost or very nearly something

He married a virtual stranger.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ ($\boldsymbol{COMPUTERS}$) $\underline{\boldsymbol{made to}}$ appear to exist by a computer

▶vir .tu .al .ly <mark>AWL</mark> / 'vərt∫uəli / *adverb*

The two boys look virtually (= almost) the same.

vir . tu . al re . al . i . ty / vərtʃuəl ri'æləti / noun [noncount]

($\mbox{COMPUTERS}$) computer images that seem to be all around you and seem almost real

vir .tue / 'vərtʃu / noun [count]

behavior that shows high moral standards; a good quality or habit

a life of virtue

He has many virtues.

Vi .rus / 'vaires / noun [count] (plural vi .rus .es)

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ (\mbox{HEALTH} , $\mbox{BIOLOGY}$) a living thing that is too small to see, but that can make you sick

a flu virus

2 (COMPUTERS) a program that enters your computer and stops it from working correctly

Vi .Sa / 'vizə / noun [count]

an official piece of paper or mark in your passport to show that you can go into a country

vis . i . ble AWL / 'vizəbl / adjective

If something is **visible**, you can see it *Stars are only visible at night.*

→ANTONYM invisible

vi . sion AWL / 'vi3n / noun

1 [noncount] the power to see

He wears glasses because he has poor vision.

→SYNONYM sight

2 [count] a picture in your mind; a dream *They have a vision of a world without war.*

vis . it 🍮 / 'vızət / verb

(vis its, vis it ing, vis it ed)

to go to see a person or place for a short time

When you go to Chicago you must visit the Field Museum. She visited me in the hospital.

▶vis .it noun [count]

This is my first visit to New York.

He promised to pay us a visit next year.

Vis . i . tor 🔯 / ˈvɪzətər / noun [count]

a person who goes to see another person or a place for a short time

The old lady never has any visitors.

Millions of visitors come to Orlando every year.

Vi .SOr / 'vaizer / noun [count]

1 a part of a hard hat (a **helmet**) that you can pull down to protect your eyes or face

2 a piece of plastic, cloth, etc. on a hat or in a car, which stops the sun from shining in your eyes

vi . su . al AWL / 'vızuəl / adjective

connected with seeing

Painting and photography are visual arts.

vi .su .al .ize AWL / 'vızuəlaız / verb

(vi su al iz es, vi su al iz ing, vi su al ized)

to have a picture in your mind of someone or something *It's hard to visualize what this place looked like before the factory was built.*

→SYNONYM imagine

vi .tal / 'vaɪt̞l / adjective

very important or necessary

It's vital that she sees a doctor – she's very sick.

→SYNONYM essential

►vi .tal .ly / 'varţəli /

vitally important

vi .ta .min / 'vaɪtəmən / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{HEALTH}}$) one of the things in food that you need to be healthy

Oranges are full of vitamin C.

viv . id / 'vivad / adjective

1 making a very clear picture in your mind *I had a very vivid dream last night.*

2 having a strong, bright color

vivid yellow

▶viv .id .ly / 'vivadli / adverb

I remember my first day at school vividly.

vo.cab.u.lar.y/voo'kæbyə_lleri/noun [count, noncount](plural vo.cab.u.lar.ies)

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS)

1 all the words that someone knows or that are used in a particular book or subject

He has an amazing vocabulary for a five-year-old.

2 the words that people use when they are talking about a particular subject

technical vocabulary

VO . **Cal** / 'vookl / adjective

connected with the voice

the vocal organs (= the tongue, lips, etc.)

VOCal cords / 'vookl kordz / noun [plural]

($\mbox{\footnotesize BIOLOGY}$) the thin bands of muscle in the back of your throat that move to produce the voice

vo .ca .tion / voυˈkeɪʃn / noun

[count, noncount](formal)

a type of work or way of life that you do because you believe it is especially right for you

Peter has found his vocation as a priest.

vo ca tion al school / voo'keijn•l skul /

noun [count, noncount]

a school that teaches students skills that are necessary for particular jobs

He went to a vocational school to study carpentry.

vogue / **vo**og / **noun** [count, noncount]

a fashion for something

a vogue for large cars ♦ Black is always in vogue.

Voice D / vois / noun [count]

the sounds that you make when you speak or sing *Steve has a very deep voice.*

lose your voice

to not be able to speak, usually because of illness *He had a bad cold and lost his voice.*

raise your voice to speak more loudly

voice mail / 'vois meil / (also voice mail) noun

[noncount]

an electronic system that lets you leave or listen to telephone messages

volcano

Have you checked your voice mail?

vol .ca .no

/ val'kemov /

noun [count]

vol.ca.noes)

(GEOGRAPHY) a mountain with a hole in the top where fire, gas, and hot liquid rock (called lava) sometimes come out

▶vol .can .ic

/ val'kænik / adjective

aajective volcanic rocks

vol .ley .ball / 'valibal / noun (sports)

1 [noncount] a game where two teams try to hit a ball over a high net with their hands We played volleyball on the beach.

2 [count] a ball for playing this game

VOIT / voolt / noun [count] (abbreviation **V**) (PHYSICS) a measure of electricity

vol . ume 🔯 AWL / 'valyəm ; 'valyum / noun

1 [noncount , singular] (MUSIC) the amount of sound that something makes

I can't hear the radio. Can you turn up the volume?

 ${f 2}$ [count, noncount] (MATH , PHYSICS) the amount of space that something fills, or the amount of space inside something

What is the volume of this box?

 $\boldsymbol{3}$ [count, noncount] the large quantity or amount of something

a high volume of traffic on the roads

4 [count] a book, especially one of a set *The encyclopedia is in two volumes.*

vol .un .tar .y AWL / 'valən teri / adjective

If something is **voluntary**, you do it because you want to, not because you must

She made a voluntary decision to leave the job.

→ANTONYM compulsory

►vol .un .tar .i .ly AWL / ˌvɑlənˈtɛrəli / adverb She left the job voluntarily.

vol . un . teer 1 AWL / ,valen'tir / noun [count]

a person who says that they will do a job without being forced or without being paid

They're asking for volunteers to help at the Christmas party.

He does volunteer work at a children's hospital.

vol . un . teer 2 AWL / valen'tir / verb

(vol.un.teers, vol.un.teer.ing, vol.un.teered) to say that you will do a job without being forced or without being paid

I volunteered to do the dishes.

She volunteers at her daughter's school.

vom . it / 'vamət / verb

(vom its, vom it ing, vom it ed)

(HEALTH) When you **vomit** , food comes up from your stomach and out of your mouth.

▶vom it noun [noncount]

the food that comes up from your stomach when you \boldsymbol{vomit}

Vote 1 2 / voot / noun [count]

when you choose someone or something by writing on a piece of paper or by putting up your hand

There were 96 votes for the plan, and 25 against .

We couldn't agree on a title for the project, so we decided to take a vote.

Vote 2 (voot / verb (votes , vot ling , vot led)

to choose someone or something by writing on a piece of paper or by putting up your hand

Who did you vote for in the election?

They voted to ban the use of cell phones inside the building.

►vot .er / 'vooter / noun [count]

a person who votes in a political election

vouch . **er** / 'vautʃər / noun [count]

a piece of paper that you can use instead of money to pay for something

VOW / vao / noun [count]

a formal and serious promise to do something *The monks made a vow of silence.*

crater

vow .el / 'vaval / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) one of the letters "a," "e," "i," "o," or "u" $^{\prime\prime}$

→ Look at consonant.

VOy .age / 'vond3 / noun [count]

a long trip by boat or in space

Columbus made his first voyage to the New World in 1492.

Thesaurus

trip an act of traveling from one place to another, and usually back again. A **trip** can be short or long, and can be for business or pleasure: a **business trip** \spadesuit a round-the-world trip \spadesuit a trip to the grocery store \spadesuit They **took** a **trip** down the river. \spadesuit We just got back from our trip to Japan. We had a great time.

travel the general activity of moving from place to place. With this meaning, **travel** is a noncount noun. A person's **travels** are the time he or she spends traveling, especially in foreign countries and for pleasure: air/rail/space travel ◆ Foreign travel is very popular these days. ◆ The book is about her travels around Europe.

journey a long and often difficult trip from one place to another: It was a dangerous journey across the mountains. \spadesuit They continued their journey on foot.

expedition a long, organized trip to find out about a place or to do something special: He **led** the first **expedition** to the North Pole. ◆ She **made** two **expeditions** to Brazil to study the wild plants.

voyage a long trip by water or in space: The Titantic sank on its first voyage. ◆ The spacecraft began its voyage to Jupiter.

VS. abbreviation of **versus**

vul .gar / 'vʌlgər / adjective

not showing good judgment about what is attractive or appropriate; not polite or well behaved a vulgar joke

vul .ner .a .ble / 'vʌlnərəbl / adjective

likely to be hurt or damaged

The soldiers' position meant that they were vulnerable to attack.

When she first moved to the city, she felt lonely and vulnerable.

vul . **ture** / 'v_Altʃər / *noun* [count] a type of bird that eats dead animals

Ww

W, **W** / 'd\lambda blyu / noun [count, noncount]

1 (plural **W**'s, **w**'s / 'd $_{\Lambda}$ blyuz /) the twenty-third letter of the English alphabet

"Water" begins with a "W."

2 W short for watt

wack . y / 'wæki / adjective

(wack i er, wack i est)

(informal)

funny in a slightly crazy way She has some pretty wacky ideas!

wad / wad / noun [count]

a lot of pieces of paper folded or rolled together He pulled a wad of dollar bills out of his pocket.

wade / werd / verb (wades , wad ling , wad led) to walk through water

Can we wade across the river, or is it too deep?

waf .fle / 'wafl / noun [count]

a flat cake with a pattern of squares on it that is often eaten with a sweet sauce (called **syrup**)





waffles

pancakes

Wag / wæg / verb (wags , wag .ging , wagged) If a dog wags its tail, its tail moves from side to side several times.

wage / 'weid₃ / *noun* [singular] (also wag .es) [plural]

the money that you receive for the work that you do the minimum wage (= the lowest amount that someone is allowed to be paid for each hour that they work) to work for low wages

wag .on / 'wægən / noun [count]

1 a vehicle with four wheels that a horse pulls

2 a child's toy like an open box on four wheels, with a long handle for pulling it

Wail / well / verb (wails, wail ing, wailed) to make a long, sad noise

The little boy fell off his bike and started wailing.

waist / weist / noun [count]

the narrow part around the middle of your body

waist .line / 'weistlain / noun [count , usually
singular]

the measurement of the body around the waist, used to talk about how fat or thin a person is an expanding waistline

Wait 1 / west / verb (waits, wait ing, wait ed) to stay in one place until something happens or until someone or something comes

If I'm late, please wait for me.

Have you been waiting long?

The doctor kept me waiting (= made me wait) for half an hour.

can't wait

used when someone is very excited about something that is going to happen; *I can't wait to see you again!*

wait and see

to be patient and find out later

"What are we having for dinner?" "Wait and see!"

wait on someone to serve someone food or drinks, usually in a restaurant

wait up to not go to bed until someone comes home *I'll be home late tonight so don't wait up for me.*

Wait 2 / west / noun [count , usually singular] a time when you wait

We had a long wait for the bus.

wait .er / weiter / noun [count]

a man who brings food and drinks to your table in a restaurant

wait . **ing room** / 'wertin rum / **noun** [count] a room where people can sit and wait, for example to see a doctor

wait .ress / 'weitres / noun [count]

(plural wait ress es)

a woman who brings food and drinks to your table in a restaurant

Wake week / (also wake up) verb (wakes, wak ing, woke / wook / has wok en / wooken /)

1 to stop sleeping

What time did you wake up this morning?

2 to make someone stop sleeping

The noise woke me up .

Don't wake the baby.

Walk 1 / wok / verb (walks, walk ing, walked)

to move on your legs, but not run

I usually walk to work.

We walked 10 miles today.

walk out to leave suddenly because you are angry *He walked out of the meeting.*

Walk 2 2 / wok / noun [count]

a trip on foot

The beach is a short walk from our house.

I took the dog for a walk.

It was a beautiful day, so we went for a walk in the park.

walk .er / 'wolker / noun [count]

a person who is walking

walk . ie-talk . ie / woki 'toki / noun [count] (informal)

a small radio that you can carry with you and use to send and receive messages

Wall 5 / wol / noun [count]

1 a side of a building or room

There's a picture on the wall.

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ a thing made of stones, bricks, etc. that is built around an area

an old stone wall

A high wall surrounded the prison.

wal . **let** / 'walet / *noun* [count] a small, flat case for money and bank cards A pickpocket stole my wallet.

wallets





wall . pa . per / 'wol,perper / noun [noncount] special paper that you use for covering the walls of a room wall .pa .per verb (wall .pa .pers , wall .pa .per .ing , wall .pa .pered) to put wallpaper onto the walls of a room We wallpapered the living room ourselves.

Wall Street / 'wol strit / noun [noncount]

(BUSINESS) a street in New York City that has many important banks and companies, and the business that is done there

wal . nut / 'wolnat / noun [count]

a type of nut that we eat

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **nut**.

wal .rus / 'wolres; 'walres / noun [count] (plural wal .rus .es)

an animal with short fur that lives in and near the ocean, and that eats fish. It has two very long teeth (called tusks).

waltz / wolts / noun [count] (plural waltz .es)

(MUSIC) a dance for two people to music that has a pattern of three beats; the music for this dance

wand / wand / noun [count]

a thin stick that people hold when they are doing magic tricks

wan .der / 'wander / verb

(wan .ders , wan .der .ing , wan .dered)

to walk slowly with no special plan

We wandered around town until the stores opened.

want (want , want , ed)

to wish to have or do something

He wants a bike for his birthday.

I want to go out tonight.

She wanted me to give her some money.

Which word?

Want or would like?

Would like is more polite than want.

Look at these examples: "I want a drink!" screamed the child. ◆ Would you like some more coffee?

War 🥯 / wor / noun [count, noncount]

fighting between countries or between groups of people *War broke out* (= started).

The two countries have been at war (= fighting) for five years.

to declare war on another country

ward / word / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{HEALTH}}$) a room in a hospital that has beds for the patients

He worked as a nurse on the children's ward .

SUFFIX

-ward

(in adjectives and adverbs) in the direction of $\it back\,ward$

down ward east ward

out ward

war . den / 'wordn / noun [count] a person whose job is to manage a prison

ward .robe / 'wordroob / noun [count]

1 a person's collection of clothes

I need a whole new winter wardrobe!

2 a piece of furniture where you can hang your clothes

ware . house / 'werhaus / noun [count]

a big building where people keep things before they sell them

a furniture warehouse

war . fare / 'worfer / noun [noncount]

the activity and ways of fighting a war naval warfare

warm 1 [©] / worm / adjective

(warm .er , warm .est)

PRONUNCIATION

The word warm sounds like storm.

1 having a pleasant temperature that is high but not very high; between cool and hot

It's warm by the fire.

Thesaurus

hot having a high temperature; (used about a person) feeling heat in an uncomfortable way: Do you like this hot weather? ◆ Be careful - the plates are hot. ◆ If you're hot, take off your sweater.

warm with a temperature that is high but not very high, so that it feels pleasant; not hot and not cold: Wash the blouse in warm soapy water. ◆ It's cold outside but it's nice and warm in here. ◆ Are you warm enough? ◆ I jumped up and down to keep warm.

→ANTONYM cold, cool

lukewarm slightly warm, often in an unpleasant way: The food was only lukewarm. ◆ Add half a cup of lukewarm water to the mixture.

boiling (informal)

very hot in an unpleasant way: You must be boiling in that heavy coat. ◆ Can you turn the heat down? It's boiling hot in here.

→ANTONYM freezing

2 Warm clothes are clothes that stop you from feeling cold *It's cold in the mountains, so take some warm clothes with you.*

3 friendly and kind

Martha is a very warm person. →ANTONYM cold

►warm .ly / 'wormli / adverb

The children were warmly dressed.

He thanked me warmly.

warm 2 2 / worm / verb

(warms, warm ing, warmed)

warm up; warm someone or something up to become warmer, or to make someone or something warmer

I warmed up some soup for lunch.

It was cold this morning, but it's warming up now.

warm-blood . ed / worm 'bladed / adjective

(BIOLOGY) having a body temperature that does not change if the temperature of the air changes

Mammals are warm-blooded.

→ Look at cold-blooded.

warmth / wormθ / noun [noncount]

1 a pleasant temperature that is not too hot *the warmth of the sun*

2 the quality of being kind and friendly *the warmth of her smile*

Warm-up / 'worm np / (also warm up) noun [count]

a set of exercises that you do to prepare yourself for an activity, such as a sports game

warn 🥯 / wərn / verb

(warns, warn ing, warned)

to tell someone about danger or about something bad that may happen

I warned him not to go too close to the fire.

warn . **ing** / 'wornm / *noun* [count, noncount] something that tells you about danger or about something

something that tells you about danger or about something bad that may happen

There is a warning on every pack of cigarettes.

The storm came without warning.

war . rant / 'worent / noun [count]

an official document giving someone permission to do something

Police have issued a warrant for his arrest.

war .ran .ty / 'worenti / noun

[count, noncount] (plural war ran ties)

(BUSINESS) a written promise by a company that it will repair or replace a thing you have bought, if it breaks or stops working

My new car comes with a 2-year warranty.

Is this cell phone still under warranty?

→SYNONYM guarantee

war · ri · Or / 'worier / noun [count] (formal)

(especially in the past) a person who fights in a war; a soldier

wart / wort / noun [count]

($\mbox{\sc HEALTH}$) a small, hard, dry lump that sometimes grows on the face or body

Was / waz; waz / form of be

wash 1 2 / was / verb

(wash les, wash ling, washed)

1 to clean someone, something, or yourself with water *Did you wash the car?*

Wash your hands before you eat.

I washed and dressed quickly.

2 (used about water) to flow somewhere

The waves washed over my feet.

wash someone or something away (used about water) to move or carry someone or something to another place

The house was washed away by the river.

wash up to wash your face and hands

Go and wash up, and put on some clean clothes.

wash 2/was/noun

 $\boldsymbol{1} \; [\; \text{noncount} \;]$ clothes that are being washed or that need to be washed

All my socks are in the wash!

2 [usually singular] cleaning something with water *The car needs a good wash.*

wash .a .ble / 'wafəbl / adjective

Something that is **washable** can be washed without being damaged

This sweater is machine washable (= it can be washed in the washing machine).

wash . cloth / 'wasklot / noun [count]

a small, square piece of cloth that you use to wash your face and body

wash ing ma chine / wasin masin/

(also wash er / 'wafer /) noun [count] a machine that washes clothes

was . n't / 'waznt; 'waznt / short for was not

Wasp / wasp / noun [count]

a yellow and black insect that flies and can hurt (**sting**) you by pushing a sharp part into your skin

→ Look at the picture at insect.

Waste 1 / weist / verb (wastes, wast ing, wast ed)

to use too much of something or not use something in a good way

She wastes a lot of money on candy.

He wasted his time at college – he didn't do any work.

waste 2 2 / weist / noun

1 [singular] **not using something in a useful way** *It's a waste to throw away all this food!*

This watch was a waste of money – it's broken already!

2 [noncount] material, food, etc. that people no longer use or need

A lot of waste from the factories goes into this river.

Waste 3 [©] / weist / adjective

not useful or needed

Plants produce oxygen as a waste product.

waste .bas .ket

/ 'weist,bæsket / noun [count]

a container where you put things like paper that you do not want



wastebasket

waste .ful / 'weistfl / adjective using more of something than you need; causing waste

1 to look at someone or something for some time *We watched television all evening. Watch how I do this.*

Thesaurus

look to turn your eyes toward someone or something, or in a particular direction: She **looked at** me and smiled. ◆ Look out the window! There's a rainbow!

watch to look at someone or something for some time, paying attention to what happens: "Would you like to play?" "No thanks - I'll just watch." ◆ I only let my kids watch TV on weekends. ◆ He stood and watched as the taxi drove away.

see to watch a movie, a television program, a game, a performance, etc. With this meaning, see is not used with the -ing form, so you can say "I saw a movie" but NOT "I was seeing a movie": to see a movie/a TV program ◆ Did you see the game on TV yesterday?

2 to take care of something or someone for a short time *Could you watch my bags while I buy a ticket?*

3 to be careful about someone or something *You'd better watch what you say to her.*

watch out to be careful because of someone or something dangerous

Watch out! There's a car coming.

→SYNONYM look out

watch out for someone or something to look carefully and be ready for someone or something dangerous *Watch out for ice on the roads.*

watch 2 of / wats / noun (plural watch les)

1 [count] a thing that you wear on your wrist so you know what time it is

She kept looking at her watch nervously.

Word building

A small clock that you wear on your wrist is called a **watch** .

You say that a clock or watch is **fast** if it shows a time that is later than the real time. You say that it is **slow** if it shows a time that is earlier than the real time.



2 [noncount] the action of watching something in case of danger or problems

The soldier was keeping watch at the gate.

Wa .ter 1 2 / 'watar / noun [noncount]

the liquid that is in rivers, lakes, and oceans *I'd like a glass of water.*

After the heavy rain a lot of the fields were under water.

wa .ter 2 / 'woter / verb

(wa ters, wa ter ing, wa tered)

1 to give water to plants

Did you water the plants?

2 (used about the eyes or mouth) to fill with liquid *The smoke made my eyes water.*

The food smelled so good that it made my mouth water.

wa .ter .col .or / 'wɔtərkʌlər / noun (ART)

1 watercolors [plural] paints that you mix with water2 [count] a picture that you paint with watercolors

wa . **ter cool** . **er** / 'wotər kulər / *noun* [count] a machine that you can get cold drinking water from, for example in an office

wa .ter .fall

/ 'wətərfəl / *noun* [count]

(GEOGRAPHY) a place where water falls from a high place to a low place

waterfall



wa . ter . front / 'woterfrant / noun

[count, usually singular]

a part of a town or an area that is next to an ocean, a river, or a lake

a waterfront apartment

wa .ter .ing can / 'woterin kæn / noun [count]

a container that you use for watering plants

TPV Ltd.

wa .ter .mel .on / 'woter,melen / noun

[count]

a big, round fruit with a thick, green skin. It is pink inside with a lot of black seeds.

wa .ter .proof / 'woterpruf / adjective

If something is $\mathbf{waterproof}$, it does not let water go through it

a waterproof jacket

wa .ter .ski .ing / 'wotersking / noun

(SPORTS) the sport of moving fast over water on long boards (called waterskis), pulled by a boat

watt / wat / noun [count] (abbreviation W)

(PHYSICS) a unit of electrical power a 60-watt light bulb

Wave 1 2 / weiv / noun [count]

 ${\bf 1}$ (<code>GEOGRAPHY</code>) one of the high lines of water that moves across the top of the ocean

Waves crashed against the cliffs.

2 a sudden increase of a feeling or type of behavior *There was a wave of sympathy for the victims.*

3 a movement of your hand from side to side in the air to say hello or goodbye, or to make a sign to someone With a wave of his hand, he said good night and left the room.

4 a gentle curve in hair

→ Look at wavy.

5 (PHYSICS) the form that some types of energy such as heat, light, and sound take *radio waves*

Wave 2 / weiv / verb (waves, wav ing, waved)

1 to move your hand from side to side in the air to say hello or goodbye, or to make a sign to someone

She waved to me as the train left the station. Who are you waving at?

2 to move something quickly from side to side in the air *The children waved flags as the mayor rode past.*

3 to move up and down or from side to side *The flags were waving in the wind.*

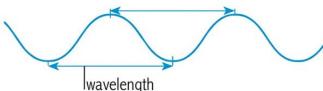
wave . length / 'weɪvlɛŋ θ / noun [count]

($\mbox{\sc PHYSICS}$) the size of a radio wave that a particular radio station uses to send out its programs

be on the same wavelength (informal)

to have the same way of thinking as another person We get along OK, but we're not really on the same wavelength.

wavelength



Wav · **y** / 'weivi / adjective (wav · i · er ,

wav .i .est)

having curves; not straight

a wavy line

She has wavy black hair.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at hair, line.

Wax / wæks / noun [noncount]

the substance that is used for making **candles** (= tall sticks that you burn to give light) or for making things shine *I bought wax for the floor.*

way 5 / wei / noun (plural ways)

1 [count] a method or style of doing something What is the best way to learn a language? He smiled in a friendly way.

2 [count , usually singular] a road or path that you must follow to go to a place

Can you tell me the way to the station, please?

I lost my way, and I had to look at the map.

We stopped for a meal on the way to the show.

Here's the museum. Where's the way in?

I can't find the way out .

3 [singular] a direction; where someone or something is going or looking

Come this way.

She was looking the other way.

Is this picture the right way up?

Those two words should be the other way around.

4 [singular] distance

It's a long way from Houston to Amarillo.

by the way

words that you say when you are going to talk about something different

By the way, I got an e-mail from Ann yesterday.

give way

1 to break

The ladder gave way and Ben fell to the ground.

2 to agree with someone when you did not agree before *My parents finally gave way and said I could go out with my friends.*

in the way

in front of someone so that you stop them from seeing something or moving

I can't see – you're in the way.

no way

(informal)

a way of saying "no" more strongly "Can I borrow your bike?" "No way!"

out of the way

no longer stopping someone from moving or doing something

Get out of the way! There's a car coming!

way of life

how people live

Is the way of life in Europe different from America?

We 🥯 / wi / pronoun [plural]

I and another person or other people; you and I

Mick and I went out last night – we went to the theater. Are we late?

Weak 🥯 / wik / adjective (weak | er , weak | est)

1 not powerful or strong

She felt very weak after her long illness.

He is too weak to be a good leader.

→ANTONYM strong

 $\boldsymbol{2}$ Something that is \boldsymbol{weak} can break easily

The bridge is too weak to carry heavy traffic.

3 (used about a drink) containing a lot of water; not strong in taste

I'd like some weak tea.

→ANTONYM strong

►weak .ly / wikli / adverb

She smiled weakly at them.

weak .en / 'wikan / verb

(weak ens , weak en ing , weak ened)

to become less strong, or to make someone or something less strong; *He was weakened by the illness.*

weak . ness 🔯 / 'wiknəs / noun

(plural weak ness es)

1 [noncount] the state of not being strong *He thought that crying was a sign of weakness.*

2 [count] something that is wrong or bad in a person or thing →ANTONYM strength

wealth / welθ / noun

1 [noncount] a lot of money, land, or property *He is a man of great wealth.*

2 [singular] a large number or amount of something *He has a wealth of teaching experience.*

►wealth . y / ˈwɛlθi / adjective

(wealth .i .er , wealth .i .est)

a wealthy family →SYNONYM rich

weap . on 🥯 / ˈwɛpən / noun [count]

something, such as a gun, that is used for fighting or killing people

nuclear weapons

The police still haven't found the murder weapon.

Wear 1 0 / wer / verb

(wears, wear ing, wore / wor / has worn / worn /)

PRONUNCIATION

The word wear sounds just like where .

to have clothes, jewelry, etc. on your body

She was wearing a red dress.

I wear glasses.

wear off to become less strong

The pain is wearing off.

wear out; wear something out to become thin or damaged because you have used it a lot; to make something do this

Children's shoes usually wear out very quickly.

wear someone out to make someone very tired *She wore herself out by working too hard.*

Wear 2 / wer / noun [noncount]

1 clothes

sportswear

2 long use which damages something *This carpet is showing signs of wear.*

wea . ry / 'wiri / adjective

(wea ri er, wea ri est) very tired a weary traveler

► wea · ri · ly / ˈwɪrəli / adverb She sank wearily into a chair.

wea .sel / 'wizl / noun [count]

a small wild animal with red-brown fur, a long thin body, and short legs. **Weasels** eat smaller animals.

weath .er 🔯 / ˈwεðər / noun [noncount]

($\mbox{{\sc GEOGRAPHY}}$) how much sun, rain, or wind there is at a certain time, or how hot or cold it is

What's the weather like where you are?

We had bad weather last week.

Collocations

The weather

good weather

the sun shines

a gentle/cool/warm breeze blows

bad weather

snow falls/covers everything

the rain falls/pours down

the wind blows/howls

snow/wet weather/a storm/a hurricane is

approaching/is forecast

forecast/expect/predict rain/snow/wet weather/a

storm/a hurricane

thunder rumbles

lightning strikes

weath . er fore . cast / 'wεðər ˌfərkæst / noun [count]

words on television, radio, or in a newspaper that tell you what the weather will be like

The weather forecast says it will be sunny and dry tomorrow.

Weath . **er** . **Vane** / 'wɛðərveɪn / noun [count] a thing on the roof of a building that turns to show which direction the wind is blowing from

Weave / wiv / verb (weaves , weav .ing , wove

/ woov / has wo .ven / 'wooven /)

to make cloth by putting threads over and under one another

These scarves are woven by hand.

Web / web / noun

 $\boldsymbol{1} \; [\; \text{count} \;]$ a thin net that a spider makes to catch insects

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at spider.

2 the Web [singular] (computers) the system that makes it possible for you to see information from all over the world on your computer

→SYNONYM the World Wide Web

Collocations

The Internet

connecting

connect to/log on to/access the Internet/the Web
go/be online/on the Internet

using

browse/surf/search the Internet/the Web check out/visit a website/someone's blog

click/click on/follow a link

start/have/write/read a blog

chatting and sharing

chat with someone/your friends online

meet someone in/enter a chat room

download/upload music/a song/a video/a photo

post a comment/a message

share information/files

web.cam / 'webkæm / noun [count]

(COMPUTERS) a video camera that is connected to a computer so that you can watch what it records on a website as it is happening

web page / web perd3 / noun [count]

($\ensuremath{\mathsf{COMPUTERS}}$) a part of a website that you can see on your computer screen

We learned how to create and register a new web page.

web . site Day / 'websart / noun [count]

($\mbox{{\it COMPUTERS}}$) a place on the Internet that you can look at to find out information about something

I found this information on their website.

Visit our website to learn more.

we'd / wid /

short for we had, we would

wed . ding \(\sqrt{wedin} \) / wedin / noun [count]

a time when a man and a woman get married Billy and Elena invited me to their wedding. She just bought a wedding dress.

Word building

At a wedding, two people get married.

On their wedding day, the woman is called the bride and the man is the groom (or bridegroom).

The groom is helped by his **best man** . The bride is helped by her **bridesmaids** . The most important bridesmaid is the maid of honor .

After the ceremony, there is usually a wedding reception (= a formal party) . Many couples go on a honeymoon (= a vacation) after getting married.

Marriage is the relationship between a husband and a wife: They had a long and happy marriage.

Wedge / wedg / noun [count]

a piece of wood or other material, with one thick and one thin, pointed end

Push a wedge under the door to keep it open.

Wednes . day \(\sqrt{w} \) / 'wenzder; 'wenzdi / noun [count, noncount] (abbreviation Weds.)

the day of the week after Tuesday and before Thursday

Weed 1 / wid / noun [count]

a wild plant that grows where you do not want it The garden of the old house was full of weeds.

weed 2 / wid / verb

(weeds , weed ing , weed ed) to pull weeds out of the ground

Week 2 / wik / noun [count]

1 a time of seven days, usually from Sunday to the next Saturday

I'm going to Sue's house next week.

I play tennis twice a week.

I saw him two weeks ago.

2 the part of the week when people go to work, especially Monday to Friday

I work during the week but not on weekends.

week .day / 'wikder / noun [count]

any day except Saturday or Sunday I only work on weekdays.

week . end D / wikend / noun [count]

Saturday and Sunday

What are you doing over the weekend?

Week . **ly** / 'wikli / adjective, adverb happening or coming every week or once a week

a weekly magazine I am paid weekly.

week night / wiknart / noun [count]

any night of the week except Saturday, Sunday, and sometimes Friday night

My parents don't let me go out on weeknights.

Weep / wip / verb (weeps , weep .ing , wept

/ wept / has wept) (formal)

to cry, usually because you are sad

weigh Some / wei / verb

(weighs, weigh ing, weighed)

PRONUNCIATION

The word weigh sounds just like way.

1 to measure how heavy someone or something is using a machine (called a scale)

The clerk weighed the package.

2 to have or show a certain weight

"How much do you weigh?" "I weigh 155 pounds."

weight 🔯 / weit / noun

1 [noncount] how heavy someone or something is

Do you know the weight of the letter?

I'm getting fat -I need to lose weight (= get thinner)! *He put on weight* (= got fatter) .

2 [count] a piece of metal that weighs a particular amount and is used to measure the weight of something, or which people lift in order to improve their strength and as a sport

She lifts weights as part of her training.

weight . lift . ing / 'weit,liftin / noun

[noncount]

(SPORTS) a sport in which people lift heavy metal weights

Weird / wird / adjective (weird er , weird est) very strange

I had a weird dream.

Weird . **O** / 'wirdoo / noun [count]

(plural weird .os)

(informal)

a person who looks strange or behaves in a strange way

wel .come 1 2 / welkam / verb

(wel_come , wel_com_ing , wel_comed)

1 to be friendly to someone when they arrive somewhere He came to the door to welcome us.

2 to be happy to receive or accept something

I really don't know what to do next, so I'd welcome any suggestions.

►wel .come *noun* [count]

They gave us a warm welcome.

wel . come 2 / 'welkam / adjective

1 If someone or something is **welcome**, you are happy to see them or it

The cool drinks were welcome on such a hot day.

Welcome to America!

2 (*informal*) used to say that you are happy for someone to do something if they want to

If you come to the States again, you're welcome to stay with us.

make someone welcome

to show a visitor that you are happy to see them

you're welcome

polite words that you say when someone has said "thank you"

"Thank you." "You're welcome."

Weld / weld / verb (welds , weld ing , weld ed) to join pieces of metal by heating them and pressing them

All the parts of the sculpture have to be welded together.

well fare AWL / welfer / noun [noncount]

1 the health and happiness of a person

The school is responsible for the welfare of its students.

2 money that the government pays to people who need it There are many familes on welfare.

we'll / wil /

short for we will

Well 1 2 / wel / adverb (bet iter, best)

1 in a good or right way

You speak English very well.

These shoes are really well made.

→ANTONYM badly

2 completely or very much

I don't know Cathy very well.

You'll need to shake the bottle well before you open it.

"I'm going out." "Can I come as well?"

→SYNONYM too

as well as

and also

She has an apartment in Florida as well as a house in Maine.

do well

to be successful

He did well on his exams.

may or might as well

words that you use to say that you will do something, often because there is nothing else to do

If you've finished your work, you may as well go home.

well done!

words that you say to someone who has done something good

"I got the job!" "Well done!"

Well 2 2 / wel / adjective (bet ter, best)

"How are you?" "I'm very well, thanks."

→ANTONYM sick

Well 3 D / wel / exclamation

1 a word that you often say when you are starting to speak "Do you like it?" "Well, I'm not really sure."

2 a word that you use to show surprise

Well, that's strange!

3 a word that you use when you are waiting for someone to say something

Well? Are you going to tell me what happened?

4 (also oh well) a word that you use when you know there is nothing you can do to change a situation

Well, we made a mistake and there's nothing we can do about it now.

Well 4 / wel / noun [count]

a deep hole for getting water or oil from under the ground an oil well

well-be . haved / ,wel br'hervd / adjective behaving in a way that most people think is good Their children are very well-behaved.

well-be . ing / wel 'bim / noun [noncount] a feeling of being healthy and happy

well-done / wel 'dan / adjective

Meat that is **well-done** has been cooked for a long time.

 \rightarrow Look at rare (2).

well-dressed / wel 'drest / adjective wearing attractive or expensive clothes a well-dressed young man

Well-known / wel 'noon / adjective

famous

She's very well known in this part of the country. a well-known writer

→ANTONYM unknown

well off / wel 'of / adjective

516

They must be very well off – their house is huge.

→SYNONYM rich, wealthy

went

form of qo 1

wept

form of weep

we're / wir /

short for we are

were / war /

form of be

weren't / warnt /

short for were not

were . wolf / 'werwolf / noun [count]

(plural were . wolves / 'werwolvz /)

(in stories) a person who sometimes changes into a wild animal like a big dog (called a wolf), especially at the time of the full moon

West 🥯 / wεst / noun [singular]

(abbreviation W.)

(GEOGRAPHY)

1 the direction you look in to see the sun go down

Which way is west?

They live in the west of Montana.

→ Look at the picture at compass.

2 the west or the West the part of any country, city, etc. that is further to the west than the other parts

the history of the American West

3 the West the countries of North America and western Europe

west adjective, adverb

A west wind is blowing.

The town is five miles west of here.

west . ern 1 🔯 / ˈwɛstərn / adjective

(GEOGRAPHY)

1 in or of the west of a place

Western parts of the country will be very cold.

2 Western from or connected with the western part of the world, especially Europe and North America

West . ern 2 / 'western / noun [count]

a movie, TV program, or book about life in the past in the west of the U.S.

Wet 1 [™] / wet / adjective (wet .ter , wet .test)

1 covered in water or another liquid

This towel is wet - can I have a dry one?

There was a strong smell of wet paint.

2 with a lot of rain

a wet day

→ANTONYM dry

Wet 2 / wet / verb (wets , wet ting , wet or wet .

ted, has wet or has wet ted)

to make something wet

Wet your hair before you put shampoo on it.

wet . lands / 'wetlandz / noun [plural]

(GEOGRAPHY) an area of land that is always wet The wetlands are home to a large variety of wildlife.

wet . **Suit** / 'wetsut / noun [count]

a rubber suit that covers the whole body, which you wear for swimming underwater or playing sports in the water

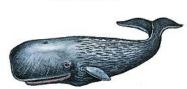
we've / wiv /

short for we have

whale / weil /

a very big animal that lives in the ocean and looks like a very big fish

whale



wharf / worf / noun [count]

(plural wharves / worvz /)

a long structure that is built from the land into the ocean, where people can tie up their boats

what 🍮 / wat; wat / pronoun, adjective

1 a word that you use when you ask about someone or something

What's your name?

What are you reading?

What time is it?

What kind of music do you like?

2 the thing that

I don't know what this word means.

Tell me what to do.

3 a word that you use to show surprise or other strong feelings

What a terrible day!

What beautiful flowers!

what?

(informal)

1 a word that you use when you did not hear something correctly

What? I can't hear you.

2 a word that you use when you want to know what someone wants

"Mom!" "What?" "Can I have a drink?"

what about ...?

words that you use when you suggest something *What about going to a restaurant tonight?*

→SYNONYM how about...?

what...for?

for what purpose or reason? What did you say that for?

What's this machine for?

what if ...?

what would happen if...?
What if the car breaks down?

what is...like?

words that you use when you want to know more about someone or something

"What's her brother like?" "He's very nice."

what's on?

words that you use when you want to know what television programs are being shown

What's on TV tonight?

what's up? (informal)

1 used to say "hello" to someone

"Hey Chris, what's up?" "Not much. How about you?"

2 what is wrong?

You look sad. What's up?

what ev er / wətˈɛvər ; watˈɛvər /

adjective, pronoun, adverb

1 any or every; anything or everything

These animals eat whatever food they can find.

I'll do whatever I can to help you.

2 it does not matter what

Whatever you do, don't be late.

3 (*informal*) a word that you say to show that you do not mind what you do or have

"What should we do tomorrow?" "Whatever."

what's / wats; wats /

short for what is, what has

wheat / wit / noun [noncount]

a type of grain that can be made into flour

wheel 1 6 / wil / noun [count]

a thing like a circle, which turns around to move something such as a car or a bicycle

His favorite toy is a dog on wheels.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at car.

wheel 2 / wil / verb

(wheels, wheel ing, wheeled)

to push along something that has wheels *I wheeled my bicycle up the hill.*

wheel

bar . row /

ˈwilˌbæroʊ / *noun* [count]

a container with one wheel and two handles that you use outside for carrying things

wheelbarrow



wheel chair

/ wiltser / noun

[count]

a chair with wheels for someone who cannot walk

wheelchair



wheeze / wiz / verb

(wheezes, wheez ing, wheezed)

to breathe in a noisy way, for example because you have an illness in your chest

She's been wheezing and coughing all day.

when 🥯 / wen / adverb, conjunction

1 at what time

When did she arrive?

I don't know when his birthday is.

2 at the time that

It was raining when we left school.

I saw her in May, when she was in Denver.

He came when I called him.

3 since; considering that

Why do you want another dog when you have two already?

when .ev .er D / wen'ever / conjunction

1 at any time that

Come and see us whenever you want.

2 every time that

Whenever I see her, she talks about her boyfriend.

where Description / wer / adverb, conjunction

1 in or to what place Where do you live?

I asked her where she lived.

Where's he going?

2 in which; at which

This is the street where I live.

where . as AWL / wer'æz / conjunction a word that you use between two different ideas John likes traveling, whereas I don't.

where . by AWL / wer'bai / adverb (formal)

by which; because of which

They are introducing a program whereby all staff can have regular training.

wher . ev . er 🔯 / wer'ever / adverb.

conjunction

at, in, or to any place Sit wherever you like.

wheth .er 🐸 / ˈwɛðər / conjunction

1 a word that we use to talk about choosing between two things

I don't know whether to go or not.

2 if

She asked me whether I was married.

which | witf / pronoun, adjective

1 what person or thing

Which color do you like best - blue or green? Which apartment do you live in?

2 a word that shows exactly what thing or things you are talking about

Did you read the poem which Louise wrote?

3 a word that you use before you say more about (whis pers, whis per ing, whis pered) something

Her new dress, which she bought for \$200, is really

which .ev .er / witfever / adjective, pronoun any person or thing

Here are two books – take whichever you want.

While 1 9 / wail / conjunction

1 during the time that; when

The telephone rang while I was taking a shower.

2 at the same time as

I listen to the radio while I'm eating my breakfast.

while 2 2 / wail / noun [singular]

a period of time

Let's sit here for a while .

I'm going home in a while (= soon).

whim .per / 'wimper / verb

(whim pers, whim per ing, whim pered) to make a soft crying noise, because you are hurt or afraid

"Don't leave me alone," he whimpered.

►whim .per noun [count]

The dog gave a whimper.

whine / wain / verb

(whines, whin ing, whined)

1 to complain about things in an unpleasant, crying voice The children were whining all afternoon.

2 to make a long, high, sad sound The dog was whining outside the door.

Whip 1 / wip / noun [count]

a long piece of leather or rope with a handle, used for making animals move faster or for hitting people

whip 2/wip/verb

(whips, whip ping, whipped)

1 to hit an animal or a person with a whip

The rider whipped the horse to make it go faster.

2 to mix food very quickly with a fork, for example, until it is light and thick

whipped cream

whirl / worl / verb (whirls , whirl ing , whirled)

to move around and around very quickly The dancers whirled around the room.

whirl . pool / 'warlpul / noun [count]

(GEOGRAPHY) a place in a river or the ocean where the water moves around in a circle very quickly

Whisk 1 / wisk / verb

(whisks, whisk ing, whisked)

1 to mix eggs or cream very quickly with a fork or a whisk 2 to take someone or something somewhere very quickly

The president was whisked away in a helicopter.

whisk 2 / wisk / noun [count] a tool that you use for mixing eggs or cream very quickly

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **kitchen**.

whisk .er / 'wisker / noun [count]

one of the long hairs that grow near the mouth of a cat, a mouse, and some other animals

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at cat.

whis . key / 'wiski / noun [count, noncount] (plural whis keys)

a strong alcoholic drink; a glass of this drink

whis .per / 'wispar / verb

to speak very quietly to someone, so that other people cannot hear what you are saying

He whispered so that he would not wake the baby up.

▶whis .per noun [count] She spoke in a whisper.

whis .tle 1 / 'wisl / noun [count]

1 a small musical instrument that makes a long, high sound when you blow it

The referee blew his whistle to start the game.

2 the long, high sound that you make when you blow air out between your lips or when you blow a whistle

whis tle 2 / wisl / verb (whis tles.

whis tling, whis tled)

to make a long, high sound by blowing air out between your lips or through a whistle

He whistled a tune to himself.

White 1 / wait / adjective (whit er, whit est)

1 with the color of snow or milk

He wore a white shirt and a blue tie.

2 with pale skin

3 White wine is wine with a light color.

white 2 2 / wait / noun

1 [noncount] the color of snow or milk She was dressed in white .

2 [count] a person with pale skin

3 [count, noncount] the part inside an egg that is whol .ly / 'hooli / adverb around the yellow middle part Add the whites of two eggs.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at egg.

white . board / 'waitbord / noun [count]

a large, white board that people like teachers write on with special pens

→ Look at blackboard.

white-col . lar / wait 'kaler / adjective

(BUSINESS) connected with people who do office work rather than physical work white-collar jobs

→ Look at blue-collar.

the White House / ða 'wait haus / noun

[singular] (POLITICS)

1 the large building in Washington, D.C. where the U.S. president lives and works

2 the U.S. president and his or her officials The White House has issued a statement.

whiz (also whizz) / wiz / verb

(whiz zes, whiz zing, whizzed)

(informal)

to move very quickly

The bullet whizzed past his head.

who 🥯 / hu / pronoun

1 a word we use in questions to ask about the name, position, etc. of one or more people

Who is that girl?

I don't know who did it.

2 a word that shows which person or people you are talking about

I like people who say what they think.

The woman who I work for is very nice.

who'd / hud / short for who had , who would

who .ev .er 🔯 / huˈɛvər / pronoun

1 the person who; any person who

Whoever broke the glass must pay for it.

2 a way of saying "it does not matter who"

I don't want to see anyone – whoever it is.

whole 1 / hool / adjective

PRONUNCIATION

The word whole sounds just like hole, because we don't say the w in this word.

complete; with no parts missing

He ate the whole cake!

We are going to Australia for a whole month.

whole 2 5 / hool / noun [singular]

1 a thing that is complete

Two halves make a whole.

2 all of something

I spent the whole of the weekend in bed.

on the whole

generally, but not always completely true On the whole, I think it's a good idea.

whole . some / 'hoolsom / adjective

1 good for your health

simple, wholesome food for the whole family

2 having good moral values

We prefer more wholesome entertainment for our kids.

who'll / hul /

short for who will

(formal)

completely

He is not wholly to blame for the situation.

→SYNONYM totally

whom / hum / pronoun

a word we use instead of "who" as the object of a verb or preposition

To whom did you give the money?

She's the woman whom I met in Greece.

whoop / wup; hup / verb

(whoops, whoop ing, whooped)

to shout loudly because you are happy or excited

►whoop noun [count]

He let out a whoop of laughter.

who's / huz /

short for who is, who has

whose 🥯 / huz / adjective, pronoun

1 used to ask who something belongs to

Whose car is this?

2 used to say exactly which person or thing you mean, or to give extra information about a person or thing That's the boy whose sister is a singer.

who've / huv /

short for who have

why 🔯 / wai / adverb

for what reason

Why are you late?

I don't know why she's angry.

why not?

words that you use to make or agree to a suggestion

Why not ask Kate to go with you?

"Let's go see a movie." "Sure, why not?"

wick .ed / 'wikad / adjective

very bad

a story about a wicked witch

→SYNONYM evil

wide 1 2 / ward / adjective (wid er , wid est)

1 far from one side to the other We drove down a wide road.

→ANTONYM narrow

2 You use wide to say or ask how far something is from one side to the other

The table was 6 feet wide.

How wide is the river?

3 completely open

The children's eyes were wide with excitement.

The noun is width.

wide 2 / ward / adverb

completely; as far or as much as possible

Open your mouth wide.

I'm wide awake!

She stood with her feet wide apart.

wide . ly / 'wardli / adverb

by a lot of people; in or to a lot of places He has traveled widely in Asia.

wid .en / 'wardn / verb

(wid ens, wid en ing, wid ened)

to become wider; to make something wider

They are widening the road.

wide . spread AWL / 'waidspred / adjective

If something is widespread, it is happening in many places

The disease is becoming more widespread.

wid . Ow / 'widoo / noun [count]

a woman whose husband is dead

wid .ow .er / 'widover / noun

[count]

a man whose wife is dead

width / widθ / noun [count]

how far it is from one side of something to the other; how wide something is

The room is fifteen feet in width.

The adjective is wide.

→ Look at the picture at dimension.

wife 2 / warf / noun [count] (plural wives / waivz /)

the woman that someone is married to

→ Look at husband.

Wig / wig / noun [count]

a covering for your head made of hair that is not your own

Wi . Ki / 'wiki / noun [count] (plural wi . kis)

a website that allows any user to change or add to the information it contains

Wild 1 / waild / adjective (wild .er , wild .est)

1 Wild plants and animals live or grow in nature, not with people

We picked some wild flowers.

2 excited: not controlled

She was wild with anger.

The crowd went wild with excitement.

3 (informal) exciting and interesting, because it is unusual

a totally wild outfit

Wild 2 / 'waild / noun the wild [singular]

a natural area that is not controlled by people In Africa we saw gorillas in the wild.

wil der ness / wildernes / noun

[count, usually singular]

a large area of land that has never been used for building on [noncount, singular] or for growing things

We love to go camping in the wilderness.

wild . life / 'warldlarf / noun

[noncount]

animals and plants in nature

Collocations

The Natural World

animals mate/breed/reproduce/feed (on something)

birds fly/sing/nest/migrate insects crawl/fly/bite/sting

hunt/capture/kill prey

lay/fertilize eggs

plants and fungi

trees/plants grow/bloom/blossom/flower

a seed sprouts

leaves/buds/shoots appear/develop/form

a fungus grows/spreads

pollinate/fertilize a flower/plant produce/spread pollen/seeds

Will 1 🥯 / wəl ; wıl / modal verb

Grammar

The negative form of will is will not or the short form won't / wount / : They won't be there.

The short form of will is 'll . We often use this: You'll (= you will) be late. ◆ He'll (= he will) drive you to the

1 a word that shows the future

Do you think she will come tomorrow?

2 a word that you use when you agree or promise to do

I'll carry your bag for you.

3 a word that you use when you ask someone to do something

Will you open the window, please?

Grammar

Can , could , may , might , should , must , will , shall, would, and ought to are modal verbs.

Modal verbs do not have an "s" in the "he/she" form: She can drive. (NOT She cans drive.)

After modal verbs (except ought to), you use the infinitive without "to": I must go now. (NOT I must to

You make guestions and negative sentences without "do" or "did": Will you come with me? (NOT Do you will come?); They might not know. (NOT They don't might know.)

Will 2 2 / wil / noun

1 [count, noncount] the power of your mind that makes you choose, decide, and do things

She has a very strong will, and no one can stop her from doing what she wants.

2 [singular] what someone wants to happen The man made him get into the car against his will

(= when he did not want to).

3 [count] a legal document that says who will have your money, house, etc. when you die

My grandmother left me \$2,000 in her will.

will ing / wilin / adjective

ready and happy to do something

I'm willing to work weekends. →ANTONYM unwilling

►will ing ly / wilinli / adverb

I'll willingly help you.

►will ing ness / wilinnes / noun

He showed no willingness to help.

Wil . IOW / 'wiloo / noun [count]

a tree with long, thin branches that hang down. Willow trees grow near water.

will . pow .er / 'wɪl,paʊər / noun [noncount]

the ability to keep trying to succeed, even when something is hard to do

It takes willpower to quit smoking.

wimp / wimp / noun [count] (informal)

a person who is weak or afraid to do things

Win 🥯 / wɪn / verb (wins, win ning, won / wʌn / has won)

1 to be the best or the first in a game, race, or competition Who won the race?

Tom won and I was second.

→ANTONYM lose

2 to receive something because you did well or tried hard I won a prize in the competition. Who won the gold medal?

▶win *noun* [count]

Our team has had five wins this year.

→ Look at winning, winner.

wind 1 2 / wind / noun [count, noncount]

(GEOGRAPHY) air that moves

The wind blew his hat off.

Strong winds caused a lot of damage to buildings.

Thesaurus

wind air that moves quickly outside: The wind was blowing hard. ◆ The trees were swaying in the wind. ◆ Several trees were blown over in the strong winds. ◆ A qust of wind blew my hat off.

hurricane a violent storm with very strong winds, which starts over the ocean: Many of the buildings here were destroyed in the hurricane. ◆ Hurricane Rita is now approaching the coast of Florida.

tornado a violent storm with very strong winds that move in a circle. There is often also a tall cloud which is narrow at the bottom and wide at the top: A tornado tore through the town yesterday. • The hotel was completely destroyed by a tornado. • a tornado warning

breeze a light wind: A light breeze was blowing. ◆ The flowers were gently moving in the breeze. ◆ a cool/warm breeze

gale a very strong wind: The roof of the school was torn off by the gale. ◆ The gale blew down several trees.

wind 2 / waind / verb

(winds , wind .ing , wound / waond / has wound)
PRONUNCIATION

The verb **wind** sounds like **find** , and the past forms sound like **found** .

1 to make something long go around and around another thing; *The nurse wound the bandage around my knee.*

2 to turn a key or handle to make something work or move *The clock will stop if you don't wind it up .*

3 A road or river that **winds** has a lot of bends and turns *The path winds through the forest.*

wind . **chill** / 'windtsil / noun [noncount] the effect of a cold temperature together with wind The windchill factor makes it feel even colder outside today.

wind in . stru . ment / 'wind instrement / noun [count] (MUSIC) a musical instrument that you play by blowing through it

wind .mill / 'windmil / noun [count] a tall building with long, flat parts that turn in the wind

win . dow 5 / 'windou / noun [count]

1 an opening in a building or in a car door, for example, with glass in it

It was cold, so I closed the window.

She looked out of the window.

2 (COMPUTERS) an area on a computer screen that shows a particular type of information or program to open or close a window

win .dow .pane / 'windoopein / noun [count] a piece of glass in a window

win .dow .sill / 'windowsil / noun [count] a shelf under a window

wind shield / windfild /

the big window at the front of a car

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at car.

wind shield wip er / windfild waiper /

(also wip er) noun [count]

a thing that cleans rain and dirt off the **windshield** while you are driving

wind . surf . ing / 'windserfin / noun

[noncount]

(SPORTS) the sport of moving over water on a special board with a sail

We like to go windsurfing on the weekend.

►wind · surf · er / 'windsərfər / noun [count]

This beach is popular with windsurfers.

windsurfing



wind . y / 'windi / adjective

(wind .i .er , wind .i .est)

with a lot of wind

It's very windy today!

Wine wam / noun [count, noncount]

an alcoholic drink made from small green or purple fruit (called ${\it grapes}$)

Would you like red or white wine? She ordered a glass of wine.

wing 🍑 / wɪŋ / noun [count]

1 one of the two parts that a bird or an insect uses to fly *The chicken ran around flapping its wings.*

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **bird**.

2 one of the two long parts at the sides of an airplane that support it in the air

3 a part of a building that was added to the main part *He's in the new wing of the hospital.*

wing span / winspæn / noun [count]

the distance between the end of one wing and the end of the other

Eagles can have a wingspan of over seven feet.

Wink / wink / verb (winks, wink ing, winked) to close and open one eye quickly as a friendly or secret sign to someone

She winked at me.

wink noun [count]

He gave me a wink.

→Look at blink.

win .ner 🥯 / ˈwɪnər / noun [count]

a person or an animal that wins a game, race, or competition

The winner was given a prize.

→ANTONYM loser

win . ning / 'wmn / adjective

The **winning** person or team is the one that wins a game, race, or competition

the winning team

win . ter 🔯 / 'wintər / noun

[count, noncount]

the coldest part of the year, which comes between fall and spring

It often snows in the winter.

Wipe 1 / warp / verb (wipes, wip ing, wiped)

1 to make something clean or dry with a cloth

I washed my hands and wiped them on a towel.

The waitress wiped off the table.

2 to take away something by rubbing it

She wiped the dirt off her shoes.

I wiped up the milk on the floor.

wipe something out to destroy a place completely The bombs wiped out whole towns.

Wipe 2 / warp / noun [count]

1 the action of wiping something

He gave the table a quick wipe .

2 a piece of paper or thin cloth with a special liquid on it that you use for cleaning things

a box of face wipes (= for cleaning your face)

wip .er / 'waipər / noun [count]

= windshield wiper

wire 🔯 / 'waiər / noun

[count]

a long piece of very thin metal

The box was fastened with a piece of wire.

The telephone wires had been cut.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **cord**.

wis .dom / 'wizdam / noun

[noncount]

knowing and understanding a lot about many things Some people think that old age brings wisdom. The adjective is wise.

wis . dom tooth / 'wızdəm tuθ / noun

[count] (plural wis .dom teeth / 'wizdəm ti θ /)

(BIOLOGY) one of the four large teeth at the back of your mouth that appear when you are about 20 years old

WISE / waiz / adjective (wis er , wis est)

knowing and understanding a lot about many things a wise old man

Do you think this is wise?

►wise . ly / 'warzli / adverb

Many people wisely stayed at home in the bad weather.

wish 1 9 / wif / verb (wish les, wish ling, wished)

1 to want something that is not possible or that will probably not happen

I wish I could fly!

I wish I had passed the exam!

I wish we were rich.

2 to say to yourself that you want something and hope that it will happen

You can't have everything you wish for .

3 (formal) to want to do or have something

I wish to see the manager.

4 to say that you hope someone will have something I wished her a happy birthday.

Wish 2 [™]/ wi∫ / noun [count] (plural wish es)

1 a feeling that you want to do or have something I have no wish to go.

2 an act of trying to make something happen by saying you want it to happen or by hoping that it will happen

Close your eyes and make a wish!

words that you write at the end of a letter, before your name, to show that you hope someone is well and happy See you soon. Best wishes, Lucy.

Wit / wit / noun

1 [noncount] speaking or writing in an intelligent and

2 wits [plural] the ability to think quickly and in an intelligent way

He needed all his wits to find his way out.

Witch / wit∫/ noun [count]

(plural witch es)

a woman in stories who uses magic to do bad things

→Look at wizard.

With 🥯 / wið; wiθ / preposition

1 a word that shows people or things are together

I live with my parents.

Mix the flour with milk.

I agree with you.

2 having or carrying

He's an old man with gray hair.

I want to live in a house with a garden.

I passed a woman with an enormous suitcase.

3 using

I cut it with a knife.

Fill the bottle with water.

4 against

I played tennis with my sister.

5 agreeing with or supporting someone or something

Are you with us on this plan?

→ANTONYM against

6 because of

Her hands were blue with cold.

with . draw / wið'dro; wiθ'dro / verb

(with draws, with draw ing, with drew / wið dru;

 $w_1\theta'dr_1$ / has with drawn / $w_1\delta'dr_2$ n; $w_1\theta'dr_2$ n /)

1 to move back or away

The army withdrew from the town.

2 to say that you will not take part in something

Rob has withdrawn from the race.

3 to take something out or away

I withdrew \$100 from my bank account.

with .er / 'wɪðər/ verb

(with ers, with er ing, with ered)

If a plant withers, it becomes dry and dies

The plants withered in the hot sun.

With .in 🥯 / wɪˈðɪn : wɪˈθɪn / preposition

1 before the end of

I'll be back within an hour.

2 not farther than

We live within a mile of the train station.

3 (formal) inside

There are 400 prisoners within the prison walls.

with . out 🥯 / wɪˈðaʊt ; wɪˈθaʊt / preposition,

1 not having, showing, or using something

It's cold – don't go out without your coat.

I drink coffee without sugar.

2 not being with someone or something He left without me.

do without

to manage when something is not there

There isn't any milk, so we'll have to do without.

without doing something

not doing something

They left without saying goodbye.

wit . ness / 'witnes / noun [count]

(plural wit .ness .es)

1 a person who sees something happen and can tell other people about it later

There were two witnesses to the accident.

2 a person who goes to a court of law to tell people what he or she saw

a witness for the defense

►wit .ness *verb* (wit .ness .es , wit .ness .ing , wit .nessed)

She witnessed a murder.

wit · **ty** / ˈwɪti̞ / *adjective* (wit · ti · er , wit · ti · est) intelligent and funny a witty answer

Wives plural of wife

wiz . ard / 'wizerd / noun [count] a man in stories who has magic powers

 \rightarrow Look at witch.

wob . **ble** / 'wabl / verb (wob . bles , wob . bling , wob . bled)

to move a little from side to side *That chair wobbles when you sit on it.*

►wob bly / wabli / adjective (wob bli er, wob bli est)

a wobbly table

WOK / wak / noun [count]

a large pan that is shaped like a bowl and used for cooking Chinese food

woke, wok .en

forms of wake

wolf / wolf /
noun [count]
(plural wolves
/ wolvz /)
a wild animal like a
big dog

wolf



wom .an 🍮 / ˈwomən / noun [count]

(plural wom .en / 'wimən /)

an adult female person men, women, and children

Would you prefer to see a woman doctor?

womb / wum / noun [count]

the part of a woman or a female animal where a baby develops before it is born

→SYNONYM uterus

WON form of win

won . der 1 / wander / verb

(won .ders , won .der .ing , won .dered)

to ask yourself something; to want to know something *I wonder what that noise is.*

I wonder why he didn't come.

I wonder if...

words that you use to ask a question politely *I wonder if I could use your phone.*

won . der 2 / 'wander / noun

1 [noncount] a feeling that you have when you see or hear something very strange, surprising, or beautiful *The children stared in wonder at the elephants.*

2 [count] something that gives you this feeling

the wonders of modern medicine

it's a wonder...

it is surprising that...

It's a wonder you weren't killed in the accident.

no wonder

it is not surprising

She didn't sleep last night, so no wonder she's tired.

won . der . ful 🥯 / ˈwʌndərfl / adjective

very good

What a wonderful present!

This food is wonderful.

→SYNONYM fantastic

won't / wount /

short for will not

wood 🍑 / wod / noun

1 [count, noncount] the hard substance that trees are made of

Put some more wood on the fire.

The table is made of wood.

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **tree**.

2 [count] a big group of trees, smaller than a forest a large wood

a walk in the woods

wood .en 🔯 / 'wodn / adjective

made of wood

The toys are kept in a large wooden box.

wood . land / 'wodland / noun

[count, noncount]

an area of land that is covered with trees *The house is surrounded by woodlands.*

wood . peck . er / 'wod,peker / noun

[count]

a bird that makes holes in trees when it is looking for insects to eat

wood . wind / 'wodwind / noun [count]

(MUSIC) a type of musical instrument that is often made of wood and that you play by blowing into it

Word building

An **orchestra** is made up of four sections.

The **strings** section includes violins and cellos.

The **woodwind** section includes clarinets and flutes.

The **brass** section includes trumpets and trombones.

The **percussion** section includes drums and cymbals.

WOOI 🥯 / wol / noun

[noncount]

1 the soft, thick hair of sheep

2 thread or cloth that is made from the hair of sheep *The cat was playing with a ball of wool.*

This sweater is made of pure wool.

wool .en / 'wolan / adjective

made of wool woolen socks

WOOL IV (also wool y) / woli / adjective

(wool li er, wool li est)

made of wool, or like wool

a woolly hat

word 🥯 / ward / noun

1 [count] (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a sound that you make, or a letter or group of letters that you write, which has a meaning

What's the Italian word for "dog"?

Do you know the words of this song?

2 [count] something that you say

Can I have a word with you?

Don't say a word about this to anyone.

3 [singular] a promise

She gave me her word that she wouldn't tell anyone.
Claire said she would come, and she kept her word (= did what she had promised).

in other words

saying the same thing in a different way

Joe doesn't like hard work – in other words, he's lazy!

take someone's word for it

to believe what someone says

word for word

using exactly the same words

Mike repeated word for word what you told him.

word proc . es . sor / 'ward prasser / noun

(COMPUTERS) a small computer that you can use for writing

► word proc .es .sing / 'word prasesing / noun [noncount]

I mainly use the computer for word processing.

wore

form of wear 1

WOrk 1 / wark / verb (works, work ing, worked)

1 to be busy doing or making something

You will need to work hard if you want to pass the exam. I'm going to work on my essay this evening.

2 to do something as a job and get money for it *Suzy works for the government.*

I work at the car factory.

3 to go correctly or to do something correctly

We can't watch TV - it isn't working.

How does this camera work?

4 to make something do something

Can you show me how to work the coffee machine?

5 to have the result you wanted *I don't think your plan will work.*

work out

1 to have the result you wanted

I hope things work out for you.

2 to do exercises to keep your body strong and healthy *She works out every day.*

The noun is workout.

work something out to find the answer to something We worked out the cost of a new kitchen.

work 2 0 / wark / noun

1 [noncount] the job that you do to earn money *I'm looking for work.*

What time do you start work?

How long have you been out of work (= without a job)?

Thesaurus

job the work that you do to earn money: My dad told me to go out and get a job. ◆ She's trying to find a full-time job. ◆ I'm only doing my job (= I'm doing what I am paid to do). ◆ He's looking for a job in teaching.

work the job that you do to earn money. Work is a noncount noun, so you cannot say "a work" or "works": It's very difficult to find work in this city. ◆ I've been out of work (= without a job) for almost a year. ◆ She goes jogging every morning before work. employment the state of having a job that you are paid to do. This is a noncount noun, and is a more formal word than work and job: The company provides employment for 150 staff. ◆ I'm only looking for part-time employment right now.

career the jobs that someone has in a particular area of work over a period of time. Your career often involves several jobs, which usually involve more responsibility as time passes: a teaching career ◆ a career in politics ◆ Why did you decide on a career as a vet?

profession a job that needs special training and higher education: the legal profession \spadesuit She hopes to enter the medical profession. \spadesuit He's a teacher by profession.

2 [noncount] the place where you have a job *I called him at work*.

I'm not going to work today.

3 [noncount] doing or making something

Digging the garden is hard work.

She's so lazy - she never does any work.

The group is at work on (= making) a new show.

4 [noncount] something that you make or do

The teacher corrected the student's work.

The artist only sells her work to friends.

 $\bf 5 \ [$ count $\]$ (ART , ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS , MUSIC) a book, painting, or piece of music

He's read the complete works of Hawthorne.

A number of priceless works of art were stolen from the gallery.

6 works [plural] a place where people make things with machines

My grandfather worked at the steelworks.

get to work

to start doing something

Let's get to work on this project.

work . a . hol . ic / wərkə'halık / noun

a person who works a lot and feels that they need to work all the time

WORK . **book** / 'wərkbuk / noun [count]

a book where you write answers to questions, which you use when you are studying something

work . er 🥯 / 'wərkər / noun [count]

a person who works

The factory workers all went out on strike. an office worker

the work . ing class / ðə wərkın klæs / noun [singular]

the group of people in a society who do not have much money or power and who usually do physical work

►work ing-class / working klæs / adjective working-class families

→ Look at the middle class, the upper class.

work .man / 'wərkmən / noun [count]

(plural work . men / 'wərkmən /)

a man who works with his hands to build or repair something $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) +\left(1\right)$

work .out / 'wərkavt / noun [count]

physical exercise that you do when you are training for a sport or trying to stay healthy

She does a 20-minute workout every morning.

work . sheet / 'wərksit / noun [count]

a piece of paper where you write answers to questions, which you use when you are studying something

WORK . **Shop** / 'wərkʃap / noun [count]

1 a place where people make or repair things

2 a time when people meet and work together to learn about something

We went to a drama workshop.

world 🥯 / wərld / noun

1 the world [singular] (GEOGRAPHY) the earth with all its countries and people

There was a map of the world on the classroom wall. Which is the biggest city in the world?

2 [singular] the life and activities of people; their experience

It's time you learned something about the real world! the modern world

3 [count] a particular area of activity or group of people, animals, or things

the world of politics the plant world

think the world of someone or something

to like someone or something very much She thinks the world of her grandchildren.

world-fa . mous / world fermos / adjective known everywhere in the world

a world-famous writer

the World Series / ðə wərld 'sıriz / noun

(SPORTS) a number of baseball games played every year that decide which is the best team in the U.S. and Canada that year

world . wide / warld ward / adjective, adverb

existing or happening everywhere in the world Pollution is a worldwide problem.

They sell their computers worldwide.

the World Wide Web/ ðə wərld waid web/

(also the Web) noun [singular] (abbreviation WWW) (COMPUTERS) the system of computers that makes it possible to see information from all over the world on your

computer \rightarrow Look at the Internet.

WORM / warm / noun [count]

a small animal that lives in the ground, with a long thin body, and no legs

WORN form of wear 1

WORN OUT / worn 'aut / adjective

1 old and completely finished because you have used it a

These shoes are completely worn out. ♦ worn-out carpets 2 very tired

He's worn out after his long trip.

→SYNONYM exhausted

wor . ried \(\text{'warid} \) / / warid / adjective

unhappy because you think that something bad will happen or has happened

Jill is worried that she's going to fail the exam. I'm worried about my brother – he looks sick.

WOr . ry 1 ³² / 'wəri / verb

(wor ries, wor ry ing, wor ried, has wor ried) to feel that something bad will happen or has happened; to make someone feel this

I always worry when Mark doesn't come home at the usual time.

Don't worry if you don't know the answer.

There's nothing to worry about.

What worries me is how we are going to get home.

►wor .ry .ing / 'warim / adjective

It's been a worrying time for all of us.

WOT · **ry** 2 / 'wəri / noun (plural wor ries)

1 [noncount] a feeling that something bad will happen or has happened

Her face showed signs of worry.

2 [count] something that makes you feel worried I have a lot of worries.

WOrse 🥯 / wars / adjective, adverb (bad, worse, worst)

1 not as good or as well as something else

The weather today is worse than yesterday. Her Spanish is bad, but her Italian is even worse.

2 sicker or more unhappy than before

If you get worse, you must go to the doctor.

→ANTONYM better

wors .en / worsn / verb

(wors ens.wors en ing.wors ened)

to get worse, or to make something worse

Relations between the two countries worsened after the election.

WOr . Ship / 'wərʃəp / verb (wor . ships ,

wor ship ing or wor ship ping, wor shiped or wor shipped)

1 (RELIGION) to show that you believe in God or a god by saying prayers

Christians usually worship in churches.

2 to love someone very much or think that someone is wonderful

She worships her grandchildren.

►wor .ship *noun* [noncount]

A mosque is a place of worship.

WOrst 1 🔯 / warst / adjective, adverb

(bad, worse, worst)

the least pleasant or suitable; the least well

He's the worst player on the team!

That was the worst day of my life.

Everyone played badly, but I played worst of all.

→ANTONYM best

WOrst 2 2 / warst / noun [singular]

something or someone that is as bad as it or they can be I'm the worst in the class at grammar.

→ANTONYM best

if worst comes to worst

if something very bad happens

If worst comes to worst and I fail the exam, I'll take it again next year.

Worth 1 **2** / wərθ / adjective

1 having a particular value

This house is worth \$700,000.

2 good or useful enough to do or have

Is this movie worth seeing?

It's not worth asking Lynn for money – she never has any.

Worth 2 / warθ / noun [noncount]

1 the value of someone or something The painting is of little worth.

2 how much or how many of something an amount of money will buy

I'd like ten dollars' worth of gas, please.

worth . less / 'wərθləs / adjective

having no value or use

A check is worthless if you don't sign it.

worth . while / wərθ'wail / adjective

good or useful enough for the time that you spend or the work that you do

Passing the exam made all my hard work worthwhile.

wor . thy / 'wərði / adjective

(wor thi er, wor thi est)

good enough for something or to have something He always felt he was not worthy of her.

would /wed; wod / modal verb

Grammar

The negative form of would is would not, or the short form wouldn't / 'wodnt / : He wouldn't help me.

The short form of would is 'd . We often use this: I'd (= I would) like to meet her. ◆ They'd (= they would) help if they had the time.

1 a word that you use to talk about a situation that is not

If I had a lot of money, I would buy a big house.

2 the past form of "will"

He said he would come.

They wouldn't tell us where she was.

3 a word that you use with "like" or "love" to ask or say what someone wants

Would you like a cup of coffee?

I'd love to go to Alaska.

4 a word that you use to ask something in a polite way Would you close the door, please?

5 a word that you use to talk about something that happened many times in the past

When I was young, my grandparents would visit us every Sunday. →SYNONYM used to

Grammar

Can, could, may, might, should, must, will, shall, would, and ought to are modal verbs.

Modal verbs do not have an "s" in the "he/she" form: She can drive. (NOT She cans drive.)

After modal verbs (except ought to), you use the infinitive without "to": I must go now. (NOT I must to go.)

You make questions and negative sentences without "do" or "did": Will you come with me? (NOT Do you will come?); They might not know. (NOT They don't might

would've / 'woday / short for would have

wound 1 / wund / noun [count]

(HEALTH) a hurt place in your body made by something like a gun or a knife

He had knife wounds in his chest.

wound 2 / wund / verb

(wounds, wound ing, wound ed)

(HEALTH) to hurt someone with a weapon The bullet wounded him in the leg.

► wound . ed / 'wundad / adjective

She nursed the wounded soldier.

wound 3 form of wind 2

WOVE, WO . Ven forms of weave

WOW / wav / exclamation (informal)

a word that shows surprise and pleasure

Wow! What a great car!

wrap [©]/ ræp / verb

(wraps, wrap ping, wrapped)

to put paper or cloth around someone or something

The baby was wrapped in a blanket.

She wrapped the glasses up in paper.

→ANTONYM unwrap

wrap . per / 'ræpər / noun [count]

a piece of paper or plastic that covers and protects something when you buy it

Don't throw your candy wrappers on the floor!

wrap . ping / 'ræpɪŋ / noun [count, noncount]

a piece of paper, plastic, etc. that is used for covering something to protect it

I took the wrapping off the box.

wrap . ping pa . per / 'ræpɪŋ ˌpeɪpər / noun

[noncount]

special paper that you use to wrap presents

Wreath / riθ / noun [count]

(plural wreaths / $ri\delta z$; $ri\theta s$ /)

a circle of flowers or leaves

She put a wreath on the grave.

Wreck 1 / rek / noun [count]

1 a ship, car, or airplane that has been very badly damaged in an accident

a shipwreck

The car was a wreck, but no one was hurt.

2 an accident that badly damages a car, ship, or airplane The highway wreck killed two people.

Wreck 2 / rek / verb

(wrecks , wreck ing , wrecked)

to break or destroy something completely

The fire had completely wrecked the hotel. Our vacation was wrecked by the strike.

wreck .age / 'rekid3 / noun [noncount]

the broken parts of something that has been badly damaged A few survivors were pulled from the wreckage of the train.

wrench / rents/ noun

[count]

(plural wrench .es)

a tool that you use for turning small metal rings (called nuts) and pins (called bolts), used for holding things together



wrench

wres tle / 'resl / verb (wres tles , wres tling ,

(SPORTS) to fight by trying to throw someone to the ground, especially as a sport

►wres .tler / 'reslar / noun [count]

He used to be a professional wrestler.

►wres ·tling / 'resling / noun [noncount]

a wrestling match

wrig gle / rigl / verb

(wrig gles, wrig gling, wrig gled) to turn your body quickly from side to side The teacher told the children to stop wriggling.

wring / rm / verb (wrings, wring ing, wrung / ran / has wrung) something



to press and twist your hands to make water come out He wrung the towel out and hung it out to dry.

wrin . kle / 'rɪŋkl / noun [count]

a small line in something, for example in the skin of your face or in clothes

My grandmother has a lot of wrinkles. Iron out the wrinkes in the fabric.

►wrin . kled / 'rɪŋkəld / adjective

His face is very wrinkled.

wrist (rist / noun [count]

the part of your body where your arm joins your hand

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at **hand**.

write 2 / rait / verb

(writes, writing, wrote / root / has writiten / 'rrtn /)

1 to make letters or words on paper using a pen or pencil Write your name at the top of the page.

He can't read or write.

2 (ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS, MUSIC) to create a story, book, song, piece of music, etc.

Eugene O'Neill wrote many plays.

I wrote a poem for you.

3 to write and send a letter to someone

My Auntie Maggie writes to me every Christmas.

I wrote her a postcard.

write something down to write something on paper so that you can remember it

I wrote down his telephone number.

writ .er 🥯 / 'raitər / noun [count]

(ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS) a person who writes books, stories, etc.; Mark Twain was a famous writer.

writ ing 2 / 'raitin / noun [noncount]

1 the activity or skill of putting words on paper Today we're going to practice our writing. a sheet of writing paper (= for writing letters on)

2 words that someone puts on paper; the way a person writes

I can't read your writing - it's too small.

in writing

written on paper

They offered me the job over the phone, but not in writing.

writ . ten form of write

wrong 1 2 / ron / adjective

1 not true or not correct

She gave me the wrong key, so I couldn't open the door. This clock is wrong.

→ANTONYM right

2 not the best or not suitable We took the wrong road and got lost.

→ANTONYM right

3 not as it should be, or not working well

There's something wrong with my car – it won't start.

"What's wrong with Judith?" "She has a cold."

4 bad, or not what the law allows

Stealing is wrong.

I haven't done anything wrong.

→ANTONYM right

Thesaurus

wrong not right or correct; (used about a person) not right about someone or something: I'm afraid that's the wrong answer. ♦ He was driving on the wrong side of the road. • That picture is the wrong way around.

◆ We were wrong about her - she's actually very kind.

→ANTONYM right

false (used about facts) not true or correct: A whale is a fish. True or false? • She gave false information to the insurance company.

→ANTONYM true

incorrect wrong according to the facts; containing mistakes. This word is a little formal: an incorrect spelling ◆ Incorrect answers should be marked with a cross

→ANTONYM correct

mistaken (used about a person) wrong in your opinion or judgment: I thought I saw Jackie sitting over there, but I must have been mistaken. • It was a case of mistaken identity (= people thought that a particular person was someone else).

→ANTONYM right, correct

inaccurate (used about something such as a newspaper report, a map, etc.) wrong according to the facts; containing mistakes: an inaccurate statement • All the maps we had were completely inaccurate. ◆ The report was badly researched and inaccurate.

→ANTONYM accurate

wrong 2 2 / ron / adverb

not correctly; not right You spelled my name wrong.

→ANTONYM right

go wrong

1 to not happen as you hoped or wanted

All our plans went wrong.

2 to stop working well

Don't worry – nothing will go wrong with this equipment.

Wrong 3 / ron / noun [noncount]

what is bad or not right

Babies don't know the difference between right and wrong. →ANTONYM right

wrong . ly / 'ronli / adverb

not correctly

He was wrongly accused of stealing the money.

wrote

form of write

wrung

form of wring

WWW / dablyu dablyu dablyu / short for the World Wide Web



X, X / εks / noun [count, noncount]

(plural X's, x's / 'eksəz /)

the twenty-fourth letter of the English alphabet "X-ray" begins with an "X."

Xe . non / 'zenan / noun [noncount]

(symbol Xe)

(CHEMISTRY) a gas that exists in the air and that is sometimes used in electric lamps

X mas

(informal)

abbreviation of Christmas

Merry Xmas and a Happy New Year!

X-ray / 'eksrei / noun [count]

(HEALTH, PHYSICS) a photograph of the inside of your body that is made by using a special light that you cannot see The doctor took an X-ray of my shoulder.

►X-ray verb (X-rays, X-ray ing, X-rayed) She had her leg X-rayed.

xy lo phone

/ 'zaɪləfoun / noun [count]

(MUSIC) a musical instrument with metal or wooden bars that you hit with small hammers

xylophone



Y, y / war / noun [count, noncount] (plural Y's, y's / waiz /) the twenty-fifth letter of the English alphabet "Yawn" begins with a "Y."

yacht / yat / noun [count]

PRONUNCIATION

The word yacht sounds like hot .

- 1 a boat with sails that people go on for pleasure a yacht race
- 2 a big boat with an engine that people go on for pleasure a millionaire's yacht

yacht



yam / yæm / noun [count, noncount]

a large root with a rough skin, that is cooked and eaten as a vegetable

yank / yæŋk / *verb* (yanks , yank .ing , yanked) (informal)

to pull something suddenly, quickly, and hard She yanked on the dog's leash.

yard 2 / yard / noun [count]

1 an area next to a building or house, sometimes with grass and trees on it and a wall around it

The children were playing in the school yard. a farmyard

2 (abbreviation yd.) a measure of length (= 36 inches or 0.9144 meters). There are three **feet** in a **yard**.

yard sale / 'yard seil / noun [count]

a sale that you hold outside your house, where you sell used things that you do not want anymore

→ Look at garage sale.

yarn / yarn / noun [noncount]

thick thread made of wool or cotton that you use for making cloth or clothes

She knitted a scarf using red, white, and blue yarn.

Yawn / yon / verb (yawns, yawn ing, yawned) to open your mouth wide and breathe in deeply because you are tired

▶yawn noun [count]

"I'm going to bed now," she said with a yawn.

abbreviation of yard

yeah / yea / exclamation

(informal)

year 🥯 / yır / noun [count]

1 a period of 365 or 366 days from January 1 to December 31. A year has twelve months and 52 weeks

Where are you going on vacation this year?

"What year were you born?" "1993."

I left school last year .

2 any period of twelve months

I've known Chris for three years .

My son is seven years old.

I have a seven-year-old son.

a group of twelve-year-olds

Be careful! You can say She's ten or She's ten years old (but NOT "She's ten years").

all year round

for the whole year

The swimming pool is open all year round.

→ Look at leap year, new year.

year . book / 'yırbok / noun

[count]

a book that is produced each year by the students at a school or college, with pictures of students, teachers, sports teams, and events that happened during the year

year . **ly** / 'yırli / adjective, adverb

happening or coming every year or once a year a yearly visit

We meet twice yearly.

yeast / yist / noun [noncount]

a substance that you use for making bread rise

Yell / yel / verb (yells, yell ing, yelled)

to shout loudly

Stop yelling at me!

▶yell noun [count]

Give a yell when you hear your name.

yel . low 🥯 / 'yɛloo / adjective

with the color of a lemon or of butter

She was wearing a yellow shirt.

▶yel ·low noun [count, noncount]

Yellow is my favorite color.

Ves 🥯 / yes / exclamation

a word that you use for answering a question. You use "yes" to agree, to say that something is true, or to say that you would like something

"Do you have the key?" "Yes, here it is."

"Would you like some coffee?" "Yes, please."

yes . ter . day 🛂 / 'yestərdei ; 'yestərdi / adverb,

noun [count, noncount]

(on) the day before today

Did you see Tom yesterday?

I called you yesterday afternoon, but you were out. I sent the letter the day before yesterday.

→ Look at tomorrow.

Yet 🥯 / yɛt / adverb, conjunction

1 a word that you use for talking about something that has not happened but that you expect to happen

I haven't finished the book yet. Have you seen that show yet?

Which word?

Already or yet?

Yet means the same as already, but you only use yet in negative sentences and questions.

Look at these examples: I have read this book already. ◆ I haven't read this book yet. ◆ Have you read the

book vet?

2 now; as early as this

You don't need to go yet – it's only seven o'clock.

3 in the future

They may win yet.

4 until now

This is her best performance yet.

5 but; despite that

We arrived home tired yet happy.

yet again

once more

John is late yet again!

yet another

words you use to show surprise that there is one more of something

They're opening yet another restaurant on this street.

yield / yild / verb

(yields, yield ing, yield ed)

1 to produce something, such as vegetables or results The survey yielded some interesting information.

2 to allow someone to have power or control

The government eventually yielded to the rebels.

→SYNONYM give in

3 to allow other cars on a bigger road to go first You have to yield to traffic from the left here.

yo .ga / 'yougə / noun

[noncount]

(SPORTS) a system of exercises that helps you relax both your body and your mind

yo . qurt / 'yougart / noun [count, noncount]

a thick, liquid food made from milk

strawberry yogurt

Do you want a yogurt?

YOIK / youk / noun [count, noncount]

the yellow part in an egg

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at egg.

YOU 🥯 / yu / pronoun

1 the person or people that I am speaking to

You are late.

I called you yesterday.

2 any person; a person

You can buy stamps at a post office.

you'd / yud /

short for you had, you would

you'll / yul /

short for you will

Young 1 2 / yan / adjective

(young er / 'yʌŋgər / young est / 'yʌŋgəst /)

in the early part of life; not old They have two young children.

You're younger than me.

→ANTONYM old

young 2 / yʌŋ / noun [plural]

1 baby animals

Birds build nests for their young.

2 the young children and young people a television program for the young

young .ster / 'yʌŋstər / noun [count]

a young person

There isn't much for youngsters to do here.

your 🥯 / yər ; yər / adjective

1 of or belonging to the person or people I am talking to

Where's your car?

Do you all have your books?

Show me your hands.

2 belonging to or connected with people in general You should have your teeth checked every six months.

you're / yor /

short for you are

YOURS 🥯 / yorz / pronoun

1 something that belongs to you

Is this pen yours or mine?

2 Yours a word that you write at the end of a letter before you write your name

Your . Self D / yər'self / pronoun

(plural your . selves / yər'sɛlvz /)

1 a word that shows "you" when I have just talked about

Did you hurt yourself?

Make yourselves a drink.

2 a word that makes "you" stronger

Did you make this cake yourself?

"Who told you?" "You told me yourself!"

by yourself; by yourselves

1 alone; without other people Do you live by yourself?

2 without help

You can't carry all those bags by yourself.

→SYNONYM on your own

youth ²⁰ / yuθ / noun (plural youths / yuðz /)

1 [noncount] the part of your life when you are young She regrets that she spent her youth traveling and not studying.

He was a fine musician in his youth.

→ANTONYM old age

2 [count] a boy or young manThe fight was started by a gang of youths.3 the youth [noncount] young people

We must do more for the youth of this country.

you've / yuv / short for you have

yo-yo / 'yoo yoo / *noun* [count] (*plural* **yo-yos**) a toy which is a round piece of wood or plastic with a string around the middle. You put the string on your finger and make the **yo-yo** go up and down.

yuck / ynk / exclamation (informal)

a word that you say when you think something looks or tastes disgusting

Yuck! I hate cabbage!

► yuck · y / 'yʌki / adjective (yuck · i · er, yuck · i · est) This soup tastes yucky.

That's a really yucky color.

→SYNONYM disgusting →ANTONYM yummy

yum · my / 'yʌmi / adjective (yumm · i · er , yumm · i · est)

(informal)

tasting very good

This cake is yummy.
→SYNONYM delicious →ANTONYM yucky

Zz

Z, **Z** / zi / noun [count, noncount] (plural **Z's**, z's / ziz /)

the twenty-sixth and last letter of the English alphabet "Zoo" begins with a "Z."

 $ze \cdot bra / 'zibrə /$

noun [count] (plural ze bras or

ze bra) an African wild animal like a horse, with black and white lines on its body zebra



Ze .ro / 'zirou / number (plural ze .ros)

1 the number 0

2 nothing at all; none

My chances of passing the test are almost zero.

3 (PHYSICS) 0° Fahrenheit or Celsius

 $The \ temperature \ is \ five \ degrees \ below \ zero \ .$

zig .zag / 'zıgzæg / noun [count]

a line that goes up and down, like a lot of letter W's, one after the other

 \rightarrow Look at the picture at line.

Zinc / ziŋk / noun [noncount] (symbol Zn) (CHEMISTRY) a blue-white metal

Zip / zip / verb (zips, zip. ping, zipped) to fasten something together with a zipper She zipped up her dress.

Zip code (also **ZIP code**) / 'zɪp koʊd / noun [count]

a group of numbers that you write at the end of an address *I want to send you a package – what's your ZIP code?*

zip . per / 'zipər / noun [count]

a long metal or plastic thing with a small part that you pull to close and open things like clothes and bags

the zo .di .ac / ðə 'zoodiæk / noun [singular] a diagram of the positions of the planets and stars, which is divided into twelve equal parts. Each part has a special name and symbol

the twelve signs of the zodiac

 \rightarrow Look at astrology.

zom . bie / 'zambi / noun [count]

(in stories) a dead body that has been made alive again by magic

a movie about zombies

ZONE / zoon / noun [count]

a special area that is different from other areas around it *Do not enter the danger zone!*

ZOO / zu / noun [count] (plural zoos)

a place where wild animals are kept, and people can go to look at them

ZO . Ol . O . **Gy** / $zov'alad_3i$ / *noun* [noncount] (BIOLOGY) the scientific study of animals

ZOOM / zum / verb (zooms, zoom ing, zoomed) to move very fast

The traffic zoomed past us.

zoom in; **zoom out** to make something that you are looking at through a camera bigger or smaller by changing the picture controls

The camera zoomed in on a face in the crowd.

If you zoom out, you'll get more background to the picture.

zuc .chi .ni / zu'kini /

(plural zuc .chi .ni or zuc .chi .nis) noun [count] a long vegetable that is green on the outside and white on the inside

→ Look at the picture at vegetable.

Reference Section

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This is a list of the 2,000 most important and useful words to learn at this stage in your language learning. These words have been carefully chosen by a group of language experts and experienced teachers, who have judged the words to be important and useful for three reasons:

- Words that are used very frequently (= very often) in English are included in this list. Frequency information has been gathered from the American English section of the Oxford English Corpus, which is a collection of written and spoken texts containing over 2 billion words.
- The keywords are frequent across a range of different types of text. This means
 that the keywords are often used in a variety of contexts, not just in newspapers
 or in scientific articles for example.
- The list includes some important words which are very familiar to most users
 of English, even though they are not used very frequently. These include, for
 example, words which are useful for explaining what you mean when you do not
 know the exact word for something.

In order to make the definitions in this dictionary easy to understand, we have written them using these 2,000 words. When we needed to use a word that is not on the list, the word is shown in SMALL CAPITALS, with an explanation of the word's meaning.

The 2,000 keywords are shown in the main section of the dictionary in a different color from other words, and are marked with a key symbol . These keywords are an excellent starting point for improving your vocabulary.

Names of people, places, etc. beginning with a capital letter are not included in the list of 2,000 keywords. Keywords which are marked in the dictionary, but not included in the list are numbers, days of the week, and the months of the year.

Δ

a, an indefinite article ability n. able adj. about adv., prep. above prep., adv. absolutely adv. academic adj. accept v. acceptable adj. accident n. by accident according to prep. account n. accurate adj. accuse v. achieve v. achievement n. acid n. across adv., prep. act n., v. action n. active adj. activity n. actor, actress n. actual adj. actually adv. add v.

admit v. adult n. advanced adj. advantage n. adventure n. advertisement n. advice n. advise v. affect v. afford v. afraid adj. after prep., conj., adv. afternoon n. afterward adv. again adv. against prep. age n. aged adj. ago adv. agree v. agreement n. ahead adv. aim n., v. air n. airplane n. airport n. alarm n. alcohol n. alcoholic adj.

alive adj.

allow v. all right adj., adv., exclamation almost adv. alone adj., adv. along prep., adv. alphabet n. already adv. also adv. although conj. always adv. among prep. amount n. amuse v. analyze v. analysis n. ancient adj. and conj. anger n. angle n. angry adj. animal n. announce v. another adj., pron. answer n., v. any adj., pron., adv. anybody pron. anymore (also any

more) adv.

all adj., pron., adv.

anyone pron. anything pron. anyway adv. anywhere adv. apart adv. apartment n. apparently adv. appear v. appearance n. apple n. apply v. appointment n. appreciate v. appropriate adj. approve v. area n. argue v. argument n. arm n. army n. around adv., prep. arrange v. arrangement n. arrest v. arrive v. arrow n. art n article n. artificial adj. artist n.

address n.

admire v.

artistic adj. build v. belong v. change v., n. building n. character n. as prep., conj. below prep., adv. ashamed adj. belt n. bullet n. characteristic n. ask v. bend v. burn v. charge n., v. burst v. asleep adj. benefit n. charity n. beside prep. chase v., n. at prep. bury v. atmosphere n. best adj., adv., n. bus n. cheap adj. atom n. better adj., adv. bush n. cheat v. attach v. between prep., adv. business n. check v., n. attack n., v. beyond prep., adv. busy adi. cheek n. attention n. bicycle n. but coni. cheese n. chemical adi., n. attitude n. bia adi. butter n. attract v. bill n. button n. chemistry n. attractive adj. bird n buy v. chest n. aunt n. birth n. by prep. chicken n. chief adj., n. authority n. birthday n. bye exclamation child n. available adj. bite v. bitter adj. childhood n. average adj., n. cabinet n. black adj. chin n. avoid v. cake n. awake adj. blame v. chocolate n. calculate v. block n. aware adj. choice n. call v., n. away adv. blood n. choose v. calm adi. blow v., n. church n. camera n. blue adj., n. cigarette n. baby n. camp n., v. circle n. board n. back n., adj., adv. can modal v., n. boat n. citizen n. backward adv. cancel v. body n. city n. candy n. bad adj. boil v. class n. capable adj. badly adv. bomb n., v. clean adj., v. bag n. capital n. clear adj., v. bone n. bake v. car n. book n. clearly adv. balance n. card n. boot n. climate n. ball n. care n., v. border n. climb v. band n. take care of bored adj. clock n. bank n. care for boring adj. close /klous/ adj., adv. bar n. career n. born: be born v. close /klouz/ v. base n., v. careful adj. closed adi. borrow v. baseball n. carefully adv. cloth n. boss n. basic adj. careless adj. both adj., pron. clothes n. carelessly adv. basis n. bother v. clothing n. bath n. carry v. bottle n. cloud n. bathroom n. case n. bottom n. club n. be v in case (of) bowl n. coast n. beach n. cash n. coat n. box n. bear v. cat n. coffee n. boy n. beard n. catch v. boyfriend n. coin n. beat v. cause n., v. brain n. cold adj., n. beautiful adj. CD n. branch n. collect v. beauty n. ceiling n. brave adj. collection n. because conj. celebrate v. bread n. college n. become v. cell n. break v. color n., v. bed n. cell phone n. breakfast n. column n. bedroom n. cent n. breath n. combination n. beer n. center n. breathe v. combine v. before prep., conj., centimeter n. brick n. come v. adv. central adj. bridge n. comfortable adj. begin v. century n. brief adj. command n. beginning n. ceremony n. bright adj. comment n., v. behave v. certain adj. bring v. common adi. behavior n. certainly adv. broken adj. communicate v. behind prep., adv. chain n., v. brother n. communication n. belief n. chair n. brown adj., n. community n.

challenge n.

chance n.

brush n., v.

bubble n.

believe v.

bell n.

company n.

compare v.

determined adj. DVD n. comparison n. crime n. competition n. criminal adj., n. develop v. complain v. crisis n. development n. each adj., pron. complaint n. criticism n. device n. each other pron. complete adj. criticize v. diagram n. ear n. completely adv. dictionary n. cross v. early adj., adv. complicated adj. crowd n. die v. earn v. computer n. cruel adj. difference n. earth n. concentrate v. crush v. different adi. easily adv. difficult adi. concert n. crv v. east n., adj., adv. culture n. conclusion n. difficulty n. eastern adj. condition n. cup n. dig v. easy adj. confidence n. curly adj. dinner n. eat v. curve n. confident adi. direct adj., adv., v. economic adj. confuse v. curved adj. direction n. economy n. confused adj. custom n. directly adv. edge n. connect v. customer n. dirt n. educate v. connection n. dirty adj. cut v., n. education n. disadvantage n. conscious adj. effect n. consider v. disagree v. dad n. effort n. consist v. disagreement n. damage n., v. e.g. abbr. constant adj. disappear v. dance n., v. egg n. contact n., v. disappoint v. dancer n. either adj., pron., adv. disaster n. contain v. danger n. election n. container n. discover v. electric adj. dangerous adj. continent n. discuss v. dark adj., n. electrical adj. continue v. discussion n. date n. electricity n. disease n. continuous adj. daughter n. electronic adj. contract n. disgusting adj. day n. else adv. contrast n. dish n. dead adj. e-mail (also email) n., v. contribute v. dishonest adj. deal v. embarrass v. disk n. control n., v. dear adi. embarrassed adj. convenient adj. distance n. death n. emergency n. conversation n. distant adj. debt n. emotion n. convince v. disturb v. decide v. employ v. cook v. divide v. decision n. employment n. cookie n. division n. decorate v. empty adj. cooking n. divorce n., v. deep adj. encourage v. cool adj. do v., auxiliary v. deeply adv. end n., v. copy n., ν. doctor n. (abbr. Dr.) defeat v. in the end corner n. document n. definite adi. enemy n. correct adj., v. dog n. definitely adv. energy n. dollar n. correctly adv. definition n. engine n. door n. cost n., v. dearee n. eniov v. dot n. cotton n. deliberately adv. enjoyable adj. cough v. double adj. deliver v. enjoyment n. could modal v. doubt n. demand n., v. enough adj., pron., adv. count v. down adv., prep. dentist n. enter v. country n. downstairs adv., adj. deny v. entertain v. county n. downward adv. department n. entertainment n. couple n. draw v. depend v. enthusiasm n. course n. drawer n. depression n. enthusiastic adj. of course drawing n describe v. entrance n. court n. dream n., v. description n. environment n. cousin n. dress n., v. desert n. equal adj. cover v., n. drink n., v. deserve v. equipment n. covering n. drive v., n. design n., v. error n. driver n. cow n desk n. escape v. crack v. drop v., n. despite prep. especially adv. crash n., v. drug n. destroy v. essential adj. crazy adj. dry adj., v. detail n. etc. abbr. during prep. cream n., adj. in detail even adv. create v. dust n. determination n. evening n.

duty n.

credit card n.

event n. ever adv. every adj. everybody pron. everyone pron. everything pron. everywhere adv. evidence n. evil adi. exact adj. exactly adv. exaggerate v. exam n. examination n. examine v. example n. excellent adj. except prep. exchange v., n. excited adi. excitement n. exciting adj. excuse n., v. exercise n. exist v. exit n. expect v. expensive adj. experience n., v. experiment n. expert n. explain v. explanation n. explode v. explore v. explosion n. expression n. extra adj., adv. extreme adj. extremely adv. eye n. F face n., v. fact n.

factory n. fail v. failure n. fair adi. fall v., n. false adj. familiar adj. family n. famous adj. far adv., adj. farm n. farmer n. fashion n. fashionable adj. fast adj., adv. fasten v. fat adj., n. father n. fault n.

favor n. in favor favorite adj., n. fear n., v. feather n. feature n. feed v. feel v. feelina n. female adi. fence n. festival n. few adj., pron. a few field n. fight v., n. figure n. file n. fill v. film n. final adj. finally adv.

financial adj. find v. find out sth fine adj. finger n. finish v. fire n., v. firm n., adj. firmly adv. first adj., adv., n. at first

fix v. fixed adi. flag n. flame n. flash v. flat adi. flavor n. flight n. float v. flood n.

fish n.

fit v., adj.

floor n. flour n. flow v. flower n. fly v. fold v. follow v. food n.

foot n. football n. for prep. force n., v. foreign adj.

forest n. forever adv. forget v. forgive v. fork n. form n., v.

formal adj. forward adv. frame n. free adj., v., adv.

freedom n. freeze v. fresh adj. friend n. friendly adi. friendship n. frighten v. from prep. front n., adj.

in front frozen adi. fruit n. fry v. fuel n. full adj. fully adv.

fun n., adj. funny adj. fur n. furniture n.

further adj., adv. future n., adj.

G

gain v. gallon n. game n. garbage n. garden n. gas n. gate n. general adj. in general generally adv. generous adj. gentle adj. gently adv. gentleman n. get v.

aift n. airl n. girlfriend n. give v. glass n. glasses n. global adj. glove n. go v. goal n. god n. gold n., adj. good adj., n.

goodbye exclamation goods n. govern v. government n.

grade n., v. grain n. gram n. grammar n. grandchild n. grandfather n. grandmother n. grandparent n. grass n. grateful adj. gray adj., n. great adj. green adj., n. groceries n. around n. group n. grow v. growth n. guard n., v. guess v. quest n.

habit n. hair n.

guide n.

gun n.

guilty adj.

half n., adj., pron., adv. hall n.

hammer n. hand n. handle v., n. hang v. happen v. happiness n. happy adj. hard adj., adv. hardly adv. harm n., v. harmful adj.

hat n. hate v., n. have v.

have to modal v.

he pron. head n. health n. healthy adj. hear v. heart n. heat n., v. heavy adj. height n. hello exclamation help v., n. helpful adj. her pron., adj. here adv.

hers pron. herself pron. hide v. high adj., adv. highly adv. high school n. highway n. hill n. him pron.

inform v. kitchen n. little adj., pron., adv. himself pron. informal adj. hire v. knee n. a little his adj., pron. information n. knife n. live /liv/ v. history n. injure v. knock v., n. living adj. hit v., n. knot n. load n., v. injury n. hold v., n. insect n. know v. loan n. hole n. inside prep., adv., n., knowledge n. local adj. holiday n. lock v., n. home n., adv., instead adv., prep. lonely adj. lack n. honest adi. instruction n. long adj., adv. lady n. look v., n. hook n. instrument n. lake n. insult v., n. hope v., n. loose adi. lamp n. horn n. intelligent adj. lose v. land n., v. horse n. intend v. loss n. language n. hospital n. intention n. lost adj. large adj. hot adi. interest n., v. lot pron., adv. last adj., adv., n., v. hotel n. interested adj. a lot (of) late adj., adv. hour n. interesting adj. lots (of) later adv. house n. international adj. loud adj. laugh v. how adv. Internet n. loudly adv. laundry n. however adv. interrupt v. love n., v. law n. huge adj. interview n. low adj., adv. lawyer n. human adj., n. luck n. into prep. lay v. introduce v. lucky adj. humor n. layer n. introduction n. hungry adj. lump n. lazy adj. hunt v. invent v. lunch n. lead /lid/ v. hurry v., n. investigate v. leader n. hurt v. invitation n. leaf n. machine n. invite v. husband n. lean v. magazine n. involve v. magic n., adj. learn v. iron n. least adj., pron., adv. mail n., v. I pron. island n. at least main adj. ice n. issue n. mainly adv. idea n. leather n. it pron. identify v. leave v. make v. item n. left adj., adv., n. male adj., n. if conj. its adi. ignore v. leg n. man n. itself pron. illegal adj. legal adj. manage v. legally adv. illegally adv. manager n. illness n. jacket n. lemon n. many adj., pron. image n. lend v. ieans n. map n. imagination n. length n. mark n., v. jewelry n. imagine v. job n. less adj., pron., adv. market n. immediate adj. join v. lesson n. marriage n. immediately adv. ioke n., v. let v. married adi. impatient adj. letter n. marry v. judge n., v. match n., v. judgment (also importance n. level n. important adj. judgement) n. library n. material n. impossible adj. juice n. lid n. math n. lie v., n. impress v. mathematics n. jump v. impression n. just adv. life n. matter n., v. lift v. may modal v. improve v. maybe adv. improvement n. light n., adj., v. keep v. in prep., adv. lightly adv. me pron. key n. inch n. like prep., v., conj. meal n. kick v., n. include v. likely adj. mean v. kid n., v. including prep. limit n., v. meaning n. kill v. increase v., n. line n. measure v., n. kilogram (also kilo) n. indeed adv. lip n. measurement n. kilometer n. liquid n., adj. independent adj. meat n. kind n., adj. individual adj. list n., v. medical adi. kindness n. industry n. listen v. medicine n.

liter n.

literature n.

medium adi.

meet v.

infection n.

influence n.

king n.

kiss v., n.

mysterious adj. painter n. meeting n. occur v. melt v. painting n. ocean n. N o'clock adv. member n. pair n. nail n. odd adj. pale adj. memory n. name n., v. mental adj. of prep. pan n. narrow adj. off adv., prep. mention v. pants n. nation n. mess n. offense n. paper n. national adj. message n. offer v., n. parent n. natural adj. messy adj. office n. park n., v. nature n. metal n. officer n. part n. navy n. method n. official adj., n. take part (in) near adj., adv., prep. officially adv. particular adj. meter n. nearby adj., adv. middle n., adj. often adv. particularly adv. nearly adv. midnight n. oh exclamation partly adv. neat adj. might modal v. oil n. partner n. neatly adv. mile n. OK (also okay) party n. necessary adj. exclamation, adj., adv. milk n. pass v. neck n. mind n., v. passage n. old adj. need v. n. old-fashioned adj. mine pron. passenger n. needle n. minute n. on prep., adv. passport n. negative adj. mirror n. once adv., conj. past adj., n., prep., adv. neighbor n. Miss n. one number, adj., pron. path n. neither adj., pron., adv. miss v. onion n. patient n., adj. nerve n. only adj., adv. missing adj. pattern n. nervous adj. mistake n. onto prep. pause v. net n. mix v. open adj., v.. pay v., n. never adv. mixture n. operate v. payment n. new adj. model n. operation n. peace n. news n. modern adj. opinion n. peaceful adj. newspaper n. mom n. opportunity n. pen n. next adj., adv., n. moment n. opposite adj., adv., n., pencil n. nice adj. money n. prep. people n. night n. month n. or conj. perfect adj. no exclamation, adj. mood n. orange n., adj. perform v. nobody pron. moon n. order n., v. performance n. noise n. moral adi. ordinary adi. perhaps adv. noisy adj. morally adv. organization n. period n. noisily adv. more adj., pron., adv. organize v. permanent adj. none pron. morning n. organized adj. permission n. nonsense n. original adj., n. most adj., pron., adv. person n. no one pron. mostly adv. other adj., pron. personal adj. nor conj. otherwise adv. mother n. personality n. normal adj. motorcycle n. ought to modal v. persuade v. normally adv. mountain n. ounce n. pet n. north n., adj., adv. phone n. mouse n. our adj. northern adj. mouth n. ours pron. photo n. nose n. move v., n. ourselves pron. photograph n. not adv. movement n. out adj., adv. phrase n. note n. movie n. out of prep. physical adj. nothing pron. Mr. abbr. outside n., adj., prep., physically adv. notice v. Mrs. abbr. piano n. adv. novel n. Ms. abbr. pick v. oven n. now adv. much adj., pron., adv. over adv., prep. pick sth up nowhere adv. mud n. owe v. picture n. nuclear adj. multiply v. own adj., pron., v. piece n. number (abbr. No., murder n., v. owner n. pig n. no.) n. muscle n. pile n. nurse n. museum n. pilot n. nut n. pack v., n. music n. pin n. package n. musical adj. pink adj., n. page n. musician n. pint n. object n. pain n. must modal v. pipe n. obtain v. painful adj. my adj. place n., v. obvious adj. paint n., v. myself pron. take place

occasion n.

plain adj. priority n. read v. risk n., v. prison n. ready adj. plan n., v. river n. plane n. prisoner n. real adj. road n. planet n. private adj. reality n. rob v. realize v. rock n. plant n., v. prize n. probable adj. really adv. role n. plastic n. plate n. probably adv. reason n. roll n., v. play v., n. problem n. reasonable adj. romantic adj. player n. process n. receive v. roof n. pleasant adj. produce v. recent adj. room n. please exclamation, v. product n. recently adv. root n. pleased adj. production n. recognize v. rope n. pleasure n. professional adj. recommend v. rough adj. plenty pron. profit n. record n., v. round adj. pocket n. program n. recover v. route n. progress n. red adj., n. poem n. row n. poetry n. project n. reduce v. royal adj. promise v., n. refer to v. rub v. point n., v. pronunciation n. refuse v. rubber n. pointed adj. poison n., v. proof n. region n. rude adj. rudely adv. poisonous adj. proper adj. regular adj. police n. property n. regularly adv. ruin v. polite adj. protect v. relation n. rule n., v. politely adv. relationship n. protection n. run v., n. political adj. protest n. relax v. rush v. politician n. proud adj. relaxed adj. S politics n. prove v. release v. sad adj. pollution n. provide v. relevant adj. sadness n. public adj., n. relief n. pool n. safe adj. publicly adv. religion n. poor adj. safely adv. religious adj. popular adj. publish v. safety n. port n. pull v. rely v. sail v. position n. punish v. remain v. salad n. positive adj. punishment n. remark n. sale n. possibility n. pure adj. remember v. salt n. possible adi. purple adj., n. remind v. same adj., pron. possibly adv. purpose n. remove v. sand n. post n. on purpose rent n., v. satisfaction n. pot n. push v., n. repair v., n. satisfied adj. repeat v. potato n. put v. sauce n. pound n. replace v. save v. pour v. reply n., v. quality n. say v. powder n. report v., n. quantity n. scale n. power n. reporter n. quarter n. scare v. powerful adj. represent v. scared adi. queen n. practical adj. request n., v. question n., v. scary adj. practice n., v. require v. schedule n. quick adj. prayer n. rescue v. quickly adv. school n. prefer v. research n., v. science n. quiet adj. pregnant adj. reservation n. scientific adj. quietly adv. preparation n. respect n., v. scientist n. quite adv. prepare v. responsibility n. scissors n. present adj., n., v. responsible adj. score n., v. president n. rest n., v. race n., v. scratch v., n. press n., v. restaurant n. radio n. screen n. pressure n. result n., v. railroad n. search n., v. pretend v. return v., n. rain n., v. season n. pretty adv., adj. rice n. raise v. seat n. rich adj. prevent v. rare adj. second adj., adv., n. rid adj.: get rid of previous adj. rarely adv. secret adj., n. price n. ride v., n. rate n. secretary n. priest n. right adj., adv., n. rather adv. secretly adv. principal adj. ring n., v. reach v. section n. print v. rise n., v. reaction n.

see V	sing V	spell v.	sudden adj.
see v. seed n.	sing ν. singer π.	spend v.	suddenly adv.
seem v.	single adj.	spice n.	suffer v.
sell v.	single day.	spider n.	sugar n.
send v.	sir n.	spirit n.	suggest v.
senior adj.	sister n.	spoil v.	suggestion n.
sense n.	sit v.		suit n.
sensible adj.	situation n .	spoon n. sport n.	suitable adj.
sensitive adj.	size n.		sum n.
sentence n.	skill n.	spot n.	
	skin n.	spread v.	summer n.
separate adj., v. separately adv.		spring n.	sun n.
series n.	skirt n.	square adj., n.	supply n.
serious adj.	sky n.	stage n. stair n.	support n., v.
serve v.	sleep v., n. sleeve n.		suppose v.
service n.	slice n.	stamp n	sure adj., adv. surface n.
4 TABLE (2) TABLE (3) TABLE	slide v.	stand v., n.	
set n., v. settle v.	75531653156	standard n., adj. star n.	surprise n., v. surprised adj.
	slightly adv.	star n.	
several adj., pron.	slip v.		surround v. survive v.
sew v.	slow adj.	start v., n.	swallow v.
sex n.	slowly adv.	state n., v. statement n.	
sexual adj. shade n.	small <i>adj.</i> smell <i>v.</i> , <i>n</i> .	station n.	swear v.
			sweat n., v.
shadow n.	smile v., n.	stay v.	sweet adj. swim v.
shake v.	smoke n., v.	steady <i>adj.</i> steal <i>v.</i>	
shame n.	smooth adj.		switch n., v.
shape n., v.	smoothly adv.	steam n.	symbol n.
shaped adj.	snake n.	step n., v.	system n.
share v., n.	snow n., v.	stick v., n.	T
sharp adj.	so adv., conj.	sticky adj.	table n.
she pron.	soap n.	still adv., adj.	tail n.
sheep n.	social adj.	stomach n.	take v.
sheet n. shelf n.	society n. sock n.	stone n.	talk v., n.
shell n.		stop v., n.	tall adj.
	soft <i>adj</i> . soil <i>n</i> .	store n., v.	tape n.
shine v.		storm n.	task n.
shiny adj.	soldier n.	story n.	taste n., v.
ship n.	solid adj., n. solution n.	stove n.	tax n.
shirt n.	solve v.	straight adv., adj.	tea n.
shock n ., v . shoe n .	some adj., pron.	strange <i>adj.</i> street <i>n</i> .	teach v.
shoot v.	somebody pron.		teacher n.
	somehow adv.	strength n. stress n.	team n.
shop v. shopping n.	someone pron.	stretch v.	tear /ter/ v.
short adj.	something pron.	strict adj.	tear /tir/ n.
shot n.	sometimes adv.	string n.	technical adj.
should modal v.	somewhere adv.	strong adj.	technology n.
shoulder n.	son n.	strongly adv.	telephone n.
shout v., n.	song n.	structure n.	television n.
show v., n.	soon adv.	struggle v., n.	tell v.
shower n.	as soon as	student n.	temperature n.
shut v.	sore adj.	study n., v.	temporary adj.
shy adj.	sorry adj.	stuff n.	tend v.
sick adj.	sort n., v.	stupid adj.	terrible adj.
side n.	sound n., v.	style n.	test n., v.
sight n.	soup n.	subject n.	text n.
sign n., v.	south n., adj., adv.	substance n.	than prep., conj.
signal n.	southern adj.	succeed v.	thank v.
silence n.	space n.	success n.	thanks <i>n</i> .
silly adj.	speak v.	successful adj.	thank you n.
silver n., adj.	speaker n.	successfully adv.	that adj., pron., conj.
similar adj.	special adj.	such adj.	the definite article
simple adj.	speech n.	such as	theater n.
since prep., conj., adv.	speed n.	suck v.	their adj.
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theirs pron. travel v., n. useful adj. whenever conj. treat v. where adv., conj. them pron. user n. themselves pron. treatment n. usual adj. wherever conj. then adv. usually adv. whether conj. tree n. there adv. which pron., adj. trial n. therefore adv. trick n. while conj., n. vacation n. these adj., pron. trip n., v. white adj., n. valley n. they pron. trouble n. who pron. valuable adj. thick adi. truck n. whoever pron. value n. thin adi. true adi. whole adj., n. variety n. thing n. trust n., v. whose adj., pron. various adj. think v. truth n. why adv. vary v. thirsty adj. try v. wide adi. vegetable n. this adj., pron. tube n. wife n. vehicle n. tune n. those adj., pron. wild adi. very adv. though conj., adv. tunnel n. will modal v., n. video n. thought n. turn v., n. win v. view n. TV n. wind /wmd/ n. thread n. violence n. threat n. twice adv. window n. violent adi. threaten v. twist v. wine n. visit v., n. throat n. type n., v. wing n. visitor n. through prep., adv. typical adj. winner n. voice n. winter n. throw v. volume n. thumb n. wire n. ugly adj. vote n., v. ticket n. wish v., n. unable adj. tie v., n. with prep. uncle n. tight adj., adv. within prep. wait v. uncomfortable adj. without prep. time n. wake (up) v. unconscious adj. tire n. woman n. walk v., n. under prep., adv. tired adj. wonder v. wall n. underground adj., adv. wonderful adj. title n. want v. understand v. to prep., infinitive wood n. war n. underwater adj., adv. marker wooden adi. warm adj., v. underwear n. today adv., n. wool n. warn v. unemployment n. word n. toe n. wash v. unexpected adj. together adv. work v., n. waste v., n., adj. unexpectedly adv. toilet n. worker n. watch v., n. unfair adj. tomato n. world n. water n. unfortunately adv. tomorrow adv., n. worried adj. wave n., v. unfriendly adj. tongue n. worry v. way n. unhappy adj. worse adj., adv. tonight adv., n. we pron. uniform n. worst adj., adv., n. too adv. weak adj. union n. tool n. worth adj. weakness n. unit n. would modal v. tooth n. weapon n. universe n. top n., adj. wrap v. wear v. university n. topic n. wrist n. weather n. unkind adj. total adj., n. write v. website n. unknown adj. totally adv. writer n. wedding n. unless conj. touch v., n. writing n. week n. unlikely adj. tour n. wrong adj., adv. weekend n. unlucky adj. tourist n. weigh v. unpleasant adj. toward prep. weight n. until conj., prep. yard n. towel n. welcome v. unusual adj. year n. town n. well adv., adj., up adv., prep. yellow adj., n. tov n. exclamation upper adj. yes exclamation track n. as well (as) upset v., adj. yesterday adv., n. tradition n. west n., adj., adv. upstairs adv., adj. yet adv. traffic n. western adj. upward adv. you pron. train n., v. wet adj. urgent adj. young adj. training n. what pron., adj. us pron. your adj. translate v. whatever adj., pron., use v., n. yours pron. transparent adj. adv. yourself pron. used adi. transportation n. wheel n. used to modal v. youth n. trash n. when adv., conj.

The Academic Word List

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What is the Academic Word List (AWL)?

The Academic Word List (AWL) is a list of 570 word families. It was developed to help teachers and learners decide which words to spend time on in class. In particular, the AWL is for learners who are preparing to study in English at university, but we now know that these words are also used in secondary school texts as well as newspapers. All AWL words in this dictionary are marked with an AWL symbol, like this:

con-cept AM /'kansept/ noun [count] an idea, or a basic truth about something: This course teaches the basic concepts of mathematics.

It's hard to understand the concept of infinity.

You can find the list of AWL words in this dictionary on the CD-ROM, and download the full AWL from this website:

http://www.victoria.ac.nz/lals/resources/ academicwordlist/default.aspx.

The most important thing about the AWL is that the words in the list make up around 10% of the words in an academic written text. That is, in such a text, at least ten words in a hundred are in the AWL. Let's compare that number with the words in the first 2,000 words of English. Up to seventy or more words in a hundred will come from that list. That leaves around 20% of the text, which consists of a number of proper nouns, technical words, and words that are not used very often. We can see that most of the words, however, are among the 2,000 most frequent words or in the AWL, so this is an important group of words for learning.

How was the AWL developed?

The AWL was developed by looking at the words in written academic texts from a variety of university subjects, such as Biology, Commercial Law, Computer Science, Economics, Education, International Law, Management, Physics, and Psychology. These subjects were put together under four main areas of study: Arts, Commerce, Law, and Science. Words that were used often in all four subject areas were selected for the list. The list does not include words that are in the first 2,000 words of English or proper nouns like "Los Angeles" or "London."

The AWL has 570 word families. A word family has a head word, for example, require, and family members such as requires, required,

requiring, and requirement. The AWL is organized into ten smaller lists called "sublists." Each sublist has 60 families, except for the tenth sublist which has 30. The first sublist has the words that are used the most often in the written academic texts. It has words such as require and area. The second sublist has the words that are less frequent than the first list but more frequent than the third list, and so on. The tenth list has the least frequent words in the AWL.

How can learners use the AWL?

Start with Sublist 1 because it contains the most frequent words in the AWL. If you know these words, move on to Sublist 2 and so on. Focus first on the meaning of the words and then work on developing your knowledge of the words, such as how they are spelled and pronounced, what their common word family members are, what other words appear with them in common patterns, and so on.

Some learners like to start with the head words starting with the letter "A" and carry on down the list. This is not a very useful way to learn because words that have similar meanings or look the same can be very confusing. Instead, work on words that you need to use in speaking and writing and that you find often in your reading and listening.

Here are three things you could do with the words from the AWL:

- Study words from the list directly. Use word cards and look carefully at the words when you meet them in your reading.
- 2 Make sure you read academic texts because they contain academic vocabulary. Check that these texts are not too difficult. If over 5% of the words in the texts are new words for you, the text is too difficult. Also, listen to academic lectures and discussions.
- 3 Try to speak in academic discussions and write academic texts as much as possible. While you are speaking and writing, try to use academic vocabulary and look for opportunities for feedback from other people on how you are using these words.

You can use the information in this dictionary on the AWL words to help you with your learning. This information includes the meaning of words, how they are used in example sentences, and more. It takes time to build knowledge about words and using tools like this dictionary and the AWL is a good place to start.

Irregular Verbs

In this list you will find the infinitive form of the irregular verb followed by the past tense and the past participle. Look up the infinitive form in the main part of the dictionary for how to pronounce the verb forms and other information.

Infinitive	Past tense	ast tense Past participle		Past tense	Past participle	
arise	arose	arisen	find	found	found	
babysit	babysat	babysat	fit	fitted, fit	fitted, fit	
bear	bore	borne	flee	fled	fled	
beat	beat	beaten	fling	flung	flung	
become	became	become	fly	flew	flown	
begin	began	begun	forbid	forbade	forbidden	
bend	bent	bent	forecast	forecast	forecast	
bet	bet	bet	foresee	foresaw	foreseen	
bid	bid	bid	forget	forgot	forgotten	
bind	bound	bound	forgive	forgave	forgiven	
bite	bit	bitten	freeze	froze	frozen	
bleed	bled	bled	get	got	gotten	
blow	blew	blown	give	gave	given	
break	broke	broken	go	went	gone	
breed	bred	bred	grind	ground	ground	
bring	brought	brought	grow	grew	grown	
broadcast	broadcast	broadcast	hang	hung, hanged	hung, hanged	
build	built	built	hear	heard	heard	
burn	burned, burnt	burned, burnt	hide	hid	hidden	
burst	burst	burst	hit	hit	hit	
buy	bought	bought	hold	held	held	
cast	cast	cast	hurt	hurt	hurt	
catch	caught	caught	keep	kept	kept	
choose	chose	chosen	kneel	knelt, kneeled	knelt, kneeled	
cling	clung	clung	knit	knitted, knit	knitted, knit	
come	came	come	know	knew	known	
cost	cost	cost	lay	laid	laid	
creep	crept	crept	lead	led	led	
cut	cut	cut	lean	leaned	leaned	
deal	dealt	dealt	leap	leaped, leapt	leaped, leapt	
dig	dug	dug	leave	left	left	
dive	dived, dove	dived	lend	lent	lent	
draw	drew	drawn	let	let	let	
dream	dreamed,	dreamed,	lie	lay	lain	
	dreamt	dreamt	light	lit, lighted	lit, lighted	
drink	drank	drunk	lose	lost	lost	
drive	drove	driven	make	made	made	
eat	ate	eaten	mean	meant	meant	
fall	fell	fallen	meet	met	met	
feed	fed	fed	mislead	misled	misled	
feel	felt	felt	mistake	mistook	mistaken	
fight	fought	fought		misunderstood	misunderstood	

Infinitive	Past tense	Past participle	Infinitive	Past tense	Past participle
mow	mowed	mown	spend	spent	spent
outgrow	outgrew	outgrown	spin	spun	spun
overcome	overcame	overcome	spit	spit, spat	spit, spat
overdo	overdid	overdone	split	split	split
overhear	overheard	overheard	spread	spread	spread
oversleep	overslept	overslept	spring	sprang, sprung	sprung
overthrow	overthrew	overthrown	stand	stood	stood
pay	paid	paid	steal	stole	stolen
plead	pleaded, pled	pleaded, pled	stick	stuck	stuck
proofread	proofread	proofread	sting	stung	stung
prove	proved	proved, proven	stink	stank	stunk
put	put	put	stride	strode	
quit	quit	quit	strike	struck	struck
read	read	read	strive	strove, strived	striven, strived
redo	redid	redone	sublet	sublet	sublet
rewind	rewound	rewound	swear	swore	sworn
rewrite	rewrote	rewritten	sweep	swept	swept
ride	rode	ridden	swell	swelled	swollen, swelled
ring	rang	rung	swim	swam	swum
rise	rose	risen	swing	swung	swung
run	ran	run	take	took	taken
saw	sawed	sawed, sawn	teach	taught	taught
say	said	said	tear	tore	torn
see	saw	seen	tell	told	told
seek	sought	sought	think	thought	thought
sell	sold	sold	throw	threw	thrown
send	sent	sent	thrust	thrust	thrust
set	set	set	undergo	underwent	undergone
sew	sewed	sewed, sewn	understand	understood	understood
shake	shook	shaken	undo	undid	undone
shear	sheared	shorn, sheared	unwind	unwound	unwound
shed	shed	shed	upset	upset	upset
shine	shone, shined	shone, shined	wake	woke	woken
shoot	shot	shot	wear	wore	worn
show	showed	shown, showed	weave	wove	woven
shrink	shrank, shrunk	shrunk	weep	wept	wept
shut	shut	shut	wet	wet, wetted	wet, wetted
sing	sang	sung	win	won	won
sink	sank	sunk	wind	wound	wound
sit	sat	sat	withdraw	withdrew	withdrawn
sleep	slept	slept	wring	wrung	wrung
slide	slid	slid	write	wrote	written
sling	slung	slung			
slit	slit	slit			
sneak	sneaked, snuck	sneaked, snuck			
sow	sowed	sown, sowed			
		sown, sowed spoken			
speak	spoke sped, speeded	sped, speeded			

Punctuation

Period

A **period** (.) is used at the end of a sentence, unless the sentence is a question or an exclamation:

- We went shopping.
- He tried to go.

It is also used after an abbreviation:

Mr. Smith Main St. etc. a.m.

@ Question mark

A question mark (?) is used at the end of a direct question:

- How old are you?
- "When did they go?" Todd asked.

It is not used after an indirect question:

Todd asked when they went.

Exclamation point

An **exclamation point** (!) is used with sentences that express strong emotion, such as surprise, excitement, or shock:

- I can't believe it!
- That's wonderful!

It is also used after an exclamation:

Bye! Ouch!

Comma

A comma (,) separates items in a series:

- I can speak English, Spanish, and Italian.
- Do you want coffee, tea, or orange juice?
- She was a tall, slim, beautiful woman.

Commas are also used to separate different parts of a sentence:

- He wanted to go, but he didn't have time.
- Although she is small, she is very strong.

They appear before or around extra information in a sentence:

- They don't like our dog, which barks all day.
- Michael Jackson, the American pop star, was famous all over the world.

A comma also usually comes before or after a quotation:

- David said, "I'll see you Saturday."
- "I'll see you on Saturday," David said.

It goes before or after a name when a person is being spoken to directly:

- Stuart, would you like to go?
- I'm sorry, Jess.

Commas also separate cities and towns from states:

- Des Moines, Iowa
- Juneau, Alaska

@ Colon

A **colon** (:) is used to introduce explanations, long quotations, or a series:

She had three pets: a dog, a cat, and a horse.

It can also introduce a quotation:

As Thomas Jefferson said: "All men are born equal."

Semicolon

A **semicolon** (;) is used to separate two contrasting parts of a sentence:

Humans use moral judgment; animals do not.

It is also used in a series that has commas in it:

The menu featured hamburger, potato, and carrot casserole; and pecan pie.

Apostrophe

An **apostrophe** (') shows that one or more letters are missing in a short form:

- don't (= do not)
- he's (= he is or he has)
- > I'm (= | am)
- they'd (= they had or they would)
- they're (= they are)
- we've (= we have)

It also shows that a person or thing belongs to someone:

- Kerri's car
- Robin's sister
- James' teacher or James's teacher

The apostrophe goes after the "s" if the noun is plural:

- the boy's room (= one boy)
- the boys' room (= two or more boys)

Quotation marks

Quotation marks (" ") are used to show what someone said:

"Let's see a movie," Roger suggested.

They also show thoughts that are presented like speech:

"I should leave now," she thought.

Quotations marks are also used around the titles of essays, songs, poems, etc.:

They always play "The Star-Spangled Banner" before baseball games.

Hyphen

A **hyphen** (-) connects two or more ideas that form one idea:

- a twelve-year-old boy
- a well-known actor

It joins a prefix to a word that begins with a capital letter:

anti-European pro-American

A hyphen is also used with compound numbers:

ninety-nine twenty-seven

The hyphen is used to divide a word at the end of a line:

I had known her ever since we were children, and we were very close.

Dash

A dash (-) separates a word or phrase from the rest of the sentence. It is often used near the end of a sentence to sum up or emphasize an idea:

I lost my keys, forgot my homework, and missed class – it was an awful day.

A dash also shows that an idea has been interrupted in the middle of a sentence or thought:

If only she would love me, I would - Oh, what's the use? It will never happen.

Parentheses

Parentheses () separate extra information from the rest of the sentence:

- The recipe calls for 1 pound (450 grams) of flour.
- Tony (the smallest boy in class) was hurt playing football.

Parentheses are often used around numbers and letters in sentences, especially with lists or choices:

If you had a choice, would you rather live in (a) the U.S.A., (b) Canada, or (c) China?

Geographical Names

This list shows the English spelling and pronunciation of geographical names and the adjectives that go with them.

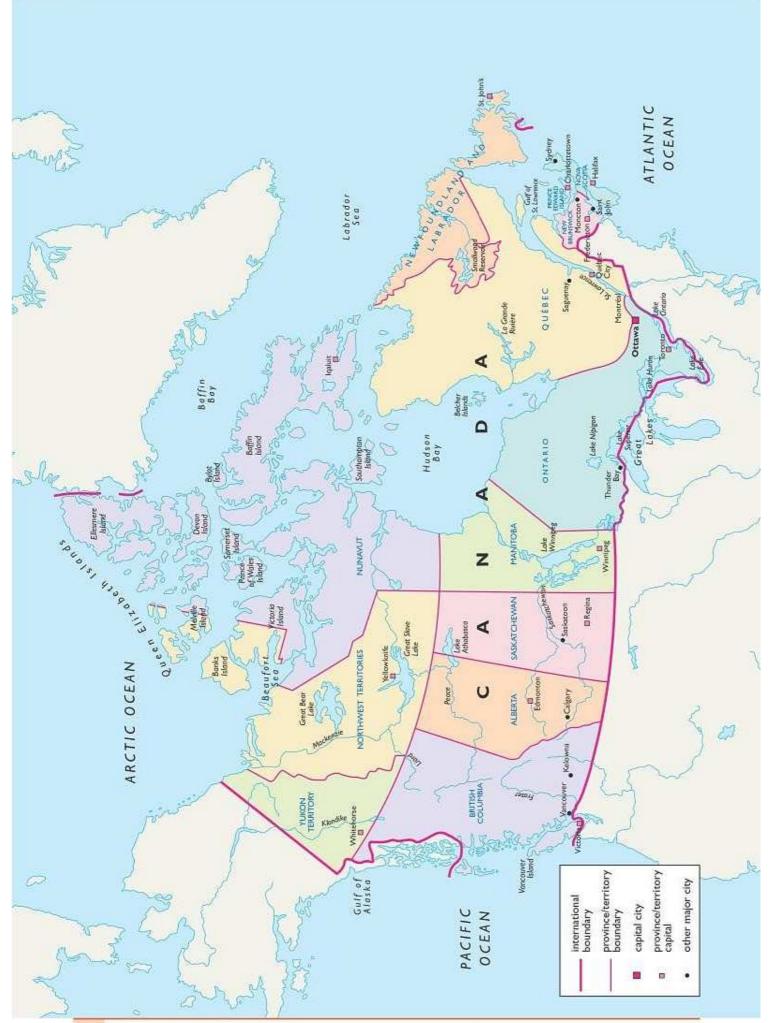
Inclusion in this list does not imply status as a sovereign nation.

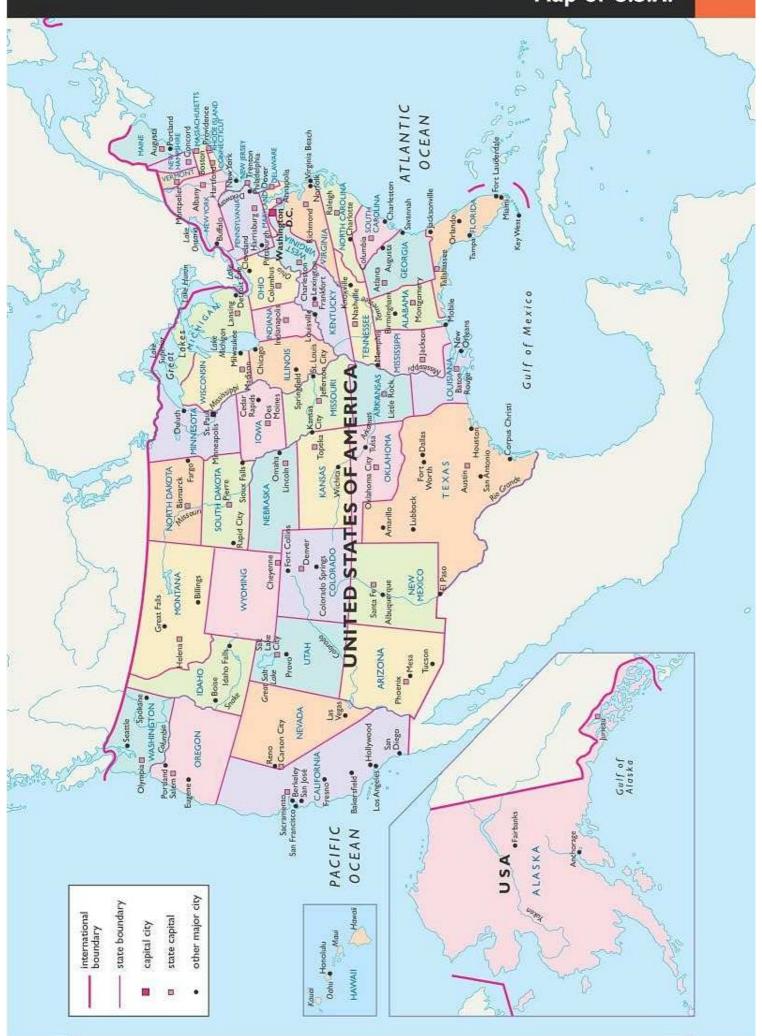
Noun	Adjective		
Afghanistan /æf'gænə,stæn/	Afghan /'æfgæn/		
Africa /ˈæfrɪkə/	African /ˈæfrɪkən/		
Albania /æl'berniə/	Albanian /æl'berniən/		
Algeria /æl'dʒɪriə/	Algerian /æl'dʒɪriən/		
America /əˈmɛrɪkə/	American /əˈmɛrɪkən/		
Andorra /æn'dərə/	Andorran /æn'doren/		
Angola /æŋ'goʊlə/	Angolan /æŋ'goʊlən/		
Antarctica /ænt'arktikə; -'artikə/	Antarctic /ænt'arktik; -'artik/		
Antigua and Barbuda /æn,tigə ən bor'budə/	Antiguan /æn'tigən/, Barbudan /bor'budn/		
(the) Arctic /'arktik; 'artik/	Arctic /'arktik; 'artik/		
Argentina /ardzəntinə/	Argentine /'ardʒən,tin;-taɪn/		
3 8 NO 30 WE SUBSECT OF THE SUBSECT	Argentinian / ord39n'tmien/		
Armenia /ar'miniə/	Armenian /ɑrˈminiən/		
Asia /'eɪʒə/	Asian /'eɪʒn/		
Australia /ɔ'streɪlyə/	Australian /ɔ'streɪlyən/		
Austria /'ostrie/	Austrian /ˈostriən/		
Azerbaijan /,æzərbai'dʒɑn; ˌɑzər-/	Azerbaijani / ,æzərbar'dʒɑni; ,ɑzər-/		
(the) Bahamas /bəˈhɑməz/	Bahamian /bəˈheɪmiən/		
Bahrain /bɑˈreɪn/	Bahraini /bɑˈreɪni/		
Bangladesh /,bangla'def; ,bæn-/	Bangladeshi /,banglə'dɛʃi; ,bæŋ-/		
Barbados /bur'beidous/	Barbadian /bar'beidiən/		
Belarus / bɛləˈrus/	Belarusian /,bɛləˈrusiən/, Belorussian /,bɛləˈrʌʃn/		
Belgium / bɛldʒəm/	Belgian / bald3en/		
Belize /bə'liz/	Belizean / be'lizien/		
Benin /bə'nin/	Beninese /,bɛnə'niz; -'nis/		
Bhutan /bu'tan/	Bhutanese /,butn'iz; -'is/		
Bolivia /bəˈlɪviə/	Bolivian /bəˈlɪviən/		
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Bosnian /ˈbozniən/,		
/,bazniə ən ,hertsəgov'vinə/	Herzegovinian/,hɛrtsəgə'vɪniən/		
Botswana /bat'swana/	Botswanan /būt'swanan/		
Brazil /brəˈzɪl/	Brazilian /brəˈzɪlyən/		
Brunei /bru'nai /	Bruneian /bruˈnaɪən/		
Bulgaria /bʌlˈgɛriə/	Bulgarian /bʌlˈgɛriən/		
Burkina Faso /bər,kinə ˈfɑsoʊ/	Burkinabe /bər,kinə'bei/		
Burma / bərmə/ (now officially Myanmar)	Burmese /,ber'miz; -'mis/		
Burundi /bo'rondi; -'run-/	Burundian /bʊˈrʊndiən; -ˈrun-/		
Cambodia /kæm'bovdiə/	Cambodian /kæm'boudian/		
Cameroon /,kæmə'run /	Cameroonian / kæməˈruniən/		
Canada /ˈkænədə/	Canadian /kəˈneɪdiən/		
Cape Verde /,keip 'vərd/	Cape Verdean /,keip 'verdien/		
And the second s	Central African /,sentral 'æfrikan/		
(the) Central African Republic	Central African /, Selftf of Zelf (Koll)		
/,sentral ,æfrikan ri'pablik/	Chadian //Cardian /		
Chald /tfæd/	Chadian /'tfædien/		
Chile /tʃɪli/	Chilean /tfulian; tfuleran/		
China /tʃamə/	Chinese /,tʃaɪ'niz; -'nis/		
Colombia /kəˈlʌmbiə/	Colombian /kəˈlʌmbiən/		
Comoros /ˈkɑməˌroʊz/	Comoran /'komərən; kə'mərən/		
Congo /ˈkaŋgoʊ/	Congolese /ˌkaŋgəˈliz;-ˈlis/		
Costa Rica / kousta rika; kasta-/	Costa Rican / kouste 'riken; kuste-/		
Côte d'Ivoire /,kout di'vwar/	Ivorian /aɪ'vəriən/		
Croatia /krou'eɪʃə/	Croatian /krou'eɪʃn/		

Noun	Adjective		
Cuba /'kyubə/	Cuban /'kyubən/		
Cyprus /'sarpres/	Cypriot /'sɪpriət/		
(the) Czech Republic / tʃɛk rɪ'pʌblɪk/	Czech /tʃɛk/		
(the) Democratic Republic of the Congo	Congolese /ˌkaŋgəˈliz; -ˈlis/		
/ˌdɛməˌkræt̞ɪk rɪˌpʌblɪk əv ðə ˈkɑŋgoʊ/	and the state of t		
Denmark /'dɛnmork/	Danish /'demɪʃ/		
Djibouti /dʒr'buti/	Djiboutian /dʒɪˈbutiən/		
Dominica / damə'nikə/	Dominican /,domə'nikən/		
(the) Dominican Republic /də,mɪnɪkən rɪ'pʌblɪk/	Dominican /dəˈmɪnɪkən/		
East Timor / ist 'timor/	East Timorese / ist timoriz; -ris/		
Ecuador /'ɛkwə,dər/	Ecuadorian, Ecuadorean / Ekwə'dəriən/		
Egypt /'idʒɪpt/	Egyptian /ɪˈdʒɪpʃn/		
El Salvador /ɛl 'sælvəˌdɔr/	Salvadoran / sælve'doren/		
England /'ɪŋglənd/	English /'mglrʃ/		
Equatorial Guinea / ikwə təriəl 'gmi; .skwə-/	Equatorial Guinean / ikwə təriəl 'gmiən; skwə-/		
Eritrea /,ɛrə'triə/	Eritrean /,Era'trian/		
Estonia /ɛˈstoʊniə/	Estonian /ɛ'stoʊniən/		
Ethiopia /,i9i'oupia/	Ethiopian / i0i'oupien/		
Europe /'yorap/	European /,yurə'piən/		
Fiji /ˈfidʒi/	Fijian /'fidʒiən; fı'dʒiən/		
Finland / finland/	Finnish /fmif/		
France /fræns/	French /frentʃ/		
(the) Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia /,former ,yugoslav ri'pʌblɪk əv ,mæsə'doʊniə/	Macedonian /,mæsə'doʊniən/		
	Colonia (autoluia) luis l		
Gabon /gæ'boun/	Gabonese /ˌgæbəˈniz; -ˈnis/		
(the) Gambia /ˈgæmbiə/	Gambian /ˈgæmbiən/		
Georgia /ˈdʒɔrdʒə/	Georgian /ˈdʒɔrdʒən/		
Germany /'dʒərməni/	German /ˈdʒərmən/		
Ghana /ˈgɑnə/	Ghanaian /gɑ'neɪən/		
Great Britain /,greit 'britn/	British /ˈbrɪt̞ɪʃ/		
Greece /gris/	Greek/grik/		
Grenada /grə'neɪdə/	Grenadian /grəˈneɪdiən/		
Guatemala / gwqtə'mqlə/	Guatemalan /,gwαţə'mαlən/		
Guinea /'gmi/	Guinean /ˈgɪniən/		
Guinea-Bissau /,gmi br'saʊ/	Guinean /ˈgɪniən/		
Guyana /garˈænə; -ˈɑnə/	Guyanese /ˌgaɪəˈniz; -ˈnis/		
Haiti /'heɪţi/	Haitian /'heɪʃn/		
Holland /'halend/ → (the) Netherlands	AAA		
Honduras /han'dores/	Honduran /han'dorən/		
Hungary / hʌŋgəri/	Hungarian /hʌŋˈgɛriən/		
lceland /'aisland/	lcelandic /aɪsˈlændɪk/		
India /'mdiə/	Indian /'Indian/		
Indonesia /ˌɪndəˈniʒə/	Indonesian / mdəˈniʒn/		
Iran /i'ran; i'ræn/	Iranian /I'remien; I'rq-/		
Iraq /r'rak; r'ræk/	Iraqi /ı'rɑki; ı'ræki/		
Israel /'Izriəl; 'Izreil/	Israeli /IZ'reɪli/		
Italy /'rtl*i/	Italian /ɪ'tælyən/		
(the) lvory Coast /,arvri 'koust; arvari-/ → Côte d'Ivoire			
Jamaica /dʒəˈmeɪkə/	Jamaican /dʒəˈmeɪkən/		
Japan /dʒə'pæn/	Japanese /,d3æpə'niz; -'nis/		
Jordan /'d3ordn/	Jordanian /dʒɔrˈdemiən/		
Kazakhstan /,kozok'ston/	Kazakh /kəˈzɑk/,		
The state of the s	Kazakhstani/,kazak'stani/		
Kenya /'kɛnyə; 'kin-/	Kenyan /'kɛnyən; 'kin-/		
Kiribati /'kırə,bæs; kırə'bati/	I-Kiribati /,i 'kırə,bæs; ,i ,kırə'baţi/		
Korea /ka'ria/ → North Korea, South Korea	Korean /kə'riən/		
Kuwait /kʊ'weɪt/	Kuwaiti /kʊˈweɪti/		
Kyrgyzstan /ˈkɪrgɪstæn; -,stan/	Kyrgyz /kɪr'giz/,		
my gyzatan / Kingistæn, , Stuni			
	Kyrgyzstani /ˌkɪrgr'stɑni; -'stæni/		

Noun	Adjective		
Laos /laus; 'laous/	Laotian /ler'ouʃn/, Lao /lau/		
Latvia /'lætviə/	Latvian /ˈlætviən/		
Lebanon /'lɛbə,nɑn; -nən/	Lebanese / lɛbəˈniz; -ˈnis/		
Lesotho /ləˈsoʊtoʊ; ləˈsutu/	Basotho /bə'soutou; -'sutu/		
Liberia /lar'biriə/	Liberian /lar/biriən/		
Libya /'lɪbiə/	Libyan /'lɪbiən/		
Liechtenstein / liktən stam; - Stam/	Liechtenstein / lrktən,stam; -, ftam/		
Lithuania / lrθu'emiə/	Lithuanian /ˌlɪθuˈeɪniən/		
Luxembourg /'lʌksəm,bərg/	Luxembourg /'lnksəm,bərg/		
Macedonia / mæsə'douniə/	Macedonian / mæsə'douniən/		
Madagascar /,mædə'gæskər/	Madagascan / mædə'gæskən/		
Malawi /məˈlɑwi/	Malawian /məˈlɑwiən/		
Malaysia /məˈleɪʒə/	Malaysian /məˈleɪʒn/		
(the) Maldives /'mɔldivz; -darvz/	Maldivian /mol'drvien/		
Mali /'mali/	Malian / mulian/		
Malta /'moltə/	Maltese / mol'tiz; -'tis/		
(the) Marshall Islands /mqrʃl 'arləndz/	Marshallese /,marfə'liz; -'lis/		
Mauritania /,more'temie/	Mauritanian /,more'temien/		
Mauritius /mɔˈrɪʃəs/	Mauritian /mɔˈrɪʃn/		
Mexico /ˈmɛksɪˌkoʊ/	Mexican /mɛksɪkən/		
Micronesia /,markrəˈniʒə/	Micronesian /,markrə'niʒn/		
Moldova /mal'douve; mol-/	Moldovan /mal'douvn, mol-/		
Monaco /ˈmɑnəˌkoʊ/	Monegasque / mɑnɪˈgæsk/, Monacan /ˈmɑnəkən/		
Mongolia /mɑŋ'goʊliə/	Mongolian /man'goulian/		
Montenegro / mantə negrov; - 'nigrov/	Montenegrin /,mantə'negrən; -'nigrən/		
Morocco /məˈrɑkoʊ/	Moroccan /məˈrɑkən/		
Mozambique /,moʊzæm'bik; -zəm-/	Mozambican /,mouzæm'bikən; -zəm-/		
Myanmar /'myanmar; 'myæn-/	Burmese /,bər'miz; -'mis/		
Namibia /nəˈmɪbiə/	Namibian /nə'mrbiən/		
Nauru /nɑ'uru/	Nauruan /nɑ'uruən/		
Nepal /nə'pɔl; nə'pɑl/	Nepalese /,nspə'liz; -'lis/		
(the) Netherlands /'nɛðərləndz/	Dutch /dʌtʃ/		
New Zealand /,nu 'zilənd/	New Zealand /,nu 'zilənd/		
Nicaragua /,nikəˈrɑgwə/	Nicaraguan /,nikə'ragwən/		
Niger /ni'3ɛr; 'naɪdʒər/	Nigerien /ni'ʒɛriən; naɪˌdʒɪri'ɛn/		
Nigeria /naɪˈdʒɪriə/	Nigerian /naɪˈdʒɪriən/		
Northern Ireland /,norðərn 'aiərlənd/	Northern Irish /,norðərn 'arrıʃ/		
North Korea /,norθ kə'riə/	North Korean /,norθ kə'riən/		
Norway /'norwei/	Norwegian /nɔr'widʒən/		
Oceania / oʊʃiˈæniə/	Oceanian / oufi'æniən/		
Oman /oʊ'mɑn/	Omani /oʊ'mɑni/		
Pakistan / pækə,stæn; 'pakə,stan/	Pakistani / pækə'stæni; pakə'stani/		
Palau /pe'lau/	Palauan /pəˈlaʊən/		
Panama /'pænə,mα/	Panamanian / pænə'memiən/		
Papua New Guinea / pæpyuə nu 'grni; pæpuə-/	Papua New Guinean / pæpyuə nu 'gıniən; pæpuə-/		
Paraguay /'pærə,gwai;-,gwei/	Paraguayan / pærə'gwarən; -'gwer-/		
Peru /pəˈru/	Peruvian /pəˈruviən/		
(the) Philippines / filə pinz; filə pinz/	Philippine /ˈfɪlə,pin/		
Poland /'pouland/	Polish /'pouls//		
Portugal /'portsegl/	Portuguese /,portfə'giz; -'gis; 'portfə,giz; -,gis/		
Qatar /'kɑtɑr; -tər/	Qatari /kə'tari/		
(the) Republic of Ireland /rɪ,pʌblɪk əv 'aɪərlənd/	lrish /ˈaɪrɪʃ/		
Romania /ro'memie; roo-/	Romanian /rʊˈmeɪniən; roʊ-/		
Russia /ˈrʌʃə/	Russian /'raʃn/		
Rwanda /ru'ondə/	Rwandan/ru'andən/		
Saint Kitts and Nevis /sernt ,krts ən 'nivəs/	Kittitian /kəˈtɪʃn/, Nevisian /nəˈvɪʒn/		
Saint Lucia /,semt 'luʃə/	Saint Lucian /,semt 'luʃən/		

Noun	Adjective
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines /semt vmsnt ən	Saint Vincentian / seint vin'senfn/,
ðə 'grɛnədinz/	Vincentian /vm'senfn/
Samoa /səˈmoʊə/	Samoan /sə'moʊən/
San Marino /,sæn məˈrinoʊ/	Sammarinese /,sæm,mærə'niz; -'nis/
São Tomé and Principe / sau tə'mer ən 'prinsəpi; saun-/	São Tomean / sau tə'merən; saun-/
Saudi Arabia /,saudi ə'rerbiə; ,sədi-/	Saudi /ˈsaʊdi; ˈsɔdi/, Saudi Arabian / ˌsaʊdi əˈreɪbiən; ˌsɔdi-/
Scandinavia / skændə'neɪviə/	Scandinavian /,skændə'nerviən/
Scotland /'sketlend/	Scottish /'skatıʃ/, Scots /skats/
Senegal /'sɛnəgɔl;-gal/	Senegalese /,sɛnəgə'liz; -'lis/
Serbia /'sərbiə/	Serbian /'sərbiən/
(the) Seychelles /seɪ'ʃɛlz; -'ʃɛl/	Seychellois /,setʃɛlˈwɑ/
Sierra Leone /si,ɛrə li'oʊn/	Sierra Leonean /si,srə li'ouniən/
Singapore /'sɪŋə,pɔr/	Singaporean /sine'porien/,
Singapore / Silje,por/	Singapore //sinje.por/
Slovakia /slou'vukia/	Slovak /'slovvak/, Slovakian /slov'vakian/
Slovenia /slov'viniə/	Slovenian /sloʊ'viniən/
(the) Solomon Islands /,solemen 'arlendz/	- 11 (. 11)
Somalia /səˈmɑliə/	Somali /səˈmɑli/
South Africa / saυθ 'æfrikə/	South African /,saυθ 'æfrīkən/
South Korea /ˌsaʊθ kəˈriə/	South Korean / saυθ kə'riən/
Spain /spem/	Spanish /'spænɪʃ/
Sri Lanka /ˌsri ˈlɑŋkə; ˌʃri-/	Sri Lankan /ˌsri ˈlɑŋkən; ˌ∫ri-/
Sudan /su'dæn/	Sudanese /,sudn'iz; -'is/
Suriname /'sorə,nam; -,næm; ,sorə'namə/	Surinamese /,sorənə'miz; -'mis/
Swaziland /'swqzi,lænd/	Swazi /'swqzi/
Sweden /'swidn/	Swedish /'swidtf/
Switzerland /'switsərlənd/	Swiss /swis/
Syria /'sɪriə/	Syrian /'smiən/
Tajikistan /təˈdʒikəˌstæn; -ˈdʒɪkə-; -ˌstɑn/	Tajik /tɑˈdʒik; tɑˈdʒɪk/, Tajikistani /təˌdʒikəˈstɑni; -ˌdʒɪkə-; -ˈstæn
Tanzania /,tænzə'niə/	Tanzanian /,tænzə'niən/
Thailand /'taɪlænd/	Thai /taɪ/
Togo /'tougou/	Togolese / tougə'liz; -'lis/
Tonga /ˈtɑŋgə/	Tongan /'tangən/
Trinidad and Tobago /ˌtrːɪnədæd ən təˈbeɪgoʊ/	Trinidadian /ˌtrməˈdædiən/, Tobagonian /ˌtoʊbəˈgoʊniən/
Tunisia /tuˈniʒə/	Tunisian /tu'ni3n/
Turkey /'tərki/	Turkish /'tərkɪʃ/
Turkmenistan /tərk'mɛnəstæn; -stɑn/	Turkmen /'tərkmɛn; -mən/
Tuvalu /tu'volu/	Tuvaluan /tu'voluən/
Uganda /yuˈgændə/	Ugandan /yu'gændən/
Ukraine /yu'krem; 'yukrem/	Ukrainian /yu'kremiən/
(the) United Arab Emirates /yu,narted ,æreb 'emerets/	Emirati /,ɛmə'raţi/
(the) United Kingdom /yʊˌnaɪtəd 'kɪŋdəm/	British /ˈbrɪtɪʃ/
(the) United States of America /yo,narted sterts everywerrke/	American /əˈmɛrɪkən/
Uruguay /'yorə,gwaı; -,gwei/	Uruguayan /,yorə'gwaiən; -'gwei-/
Uzbekistan /uz'bekəstæn; -stan/	Uzbek /'uzbek/, Uzbekistani /uz,bekə'stani/
Vanuatu /,vanu'atu; ,vænu-/	Ni-Vanuatu /,ni ,vanu'atu; -,vænu-/
(the) Vatican City /,væṭɪkən 'siṭi/	- I was fire frame and frame
Venezuela /,vene'zwerle/	Venezuelan /,vɛnəˈzwerlən/
Vietnam /,vist'nam; -'næm/	Vietnamese /,viətnə'miz; vi,ɛt-; -'mis/
Wales /weilz/	Welsh /wɛlʃ/
	The state of the s
(the) West Indies /,west 'mdiz/	West Indian / west 'mdiən/ Yemeni /'yeməni/
Vomon //www.m./	The second district of the second sec
Yemen /'yɛmən/ Zambia /'zæmbiə/	Zambian /ˈzæmbiən/





States and Provinces

The States of the United States of America

State ab	breviation	State Capital	Other Major Cities
Alabama /ˌæləˈbæmə/	AL	Montgomery /mənt'gʌməri; mant-/	Birmingham /ˈbərmɪŋˌhæm/
Alaska /əˈlæskə/	AK	Juneau /ˈdʒunoʊ/	Anchorage /ˈæŋkərɪdʒ/ Fairbanks /ˈfɛrbæŋks/
Arizona / ærəˈzounə/	AZ	Phoenix /'finrks/	Tucson /'tusan/
Arkansas /ˈɑrkənˌsɔ/	AR	Little Rock /'lɪt̪l ˌrak/	
California /ˌkæləˈfɔrnyə/	CA	Sacramento /,sækrəˈmɛntoʊ/	Los Angeles /lɔs 'ændʒələs/ San Diego /ˌsæn di'eɪgoʊ/ San Francisco /ˌsæn frən'sɪskoʊ
Colorado /ˌkɑləˈrædoʊ; -ˈrɑd	loʊ/ CO	Denver /'dɛnvər/	
Connecticut /kəˈnɛt̞ɪkət/	СТ	Hartford /'hartfərd/	
Delaware /ˈdɛləˌwɛr/	DE	Dover /'douver/	
Florida /ˈflɔrədə; ˈflɑr-/	FL	Tallahassee /ˌtæləˈhæsi/	Miami /mar'æmi/ Orlando /ɔr'lændoʊ/
Georgia /'dʒɔrdʒə/	GA	Atlanta /ət'læntə/	Savannah /sə'vænə/
Hawaii /həˈwaɪi/	н	Honolulu /,hanə'lulu/	
ldaho /ˈaɪdəˌhoʊ/	ID	Boise /'bɔɪzi;-si/	ldaho Falls /ˌaɪdəhoʊˈfɔlz/
lllinois /ˌɪləˈnɔɪ/	IL	Springfield /'sprinfild/	Chicago /ʃɪˈkɑgoʊ; -ˈkɔgoʊ/
Indiana /ˌɪndiˈænə/	IN	Indianapolis /ˌmdiəˈnæpələs/	
lowa /'aɪəwə/	IA	Des Moines /də 'mɔɪn/	Cedar Rapids / sidər 'ræpədz/
Kansas /ˈkænzəs/	KS	Topeka /təˈpikə/	Wichita /'wɪtʃəˌtɔ/
Kentucky /kən'tʌki/	KY	Frankfort / frænkfert/	
Louisiana /luˌiziˈænə/	LA	Baton Rouge / bætn 'ruʒ/	New Orleans /,nu 'orlənz; -or'linz/
Maine /mem/	ME	Augusta /ɔ'gʌstə; ə-/	Portland /'portland/
Maryland /ˈmɛrələnd/	MD	Annapolis /əˈnæpələs/	Baltimore /'boltə,mor/
Massachusetts /,mæsə't∫usə	ts/ MA	Boston /'bosten/	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O
Michigan / mɪʃɪgən/	MI	Lansing /ˈlænsɪŋ/	Detroit /dr'troit/
Minnesota /,mmə'souţə/	MN	St. Paul /,semt 'pol/	Minneapolis / mmi'æpələs/
Mississippi /,mɪsəˈsɪpi/	MS	Jackson /'dʒæksn/	
Missouri /məˈzʊri/	МО	Jefferson City /ˌdʒɛfərsn ˈsɪṭi/	St. Louis /,semt 'luəs/
Montana /mɑnˈtænə/	MT	Helena /ˈhɛlənə/	Billings /ˈbɪlɪŋz/
Nebraska /nəˈbræskə/	NE	Lincoln /ˈlɪŋkən/	Omaha /ˈoʊməˌhɑ; -ˌhɔ/
Nevada /nəˈvædə; -ˈvɑdə/	NV	Carson City / karsn 'sɪti/	Las Vegas /lɑs 'veɪgəs/
New Hampshire /,nu 'hæmp	∫ər/ NH	Concord / kankerd/	Manchester / mæn,t∫sstər/
New Jersey /ˌnu ˈdʒərzi/	NJ	Trenton /'trentn/	Newark /'nuərk/
New Mexico /ˌnu ˈmɛksɪˌkoʊ	/ NM	Santa Fe /ˌsæntə ˈfeɪ/	Albuquerque /ˈælbəˌkərki/
New York / nu 'york/	NY	Albany /'ɔlbəni/	Buffalo /ˈbʌfəˌloʊ/
			New York / nu 'york/
			Rochester /'rat∫əstər; -,t∫ɛstər/
North Carolina /ˌnɔrθ kærəˈla	amə/ NC	Raleigh /'rɔli; 'rɑli/	Charlotte /'ʃarlət/
North Dakota /,norθ dəˈkoʊt̞	ə/ ND	Bismarck/bizmark/	Fargo /ˈfɑrgoʊ/
Ohio /oʊˈhaɪoʊ/	ОН	Columbus /kəˈlʌmbəs/	Cleveland /'klivlənd/ Cincinnati /,smsə'næti/

State abb	reviation	State Capital	Other Major Cities
Oklahoma /,ouklə'houmə/	ОК	Oklahoma City /ˌoʊkləhoʊməˈsɪţi/	Tulsa /ˈtʌlsə/
Oregon /'orəgən; 'ar-; -,gan/	OR	Salem /'serləm/	Portland / portland/
Pennsylvania /,pensl'vemyə/	PA	Harrisburg /'hærəs,bərg/	Philadelphia /ˌfɪləˈdɛlfiə/ Pittsburgh /ˈpɪtsbərg/
Rhode Island /,roud 'ailand/	RI	Providence /'pravədəns/	
South Carolina / saυθ kærə'l	amə/ SC	Columbia /kəˈlʌmbiə/	Charleston /'tʃarlstən/
South Dakota / sauθ da kout	ə/ SD	Pierre /pir/	Sioux Falls / su 'folz/
Tennessee / tenə'si/	TN	Nashville /'næʃvɪl/	Memphis /ˈmɛmfəs/
Texas /'tεksəs/	TX	Austin /ˈɔstən/	Dallas /ˈdæləs/ Fort Worth /ˌfɔrt ˈwərθ/ Houston /ˈhyustən/ San Antonio /ˌsæn ænˈtoʊnioʊ/
Utah /'yuto; 'yuto/	UT	Salt Lake City /,solt lerk 'srţi/	Provo /'prouvou/
Vermont /vər'mant/	VT	Montpelier /mant'pilyər/	N. C.
Virginia /vərˈdʒɪnyə/	VA	Richmond /'rɪtʃmənd/	Norfolk /'norfok/
Washington /ˈwɑʃɪŋtən; ˈwɔ-	/ WA	Olympia /əˈlɪmpiə/	Seattle /si'æţl/
West Virginia /,west vər'dzm	yə/ WV	Charleston /'tfarlston/	588a
Wisconsin /wɪs'kansn/	WI	Madison / mædəsn/	Milwaukee /mrl'woki/
Wyoming /war'oumrn/	WY	Cheyenne /ʃarˈæn/	The state of the s

The Great Lakes

Lake Erie /,leik 'iri/

Lake Ontario / leik an'teriou/

Lake Huron / leik 'hyuran; -ən/

Lake Superior /,leik sə'piriər/

Lake Michigan / leik 'mifigən/

The Provinces and Territories of Canada

Province/Territory	Provincial/Territorial Capital	Other Major Cities
Alberta /æl'bərtə/	Edmonton /ˈɛdməntən/	Calgary /ˈkælgəri/
British Columbia / britis kə'lambiə/	Victoria /vɪk'təriə/	Vancouver /væn'kuvər/
Manitoba /,mænə'toʊbə/	Winnipeg /ˈwməˌpɛg/	
New Brunswick / nu 'branzwik/	Fredericton /'fredriktən/	
Newfoundland and Labrador /nufəndlənd ən 'læbrədər/	St. John's /,semt 'd3anz/	
Northwest Territories /ˌnɔrθwɛst 'tɛrətɔriz/	Yellowknife /ˈyɛloʊˌnaɪf/	
Nova Scotia /,nouvə 'skouʃə/	Halifax /ˈhæləˌfæks/	
Nunavut /'nunə,vot/	lqaluit /ɪˈkæluət/	
Ontario /qn'teriou/	Toronto /təˈrɑntoʊ/	Ottawa /'qtəwə/
Prince Edward Island /,prins ,edward 'ailand/	Charlottetown /ˈʃɑrlətˌtaʊn/	
Québec /kwɪˈbεk; kəˈbεk/	Québec City /kwr,bɛk 'sɪṭi; kə,bɛk-/	Montréal /mantri'al/
Saskatchewan /sæ'skætʃəwən; -,wan/	Regina /rɪˈdʒaɪnə/	Saskatoon / sæske'tun/
Yukon Territory / yukan 'terətəri/	Whitehorse /'warthors/	

Canadian English

Katherine Barber, editor of the Canadian Oxford Dictionary.

Canadian English is a lot like American English. Almost all the words are the same, and the pronunciation is very similar. Canadians spell and say some words differently than Americans, though, and they have some words that Americans do not use. Here are some examples.

Spelling

Some words that end in -or (color, neighbor, etc.) are more often spelled with -our than with -or: colour, neighbour, etc. Be careful: some words are always spelled with -or in all varieties of English: actor, doctor, error, etc.

Some words that end in -ter (center, theater, etc.) are more often spelled -tre: centre, theatre, etc. Be careful: some words are spelled with -ter in all varieties of English: enter, character, etc.

When adding -ing, -ed, or -er to words ending in *l* or *p* that are not stressed on the final syllable, the *l* or *p* is doubled: **cancelling**, **worshipped**, **traveller**.

For words ending in -dge, the -e is kept when -ment is added: judgement, acknowledgement.

In Canadian English, **licence** and **practice** are nouns while **license** and **practise** are verbs. American English uses **license** and **practice** for both noun and verb.

The piece of paper you use to pay money out of your bank account is a **cheque** (American English **check**).

A book that contains information about all the things you can buy from a company is a catalogue (American English usually catalog).

Pronunciation

Shone, the past tense of **shine**, rhymes with *on*. (For Americans, it sounds like *shown*.)

The vowel in **roof** is the same as the vowel in **boot**. (Some Americans use the same vowel as in *book*.)

The second syllable in **anti-** and **multi-** rhymes with *tea*. (Some Americans say *tie.*)

Most Canadians say **route** like *root*, though some say it to rhyme with *out* (as many Americans also do).

About half of Canadians pronounce the "h" in **herb** while the other half don't. (Americans don't.)

About half start the word **schedule** with a "sh" and the other half with a "sk". (Americans say "sk".)

Some say the word **been** like *bean* and others like *bin*. Some use both of these pronunciations. (Americans say *bin*.)

Words

Most Canadians call the letter Z **zed**, and tend to get upset with Canadians who call it **zee** like the Americans.

A police officer of the lowest rank is a **constable**.

A **serviette** is a table napkin, especially if it is made of paper.

The favorite tag ending for Canadians is **eh** (rather than the American **huh**), as in "Nice day, eh?"

Washroom is the polite word for a toilet; to go to the washroom means to use the toilet.

A toque (also spelled tuque) is a knitted cap.

The native peoples of Canada are called **First Nations** (previously called Indians), **Inuit**(previously called Eskimos) and **Métis** (people who have both European and native ancestors).

Hydro is electricity.

A type of apartment which is one big room for sleeping, eating, cooking, and sitting is a **bachelor**.

A loonie is a one-dollar coin; a toonie is a twodollar coin.

Weights and Measures

U.S. Standard System Metric System

Weight

1 ounce (oz.) = 28.35 grams (g) 16 ounces = 1 pound (lb.) = 0.454 kilogram (kg) 2,000 pounds = 1 ton = 907 kilograms

- I weigh 195 pounds.
- The truck weighs over four tons.
- We added eight ounces of nuts to the cookies.

Length

1 inch (in.) = 2.54 centimeters (cm)
12 inches = 1 foot (ft.) = 30.48 centimeters
3 feet = 1 yard (yd.) = 0.9144 meter (m)
1,760 yards = 1 mile = 1.609 kilometers (km)

- The bus stop is only 30 yards away from our house.
- There are 5,280 feet in one mile.

Area

- Our backyard measures 700 square feet.
- How many square inches are in a square yard?

Capacity

	1 fluid ounce (fl. oz.)	= 29.573 milliliters (ml)
16 fluid ounces	= 1 pint (pt.)	= 0.473 liter (l)
2 pints	= 1 quart (qt.)	= 0.946 liter
4 quarts	= 1 gallon (gal.)	= 3.785 liters
	1 teaspoon (tsp.)	= 5 milliliters
1 tablespoon (tbsp.)	= 3 teaspoons	= 15 milliliters
1 cup (c.)	= 8 ounces	= 237 milliliters
2 cups	= 1 pint	= 473 milliliters

- I bought a gallon of milk and some bananas at the supermarket.
- How many pints are there in a gallon?
- To make bread, you will need 2 cups of flour and 1 tablespoon of yeast.

Temperature

The Fahrenheit (°F) scale is usually used to measure temperature in the U.S.:

- Temperatures went up to over a hundred (= 100°F).
- She's sick in bed with a temperature of a hundred and two (= 102°F).

The Celsius or Centigrade (°C) scale is used in scientific contexts:

Water freezes at 0°C (= zero degrees Celsius) and boils at 100°C (= one hundred degrees Celsius).

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gorilla), 211 (hand), 221 (hippopotamus), 254 (kangaroo), 257 (koala), 264 (leopard), 269 (lion), 294 (monkey), 297 (mountain lion), 318 (opossum), 327 (panther), 347 (porcupine), 365 (raccoon), 382 (rhinoceros), 431 (sports car), 433 (squirrel), 501 (wastebasket), 512 (wolf); Jae Wagoner Artists Rep. 76 (chess), 128 (dice), 147 (easel), 343 (playing cards), 472 (doll, model train); Meiklejohn Illustrations 46 (blind), 52 (bows), 199 (a pair of glasses), 209 (spiky hair, ponytail, braids, curly hair, wavy hair, bald head), 254 (key), 258 (lamp), 276 (magnet), 287 (microscope), 405 (shadow/shade), 431 (spring), 432 (crush, press, squash, squeeze), 515 (wring); Mendola Art 112 (cup and saucer, mug), 256 (knives), 325 (package); Munro Campagna 42 (blueberries, raspberries, strawberries), 76 (chilies), 86 (coconuts), 103 (corn), 190 (apples, bananas, cherries, grapefruit, grapes, kiwis, lemons, limes, oranges, pears, pineapples, plums), 194 (garlic), 285 (melons), 299 (mushrooms), 494 (broccoli, cabbage, carrots, cauliflower, celery, cucumbers, lettuce, onions, peas, peppers, potatoes, radishes, sweet potatoes, tomatoes, zucchini); NB Illustration 500 (wallets); OUP 4 (acorn), 16 (angles), 27 (atom), 29 (avocado), 30 (graph axes), 33 (bald eagle), 34 (Band-Aid™, bandage), 35 (barbed wire, bar code), 36 (baseball), 44 (bird), 50 (bolts), 52 (bow, bowling), 61 (butterfly), 76 (chicken), 79 (circle), 88 (comb), 98 (bags, bottles, boxes, cans, cartons, packages, tubes), 103 (cord), 109 (alligator, crocodile), 111 (crab. lobster), 129 (dimensions), 135 (diving), 137 (dog, puppy), 140 (dragonfly), 146 (the earth), 147 (solar eclipse), 148 (eel), 171 (feather), 181 (rose, sunflower, tulip), 188 (frog), 201 (goat, goggles), 204 (grasshopper), 208 (gymnastics), 210 (hair dryer), 219 (hexagon), 220 (hinge), 224 (horse), 240 (ant, bee, beetle, flea, fly, ladybug, mosquito, wasp), 249 (javelin), 250 (jellyfish, necklace), 252 (jugs), 257 (knot), 266 (license plate), 268 (lines), 270 (lizard), 293 (molecule), 295 (moose), 296 (moth), 311 (almond, chestnut, hazelnut, peanut, pecan, walnut), 314 (octopus, squid), 323 (owl), 332 (checks, peach, plaid, stripes), 333 (peel), 334 (penguin), 339 (pig, pigeon, pills), 342 (plant), 368 (electric razor, rattlesnake, razor), 371 (redwood), 382 (rhombus), 386 (robin), 387 (rooster), 397 (scorpion), 406 (shapes, shark), 407 (sheep), 412 (sign), 414 (sink), 416 (ski), 420 (snail, slug), 421 (snorkeling, snowboarding), 422 (bar of soap, soccer), 424 (cone, cube, cylinder, pyramid, sphere), 429 (spider), 435 (starfish), 436 (highlighter, ruler), 452 (a swollen ankle, switch), 460 (tennis), 469 (toad), 471 (toothpaste), 475 (trapezoid), 476 (log, tree), 479 (turkey), 497 (volcano), 502 (wavelength), 506 (whale), 510 (windsurfing); OUP (OXED) 15 (amoeba), 463 (thermometers); OUP (digital camera) 84 (turtleneck); Photodisc/Getty 242 (double bass, oboe), 517 (xylophone); Photolibrary Group Ltd. 65 (canoe), 93 (computer), 217 (helicopter), 242 (tuba), 404 (sewing), 449 (surfing); Q2A Solutions 156 (equilateral triangle), 178 (fish), 254 (piano keys), 333 (pegs), 384 (rim); Ravenhill Represents 75 (cheesecake), 386 (rolls), 393 (sandwich), 499 (pancakes, waffles); Reppans 110 (crossword); Roger Motzkus 183 (football), 229 (ice hockey); Sparks Literary Agency 437 (inside of car); Stockbyte/Getty 256 (kite), 469 (toaster) Maps © Oxford University Press

Minimum system requirements

Windows XP, Windows Vista®, Windows® 7; 350 MHz, 256 MB RAM

Macintosh OS 10.4; 500 MHz, 256 MB RAM

Minimum installation of the software requires 200 MB available on hard disk.

Macintosh users must perform a complete installation of the software requiring 700 MB available on hard disk.

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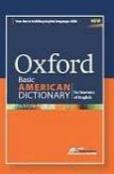
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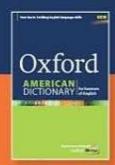
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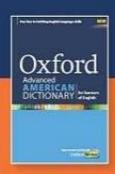
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